



Cambridge English

UPPER INTERMEDIATE WORKBOOK WITH ANSWERS

B2

Wayne Rimmer





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A She is an inspiring woman

1 GRAMMAR Review of tenses

2 Underline the correct words to complete the text.

The other day I was walking down the street when I Have seen / was seeing / saw Sam Carter, you know, the famous film director. I was really excited because he ages and I watch his films all the time. 'What ³is he cons / does he do / has he done here?' I thought to myself. There was only one way to find out. Sam 4went / was going / has gone into a café, but I stopped him before he got inside and said, 'Hi, Sam!' He smiled at me and we started to talk outside. Me and Sam Carter! He always ⁵ is looking / looks / has looked so serious in photos, but he's a really friendly guy. In the end, Sam ⁶invites / has invited / invited me for a coffee. Then he told me why he was in town. His film company made / have made / were making a new film and they ⁸have / have had / are having lots of new faces in it, just ordinary people, but they need some more. 'How about you?' Sam asked. '9Did you watch / Have you watched / Are you watching any of my films? Do you want to be in one?' I was so shocked I 10 have dropped / was dropping / dropped my cup on the floor! The hot coffee went all over Sam; he screamed and ran outside. I lost my big chance!

- **b** Listen and check.
- **c** Complete the sentences with the correct forms of the verbs in the box: present simple, present continuous, present perfect, past simple or past continuous.

come do not finish get not have

meet remember think work write 1 John is working in a small marketing agency at the moment. 2 __ you ever _____ anybody famous? 3 **A** What ____ _____ you _____? **B** I'm a student. 4 Shakespeare ___ _ plays and poetry, and thousands of words in English come from them. 5 Our friends _____ ___ for dinner, but had to cancel because they were ill. 6 Not many people _ _ her well now. He was rich and famous, but he ___ 8 The game _____ ___ yet, there are five minutes to go. 9 Things ______ slowly ___

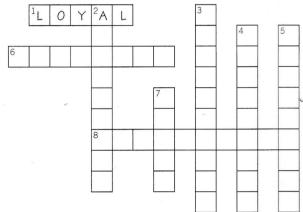
_ it's a great idea to go skiing while we've

office now that Mrs Andrews has retired.

got some snow.

2 VOCABULARY Character adjectives

- **a** Underline the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Don't be so *motivated* / <u>stubborn</u> / ambitious! You know what I am saying makes sense.
 - 2 I wanted him to help me, but he was very *unsympathetic inspiring | passionate* and didn't want to do anything.
 - 3 Margarita is a really *inspiring | sensitive | arrogant* woman and an example to everyone.
 - 4 Susan is *motivated / optimistic / passionate* about basketball and trains every day.
- 5 He's rude and sensitive / determined / arrogant he thinks he's better than everyone else.
 - 6 If you are *motivated / self-confident / pessimistic*, you do things because you really want to do them.
- **b** Complete the crossword puzzle.



→ Across

- 1 showing firm friendship or support
- 6 not listening to people's opinions or changing your mind
- 8 thinking about the future in a positive way

↓ Down

- 2 wanting to be successful
- 3 making a decision and not letting anyone stop you
- 4 easy to hurt or upset
- 5 people have a good opinion of you
- 7 having no experience and expecting things to be all right

3 PRONUNCIATION Sound and spelling: e

a How is the <u>underlined</u> letter *e* pronounced in each word in the box? Complete the table with the words.

 $\begin{array}{llll} conc\underline{e}rned & d\underline{e}sert & d\underline{e}sire & dess\underline{e}rt & h\underline{e}lpful & id\underline{e}ntity \\ pref\underline{e}r & priz\underline{e}s & r\underline{e}vise & s\underline{e}nsitive & s\underline{e}rvice & sl\underline{e}pt \end{array}$

Sound 1 /e/ (e.g. <i>respected</i>)	Sound 2/1/ (e.g. determined)	Sound 3 /3:/ (e.g. serve)
acha da da da i da		concerned

b D1.2 Listen and check.

Are you finding it difficult?

11 GRAMMAR Questions

a Underline the correct words to complete the conversation.

FABIO Hi, there. ¹You have / Have you got five minutes?

GABRIELLA Sure, ²what / what did you want to talk to me

about?

FABIO Well, I'm doing a triathlon next month. ³Didn't /

Weren't you read my post?

GABRIELLA No, I haven't seen it. A triathlon, wow! ⁴What for? /

For what? It sounds really tough!

FABIO It's not easy, yeah, swimming, cycling, then

GABRIELLA ⁵ What / Which of those is the most difficult?

FABIO All of them! Er, ⁶weren't / didn't you a good

swimmer once?

GABRIELLA Yeah, once. What are you looking at me like ⁷that

for I for that?

Do you think ⁸could you / you could coach me? **FABIO**

I don't know ⁹whether / what I've got enough GABRIELLA time. 10 Can / Shall I think about it and phone you

FABIO No problem. That's great, I'll swim a lot faster

with your help.

GABRIELLA Who ¹¹knows / does know? You might win!

- **b 1.3** Listen and check.
- **c** Put the words in the correct order to make questions.
 - 1 a / want / do / marathon / to / you / run? Do you want to run a marathon?
 - 2 to / this / going / is / do / why / she?
 - 3 the / register / who / competition / need to / for / doesn't?
 - 4 giving / why / our / aren't / tickets / they / us?
 - 5 of / which / to do / would you / the challenges / like?
 - 6 have / ever done / the most / you / difficult / what is / thing?
 - for / did / hard training / what / this / we do / all ?
 - 8 the / happened / of / what / at / end / the game?
 - 9 have / think we / of / a chance / you / do / winning?
 - 10 who / your / website / designed?

2 VOCABULARY Trying and succeeding

a Complete the sentences with the phrases in the box. There is one extra phrase you do not need.

give up keep to succeed in keep it up try out work out manage to



1 Sandra likes to work out at the gym in her lunch break.



2 Simon wants to a new recipe for lemon cake.



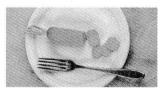
We really need to fast food.



4 Charlie's kids told him to



5 The Smiths didn't _ assemble their kitchen table.



6 It won't be easy to

b Complete the sentences with the phrases in the box.

give up have a go keep to keep it up make an effort manage to successfully complete try out work out

- 1 I'd like to <u>have a go</u> at snowboarding, but I'm afraid of falling and breaking something.
- the course, you need to pass all four modules.
- 3 If you ____ _ this training programme, you'll get back in shape very quickly.
- 4 I play tennis on Saturdays and I also _____ or twice a week in a local gym.
- 5 My car is in the garage and I don't know if they will __ repair it by Monday.
- 6 Fred went sailing with me twice and he's terrible at it, but he doesn't want to ___
- 7 Your writing has improved a lot this semester so
- 8 Would you like to _____ the new version of the software, sir?
- 9 I know Jade isn't interested in the project, but she could at least ______ to get involved.

Everyday English Don't touch the sandwiches!

1 CONVERSATION SKILLS	
Breaking off a conversation	
a Tick (✓) the best way to break off the conversation.	
1 Sorry, but now. a	
c there's nothing else to say Speak to you soon.	
a l've nothing else to say. b Are we finished? c Got to go.	
3 OK,	
a I look forward to speaking to youb see you tomorrowc that's enough	
4, Irena. a	2 USEFUL LANGUAGE Explaining and checking
5 Can you phone later?	understanding
a This is not convenient.b Who's speaking?c Can't talk just now.	a Put the extracts in the correct order to explain how to take a good photograph.
6 Well, I must	Always remember to keep still. If the camera moves about, you get a bad photo.
a leave b run c end	Is that clear? Do you want me to explain any of this again But whatever camera you buy, read the instructions carefully. Make sure you know what your camera can do.
7 Bye, nice	Have you got that?
a conversation b talking to you c day	1 You don't need to get a very expensive camera. These have a lot of functions you just don't need. Do you understand what I mean?
8 Must be now, but thanks for calling. a away b there	 Another thing to remember is to take your time. Only real professionals can take good photos in a hurry. When you take a photo, the most important thing is the
c off	light. Basically, the more light, the better, so choose the right time of the day and place. Do you get the idea?
	b 14 Listen and check.
	3 PRONUNCIATION Rapid speech
	a ● Listen. Tick (✓) the sentences where you hear the final /t/ of the <u>underlined</u> words.
	 1 <u>must</u> go and see her soon. 2 The nurse said I <u>must</u> eat less bread.
	3 We've got to have more help.
	4 Sorry, you <u>can't</u> take one with you. 5 Haven't any of the people arrived?
	6 Sarah said she <u>didn't</u> do the homework.
444	7 Claudia has been there, <u>hasn't</u> she?
	8 The shop <u>might</u> open again. 9 We <u>can't</u> use our phones here.
	10 Children mustn't play ball games.

Skills for Writing I really missed my phone all day

1 READING

- a Read the article. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 The woman has the same opinion as most other people.
 - 2 She has noticed an imbalance in communication.
 - 3 The experiment involved the couple not communicating for a day.
 - 4 It was a positive experience for them.
 - 5 Technology has made us forget our priorities.
 - 6 We don't need technology.
- b Read the article again and tick (✓) the best ending for the sentences.

1	The	purpose	of t	the	first	paragraph	is	

- a 🗸 to explain the writer's motivation.
- b to compare different types of communication.
- c to introduce a theory about communication.
- 2 The main rule of the experiment was that they ...
 - a had to communicate as little as possible.
 - b couldn't say anything to each other.
 - c needed to explain things very simply.
- 3 The point about breakfast is that ...
 - a making meals involves technology.
 - b it was an amusing situation.
 - c everything was so simple.
- 4 The rest of the day showed that the experiment ...
 - a needed to continue for longer.
 - b only worked until a friend got involved.
 - c was not as easy as they thought.
- 5 She texted her husband to discuss ...
 - a plans for a party.
 - b the effectiveness of the experiment.
 - c her friend's communication problems.
- 6 The conclusion is that ...
 - a the experiment was mostly a failure.
 - b technology has changed relationships between people.
 - c speaking is still an effective kind of communication.

2 WRITING SKILLS

Organising an article

a Read the tips (1–8) for writing an article. Is the advice good or bad? Tick (✓) the correct box.

Face-to-face texting

A lot of people think that technology brings people closer together, but I'm not so sure. People spend so much time texting and looking at computer screens that they hardly ever speak to one another. This made me think and I decided to do a little experiment.

One day my husband and I decided not to speak to each other at all. We could email, text, etc. but we couldn't actually communicate in words. So, at breakfast he sent me a text to ask if I wanted any more toast and I replied that I didn't but I wouldn't mind another cup of tea.

We both thought it was funny at first, but things got more complicated as the day went on. For example, a friend phoned me about a special party she was organising. I had to text my husband for about 20 minutes to discuss everything.

The whole thing made me appreciate that nothing can replace face-to-face communication – talking to each other. Communication may be easier because of technology, but people aren't machines. We sometimes forget that simple things are often the most important in life.

3 WRITING

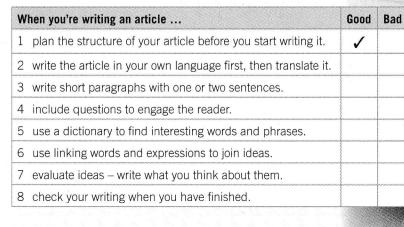
a Imagine that for one week you had to walk or cycle to get around, rather than use a car or public transport. Write an article about your experience. Use the notes to help you, and your own ideas.

Introduction: how you usually get around, your feelings about walking / cycling vs. cars / public transport

Your experience: good things (exercise, see interesting things, cheaper)

Your experience: difficulties (takes longer, bad weather, dangerous?)

Evaluation: walking / cycling better in some situations, should use cars / public transport less





UNIT 1

Reading and listening extension

TI READING

a	Read the article and tick () the statement that
	matches Nick's attitude to his own body.

1 It's more difficult living without arms and legs now than when he was younger.

2 His physical condition means he is generally worried about trying new things.

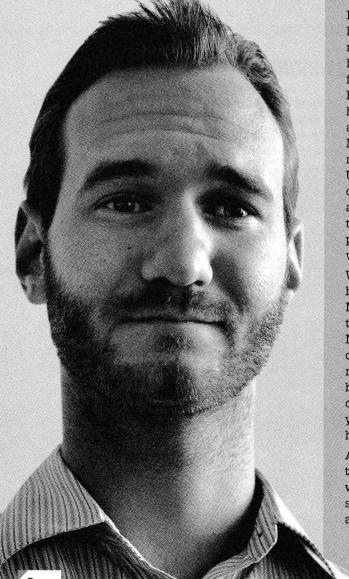
3 He gets on with his life, even though he has no arms or legs.

Have you ever thought what it might be like to live just a single day without being able to use your hands or legs? This is everyday life for Nick Vujicic, who was born without any limbs. However, Nick doesn't let his condition stop him – he regularly takes part in sports, he has travelled all over the world and is also happily married with a young child. And unlike many able-bodied people, he can even swim and surf.

f b Read the article again and tick (\checkmark) the correct answers.

1	1 Nick's parents knew he would be	born without arms and	le
	a 🗌 true 🛮 b 🗹 false	c doesn't say	
2	2 Nick was sometimes unhappy what a true b false		
3	3 Nick could swim when he was ju a true b false		
4	4 Nick uses a mouse to operate a c a true b false		
5	5 Nick uses the toe on his foot to d a true b false		
6	6 The stadiums where Nick speaks a true b false		

- **c** Write a paragraph about an outstanding person you know or have heard about, who has helped others. Remember to include:
 - what the person does and why you are impressed by this
 - · any difficulties the person has had in their life
 - · how the person has helped other people.



Before Nick Vujicic was born, his parents had no idea that he would go on to have any medical problems - none of the medical checks had ever shown a problem. However, when he was born, it was clear that his life would be different from that of other babies. Growing up would not be easy. His parents decided to send him to a normal school, where he would use a wheelchair, and where there were carers available to assist him. The experience was difficult, but Nick feels it was the best decision his parents could have made, because it would give him a sense of independence. Unsurprisingly, when he was at school, he sometimes felt depressed and lonely, and was sometimes bullied. But he always had the support of his loyal friends and family, and these people made him determined to overcome many problems. He even went on to study at university, where he was awarded a degree in Financial Planning and Real Estate.

What surprises many people is just how optimistic Nick can be, and how many different things he has managed to do. Much of this is down to his parents. His father put him in the water for the first time when he was 18 months, so that Nick would be self-confident enough to swim when he was older. He has one small foot which he can use to help him move around in the water. He is able to operate a computer by using the toe on this foot to type, something he learned to do when he was just six years old. And when he plays golf – yes, he even plays golf – he is able to hold the golf club under his chin

A big part of Nick's life now is giving motivational talks. He travels around the world and has shared his inspiring story with millions of people, speaking to audiences in packed stadiums. Nick's message is that you should never give up, and that people should love themselves even when they fail.



2		LISTENING
а	Se in	Listen to Michael and Sarah talking about Frane lak, who some people have called the unluckiest mare the world. Put the events in the order they happened a plane crash a car accident a bus crash being hit by a bus winning the lottery a car falling off a mountain a train crash
b	Lis	sten again and tick (\checkmark) the correct answers.
	1	What happened to Selak when he was in the train crash? a He was very seriously injured. b He had an injury. c He wasn't injured.
	2	What is true about the plane crash that Selak survived? a Several other people also survived the crash. b He escaped through a door after it crashed. c He was helped by a problem with the plane.
	3	What was the cause of the bus crash? a the weather b the speed of the bus c a technical problem with the bus
	4	What is true about the first incident with a car that Selak had? a He was not driving the car when it developed a problet b The car exploded just after he got out. c Flames came into the car from the engine while he was driving it.
	5	Why did his car go off the side of the mountain in the later accident? a He was hit by a lorry. b He hit a tree and lost control.
	6	c He had to change direction to avoid a lorry. Which of the following sentences is true about when Selak won the lottery? a He often played the lottery at that time. b He occasionally played the lottery at that time. c He had never played the lottery before.
	7	What is Sarah's opinion of Selak's story? a She is sure it's true. b She is not sure if it's true.
	8	 c She is sure it's untrue. What does Michael say about Selak? a He thinks that Selak is probably telling the truth. b He thinks that Selak is wrong to invent stories. c He thinks it's strange that Selak gave away his lotter winnings.
C		rite about a time when you were very lucky or nlucky. Use these questions to help you: What was the situation? What were you doing? Why were you lucky or unlucky? How did you feel? Was anybody else with you? How did he or she feel?

• Do you think this happens to a lot of people?

Review and extension

1 GRAMMAR

Tick	(/) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.
1 [2 [3 [4 [5 [7 [8 [I write this letter to complain about the service. I am writing this letter to complain about the service. Take any train, all of them go there. I think I decided what to do. Have you ever heard from her again afterwards? I was having a shower when the water turned cold. I don't know Tom. How is he? Why you didn't tell me? What is the currency in Thailand?
2	VOCABULARY
Tick	⟨ ⟨ ✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.
1 [2 [3 [4 [5 [6 [There are determined subjects everyone should study. There are certain subjects everyone should study. Don't mention it to Laura. She's quite sensible about it. The Mayor is very respective in this town. The President gave a passionated speech about crime. I'd love to have a go at diving. I've got a plan and I'm going to keep to it.
13	WORDPOWER make
M	atch sentences 1–6 with responses a–f.
1 2 3 4 5 6 a b c d	 ■ Shall we go by car or walk? Why is it taking him such a long time to decide? I'm really afraid of your dog. Can't you just follow the instructions? How can I stay in a place like this? What are the flowers for? It makes no difference to me. He can never make up his mind. He's only trying to make friends with you.
: d : e : f :	Just make the best of it. They don't make any sense. To make up for being late.

REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS	
Look again at Review your progress on p.18 of the Book. How well can you do these things now? 3 = very well 2 = well 1 = not so well	ne Student's
I CAN	
talk about different forms of communication	
describe experiences in the present	
give and respond to opinions	
write a guide.	

1 GRAMMAR Narrative tenses

- a Underline the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 I had / was having / had had a quick shower and ran for the bus.
 - 2 Sorry, when you called, I spoke I was speaking I had spoken to a customer.
 - 3 By the time Jane arrived for dinner, everyone left / had left /
 - 4 He set / had set / was setting the watch to 00:00 and began to run the marathon.
 - 5 The phone had been I was I has been ringing for about a minute when I answered it.
 - 6 What have you done I had you done I were you doing in the garage all that time?
 - 7 We were buying I bought I had been buying some fruit and went to the next shop.
 - 8 Someone had broken I was breaking I had been breaking the window, but we didn't see who it was.
 - 9 Hi, had you waited / were you waiting / you waited for me?
 - 10 The manager stood up and had made I was making I made a speech.
- **b** Complete the text with the correct forms of the words in brackets.

One evening some	e years ago, I 1 was thinking (think)
about what to do	when my friend Janice phoned.
Janice was in a go	ood mood because she
² (fir	nish) all her exams and she was free
	(come) round and we decided
	Ve ⁴ (go) very far when
	g very unusual inside the old building
	Years earlier the place
	urn) down. No one knew how the fire
	art), but ever since then the place
	Anyway, in one of the windows we
	ice of a young girl. She obviously
	y) because there were still tears
	(get) dark by then, but
	her quite clearly. 9 (you
	ispered to Janice. We
	never / be) in this building before and
felt a bit scared b	but we 11 (go) inside to
find the girl She	(wear) some really
	were dirty and smelt of smoke.
	(get) out,' she said, crying again.
	Ve looked at each other and
	un) all the way home. The place
	nt and all our friends wonder why
Jamice and I will fi	ever go there with them!

c D21 Listen and check.

2 VOCABULARY Expressions with get

а	ttention away	dowr	n hold invol	ved	point	rid	swe
	All this grey weat	lepre	ssed.				
2	There isn't enoug	٦.					
3	Simon is a very b						
4	The waves are re	155	big, so be care	eful no	ot to ge	t	
5	Let's get straight To get the waiter	to th					
7	need to ring the It's been a very lot this summer – no	ong t		o get _			
8	Don't get will start blaming		in all Kare	en's pr	oblems	s. Pe	ople
	omplete the ser pressions in the			e pic	tures	with	the
						میں میاں	
_	get through get get the feeling g		_	le ge	et anyv	vnere	
_			_	le ge	et anyv	vnere	
٤	get the feeling g	get o	n my nerves	3	3 I		
٤	get the feeling g	get o	n my nerves	3	3 I	will b	
_	That looks fun. How do yougettodo	get o	n my nerves I'm not sure I'	ell 3	B I this v	will b	e over
1	That looks fun. How do you _get to _do this?	get o	I'm not sure I' al today.	ell 3	this y quic	will b	e ov
٤	That looks fun. How do yougettodo this?	2	n my nerves I'm not sure I'	III 3	this v quic	will b	e over
1	That looks fun. How do youget todo this? Sales Jan-June The company won't	2	I'm not sure I' al today.	III 3	this v quic	will b	e over
11	That looks fun. How do yougettodo this? Sales Jain-June The company won't with this new	2 2	I'm not sure I' all today. He might walking into thouse like that	III 3 III this	this viguic	will b	e over

Sentence 7

Sentence 8

Sentence 9 Sentence 10

Sentence 2 Sentence 3

Sentence 4

Sentence 5

2B If it runs towards you, don't run away

1 GRAMMAR

Future time clauses and conditionals

a <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the conversation.

MARIO Hi. Silvia. Are you coming camping with us?

SILVIA $\frac{1}{I}$ / When you still want me to, sure.

MARIO Great. It should be good fun ²if / unless the weather

SILVIA ³As long as / If we get a couple of days of decent weather, I don't mind. What do I need to take?

MARIO The usual stuff. ⁴When / If I get home, I'll text you the list I've made just in case. You don't need to worry about food though. I've packed enough ⁵in case / provided you like pasta. That's the easiest thing to make

SILVIA Fine. ⁶ If / In case we run out of pasta, I'll take some tins and rice.

MARIO Good idea. ⁷ If / Provided you want, bring some cards. We could play at night.

SILVIA I'll do that ⁸ when / provided I don't forget. Text me tomorrow ⁹ as long as / as soon as you get up.

MARIO OK. Remember to buy pepper spray because we might see bears.

SILVIA ¹⁰ If / Unless I see a bear, I'll run all the way home!

- **b 12.3** Listen and check.
- **c** Match 1–8 with a–h to make sentences.

1	b	Phone	vour	mum
1	V	LIIOHE	your	mun

2 It's perfectly safe

3 I like to go for a swim

1 It's ideal for a holiday

5 Take some sun cream

6 | I'll go on the excursion

7 Don't go

8 You can go any time

a provided you like somewhere quiet.

b when you get there.

c unless you do something stupid

d as long as you do.

e provided you tell me first.

f in case you need it.

g if you don't want to.

h if it's really warm.

2 VOCABULARY

Animals and the environment

- a Find eight words about animals that match these clues.
 - 1 a set of similar animals or plants
 - 2 a living thing that is not a plant
 - 3 the natural surroundings where we live
 - 4 the place where an animal or plant naturally lives or grows
 - 5 continue to live
 - 6 animals or plants which could disappear without our help
 - 7 uncommon and difficult to find
 - 8 catch and kill animals for food or sport

А	Е	Ν	٧	1	R	0	Ν	М	Е	Ν	Т	Ε	U	L
K	Ν	С	R	Н	В	Е	Χ	U	D	D	0	Χ	K	Е
X	D	Т	S	G	Т	1	С	U	L	Ε	Т	С	E	Г
S	А	D	S	Ν	Р	С	L	Ν	Υ	Ρ	В	Ε	K	М
U	Ν	Q	Ε	Т	В	S	R	1	Α	R	Ν	Р	Υ	J
С	G	L	М	R	Α	М	А	0	Т	0	Τ	Т	Χ	K
0	Ε	Χ	Т	Т	S	Ν	R	0	R	Т	Α	1	J	Ζ
С	R	Ε	Α	Τ	U	R	Е	Q	K	Ε	G	0	S	L
S	Ε	В	R	1	L	L	1	А	N	С	L	Ν	Ι	В
F	D	K	1	I	L	Ε	D	G	Ν	Т	D	Α	Р	L
U	F	L	Α	U	С	С	Ν	S	Р	E	С	I	E	S
L	Р	J	Н	Ν	F	Υ	Q	Т	D	D	G	Α	S	R
В	U	٧	J	Т	J	Z	Q	K	Ε	I	В	В	В	С
Υ	Z	Z	1	1	R	М	Р	Н	Α	В	1	Т	Α	Т
S	K	Т	S	Χ	Α	Z	D	1	J	G	В	W	D	X

b Complete the text with the words in the box.

_ of a group of lions. This might be a very rare

risk	cre	eatures	envi	ronment	extinct	
nabit	at	hunt	shot	survive		

oid.	sight in the future. Lions are beautiful ", but they are very
piu.	much at ³ in the modern world. The European lion has been
	4 for 2,000 years and now lions only 5 in
	India and parts of Africa. People still ⁶ lions and our damage
	to the ⁷ is making it difficult for lions to find places to live
	and feed. We can help by protecting lions' natural 8, which is
	the African savannah and the forests of Gujarat in India.
· 100 · 100	
	Marie Control of the
100	

2 Everyday English What a great shot!

1 CONVERSATION SKILLS Agreeing

a Complete the question tags in the conversations with the words in the box.

aren	't could did don't haven't isn't shall wasn't
MIKE	1
MIKE	Yes, let's do that, ² we?
LUCY	We could drive but let's walk, we need the exercise.
MIKE	
	Last time you forgot your towel.
MIKE	
	borrowed yours. Anyway, let's go.
Later	
LUCY	That was great, 5 it? I feel really hungr
	now.
MIKE	Me too. This place looks good.
LUCY	6
	does really good pizza.
MIKE	
	lend me some money, ⁷ you?
LUCY	First a towel, then your wallet, you never remember
	anything.
MIKE	Well, we're friends, 8 we? Let's go
	inside.
	I Patamand about
2.4	Listen and check.

2 USEFUL LANGUAGE

Giving compliments and responding

a	T	ick (\checkmark) the best response for the sentences.
	1	You're so good at singing. a ✓ Do you think so? b ─ What do you think? c ─ I'm glad you like it.
	2	Your hair is amazing! a You're welcome. b I'm glad you like it. c I think so.
	3	You really managed to get it just right. a Guess it's not bad. b Yes, I managed it. c Didn't I?
	4	The colour is just perfect. a Yes, it is. b It's not bad, is it? c That's right, isn't it?
	5	It's so tasty! a
	6	That was a lovely present! a The same to you. b Yes, it was. c I'm glad you like it.

b D2.5 Listen and check.

3 PRONUNCIATION

Tone in question tags

a ▶2.6 Listen to the intonation in the questions. Is the speaker asking a real question or just checking information? Tick (✓) the correct box.

. Milander			aparet de la
		Asking a question	Checking information
1	It was a great idea, wasn't it?		/
2	You don't know where Oxford Street is, do you?		
3	That's obvious, isn't it?		
4	They just didn't understand, did they?		
5	He hasn't finished university yet, has he?		
6	I'm not on the team, am I?		
7	They will be able to do it, won't they?		
8	You've been there before, haven't you?		
9	She's forgotten all about it, hasn't she?		
10	She's not going to agree, is she?		

1 READING

- **a** Read the leaflet and <u>underline</u> the best heading for each section.
- **b** Read the leaflet again. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 It's easy to find an orienteering club.
 - 2 Everyone should do the same training.
 - 3 You should buy some running shoes.
 - 4 You won't need to buy a map.
 - 5 A fast start is important.
 - 6 You should respect the environment you run through.
 - 7 You only need a compass if you get lost.
 - 8 The main thing is to have fun.

2 WRITING SKILLS

Organising guidelines in a leaflet

- a Tick (✓) the best introduction to a leaflet about collecting mushrooms.
 - a For centuries, people have collected mushrooms all over the world. The purpose of this leaflet is to discuss the reasons why mushroom picking is popular and to provide some practical suggestions to those who want to follow this tradition.
 - b Collecting mushrooms might seem like a strange pastime, but it's very popular in many countries, especially in Eastern Europe. You need to be careful about which mushrooms you pick, but this is a fun way of spending time.
 - c Why pick mushrooms? Many people think it is better to buy them from a supermarket, but there are advantages of getting them yourself provided that you don't pick the wrong ones!
 - d One day I was at home when my friend phoned and suggested going out to the forest and picking some mushrooms. At first, I thought it was a crazy idea, but I went anyway and quite enjoyed it. Here is my advice for people who want to do the same.

3 WRITING

a Read the plan for the rest of the leaflet. Then complete the leaflet using these headings and notes.

Preparation

- 1 When? (Autumn, mornings)
- 2 Where? (forests, near trees)
- 3 Need warm clothes, good shoes/boots
- 4 Check weather

In the forest

- 5 Be careful in forest animals, accidents
- 6 Only pick mushrooms you know (go with expert, use the Internet)
- 7 Don't get lost!
- 8 Protect environment (litter)

At home

- 9 Eat or freeze mushrooms
- 10 Many recipes for mushrooms soup, pies, etc.

Orienteering is a sport where you follow a route with a map and compass and try to get between the points as quickly as possible.

- **1** Preparation / Getting into the sport / Advantages of orienteering
 - Orienteering is usually organised in forests. Just do a website search to find a club near you.
- 2 Training / Dangers of forests / Running fast
 - You need to be fit to run around forests. If you're lucky, you might live near a forest, but most people will need to do some running in parks or on roads.
 - Unless you are very fit already, start with fast walking and then build up to running.
- 3 What you need / Expenses / Shopping for orienteering
 - You don't need to spend a lot of money on equipment, but a good pair of shoes is essential.
 - You'll get a map at the course and you can borrow a compass as well.
- 4 Win! / Be careful! / On the day
 - Set off slowly and save your energy.
 - Don't damage any plants or trees. You are only there for the day, but the forest is there forever.
 - You won't get lost provided you use your compass and go in a straight line.
 - Enjoy yourself!



UNIT 2

Reading and listening extension

11 READING

- **a** Read an article about four animals and tick (✓) the things mentioned in the article.
 - 1 an animal that lives in a different place from its ancestors
 - 2 an animal that is becoming more and more widespread
 - an animal made famous in films
 - 4 an animal that is now extinct
 - 5 an animal that is important in many countries
 - 6 an animal that lives close to a lot of humans
- **b** Read the article again. Match the animals 1–4 with the descriptions a–d.
 - 1 funnel-web spider
 - 2 great white shark
 - 3 Komodo dragon
 - 4 diger
 - a This animal has a special ability that allows it to follow other animals more easily.
 - b This animal may attack humans if they start living in the same environment.
 - c This animal has attacked humans by accident.
 - d This animal is often involved in attacks on younger people.

- **c** Read the article again. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 Great white sharks normally don't eat humans for food.
 - 2 Attacks on humans from great white sharks are always fatal
 - 3 Tigers normally stay away from humans.
 - 4 The total number of tigers is large and growing.
 - 5 The Komodo dragon is larger than is typical for the group of animals it belongs to.
 - 6 When hunting, the Komodo dragon generally kills the animal it attacks immediately.
 - 7 Some aspects of the behaviour of the funnel-web spider are different from that of other spiders.
 - 8 A bite from any type of funnel-web spider is equally serious.
- **d** Write a paragraph about a special or unusual animal you know something about, or research one on the Internet. Remember to include:
 - where it is found its natural environment and habitat
 - whether it is rare, at risk, protected, endangered or extinct
 - · how it gets its food
 - any strategies it uses to find food, to survive or to get an advantage.

TERRIFYING ANIMALS

The animal kingdom is full of frightening creatures – animals you definitely wouldn't want to see close up, apart from perhaps in a zoo. Here are four very different – but equally terrifying – animals.

THE GREAT WHITE SHARK

Most people have heard of this animal — made famous in the Jaws films of the 1970s and 1980s. The great white shark has a reputation for being a killer, but perhaps unfairly, as these animals don't normally hunt humans — elephants kill more people than sharks do. But the problem for sports lovers is that a person swimming on top of a surfboard can, to a shark below the water, look very similar to a seal — its food of preference. If a great white shark does attack a human, the results are not always deadly — it's believed that sharks don't like the taste of humans.

THE TIGER

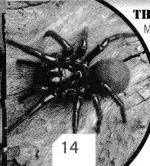
The tiger is another animal that's probably familiar to most people, even though very few of us have ever seen one in the wild. Tigers have fascinated us since ancient times, and are very important to a number of cultures in Asia — they are the national animal of Bangladesh, India, Vietnam, Malaysia and South Korea. Tigers are the largest of all the cat species; they're fast runners, not to mention excellent swimmers. The good news is that they generally avoid contact with people, although they do attack, particularly when humans start to move into their natural habitats. It should also be added that tigers are now endangered and it's thought that humans play a very large role in this.

THE KOMODO DRAGON

The Komodo dragon is a very large lizard — it can grow as long as three metres and weigh up to 70 kg. Experts think Komodo dragons are related to ancient lizards from Australia, but they're now found only in some islands in Indonesia. They are probably most famous for their unusual methods of killing. When hunting, they attack but don't kill the other animal right away. This is because they have a poisonous bite, so after attacking the animal, they follow it until it dies from the poison, a job made easier thanks to their excellent sense of smell. While attacks on humans are rare, they can and do happen.

THE FUNNEL-WEB SPIDER

Many people are afraid of spiders, although the vast majority are completely harmless to humans. But there are of course a number of species that can be dangerous, and the funnel-web spider is certainly among them. This spider's natural habitat is in the area around the Australian city of Sydney. It can be between one and five centimetres long, and is dark blue, brown or black. Unlike many other spiders, this species can be quite aggressive when it comes into contact with humans. When it attacks, it holds on tight and can bite several times. A bite from a Sydney funnel-web spider is extremely painful and can kill quickly, although bites from the females are less severe. Children are particularly at risk — 42% of attacks involve children rather than adults.





10000	****	
a		2.7 Listen to a news story and tick (✓) the correct swer.
	1	A woman will probably recover after spending a week in her car.
	2	A woman is currently in hospital after spending more than two weeks in her car.
	3	A woman is very ill after spending over a month in her car.
b	Lis	sten again and tick (🗸) the correct answers.
-		When Lone didn't come back by 9 pm, her family a ☐ felt sure that something bad had happened. b ✓ were not immediately worried. c ☐ immediately called the police.
	2	The police knew a what time Lone had left work. b the route she had taken home. c where she had been planning to go after work.
	3	The police think she turned from the main road a because she had had a problem with her car. b because of the weather. c to have a break.
	4	The police say Lone a knew she would have to spend a long time in the cab had turned the car round and driven back towards the main road. c wasn't able to move the car because the weather conditions had got worse.
	5	 The police a have got all the details from Lone of what happened. b have only been able to speak to Lone for a short period of time. c haven't been able to visit the hospital yet.
	6	The reason why nobody had found the car earlier was that a few cars drive in that area at that time of year. b there was maintenance work, so no cars could reach the area.
	7	 c the car was totally covered in snow. The reason Lone survived might be that a she had lots of food with her in the car. b she doesn't normally eat or drink much, so it was easier to adapt. c her body made a change to deal with the situation she was in.
C		rite a conversation between two people discussing xperiences of very bad weather conditions. Use

- these questions to help you:
 - What kind of weather was it?
 - Was the bad weather expected, or was it a surprise?
 - What kinds of problems did it cause?
 - How did they deal with the problems?

Review and extension

11 GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong	
sentences. 1 It's been a great week. On Tuesday, I have met an	
old friend. It's been a great week. On Tuesday, I met an old friend In those days, people spent more time outside. I met Maria three years ago, when I had been a study She has been waiting for a chance and finally she goty Lucy had been seeing Michael for some time. I'll watch it in case it's on TV.	lent.
2 VOCABULARY	
Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.	
 The fish was too slippery for me to hold and it get aver The fish was too slippery for me to hold and it got at a local loc	away. ne.
3 WORDPOWER face	
Complete the sentences with the expressions in the box.	ne
can't face face a difficult choice face fell face the fact face the music say it to my face	
1 Carmel really wanted the dress, but herface fell when she saw how expensive it was. 2 I have to I'm not as young as I used to 3 John is so hypocritical. If he's unhappy with what I did should 4 I going to work today. I need a day off. 5 Is it better to get a job or go to university? Young peopl nowadays. 6 My wife will be really angry, but I'm going to have to te her the truth and	l, he le
REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS	
Look again at Review your progress on p.30 of the Studer Book. How well can you do these things now? $3 = \text{very well}$ $2 = \text{well}$ $1 = \text{not so well}$	nt's
I CAN discuss dangerous situations	
give advice on avoiding danger	
give and respond to compliments	

1 GRAMMAR Multi-word verbs

a <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the text.

When I was at school, I didn't think I was good at anything. The other kids picked things lout / in / up really quickly but I didn't and everyone looked ²down on / on down / down me as some kind of loser. The only thing that interested me was cars and I spent ages in the garage with my mum's old car, checking ³it out / out it / out. My mum wasn't ⁴at / by / into cars at all though and she was tired of me going 5in with / on about / with them all the time. Anyway, one day there was a school trip. We set 6by / off / on by coach and were going down the road when the coach suddenly stopped. I thought we had run out 7in / at / of petrol, but the driver told us there was an engine problem and he would have to call the garage. I went to see for myself and quickly figured 8out / by / through what to do: I just needed to put back a cable. After ten minutes, the coach was on the road again. After that, everyone really looked 9to me up / up to me / me up to and I realised there was something I could do well. When I left school, I set 10out / up / by my own car repair business and now I'm doing really well.

- **b 3.1** Listen and check.
- **c** Put the words in the correct order to make sentences and questions.
 - 1 all / but / I / threw / sorry, / it / away . Sorry, but I threw it all away.
 - 2 let / try / hardest and / your / us / down / don't.
 - 3 fallen / not friends / out / I've / and we're / Tony / with.
 - 4 away / you / like that / can't / get / mistakes / with .
 - 5 yourself / for / it / and figure / go / out .
 - 6 just/why/don't/it/you/out/try?
 - 7 made / Michelle / up / him / it / impress / to .
 - 8 in / you / you're doing / what / to / believe / need .
 - 9 up / anyone / a better / come / can / with / idea?
 - 10 picked / difficult, / I soon / it / but / is / French / up.



2 VOCABULARY

Ability and achievement

- **a** <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the conversation.
 - **MARIANA** Have you heard of this writer Daniel Kalder?
 - **LOUIS** Yes, I read *Strange Telescopes* some time ago.
 - It's a ¹talented / <u>brilliant</u> book.
 - MARIANA I agree. Kalder has got this ²ability / potential to make a serious statement but make you laugh at
 - the same time. **LOUIS** It really is ³able / outstanding. I just wish I had
 - some ⁴ability / talent for writing.
 - MARIANA Kalder is ⁵ successful / talented because he's spent
 - so many years improving his style. That kind of hard work is ⁶successful / exceptional.
 - **LOUIS** True. I don't think many people have heard of Kalder yet, but he has the ⁷ potential / brilliance
 - to be a really well-known writer.

 MARIANA He is very ⁸skilled / brilliant at what he does, so
 - **MARIANA** He is very *skilled / brilliant at what he does, so good luck to him.
- b **3.2** Listen and check.
- **c** Correct the mistake in each sentence.
 - 1 You need to have a talent to it.

 You need to have a talent for it.
 - 2 Olympic athletes are all exceptional for their field.
 - 3 She's quite successful by what she does.
 - 4 I became quite skilled for the game.
 - 5 The ability of running long distances is important.
 - 6 Lesley is brilliant on most ball sports.
 - 7 He has the potential of being world champion one day.
 - 8 Carl Lewis was outstanding for the long jump.

${f 3}{f B}$ There are lots of good runners in Kenya

1 GRAMMAR

Present perfect simple and continuous

- **a** <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences and questions.
 - 1 <u>I've always loved</u> / I always loved baseball. It's my favourite sport.
 - 2 They've won / They won the championship two years ago.
 - 3 What have you thought / did you think of the match?
 - 4 The players *have just arrived I just arrived* so the match can begin.
 - 5 I've been running | I was running in the park when it happened.
 - 6 Marina has been doing / was doing yoga since she was a teenager.
 - 7 I have completed / been completing five marathons.
 - 8 **A** Why is your shirt wet?
 - **B** I've run I I've been running.
 - 9 Joshua hasn't *played I been playing* tennis since he was at college.
 - 10 Our judo trainer has *learned I been learning* Japanese for ten years.
- **b** Complete the text with the correct forms of the verbs in brackets.

Samantha Hill 1 has just broken (just / break) a new world record! Yesterday in Manchester she 2
(run) 100 metres backwards in 16.5 seconds. Samantha is
only 17, but she 3 (already / beat) all the
best runners in the world. She ⁴ (start)
retro-running – running backwards – when she was 14 as
a bit of fun, but soon she 5 (win) lots of
competitions and now she is the best in the world.
We spoke to the new world-record holder.
'It's amazing! I ⁶ (train) since January for
this and I^7 (try) three times to get this
world record, but today was the day. I don't even have a
trainer – I ⁸ (look) for one for the past few
years, but no one ⁹ (contact) me yet. Sorry
I'm still very emotional. Excuse me'
We could see she had been crying. Samantha then ran
away – forwards – with tears running down her cheeks.

C 3.3 Listen and check.

2 VOCABULARY

Words connected with sport

a Read the definitions and write the words.

1	the act of winning a competition	<u>victory</u>
2	a person who is in charge of a sports game	
3	shout approval or encouragement	
4	people who watch a sports event	
5	be in a competition for your country	
6	an area for playing sports, especially football	

b Complete the text with the correct forms of the words in brackets.

c 3.4 Listen and check.

3 PRONUNCIATION Syllable stress

a Similar Listen to the conversation and <u>underline</u> the stressed syllables in the highlighted words.

ELENA I know you like ¹athletics, but do you ever take part in ²competitions?

DIMA Sometimes – in fact I'm going to ³compete in the national ⁴championships next weekend.

ELENA So you're almost a ⁵professional ⁶athlete then? **DIMA** Not really, it's hardly a ⁷profession, but I do a lot of ⁸training and I'm hoping for a good ⁹performance.

There'll be a lot of strong ¹⁰competitors and I'll have to ¹¹perform really well on the day.

ELENA So ¹²victory might be yours then and we'll welcome the ¹³victorious champion home?

DIMA Don't laugh, I might win!

30 Everyday English Who should we invite?

1 USEFUL LANGUAGE Making careful suggestions; Keeping to the topic of the conversation

- **a** Put the words in the correct order to make sentences and questions.
 - 1 could / go / swimming / we / day / always / another .

 We could always go swimming another day.
 - 2 thing / price / remember / another / to / is the .
 - 3 stay / maybe / I / should / home / at / think / we .
 - 4 idea / ask / think / to / a / don t you / it's / good?
 - 5 how / sound / we watch / does / on Sunday / a / film / if / it ?
 - 6 to / that / but / easier / it'd / eat out / agree / be / don't you ?

- **b** Correct the mistake in each sentence.
 - 1 Don't you think it's a good idea take some food?

 <u>Don't you think it's a good idea to take some food?</u>
 - 2 Anyway, as I was speaking, Tessa needs to decide.
 - 3 Another idea might be for going the day before.
 - 4 Just going to what I was saying before.
 - 5 I thought maybe we could to invite Simon.
 - 6 Of course, we could always checking on the Internet.
 - 7 But don't you agree that it's be better to ask first?
 - 8 So, to get back at Martin and his problems.

2 PRONUNCIATION Consonant sounds

- **a** Decide which of the <u>underlined</u> letters has a voiced sound and which unvoiced. Write V (voiced) or U (unvoiced).
 - 1 game
 V
 came
 U
 6 save
 safe

 2 beach
 peach
 7 pie
 buy

 3 ferry
 very
 8 pig
 pick



Skills for Writing It doesn't really matter what sport people choose

11 READING

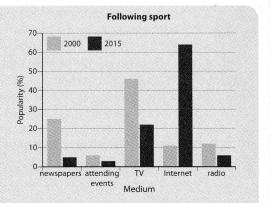
- a Look at the bar chart and read the article. Match paragraphs 1-5 with their functions a-e.
 - Adds extra information not shown in the data.
 - Interprets the data in more detail.
 - States the main conclusion you can draw from the data.
 - Outlines the issue that the data tries to answer.
 - Explains what the bar chart is about.
- **b** Look at the bar chart and read the article again. Tick (\checkmark) the correct answers.
 - 1 The chart includes thirteen-year-olds from Scotland.
 - a 🗸 true
- b false
- c doesn't say
- 2 Each category is quite specific.
 - a True
- b false
- c doesn't say
- 3 Older teenagers are doing more homework.
 - a True
- b false
- c doesn't say
- 4 There is no great change between the figures for sport.
- a True
- b false
 - c doesn't say
- 5 There are no major patterns in the data
 - a True
- b false
- doesn't say
- 6 Face-to-face communication is better.
 - a true
- b false
- c doesn't say
- 7 The article ends with a reference to the future.
- b false
- c doesn't say

2 WRITING SKILLS Describing data

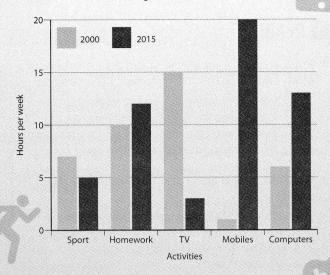
a Look at the bar chart below and complete the sentences with the numbers and words in the box. There are two extra ones you do not need.

5 22 34 decrease increase

- _ % of people today get their 1 About_ information from television.
- 2 In fact, nowadays _ __ people follow sport on the Internet.
- _ popular way of following sport is attending events.
- 4 There's an obvious ____ _ in reading newspapers.
- __ % drop in watching TV. 5 There's about a ___
- 6 Only about ____ _ % of people now read about sport in newspapers.



UK teenagers' out-of-school activities



- 1 School is a big part of teenagers' lives, but there are many ways of spending the rest of their time. Are teenagers basically the same these days, or are their needs and interests changing?
- The bar chart looks at five different activities, quantified in hours per week, which teenagers do outside school. One point to note is that they are very broad categories: sport, for example, could include many activities.
- **3** As you can see, there are big differences in how teenagers spend their time. Sport and homework are comparable, but the other categories have changed considerably.
- The most noticeable trend is from watching TV to using newer technologies, especially mobile phones. Mobiles were around in 2000, but they were much more primitive – you can watch films on your phone today.
- It is important to remember that these are not the only ways teenagers spend their time, for example the chart doesn't mention meeting friends face to face. Things have changed a lot over the last 15 years, so it will be interesting to see what the future brings.

3 WRITING

- a Look at the bar chart in 2a again. Then write an article about how people follow sport today. Use the notes to help you.
 - · newspapers not free, 'old' news, people prefer to read online
 - · attending events difficult, expensive
 - · TV not so popular today, time may be inconvenient
 - · Internet free instant news all the time
 - radio no pictures, best in car

UNIT 3Reading and listening extension

11 READING

	I READING	
a	Read an article about one of the greatest runners of all time. Tick (\checkmark) the statements that are true.	
	 Johnson's running style was considered strange. Johnson had the potential to win more than he did Johnson loved the attention he got from his success Johnson had a different style from Usain Bolt. 	
b	Read the article again and tick (🗸) the correct answers.	
	 1 The fact that Michael Johnson's friends laughed at his running style made him want to run even faster. a ☐ true b ☐ false c ✓ doesn't say 	
	 2 It was considered surprising that Johnson was able to win both the 200 and 400 metres. a true	
	3 Johnson was the first person to win the 400 metres at one Olympic Games and then win it again in the following Olympic Games. a true b false c doesn't say	
	4 Johnson was injured during the 1988 Olympic Games a true b false c doesn't say	
	 Johnson didn't race in the 200 metres final at the Barcelona Olympics. a ☐ true b ☐ false c ☐ doesn't say 	
	6 Johnson often refused to speak to journalists when he was very famous. a true b false c doesn't say	
	7 Johnson now says that he might have been more successful if he'd been as relaxed as Usain Bolt. a true b false c doesn't say	
	8 Usain Bolt is currently trying to beat Johnson's 400 metres world record. a true b false c doesn't say	
C	Write a paragraph about someone who has achieved a lot. Remember to include:	
	 some basic information about the person what he/she achieved and how he/she achieved it what other people think of him/her. 	

MICHAEL JOHNSON THE MAN IN THE GOLDEN SHOES

Michael Johnson is one of the most successful professional athletes of all time. He won four Olympic gold medals and eight World Championship golds. People used to think that it was impossible for the same person to win the 200 metres as well as the 400 metres, but Johnson won both at the 1996 Atlanta Olympics, setting a new world record for both – 19.32 seconds and 43.49 seconds. He then went on to win the 400 metres again in Sydney in 2000 – the first time anyone had ever won the race in two Olympic Games in a row.

Anyone who saw Johnson perform in a race – even on TV – will remember him. He was an outstanding athlete, of course, but he also had a very unusual running style – short steps and a very straight back. When he was a child, his friends used to laugh at him because of how he ran. They said it was 'funny'. Johnson later said he'd found it funny too, but for another reason – the style was helping him to win all his races.

Many people think that with better luck, Johnson might have won even more medals – he was expected to be part of the team which

went to the 1988 Olympics, but he had an injury and wasn't selected. Then in 1992, he got ill after eating in a restaurant two weeks before the start of the Barcelona Olympics. As a result, he didn't get as far as the final that he had been expected to win. In 1996, he avoided bad luck and the success story began.

Johnson's success made him rich and famous, and

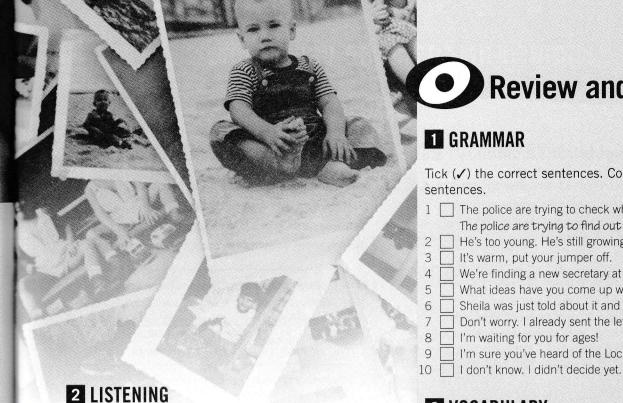
he was one of athletics' first 'superstars' – well known to the general public around the world, not just to athletics fans. But he didn't always seem to enjoy the fame – he sometimes sounded bad tempered in interviews

and, with the golden shoes that he started to wear when racing, some called him arrogant. After retiring, he explained that he'd found the press attention annoying.

Johnson, of course, had a natural talent for running, but many people say that it was his ability to focus and his dedication to training

that made him so exceptional. The big running star of today – Usain Bolt – is famously relaxed, almost the opposite of Johnson. Whether Johnson could have run faster if he'd taken Bolt's more relaxed approach is up for debate – Johnson has said he certainly doesn't think so.

Johnson has since lost his 200 metres world record to Bolt and has encouraged him to try the 400 metres as well, even though this might mean Johnson loses his world record. One thing is for sure – it would be fascinating to know who would win a race between Bolt and Johnson at his best.



a Distanto a conversation between two friends about their school days. Match names 1-5 with a-e to make sentences.

1	Julia	а	argued with Mark
2	Martina Martina	b	believed in Mark.
3		С	was good at math
4	Sarah	d	was good at sport

Mrs Taylor

b Listen again. Look at the opinions. Who has these opinions – Tina, Mark, or both? Tick (✓) the correct box.

e was good at teaching grammar.

		Tina	Mark	Both Mark and Tina
1	Martina is likely to have a successful career now.			✓
2	Julia was very arrogant.			
3	Mr Edwards was a very good teacher.			
4	Sarah didn't have a good relationship with anybody at the school.			
5	Learning French at school wasn't very enjoyable.			
6	The school trips were not always educational.			

C Write a conversation between two people discussing their school days. Person A tells Person B about a subject they were good at. Person B tells Person A about a subject they were bad at. Use these questions to help you:

- · Why was Person A good at their school subject?
- · Was Person A naturally good at the school subject, or did he/she have to study hard?
- Why was Person B bad at their school subject?
- Is Person B good at this school subject now?

Review and extension

GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.

1	The police are trying to check who stole the money.
	The police are trying to find out who stole the money
2	He's too young. He's still growing up.
3	It's warm, put your jumper off.
4	We're finding a new secretary at the moment.
5	What ideas have you come up with then?
6	Sheila was just told about it and needs time to think.
7	Don't worry. I already sent the letter.
8	I'm waiting for you for ages!
9	I'm sure you've heard of the Loch Ness Monster.

2 VOCABULARY

Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong

٠.	3116116631
1	What are the secrets of success people?
	What are the secrets of successful people?
2	☐ It's not able to get there by public transport.
3	No one doubts her capacity to get to the very top.
4	☐ It was another fantastic performence by the Kenyan.
5	There is a training course for all new staff tomorrow.
6	Professional sport is very competitive.
7	What did the spectators think of the film?
8	And the footballers are just coming out on to the court

3 WORDPOWER up

Read the sentences. Write up in the correct places.

- 1 We came early, but Greg turned late. We came early, but Greg turned up late.
- 2 If you don't know it, look it online.
- 3 She thought about it and decided not to bring the matter.
- 4 I used it all yesterday, so I went and bought some more.
- 5 We looked at the bill and added it again.
- 6 I went running with Sarah, but I couldn't keep with her.
- 7 I started to learn Spanish and picked it quite quickly.
- 8 He works so hard and I've always looked to him.

REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS	
Look again at Review your progress on p.42 of th Book. How well can you do these things now? 3 = very well	e Student's
I CAN	
discuss ability and achievement	
discuss sports activities and issues	
make careful suggestions	
write a description of data.	

She's happier now than she used to be

11 GRAMMAR used to and would

- **a** <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Yesterday my boss used to come / came to work late.
 - 2 People used to / would believe the Sun went round the Earth.
 - 3 One hundred years ago, it *couldn't / wouldn't* snow at all in winter.
 - 4 We *lived I would live* in a small village before we moved to London.
 - 5 | would | used to have a car, but I sold it.
 - 6 That really wasn't / didn't use to be the best decision.
 - 7 Julia is used to working / used to work in a shop before she started her own business.
 - 8 Sam *got used to / used to* sharing a flat when he was a university student.
 - 9 I wasn't used to / got use& to getting up so early, so the first morning was a shock.
 - 10 It took me a long time to *be | get* used to wearing a uniform at work.
- **b** Underline the correct words to complete the text. Then listen and check.

Richard Morgan lives on a boat on a canal in London. His life ¹would / <u>used to</u> / was used to be very different a few months ago. Richard ²left / used to leave / would leave university in 2005 and got a great job in a law firm. It was interesting and well paid, but a very hard job. Richard ³was used to / got used to / used to work 12–14 hours a day and sometimes he ⁴would sleep / was used to sleeping / got used to sleeping at the office because it was so late. Richard ⁵used to realise / would realise / realised that this kind of life was killing him. '1 ⁶was used to / used to / would spending all my time at work. It was normal for me, that was the frightening thing,' Richard says.

On Sundays, Richard ⁷used to going / got used to go / would go for a walk down the canal and he always enjoyed this. So one day, when he had had enough, he ⁸decided / used to decide / was used to deciding to change his life completely. He gave up his job, bought a boat and said goodbye to his stressful life as a lawyer. 'It was a big contrast, I still haven't ⁹used to / got used to / been used to the ducks waking me up, but it's a great life,' he says. 'My family and friends were shocked at first, but now they ¹⁰get used to visiting / are used to visiting / used to visiting me on my boat and they know I'm happy.'

2 VOCABULARY Cause and result

- a Correct the mistake in each sentence.
 - 1 Smoking can lead in a lot of health problems.

 Smoking can lead to a lot of health problems.
 - 2 No one knows what the affect was.
 - 3 Shakespeare has had a big influence to the English language.
 - 4 That's the main cause for the problem.
 - 5 It could effect millions of people.
 - 6 As a result from this, there is less money to spend.
 - 7 The new law resulted of protests and demonstrations.
 - 8 Generally, it's had a positive effect in people.
- **b** Complete the text with the words in the box.

affect as a result cause effect influence is caused by lead result

What makes people unhappy? Some people think that the biggest \(^1\) CAUSE is stress, whether from work or the pressures of life. Certainly, lifestyle has a heavy \(^2\) on happiness. For example, a poor diet \(\can^3\) your health and \(^4\) in illness and disease. There is also a view that unhappiness \(^5\) loneliness. Friends do have a positive \(^6\) on people's lives because friends provide support, entertainment and company. It's more complicated with family because relationships are often difficult and \(^7\) can \(^8\) to conflict and stress. This is clearly a difficult question to answer.

We weren't allowed to talk in class

1 GRAMMAR Modality review 1; Obligation and permission

a Complete the conversation with the responses in the box.

I had to catch the 5:30 train.

I'm tired during the day.

No, I can work from home on Saturdays.

No, I don't have to unless we have a deadline.

No, I had to get up at 5:00 this morning.

Yes, I can find a seat on the train.

Yes, the boss lets us have one day at home.

You should speak to my boss!

ALEX 8_

JANE ALEX	Are you feeling alright? ¹ No. I had to get up at 5:00 this morning.
JANE ALEX	Why was that?
JANE	Do you do this every morning?
JANE	Is that the same for everyone?
JANE	Are there any advantages of getting to work early?
JANE	And the disadvantages?
JANE ALEX	Do you need to work late as well?
JANE	You need to ask for a pay rise.

b <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.

- 1 It's for girls only, so he can / can't / has to take part in the competition.
- 2 You really can / ought to / don't have to read this book about Jackie Chan. It's brilliant.
- 3 Louise mustn't / doesn't have to / shouldn't train hard because she is very talented.
- 4 You mustn't | don't have to | are not allowed to get nervous before the race.
- 5 The competition was supposed / had / ought to start at 7:00, but everyone was late.
- 6 Don't worry, you *mustn't / shouldn't / don't need to* train todav.
- 7 My trainer made me run / to run / running ten kilometres.
- 8 During training we're not allowed eat / to eat / eating certain food.
- 9 Don't let them beat / to beat / beating you in the race!
- 10 They were let / allowed to / forced to train in the cold and rain, even though they didn't want to.

2 VOCABULARY Talking about difficulty

a Underline the correct adjectives for the pictures.



1 a(n) arduous / strict journey



2 demanding l rigorous testing



testing / strict discipline



4 a tricky/ punishing training schedule



5 tough / punishing standards



6 a tricky / gruelling situation

b Underline the correct words to complete the conversation.

KATE

So what's it like to be a firefighter, William?

It's really ¹ straightforward / strict / tough, much harder than I thought. The training is very ²rigorous /

awkward / delicate and the instructors really ³struggle /

stretch / demand us.

KATE

But you've finished all the training?

Not yet. It's not so ⁴ strict / demanding / straightforward WILLIAM

to become a firefighter. First, there's this ⁵arduous / straightforward / delicate training schedule and then a ⁶gruelling / tricky / punishing written test to do at

KATE

Well, you do like a ⁷ struggle / punishment / challenge! It sounds like a very ⁸ rigorous / demanding / tricky job.

C • 4.2 Listen and check.

3 PRONUNCIATION

Sound and spelling: u

a Listen to the words in the box. How is the underlined letter *u* pronounced in each word? Complete the table with the words

umbrella pullover useless sugar supper attitude result influential enthusiasm

Sound 1 / _A / (e.g. <i>cup</i>)	Sound 2 /o/ (e.g. <i>cook</i>)	Sound 3 /u:/ or /ju:/ (e.g. food or cube)
umbrella	(C.g. Cadin)	(e.g. roca or cace)

Everyday English Thank you, you've saved my life

11 CONVERSATION SKILLS

Expressing careful disagreement

a Complete the table with the phrases.

I don't agree with you.

Really, did you think so?

That's just not true.

Oh, I don't know.

Maybe you're right, but ...

You can't really believe that.

I know what you mean, but on the other hand ...

No way!

I'm not sure about that.

I'm afraid you're wrong there.

Careful disagreement	Direct disagreement
	I don't agree with you.
rinklabiteri oʻrklari oʻrkini mistralari is sistini is riqisin markan qili markan karikan karikan karikan kari	mentana ayan ata antan ana ana ana ana ana ana ana
en e	
erandarahan stantan aram atau mengalahan arahan angkap angkap angkap angkap angkap angkap angkap angkap angkap T	เล่นกับเกิดเกิด ในการเกิดเกิดเกิดเกิดเกิดเกิดเกิดเกิดเกิดเกิด

b Complete the conversation with the sentences in the box.

I know what you mean, but on the other hand technology is so central.

Really, do you think so?

I'm not sure about that. They work very hard.

Oh, I don't know. Some things are improving.

Maybe you're right, but teachers are not the real problem.

MARK	Education is getting worse and worse in this country.
LILY	¹ Oh, I don't know. Some things are improving.
MARK	Like what? Teachers don't know what they are doing.
LILY	2
MARK	Yes, but they need more training.
LILY	3
MARK	True – kids just don't want to study.
LILY	4
MARK	I do. They spend far too much time messing about on
	computers.
LILY	5

C • 4.4 Listen and check.

MARK Hang on, someone's texting me ...



2 PRONUNCIATION Contrastive stress

- **a D4.5** Listen to the exchanges. <u>Underline</u> the word in each response with the strongest stress.
 - 1 **A** It was an absolutely terrible hotel! I never want to go there again.
 - **B** Oh, I don't know. It wasn't that bad.
 - 2 A I really didn't like that film. It was so boring!
 - **B** Oh, I don't know. It wasn't that boring.
 - 3 A I loved that restaurant. The menu was really original.
 - B Oh, I don't know. It wasn't that original.
 - 4 A Have you seen that new shop? It looks great!
 - **B** Oh, I don't know. It doesn't look that great.
 - 5 A I thought the meeting today was far too long.
 - B Oh, I don't know. It wasn't that long.

Skills for Writing I'm good at communicating with people

Do you want to learn new skills and live and work in a beautiful environment? Volunteer to work as a forest ranger in a variety of locations.



RESPONSIBILITIES

You will carry out work around the forest, protect the environment and provide help to visitors and the general public.

What we offer you

- · free accommodation
- training and education
- the opportunity to learn new skills

QUALIFICATIONS

You care about the environment and you are a good team worker. You have a basic knowledge of a subject related to the environment.

You have good oral and written communication skills in English.

1 READING

a Read the job advertisement and Carla's email. Then complete the summary with the words in the box.

_	reliable				
			,		
Carla war	its to apply	y for a jol	o as a ¹	ranger	She is a
2	and	d speaks	English 3		Carla
loves spe	nding time	e ⁴	iı	า ⁵	and
other inte	resting pla	aces. She	likes to w	ork with	
6	and	d describ	es herself	as 7	
Carla sou	nds like a	88	ca	andidate.	

- **b** Read the advertisement and the email again. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 There are several places to work.
 - 2 You don't need to find somewhere to live.
 - 3 Carla has only been to the UK once.
 - 4 She has finished her studies.
 - 5 Carla thinks that the world will not survive without forests.
 - 6 She has some practical experience.
 - 7 Carla is worried about the responsibility.
 - 8 In the future she wants to be a ranger.

2 WRITING SKILLS

Giving a positive impression

a Complete the sentences. Write one word in ea	ich gap
--	---------

1	I would	like	to appl	y to be a	volunteer ir	n the
	Winter Oly	mpics.				
2	I have alw	ays been	interested.	,8 ±	sport	90 17

2	nave always been interested	sport
3	I would be more than happy to	up r

	rree time.				
4	I am in an excellent	to	help	athletes	and
	A 70				

	VISILOIS.					
5	1	believe	that sport	brings	people	together









Dear Sir/Madam,

I saw the advertisement for volunteers to work as forest rangers and I would like to apply.

I am a student of environmental science in Milan and I have travelled to the UK many times, so my language skills are very strong. I am also a friendly and sociable person who enjoys working with people.

As a student, I am in an excellent position to explain the beauty of the forest to visitors and protect the forest from damage. I strongly believe that forests are essential for the world to survive and it is the work of rangers to make people aware of this.

In our studies we have field trips to forests to study their natural beauty. I also spend a lot of my free time outdoors exploring. I am sure this knowledge and enthusiasm would help me in this position.

I am confident that I can be an important part of your team. I am reliable and hardworking, so this challenge is ideal for me. When I finish university, I would like to work in this field, so this is a wonderful opportunity.

I am looking forward to hearing from you.

Yours faithfully,

Carla Rossini

3 WRITING

a Read the advertisement and the plan. Then write an application email.

Do you want to be part of an international team and support the world's greatest sporting event? Become a volunteer in the Winter Olympics!

Responsibilities

There are a range of opportunities depending on your experience and skills, for example, preparing food for athletes, helping in the medical centre and interpreting

What we offer you

- free accommodation
- tickets to events
- · the opportunity to learn new skills

Qualifications

You are physically fit.

You have good oral and written communication skills in English.

Apply for this job



Save to favourites

Paragraph 1: reason for writing

Paragraph 2: your background (work / education), your communication skills

Paragraph 3: your experience, personality and other skills, how these make you a good candidate

Paragraph 4: why you want to be a volunteer, your interest in sport / the Olympics

Paragraph 5: closing sentence

⁶ I am looking ______ to hearing from you.

UNIT 4

Reading and listening extension

BLOG



Train journeys and unwritten rules

[posted by Paul, yesterday at 7:14 pm]

Well, I've just arrived home furious! Why? Something quite silly, really, but very annoying. As most of you reading probably know, I commute to work every day by train. Today, I was standing with a few other people by the train doors as the train pulled into the station, ready to get off. Now, what's supposed to happen is that people get off the train first, and then the people who are on the platform get on. It works better that way. It's the logical way to do it. But today, as soon as the doors opened, everyone on the platform started to get on and we had to kind of fight our way off. There was no advantage for the people on the platform to get on the train first – they still had to wait for everyone else to get off and it just created confusion, although I suppose they were worried about finding a seat on the train. While it was all happening, I got angry and ended up having an argument with someone getting on.

Anyway, it got me thinking. There's no rule anywhere that says that the people on the platform are supposed to wait and let the people on the train get off first. That's just what people do. It's an unwritten rule. So, what other unwritten rules can you think of? Do you ever see people breaking them? And if so, what do you do?

COMMENTS

Sam: yesterday at 7:43 pm

Exactly the same problem on the bus recently. Everyone tries to get on without letting anyone off first! It doesn't make sense – what's the hurry?

Irene: yesterday at 11:11 pm

Another unwritten rule? Waiting in a queue! There are some places, like clothes stores, where there are actually barriers that make you queue, but generally we just do it without thinking. And if someone jumps the queue? Generally I say nothing – at most I tend to give them a dirty look, but that's a waste of time because they're already in front of me in the queue and can't see my face!

Sara: today at 9:11 am

I suppose politely holding a door open for someone is another unwritten rule. It's funny because I think sometimes it would be easier for everyone not to – if the other person isn't directly behind you, you have to wait for them, and also they have to hurry so you're not waiting too long! But I always do it. If someone doesn't hold the door open for me, then I think they're rude.

Malc: today at 11:15 am

There's a rule that used to be unwritten but now it's actually written most of the time – tipping in a restaurant. In the past, you'd leave money if you thought the waiter or waitress was really good or you had a great time. Now unfortunately, most of the time they automatically add 10% or 15% to the bill and you have to tell them if you don't want to pay it. I preferred it the old way!



11 READING

- Read the blog post and comments. Tick (✓) the things which are <u>not</u> mentioned by the writer or in the comments.
 - 1 Behaviour on public transport
 - 2
 Waiting in queues
 - 3 Doing something to be polite
 - 4 Regretting doing something rude
 - Paying extra for something
- **b** Read the blog and comments again. Write the names of the people.
 - 1 Which person mentions something they do that is pointless?
 - 2 Which person compares a past and present situation?
 - 3 Which person cannot understand a particular behaviour of other people?
 - 4 Which person describes a polite form of behaviour that may have a negative result? __
 - 5 Which person suggests they may understand why rude behaviour took place?

- **c** Read the blog and comments again. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 The original writer, Paul, was involved in a violent situation.
 - 2 Paul believes there needs to be a written rule to tell people to wait before getting on the train.
 - 3 Irene doesn't normally argue with queue jumpers.
 - 4 Sara doesn't expect people to hold the door open for her.
 - 5 Malc doesn't agree with restaurants automatically adding the tip to the bill.
- **d** Write a paragraph about an 'unwritten rule' in your country or a country you know well. You should say:
 - what the rule is
 - whether you think the rule is necessary
 - what you or other people tend to do when the rule is broken.



2 LISTENING

а	gr	24.6 Listen to some interviews with university raduates. How many are unhappy with their final esults at university? Tick (✓) the correct answer.
	1 2	one student two students all four students all four students
b	Li 1 2	sten again and tick (✓) the correct answers. What do we learn about Carl's summer? a ☐ He studied a lot during this period. b ☐ He had to buy a lot of books. c ☐ He was very busy at work. Why did Carl find his experience at university difficult? a ☐ He had to pay a lot for the course. b ☐ He has a young family to look after. c ☐ He had to work and study at the same time. Why did Samantha mention the fact she had three exams in two days?
	4	 a To show that this was really the only difficulty she had. b Because she is unhappy with the university administration. c To explain how little control you have over your timetable as a student. Why didn't Luke get the final mark he wanted?
	5	 a He had a bad cold during the last two exams. b His performance in his final two exams wasn't strong enough. c He was seriously ill on the day of one exam. Which of the following opinions does Luke express? a He doesn't think that you should have to take an
		exam if you are seriously ill. b He is sure he would have got the mark he wanted if he hadn't been ill. c He thinks the university shouldn't consider illness only on the day of an exam.
	6	Which of the following statements best matches something Jane says? a You need to get a lot of sleep to succeed at university. b It's harder to get a degree if you don't have friends or family who have studied at university.
	7	 c It's better to go to university before you're 40. What do we learn about Jane's work situation? a She hopes she will get a chance to progress more at work now that she's finished her course. b She's found a new job since she finished her university course. c She thinks it's going to be hard to find a job even though she now has a university degree.
C	ус	rite about an event that has had a big influence on our life. Use these questions to help you: What was the event?

Why was it important for you?

What was your life like before the event?

· How did your life change after the event?

Review and extension

1 GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.
 My grandad use to work in a factory near Manchester. My grandad used to work in a factory near Manchester. I would prefer to see my own doctor. She used to living by herself now. This can be the last time we come here. I hope we could do this again some time. If you want to apply, you should fill in this form.
2 VOCABULARY
 Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences. 1 ☐ Sunday is better cause I'm free then. Sunday is better because I'm free then. 2 ☐ I'm worried that it might effect my health. 3 ☐ It can lead to all sorts of problems. 4 ☐ My first teacher was very strickt. 5 ☐ She left because she felt she needed a new challenge. 6 ☐ Prisons are basically for punish criminals.
3 WORDPOWER as
 Underline the correct words to complete the sentences. 1 The rules of the game are as follows / a whole – first, there must be at least five players. 2 It looks as a matter of fact / if we were all wrong. 3 There's a lot to do there as far as / for entertainment is concerned.

8	Alice is lovely, but as <i>for l if</i> her husband – well, he's rather strange.
i	
	REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS
1 6	ook again at Paviaw your progress on n.E.A. of the Student's

4 The competition was good for the country as a whole /

5 She's still on holiday as far as I'm concerned / I know. 6 The tickets are too expensive and as far as I'm concerned I

7 More people live in the UK than in Spain. As a whole /

follows – everyone benefited.

I know, they're a waste of money.

3 = very well	2 = well	1 = not so wel
I CAN		

Book. How well can you do these things now?

liscuss events that changed my life	
liscuss and describe rules	

describe photos write an email to apply for work.

27

5A You could live to be a hundred

1	GRAMMAR Fut	ure probability	2 VOCABULARY
		and the state of t	Adjectives describing attitude
a	<u>Underline</u> the correct complete the converse		a Complete the words.
	KATY Have you read the lt says there's a gour generation w	nis article, Josh? good ¹ <u>chance</u> / doubt	1 How realist c is it that we'll live to 150 years old? I mean will it actually happen? 2 Sam is always late handing in work. He's completely
		at it says ² may / will	u_rb_e. 3 It was a tl_s comment and he immediately
	KATY Advances in med factor, and peop of diseases come probably / proba JOSH Fine, but I ⁶ don'	at evidence is there? dicine ³ might / will certainly be a le ⁴ won't / couldn't die from all sorts mon today. Also, technology ⁵ will ably will make everyday life easier. It suppose / doubt if many people will long. It's ⁷ unlikely / sure that it'll be	felt sorry he'd said it. 4 Victoria is really a_vr_s. She just went on a trekking holiday in the Ecuadorian rainforest. 5 Wendy is quite spc, so you can tell her all your problems and she'll listen to you. 6 You can tell he's wl -os _ d by looking at how tidy his desk is.
	work until that a	150. that we ⁸ <i>may will</i> well be able to ge. There's a good chance ⁹ <i>of that</i> <i> won't</i> do all the hard work, like	b Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There are four extra words you do not need.
	washing and cle making phone c JOSH Interesting. I'm	aning, so that we do easier tasks, like alls. ¹¹ <i>probable / sure</i> there'll even be a	adventurous ambitious cautious critical disorganised irresponsible reliable thoughtful uncompetitive unrealistic unsympathetic
		s for people over 100! ² to happen / happen, so start training!	1 When he gets very thoughtful like this, it's like he's in a
	▶ Listen and ch		world of his own. 2 I've never known anyone so; you can never count on him.
U	1 Pollution don't start taking res a 📝 could	well be even worse in the future if we sponsibility for it.	and play safa
	a may not3 Online education doubt it.a might	b mightn't c won't become more popular, but I b will c can	 6 That was a really trip – you won't believe all the incredible things that happened. 7 The new waiter is obviously quite I've never seen anyone work as hard as him.
	4 The question is energy problems? a may	we find a real solution to our b might c will	3 PRONUNCIATION $/\theta/$ and $/\delta/$
		go out of business in the next ten years b will probably ly	word in the box? Complete the table with the words.
	a for	computers will replace teachers. b	a <u>th</u> letic brea <u>th</u> brea <u>th</u> ing clo <u>th</u> es Ear <u>th</u> ei <u>th</u> er lea <u>th</u> er leng <u>th</u> mon <u>th th</u> e <u>th</u> ink <u>th</u> ough
	a 🔲 likely		Sound 1 /θ/ Sound 2 /δ/ (e.g. thank) (e.g. then)
	the sex of our babie a imagine	hat one day we will be able to choose es. b suppose c guess	think
	a 🔲 to		τ.
	10 Things at work are have a new manage a possible		b • Listen and check.

11 GRAMMAR Future perfect and future continuous

- **a** <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Passengers, we will soon <u>be arriving</u> / have arrived at the base.
 - 2 You can still help because they won't *have finished* / *be finishing* yet.
 - 3 Will polar bears still *be living I have lived* in the Arctic in 50 years from now?
 - 4 We'll be feeding / have fed the penguins at 2:30, so make sure you see that.
 - 5 The team will *have completed / be completing* their project by 2025.
 - 6 What will we *be achieving I have achieved* after we've spent all this money on research?
 - 7 I don't think we'll *have driven* / *be driving* cars in 20 years' time.
 - 8 Fleur will *be learning I have learned* a lot by the time she leaves Antarctica.
 - 9 This time tomorrow, I'll *be getting I have got* ready to go.
 - 10 Fleur will be glad to get back because she won't be seeing / have seen her friends for ages.



b Complete the text with the future continuous or future perfect forms of the verbs in the box.

change complain not cook create destroy not eat not fall go not live replace study transport turn walk

Let's travel to the year 2049! We ¹ won't be living on
Earth because pollution and wars ² the
old planet. Instead, planet Zeus will be our home. Giar
space ships ³ everyone and everything
from Earth before it exploded in 2045. Zeus won't
be a bad place to live and some things will go on as
normal. Adults ⁴ to work every morning.
Children ⁵ at school and old people
6 about almost everything. Many things
will be different, though. Because of the different
atmosphere, our hair ⁷ green – at
least it ⁸ out – and we ⁹
about in space suits. Special tablets ¹⁰
food and drink, so we 11 at all and we
12 out at restaurants. Yes, life
¹³ quite a lot.
Welcome to 2049, and the future we ¹⁴

2 VOCABULARY The natural world

- a Match 1-8 with a-h to make sentences.
 - 1 f Big companies don't seem to worry enough about the ecological
 - 2 There was a spell of rough
 - 3 There are people who think that climate
 - 4 We make an effort to be environmentally
 - 5 Just look at the river to see the effect of global
 - 6 Protect the Earth's
 - 7 We don't realise that we live in a fragile
 - 8 I'm not sure that solar
 - a atmosphere by reducing greenhouse gases.
 - b change is some kind of myth.
 - c energy can fulfil all our needs.
 - d environment and everything is inter-connected.
 - e friendly, but it's not always practical.
 - f impact of what they do.
 - g warming on water levels.
 - h weather and we couldn't go out much.

b Complete the words.



Global w<u>arming</u> is changing animals' natural habitats.



2 Cities are trying to be more environmentally



3 Obviously,
s____
energy is a cleaner
alternative than oil
and gas.



4 Tourism can damage the desert's fragile e_____.



5 The Earth's a ______ is being damaged by pollution.



6 We can reduce our carbon f______ by taking fewer flights.



7 It would be crazy to go out to sea in this r____ weather.



8 Recent winters have been colder as a result of c_____ change.



9 Just stop and think about the ecological i_____ of how we live.

Everyday English We're not making enough money

1 USEFUL LANGUAGE Discussing advantages and disadvantages

- a Underline the correct prepositions to complete the text.
 - MAGDA You know, I'm seriously thinking 1 at I of I on taking this job in Paris.
 - No wonder! One good thing ²about / with / for it is ROMAN the higher salary. It's basically a promotion.
 - MAGDA True, but the trouble ³by / for / with that is more pressure and stress. A big disadvantage 4by / of / for the position I've been offered is that I'll have too much to do.
 - **ROMAN** Come on, one of the best things ⁵about / with / of you is how you respond to a challenge.
 - MAGDA I suppose so ... Another problem ⁶at / from / with this job offer is that I'll need to improve my French -
 - **ROMAN** No need to worry ⁷ for / at / about that either. The advantage 8 for I of I at living and working in a foreign country is that you learn the language quickly.
 - MAGDA You have an answer to everything!
 - ROMAN The only drawback 9 of / by / in the job I can see is the size of the company. Do you really want to work in a company that big?
 - MAGDA If they pay me enough money, yes!

b 5.4 Listen and check.

2 CONVERSATION SKILLS

Responding to an idea

a Complete the conversation with the responses in the box.

That's a great idea! You haven't made one for ages.

That's a possibility, although we might have to invite them in for a coffee or something.

Mm, I don't know about that. I'm not so keen on spicy food. That's not a bad idea. They'd need to drive there, though.

Yes, that makes sense. I need the exercise! It's an idea, I suppose. Where shall we go?

That might be worth a try and it's not far.

- A How about eating out tonight for a change?
- ¹It's an idea, I suppose. Where shall we go?
- There's a new Thai place which has just opened.
- Well, there's the Italian just up the hill.
- Let's walk there, it's a lovely day.
- We could invite Amelia and Rob, too.
- Then they could give us a lift if we feel too lazy to walk back.
- So I've got an excuse to make one of your favourite lemon
- b **(P)** 5.5 Listen and check.

3 PRONUNCIATION Tone groups

- a 5.6 Listen and underline the words which are stressed in the sentences.
 - 1 The trouble is it could take a long time to get the money.
 - 2 The good thing about it is we're not far away from the centre.
 - 3 The problem is people are starting to talk about her.
 - 4 The advantage is the price isn't very high.
 - 5 The drawback is no one really knows what's going to
 - 6 The advantage is we can see a lot more of each other.
 - The trouble is I'm not sure I've got time to help him.
 - 8 A definite disadvantage is it means selling the car.

Skills for Writing The weather is getting more extreme

People have always worried about population growth. It is a fact that the number of people on the planet is increasing very quickly, in some countries more than others. This puts a lot of pressure on the Earth's resources. But is population growth really leading to some kind of crisis?

Many people believe that we just cannot produce enough food to feed everyone. The increase in food prices is proof of this. Furthermore, clean drinking water is getting harder to find, a situation made worse by climate change.

-

-

(b)

 However, not everyone agrees with these arguments. We could produce food much more efficiently with technology and in the same way we could treat sea water to produce an almost endless supply. Some people point out that our problem is distribution of resources, and this is something we can solve.

On balance, population growth is a concern, but there should be enough food and water for everyone if we become more efficient. My own view is that we can't do much about our increasing population, but we can make sure the way we produce and distribute resources is as effective and fair as possible.

11 READING

a Read the essay and complete the summary with the words in the box.

against conclusion crisis essay for growth manage

This 1 __essay ___ discusses whether population 2 ____ is a problem. It considers arguments first 3 ___ and then 4 ____ the idea and comes to the 5 ___ that there won't be any major 6 ___ if we 7 ___ resources properly.

- **b** Read the essay again. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 Population growth is a new concern.
 - 2 Food prices are rising.
 - 3 The shortage of water is causing climate change.
 - 4 There are ways of turning sea water into drinking water.
 - 5 The real issue is how we share food and water.
 - 6 The population will eventually stop growing.

2 WRITING SKILLS Reporting opinions

a Are the arguments for or against giving aid to developing countries? Tick (✓) the correct box.

 Some of the aid is lost and stolen. Wealth needs to be shared around the world. We have a moral responsibility to help people in need. Giving aid makes developing countries dependent. 	1
3 We have a moral responsibility to help people in need.	1
4 Giving aid makes developing countries dependent.	
5 We have problems to worry about in our own country.	
6 Developing countries could become important markets or partners.	
7 It will mean fewer problems with illegal immigration.	
8 There are always rich and poor countries – that's just how things are.	

3 WRITING

a Write an essay for and against the topic 'Richer countries should give aid to developing countries'.

Use the following structure:

- Introduction state the problem
- Arguments for giving aid
- · Arguments against giving aid
- Conclusion summarise the main points and give your opinion.



UNIT 5Reading and listening extension

11 READING

- a Read an article about optimistic people. Tick (✓) the correct summary of the author's ideas.
 - 1 It's usually impossible to be an optimist if you are not naturally positive.
 - 2 Anyone can be optimistic if they choose to do the right things.
 - 3 Highly optimistic people are more fun to be with.
- **b** Read the article again. Match topics a—e with paragraphs 1–5.
 - a Choosing the right things to think about
 - b Having fantasies can help
 - c Keeping a record
 - Rethinking your attitude to work
 - e Where you are, who you're with

c Read the article again. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 Optimists are both healthier and more successful at work.
- 2 Optimists focus on the happiness that the money they earn can bring.
- 3 It's easier to think about bad things that have happened to you than good things.
- 4 The writer suggests that if you believe in something enough, you'll definitely achieve what you want.
- 5 The writer says that writing a diary can help you understand your negative thoughts better.
- 6 The article says that optimistic people are lucky because they are naturally very positive.

d Write a paragraph about staying positive. Remember to include:

- · what makes you feel positive
- what makes you feel less positive
- what you do if you want to improve your mood.



SECRETS OF HIGHLY OPTIMISTIC PEOPLE

Everyone wants to be an optimist, but it's not always easy – most of us have to try hard to stay positive when life is getting us down. It's worth the effort, though, since optimists enjoy better health and even do better in their careers. Here are five things that optimists do that will help you look on the bright side, even when you're stuck in a traffic jam or forced to work on a Sunday.

The secret to optimism is that it doesn't just happen - highly optimistic people work hard to stay positive. If you want to do well in your career, improve your relationships and enjoy your life, it's time to give optimism a try.

- Optimists are passionate about their work. Do you need to force yourself to go to work each morning? Optimists don't, because they jump out of bed excited to face the day. This is because optimists have chosen jobs and careers which they genuinely feel passionate about. If you can't remember the last time you enjoyed a day at work, it may be time to start looking for a new job. For optimists, work is more than just an opportunity to earn money. It's also an opportunity to learn, grow and do what they love.
- Optimists focus on good things, even though it's not the easiest thing to do. According to Florida State University professor Roy F. Baumeister's article, 'Bad Is Stronger Than Good', it's much easier to focus on the rainy days than the sunny ones. In the paper, Baumeister says people are generally more upset about losing \$50 than they are happy to gain \$50. When you start to feel bad-tempered or depressed, think about something good from your day to balance out the negative emotions. Optimists make a choice to focus on the good in their life instead of thinking about the bad.
- Optimists are more likely to be adventurous and ambitious. Believe in your dreams and if you have big dreams, you might achieve better results. In 1997, researcher Gary McPherson studied child musicians, their goals and what happened to them later in life. He found that the child musicians who imagined themselves playing their instrument forever were more likely to become professional musicians in the future. So, while belief on its own isn't enough for success, a little dreaming certainly won't hurt.
 - Optimists keep a diary. As we've mentioned, it's very easy to focus on the negative events in our lives and ignore the positives. Keeping a diary can help you release negative energy and focus on positive emotions. During a few quiet moments in your morning or before bed, write a list of the positive moments from your day, or things you're trying to achieve in the future.

Optimists surround themselves with good feelings. If you surround yourself with supportive people and things you enjoy, you'll improve your mood and your day. The next time you lose concentration and start looking at videos of cats and dogs on the Internet, don't feel so bad about the time you wasted. Research has shown that spending a few moments doing something you enjoy will actually make you more productive.























а	\bigcirc Listen to a conversation between two friends, Andrew and Fran. Tick (\checkmark) the things they talk about	ıt.					
	1 a new supermarket 4 food choices						
	2 packaging 5 technology						
	3 air travel 6 animal conservation	n					
b	Listen again and tick (✓) the correct answers.						
	1 What is unusual about the supermarket Fran mentions?						
	a It has very low prices compared to other						
	supermarkets.						
	b It sells different kinds of things from most other						
	supermarkets.						
	c $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$						
	supermarkets.						
	2 Why wouldn't Andrew want to use a supermarket like thi						
	a He thinks it would be too time-consuming to shop)					
	there.						
	b He doesn't want to have to use his car to get then						
	c He thinks it's safer if products in the supermarket packaging.	. use					
	3 What problem does Fran not mention relating to the use	of					
	packaging?	0.					
	a The pollution it causes when it is manufactured.						
	b The risk it causes to animals if they eat it.						
	c The fact that it is often not dealt with properly after	er it					
	has been used.						
	4 What does Fran say about the idea of never using a car?						
	a 🔲 It's probably impossible.						
	b It's difficult, but not impossible.						
	c Most people wouldn't agree to do it.						
	5 Which of the following statements is true about Andrew?						
	a He didn't know about the positive environmental impact of vegetarianism.						
	b He doesn't agree with people not eating meat.						
	c He is going to try to reduce the amount of meat he	eats.					
	6 Which of the following statements best summarises Fran						
	views on the environment?						
	a We need to discuss what we can do to help the						
	environment more often.						
	b People in general aren't doing enough to help the	9					
	environment.						
	c People will probably start changing their behavior	ur					
	when they realise how serious the situation is.						
	7 How hopeful is Fran about the chances of new technolo	gy					
	solving environmental problems?						
	a very hopeful b generally hopeful						
	c not very hopeful						
	increasy nopolal						
C	sent of process of the process of the process of the process financial and the process of the pr						
	that you are worried about. For example, 'Pollution is a major problem all over the world'. Remember to include a short description of the problem						

- why the problem worries you
- a possible solution to the problem
- why the problem might be difficult to solve.

Review and extension

1 GRAMMAR
Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences. 1 ☐ Please write as soon as possible to me. Please write to me as soon as possible. 2 ☐ She probably has been waiting for this news all week. 3 ☐ Your trip to Antarctica won't certainly disappoint you. 4 ☐ It's not likely that she will persuade her parents. 5 ☐ What will we doing this time tomorrow? 6 ☐ We hope that the problem will have been solved.
2 VOCABULARY
Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences. 1 ☐ We need someone responsible for this job. We need someone responsible for this job. 2 ☐ I always thought Tom was relyable until this latest incident. 3 ☐ I prefer to talk to Ann because she is more sympathetic. 4 ☐ If your desk is always tidy, you're probably organised well. 5 ☐ Pollution has led to the climate change in many areas. 6 ☐ Most things we do leave some kind of carbon footprint.
3 WORDPOWER side
Complete the sentences with the expressions in the box.
both sides from side to side nice side side side to one side
1 Developed countries need to work _side by side _ to help the developing parts of the world. 2 Lisa seems a bit cold sometimes, but she definitely has her
REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS
Look again at Review your progress on p.66 of the Student's Book. How well can you do these things now? $3 = \text{very well} \qquad 2 = \text{well} \qquad 1 = \text{not so well}$

discuss possible future events prepare for a job interview discuss advantages and disadvantages write an argument for and against an idea.

64 I'm not going to try to see everything

1 GRAMMAR Gerunds and infinitives

a <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the conversation.

HELEN Hi, Max, glad ¹to see / seeing you. How's your summer?

MAX Boring! I'm looking forward to ²go / going back to college. ³ To sit / Sitting in front of the computer all day is not my idea of a holiday.

HELEN Why don't you go somewhere ⁴to have / having a break? I think it's really important ⁵to get / getting away from everything once in a while.

MAX ** Travelling is a waste of time. I remember ** To visit / visiting Paris last spring. I tried ** to see / seeing the Mona Lisa in the Louvre, but there were so many people I couldn't even get in the room, which was just as well as I'd forgotten ** to take / taking my camera. Anyway, I'm not interested in ** walking / to walk around in crowds of tourists.**

HELEN Sorry ¹¹hearing / to hear that – but look, stop ¹²to be / being so negative. You obviously like art, that's why you were in the Louvre, so why not do something connected with that? I can see you ¹³doing / to do something creative.

MAX I've tried ¹⁴ painting / to paint and I wasn't too bad at it.

HELEN There you are, you may go on ¹⁵ being / to be in the Louvre yourself!

- h (Pisten and check.
- a o white the text with infinitive or ge
- **c** Complete the text with infinitive or gerund forms of the verbs in the box.

admire continue cut have listen melt pour protect stop think turn visit



Welcome to Niagara Falls! This is your personal audio guidebook. Remember 1 __to_turn__ the volume up quite high because it's pretty noisy here. You can hear the water 2 _____ down the Falls, millions of litres every minute. If you want 3 _____ the view, press the red button 4 _____ the guide, and then the blue button 5 _____ and go on 6 _____. It's amazing 7 _____ that the Falls have been here for 10,000 years. Basically, ice 8 _____ into the Niagara river made it powerful enough 9 ____ a huge piece out of the rock. More about this later. Back to today, millions of tourists come 10 _____ the Falls each year. 11 _____ so many visitors is great, but all the activity causes a lot of damage, so we are trying 12 _____ the Falls as much as possible. So ...

d 6.2 Listen and check.

2 VOCABULARY Travel and tourism

a Read the definitions. Reorder the letters to make travel and tourism adjectives.

emboeamrl <u>memorable</u> 1 not easily forgotten ebzarir _____ 2 odd and strange ipesvimers ____ 3 something you admire unsgntni _____ 4 extremely attractive euqinu ____ 5 the only one of its kind esbrup ____ 6 very high quality naisostinhg ____ 7 really surprising armbakeerl _____ 8 very noticeable

b Complete the text with the words in the box. There are two extra words you do not need.

constructions features lobby outskirts setting studio terminal terrace trails venue

1.77	. 1: 1:	arfact 1 Si	ettina
The Grovepark Ho	tei is iocated in a p	Jenett	2
on the ²	of Casterbrid	ge just half ai	n hour away
from the city centr	e and minutes fro	m the ³	
going up into the	Vessex hills. It's ar	n ideal confer	ence
4w	ith a number of $^5 \! \! -$		_delegates
will appreciate. W	hether you're outs	side relaxing	on the
6a	lmiring the views	over your cof	fee, or inside
in the ⁷	bar, you'll fee	l completely	at home.
In fact, why not be	ook a ⁸	apartmer	nt so that it
really is a home fr			

c 6.3 Listen and check.

3 PRONUNCIATION Consonant groups

a Look at the <u>underlined</u> syllables and decide if they contain 0, 1 or 2 consonant sounds. Tick (✓) the correct box.

		0	1	2
а	We had some su <u>perb</u> meals in an excellent local restaurant.		programme and the second	1
b	Most of the paintings come from private collections.		and the second sector	
С	My holiday in Rome was quite an <u>ex</u> perience.			
d	The <u>high</u> light of the trip was probably the music festival.			
е	Crete is the largest island in Greece.			
f	The train <u>ter</u> minal is a short walk from the airport.			

b 6.4 Listen and check.

About half the world's languages will disappear

1 GRAMMAR The passive

a Underline the correct words to complete the text.

Speak any language in 30 days! That's right, with our new computer course, any language can 1 be learnt / have been learnt effortlessly. This is made possible ² with / by an amazing piece of software which today ³has been used / is being used by thousands of people studying 25 different languages in the comfort of their own homes.

It's so simple. All the work 4 is done / is being done online and the course is complete. No expensive extras have ⁵ to be bought / been bought. But don't listen to us, listen to our customers:

'I ⁶ am promoted / was promoted back in January, but I needed to improve my English. This course ⁷ has been recommended / had been recommended to me by a colleague, so I bought it and the results were amazing! Now I ⁸ am considered / am being considered for an overseas post and I'm hoping my salary ⁹ will be increased / was increased.'

'l ¹⁰have been given / am given a completely new direction in life by this course. Now I can communicate with people all over the world. I'm so glad I ¹¹ was persuaded / am persuaded to sign up.' (Mabel Smith, 89) What are you waiting for? Send us an email and you ¹² are contacted / will be contacted by our customer care team in 24 hours.

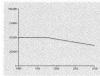
Goodbye! Adios! Poka! Ciao!

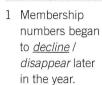


- b 6.5 Listen and check.
- **c** Complete the sentences with the correct passive form of the verbs in brackets.
 - 1 English <u>is spoken</u> (speak) all round the world nowadays.
 - 2 The ancient manuscript _____ (write) many years ago in an unknown dialect.
 - 3 Many foreign words _____ (add) to English over the centuries.
 - 4 And that was the last word to _____ (speak) in the language of Bo.
 - 5 All the smaller languages _____ (lose) one day, which is a great shame.
 - 6 There are free online courses, but _____
 - _____ (encourage) to take them? 7 A new online dictionary of medical terms _____
 - (made) for doctors at the moment. 8 The language _____ (not / hear) on the island for years before its revival began.
 - 9 The pronunciation of any language _____ (make) out of a fixed number of possible sounds.
 - 10 There is no doubt that grammar should ____ (teach) to children in schools today.

2 VOCABULARY Describing change

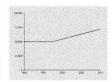
a Underline the correct words to complete the sentences.



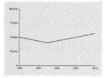




2 The dodo deteriorated / died out due to human interference.



3 As you can see, eventually viewing figures decreased / increased.



4 Happily, sales are 5 My relationship starting to decline / revive after a disappointing start.



with my boss began to deteriorate / preserve.



6 The ship died out / disappeared at sea and was not seen again.

- **b** Complete the conversation with the noun form of the words in brackets.
 - A Professor, why is it important to keep languages alive?
 - Because the ¹ <u>survival</u> (survive) of languages means the ²_____(preserve) of cultures, too.
 - Are there many languages being lost?
 - **B** You can see the ³_____ (disappear) of smaller languages all the time.
 - **A** Can you give any examples?
 - B Belorussian, the language in Belarus, hasn't died out, but it is in decline and future ⁴_____(generate) might not speak it at all.
 - **A** What about the opposite?
 - _____ (revive) in the Celtic **B** There has been a ⁵_ language of Cornish.
 - **A** But what causes language ⁶_____(lose)?
 - **B** Basically, ⁷_____ (compete) with bigger languages. The increase in English as a major international language is a massive factor. The effect goes beyond just language.
 - **A** What do you mean?
 - **B** Well, globalisation can also mean a ⁸_ (deteriorate) in local customs.
 - A That sounds depressingly true.
- C 6.6 Listen and check.

1 USEFUL LANGUAGE

Introducing requests; Showing you are grateful

a Complete the exchanges with the sentences in the box.

Do you mind if I ask you to get my coat?
Great! I don't know how to thank you.
Hi, Rosie. There's an idea I'd like to run past you.
I was wondering if you wouldn't mind helping me with something?
I hope you don't mind my asking, but are you around this weekend?
I'm really sorry to ask you this, but could you give me a

1	۸	I hope you don't mind my asking, but are you around
Τ	А	Thope you don't minor my detailing the
		this weekend?

- B Yes, I am. Do you need a favour?
- 2 **A** _____

lift home?

- B What's that?
- 2 A
- B No, not at all. What is it?
- 4 A _____
- **B** Oh, don't worry about it.
- **B** No problem, where is it?
- 6 A ______ B Sure, let's go.
- b 6.7 Listen and check.



c Complete the conversation. Write one word in each gap.

MARION	Good to see you, Derek! Do you mind
	1if I ask you something?
DEREK	No, ² at all. Go ³
	ahead.
MARION	I hope you don't mind my 4, but I
	was 5 if you wouldn't mind writing a
	few words for the club website? We're trying to get
	members' profiles on there.
DEREK	It sounds good and I'm happy to 6
	Just tell me what kind of thing you're looking at.
MARION	Super, I really ⁷ it.
DEDEK	It's no 8 at all.

d 6.8 Listen and check.

2 PRONUNCIATION Consonant sounds

- a D6.9 Listen and circle the correct consonant sound for the <u>underlined</u> letters.
 - 1 I'm not <u>sure</u> people watch as much televi<u>s</u>ion as they used to.

 sure /ð/ /s/ /ʒ/ (ʃ) /ʧ/

sure $|\eth\rangle$ /s/ /3/ (f) /tf/ television /s/ /3/ /f/ /tf/ /dʒ/

- 2 She's also the author of a collection of children's books. author θ / θ / / θ /
- 3 There are several causes of damage to our fragile environment.

 causes /ð/ /s/ /z/ /ʒ/ /ʤ/
 fragile /ʃ/ /ʒ/ /ʧ/ /ʤ/ /ʧ/
- 4 I never got to know her niece very well, though. niece /s/ /z/ / \int / / \int / / \int / / \int / / ∂ / / ∂ / / ∂ /
- 6 It's an adventure story which starts with the main character in prison. adventure /θ/ /z/ /3/ /tf/ /dʒ/ prison /s/ /z/ /∫/ /3/ /dʒ/
- 7 There was a lot of confusion and embarrassment when I put the question. confusion /s/ /z/ /ʃ/ /ʒ/ /ʤ/ embarrassment /s/ /z/ /ʃ/ /ʒ/ /ʤ/
- 9 A Thanks anyway for <u>checking</u>.
 B It's a pleasure.
 <u>checking</u> /s/ /z/ /3/ /tf/ /dʒ/
 pleasure /s/ /z/ /∫/ /3/ /dʒ/
- 10 Occa<u>s</u>ionally, I have a de<u>ss</u>ert after dinner as a treat.

 Occa<u>s</u>ionally /s/ /z/ /ʃ/ /ʒ/ /ʤ/

 de<u>ss</u>ert /s/ /z/ /ʃ/ /ʒ/ /ʤ/



Skills for Writing The scenery was fantastic



TI READING

- a Read the travel blog. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 The bus was cheaper than other kinds of transport.
 - 2 The journey to Vegas was not particularly interesting.
 - 3 It takes some time for Vegas to make an impression on you.
 - 4 The hotel wasn't one of the best in Vegas.
 - 5 The magic show made a big impression on the writer.
 - 6 Vegas is the last stage of their journey.

b	Read the blog again and find five adjectives w	hich
	mean very good or very surprising.	

1	<u>amazing</u>	2	 3	
4		5		

2 WRITING SKILLS

Using descriptive language

- a Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
 - 1 through / absolutely / the journey on / quiet trails / the dark forest was / unforgettable.

The journey on quiet trails through the dark forest was absolutely unforgettable.

- 2 unbelievable, with / the scenery was / deep snow / absolutely / high mountains in .
- 3 absolutely / you'll find it / easy to / get to / cheap and / mind-blowing, and it's.
- 4 original / wooden houses / old town is / fabulous, / the / absolutely / especially the .
- 5 this world / absolutely / recognisable because it's / the Taj Mahal / is instantly / out of.
- 6 in their / we spent / cosy cottage / awesome day with some / an absolutely / friendly villagers .

Nothing beats Las Vegas

I wrote 'the madness of Vegas' in my last entry, but that wasn't strong enough to describe what we found in this crazy town. We came from Lake Mead by bus, the most economical way of getting there. That was an experience in itself, as there were some amazing characters on board.

When you first come to Vegas, the sight of all those lights, massive hotels and leisure complexes is absolutely awe-inspiring. We were staying in guite an ordinary hotel by Vegas standards, but it was huge. I even got lost in the lobby!

There's so much to do in Vegas: the entertainment is absolutely fabulous. We went to an aquarium, a Star Trek museum and a magic show, which was just mind-blowing - I think I'm starting to believe in magic now after seeing all those unbelievable tricks they do.

That was Vegas and it was really the experience of a lifetime. Our next stop is going to be somewhere a lot quieter - that won't be difficult after Vegas.

3 WRITING

- a Write a travel blog about a place you've been to (different from the one you wrote in Exercise 4 on p.77 of the Student's Book). Use the notes to help you.
 - · where you went (what kind of place is it? how did you get there? where did you stay?)
 - · what you did (sightseeing, entertainment, meeting people, food)
 - · what you saw (interesting features)
 - · what it was like (the good and bad points, would you recommend it?

UNIT 6

Reading and listening extension

11 READING

- a Read the article and tick () the correct summary. 1 Although many people think language change is bad, it is in fact normal. 2 \quad Language change is generally negative and we should do our best to stop it. 3 We don't know why language change happens, but it is extremely common. ${f b}$ Read the article again and tick (\checkmark) the correct answers. 1 What does the writer say about language in small a Some people learn to speak better than other people. b There is a lot of variation, for many different reasons. 2 What point is the writer making when mentioning grandparents? in the same place.
- 3 Which of the following things do we learn when Jonathan Swift is mentioned?
 - English language.
 - b That, unlike in France and Italy, there was no national institution to protect the English language.
- 4 What positive aspect of language change does the writer mention?
 - It allows speakers to adapt to changing situations.
 - It helps make positive changes in society.
- 5 What does the writer suggest in the final sentence?
 - a Some people will always dislike how English changes.
 - b Language change in English will make speakers of English more creative.
- C Write a paragraph about some ways your language, or a language you know well, varies. Remember to include:
 - how differently young and old people speak the language
 - how differently people from different places speak the
 - whether you like the differences, or find any of them annoying.

WHY DOES LANGUAGE CHANGE?

All languages change over time, and each language varies from place to place. A language may change as a result of social or political pressures. New vocabulary is often required for the latest inventions or ideas. But a language can also change for less obvious reasons.

Influences from other people

their grandparents.

Language changes whenever speakers come into contact with each other. No two individuals speak the same way: people from different places clearly speak differently, but even within the same small community, people speak differently depending on their age, gender, origin, and social and educational background. When we interact with these different speakers, in different situations, we hear new words, expressions and pronunciations, and can make them a part of our own speech. Even if your family has lived in the same area for generations, you can probably identify a number of differences between the language you use and the way your grandparents speak or spoke. Every generation contributes to language change and when enough time has passed, the impact of these changes becomes more obvious.

Attitudes to language change

Jonathan Swift, the 18th-century Irish author, once wrote that we should find a way to stop our language changing. Even today, it is common to find this idea - some people think that language should be frozen in time, and protected from fashions and social trends.

Language change is often thought as a negative thing. During the 18th century, Swift and many other people felt the English language was in serious decline and that a national institution like those that existed in France and Italy - should be created to establish rules and preserve the language. Even today, we hear people complaining about a lack of 'standards' in spoken and written English. New words and expressions, or pronunciations and changes in grammar, are criticised, and are often considered bad.

Change can be a good thing

Most linguists believe that change in language, like any change in society, is unavoidable. Change is a way of keeping a language alive and useful, and gives speakers different ways of saying things with extremely small differences of meaning and ways of expressing entirely new ideas. The academies established in France and Italy have had little success in decreasing the amount of change in French or Italian, and the gradual change in opinion of Dr Johnson - a famous dictionary writer who lived at the same time as Swift - shows how ideas have developed about pronunciation of English and keep it pure. But when he completed the dictionary ten years later, he admitted in his

language change. In 1747, Johnson wrote about his desire to write a dictionary that would fix the introduction that fixing a language was impossible. Like it or not, language is always changing and English will go on doing so in many creative and - to some people annoying ways.





a Disten to the podcast and tick () the topics that the people mention.

	Mike	Samantha	Louise
sports			
music			
food			

b Listen again and tick (✓) the correct answ
--

1	Which reason does the presenter not give for why people
	go on 'staycations'?
	a to save money
	b to find things near where you live
	c 📝 to have a chance to do work around the house
2	What does Mike say about what made the staycation

specia	al?					
аП	the visits	to the	exhibition	and	the	coast

а	\Box	the visits to the exhibition and the coast
b		the small changes to how he spent his day

С	the	fact	he	wasn't	staying	in a	hotel

3	What	do	we	learn	about	Mike	and	his wife?	

a	They don't normally eat breakfast together.
h	They always like to have a cooked breakfas

	,	,			
С	Thev	don't	have	а	TV.

4 Which of the following statements is true about Samantha's staycation?

а	She didn't do everything she had	d originally plan	ined
	to do.		

b		She	did	more	activity	than	she	planned
---	--	-----	-----	------	----------	------	-----	---------

c She repeated some of the activities on different days.

5 What does Samantha say about the food she ate?

а 🗌	She	never	ate:	a take	away.

- b She ate takeaways several times.
- c She only ate a takeaway once.

6 What do we learn about Louise's children during their

Sla	ayca	LIOTI!
а		They didn't think the staycation was different from
		normal holidays.

- b They were unable to follow a rule Louise had made.
- c They did sport every day.
- 7 Which of the guests would recommend a staycation to the listeners?
 - a Mike and Samantha
 - b Mike and Louise
 - c all three guests
- C Write a blog post giving advice on having a 'staycation' in your country or home town. Remember to include:
 - · a short definition of a 'staycation'
 - some suggestions of places to visit
 - some suggestions of activities to do
 - ideas for people who don't have a lot of money.

Review and extension

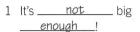
II GRAMMAR
Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.
 I recommend to visit Grugapark as soon as you can. I recommend visiting Grugapark as soon as you can. Criminals should stop thinking about the consequences of their actions. We're trying saving money for a new car. Getting up at 6:00 in the morning is not my idea of fun. The topic has been discussed on the show last night. A new ticketing system is being introduced.
2 VOCABULARY
Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.
Sally's score in the test was really impressing. Sally's score in the test was really impressive. The film finishes with a dramatical last scene. The scenery is quite stunning, especially on a clear day. There has been a 10% increase of profits. There has been a revivation of interest in photography. People hardly notice the disappearing of languages.
3 WORDPOWER out
Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There are two extra words you do not need.
burn chill fall get go pass stand work
 It was such a shock that for a moment I thought I was going to out on the floor. Can anybody out the answer to number six? We used to out about really stupid things like whose turn it was to feed the cat. None of these new songs really seem to out. You're going to out if you don't take a break soon. I like to out by lying on the sofa and listening to country music.
REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS Look again at Review your progress on p.78 of the Student's Book. How well can you do these things now? 3 = very well 2 = well 1 = not so well I CAN
discuss choices
discuss changes introduce requests and say I am grateful
The state of the s

There's very little traffic

1 GRAMMAR too/enough; so/such

a Complete the sentences with *too much*, *too many*, *enough*, *not enough*, *so* or *such*.







2 This was _____ a good idea.



3 Have you been watching _____



4 Flights are _____ cheap now that I have six holidays a year.



5 I don't have vowels.



6 Paula made _

____ mistake

b Complete the text with *too much*, *too many*, *enough*, *not enough*, *so* or *such*.

Sleep debt means you don't have 1 <u>enough</u> sleep. The causes are obvious -2 work and 3 rest basically – but what are the symptoms? Well, do you ever feel ⁴_____tired in the middle of the day that you can't keep your eyes open? Do you ever get ⁵_____ bad headaches that you have to lie down for a while? Does this sound like you? If so, you need to do something about it. Actually, you don't need much sleep to recover from the day, but you should make sure you get 6_____ rest – at least seven hours each day. In fact, ⁷_____sleep, more than nine hours, can be as bad as 8_____sleep, six hours or less. It is a good idea to have an afternoon sleep, a siesta, especially if you can't get 9_ hours during the night. Some people say they feel 10_ refreshed after a siesta that they can do twice as much. By the way, don't try not to sleep at all – people have died after __ days without sleep. Take my advice and go to bed straight away!

c Listen and check.

2 VOCABULARY Describing life in cities

a Match 1–8 with a–h to make sentences and questions.

1 h There is good public

Plans for a new motorway have upset local

3 I'm not sure that the quality of

4 But should urban

A familiar problem is traffic

6 You can experience air

7 Most of the facilities are in residential

8 Get there early because parking

a areas outside the centre.

b congestion at peak times.

c development come at the cost of the environment?

d life has changed much with technology.

e pollution even in smaller towns.

f residents and they plan a protest.

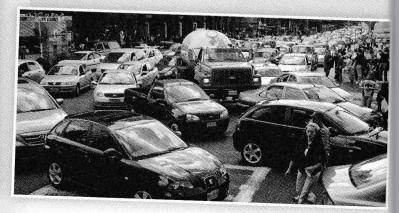
g spaces are few and hard to find.

h transport, including a tram system.

b Complete the text with the expressions in the box.

air pollution local residents parking space public transport quality of life residential areas traffic congestion urban development

There is a lot of criticism of big cities and in many ways they are soft targets. When you're driving through a major city, the $^1\underline{traffic\ congestion}$ gives you a lot of time to think, as does the time spent looking for a 2 ______, and you should consider the option of living in a village. There you would really need your car because 3 _____ is almost non-existent outside major 4 ___ and nearly everything, such as the kids' schools or the supermarket, would be a drive away. Let's hope you get on well with the 5 _____ because you'll be seeing a lot of them, the same faces in the same places. Of course, with all that fresh air, the 6 _____ must be better, but at the same time you'll miss all the sights and sounds of the big city. It makes you think, doesn't it? So roll down your window, breathe in that 7 _____ and be grateful for 8



C 17.2 Listen and check.

1 GRAMMAR Causative have/get

a Tick (✓) the correct sentences to match the pictures.



1		 She sent a message
	D	She had her message sent.



He tied his hands. He had his hands



She stole a car. b She got her car stolen.



- 4 a The crocodile took a tooth out.
 - b The crocodile had a tooth taken out.



- The nurse took some blood.
 - b The nurse had some blood taken.



- 6 a The boy ate a hotdog.
 - b The boy had his hotdog eaten.

${f b}$ Rewrite the sentences using the correct forms of *have* or get.

- 1 Somebody broke into our house. (get) Our house got broken into.
- 2 A photographer is taking my picture. (have)
- 3 They check patients' temperature twice a day. (get)
- 4 A man will fix my watch. (have)
- 5 Chocolate covered the boy's face. (get)
- 6 The hairdresser was cutting my hair. (get)
- 7 My wife's jewellery has been stolen. (have)
- 8 The workers had painted our fence red. (have)
- The branches tore her jacket. (get)
- 10 I'm renewing my passport. (have)

2 VOCABULARY Film and TV

a Complete the text with the words in the box.

broadcast captured cast editor episode released script series shot soundtrack

Upton Abbey, the best dr	ama ¹ serie:	British TV has to
offer, returns to your scree	ens on Monday	evening with the very
first ² of se	ason five. For th	ose of you who don't
know the background to	Upton Abbey, n	nost of the episodes
are ³ in the	UK, at the origi	nal Upton Abbey, and
all of that unique atmosph	nere of 1920s Eng	gland is
4on scree	n with a ⁵	of household
names and a ⁶	written by t	he famous author,
Benjamin Stokes. Howeve	er, there is a real	international audienc
for Upton Abbey these d	ays, as it is $^{\prime}$	in so man
countries and the first sea		
Mongolia recently. Some		
because		rences were difficult to
understand. So on Monda		
comes c		ou're in front of the TV
to watch the best drama v	ve have to offer	:

3 VOCABULARY Houses

6 a room or area under the roof

a Reorder the letters to make words.

1	a barrier between two areas of	ofland enefo	
2	a house with one floor	ngloubaw	
3	not joined to another house	chdtedae	
4	a flat area outside a house	etacerr	
5	a floor below ground level	neasmbet	

tacti _____

4 PRONUNCIATION Sound and spelling: o

a **17.4** Listen to the story and read the audioscript on p.74. How is the underlined letter o pronounced in each word in the box? Complete the table.

sec<u>o</u>nd l<u>o</u>ve t<u>oo</u> rep<u>o</u>rts gh<u>o</u>st m<u>o</u>st T<u>o</u>wer London poor shouted so soldier through out

Sound 1 /ɔ:// (e.g. four)	Sound 2 /u:/ (e.g. food)
Sound 3 /ə/ (e.g. forget)	Sound 4 / A/ (e.g. some)
Sound 5 / au / (e.g. <i>now</i>)	Sound 6 / au/ (e.g. <i>road</i>)

1 USEFUL LANGUAGE

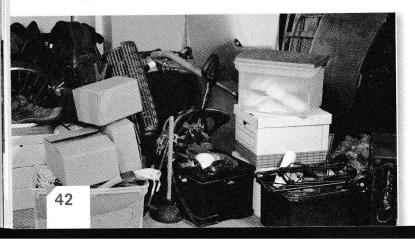
Imagining how things could be

- a Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
 - 1 plates / could / and / have / we / things here . We could have plates and things here.
 - 2 for / could / kids to / the / play / a place / be / this.
 - 3 table / this / great / a / bedside / make / would.
 - 4 can / barbecue / I / imagine / a / having / here.
 - 5 there / shelves / books / be / some / for / could.
 - 6 I / enough / can't / big / imagine / being / room / this.
 - 7 have / done / we / professional / could / it / a / by .
 - 8 next / would / in / room / have to / that lamp / go / the .

2 CONVERSATION SKILLS

Using vague language

- **a** Put the words in brackets in the correct place in each sentence.
 - 1 This could be a playroom for the twins. (kind of)
 This could be a kind of playroom for the twins.
 - 2 We could put our shoes in this box. (and things)
 - 3 I can imagine this as a computer table. (or something)
 - 4 This is where all the toys, games go. (and things like that)
 - 5 I guess it could be a notice board. (sort of)
 - 6 The small room would make a spare bedroom. (or something like that)
 - 7 There's lots of junk here, old newspapers, broken toys. (and so on)
 - 8 Put a book under the table so it doesn't fall over. (or something)





3 PRONUNCIATION

Stress in compound nouns

- a Listen to the sentences. <u>Underline</u> the stressed words in the compound nouns in **bold**.
 - 1 Local residents are getting worried about the crime rate.
 - 2 There's a new **shopping centre** just out of town.
 - 3 There's a huge black economy to add to the official statistics.
 - 4 Everyone should know the threat of **global warming** by now.
 - 5 The **police force** are working closely with the local
 - 6 We put a solar panel on the roof to cut energy costs.
 - 7 Disneyland is probably the best-known theme park.
 - 8 You can never find a parking space when you need one.
 - 9 Pour it down the **kitchen sink** if you don't want it.
 - 10 More could be done to help the **Third World** and build a better educational system.

1 READING

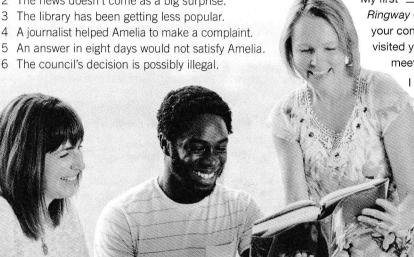
a Complete Amelia's email of complaint with the words in the box.

concern least prompt reaction regarding request residents step

b Read the email again. Are the sentences true

1 Amelia found out about this through local residents. 2 The news doesn't come as a big surprise. 3 The library has been getting less popular. 4 A journalist helped Amelia to make a complaint.

6 The council's decision is possibly illegal.



To: Ringway Council Subject: Closure of Ringway Library

Door	Cir/Madam
Dear	Sir/Madam.

I am writing 1 regarding the council's decision to close Ringway Library, as announced in the Ringway Guardian on Monday.

Among those of us who use the library on a regular basis, there is a great deal of 2_ _____ about the impact this will have on local who need library services. The decision comes as a shock to us, particularly as statistics show that the number of people using the library rose by 20% this year.

> My first 4_ was to contact the journalist on the Ringway Guardian who wrote the piece and he gave me your contact details. I have tried to telephone and I even visited your offices in person, but no one was available to meet me

> > I believe that it is unreasonable and unfair to close the only library in the area. My 5_

is that at the very 6___ _ you hold a meeting to debate the issue.

If I do not hear from you within a week, my next _ will be to take legal advice. I am not convinced that this decision is in line with local government guidelines.

I look forward to a 8_____ reply.

Yours faithfully,

Amelia Shaw

2 WRITING SKILLS

Using formal language

a Are the expressions formal or informal? Tick (✓) the correct box.

		Formal	Informal
1	Many thanks for your prompt response.	1	
2	I reckon		
3	I believe		
4	The thing that really makes me angry		the first of a contract and a contract and contract of a contract and a contract of a
5	How about sending me a replacement?		
6	I would appreciate a replacement.		
7	Great to hear from you.		
8	Yours sincerely,		
9	What worries us most of all		
10	Get back to me in a few days or		
11	I am writing regarding		
12	Regards,		
13	If you do not respond within three days \dots		
14	This is about		

3 WRITING

a You have just found out that your local council plan to turn a children's playground near your house into a car parking area because of a lack of parking spaces. Write a formal email to complain. Use the paragraph structure and the notes to help you.

Paragraph 1: explain your reason for writing and give details (e.g. how you found out about this)

Paragraph 2: indicate why you are concerned or annoyed (e.g. children have few safe places to play)

Paragraph 3: describe what action you have taken (e.g. had a meeting with neighbours who have

Paragraph 4: explain what action you want the council to take

Paragraph 5: say what action you will take if there's no response

UNIT 7

Reading and listening extension

11 READING

а	Read the article about DIY (Do It Yourself) – the activity of building, decorating or doing repairs yourself in your own home. Match people 1–4 with activities a–d.
	1 Matt 3 Sarah 2 Steve 4 Martin
	a doing someone a favour b doing something he/she thought would be easy c fixing a problem that had existed for a long time d trying to make something tidier
b	Read the article again and tick (✓) the correct answers. 1 What do we learn from the first paragraph about the people who responded to the survey? a ☐ Five of them had damaged their home while doing DIY. b ✓ Most of them had failed to complete at least one DIX
	task. c Half of them plan to do one DIY job in the near future Why does Matt think he was lucky? a because he could have caused more damage to his house than he actually did b because he could have hurt himself more seriously
	than he actually did c because he was still able to finish his DIY work What do we learn about Steve's friend? a She had to pay for two separate things as a result of Steve's accident. b She was partly to blame for Steve's accident. c She was very angry with Steve because she felt he had been stupid.
	4 What was the original cause of Sarah's accident? a ☐ having to move a pile of books that was far away b ☐ resting her foot in an inappropriate place c ☐ hitting part of her body against something
	 5 Which of the following is not true about Sarah? a She eventually finished the DIY task. b She had to pay for the damage to be repaired. c She had a lot of cleaning work to do after the accider
	6 What does Martin suggest about the mistake that caused the accident?

c Write a paragraph about a time you, or somebody you know, had a problem while trying to fix something. Remember to include:

He probably wouldn't have made the same mistake

He was lucky the mistake didn't lead to a more

the task you or the person was trying to do

It was caused by his laziness.

serious problem than it did.

during the daytime.

- whether you or the person expected it to be difficult or easy, and why
- the problem that occurred, and the consequences of it.



Spring is nearly here and many people will turn their attention to DIY. But a recent survey has found that over 50% of people in the UK admit that they have at least one unfinished job to do in their home, while one in five people say they have caused damage to their home while trying to 'do it themselves'. Here's a selection of our readers' own DIY nightmares.

Matt I was doing quite a simple task – just putting up some shelves in the basement of my house. I was standing on a wooden table, putting a screw into the wall and suddenly I heard a bang and the screwdriver just flew out of my hands. Then, I noticed that all the lights had gone out. I realised there was an electric cable in the wall where I was putting the screw in. I think I was lucky – I could have been badly hurt. But it wasn't all good luck – I had to have some repairs done by a proper electrician and it wasn't cheap.

Steve Once, a friend of mine asked if I could help her to paint some rooms in her house. I was painting one wall, standing at the top of a ladder. For some reason, at one point, I forgot I was on a ladder and I stepped to the side. Where I put my foot there was just air, and of course I lost my balance and fell off the ladder. Unfortunately, as I did this, I knocked the ladder over and spilt the paint all over the carpet. My friend was more worried about me than annoyed about my stupidity, but in the end she had to buy a new carpet ... and she called in professionals to do the painting!

Sarah I live in an old cottage. There's a big attic and it was a real mess – full of piles of old books, bags of clothes, everything. So I decided I would clear it all out and put in some proper cupboards and drawers to keep everything in order. I didn't get very far – after just a few minutes, I banged my head on the roof while I was trying to move a pile of old books. This made me jump back and I put my right foot through the ceiling below. To try and get my balance, I stepped forwards and my whole left leg went through the ceiling. It took days to clean up the mess in the rooms below, and I had to get the two huge holes fixed by a professional. In the end, I decided to leave the attic messy!

Martin I had a tap that I couldn't turn off completely – there was always a bit of water coming out. I kept leaving it because I was too lazy, but one night I couldn't sleep as the sound of the tap was really annoying me. So I decided to try and fix it – in the middle of the night. I tried to turn off the water supply before doing anything, but it was dark, I was half asleep and I ended up turning off the gas by mistake, instead of the water. So when I unscrewed the tap, water started spraying everywhere. I shouted so much I woke up everyone else in the house, and also the neighbours either side of us. It took a long time to clean up all the water and we were all exhausted the next day!

Review and extension

2 LISTENING

- **a** Listen to a conversation between two friends, Sam and Julie. <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Sam lives in the city centre I outside the city centre.
 - 2 Julie lives in the city centre / outside the city centre.
 - 3 Sam and Julie are *completely | generally | not at all* satisfied with where they live.
- **b** Listen again. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 Julie wanted to use public transport to meet Sam, but it wasn't practical.
 - 2 Sam is able to travel to the city centre from his home without difficulty.
 - 3 Julie and Sam do not agree about how good the entertainment opportunities in the centre are.
 - 4 Sam and Julie do not agree about the level of pollution where Julie lives.
 - 5 Sam doesn't go to the parks in the centre because they're too far from his flat.
 - 6 Julie is considering moving back to the city centre again.
 - 7 Julie and Sam agree that for people living in the city centre, life is faster than for people who travel in every day.
 - 8 Julie and Sam agree that they are both lucky to live where they live.
- **C** Write a conversation between two people discussing the quality of life in your town. Use these questions to help you:
 - How much traffic congestion is there?
 - Is the public transport good? What about the parking?
 - Is there much air pollution? Are there many green spaces?
 - What are the entertainment opportunities?



1 GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences. 1 It was such small flat that we had to move out It was such a small flat that we had to move out. Don't expect too much from them. I think it's already quite enough expensive. Too many people got involved in the school play. I recommend visiting the museum if there's time enough. We were surprised that the kids so much enjoyed it. It's a such dangerous journey just to get there. 8 Introduced myself and we had a picture took together. 2 VOCABULARY Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences. 1 There are not enough parkings for the office staff. There are not enough parking places for the office staff. The standard of life is lower because of all the pollution. People will always prefer cars to publique transport. No one bothered to ask local residents how they feel. They shooted the film on location in Thailand. The next chapter in the series will be shown on Tuesday. 3 WORDPOWER down Complete the sentences with a verb. 1 I was so angry, it took me a few minutes to <u>calm</u> 2 It's time for John to find someone nice and _____ down to start a family. 3 People will think you are arrogant if you ___ down on everyone like that. 4 Stop playing computer games and _____ down to some work! 5 She was offered a scholarship, but decided to _ it down. 6 All this constant complaining is starting to _ me down

REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS

Look again at Review your progress on p.90 of the Student's Book. How well can you do these things now?

3 = very well 2 = well 1

1 = not so well

955	a B	r. 99	- 1	
gg	G:65	и.		
g_{22}	875			

discuss living in cities

discuss changes to a home
imagine how things would be
write an email to complain.

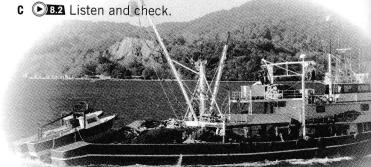
11 GRAMMAR

First and second conditionals

1 1	riater 1–10 with a–j to make conditional sentences.
1	f If I stop eating out,
2	
3	
4	and the second s
5	
6	
7	☐ If I feel generous,
8	☐ If I were you,
9	If I worked for myself,
10	If we spend more on advertising,
а	
	I could have more responsibility.
b	I'd become a full-time writer.
С	I'd think about what I was doing.
d	I'd take out a bigger loan.
е	I'll return the €20 I owe him.
f	I'll save a lot of money.
g	I might give some money to charity.
h	I won't buy the flat.
i	I'd be surprised.
j	profits can increase.
	8.1 Listen and check.
C	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the
C	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris
Cover 1	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris (be) nice again tomorrow,ilgo (go) for a walk.
Ce	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris (be) nice again tomorrow, Iilgo (go) for a walk. If money (grow) on trees, inflation
Cover 1	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris (be) nice again tomorrow,ilgo (go) for a walk.
Cover 1	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris (be) nice again tomorrow, I'il go (go) for a walk. If money (grow) on trees, inflation (be) quite high.
Cover 1 2	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris (be) nice again tomorrow, Iilgo (go) for a walk. If money (grow) on trees, inflation
Cover 1 2 3	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris
Cover 1 2 3	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris
Cover 1 2 3 4	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris (be) nice again tomorrow, Iilgo (go) for a walk. If money (grow) on trees, inflation (be) quite high. I (make) the tea if you (do) the toast. I (go) to Ancient Greece if I (can travel) back in time.
Cover 1 2 3 4	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weather is (be) nice again tomorrow, I 'll go (go) for a walk. If money (grow) on trees, inflation (be) quite high. I (make) the tea if you (do) the toast. I (go) to Ancient Greece if I (can travel) back in time. If I (be) you, I (tell) the
Cover 1 2 3 4 5	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris (be) nice again tomorrow, Iilgo (go) for a walk. If money (grow) on trees, inflation (be) quite high. I (make) the tea if you (do) the toast. I (go) to Ancient Greece if I (can travel) back in time. If I (be) you, I (tell) the truth.
Cover 1 2 3 4 5	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris
Cover 1 2 3 4 5 6	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris
Cover 1 2 3 4 5	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weather is (be) nice again tomorrow, I 'll go (go) for a walk. If money (grow) on trees, inflation (be) quite high. I (make) the tea if you (do) the toast. I (go) to Ancient Greece if I (can travel) back in time. If I (be) you, I (tell) the truth. If I (can't find) my blue tie, I (wear) the red one instead. So (take) a taxi if you (be)
Cover 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris (be) nice again tomorrow, Iilgo (go) for a walk. If money (grow) on trees, inflation (be) quite high. I (make) the tea if you (do) the toast. I (go) to Ancient Greece if I (can travel) back in time. If I (be) you, I (tell) the truth. If I (can't find) my blue tie, I (wear) the red one instead. So (take) a taxi if you (be) in a hurry.
Cover 1 2 3 4 5 6	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris
Cover 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris (be) nice again tomorrow, Iilgo (go) for a walk. If money (grow) on trees, inflation (be) quite high. I (make) the tea if you (do) the toast. I (go) to Ancient Greece if I (can travel) back in time. If I (be) you, I (tell) the truth. If I (can't find) my blue tie, I (wear) the red one instead. So (take) a taxi if you (be) in a hurry. If today (be) Saturday, I (stay) in bed for a couple more hours.
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Cover 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	omplete the sentences with the correct form of the erbs in brackets. Use contractions where possible. If the weatheris (be) nice again tomorrow, Iilgo (go) for a walk. If money (grow) on trees, inflation (be) quite high. I (make) the tea if you (do) the toast. I (go) to Ancient Greece if I (can travel) back in time. If I (be) you, I (tell) the truth. If I (can't find) my blue tie, I (wear) the red one instead. So (take) a taxi if you (be) in a hurry. If today (be) Saturday, I (stay) in bed for a couple more hours. I (become) a doctor if I

2 VOCABULARY Money and finance

a		omplete the sentences with the missing words. The rst letters are given for you.
	1	It's a good idea to put aside some s for the
		future.
	2	We will d your account with the annual cost
		of the credit card.
	3	We planned 1,500 euros for renovation in our
	4	b, but in the end it cost much more than that.
	4	She's very wealthy, but she donates a lot to
	E	c and other good causes.
	5	Government borrowing has led to the massive national d
	6	The research council agreed to a a grant
	0	for the project.
	7	Buying your own house is a good i while
		property prices are low.
	8	After Hurricane Harry, generous d are
		coming in from all over the world.
	9	George's annual i is now 70,000 euros with
		his new pay rise – but that's before tax.
	— а	side budget debit debt donations finance grant income investment living pay rate
for ha sar lov	ra ve vin w h	Roberts made a ¹ living as a fisherman working big fishing company. However, John always wanted to his own boat and business so he put ² was gs for years and when the interest ³ was e went to a bank. The bank checked the ⁴
wł	nicl	n John had prepared showing sales vs. costs and then
ag	ree	d to ⁵ the project. This meant John now
ha	d a	very large ⁶ , but he considered the boat ound ⁷ Unfortunately, business became
as	a s	ound ' Unfortunately, business became
mo	ore	difficult because of over-fishing and environmental
aa bo	ma	ge. John's ⁸ dropped lower and lower and as struggling just to ⁹ off the interest on
hic	wa ole	an. Before long the bank was starting to ¹⁰
		count with penalties for missed payments. John was
		erate and he wrote about his situation on a website
		art-up companies. This worked. The local council
im	me	ediately awarded John a 11 and



 12 came in from people in the area. Thanks to

this, John's business survived.

I would have opened it

11 GRAMMAR Third conditional: should have + past participle

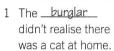
- a Put the words in the correct order to make sentences.
 - 1 had / would / if that / have / phoned the police / happened / to me, I. If that had happened to me, I would have phoned the police.
 - 2 had / realised if / her bag / someone / she would / have / taken .
 - 3 been alright / if / have / got there / quicker, everything / might / I could / have .
 - 4 if / find / the safe / they'd been / would / have / cleverer, they / tried to .
 - 5 Jack / hadn't / them / wouldn't / know / I / her if / introduced.
 - 6 changed / if / ages ago / I / you, I / have / the locks / were / would .
 - 7 she / her neighbour / hadn't / have / been / for hours if / could / called round / lying there.
 - 8 you / in / shouldn't / bag / have / your valuables / one / put all .
 - 9 to prison / the judge / for / a lot longer / should / him / have / sent.
 - 10 you / what / was / watching / should / been / have / happening.
- **b** Underline the correct words to complete the sentences and questions.
 - 1 Things would have been even worse if I haven't listened / hadn't listened to you.
 - 2 If she had contacted me, I would have I would have been helped her.
 - 3 What would / should you have done if they hadn't arrived?
 - 4 I would have become the manager if I have been / had been working there as long as you.
 - 5 If the train hadn't been late, I can get / might have got there on time.
 - 6 Would you pay / Had you paid €100 if you could see the questions before the exam?
 - 7 If you hadn't dropped your laptop, it would still work I have worked.
 - 8 You would / should have helped if you wanted us to clean up the kitchen quickly.
 - 9 I'm sorry, I shouldn't / wouldn't have been so rude.
 - 10 I don't understand why Debbie said that. Would / Should you have reacted in the same way?

2 VOCABULARY Crime

a Look at the pictures. Complete the sentences with the words in the box. There are two extra words you do not need.

bribery burglar judge jury kidnapper robber shoplifting suspect







4 The. brought back the baby when it started crying.



2 The police caught 3 It was Lisa's first still in the bank.



The didn't find the court case very interesting.



experience of



6 Does this count as a present or

b Underline the correct words to complete the text.

One night I came home very late and I couldn't find my keys. so I had to break 1 into / through my own house! I was climbing through a window when a woman on the street shouted, 'Police! There's a ²burglary / murder!' I got down and explained that it was my house and I wasn't a 3cheat / burglar, but she called me a ⁴liar / judge. She said that she was a ⁵robber / witness and that she would give ⁶evidence / verdict when I was accused ⁷in / of breaking and entering. She would happily come to the ⁸trial / case at ⁹prison / court to testify against me. She was really excited now and went on that the ¹⁰judge / jury would find me ¹¹guilty / innocent and the ¹²judge / jury would give me a very long prison ¹³sentence / arrest. I'd have to go to a horrible prison where the prisoners ¹⁴murder / lie one another and ¹⁵steal / burgle their cell mates' food just to survive. She was out of breath now and just about to start again when suddenly my house keys fell out of my back pocket. I wished her goodnight and went inside the house.

C B.3 Listen and check.

3 PRONUNCIATION

Stressed and unstressed words

- a D8.4 Listen and underline the stressed words in each sentence.
 - 1 It should have been sent on Tuesday.
 - 2 If I had seen her, I would have shouted.
 - 3 If you had told me, it could have been different.
 - 4 We'd never have known if she had stayed at home.
 - 5 They shouldn't have thrown it away.
 - 6 She shouldn't have taken my purse.

Everyday English You'll find somewhere

USEFUL LANGUAGE

Being encouraging

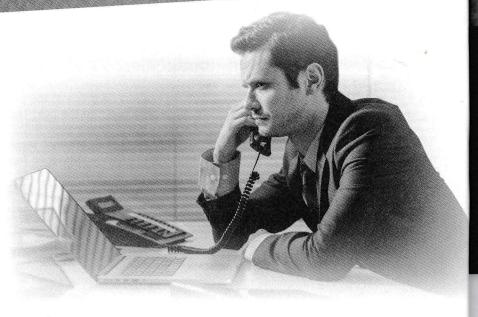
- **a** Tick (\checkmark) the most encouraging response.
 - 1 We'll never be able to afford it.
 - a You're probably right.
 - b on't give up hope.
 - c That's a fair point.
 - 2 I'll never see her again.
 - a l'm sure you will.
 - b That's very possible.
 - c Not in a million years!
 - 3 It started to go wrong right from the start.
 - a That's life.
 - b What did you expect?
 - c It might work out fine.
 - 4 That's another opportunity lost.
 - a There'll be plenty more, don't worry.
 - b I'd start worrying if I were you.
 - c I agree with you there and I'd be really worried.
 - 5 I'm really worried about this interview.
 - a l'm sure it'll be fine.
 - There's not time for that.
 - c How can you be so sure?
 - 6 There's not much chance of it working.
 - a There would have been if it weren't for you.
 - b You never know. We might pull it off.
 - c No thanks to you. We won't try it again.
- b **8.5** Listen and check.

2 CONVERSATION SKILLS Showing you have things in common

a <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete one side of a telephone conversation.

Really sorry to hear about your car. The \(^1same\) similar / like thing happened to me a couple of years ago. My car was stolen right outside my house, and believe it or not I've just had a \(^2same\) similar / like experience: I had my purse stolen from my bag when I was in the queue in the supermarket. ... You don't surprise me. It was just \(^3as\) / like that when I called the insurance company, they kept me waiting for ages, so I know the \(^4experience\) / feeling. It was the same \(^5with\) / to / by me. What can you do? ... True, that's just like \(^6that\) / as / when Sarah's flat was burgled. I don't know what things are coming to.

b B.6 Listen and check.



3 PRONUNCIATION Word groups

- a Listen to the sentences from a telephone conversation. Mark one pause (//) in the correct place in each sentence.
 - 1 Hello, // this is John Peters.
 - 2 It's Simon again from NatEast Bank.
 - 3 It's 973 412.
 - 4 No, but thanks anyway.
 - 5 Do you want to pay by cash or by credit card?
 - 6 That's fine, no worries.
 - 7 I'm sorry, but I didn't get that.
 - 8 All the best and speak to you soon.
 - 9 Goodbye, thanks for calling.



Skills for Writing I really recommend it

If you love classic cinema, you can't do better than the original 1933 *King Kong* film, one of the most famous adventure movies ever made. One of the things I love about it is that you can watch it again and again and still feel the same drama and excitement.

The story is a clever variation on the 'beauty and the beast' theme, with the beast being a huge ape which is captured on an exotic island and transported to America. The 'beauty' in the film is the woman used to trick the ape. The drama really begins when the ape escapes in America and goes to look for the woman ...

What makes this a brilliant film, both now and then, is the story, – it keeps you guessing all the way through, going from the jungle to skyscrapers. The acting is also excellent and you even start feeling sorry for the ape!

King Kong is a hugely entertaining film for viewers of all ages and I highly recommend it if you want to escape for a couple of hours. It might be an old film, but it is much more powerful than the remakes and it is a real classic.

1 READING

- **a** Read the review and tick (✓) the questions which the review answers.
 - 1 What kind of film is it?
 - Did it win any awards?
 - B Is it based on a book?
 - 4 Where does the action happen?
 - 5 What happens in the end?
 - 6 Is it suitable for teenagers?
 - 7 Have there been more recent versions of the film?
 - Does the reviewer recommend it?

b Read the article again. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 The reviewer has just seen King Kong for the first time.
- 2 The reviewer describes an early inspiration for the film.
- 3 According to the review, the most exciting part of the film takes place on the exotic island.
- 4 The plot of the film is completely predictable.
- 5 According to the reviewer, the film has an emotional impact on the viewer.
- 6 King Kong is ideal to watch with the whole family.

2 WRITING SKILLS Organising a review

a Read the sentences and decide if they are suitable for a review of a film or book. Tick (✓) the correct box.

3 WRITING

a Write a review of a film you enjoyed (or hated). You could get information from the Internet and, even better, watch the film again in English. Use the paragraph structure and the notes to help you.

Paragraph 1: introduce the film and explain why you have chosen it.

Paragraph 2: outline the plot and introduce the main characters.

Paragraph 3: outline the key strengths of the film.

Paragraph 4: summarise the review and give your final opinion.

	Suitable	Not suitable
1 This is really a children's book, but I am sure that many adults would enjoy it too.	1	
2 It's better to download the film so you can watch it in the comfort of your own home.		
3 The lead actor, Joshua Samson, was born in a small Australian town, but moved to Hollywood.		
4 There are lots of cookery programmes on TV, but this is easily the best.		
5 Believe it or not, the film was so frightening that I couldn't sleep after I watched it.		
6 I bought this book on a fantastic holiday I had in Greece two summers ago.	embellig to temperate and temperate and the state of the	
7 There is a lot of difficult vocabulary and this makes it hard to read.		
8 To find out what happens at the end, you'll have to watch it yourself!	ell per fig. del ambien aman amanamannan aman ar aman aman ana ar aman an aman an an aman an an an aman an an a	

UNIT 8

Reading and listening extension

TI READING

a Read the article about four computer programs that can be used to help you manage your money and tick (✓) the correct box.

	MoneyHealth	MoneyWorker	MoneyGarden	CheckMyMoney
Totally free				
Works when not online	en der sett sett sett sett sett sett sett se			
Works on mobile phones		en en fan de sen sen en fan de sen en e		

Four **GREAT**Financial Tools

Managing your money and keeping to a budget can be difficult, but there are some fantastic personal finance tools which can make our lives much easier. Here are some of the best, perfect for keeping track of your finances.



MoneyHealth

MoneyHealth lets you see how healthy your finances are instantly. It uses the Internet to connect to your bank accounts (although at the moment, it only works with bank accounts in the USA) and keeps track of how much money is in each account and where your money is going. But the strength of this tool is that it does much more. It also lets you create a family budget, helps you set up goals for your savings and even 'learns' what kinds of things you're spending your money on. MoneyHealth also suggests products that might be of interest, like credit cards that could save you money. The only thing it doesn't do is actually move your money around or make payments and so on. Its function is just to describe your financial situation. Unfortunately, it's an expensive program, especially as there is no mobile phone version.

MoneyGarden

This tool allows you to link up to almost 200 banks and other financial institutions. It produces graphs and other reports so you can see clearly when you spend your money, and on what. If you're on the move, there's also an app you can download to your mobile, but like the computer program, it does need an internet connection to be useful. The program is free, but you can choose to make a donation to the creators if you find it useful.

MoneyWorker

This is an app that you can run on most devices. It keeps track of your financial transactions, such as when you use your credit card, or your bank account is debited. It also helps you create an easy-to-use budget and set yourself financial goals. Since the program runs on your computer, tablet or phone, not on the Internet, you have access to your financial information even if you're not connected to the Internet. But what makes MoneyWorker different is the fact that you don't just get access to software to help you manage your money — you also join a community of users around the world who can answer your finance questions and share ideas. Although this is expensive, you can try it out for free for one month.

CheckMyMoney

This is a financial tool with one main job — to create a budget for you. Once you enter the details of your bank accounts, it analyses the data and creates a plan with a budget and suggestions for how to save money and cut your spending. Once you've set up your budget, the program helps you to stick to it. CheckMyMoney is totally free to use. However, if you want to access it from your mobile phone, or if you want to be able to link up more than two bank accounts, you have to pay quite a lot each year. It can be difficult to use if your internet connection is not very fast.

${f b}$ Read the article again. Are the sentences true or false?

- 1 MoneyHealth can be used by people all over the world.
- 2 MoneyHealth isn't able to make any changes to your bank accounts.
- 3 MoneyWorker gives you a way of asking other people for advice about money.
- 4 You can use MoneyWorker for a period of time without paying.
- 5 MoneyGarden offers you a way to check your finances visually.
- 6 MoneyGarden is not suitable for people who want to check their finances while travelling.
- 7 CheckMyMoney can help you to reduce how much you spend.
- 8 CheckMyMoney does not work at all unless you pay a yearly fee.

- **C** Write a paragraph about how you manage your money. Remember to include:
 - whether you are able to put aside savings regularly
 - if you make a budget every week, month or year
 - if you ask anybody for advice about managing money.



2 LISTENING

а		B88 Listen to a radio programme about local imes. Put the events in the order they happened.] burglaries] a successful arrest] a robbery in a shop] shoplifting
b		sten to the programme again and tick (🗸) the prect answers.
	1	Which of the following statements is true about calling th programme to give information? a ☐ You need to give your name. b ✓ You may earn money if the information is useful. c ☐ The first person you speak to when you call is a police officer.
	2	What is suggested about the two men who came in the shop in Rhona Stevens's report? a They were both probably involved in the robbery. b The first man didn't realise what the second man was doing.
		c They left the shop at the same time.
	3	What do we learn about the theft at the electronics store? a Nobody in the store knew about it. b The thief attacked a young woman. c It happened at night.
	4	What does Inspector Jones say when talking about the burglaries? a
		b Some of the burglaries could have been avoided.c The burglaries have happened in houses quite far apart from each other.
	5	What does the presenter say about the criminals responsible for crimes previously discussed on the programme? a No one has gone to prison. b Listeners have helped the police to identify them. c Some of the crimes still haven't been solved.
C	Th	nink about a crime that you have heard or read abou

- **c** Think about a crime that you have heard or read about recently. Write a short conversation between two people discussing it. Use these questions to help you:
 - What was the crime?
 - How did they hear about it?
 - What happened?
 - Did the police catch the criminal? Are they looking for him/ her now?

Review and extension

1 GRAMMAR
Fick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences. I ☐ When you listen to my instructions, everything will be fine. If you listen to my instructions, everything will be fine. I ☐ I'd be amazed if she had more children. It would be a great idea that everyone cycled to work. Tracy would tell me if she were unhappy about it. It could be nice if there were more people like her. It was fantastic if you had come with us.
2 VOCABULARY
Fick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences. It's difficult to make a living as a professional dancer. One area where saving could be made is transport. I'm income from tourism could be much higher. I'm not sure that our budjet is big enough for this. There has been a large increase in donations to charities. The main suspect was not the murder but someone else. A man has been sentenced and will appear in court later. The theif was arrested when she tried to burgle a flat.
3 WORDPOWER take
Complete the text with the words in the box. granted pleasure charge it word seriously
My wife goes out to work and I look after our children. It made sense after her promotion and I was happy to take 1
REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS
Look again at Review your progress on p.102 of the Student's Book. How well can you do these things now? 3 = very well 2 = well 1 = not so well
I CAN

discuss personal finance

be encouraging

write a review.

discuss moral dilemmas and crime

94

What really shocks me is that it costs €250,000

11 GRAMMAR Relative clauses

- **a** Match 1–10 to a–j to make sentences.
 - 1 d Medicine is one of those professions
 - 2 Even today there are still diseases
 - 3 There is research into 3D printers
 - 4 Paramedics are basically staff
 - Unfortunately, there may come a day
 - 6 These tablets are for patients
 - 7 My first job was as a nurse in a private school,
 - 8 Doctors don't have a lot of sympathy for those
 - 9 There is medicine for a bad stomach
 - 10 I told her to see Dr Brown.
 - a that could create body parts for transplants.
 - b that you can buy in any chemist's.
 - c when medical care is only for the rich.
 - d where you can make a real difference.
 - e which there is no known cure for.
 - f which was quite an experience.
 - g who is a specialist in eye surgery.
 - h who won't help themselves.
 - i who work alongside nurses and doctors.
 - j whose temperature goes higher than 39 degrees.
- **b** Underline the correct words to complete the text. If no word is needed, choose \emptyset .

We like to think that we live in a world 1 that / where / which everyone has access to professional medical care 2 0 / who / that can take care of their needs. Unfortunately, for those 3 who / 0 / which live in the developing world, 4 0 / which / that is about 85% of the Earth's population, this is far from the case. Too often either the treatment from trained professionals 5 who / which / what they need is impossible to get, or it costs money 6 which / what / who they don't have. People 7 which / 0 / who need treatment often then have to look for alternatives 8 that / whose / what are relatively cheap and available.

There is a long tradition of using natural medicine, for example plants 9which / where / whose leaves and flowers can be used to take away pain. However, natural medicine is of limited use in situations $^{10}where$ / that / 0 the patient is very ill. Even so, there are people ^{11}who / which / 0 suffer from serious diseases ^{12}who / 0 / which trust natural medicine more than modern methods. This may sound crazy to westerners ^{13}who / 0 / which have the luxury of professional help, but people $^{14}which$ / that / 0 believe in this kind of treatment strongly enough might benefit just from the psychological effect, $^{15}which$ / that / 0 could mean the difference between life and death.

2 VOCABULARY Health

- **a** <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 The best way to <u>cure</u> / heal / develop a cold is to rest and drink plenty of liquids.
 - 2 I can't play on Saturday because I'm still *caring for I getting over I treating* the flu.
 - 3 My throat and chest feel really sore. I must have some kind of *bruise I cough I infection*.
 - 4 Tim's got a fever. He says he feels hot and cold, and his face is really *bruised | dizzy | pale*.
 - 5 She bumped / coughed / sneezed to get his attention.
 - 6 I've still got a big *infection I strain I scar* on my knee from when I fell off the ladder.
- **b** Complete the text with the words in the box.

ached bruise bumped develop dizzy get over pass out shake strained treat

It all started when I was jogging in the park. I 1 bumped into something, fell over and got a big 2 a bit. I was worried I had 4 my leg as it wasn't comfortable. I thought it was best to do something about it, so I looked up some advice on the Internet and decided to 5 myself.
There was a lot of information, all quite confusing, but I found a recipe for a special sports drink and drank a couple of litres of it. About an hour later it hit me. I felt 6, my head was going round and round, and I started to 7 – I couldn't hold a cup in my hands. I thought I was going to 8, but I managed to crawl into bed. A week later, I'm beginning to 9 it and thank goodness I didn't 10 any complications. I won't be using any of those internet sites again though.

C 22 Listen and check.

3 PRONUNCIATION Sound and spelling: ui

a P33 Listen to the sentences and read the audioscript on p.75. How are the <u>underlined</u> letters *ui* pronounced in each word in the box? Complete the table.

bruise quite bodybuilder nuisance fruit suits guilty inquire biscuit

Sound 1 /i/ (e.g. <i>bit</i>)	Sound 2 /u:/ (e.g. <i>food</i>)	Sound 3 /ai/ (e.g. time)
	bruise	

9B No one knew who he was

1 GRAMMAR

Reported speech; Reporting verbs

a Read the newspaper headlines and <u>underline</u> the correct words to complete the text.

EXCLUSIVE! Robins did NOT walk round the world!

HOW DID ROBINS DO THE WALK SO QUICKLY?

Tell us the truth! ROBINS: 'No comment!'

Robins: 'You just want a good story!'

Robins: 'I HAVE NOTHING TO HIDE!'

EXCLUSIVE! ROBINS
USED A PRIVATE PLANE!

Robins: 'I only flew a short way'

Robins: 'I'll give you your money back'

WE'VE BEEN CHEATED!

Police not to take legal action

POLICE TELL ROBINS TO TELL THE TRUTH

Simon Robins was a hero when he walked around the world to raise money for charity, but journalists have now discovered 1that he <u>didn't do</u> / him not doing it. Actually, Robins flew most of the way. Journalists wondered ²how had he / how he had done the walk so quickly and asked ³him to explain / that he explained. At first Robins refused 4to talk / talking about it, complaining 5that the press wanted / the press wanting just to get a good story, and completely denied ⁶to have / having anything to hide. However, journalists found out ⁷he had used / him using a private plane and finally Robins admitted 8 to fly / flying for part of the long journey. Robins insisted ⁹he had walked / to have walked a lot of the way and promised ¹⁰to give / giving money back to people who believed 11 they had been / having been cheated. The police have informed 12that / us that they won't be taking legal action against Robins, but they have ordered ¹³that he give / him to give a full and correct account of his 'walk' around the world.

b • 19.4 Listen and check.

- **c** Complete the reported speech sentences. Use contractions where possible.
 - 1 'I'm staying at home with my sister.'
 Brian said he was staying at home with his sister
 - 2 'It took three hours to get there.'

 Jenny told me that _____
 - 3 'It may be a problem.'
 - The nurse thought that _____4 'Who are you going with?'
 - My mum asked me _____
 - 5 'Why didn't you tell me?'
 Simon wanted to know ______
 - 6 'I'm sorry I broke the vase.'
 I apologised _____
 - 7 'Please be on time, everyone.'
 The boss reminded ______

2 VOCABULARY Verbs describing thought and knowledge

- **a** <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 'I'm fed up with this! Why do we always have to wait an hour to see the doctor?'
 Sarah <u>complained</u> / warned / refused about the long queue at the doctor's.
 - 2 'The situation is under control so there is no need to worry.' The government minister *ordered | stated | informed* that the situation was under control.
 - 3 'There are no lessons this Wednesday afternoon.'
 The teacher reminded / assumed / remembered
 the class that there wouldn't be any lessons.
 - 4 'There's no way I am going to get on that horse.' Lucy *ordered I complained I refused* to ride the horse.
 - 5 'You can have your scarf back tomorrow.'
 My friend *stated | asked | promised* to return my scarf.
 - 6 'I'm so lucky to have met Pam.'
 He agreed / realised / told how lucky he was to be with Pam.
 - 7 'You're going to pay, aren't you, darling?'
 My husband *promised | assumed | reminded | was going to pay.*
 - 8 'I'm leaving the department tomorrow.'
 The boss *informed | insisted | stated* us he would be leaving.
 - 9 'Keep away from that fire!'
 The fire officers *complained | ordered | refused* us to stand back.
 - 10 'Everything is absolutely fine between us.'
 The Hollywood couple *informed | realised | insisted* that their marriage wasn't in trouble.

b Complete the words in the sentences.

- 1 Wow, I never realised how difficult it would be to get everyone to agree.
- 2 The government is a____ of the problem, but they won't do anything about it.
- 3 Please make s_ _ that you have everything you need before you leave.
- 4 I can only c_ _ _ to the conclusion that you are no longer interested in the job.
- 5 According to official figures, it is e____t _ that 10,000 people are in danger of catching the virus.
- 6 Zelda hasn't been to training for weeks, so I a____ she's left.
- 7 Some experts d____ that Shakespeare wrote all his plays himself. They think the author was someone else.
- 8 Martin still isn't here and I'm starting to w_____ whether he's lost.

Everyday EnglishWhat's the big secret?

11 USEFUL LANGUAGE

Expressing uncertainty

- a Put the conversation in the correct order.
 - **B** I've really no idea. What on earth are you talking about?
 - A Oh come on! Black Street, you must remember.
 - A The Black Street Café. We worked there one summer.
 - **B** Sorry, but I've no idea who you are.
 - A It's Tim, from Black Street.
 - **B** Oh, Tim! What on earth are you doing here?
 - 1 A Hi, do you recognise me?
 - **A** I wanted to ask you the same question.
 - **B** Black Street? I haven't got a clue where that is.
- b **9.5** Listen and check.

2 CONVERSATION SKILLS

Clarifying a misunderstanding

- **a** Complete the conversation. Write one word in each gap.
 - A Here's your room. Have a nice stay.
 - **B** Er, I understood ¹ that we booked a large room.
 - A It is large you should see the small rooms.
 - **B** And did I ²_____ this wrong? I thought there was a sea view.
 - A The sea is terrible. You don't want to see it.
 - **B** There's not even a shower!
 - A Have I ³______ something? I ⁴______ you were on holiday. You'll be outside most of the time.
 - **B** But ⁵______ you say this was a luxury hotel?
 - A It used to be twenty years ago!
- b 19.6 Listen and check.

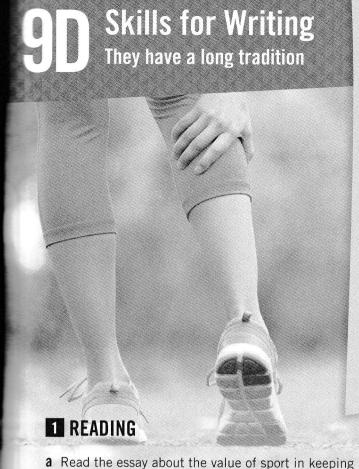




3 PRONUNCIATION

Linking and intrusion

- **a** Write the correct linking sounds that are added in the <u>underlined</u> phrases: /j/, /r/ or /w/.
 - 1 I met John in the town centre the other day.
 - 2 Would you know where I could find a post office?
 - 3 I can't afford it. It's too expensive.
 - 4 That's the phone. Could you answer it, please?
 - 5 Don't leave the window open when you go out.
 - 6 Can you play a piece for us on the piano?
 - 7 Don't assume <u>I earn</u> a lot of money from doing this.
 - 8 There is a new trade agreement between Russia and France.
 - 9 If it's so important to you, you can have mine.
- 10 I do think <u>she ought</u> to explain exactly what she did.
- b 9.7 Listen and check.



- fit and healthy. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 Most people think that sport is a good thing.
 - 2 The writer gives two reasons why sport is worthwhile.
 - 3 Running is an example of an extreme sport.
 - 4 Drugs only have an immediate effect on the body.
 - 5 We should try to get to the top of whatever sport we do.
 - 6 The conclusion says that it is good to do some sport.
- **b** Read the essay again and tick () the correct words to complete the sentences.

1	In the first paragraph, the writer
	a 🗸 outlines the issue.
	b summarises the issue.
	c criticises the issue.
2	In the next three paragraphs, the writer presents
	a the results of some research.
	b their own opinion.
	c different arguments.
3	A key argument in the second paragraph is that sport
	a is the most effective way of keeping slim.
	b builds good relationships.
	c 🔲 is as much about mental as physical health.
4	The third paragraph uses drugs as an example of

something ...

	terroret of			c .
а 🔲	introducing	an un	known	tactor.

- b necessary to reduce stress levels.
- c used too much in sport.

5 The main idea in the fourth paragraph is that ...

- a professional sport is a bad role model for people.
- when you do sport, it is natural to want to win.
- c the main purpose of sport should not be beating others.
- 6 In the conclusion, the writer ...
 - gives their personal opinion.
 - introduces the strongest argument.
 - presents a unique way of looking at the issue.

Keeping sport healthy

The conventional opinion about sport is that it has a positive influence on individuals' physical condition. However, there are people who claim that there are negative aspects of sport that should make us examine its contribution more closely.

It is said that there are several good reasons for doing sport. Firstly, fitness is connected to health and playing sport helps you to lose weight and stay active. Secondly, we usually do sport with other people and social interaction helps people to stay mentally healthy and happy.

One argument given against sport is that it puts stress on the body. Aside from extreme sports, even everyday activities like running can be harmful if you do them too much. Some people also worry about the long-term effects of various drugs and sports supplements.

Furthermore, it is claimed that the competitive element of sport can make people aggressive, the 'win at all costs' mentality. The reasoning is that in this case sport becomes about winning rather than being healthy and enjoying what you do.

In conclusion, I believe that sport can be a healthy and fun way of spending time if it is done in moderation and the right spirit. The benefits of a healthy lifestyle almost certainly outweigh the disadvantages.

2 WRITING SKILLS

Presenting a series of arguments

a Complete the sentences with the words in the box.

	addition against argue conclude important spite suggests unlike
1	People often <u>argue</u> that drug companies are too greedy.
	2 This that most people are unaware of the problem.
3	One argument private health care is that it excludes people.
4	In, there may not be enough doctors to help everyone.
5	To, both sides of the argument have some validity.
6	It's not to forget that this medicine is not available everywhere.
7	In of advances in medicine, we have no cure for many diseases.
8	We can eat fresh fruit all year round now, fifty years ago.

3 WRITING

- **a** Write an essay on the topic 'Are we healthier today than we were a hundred years ago?' Use the paragraph structure and the notes to help you.
 - Introduction: outline the topic
 - Main argument for better health: medicine and technology, better nutrition is available
 - Other arguments for: more leisure time
 - Arguments against: bad diets, cars, TV and computers, life moves too fast
 - Conclusion: summarise the arguments and give your opinion

UNIT 9

Reading and listening extension

TI READING

a		ead the article about Georges Méliès. Put the events the order they happened.
		He bought a theatre. He developed new film-making techniques. He lived abroad. He made his own camera. He received a prize from his country. He saw his first film. He stopped making films.
b		ead the article again and tick (🗸) the correct aswers.
	1	Méliès went to study in London a ☐ because there was a very famous art school there. b ☑ because of his parents' wishes. c ☐ because he wanted to learn more about theatre magic
	2	After buying the Théâtre Robert-Houdin, a Méliès performed shows there using things he learned in London. b Méliès split his time between working there and continuing his studies.
		continuing his studies. c Méliès was able to save up a lot of money from the profits.
	3	After seeing the Lumière brothers' film, Méliès a suggested they collaborate on a project together. b introduced them to a film-maker in London. c made them an offer that they did not accept.
	4	Méliès started to make his own films a after he was given a camera from Robert Paul. b using a camera he made himself. c after learning some techniques from Robert Paul.
	5	Méliès's decision to start experimenting with special effects a was the result of an accidental discovery.
		 b came after he felt unable to film a street scene in the way he wanted. c because he felt that other films he'd watched were unsatisfactory.
	6	The writer suggests Méliès stopped making films a because audiences stopped going to see them. b because he didn't find the work interesting any more.
	7	c because he wanted to work in the theatre again. When he was older, Méliès a was totally forgotten in France. b returned to making films. c did not have to pay for his own accommodation.
C	W	rite a paragraph about someone famous in

- **c** Write a paragraph about someone famous in your country who only became well known later in his or her life. Remember to include:
 - · what the person is famous for
 - what he or she did before finding fame
 - what your opinion is of this person.

GEORGES MÉLIÈS

A recent Oscar-winning film by Martin Scorsese has got people around the world interested in a French director born over 100 years ago. Marie-Georges-Jean Méliès was born in Paris in 1861. From an early age, he showed a particular interest in the arts. After studying at a famous art school in Paris, Méliès continued his studies in London – his parents insisted he learn English. While in London, he developed an interest in theatre magic.

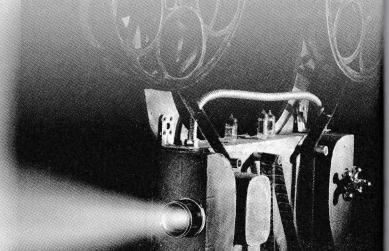
When he returned to Paris, he worked at his father's factory and took over as manager when his father retired. His position meant that he was able to save enough money to buy the famous Théâtre Robert-Houdin when it was put up for sale in 1888. From that point on, Méliès worked full time, performing shows at the theatre, using techniques which he studied while in London, as well as working on his own tricks.

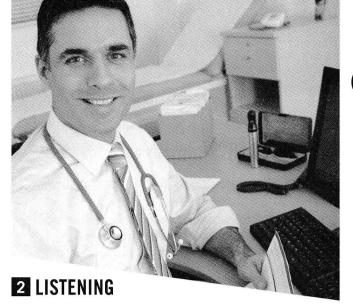
When the Lumière brothers – said to be the first ever film-makers – showed their film to the public for the first time, Méliès was a member of the audience. What he witnessed clearly had a strong effect upon him. After the show, he asked the Lumière brothers if he could buy their projector, but they turned him down. However, Méliès had come to the conclusion that film-making was his future, so he went to meet Robert Paul – a British film-maker – in London. Méliès looked at Paul's camera-projector and built his own soon afterwards. Within months, Méliès was making and showing his own films.

In the autumn of 1896, an event occurred which changed the way Méliès looked at film-making. While filming a simple street scene, Méliès's camera got stuck and it took him a few seconds to solve the problem. When he later watched the film, Méliès was amazed by the effect that the incident had on what he'd filmed – objects suddenly appeared, disappeared or were transformed into other objects. It occurred to him that he could use techniques like this to change the appearance of time and space in his films. He used this discovery to create complex special effects.

Méliès made a wide range of films. He is most famous for his fantasy films, but he also made advertising films and serious dramas. However, after some time, audiences stopped finding his work so interesting or unusual, and in 1912 he gave up making films. In 1915, he was forced to turn his film studio into a theatre, and he started presenting live shows again. In 1923, he ran out of money and his theatre was knocked down. Méliès was almost totally forgotten, but in the late 1920s, his contribution to cinema was recognised by the French and he was given a special award – the Legion of Honour – and a rent-free apartment where he would live for the rest of his life.

Georges Méliès died in 1938 after making over 500 films. He paid for, produced and starred in nearly every one.





a Das Listen to a conversation between a doctor and a patient. Match the three things the patient asks about 1-3 with the advice the doctor gives a-c.

	1
L	cough

- injuries from a bike accident
- 3 injections for a trip abroad
- a Speak to somebody else.
- b Come back if the problem doesn't go away.
- c Use some medicine.

b Listen again and tick (\checkmark) the correct answers.

- 1 How long has the patient had his cough?
 - a for two days
 - b 🗸 for four days
 - c for a few weeks

2 What does the doctor say about the patient's cold?

- a It will probably go away on its own.
- b It will probably cause a chest infection later.
- c It may be caused by having several colds at the
- 3 What does the doctor say about the patient's bike accident?
 - a The patient probably wasn't seriously injured as he didn't pass out.
 - b The patient did not do the right thing after having the accident.
 - c The patient should go to hospital now for further
- 4 What does the doctor say the patient should do now?
 - a Avoid using the bike until next week.
 - b Avoid using the bike for several weeks.
 - c Do the race, but very slowly.
- 5 What will the patient need to do if he needs injections for his holiday?
 - a Return to the doctor.
 - b Get the injections from someone at reception.
 - c Get the injections from a nurse.
- **c** Write a conversation between two friends who are discussing what they do when they get ill. Use these questions to help you:
 - What kinds of common illnesses do they get?
 - · What kind of medicines do they take?
 - What other things do they do to try to feel better?
 - · Have they ever tried a 'cure' that didn't work?

Review and extension

11 GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.

- 1 It was the captain of the ship which was responsible. It was the captain of the ship who was responsible.
- Throw away the tables whose legs are broken.
- 3 Г The film review, that came out yesterday, wasn't positive.
- 4 \square 1 moved into the room where you used to live in.
- 5 Then Rachel said me that she wanted to leave.
- 6 It's a lovely day, so I suggest having a picnic by the river.

2 VOCABULARY

Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.

1	Doctors are trying to develope new methods of treati	ng
	patients without surgery.	

Doctors are trying to develop new methods of treating patients without surgery.

- 2 Marcus can't race or train for three months and he isn't treating this very well.
- The cost of medicine is a problem in the develop world.
- 4 F You should take care for yourself now you're pregnant.
- I feel weak. I'm sure I'm coming down with something.
- Give her something before she loses consciousness!

3 WORDPOWER COME

Complete the sentences.

- 1 The restaurant bill came __to_ over a hundred euros!
- 2 I came _____ an old photo of you while I was cleaning out the wardrobe.
- 3 Gran's dream has finally come ____ __. We bought her the chance to drive a Formula 1 car for the day.
- 4 We had to throw the whole dinner in the bin. I've come to the _____ that I am not a master chef.
- 5 The name Elvis has come _____ a lot today. Every visitor to the museum has asked about him.
- 6 We're just going to advertise our shop on the Internet unless we can come up ______ a better idea.

TREVIEW YOUR PROBRESS

Look again at Review your progress on p.114 of the Student's Book. How well can you do these things now?

3 = very well 2 = well 1 = not so well

I CAN ...

discuss new inventions

discuss people's lives and achievements

express uncertainty

write an essay expressing a point of view.

It might not have been his real name

1 GRAMMAR Past modals of deduction

- **a** Underline the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 John's shoes are too small for the new school year. He *must | might | could* have grown a lot over the holidays.
 - 2 We *must / may / could* have moved to Australia, but we decided to stay in England in the end.
 - 3 That *can't / may / must* have been Sheila in the car, but I'm not too sure from this distance.
 - 4 You *can't / may not / mustn't* have eaten all the cakes vou'd be sick now!
 - 5 The keys could be anywhere. I *can't / might / must* even have left them in the gym.
 - 6 Wait, don't phone her yet. She *might / must / might not* have woken up.
 - 7 Poor Andre didn't eat for 24 hours. He *could I may I must* have felt really hungry.
 - 8 I sent him a text but he *can't / may not / must not* have received it because the reception is variable up here. I'll try again.
 - 9 Don't be silly, there was an instructor with them. What can't / could / must have gone wrong?
 - 10 Sophie was in bed with the flu, so she *can't / may not / mustn't* have gone to the party.
- **b** <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the text.



Shergar was a very successful champion race horse, in fact he ¹can't / <u>might</u> have been the best ever. His racing career ended in 1981 and he ²could / must have made a lot more money for his owners from his celebrity status if he hadn't been stolen. This happened in 1983 and Shergar was never seen again. There are lots of theories of who took Shergar and what happened to him, but in reality anything

³must / may have happened. The kidnappers ⁴must / might have been very professional, or very lucky, because they hid their victim so successfully. It ⁵can't / mustn't have been easy to steal such a famous horse and make it disappear completely. People say the police ⁶may / must not have done the best job of finding the horse because they ⁷could / must have acted a lot more quickly – the truth is, they didn't have much evidence and the horse and its kidnappers were never found.

Some people say the kidnappers ⁸can't / must have killed Shergar when the owners didn't agree to pay the kidnappers. This ⁹must / could have been a tragedy for the owners and fans of Shergar. However, there ¹⁰must / may have been a happier ending. Of course, Shergar can't be alive today because this happened so many years ago. Being optimistic, he ¹¹cannot / might not have been killed by the kidnappers. He ¹²must / could have died a natural death somewhere safe. We will probably never know.

C 10.1 Listen and check.

2 VOCABULARY Adjectives with prefixes

- **a** Complete the sentences by adding a negative prefix to the adjective in brackets.
 - 1 I am writing this letter of complaint because I was completely <u>dissatisfied</u> (satisfied) with the hotel facilities.
 - 2 The product sells very well, so it's _____ (logical) to stop making it.
 - 3 The fact that the suspect has a lot of tattoos is completely _____ (relevant).
 - 4 Mike, this is an _____ (expected) surprise. I haven't seen you for ages!
 - 5 The view from the balcony is _____ (believable) You have to see it for yourself.
 - 6 The laws of physics show that it is _____ (possible) to go back in time.
- **b** Complete the text with negative forms of the adjectives in the box.

credible experienced formal honest patient polite probable reasonable regular responsible satisfied successful

	rked as a trainee che ady ¹ <u>dissatisfied</u>		
	hours and ³		
	ce ⁴ , b	ut the head ch	ef used to get
	with her because		
	se her self-confidenc		
	? Was she just anoth		
and would it	be 8	to continue in a	a job which she
	It was highly ⁹		
get better. Sa	ally got some ¹⁰	advi	ce from her old
teacher at co	llege, who told her t	o leave. For	
	- perhaps it meant		
11	too – Sally didn	t listen to this	
advice and s	he stayed at the hote	el. This might	
seem 12	but, five y	ears later,	

c • 10.2 Listen and check.

3 PRONUNCIATION Word stress

- **a** Underline the stressed syllables in the words in **bold**.
 - 1 The new parts are quite inexpensive.

Sally is now head chef. She always smiles

when her trainees tell her they want to leave.

- 2 I find it **improbable** that they just happened to be in the same place at the same time.
- 3 The weather at this time of the year is quite **unpredictable**.
- 4 I won't go on a trip as **disorganised** as this one again.
- 5 I've dropped it on the floor a few times, but it's **unbreakable**.
- 6 I can do it, but it's rather **inconvenient** and I'm not very keen.
- b 10.3 Listen and check.

DB I've managed to make a dream come true

1 GRAMMAR Wishes and regrets

- **a** <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 | wish | would | could | did speak another foreign language.
 - 2 Do you ever wish you had I have I would have a brother instead of a sister?
 - 3 | wish / wished / hope Sarah and lain get back together
 - 4 If only I hadn't make I made I have made so many mistakes in the first part of the test.
 - 5 I wish you would / should / might think about somebody else apart from yourself.
 - 6 I'm sure all football managers wish they were | are | would be still able to play themselves.
 - 7 You would / should / will have thought about that before you started shouting at everyone.
 - 8 If you had three wishes, what would / did / should you wish for?
 - 9 She wishes she has I had I would have spoken to the doctor a lot earlier.
 - 10 Louise is nice, but I wish she does I has done I did more to help around the house.
- **b** Complete the sentences. Use contractions where possible.
 - 1 It's a shame you're not with us.

I wish _____ with us.

- 2 Jane, please listen to me for a moment.
- I wish Jane _____
- 3 I want to be ten years younger.

She wishes that ____

4 Mike doesn't live very close to the centre.

Mike wishes _____ centre.

5 Why didn't I buy that dress?

I wish _

6 It would be great if my horse wins the race.

_____ my horse wins the race.

- 7 It was wrong of me to be so rude to the shop assistant. _____ so rude to the shop assistant.
- 8 It makes me so embarrassed when he lies.

I wish ____ embarrassed.

9 I didn't study very hard at school, unfortunately. _____ harder at school!

10 My husband and I are watching a really boring film.

_____ this boring film.

11 Why didn't we go on this trip last year? _ on this trip last year.

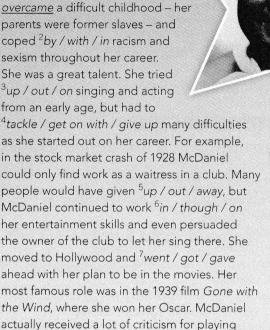
12 It was a mistake to tell Sheila.

_____ Sheila. You

2 VOCABULARY Verbs of effort

a Underline the correct words to complete the text. Then listen and check.

Hattie McDaniel (1895–1952) was the first black person to win an Oscar, McDaniel ¹tried out / tackled / parents were former slaves – and coped 2by / with / in racism and sexism throughout her career. She was a great talent. She tried ³up / out / on singing and acting from an early age, but had to



b 10.4 Listen and check.

her legacy is recognised.

c Complete the sentences and questions with the words in the box.

cope with get on with give up go ahead overcome tackle try out work on

roles which stereotyped black people, but she

got 8 on with / by with / on by her work and today

- 1 I think Debbie managed to <u>tackle</u> the task very well in the end.
- 2 It might seem difficult now, but it's important not to

3 Is Chris really going to _____ with this idea of running a marathon?

- 4 I decided to ______ a special diet and it really worked.
- 5 At first I couldn't _____ the pressure of working such long hours.
- 6 Few people realise how many difficulties he has had to __ to get this far.
- 7 I need to ____ _____ my pronunciation if my English is going to improve.
- 8 Don't complain just _____ it!

Everyday English Two things to celebrate today

11 USEFUL LANGUAGE

Describing how you felt

- **a** Underline the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 When they took my winning ticket out of the bag, I was so <u>surprised</u> / disappointed / interested.
 - 2 | shouldn't | couldn't | wouldn't believe it. It didn't seem real.
 - 3 Trevor was waiting / expecting / realising the news, but it still came as a shock.
 - 4 I was really *pleasant | pleasing | pleased*. I think I deserved to win first prize.
 - 5 It was quite a blow / news / expected. I just stood there in shock.
 - 6 The party was a disaster. I still can't be I go I get over it.

2 CONVERSATION SKILLS

Interrupting and announcing news

- a Put the conversation in the correct order.
 - **B** That's true, I guess. Well, thanks for telling me. I'd better get back.
 - **B** What? I don't know about that. I'll have to think it over.
 - **B** No problem, Luke. What's happened?
 - **B** Hold on. I was just speaking to Tim yesterday. He didn't say anything.
 - **A** Well, it's true. One more thing. Tim's gone to Masons.
 - 1 A Hi, Lesley. Thanks for coming to see me.
 - **B** Hang on a minute. Masons are our competitors. That's a disaster!
 - A I know you won't believe this, but Tim has resigned.
 - A Just a minute. There's something else we have to discuss. Would you be interested in taking Tim's job?
 - A It's no tragedy. We haven't got any secrets he can tell them.

b 10.5 Listen and check.



3 PRONUNCIATION Consonant groups

a Listen and <u>underline</u> the words which have a consonant group (two or more consonant sounds together).

In the <u>winter</u> of eighteen fifty-five, the people of Devon in England woke up to find the footprints of a strange animal in the snow.

Some frightened people followed them and the footprints went on and on ... for approximately a hundred miles – if their account is to be believed.

The footprints went in a straight line through gardens and over walls and roofs.

No one could explain the footprints, but since then many theories have been suggested.

One of the strangest was that a kangaroo had escaped from a nearby zoo and jumped through the countryside!

Skills for Writing I forced myself to be calm



1 READING

a	Read the beginning of a story. Put the events in the order they happened.
	 She walks to the hotel. Jill finds evidence the hotel isn't closed. She asks for help. Jill switches on a light. 1 Tony gets married. Jill opens a letter. Tony invites Jill to visit him. She finds where the smell is coming from. Jill's car breaks down.
b	Read the story again and tick (\checkmark) the most appropriate answers.
	 1 How did Jill get to the hotel? a ☐ By car. b ✓ On foot. c ☐ It doesn't say.
	 What could Jill smell when she got there? a Something difficult to recognise. b Something she instantly recognised.
	c Something unpleasant. 3 How did Jill find the hotel? a By following directions. b From memory.
	c By chance. 4 What happened to the car? a There was a technical problem. b There was an accident. c It ran out of petrol.
	5 Why did Jill criticise Tony? a He had lied to her. b He refused to visit her. c He underestimated the journey.
	6 What did Jill feel guilty about? a Having negative feelings about Tony. b Disturbing the hotel guests. c Turning on the light.
	7 What did Jill feel when she turned on the light?a Relief.
	 b Respect. c Regret. 8 What stopped Jill running out of the room? a She saw the message. b She smelled the food. c The door was locked.
	c The door was locked.

The hotel was in darkness. Feeling tired from the walk, I stopped and looked around. What was going on? The place was obviously open there were some cars and an unfamiliar smell from somewhere. It was strange finding a hotel - I couldn't remember seeing it on my map, but here it was.

If only my car hadn't broken down in the middle of nowhere, making me look for help. The trip hadn't been my idea. Tony had kept asking me to visit him and his new wife and I had finally agreed. 'A few hours by car, Jill ...'Tony had said.

I called out: 'Is anybody here? I need some help with my car.' Silence. Feeling guilty, I went inside. That strange smell was getting stronger and I went towards it, almost falling over in the dark. Thankfully, I found a light switch and turned it on. I wish I hadn't.

I saw a table with lots of food on, meat, vegetables, fruit, cakes. All of it had gone off and was rotten. Reaching for the door, I wanted to get out but I noticed something else on that terrible table: a letter marked 'For Jill from Tony'. Inside it said simply, 'You were too late for the party.' What could it mean?

2 WRITING SKILLS Making a story interesting

a Match 1-6 with a-f to make sentences.

1 2 3 4 5 6	d	Walking away down the road, Holding my head in my hands, Shouting at the top of my voice, Feeling weak and dizzy, Not being in the best of moods, Listening for a warning signal,	a b c d e f	I began to cry. I had to sit down for a moment. I hid behind a tree and waited. I resisted the temptation to look back I sat in a corner and ignored everyone I tried to get her attention.
Сс	m	plete the pairs of sentences wit	th	the gerunds and verbs in the box.
f	eel	ing / felt hearing / heard hiding	/ h	id holding / held realising / realised
1		look back at her. Lying down on the ground and hold		ome back', I resisted the temptation to g my breath, I <u>heard</u> someon
2	a b	walking a metre away from me. weak and dizzy, I h It good to see Tom		to sit down for a moment. and walking again after the accident.
3	а	Darkness came and we soon		that we were completely lost.
4	b			ried on as if nothing had happened.
4		Listening for a signal, I		_ benind a tree, waiting anxiously. rom the criminal who wanted to find hir
5				d in her hands, crying with frustration.
J		그런 그 그렇게 그렇게 그렇게 하셨습니다. 그런 그 없었다. 그런 그 없는 그렇게 되었다.		a cup which he then offered to me.
١	WI	RITING		

3

b

a Choose one of these first lines and continue the story. Write three paragraphs.

Looking into the terrible storm, I thought, 'How are we going to get out of this?' I shook hands and hurried away, hoping I'd never see him again.

UNIT 10

Reading and listening extension

11 READING

- a Read the blog about regrets. Match the people 1-5 with the regrets a-e.
 - Jon (the author of the article)
 - 2 Lisa
 - 3 Shane
 - 4 Tonv
 - Mike

- a an experience at university
- b an experience while looking for work
- c not spending time with the family
- d not studying enough at school
- e not travelling more

NEW POSIS OLDER POSIS SEARCH IS

ANY REGRETS? (Posted by Jon, 24 March)

A recent survey of over a thousand men and women in the UK aged over 25 found that, if they could go back in time, 22% of married women would choose a different husband. Only 12% of men say they should have chosen a different wife! The survey also found that 30% of people wish they had chosen a different career, 35% wish they had chosen a different course at university and 37% wish they had saved more money. Finally, 53% said they wish they had travelled around the world more when they were younger.

I'd have to get married before I could comment on the first two statistics. But if I could go back in time, would I choose a different college course? Maybe. Would I have travelled more? Definitely, but then I think I really did all the travelling I could with the money I had. What about you? Would you have done anything different when you were younger? Do you have any big regrets?

LISA

I do sometimes think back to one exam at university. It was one of my final exams and I did OK - I didn't fail it - but I didn't get a very high mark. As a result, my final mark for my whole degree was lower than it could have been. I think I was unfortunate. I'd revised for weeks, but there was one question in the exam on a topic that I didn't really study so much - it was something that didn't interest me and we only looked at it quickly on the course, so I didn't think it would be in the exam. So even now, I often think - if only I had studied that one topic a bit more! But it didn't really matter, I still graduated and I don't think my life would have been so different if I'd got that higher mark - I suppose it would have been nice just for myself and my family.

SHANE

Personally, I think the most important thing is to enjoy your life now and not think too much about the past and how things could have been different. I sometimes think about one job interview I went for just after finishing school. I'd planned to get the train to go to the interview, but because I prefer driving I decided to take the car and ended up getting lost in a city I didn't know very well. So I arrived late, which didn't create a good impression, and I wasn't offered the position. I was devastated at the time, but two months later I got a much better job. So instead of regretting, I think we should look to the future and concentrate on overcoming problems we can actually change - I think everything happens for a reason.

TONY

I wish I'd spent more time with my children when they were really young. I had a high-pressure job with long hours and regular trips overseas. So although I tried to see my children as much as possible, I devoted a lot of my time to work because I thought I should be earning as much money as possible. On weekdays, I rarely saw them, because I left for work before they woke up and got back after they'd gone to bed. Unfortunately, I think it's often easier to say 'no' to family than it is to work. Someone once told me: 'If you lose money, you can always earn more, but if you lose time, you can never get it back.' I didn't really understand what that meant at the time, but now I'm older, I do.

I think that when you regret something, you can use that experience to work on your weaknesses and do better in the future. You learn from what went wrong and the mistakes you made, and make sure you do things differently next time. I was really irresponsible at school. I should have studied harder. But that was a good thing, because at university, I realised my mistake, and I really worked hard and I appreciated the opportunity to study there. So in that case, regret really helped me change my behaviour.

b Read the blog again. Complete the sentences with the names in the box.

Jon Lisa Mike Shane Tony _____ thinks regrets are not useful. _____ regrets something that was probably unavoidable. regrets something that was mostly important for personal reasons. _____ says you can learn from regrets. understands something better now than in the past.



Review and extension

- **c** Read the blog again. Are the sentences true or false?
 - 1 More men than women wish they had chosen a different partner.
 - 2 Jon (the writer of the article) isn't married.
 - 3 Lisa did badly in the exam because she didn't spend much time studying for it.
- 4 Shane thinks he didn't get the job because his train was late.
 - 5 Tony generally only saw his children at the weekend.
 - 6 Mike thinks his lack of effort at school made him a better university student.
- **d** Write a paragraph about a regret that you or someone you know has. Remember to include:
 - · what the regret is
 - why you or the person chose that course of action
 - how your or the person's life would be different now if something had been different then.



2 LISTENING

- **a** Listen to five people talking about recent events. Match people 1–5 with situations a–e.
 - L ☐ John
- a a car accident
- 2 Martha
- b a work meeting
- 3 Geno
- c an interview for a university place
- 4 Barry
- d losing an object
- Emil
- e meeting someone on the street
- **b** Listen to the five people again. Match the emotions in the box with the people. There are three extra words you do not need.

angry confident exhausted fortunate not hopeful regretful surprised worried

- 1 John _______ 2 Martha _____
- 4 Barry _____
- 3 Geno _____
- 5 Emil
- **c** Write a conversation between two people discussing an event neither of them are able to explain. Use these questions to help you:
 - Where and when did the story take place?
 - What happened?
 - Why can't they explain what happened?
 - Were they with any other people? Do they have an explanation for the event?

1 GRAMMAR

Tick (✓) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.

- 1 Thank you and I wish to hear from you soon.
 Thank you and I hope to hear from you soon.
- 2 We do hope you would enjoy the rest of your stay.
- 3 Sometimes I wish I were back at university again.
- 4 Goodbye, and I wish we can meet again soon.
- 5 Denis wishes he spent more time there last summer.
- 6 Now I wish I hadn't let Chris on the team.

2 VOCABULARY

Tick (\checkmark) the correct sentences. Correct the wrong sentences.

- 1 My friend Jane is a very responsable person.

 My friend Jane is a very responsible person.
- 2 The training facilities are satisfied for a club of this size.
- 3 Linda is quite impatient, so don't keep her waiting too long.
- 4 I'm very unsatisfied with your response to my recent letter.
- The police discovered her illegally use of company funds.
- 6 I can't cope with all these problems. I need some help.
- 7 \[\] I'd like to try snowboarding while we've got some snow.

3 WORDPOWER way

Underline the correct words to complete the exchanges.

- 1 A Do you want a lift to the station?
 - **B** Don't worry, there's no way | all the way | we'll make our own way.
- 2 A So Andy starts, then it's Rosie, then Amanda?
 - **B** One way or the other. I In some ways. I It's the other way round.
- 3 A Would tomorrow about seven be alright?
 - **B** There's no way / One way or another / In some way we can start so soon.
- 4 **A** Is it difficult to get up the mountain?
 - **B** No, there's a good path the other way round I one way or another I all the way.
- 5 A Are you sure you can get the car working again?
- **B** All the way / One way or another / In some ways, we will.

REVIEW YOUR PROGRESS	
Look again at Review your progress on p. Book. How well can you do these things at 3 = very well 2 = well 1 = not so	now?
I CAN	
speculate about the past	
discuss life achievements	
describe how I felt	
write a narrative.	

Unit 1: Outstanding people

What are your hobbies?

d	Watc	n video Ia. Match I	6 W	ith a–† to make
	sente	nces.		
	1 b	Willemien likes	а	watching sport.
	2	Richard likes	b	making music.
	3	Hannah likes	С	designing clothes
	4	Maddy likes	d	playing music.
	5	Heather likes	е	drawing.
	6	Maureen likes	f	performing.

Which hobby would you like to try?

- **b** Watch video 1b. <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Willemien has never been <u>used to go</u> running.
 - 2 Richard's hobby would involve horses / travelling.
 - 3 Hannah wants to do *something with a friend | a water sport.*
 - 4 Maddy would *not be / be* worried about how well she does this new hobby.
 - 5 Maureen wants to try something that is old fashioned / people think is impossible.
 - 6 Heather thinks she will try painting after she *does the housework / has finished working*.

How successful are you when you take up new activities?

W	atch video Ic and tick (\checkmark) the correct answers.
1	Willemien has a % success rate. a □ 0 b ☑ 50 c □ 100
2	Richard only takes up activities which he a
3	Hannah would probably be good at a tennis b photography c dancing
4	When she tries something new, Maddy often a needs help b fails
5	c



Unit 2: Survival

b

Which animal are you most scared of?

- **a** Watch video 2a. <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Lauren has a very unusual / common fear.
 - 2 Matt is not so scared of cows on their own / in groups.
 - 3 Anna is afraid of animals which can harm her I are wild.
 - 4 Martina could have died / didn't really need to worry.

What are some dangerous animals in a country you've visited?

W	atch video 2b and tick (🗸) the correct answers.
1	Lauren was in danger because
	a 🗸 of her shoes
	b she was alone
	c she was on a mountain
2	Matt was worried about snakes because he was staying
	a in a hotel
	b \square in a tent
	c on a boat
3	
J	Anna was surprised that the local people a helped her
	b weren't afraid
	c had no special method
4	Martina was afraid of this animal because
	a of a disease it spread
	b her friends were scared of it
	c she was living in a foreign country
5	What happened showed that Martina's fear was
	<u></u> -
	a reasonable
	b silly

selfish

If you got too close to a lion, what would you do?	What do you think makes a successful athlete or sports person?
c Watch video 2c. Match 1–5 with a–e to make sentences.	c Watch video 3c and tick (✓) the correct answers.
1 e Lauren2 With a lion, Matt	1 Eugenia thinks the most important thing is to
3 With a shark, Matt 4 Anna	a have natural talent
5 With a shark, Martina	b ☐ do a range of sports c ☑ start young
a might attack the animal.	2 When Eugenia was a girl, she wasn't very interested in
b wouldn't be able to scream.	
c would lose consciousness.d doesn't think climbing a tree would be effective.	a music
e thinks it depends where it happened.	b
Unit 3: Talent	3 James thinks success in sport is to do with
onit 3. falent	a how you thinkb how fit and strong you are
Can you tell me about a popular sport and why	c how you think and how strong you are
people like it?	4 Guy thinks there are factors involved.
a Watch video 3a and tick (✓) the correct answers.	a lots of b not many
1 Eugenia talks about marathons.	b inot many c one or two
a running	5 Guy is the only person to talk about
b winning	a 🔲 training
c 🗸 watching	b diet c what sports people think about
2 Eugenia thinks the best thing about marathons is that	c what sports people think about
a the pace is fast b they are open to everyone c you can run on the roads 3 James thinks that rugby is football. a more complicated than	Unit 4: Life lessons How would you spend the money if you suddenly had £1,000,000?
b difficult to compare to c basically the same as	a Watch video 4a. Match 1-4 with a-d to make sentences.
4 Guy thinks Formula 1 is	1 a Ollie
a dangerous	2 Chris
b the most popular sport c full of surprises	3 John
5 Guy likes the fact that Formula 1	4 Margaret
a 🔲 races last two days	a names three things to spend money on.b talks about a business opportunity.
b goes over a longer period	c would spend the money on other people first.
c drivers need good qualifications	d hasn't thought much about this before.
Are there any sports or activities you've been doing for a long time?	How would having a lot of money change your life?
h Watch video 2h Underling the segment would be	${\mathfrak b}$ Watch video 4b and tick (${\boldsymbol ersigma}$) the correct answers.
b Watch video 3b. <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.	1 Ollie would feel
1 Eugenia was good / bad / average at sport at school.	a ✓ more secure b lazier
2 Eugenia didn't finish the marathon I run the marathon	c less motivated
quickly.	2 Chris would
3 James does athletics / plays football at university.4 Guy thinks that talent / dedication is more important for	a give up work
success in sport.	b inot work as hard c have more breaks
	3 John thinks would change.
	a everything
	b nothing
	c few things

4 Margaret likes a saving up to buy something nice	Have you ever experienced extreme weather?
b spending a lot of money c the responsibility of having a lot of money	b Watch video 5b. Match 1–4 with a–d to make sentences.
5 The only person to see a negative side to this question is	1 C Anna has experienced
a Ollie	2 Matt has experienced3 Maibritt has experienced
b John	4 Martina has experienced
c Margaret	a being unprepared for extreme weather.
■ Do you think winning a lot of money would have a	b travelling from a hot place to a cold one.
ositive or a negative effect?	c nothing extraordinary.d a feeling of helplessness.
Watch video 4c. <u>Underline</u> the correct words to	What do you know about Antarctica?
complete the sentences.	
 Ollie concentrates on the positive / negative consequences. Ollie would choose a job which was well paid / enjoyable. 	c Watch video 5c. <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
3 At the moment, Chris feels satisfied / dissatisfied.4 At first, John would feel he didn't want / deserve the money.	1 Anna wouldn't live in Antarctica because there aren't many
5 Margaret would give the money away / make it a positive	people / are too many dangerous animals.
experience.	2 Matt had <i>higher lower</i> expectations of Antarctica before he spoke to someone who worked there.
	3 Unlike Anna and Matt, Maibritt mentions <i>animal life l</i>
Init 5: Chance	industry / the weather in Antarctica.
	4 Maibritt would live there for a few <i>weeks / months</i> .
a ◀ Would you rather live somewhere really hot or	5 What Martina knows about Antarctica comes from the media / personal experience.
eally cold?	6 Martina can / can't imagine being there.
Watch video 5a and tick (\checkmark) the correct answers.	
1 Anna of wearing jumpers.	Unit 6: Around the globe
a 🗹 doesn't like the idea	•
b understands the benefits	Mhat kind of places do you like to go to on
c doesn't see the point 2 Anna and Matt both about clothes.	holiday?
a agree	a Watch video 6a. Match 1–5 with a–e to make
b talk	sentences.
c complain	1 @ All the speakers talk about
3 Matt feels in hot conditions.	2 Two of the speakers mention
a ∐ relaxed b ∏ ill	3 Lauren likes 4 Lauren doesn't like
c uncomfortable	5 Jo mentions
4 Maibritt would prefer somewhere	a Italy.
a cold	b walking trips.
b ☐ neither cold nor hot c ☐ hot	c the people you see. d the food.
5 Martina mentions California as an example of a place	e the beach.
where a it gets too hot	What's the best holiday you've ever had?
b the weather doesn't change much c the weather makes her uncomfortable	b Watch video 6b. <u>Underline</u> the correct words to
	complete the sentences.
	1 Rachel went on this holiday <u>after her wedding</u> / 10 days ago.
	2 The Maldives met Rachel's expectations / disappointed her.
	3 Jo had <i>never always</i> thought about having a holiday like this.
	4 Jo travelled mostly by bus / plane.
	5 Lauren's journey took longer because of the heat / a
	problem with the boat. 6 This delay spoiled / didn't spoil Lauren's holiday.

How do you think tourism will change in the future?

C	W	atch video 6c and tick (\checkmark) the correct answers.		
	1	Rachel thinks more people will		
		a stay at home		
		b travel around their own country c go abroad		
	2	One reason for this is		
		a environmental issues		
		b plane travel is cheap		
	2	c people have a lack of options		
	3	Lauren disagrees with Rachel about a what people think about the environment		
		b the standard of hotels		
		c the costs involved		
	4	Lauren thinks that most people will have		
		a ☐ eco-holidays b ☐ the same kind of holidays as now		
		c more cultural holidays		
	5	Jo uses space tourism as an example of a direction which		
		is a completely different		
		b a waste of money		
		c of no personal interest		
U	ni	t 7: City living		
7		Do you get easily stressed?		
	_	bo you get easily stresseu:		
a	W	atch video 7a and tick (\checkmark) the correct answers.		
	1	Deborah considers stress to be		
		a ✓ a challenge b something to be avoided		
		c a personal problem		
	2	An example of stress Deborah gives is		
		a difficult children		
		b not doing things on time c life-or-death situations		
	3	Tony gets into stressful situations.		
		a never		
		b occasionally		
	1	c often		
	4	Tony's stressful situations are usually the result of		
		a where he lives		
		b inconvenient phone calls		
	5	c the demands of relatives		
	J	One way for Arian to relax is a playing the piano		
		b meeting friends		
		c sport		
	6	Margaret thinks she is lucky because she		
		a has always been quite relaxed b is fit and healthy		
		c has no stress in her life		
	7	Andrew gets stressed		
		a all the time		
		b when he's driving		

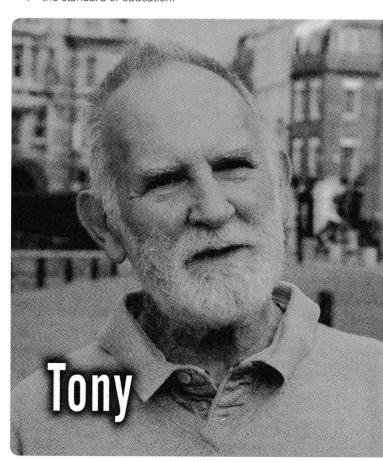
c unless he listens to music

Do you think people are more stressed nowadays than they were fifty years ago?

- **b** Watch video 7b. <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Deborah bases her opinion on what <u>she has read</u> / relatives have told her about the past.
 - 2 Arian agrees / disagrees with Deborah.
 - 3 Margaret thinks it is particularly difficult for *younger / unemployed* people.
 - 4 Margaret also thinks that *low salaries I long working hours* are an issue.
 - 5 Margaret and Andrew both mention *the pace of life I difficult decisions to be made.*
 - 6 Andrew talks about the *positive I negative* role of technology.

™ What do you like about the area where you live?

- **c** Watch video 7c. Match 1–6 with a–f to make sentences.
 - 1 d Deborah likes
 - 2 Tony criticises
 - 3 Arian appreciates
 - 4 Arian doesn't like
 - 5 Andrew likes
 - 6 Andrew dislikes
 - a socialising with the same group.
 - b the number of places to sit.
 - c the local transport.
 - d the cultural life.
 - e being near the sea.
 - f the standard of education.



Unit 8: Dilemmas

Is it important to plan how you spend your money?

- **a** Watch video 8a. Match 1–5 with a–e to make sentences.
 - 1 c Caroline talks about
 - 2 Dave and Caroline both mention
 - 3 Jessie talks about
 - 4 Colin and Gary agree that
 - 5 Only Gary mentions
 - a planning is very important.
 - b being spontaneous with money.
 - c being happy with the money you have.
 - d buying property.
 - e wasting money.

Bo ■ Do you prefer using cash or cards?

- **b** Watch video 8b. <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Caroline has a *slight / strong* preference for cash.
 - 2 Dave prefers cash because this is more traditional / easier.
 - 3 Jessie uses *cash machines* / *her phone* a lot in dealing with money.
 - 4 Colin thinks cards are more economical / easier to use.
 - 5 Gary's story about the café shows he doesn't *organise his* cash very well / like cash very much.



Do you think people spend more money if they use a credit card than if they use cash?

C	atch video 8c and tick (✓) the correct answers.	
	1	Caroline thinks spending cash a is just more interesting b makes you feel better about what you buy c has a more immediate effect on people
	2	Dave speaks for people. a the majority of b some c a significant amount of
	3	Colin thinks money affects people's spending habits. a the size of b greed of c seeing your
	4	Gary between cards and cash. a sees no difference b finds it difficult to choose c sees a big difference

Unit 9: Discoveries

What advice would you give me if I had a bad cold?

- **a** Watch video 9a. Match 1–4 with a–d to make sentences.
 - 1 d Lynne recommends
 - 2 Steph recommends
 - 3 Alwyn recommends
 - 4 Chloe recommends
 - a not spreading infection.
 - b two kinds of drinks.
 - c not doing anything too demanding.
 - d covering yourself in something warm.

What do you think has been the biggest breakthrough in medical science?

- **b** Watch video 9b. <u>Underline</u> the correct words to complete the sentences.
 - 1 Lynne and Steph name technology / medicine.
 - 2 Alwyn names a result of research / medicine.
 - 3 Claire talks about health problems which *are the result of accidents / exist from birth*.
 - 4 Claire believes the new treatment is completely successful / has almost solved the problem.
 - 5 Chloe names DNA sequencing because it *has led to I was the result of* other breakthroughs.

What medical invention would you most like to exist? **c** Watch video 9c and tick (✓) the correct answers. 1 Lynne names a method of _____ the brain's information. a sharing b 🗸 keeping c hiding 2 Steph names a treatment which would be _____ a universal b well known c fast-working 3 Alwyn thinks the invention will be based on ____ a a lucky guess b professional experience c previous research 4 Claire thinks the problem is that ___ a cancer can't be cured b there are many types of cancer Alyssia c inventions take a long time 5 The tone of Chloe's answer is _____ a joking b disappointed c bitter **Unit 10: Possibilities** What did you dream of becoming when you were a What would be your dream job? **a** Watch video 10a and tick (✓) the correct answers. **b** Watch video 10b. Match 1-6 with a-f to make 1 Alyssia bases her choice on ______ sentences. a financial rewards 1 e Alyssia 2 Dan c the opportunity to be famous 3 Alyssia and Lottie both 2 In the army, Dan ______. 4 Tim a designs weapons 5 Elizabeth 6 Tom c fixes vehicles a gave up on an idea because of the lifestyle. 3 Dan wants to stay in the army _____. b realises it is probably too late to do this. a for a long time c wanted to design buildings. b until he retires d had no idea at all of a future profession. c for a short period e wanted to find objects from the past. 4 Lottie talks about a job which ____ f had lots of different ideas. a has no name b has long working days Is it ever too late to make a big change in your life? c involves organising events

5 Tim works with _____

6 Elizabeth says her priority is _

c teenagers and young adults

c doing something practical

a developing a successful businessb her free time

7 Tom is ______ about his future career.

a a range of ages b teenagers only

a ___ certain

b undecided c confused

c Watch video 10c. Underline the correct words to

1 Alyssia's grandfather started <u>learning languages</u> / a new

3 Lottie thinks that change is possible in relationships if people like each other enough / want the same thing. 4 Tim wants to think / definitely believes that it is possible to

5 Elizabeth thinks that it is a question of motivation / chance.

6 Tom thinks that age is important / unimportant.

complete the sentences.

job in a foreign country.

make a change.

2 Dan disagrees / agrees with Alyssia.

Audioscripts

Unit 1

D 1.1

The other day I was walking down the street when I saw Sam Carter, you know, the famous film director. I was really excited because he has been one of my favourite directors for ages and I watch his films all the time. 'What is he doing here?' I thought to myself. There was only one way to find out. Sam was going into a café, but I stopped him before he got inside and said, 'Hi, Sam!' He smiled at me and we started to talk outside. Me and Sam Carter! He always looks so serious in photos, but he's a really friendly guy. In the end, Sam invited me for a coffee. Then he told me why he was in town. His film company were making a new film and they have lots of new faces in it, just ordinary people, but they need some more. 'How about you?' Sam asked. 'Have you watched any of my films? Do you want to be in one?' I was so shocked I dropped my cup on the floor! The hot coffee went all over Sam; he screamed and ran outside. I lost my big chance!

1.2

/e/: desert, helpful, identity, sensitive, slept /ɪ/: desire, prizes, revise /ɜː/: concerned, dessert, prefer, service

1.3

FABIO Hi, there. Have you got five minutes? **GABRIELLA** Sure, what did you want to talk to me about?

- **F** Well, I'm doing a triathlon next month. Didn't you read my post?
- **G** No, I haven't seen it. A triathlon, wow! What for? It sounds really tough!
- **F** It's not easy, yeah, swimming, cycling, then running.
- G Which of those is the most difficult?
- F All of them! Er, weren't you a good swimmer once?
- G Yeah, once. What are you looking at me like that for?
- F Do you think you could coach me?
- **G** I don't know whether I've got enough time. Can I think about it and phone you later?
- **F** No problem. That's great, I'll swim a lot faster with your help.
- G Who knows? You might win!

1.4

You don't need to get a very expensive camera. These have a lot of functions you just don't need. Do you understand what I mean?

But whatever camera you buy, read the instructions carefully. Make sure you know what your camera can do. Have you got that?

When you take a photo, the most important thing is the light. Basically, the more light, the better, so choose the right time of the day and place. Do you get the idea? Always remember to keep still. If the camera moves about, you get a bad photo.

Another thing to remember is to take your time. Only real professionals can take good photos in a hurry. Is that clear? Do you want me to explain any of this again?

1.5

- 1 I must go and see her soon.
- 2 The nurse said I must eat less bread.
- 3 We've got to have more help.
- 4 Sorry, you can't take one with you.
- 5 Haven't any of the people arrived?
- 6 Sarah said she didn't do the homework.
- 7 Claudia has been there, hasn't she?
- 8 The shop might open again.
- 9 We can't use our phones here.10 Children mustn't play ball games.

MICHAEL What are you reading?

SARAH An article about this guy ... Frane ... Selak.

M Who's that?

\$ He's a man from Croatia ... They've called him the unluckiest man in the world. It looks like he's had an incredible life.

- M Incredible, how?
- Well ... It started in the 1960s. He says he was on a train that came off the tracks and crashed into a river – 17 people died, but he survived!
- M Lucky.
- S He did break his arm, though. Anyway, the next year he was flying on a small plane, which also crashed. The incredible thing was that as it was about to crash, one of the doors opened the article says it had a fault and he was sucked out. He landed safely but nobody on the plane survived!
- M That's amazing!
- I know. Then a few years later, he was in a bus accident. There was heavy rain and the bus driver lost control on the wet roads and crashed into a river. He survived, although four people drowned. Then he was in a car that caught fire while he was driving it on the motorway. He managed to get out with seconds to spare before the fuel tank exploded.
- **M** Wow. I don't think I ever want to travel with this guy ...
- **S** Yeah, but that's not all ... He got hit by a bus in 1995.
- M But he was OK?
- S Of course. And then the year after, he had another car crash. He was driving on a road in the mountains and he had to turn out of the way of a lorry coming in the other direction. So then his car went off the edge of the mountain and when it hit the bottom, it exploded. But Selak was OK because he'd managed to jump out just before it went over the edge. He was found holding onto a tree near the side of the road.
- M That's just amazing.
- S Yeah
- **M** But I don't know whether he's unlucky or extremely lucky.
- S Well, the story's not finished yet. Apparently in 2003, he won the Croatian lottery. With the first ticket he'd ever bought.
- M No way!
- \$ That's what it says! So in the end, he's definitely lucky, not unlucky!
- M Or maybe a mix of both.
- **S** Yeah, maybe.
- M Do you think it's true, all that? Can all these things really happen to one person?
- \$ I don't know. I don't think everyone believes it. And it says there's no record of any plane crash in Croatia in the 1960s.
- M Mmm
- S So I don't know. What do you think?
- **M** Well, it's a fascinating story, so I want to believe it's true. But who knows?
- S Year
- M What did he do with the lottery money, by the way?
- \$ Well, first he bought himself a luxury home, that kind of thing. But then he decided to sell it and give most of the money away to friends and family because he thought that money couldn't buy happiness.
- M Well, it could all be true then. Anyone who would give away all their lottery winnings must be a really good person, so they wouldn't make up a story like that. I think that's quite inspiring.

Unit 2

D 2.1

One evening some years ago, I was thinking about what to do when my friend Janice phoned. Janice was in a good mood because she had finished all her exams and she was free now. She came round and we decided to go for a walk. We hadn't gone very far when we saw something very unusual inside the old building near the market. Years earlier the place burnt down. No one knew how the fire had started, but ever since then the place had been empty. Anyway, in one of

the windows we saw a face, the face of a young girl. She obviously had been crying because there were still tears on her face. It was getting dark by then, but we could still see her quite clearly. 'Did you see that?' I whispered to Janice. We had never been in this building before and felt a bit scared, but we went inside to find the girl. She was wearing some really old clothes, they were dirty and smelt of smoke. 'I didn't get out.' she said, crying again. 'I was too late!' We looked at each other and ran all the way home. The place is now a restaurant and all our friends wonder why Janice and I will never go there with them!

() 2.2

- 1 We'd been swimming in the sea.
- 2 The fishing had been fun and I wanted to try it again.
- 3 I'm not sure what's been decided.
- 4 What had they been doing on the journey?
- 5 He's been told to rest at home.
- 6 Tim had been learning to ride a bike.
- 7 She'd never been climbing in her life.
- 8 Her husband's been worrying about her.
- 9 The expedition had been my idea at first.
- 10 The TV people had been trying to interview him.

() 2.3

MARIO Hi, Silvia. Are you coming camping with us? SILVIA If you still want me to, sure.

- M Great. It should be good fun unless the weather gets bad.
- **S** As long as we get a couple of days of decent weather. I don't mind. What do I need to take?
- M The usual stuff. When I get home, I'll text you the list I've made just in case. You don't need to worry about food though. I've packed enough provided you like pasta. That's the easiest thing to make.
- S Fine. In case we run out of pasta, I'll take some tins and rice.
- **M** Good idea. If you want, bring some cards. We could play at night.
- S I'll do that provided I don't forget. Text me tomorrow as soon as you get up.
- M OK. Remember to buy pepper spray because we might see bears.
- s If I see a bear, I'll run all the way home!

D 2.4

MIKE It's a beautiful day!

LUCY It's lovely, isn't it? Why don't we go to the beach?

- M Yes, let's do that, shall we?
- L We could drive but let's walk, we need the exercise.
- M We do, don't we? I'll get my things.
- L Last time you forgot your towel.
- **M** I didn't have it with me, did I, so I borrowed yours. Anyway, let's go.
- L That was great, wasn't it? I feel really hungry now.
- M Me too. This place looks good.
- L Yeah, we've been here before, haven't we? It does really good pizza.
- M That's right. Oh, I haven't got my wallet. You couldn't lend me some money, could you?
- L First a towel, then your wallet, you never remember anything.
- M Well, we're friends, aren't we? Let's go inside.

D 2.5

- A You're so good at singing.
- B Do you think so?
- 2 A Your hair is amazing!
- B I'm glad vou like it.
- 3 A You really managed to get it just right.
- B Guess it's not bad.
- 4 A The colour is just perfect.
- B It's not bad, is it?
- 5 A It's so tasty!B It's alright.
- 6 A That was a lovely present!
 - **B** I'm glad you like it.

D 2.6

- 1 It was a great idea, wasn't it?
- 2 You don't know where Oxford Street is, do you?
- 3 That's obvious, isn't it?
- 4 They just didn't understand, did they?
- 5 He hasn't finished university yet, has he?
- 6 I'm not on the team, am I?
- 7 They will be able to do it, won't they?
- 8 You've been there before, haven't you?
- 9 She's forgotten all about it, hasn't she?
- 10 She's not going to agree, is she?

2.7

ANNOUNCER A woman reported missing over a month ago has been found safe. Alicia Lone, who works as an assistant chef, was expected home shortly after 9 pm. Her family were not initially concerned, as she had recently got involved with a sports club and often went there after work, before returning home. But when she still hadn't returned by early next morning, they contacted the police. Here's Michael Sanderson with the full report.

REPORTER When Alicia Lone went missing last month, it seemed a complete mystery. Police knew she had left work by car after her shift finished at 8:15 pm, but after that, there were no signs of her at all. But last Saturday, the mystery was solved -Lone was found alive inside her car, under over a metre of snow, where she had managed to survive for 15 days. Police say there was no problem with her car and that it seems she got into trouble when she decided, because of the heavy snow, to take a different route. But she didn't get very far - her car was found two kilometres from the main road. Police say she stopped soon after turning because the road was so bad, but was unable to turn back. She then spent a night in the car expecting to be able to get home the next day, but the snow got heavier and her car got totally stuck. Earlier, I spoke to Police Sergeant Granger, who gave us further details.

POLICE OFFICER We've only been able to speak very briefly to Lone at the hospital so we don't know the full story yet. But it seems she turned up that road to try and avoid some of the snow on the main road, but obviously she didn't get anywhere and became stuck. Very few cars travel around this area during this winter period unless there's some special reason, so she wasn't able to get anyone's attention to ask for help. So nobody saw her until yesterday, when a road maintenance crew went up there to check on the state of the road and saw the car under all the snow. When they found her, she was basically asleep. We could see she'd been eating in the car, that she had had some food in there, and she'd also been drinking melted snow. But it's incredible that she was able to survive with so little, really.

- **R** Did they give you any idea at the hospital *how* she survived?
- P0 Well when she was found, her body temperature was very low and they think that because of the cold weather her body just kind of went to sleep, like some animals do in winter. She couldn't speak or walk when we found her. So the doctors say her body basically went to sleep, so she didn't need much food or water. But she was sure lucky.
- R And do they think she's going to be OK?
- PO They think so, yes she's going to make a full recovery. She has a few problems now but she should get over them fine.
- R So, it's a story with a happy ending, fortunately. We'll give you more news on Lone's condition as soon as we get it.

Unit 3

(>) 3.1

When I was at school, I didn't think I was good at anything. The other kids picked things up really quickly, but I didn't and everyone looked down on me as some kind of loser. The only thing that interested me was cars and I spent ages in the garage with my mum's old car looking into how it worked. My mum wasn't into cars

at all though and she was tired of me going on about them all the time. Anyway, one day there was a school trip. We set off by coach and were going down the road when the coach suddenly stopped. I thought we had run out of petrol, but the driver told us there was an engine problem and he would have to call the garage. I went to see for myself and quickly figured out what to do: I just needed to put back a cable. After ten minutes, the coach was on the road again. After that, everyone looked up to me and I realised there was something I could do well. When I left school, I set up my own car repair business and now I'm doing really well.

3.2

MARIANA Have you heard of this writer Daniel Kalder?
LOUIS Yes, I read Strange Telescopes some time ago.
It's a brilliant book

- **M** I agree. Kalder has got this ability to make a serious statement but make you laugh at the same time.
- L It really is outstanding. I just wish I had some talent for writing.
- M Kalder is successful because he's spent so many years improving his style. That kind of hard work is exceptional.
- L True. I don't think many people have heard of Kalder yet, but he has the potential to be a really well-known writer.
- M He is very skilled at what he does, so good luck to him.

3.3

Samantha Hill has just broken a new world record! Yesterday in Manchester she ran 100 metres backwards in 16.5 seconds. Samantha is only 17, but she has already beaten all the best runners in the world. She started retro-running - running backwards - when she was 14 as a bit of fun, but soon she was winning lots of competitions and now she is the best in the world. We spoke to the new world-record holder. 'It's amazing! I've been training since January for this and I've tried three times to get this world record, but today was the day. I don't even have a trainer - I've been looking for one for the past few years, but no one has contacted me yet. Sorry ... I'm still very emotional. Excuse me ...' We could see she had been crying. Samantha then ran away - forwards - with tears running down her cheeks.

3.4

Everyone thinks that professional sportspeople get paid a lot of money to compete, but this is not always true. The top athletes in smaller sports like handball, mountain running and women's cricket don't earn much money. Such sports are very competitive and the athletes train hard, but even if they represent their country, they often can't make a living from their sport. Unfortunately, victory in championships and new world records very often don't mean money, especially if the sport isn't popular on TV. But maybe this doesn't matter if the athletes enjoy what they do and spectators are happy to watch them perform and cheer for them. Money isn't everything, after all.

3.5

ELENA I know you like athletics, but do you ever take part in competitions?

DIMA Sometimes – in fact I'm going to compete in the national championships next weekend.

- E So you're almost a professional athlete then?
- D Not really, it's hardly a profession but I do a lot of training and I'm hoping for a good performance. There'll be a lot of strong competitors and I'll have to perform really well on the day.
- E So victory might be yours then and we'll welcome the victorious champion home?
- D Don't laugh, I might win!

(F) 3.6

	1	game	came	6	save	safe
	2	beach	peach	7	pie	buy
	3	ferry	very	8	pig	pick
	4	simple	symbol	9	pack	back
	5	girl	curl	10	have a	have to

3.7

TINA Mark, I've been going through my cupboards and I've found some old photos from school. Do you want to look at them?

MARK Yeah, of course!

- T Right, well, here they are. There are quite a lot ... Look at this one – do you remember her? Martina?
- **M** Oh yes, Martina ... I do. She was brilliant at maths, and all those kinds of subjects, wasn't she?
- T Yeah. I wonder what happened to her. Probably became an economist or something.
- M Yeah, I reckon. Anyway, I bet she's really successful, whatever she's doing.
- T Oh, and here's one with you in it.
- M Yeah, but who's that with me? I don't recognise her.
- That's Julia. Don't you remember her?
- **M** Oh yeah, Julia, of course. She was really talented at sports, wasn't she?
- T Yeah, tennis especially, I think.
- M Well, I haven't seen her for years anyway.
- T No. I know that she lives in Madrid now.
- M Really?
- T Yeah, she's been living there a while. I don't know what she's doing there though.
- M I didn't like her much, to be honest. She was always a bit too ... competitive.
- T Yeah, I know what you mean. She wasn't exactly my favourite person either. We both represented the school at athletics, but she was always so arrogant. Like she thought she was better than us. And she was always going on about tennis!
- M I wouldn't say she was arrogant, to be honest. Just too competitive for me!
- T Hmm, look at this one. It's me, you, and Mr Edwards.
- M The best teacher ever!
- T Hmm, I'm not sure about that.
- M Come on! I thought he was exceptional. He was the only one that made me really feel I had any ability. You know what I was like at school. But he really seemed to believe in me.
- T Well, I suppose what I liked was that he made us try out new things. But anyway ... have a look at this one.
- M Oh, that's Sarah.
- T Yeah. Didn't you fall out with her once? At a party or something?
- M More than once, I think. We didn't get on in fact, nobody at school got on with her.
- T Right, let's move on quickly then! Here, look it's our whole class, after a French lesson, isn't it?
- M Yeah, look, there's the French teacher.
- T Mrs Taylor.
- **M** Yep. That classroom doesn't bring back too many happy memories, I have to say.
- T But you have a talent for languages. You speak French really well now, and Spanish.
- M Yeah, but the lessons at school weren't for me. I'd say that Mrs Taylor was skilled at teaching grammar, but we never did any kind of speaking practice, did we? I can only actually speak French because I've been to France so often, and spoken to real French people.
- T Mmm. Ah well, here's the last one. A school trip, but I don't know where we were.
- M No, nor do I. That just looks like a field in the middle of nowhere! I used to love the school trips, though.
- Yeah, they were fun. And sometimes we even learned something!
- M Sometimes, yeah. But most of the time it was just good to get out of school for a day!

Unit 4

(-) 4.1

Richard Morgan lives on a boat on a canal in London. His life used to be very different a few months ago. Richard left university in 2005 and got a great job in a law firm. It was interesting and well paid, but a very hard job. Richard used to work 12 to 14 hours a day and sometimes he would sleep at the office because it was so late. Richard realised that this kind of life was killing him. 'I was used to spending all my time at work, it was normal for me, that was the frightening thing,' Richard says. On Sundays Richard would go for a walk down the canal and he always enjoyed this. So one day, when he had had enough, he decided to change his life completely.

He gave up his job, bought a boat and said goodbye to his stressful life as a lawyer. 'It was a big contrast, I still haven't got used to the ducks waking me up, but it's a great life,' he says. 'My family and friends were shocked at first, but now they are used to visiting me on my boat and they know I'm happy.'

A.2

KATE So what's it like to be a firefighter, William?
WILLIAM It's really tough, much harder than I
thought. The training is very rigorous and the
instructors really stretch us.

K But you've finished all the training?

- W Not yet. It's not so straightforward to become a firefighter. First, there's this arduous training schedule and then a tricky written test to do at the end.
- **K** Well, you do like a challenge! It sounds like a very demanding job.

> 4.3

- 1 umbrella 2 pullover
- 6 attitude
- 2 pullover3 useless
- 7 result 8 influential
- 3 useless
- o iniliuential
- 4 sugar 5 supper
- 9 enthusiasm

A.4

MARK Education is getting worse and worse in this country.

LILY Oh, I don't know. Some things are improving.
 M Like what? Teachers don't know what they are doing.

L I'm not sure about that. They work very hard.

- M Yes, but they need more training.
- Maybe you're right, but teachers are not the real problem.
- M True kids just don't want to study.
- L Really, do you think so?
- **M** I do. They spend far too much time messing about on computers.
- L I know what you mean, but on the other hand technology is so central.
- \boldsymbol{M} Hang on, someone's texting me \dots

> 4.5

- 1 **A** It was an absolutely terrible hotel! I never want to go there again.
 - **B** Oh, I don't know. It wasn't that bad.
- 2 A I really didn't like that film. It was so boring!
 - B Oh, I don't know. It wasn't that boring.
- 3 A I loved that restaurant. The menu was really original.
 - B Oh, I don't know. It wasn't that original.
- A Have you seen that new shop? It looks great!
 B Oh, I don't know. It doesn't look that great.
- 5 **A** I thought the meeting today was far too long.
- B Oh, I don't know. It wasn't that long.

(>) 4.6

REPORTER I'm here on the grounds of the University of South Norwood, on a day that many of the students here will remember for a long time – graduation day. I took the chance to speak to some of them today about this – you could maybe call it a life-changing day.

OK, so I'm here with Carl. How are you feeling today?

CARL Pretty happy! It's not been easy. I had to work really hard this summer, a lot of revision, a lot of time spent in the library or in my room with a pile of books in front of me. It was all pretty gruelling really.

R Was it worth it?

- Oh, yeah, definitely. I feel great today. All the hard work paid off, I suppose. It's really been a struggle at times I'm a full-time student, or I was, but I also had to work in a restaurant for 20 hours a week to support my studies. So it was a challenge sometimes. But today, being here with my family and getting my diploma it's great, and it's why I put all that effort in.
- R Great, well, congratulations!
- C Thank you.
- R So, Samantha, are you happy today?

SAMANTHA Of course! It means I've finished university now and I can go and find a job!

- **R** So how has it been? It must have been a lot of work for you to get through.
- \$ Well, yeah, I suppose. It's been tricky sometimes, but it's never been a struggle. I found most parts of my course quite straightforward. I always did quite well in my exams, so it wasn't a big problem really. The only thing was that I had to do my last three exams in two days that was quite demanding. But in the end, you just do it you're forced to really, there's no choice.
- R Enjoy your day.
- S Thanks.
- R OK, so we're going to speak to Luke. How are you feeling?

LUKE OK, I suppose. Yeah, pretty good.

- R You're not happy that you're graduating today?
- L Yeah, I am happy. But I'm a bit disappointed as well. I didn't get the grade I was hoping for, so today, well I'm happy, but I'm also a little bit ... sad, I suppose.
- R Sorry to hear that. Do you want to tell us what went wrong?
- L I don't know really. In my last two exams, I just didn't get very good marks, and that influenced my final grade for my whole degree. I had a really bad cold in the week before those last two exams, so I think that affected me a bit. But unless you're seriously ill on the day of the exam itself, the university doesn't take things like that into account. I don't think it's right because it probably had an effect on my performance in those two exams.
- **R** Well, I hope you enjoy your day despite your disappointment.
- L Thanks.
- R So, Jane, how are you feeling right now?

JANE I feel great! And relieved! It means I can relax a bit.

- **R** What kinds of things will you remember about your time at university?
- J Mainly being tired, I think! It's been a pretty punishing time. As you can probably tell, I'm a bit older than most of the students graduating today. I was 40 when I decided to go to university. None of my friends had ever gone to university, nobody in my family. So that really stretched me, really challenged me. But that's also why I wanted to do it.
- **R** And what's the future for you now? Have you found a job yet?
- J Well, I already had a job I never gave it up. But hopefully, having a degree will open up a few more opportunities for me at work. I was a bit stuck before, I think.
- R Thanks, and best of luck.
- J Thanks.

Unit 5

> 5.1

KATY Have you read this article, Josh? It says there's a good chance our generation will live to be 150 years old!

JOSH Who knows, what it says may be true. But what evidence is there?

- K Advances in medicine will certainly be a factor, and people won't die from all sorts of diseases common today. Also, technology will probably make everyday life easier.
- J Fine, but I doubt if many people will want to live that long. It's unlikely that it'll be much fun to be 150.
- K The article says that we may well be able to work until that age. There's a good chance that machines will do all the hard work, like washing and cleaning, so that we do easier tasks, like making phone calls.
- J Interesting. I'm sure there'll even be a special Olympics for people over 100!
- K Yes, it's bound to happen, so start training!

() 5.2

- 1 think 2 athletic
- 7 the 8 breathing

9

- 3 breath 4 Farth
- Earth
- 10 either 11 leather

clothes

- 5 length 6 month
- 12 though

5.3

Let's travel to the year 2049! We won't be living on Earth because pollution and wars will have destroyed the old planet. Instead, planet Zeus will be our home. Giant space ships will have transported everyone and everything from Earth before it exploded in 2045. Zeus won't be a bad place to live and some things will go on as normal. Adults will be going to work every morning. Children will be studying at school and old people will be complaining about almost everything. Many things will be different, though. Because of the different atmosphere, our hair will have turned green - at least it won't have fallen out - and we will be walking about in space suits. Special tablets will have replaced food and drink, so we won't be cooking at all and we won't be eating out at restaurants. Yes, life will have changed quite a lot. Welcome to 2049, and the future we will have created.

5.4

MAGDA You know, I'm seriously thinking of taking this job in Paris.

ROMAN No wonder! One good thing about it is the higher salary. It's basically a promotion.

- M True, but the trouble with that is more pressure and stress. A big disadvantage of the position I've been offered is that I'll have too much to do.
- **R** Come on, one of the best things about you is how you respond to a challenge.
- M I suppose so ... Another problem with this job offer is that I'll need to improve my French and fast!
- R No need to worry about that either. The advantage of living and working in a foreign country is that you learn the language quickly.
- M You have an answer to everything!
- R The only drawback of the job I can see is the size of the company. Do you really want to work in a company that big?
- M If they pay me enough money, yes!

> 5.5

- A How about eating out tonight for a change?
- B It's an idea, I suppose. Where shall we go?
- A There's a new Thai place which has just opened.
- **B** Mm, I don't know about that. I'm not so keen on spicy food.
- A Well, there's the Italian just up the hill.
- B That might be worth a try and it's not far.
- A Let's walk there, it's a lovely day.
- B Yes, that makes sense. I need the exercise!
- A We could invite Amelia and Rob, too.
- **B** That's not a bad idea. They'd need to drive there, though.
- A Then they could give us a lift if we feel too lazy to walk back.
- **B** That's a possibility, although we might have to invite them in for a coffee or something.
- A So I've got an excuse to make one of your favourite lemon cakes.
- B That's a great idea! You haven't made one for ages.

5.6

- 1 The trouble is it could take a long time to get the money.
- 2 The good thing about it is we're not far away from the centre.
- 3 The problem is people are starting to talk about her.
- 4 The advantage is the price isn't very high.
- 5 The drawback is no one really knows what's going to happen.
- 6 The advantage is we can see a lot more of each other.
- 7 The trouble is I'm not sure I've got time to help him.
- 8 A definite disadvantage is it means selling the car.

() 5.7

ANDREW What's that you're reading on the Internet, Fran?

FRAN It's just a news story. It's about a supermarket chain. It has most of the products that a normal supermarket has, but it doesn't sell anything with packaging – so nothing's sealed in plastic, not fruit, not vegetables, not even meat or eggs.

- A Really? How does that work?
- F Well, you just take along your own bags, or boxes, or whatever.

Audioscripts

- A Oh, I see ... Isn't that a bit complicated?
- F Or you can actually get bags there. But then you bring them back and use them again and again.
- A Well, I suppose it sounds like a good idea. But I don't think I'll be going to a supermarket like that by choice.
- F Why?
- A Well, when I do the shopping I just want to get everything done quickly. I don't want to have to worry about bringing my own boxes or packing things myself.
- F But it's much more environmentally friendly!
- A Sure, I imagine it is, but I'm too busy for that kind of thing. And anyway, I already do quite a lot. I'm aware that we have to think about global warming, so I don't use the car too much, I throw litter in the bin, I turn the tap off when I'm brushing my teeth, that kind of thing.
- F I really don't think that taking some extra bags to the supermarket is going to take you that much time! Just think of all the damage that's caused by plastic packaging. Producing it pollutes the Earth's atmosphere and that's the kind of thing that causes climate change.
- A Well..
- F But it's not just that it has a big impact in general.
 A lot of packaging ends up in the sea, in rivers ...
- **A** I know. You're probably right. I suppose I'm probably just a bit lazy.
- F Well, I know it's not easy. But there are lots of things I think we could all do to reduce our carbon footprint ...
- A Like what:
- **F** Well, only taking public transport, for example. Never using the car.
- A Not easy.
- **F** I know, but there's a difference between 'not easy' and 'impossible'. Or we could all become vegetarian.
- A Does that help the environment?
- F Yes, because producing meat actually uses a lot of energy and water, much more than producing vegetables.
- A Does it? Oh. I'd no idea.
- **F** And it takes up more space, too. More land, I mean, to farm all those big cows ...
- A Well, I guess that could be a good reason to cut down on meat. But do you really think people are going to be happy to change their lifestyles like this?
- F No, that's my point. We could all do more, but we don't. We just talk about what we should do.
- A Personally, I think there's a chance that technology will save us. You know, if we're able to come up with technology that doesn't harm the environment, like electric cars, factories that don't pollute the air, really efficient machines that don't use much energy ...
- F Yeah, there's always that hope, but I think we'll have destroyed the planet before we manage to come up with smart enough technology.
- **A** I suppose we'll see. I'm not as pessimistic as you, though.
- F Well, one thing's for sure if we don't start to deal with the problem, then people on this planet will be paying for it for a long time.

Unit 6

(F) 6.1

HELEN Hi, Max, glad to see you. How's your summer?

MAX Boring! I'm looking forward to going back to college. Sitting in front of the computer all day is not my idea of a holiday.

- H Why don't you go somewhere to have a break? I think it's really important to get away from everything once in a while.
- M Travelling is a waste of time. I remember visiting Paris last spring. I tried to see the Mona Lisa in the Louvre, but there were so many people I couldn't even get in the room, which was just as well as I'd forgotten to take my camera. Anyway, I'm not interested in walking around in crowds of tourists.
- H Sorry to hear that but look, stop being so negative. You obviously like art, that's why you were in the Louvre, so why not do something connected with that? I can see you doing something creative.
- M I've tried painting and I wasn't too bad at it.

H There you are, you may go on to be in the Louvre yourself!

6.2

Welcome to Niagara Falls! This is your personal audio guidebook. Remember to turn the volume up quite high because it's pretty noisy here. You can hear the water pouring down the Falls, millions of litres every minute. If you want to admire the view, press the red button to stop the guide, and then the blue button to continue and go on listening. It's amazing to think that the Falls have been here for 10,000 years. Basically, ice melting into the Niagara river made it powerful enough to cut a huge piece out of the rock. More about this later. Back to today, millions of tourists come to visit the Falls each year. Having so many visitors is great, but all the activity causes a lot of damage, so we are trying to protect the Falls as much as possible. So...

() 6.3

The Grovepark hotel is located in a perfect setting on the outskirts of Casterbridge just half an hour away from the city centre and minutes from the trails going up into the Wessex hills. It's an ideal conference venue with a number of features delegates will appreciate. Whether you're outside relaxing on the terrace admiring the views over your coffee, or inside in the lobby bar, you'll feel completely at home.

6.4

- a We had some superb meals in an excellent local restaurant.
- Most of the paintings come from private collections.
- c My holiday in Rome was quite an experience.
- d The highlight of the trip was probably the music festival.
- e Crete is the largest island in Greece.
- f The train terminal is a short walk from the airport.

6.5

Speak any language in 30 days! That's right, with our new computer course, any language can be learnt effortlessly and perfectly. This is made possible by an amazing piece of software which today is being used by thousands of people studying 25 different languages in the comfort of their own homes. It's so simple. All the work is done online and the course is complete. No expensive extras have to be bought. But don't listen to us, listen to our customers: 'I was promoted back in January, but I needed to improve my English. This course had been recommended to me by a colleague, so I bought it and the results were amazing! Now I am being considered for an overseas post and I'm hoping my salary will be increased.' (Jackie Lee, 32)

'I have been given a completely new direction in life by this course. Now I can communicate with people all over the world. I'm so glad I was persuaded to sign up.' (Mabel Smith, 89).

What are you waiting for? Send us an email and you will be contacted by our customer care team in 24 hours.

Goodbye! Adios! Poka! Ciao!

() 6.6

- A Professor, why is it important to keep languages alive?
- B Because the survival of languages means the preservation of cultures, too.
- A Are there many languages being lost?
- **B** You can see the disappearance of smaller languages all the time.
- A Can you give any examples?
- **B** Belorussian, the language in Belarus, hasn't died out, but it is in decline and future generations might not speak it at all.
- A What about the opposite?
- B There has been a revival in the Celtic language of Cornish.
- A But what causes language loss?
- B Basically, competition with bigger languages. The increase in English as a major international language is a massive factor. The effect goes beyond just language.
- A What do you mean?

- **B** Well, globalisation can also mean a deterioration in local customs.
- A That sounds depressingly true.

(P) 6.7

- 1 A I hope you don't mind my asking but are you around this weekend?
 - B Yes, I am. Do you need a favour?
- A Hi, Rosie. There's an idea I'd like to run past you.

 B What's that?
- 3 A I was wondering if you wouldn't mind helping me with something?
 - B No, not at all. What is it?
- 4 A Great! I don't know how to thank you.
 - **B** Oh, don't worry about it.
- A Do you mind if I ask you to get my coat?
- B No problem, where is it?
- A I'm really sorry to ask you this, but could you give me a lift home?
 - B Sure, let's go.

() 6.8

MARION Good to see you, Derek! Do you mind if I ask you something?

DEREK No, not at all. Go right ahead.

- M I hope you don't mind my asking, but I was wondering if you wouldn't mind writing a few words for the club website? We're trying to get members' profiles on there.
- It sounds good and I'm happy to help. Just tell me what kind of thing you're looking at.
- M Super, I really appreciate it.
- D It's no trouble at all.

() 6.9

- 1 I'm not sure people watch as much television as they used to.
- 2 She's also the author of a collection of children's books.
- 3 There are several causes of damage to our fragile environment.
- 4 I never got to know her niece very well, though.
- 5 The report suggests taking a fresh look at the health system.
- 6 It's an adventure story which starts with the main character in prison.
- 7 There was a lot of confusion and embarrassment when I put the question.
- 8 I do appreciate how urgent this matter has become.
- 9 A Thanks anyway for checking.
 - **B** It's a pleasure.
- 10 Occasionally, I have a dessert after dinner as a treat.

6.10

PRESENTER Hello, and welcome to this week's travel podcast. As you know, we normally like to invite listeners in to talk about faraway places they've visited, but this week it's almost the opposite – we're talking about 'staycations'. If you don't know what they are, well, the word 'staycation' is a combination of 'stay' and 'vacation', and it's basically a holiday that you have in your own home, or at least staying at your own home at night. Why do that? Well, for economic reasons, to avoid the stress of travelling, to explore your local area and even to enjoy your own house a little. Now, we've got three people to talk to us about their staycations. So let's speak first to Mike and hear about his ... well, I won't say trip because you didn't go anywhere.

MIKE No, I didn't!

- P But tell us about it anyway!
- M Yes, well, I had a four-day staycation last week. I took Friday and Monday off work my wife did too so we had four days in all.
- P And what did you do?
- Well, we'd done quite a bit of planning. So we knew there was a concert we wanted to go to on the Saturday night, and a photo exhibition as well. We also took a day trip to the coast and spent the day by the sea.
- P Sounds nice.
- M It was. But actually those are the things we'd do anyway, at the weekend. I think it was the little things we did differently that made the experience

interesting. So, every morning, we had a big breakfast together, like in a hotel. Normally, we just eat a bowl of cereal, generally not at the same time, but this time we prepared fresh fruit, had yoghurt, something hot like mushrooms, that kind of thing. It was great to sit together and really enjoy it.

- P OK
- M And also we had made some rules. No TV. No Internet. No checking emails. So we did different things – we read a lot. We listened to music, I even did some painting, and my wife wrote some poetry.
- P Oh, wow. OK, now let's talk to our second guest.
 Samantha, tell us about your staycation.
- SAMANTHA Well, I wanted it to be active, like an activity holiday. So I planned everything around that idea. I tried to do something active every day. So one day I went running in the countryside, another day I went cycling, then I went for a walk.

 P Sounds tiring.
- S It was, and actually on the last day, I gave up and stayed at home and slept! The other thing I did was to treat myself to a takeaway every other day. I felt I'd earned it with all that physical activity!
- P Well, thanks. Now, finally, let's hear from Louise. What did you get up to?
- LOUISE Well, my experience was more of a challenge because, unlike the other two, I've got two kids to entertain!
- P Right, so what did you do to keep them occupied?
- Well, a bit like the others, I tried to find an activity every day. So we had a trip to the zoo, going to see a football match, going out for lunch to a restaurant, cooking all together at home, going to a concert. I tried to have the same rule as Mike no TV or Internet but that was too hard with kids. They couldn't understand why we'd want to change. But overall, it went quite well. I think it felt different for the kids, compared to just staying at home during the school holidays. They felt we were all doing something different.
- P OK, thanks, Louise. So, as usual, I'll ask you all for a mark out of ten and whether you'd recommend the holiday to our listeners. So first, Louise.
- L I'd give it seven out of ten. It's not easy with kids, but it's worth a try.
- P Thanks. Samantha?
- S Eight out of ten. I'd recommend it, but it's probably better to have more variation instead of doing sport every single day!
- P OK. and Mike?
- M I really enjoyed it. You have to make an effort but if you do, I think it's a great way to spend a few days. So nine out of ten, and yes, I'd definitely recommend doing what I did.

Unit 7

P 7.1

Sleep debt means you don't have enough sleep. The causes are obvious - too much work and not enough rest basically - but what are the symptoms? Well, do you ever feel so tired in the middle of the day that you can't keep your eyes open? Do you ever get such bad headaches that you have to lie down for a while? Does this sound like you? If so, you need to do something about it. Actually, you don't need much sleep to recover from the day, but you should make sure you get enough rest - at least seven hours each day. In fact, too much sleep, more than nine hours, can be as bad as too little sleep, six hours or less. It is a good idea to have an afternoon sleep, a siesta, especially if you can't get enough hours during the night. Some people say they feel so refreshed after a siesta that they can do twice as much. By the way, don't try not to sleep at all people have died after too many days without sleep. Take my advice and go to bed straight away!

(-) 7.2

There is a lot of criticism of big cities and in many ways they are soft targets. When you're driving through a major city, the traffic congestion gives you a lot of time to think, as does the time spent looking for a parking space, and you should consider the option of living in a village. There you would really need your car because public transport is almost non-existent

outside major residential areas and nearly everything, such as the kids' schools or the supermarket, would be a drive away. Let's hope you get on well with the local residents because you'll be seeing a lot of them, the same faces in the same places. Of course, with all that fresh air, the quality of life must be better, but at the same time you'll miss all the sights and sounds of the big city. It makes you think, doesn't it? So roll down your window, breathe in that air pollution and be grateful for urban development.

P 7.3

Upton Abbey, the best drama series British TV has to offer, returns to your screens on Monday evening with the very first episode of season five. For those of you who don't know the background to Upton Abbey, most of the episodes are shot in the UK, at the original Upton Abbey, and all of that unique atmosphere of 1920s England is captured on screen with a cast of household names and a script written by the famous author, Benjamin Stokes. However, there is a real international audience for Upton Abbey these days, as it is broadcast in so many countries and the first season was released on DVD in Mongolia recently. Some of the scenes were cut by the editor because the cultural references were difficult to understand. So on Monday, when the sound of that familiar soundtrack comes on, make sure you're in front of the TV to watch the best drama we have to offer.

() 7.4

Anne Boleyn was the second wife of Henry VIII. She was executed in 1536 to make way for Henry's new love, Jane Seymour. Anne obviously didn't take this too well and in fact there have been regular reports of people seeing Anne's ghost. Perhaps the most famous incident was at the Tower of London, where poor Anne was executed. In 1864, a soldier saw Anne and shouted at her to stop. Anne didn't and so the soldier walked right through her. The shock made him pass out.

> 7.5

- Local residents are getting worried about the crime rate.
- 2 There's a new shopping centre just out of town.
- 3 There's a huge black economy to add to the official statistics
- 4 Everyone should know the threat of global warming by now.
- 5 The police force are working closely with the local community.
- 6 We put a solar panel on the roof to cut energy costs.
- 7 Disneyland is probably the best-known theme park.
- 8 You can never find a parking space when you need one.
- 9 Pour it down the kitchen sink if you don't want it.
- 10 More could be done to help the Third World and build a better educational system.

()7.6

JULIE Hi Sam, sorry I'm late.

SAM That's OK, Julie. Everything OK?

- J Yeah, you know, just the usual couldn't find a parking space. There just aren't enough round here.
- S Yeah, I know.
- J I'd have used public transport, but it probably would have taken even longer. The buses from where I work take such a long time to get into the centre. There's so much traffic congestion along the roads there.
- Yeah, I suppose I'm lucky I live so close to the centre. But sometimes I do get a bit fed up with that, to be honest.
- J Really
- S Yeah, well, I think the quality of life where you live is probably better. There's so much air pollution here in the centre, and then all the traffic congestion ... well, you know about that.
- J Yes, I certainly do.
- \$ Sometimes I think it would be nice to live in a big residential area like you do, instead of in the centre. In a nice detached house instead of my flat!
- J Well, there are definitely advantages. I can take the underground to the centre from where I live and it's quite quick and convenient.

- S Yeah, exactly,
- J But there's not much for local residents, really. I mean, there are just flats and houses where I live, and a few supermarkets. No theatres, no cinemas. You've got all the entertainment you could want right on your doorstep.
- S Yeah, I know I'm lucky in a lot of ways. And if I want to get something done, it's normally quite easy I don't have to travel too far.
- J Yeah, and to be honest, I'm not sure if the air quality is much better where I live than in the centre. I mean, it's still the same city, isn't it?
- Maybe, but at least you've got a bit of greenery to help. I'm sure that sucks in some of the pollution. In the centre there's what – one park?
- J Err ... two.
- S Oh, yeah, two. You see I never go to the parks in the centre. They're not very nice, are they? There are people there that I don't really feel comfortable sitting next to on a bench!
- J No, I agree we've got some nice parks where I live. But you've got your terrace, haven't you? You've got some plants and flowers out there?
- S Yeah, but it's not the same.
- J I know, but remember what they say the grass is always greener on the other side of the fence. You live in the centre and you dream about living where I do. And I sometimes really wish I still lived in the centre!
- Yeah?
- J Of course. Just to be in the middle of everything again. But I'm sure I'd get sick of it.
- S The thing is, I don't think things used to be so bad. There are so many more cars now than ten years ago. So many more people, I think.
- J Yeah.
- S And life just gets faster and faster. People don't know when to slow down any more. Living in the centre feels like living at double the speed of the rest of the world.
- J Maybe, but it's not too different for people who commute in, you know. Everyone hurries onto the train, hurries off, hurries to the office, hurries back home.
- S Yeah but in the evening, you can relax.J Hardly. Most evenings I just think about all the work
- I've got to do the next day!

 S Oh, it can't be that bad.
- J No, I'm exaggerating. I do manage to relax in the
- \$ Me too. We should both stop complaining I'm sure there are lots of people who'd love to live where we do.
- J Agreed. Let's go and get that coffee ...

Unit 8

(2) 8.1

- If I stop eating out, I'll save a lot of money.
- 2 If I didn't need to work, I'd become a full-time writer.
- 3 If I see Jim, I'll return the €20 I owe him.
- 4 If the bank didn't charge such high interest, I'd take out a bigger loan.
- 5 If the price is too high, I won't buy the flat.
- 6 If Sarah paid back her student loan any time soon, I'd be surprised.
- 7 If I feel generous, I might give some money to charity.
- If I were you, I'd think about what I was doing.
- 9 If I worked for myself, I could have more responsibility. 10 If we spend more on advertising, profits can increase.
- ▶8.2

John Roberts made a living as a fisherman working for a big fishing company. However, John always wanted to have his own hoat and business so he put aside savings for years and when the interest rate was low he went to a bank. The bank checked the budget which John had prepared showing sales vs. costs and then agreed to finance the project. This meant John now had a very large debt, but he considered the boat as a sound investment. Unfortunately, business became more difficult because of over-fishing and environmental damage. John's income dropped lower and lower and he was struggling just to pay off the interest on his loan. Before long the bank was starting to debit his account with penalties for missed payments. John was desperate and he wrote about his situation on a website for start-up companies. This worked. The local council immediately awarded John a grant and donations came in from people in the area. Thanks to this, John's business survived.

B.3

One night I came home very late and I couldn't find my keys, so I had to break into my own house! I was climbing through a window when a woman on the street shouted, 'Police! There's a burglary!' I got down and explained that it was my house and I wasn't a burglar, but she called me a liar. She said that she was a witness and that she would give evidence when I was accused of breaking and entering. She would happily come to the trial at court to testify against me. She was really excited now and went on that the jury would find me guilty and the judge would give me a very long prison sentence. I'd have to go to a horrible prison where the prisoners murder one another and steal their cell mates' food just to survive. She was out of breath now and just about to start again when suddenly my house keys fell out of my back pocket. I wished her goodnight and went inside the house.

8.4

- 1 It should have been sent on Tuesday.
- 2 If I had seen her, I would have shouted.
- 3 If you had told me, it could have been different.
- 4 We'd never have known if she had stayed at home.
- 5 They shouldn't have thrown it away.
- 6 She shouldn't have taken my purse.

8.5

- 1 $\,$ $\,$ $\,$ We'll never be able to afford it.
 - B Don't give up hope.
- 2 A I'll never see her again.
 - B I'm sure you will.
- 3 A It started to go wrong right from the start.
 - B It might work out fine.
- 4 A That's another opportunity lost.
 - B There'll be plenty more, don't worry.
- 5 A I'm really worried about this interview.
 - B I'm sure it'll be fine.
- 6 A There's not much chance of it working.
 - B You never know. We might pull it off.

8.6

Really sorry to hear about your car. The same thing happened to me a couple of years ago. My car was stolen right outside my house, and believe it or not I've just had a similar experience, I had my purse stolen from my bag when I was in the queue in the supermarket. You don't surprise me. It was just like that when I called the insurance company. They kept me waiting for ages, so I know the feeling. It was the same with me. What can you do? True, that's just like when Sarah's flat was burgled. I don't know what things are coming to.

8.7

- 1 Hello, this is John Peters.
- 2 It's Simon again from NatEast Bank.
- 3 It's 973 412.
- 4 No, but thanks anyway.
- 5 Do you want to pay by cash or by credit card?
- 6 That's fine, no worries.
- 7 I'm sorry, but I didn't get that.
- 8 All the best and speak to you soon.
- 9 Goodbye, thanks for calling.

8.8

PRESENTER Hello, and welcome to this week's Crime View, where we ask you for help in solving crimes in the local area. As always, you can call us on our freephone number and the information you give will go directly to the police. You don't have to leave your name, and any information you give could lead to a cash reward. So, let's turn to our first crime. Rhona Kent has the details.

RHONA Our first report is on an incident that happened at the Faylands Shopping Centre. Two weeks ago, a man walked into one of the jewellery shops here. He talked to the assistant and asked to see a number of different watches. While all this was going on, a second man entered. He appeared to look at some bracelets and other jewellery, and then he left. But soon after, staff realised that over £2,000 worth of jewellery had been taken by the

second man. The men are described as being in their early thirties, both with dark hair. The second man had blue glasses.

- P Thank you Rhona. Police would like to hear from anyone who has information on this. If anyone has tried to sell you jewellery on the street, in cafés and so on, please do get in touch. Now let's hear from Steven Craven about another crime the police need your help with.
- STEVEN Well, in an electronics store in Park Road three days ago, a young man was seen running out into the car park with a bag full of items taken from the shop. These items included MP3 players, USB sticks, tablets and a number of other expensive items. One young woman, a local student, tried to stop him after she realised that staff from the store were shouting at him. The man accidentally knocked her over as he ran past. The woman wasn't hurt, but the thief managed to escape. The young woman said she didn't see the man's face clearly because it was too dark, but that he was wearing blue jeans and a red T-shirt.
- P Thank you Steven. If you think you might know who the thief was, please get in touch. Now, we're joined in the studio by Inspector Hugh Jones, who is going to tell us about a series of crimes that have occurred over the last month or so.
- INSPECTOR JONES Yes, thank you. Over the last six weeks, we've unfortunately seen thieves break into six different houses at night and steal a number of items. All these incidents have happened in quite a small area - mainly in the area between Thatch Road and Crescent Drive. It's mainly jewellery that has been stolen. In each case, the people involved were able to get in through open windows. Now. I realise that in this hot weather nobody wants to keep their windows closed, but we think that most of these crimes wouldn't have happened if the owners of the houses had taken care to close all their windows before going to bed. So please get in touch if you have any information, but also - please make sure you close your windows before going to bed, or if you're going out.
- P Thank you Inspector Jones. Now, to finish, an update on one of the crimes we featured in our previous programme. Well, police caught two men last week, accused of robbing the Newport Road petrol station back in February. They appeared in court, were found guilty and are now in prison. The names of the men involved were given directly to the police as a result of this programme. So thanks again for your help if we hadn't received your calls, these crimes would not have been solved. So please call in with any information you might have on the stories we've covered tonight.

Unit 9

() 9.1

We like to think that we live in a world where everyone has access to professional medical care that can take care of their needs. Unfortunately, for those who live in the developing world, which is about 85% of the Earth's population, this is far from the case. Too often either the treatment from trained professionals which they need is impossible to get, or it costs money which they don't have. People who need treatment often then have to look for alternatives that are relatively cheap and available.

There is a long tradition of using natural medicine, for example plants whose leaves and flowers can be used to take away pain. However, natural medicine is of limited use in situations where the patient is very ill. Even so, there are people who suffer from serious diseases who trust natural medicine more than modern methods. This may sound crazy to westerners who have the luxury of professional help but people that believe in this kind of treatment strongly enough might benefit just from the psychological effect, which could mean the difference between life and death.

P 9.2

It all started when I was jogging in the park. I bumped into something, fell over and got a big bruise on my leg. It ached a bit. I was worried I had strained my leg as it wasn't comfortable. I thought it was best to do something about it, so I looked up some advice on the Internet and decided to treat myself.

There was a lot of information, all quite confusing, but I found a recipe for a special sports drink and drank a couple of litres of it. About an hour later it hit me. I felt dizzy, my head was going round and round, and I started to shiver – I couldn't hold a cup in my hands. I thought I was going to pass out, but I managed to crawl into bed. A week later, I'm beginning to get over it and thank goodness I didn't develop any complications. I won't be using any of those internet sites again though.

() 9.3

- 1 You've got a terrible bruise on your leg there!
- 2 The illness is quite serious and she needs to go to hospital.
- 3 The bodybuilder strained a muscle while he was working out.
- 4 This flu is a real nuisance I can't do anything!
- 5 Eat plenty of fruit and vegetables to stay healthy.
- I quite like my scar I think it suits me, and it makes me look more interesting.
- 7 I still feel guilty for not taking care of her better.
- 8 May I inquire how my wife is doing, Doctor?
- 9 She's only had a biscuit to eat all day, so no wonder she feels dizzy.

() 9.4

Simon Robins was a hero when he walked around the world to raise money for charity, but journalists have now discovered that he didn't do it. Actually, Robins flew most of the way. Journalists wondered how he had done the walk so quickly and asked him to explain. At first Robins refused to talk about it, complaining that the press wanted just to get a good story, and completely denied having anything to hide. However, journalists found out he had used a private plane and finally Robins admitted flying for part of the long journey. Robins insisted he had walked a lot of the way and promised to give money back to people who believed they had been cheated. The police have informed us that they won't be taking legal action against Robins, but they have ordered him to give a full and correct account of his 'walk' around the world.

9.5

- A Hi, do you recognise me?
- B Sorry, but I've no idea who you are.
- A It's Tim, from Black Street.
- B Black Street? I haven't got a clue where that is.
- A Oh come on! Black Street, you must remember.
- **B** I've really no idea. What on earth are you talking about?
- A The Black Street Café. We worked there one summer.
- B Oh, Tim! What on earth are you doing here?
- A I wanted to ask you the same question.

9.6

- A Here's your room. Have a nice stay.
- B Er, I understood that we booked a large room.
- A It is large you should see the small rooms
- **B** And did I get this wrong? I thought there was a sea view.
- The sea is terrible. You don't want to see it.
- B There's not even a shower!
- A Have I misunderstood something? I thought you were on holiday. You'll be outside most of the time.
- B But didn't you say this was a luxury hotel?
- A It used to be twenty years ago!

() 9.7

- I met John in the town centre the other day.
- 2 Would you know where I could find a post office?
- 3 I can't afford it. It's too expensive.
- 4 That's the phone. Could you answer it please?
- 5 Don't leave the window open when you go out.
- 6 Can you play a piece for us on the piano?
- 7 Don't assume I earn a lot of money from doing this.

- 8 There is a new trade agreement between Russia and France.
- 9 If it's so important to you, you can have mine.
- 10 I do think she ought to explain exactly what she did.

9.8

DOCTOR Good morning.

PATIENT Good morning, doctor. Excuse me.

- **D** Take a seat. What seems to be the trouble?
- P Well, it's a number of things, actually. Firstly, I think it's probably just a cold, but I wanted to check with you really. Basically, I've got a really bad cough. And I sneeze a lot.
- D Oh dear. So, how long have you had this cough?
- **P** I'd say ... I guess it's four days now. It's been worse for the last two days.
- D Right.
- P But I've had a few sore throats now in the last few weeks.
- **D** And have you had a high temperature at all?
- P No.
- **D** Any aches or pains in your body?
- P No.
- D Well, it's probably just a cold then. Get plenty of rest, and make sure you drink lots of liquid. You'll probably get over it in a few days without having to take anything.
- P OK
- D Are you taking any painkillers?
- P Yes, aspirin.
- D Well that's fine. That'll help the sore throat.
- P What I don't understand is why I keep getting ill. This is probably the third time I've come down with a cold in the last month. It seems strange.
- D Well, it can happen. There are different cold viruses and just when your body finishes fighting one, you can catch another one. It's normal at this time of year, so it's nothing to worry about.
- But if the cough doesn't go away this time, let's say after a week, then come back and we'll give you a check to make sure you don't have a chest infection. But for now it's nothing to worry about.
- **P** OK. Err, the other thing is that I had a bit of an accident yesterday while I was cycling.
- D Yes?
- P I was cycling down a hill in the forest and I don't know what happened, but I fell off. And I hurt my arm and my side, here. I've got a few bruises and it aches a bit. I just wanted to check that everything was OK.
- **D** Right, well, er ... let me just ask first did you hit your head at all when you fell?
- P A little bit, yes.
- D And did you lose consciousness?
- P No, no, nothing like that. I was wearing a helmet, so I just felt a bit dizzy. But I didn't feel like I was going to pass out or anything.
- D Well, in any case I think you really should have gone straight to hospital to get yourself checked out if you bumped your head. Especially if you felt dizzy afterwards.
- P Oh, right.
- **D** Can I just see where you say you've got these bruises?
- P Yeah, sure.
- **D** OK ... Right ... Let me just feel here ... Does it hurt if I do this?
- P No, not really.
- D OK, well yes, I think you've just got a few bruises here. Your shoulder will probably ache for a while and I think it's best if you keep off the bike for a few weeks at least.
- P Oh, really? I'm supposed to be taking part in a race next week.
- **D** Well, I wouldn't recommend that. Some gentle exercise is fine, but nothing like a race. You need to let your body get over the fall. Let me just see here ... ooh, that's a very nasty cut.
- P Yeah, it hurts a bit there.
- I'm going to give you a cream to treat that with. It will help it to heal and it will stop you getting any kind of infection there.
- P Right.

- D OK. Here you are. Put it on three times a day.
- P Can I just ask one more thing?
- **D** OK, but it will have to be very quick because I have to get on to the next patient.
- P Sure. I'm going on holiday in a couple of months' time to Cambodia. I wanted to know about injections, that kind of thing.
- D Right, well they can give you the information you need about that at reception. You'll need to make an appointment with one of our nurses here to get that done.
- P Righ
- But speak to reception about it. They'll tell you everything you need to know.
- P OK, thanks very much.
- D Have a nice day.

Unit 10

() 10.1

Shergar was a very successful champion race horse, in fact he might have been the best ever. His racing career ended in 1981 and he could have made a lot more money for his owners from his celebrity status if he hadn't been stolen. This happened in 1983 and Shergar was never seen again.

There are lots of theories of who took Shergar and what happened to him, but in reality anything may have happened. The kidnappers must have been very professional, or very lucky, because they hid their victim so successfully. It can't have been easy to steal such a famous horse and make it disappear completely. People say the police may not have done the best job of finding the horse because they could have acted a lot more quickly – the truth is, they didn't have much evidence and the horse and its kidnappers were never found.

Some people say the kidnappers must have killed Shergar when the owners didn't agree to pay the kidnappers. This must have been a tragedy for the owners and fans of Shergar. However, there may have been a happier ending. Of course, Shergar can't be alive today because this happened so many years ago. Being optimistic, he might not have been killed by the kidnappers. He could have died a natural death somewhere safe. We will probably never know.

D10.2

Sally had worked as a trainee chef in a hotel for six months, but she was already dissatisfied with her job, especially the irregular hours and impolite customers. Also, Sally was still quite inexperienced, but the head chef used to get impatient with her because she couldn't do everything. Sally started to lose her self-confidence. Maybe she had unreasonable expectations? Was she just another unsuccessful trainee, and would it be dishonest to continue in a job which she couldn't do? It was highly improbable that things would get better. Sally got some informal advice from her old teacher at college, who told her to leave. For some reason - perhaps it meant she was irresponsible too - Sally didn't listen to this advice and she stayed at the hotel. This might seem incredible but, five years later, Sally is now head chef, She always smiles when her trainees tell her they want to leave.

D10.3

- The new parts are quite inexpensive.
- I find it improbable that they just happened to be in the same place at the same time.
- The weather at this time of the year is quite unpredictable.
- 4 I won't go on a trip as disorganised as this one again.
- 5 I've dropped it on the floor a few times, but it's unbreakable.
- 6 I can do it, but it's rather inconvenient and I'm not very keen.

10.4

Hattie McDaniel (1895–1952) was the first black person to win an Oscar. McDaniel overcame a difficult childhood – her parents were former slaves – and coped with racism and sexism throughout her career.

She was a great talent. She tried out singing and acting from an early age, but had to tackle many difficulties as she started out on her career. For example, in the stock market crash of 1928 McDaniel could only find work as a waitress in a club. Many people would have given up, but McDaniel continued to work on her entertainment skills and even persuaded the owner of the club to let her sing there. She moved to Hollywood and went ahead with her plan to be in the movies. Her most famous role was in the 1939 film *Gone with the Wind*, where she won her Oscar. McDaniel actually received a lot of criticism for playing roles which stereotyped black people, but she got on with her work and today her legacy is recognised.

10.5

- A Hi, Lesley. Thanks for coming to see me.
- B No problem, Luke. What's happened?
- A I know you won't believe this, but Tim has resigned.
- **B** Hold on. I was just speaking to Tim yesterday. He didn't say anything.
- A Well, it's true. One more thing. Tim's gone to Masons.
- **B** Hang on a minute. Masons are our competitors. That's a disaster!
- **A** It's no tragedy. We haven't got any secrets he can tell them.
- **B** That's true, I guess. Well, thanks for telling me. I'd better get back.
- A Just a minute. There's something else we have to discuss. Would you be interested in taking Tim's job?
- **B** What? I don't know about that. I'll have to think it over.

(>) 10.6

In the winter of eighteen fifty-five, the people of Devon in England woke up to find the footprints of a strange animal in the snow. Some frightened people followed them and the footprints went on and on ... for approximately a hundred miles – if their account is to be believed. The footprints went in a straight line through gardens and over walls and roofs. No one could explain the footprints, but since then many theories have been suggested. One of the strangest was that a kangaroo had escaped from a nearby zoo and jumped through the countryside!

() 10.7

JOHN I don't really know how I feel it went. I was really nervous before I went in and then, when I sat down, I saw there were three people on the other side of the table! That was a bit unexpected — I thought it would just be me and one other person. Anyway, I think it went quite well — it was actually quite informal and they seemed to like me. There were a couple of questions I probably could have tackled better, but overall I really think my performance was really good.

MARTHA I really don't know what happened. I can't have left it in the café because I had it with me when I bought the newspaper at the station. And then I suppose I might have left it on the train somehow, but I don't remember ever taking it out of my pocket. It could have fallen out, I suppose. If it did, I hope someone handed it in – it's got everything inside, cards, driving licence, you know, all those kinds of things. But I've got to admit, I don't feel very optimistic – there are so many dishonest people out there these days that you've got to think the worst, haven't you?

GENO It was unbelievable, really – I was just walking past that clothes shop and she stopped me, said hello, and started talking about how long it had been since we'd seen each other, all that kind of thing. But I just had no idea who she was! She may have been someone I knew from school, or perhaps university. But I've got a great memory for faces and I just didn't recognise her. I think she must have confused me with someone else. Anyway, I didn't want to disappoint her, so I answered all her questions. Then we said goodbye and she went off. It was really strange!

BARRY I think I'm very lucky. It all happened so quickly. One moment, I was going down the street, listening to my favourite radio programme, and the next thing, there was a bang and the sound of glass breaking. I suppose I must have just lost control because of the rain – it was pouring down at the time. In the end, there wasn't too much damage – there are a few repairs to do but I can still actually drive it. And the wall I hit – well, that will have to be repaired too, and I think I'll have to pay for it. But I can't complain about that – I'm just glad I'm OK because I think I could have been hurt quite badly.

EMIL Well, one moment, we were all just talking calmly and I was trying to get everyone to agree who would do what, and then suddenly he started shouting, saying I'm always trying to pass on my work to him and that I don't work hard enough. Apart from being untrue, it was also extremely unprofessional and very impolite, shouting like that in front of everyone. I'm really furious now – I mean, who does he think he is, behaving like that? It's not the first time he's lost his temper like that with someone, so it wasn't like a big surprise. I know he has a lot of problems, and I suppose he might have had a really difficult day or something. But we're all under stress, aren't we? I'm going to have to make a formal complaint about him, I think.

Answer key

Unit 1

1A

1

- **a** 2 has been 3 is he doing 4 was going 5 looks 6 invited 7 were making 8 have 9 Have you watched 10 dropped
- C 2 have, met 3 do, do 4 wrote 5 were coming 6 remember 7 didn't have 8 hasn't finished 9 are, getting 10 think

2

- a 2 unsympathetic 3 inspiring 4 passionate 5 arrogant 6 motivated
- b Across: 6 stubborn 8 optimistic
 Down: 2 ambitious 3 determined 4 sensitive 5 respected 7 naive

3

a /e/: desert, helpful, identity, sensitive, slept ///: desire, prizes, revise //3:/: dessert, prefer, service

1B

1

- **a** 2 what did 3 Didn't 4 What for? 5 Which 6 weren't 7 that for 8 you could 9 whether 10 Can 11 knows
- **C** 2 Why is she going to do this?
 - 3 Who doesn't need to register for the competition?
 - 4 Why aren't they giving us our tickets?
 - 5 Which of the challenges would you like to do?
 - 6 What is the most difficult thing you have ever done?
 - 7 What did we do all this hard training for?
 - 8 What happened at the end of the game?
 - 9 Do you think we have a chance of winning?
 - 10 Who designed your website?

2

- a 2 try out 3 give up 4 keep it up 5 manage to 6 keep to
- **b** 2 successfully complete 3 keep to 4 work out 5 manage to 6 give up 7 keep it up 8 try out 9 make an effort

1C

a 2c 3b 4a 5c 6b 7b 8c

2

a 4, 6, 2, 1, 5, 3

3

a Final /t/: 2, 5, 8, 9

1D

1

- **a** True: 2, 5; False: 1, 3, 4, 6
- **b** 2b 3b 4c 5a 6c

2

a 2 Bad 3 Bad 4 Good 5 Good 6 Good 7 Good 8 Good

3

- a Suggested answer
 - I live in a small town but I use my car to get to work and do the shopping because it's easier. I walk short distances, usually when my husband has the car, but I never cycle, so naturally this was a new experience for me!

Both walking and cycling are great exercise and surprisingly I really enjoyed the week because I saw lots of interesting things that I never usually notice. Quite a few other people were walking and cycling too, so it was quite sociable. I also saved a lot of money because petrol is so expensive.

Inevitably, there were some problems. I needed more time to get to work, and one day it rained and that wasn't much fun on my bike. Unfortunately, cycling can be dangerous even in small towns because of all the traffic.

It was an interesting experience, but I think in modern life we do need to make use of cars and public transport because they are so convenient. We could probably use them less and this would be good for our health and the environment.

Reading and listening extension

1

- **a** 3
- **b** 2a 3b 4c 5a 6a

2

- **a** 2, 3, 7, 1, 4, 5, 6
- **b** 2c 3a 4b 5c 6c 7b 8a

Review and extension

1

- 2
- 3 I think I've decided what to do.
- 4 Did you ever hear from her again afterwards?

5

- 6 I don't know Tom. What's he like?
- 7 Why didn't you tell me?
- 8 🗸

2

- 2 Don't mention it to Laura. She's quite sensitive about it.
- 3 The Mayor is very respected in this town.
- 4 The President gave a passionate speech about crime.
- 5

3

2b 3c 4e 5d 6f

Unit 2

2A

1

- **a** 2 was speaking 3 had left 4 set 5 had been 6 were you doing 7 bought 8 had broken 9 were you waiting 10 made
- b 2 had finished 3 came 4 hadn't gone 5 burnt / had burnt 6 had started 7 had been crying 8 was getting 9 Did you see 10 had never been 11 went 12 was wearing 13 didn't get 14 ran

2

- 2 rid 3 hold 4 swept 5 point 6 attention 7 away 8 involved
- 2 get through 3 get the feeling 4 get anywhere 5 get into trouble 6 get on my nerves

3

'had': 1, 2, 4, 6, 7, 9, 10

2B

1

- **2** 2 unless 3 As long as 4 When 5 provided 6 In case 7 If 8 provided 9 as soon as 10 If
- C 2c 3h 4a 5f 6d 7g 8e

2

Α	E	N	٧	1	R	0	Ν	М	E	N	T	Ε	U	L
K	N	С	R	Н	В	E	Х	U	D	D	0	Х	K	Е
Χ	D	Т	S	G	Т	1	С	U	L	Е	Т	С	Е	L
S	А	D	S	N	Р	С	L	N	Υ	P	В	Ε	K	М
U	N	Q	Ε	T	В	S	R	1	А	R	Ν	Р	Υ	J
С	G	L	М	R	А	М	А	0	Т	0	Т	Т	Х	К
0	Е	Х	T	T,	S	N	R	0	R	Т	Α	ı	J	Z
C	R	Ε	Α	Т	U	R	E	Q	K	E	G	0	S	L
S	E	В	R	L	L	L	1	А	Ν	С	L	N	Н	В
F	D	K	1	H	L	Ε	D	G	Ν	Т	D	А	Р	L
U	F	L	Α	U	С	С	Ν	S	Р	Е	С		Ε	s
L	Р	J	Н	N	F	Υ	Q	Т	D	D	G	Α	S	R
В	U	٧	J	J	J	Ζ	Q	K	Ε	I	В	В	В	С
Υ	Z	Z	Ī	1	R	М	Р	H	Α	В	ı	Т	Α	J
S	K	Т	S	Х	Α	Ζ	D	1	J	G	В	W	D	Χ

b 2 creatures 3 risk 4 extinct 5 survive 6 hunt 7 environment 8 habitat

2C

1

a 2 shall 3 don't 4 did 5 wasn't 6 haven't 7 could 8 aren't

a 2b 3a 4b 5a 6c

Asking a question: 2, 5, 7, 10 Checking information: 3, 4, 6, 8, 9

2D

a 1 Getting into the sport 2 Training 3 What you need 4 On the day

b True: 1, 3, 4, 6, 8; False: 2, 5, 7

a c

3

a Suggested answer

Preparation

1 The best time to go is in the autumn. You can find more mushrooms in the morning, when there are fewer people around.

2 Mushrooms grow everywhere, but forests are the best place to find them. They grow near trees, so look carefully there.

3 It can be cool in a forest, so wear some warm clothes. You'll need strong shoes or boots.

4 Check the weather forecast before you go.

In the forest

5 Be careful. There may be dangerous animals, but the biggest risk is simple accidents like falling over.

6 You can't eat every mushroom. Go with someone experienced and never pick mushrooms you don't know. There are internet applications to check mushrooms

7 Remember where you are going, use stones to mark your way if necessary. If you are lost, keep calm and plan how to get back.

8 Forests are beautiful places, so don't drop any litter or damage anything.

At home

9 Mushrooms don't last very long, so eat them at once or put them in the freezer.

There are many ways to cook mushrooms, for example in soups and pies. Enjoy your tasty meal and start planning your next trip to the forest!

Reading and listening extension

a 1, 3, 5, 6

b 1d 2c 3a 4b

C True: 1, 3, 5, 7; False: 2, 4, 6, 8

b 2a 3b 4c 5b 6a 7c

Review and extension

2

3 I met Maria three years ago, when I was a student.

She had been waiting for a chance and finally she got one.

6 I'll watch it if it's on TV.

2

2

People could do more to protect the environment.

Every year, hundreds of animal species just disappear.

6 The Siberian tiger could soon become extinct.

3

2 face the fact 3 say it to my face 4 can't face 5 face a difficult choice 6 face the music

Unit 3

3A

a 2 down on 3 it out 4 into 5 on about 6 off 7 of 8 out 9 up to me

C 2 Try your hardest and don't let us down.

3 I've fallen out with Tony and we're not friends.

4 You can't get away with mistakes like that.

5 Go and figure it out for yourself.

6 Why don't you just try it out?

7 Michelle made it up to impress him.

8 You need to believe in what you're doing.

9 Can anyone come up with a better idea?

10 French is difficult, but I soon picked it up.

2

a 2 ability 3 outstanding 4 talent 5 successful 6 exceptional 7 potential 8 skilled

C 2 Olympic athletes are all exceptional in their field.

3 She's quite successful at what she does.

4 I became quite skilled at the game.

5 The ability to run long distances is important.

6 Lesley is brilliant at most ball sports.

7 He has the potential to be world champion one day.

8 Carl Lewis was outstanding at the long jump.

3B

a 2 They won 3 did you think 4 have just arrived 5 I was running 6 has been doing 7 completed 8 I've been running 9 played 10 been learning

2 ran 3 has already beaten 4 started 5 was winning 6 've been training 7 've tried 8 've been looking 9 has contacted

2

a 2 referee 3 cheer 4 spectators 5 represent 6 pitch

2 compete 3 athletes 4 competitive 5 train 6 represent 7 victory 8 championships 9 records 10 cheer

a 2 competitions 3 compete 4 championships 5 professional 6 athlete 7 profession 8 training 9 performance 10 competitors 11 perform 12 victory 13 victorious

3C

1

- 2 Another thing to remember is the price.
 - 3 I think maybe we should stay at home.
 - 4 Don't you think it's a good idea to ask?
 - 5 How does it sound if we watch a film on Sunday?
 - 6 But don't you agree that it'd be easier to eat out?
- **b** 2 Anyway, as I was saying, Tessa needs to decide.
 - 3 Another idea might be to go the day before.
 - 4 Just going back to what I was saying before.
 - 5 I thought maybe we could invite Simon.
 - 6 Of course, we could always check on the Internet.
 - 7 But don't you agree that it'd be better to ask first? / But don't you agree that it would be better to ask first?
 - 8 So, to get back to Martin and his problems.

2

a 2 beach V peach U 3 ferry U very V 4 simple U symbol V 5 girl V curl U 6 save V safe II 7 pie U buy V pick U 8 pig V 9 pack U back V

10 have a V

3D

1

- **a** a4 b3 c5 d1 e2
- **b** 2b 3c 4a 5b 6c 7a

2

2 most 3 least 4 decrease 5 50 6 5

have to U

3

a Suggested answer

Sport is a very important part of life and apart from actively taking part, many people enjoy following sports championships and events throughout the year. However, they can choose how they prefer to do this.

The bar chart compares five ways of following sport today and fifteen years ago. The results in the graph show their relative popularity in percentages, not whether we are actually watching more sport.

You can see that there are obvious changes in the graph. In fact, the Internet seems to have completely changed our habits of following sport.

As you can see, the most noticeable increase is in the use of the Internet, while there's a significant decrease in watching TV and reading newspapers. Perhaps this is because the Internet offers instant news all the time and it is more convenient and cheaper than the alternatives.

These results shouldn't surprise anyone, as they are a reflection of the modern world where technology has changed so much of how we live. This trend may continue into the future or perhaps some new medium may appear.

Review and listening extension

1

- **a** 1, 2, 4
- **b** 2a 3a 4b 5a 6c 7b 8c

2

- **a** 1d 2c 3b 4a 5e
- **b** 2 Tina 3 Mark 4 Mark 5 Mark 6 Both Mark and Tina

Review and extension

1

- 2 /
- 3 It's warm, take your jumper off.
- 4 We're looking for a new secretary at the moment.
- 5 /
- 6 Sheila has just been told about it and needs time to think.
- 7 Don't worry. I've already sent the letter.
- 8 I've been waiting for you for ages!
- 9 🗸
- 10 I don't know. I haven't decided yet.

2

- 2 It's not possible to get there by public transport.
- 3 No one doubts her ability to get to the very top.
- 4 It was another fantastic performance by the Kenyan.
- 5 **/** 6 **/**
- 7 What did the audience think of the film?
- 8 And the footballers are just coming out on to the pitch.

3

- 2 If you don't know it, look it up online.
- 3 She thought about it and decided not to bring the matter up.
- 4 I used it all up yesterday, so I went and bought some more.
- 5 We looked at the bill and added it up again.
- 6 I went running with Sarah, but I couldn't keep up with her.
- 7 I started to learn Spanish and picked it up quite quickly.
- 8 He works so hard and I've always looked up to him.

Unit 4

4A

1

- **2** 2 used to 3 wouldn't 4 lived 5 used to 6 wasn't 7 used to work 8 got used to 9 wasn't used to 10 get
- b 2 left 3 used to 4 would sleep 5 realised 6 was used to 7 would go 8 decided 9 got used to 10 are used to visiting

2

- 2 No one knows what the effect was.
 - 3 Shakespeare has had a big influence on the English language.
 - 4 That's the main cause of the problem.
 - 5 It could affect millions of people.
 - 6 As a result of this, there is less money to spend.
 - 7 The new law resulted in protests and demonstrations.
 - 8 Generally, it's had a positive effect on people.
- **b** 2 influence 3 affect 4 result 5 is caused by 6 effect 7 as a result 8 lead

4B

1

- a 2 I had to catch the 5:30 train.
- 3 No, I can work from home on Saturdays.
- 4 Yes, the boss lets us have one day at home.
- 5 Yes, I can find a seat on the train.
- 6 I'm tired during the day.
- 7 No, I don't have to unless we have a deadline.
- 8 You should speak to my boss!
- **b** 2 ought to 3 doesn't have to 4 mustn't 5 was supposed 6 don't need to 7 run 8 to eat 9 beat 10 forced to

2

- a 2 rigorous 3 strict 4 punishing 5 tough 6 tricky
- **b** 2 rigorous 3 stretch 4 straightforward 5 arduous 6 tricky 7 challenge 8 demanding

3

- a /A:/: supper, result
 - /u/: pullover, sugar
 - /uː/ or /juː/: useless, attitude, influential, enthusiasm

4C

a Careful disagreement

- Really, did you think so?
- Oh, I don't know.
- Maybe you're right, but ...
- I know what you mean, but on the other hand ...
- I'm not sure about that.

Direct disagreement

- That's just not true.
- You can't really believe that.
- No way!
- I'm afraid you're wrong there.
- **b** 2 I'm not sure about that. They work very hard.
 - 3 Maybe you're right, but teachers are not the real problem.
 - 4 Really, do you think so?
 - 5 I know what you mean, but on the other hand technology is so central.

- 2
- **a** The strongest stress in each response is on the word 'that'.
- 40
- 1
- a 2 student 3 fluently 4 outside 5 forests 6 people 7 reliable 8 strong
- **b** True: 1, 2, 5, 6, 8; False: 3, 4, 7
- 2
- a 2 in 3 give 4 position 5 strongly 6 forward
- 3
- a Suggested answer

Dear Sir/Madam,

I read your advertisement on the Internet and I would like to apply to be a volunteer in the Winter Olympics.

I am a student of economics in Granada. I am a good communicator and speak several languages: my native language is Spanish, I know English to B2 level and B1 French. In addition, I am friendly and hardworking and love new challenges.

As someone very interested in sport myself – I am a keen skier and snowboarder – I believe that I am in an excellent position to help athletes and visitors with any problems they have. I am flexible and ready to take on any task. I have never been a volunteer before but I would be more than happy to give up my free time.

Every four years I watch the Winter Olympics on TV and it has always been my dream to attend and help in this amazing event. I strongly believe that sport brings people together and the Olympics are very important. Volunteers are an essential part of the Olympics and I am sure that I can make a valuable contribution.

Thank you for considering my application. I am looking forward to hearing from you.

Reading and listening extension

1

- **a** 4
- **b** 1 Irene 2 Malc 3 Sam 4 Sara 5 Paul
- C True: 3, 5; False: 1, 2, 4
- 2
- **a** 1
- **b** 1a 2c 3a 4b 5c 6b 7a

Review and extension

1

- 2 🗸
- 3 She is used to living by herself now.
- 4 This could be the last time we come here.
- 5 I hope we can do this again some time.
- 6

2

- 2 I'm worried that it might affect my health.
- 3 **/**
- 4 My first teacher was very strict.
- 5
- 6 Prisons are basically for punishing criminals.

3

2 if 3 far as 4 a whole 5 l know 6 l'm concerned 7 a matter of fact 8 for

Unit 5

5A

1

- **a** 2 may 3 will 4 won't 5 will probably 6 doubt 7 unlikely 8 may 9 that 10 will 11 sure 12 to happen
- **C** 2c 3a 4c 5b 6c 7c 8a 9a 10b

- 2
- a 2 unreliable 3 thoughtless 4 adventurous 5 sympathetic 6 well-organised
- **b** 2 irresponsible 3 cautious 4 disorganised 5 uncompetitive 6 adventurous 7 ambitious
- 3
- **a** /θ/: athletic, breath, Earth, length, month /ð/: the, breathing, clothes, either, leather, though
- **5B**
- 1
- **2** 2 have finished 3 be living 4 be feeding 5 have completed 6 have achieved 7 be driving 8 have learned 9 be getting 10 have seen
- **b** 2 will have destroyed 3 will have transported 4 will be going 5 will be studying 6 will be complaining 7 will have turned 8 won't have fallen 9 will be walking 10 will have replaced 11 won't be cooking 12 won't be eating 13 will have changed 14 will have created
- 2
- **a** 2h 3b 4e 5g 6a 7d 8c
- **b** 2 friendly 3 solar 4 environment 5 atmosphere 6 footprint 7 rough 8 climate 9 impact

5C

- 1
- a 2 about 3 with 4 of 5 about 6 with 7 about 8 of 9 of
- 2
- a 2 Mm, I don't know about that. I'm not so keen on spicy food.
 - 3 That might be worth a try and it's not far.
 - 4 Yes, that makes sense. I need the exercise!
 - 5 That's not a bad idea. They'd need to drive there, though.
 - 6 That's a possibility, although we might have to invite them in for a coffee or something.
 - 7 That's a great idea! You haven't made one for ages.

3

- **2** The good thing about it is we're not far away from the centre.
 - 3 The problem is people are starting to talk about her.
 - 4 The advantage is the price isn't very high.
 - 5 The <u>drawback is</u> no one really knows what's going to happen.
 - 6 The advantage is we can see a lot more of each other.
 - 7 The trouble is I'm not sure I've got time to help him.
 - 8 A <u>definite disadvantage</u> is it means selling the car.

5D

- Ш
- a 2 growth 3 against 4 for 5 conclusion 6 crisis 7 manage
- **b** True: 2, 4, 5; False: 1, 3, 6
- 2
- **a** For: 2, 3, 6, 7; Against: 4, 5, 8

3

a Suggested answer

There are many countries around the world where people live in difficult circumstances and struggle just to survive. The question is whether it is the responsibility of richer countries to give them aid, and if this actually produces any results.

Many people believe that we have a moral responsibility to help poorer people. It is not fair that where you are born determines your standard of living. Everyone should have an equal chance, but this is only possible if wealth is shared around the world.

However, there is an argument that giving aid just makes developing countries dependent on richer ones and stops them finding their own solutions. Furthermore, internal politics and even corruption can mean aid never reaches the people who need it. In some situations, then, aid is wasted and actually has a harmful effect.

On balance, it seems that helping other people is our responsibility, but we must think before we act. My own view is that we should try to find reliable charities and make an effort to help poorer countries. Saying that aid doesn't reach people is not an excuse.

Reading and listening extension

a 2

b a2 b3 c4 d1 e5

C True: 1, 3; False: 2, 4, 5, 6

2

a 1, 2, 4, 5

b 2a 3b 4b 5a 6b 7c

Review and extension

She has probably been waiting for this news all week.

Your trip to Antarctica certainly won't disappoint you. / Your trip to Antarctica will certainly not disappoint you.

What will we be doing this time tomorrow?

6 2

I always thought Tom was reliable until this latest incident. 2

If your desk is always tidy, you're probably well organised.

Pollution has led to climate change in many areas.

6 3

2 nice side 3 both sides 4 from side to side 5 to one side

Unit 6

6A

a 2 going 3 Sitting 4 to have 5 to get 6 Travelling 7 visiting 8 to see 9 to take 10 walking 11 to hear 12 being 13 doing 14 painting 15 to be

2 pouring 3 to admire 4 to stop 5 to continue 6 listening 7 to think 8 melting 9 to cut 10 to visit 11 Having 12 to protect

2

a 2 bizarre 3 impressive 4 stunning 5 unique 6 superb 7 astonishing 8 remarkable

b 2 outskirts 3 trails 4 venue 5 features 6 terrace 7 lobby 8 studio

a b2 c2 d1 e0 f1

6B

1

2 by 3 is being used 4 is done 5 to be bought 6 was promoted 7 had been recommended 8 am being considered 9 will be increased 10 have been given 11 was persuaded 12 will be contacted

C 2 was written 3 have been added 4 be spoken 5 will be lost 6 are, being encouraged / are, encouraged 7 is being made 8 hadn't been heard 9 is made 10 be taught

2

a 2 died out 3 increased 4 revive 5 deteriorate 6 disappeared

2 preservation 3 disappearance 4 generations 5 revival 6 loss 7 competition 8 deterioration

6C

a 2 Hi, Rosie. There's an idea I'd like to run past you.

3 I was wondering if you wouldn't mind helping me with something?

4 Great! I don't know how to thank you.

5 Do you mind if I ask you to get my coat?

6 I'm really sorry to ask you this, but could you give me a lift home?

C 2 not 3 right 4 asking 5 wondering 6 help 7 appreciate 8 trouble

2

a 1 television /3/ $2 author /\theta /$

children's /tf/ 3 causes /z/ fragile /dz/

4 niece /s/ though /ð/ 5 suggests /ʤ/ health /θ/

prison /z/ 6 adventure /tf/ 7 confusion /3/ embarrassment /s/

8 appreciate /ʃ/ urgent /ʤ/ 9 checking /tf/ pleasure /3/ dessert /z/

10 Occasionally /3/

True: 1, 4, 5; False: 2, 3, 6

b 2 awe-inspiring 3 fabulous 4 mind-blowing 5 unbelievable

6D

2 The scenery was absolutely unbelievable, with high mountains in deep snow.

3 You'll find it absolutely mind-blowing, and it's cheap and easy to get to.

4 The old town is absolutely fabulous, especially the original wooden houses.

5 The Taj Mahal is instantly recognisable because it's absolutely out of this

6 We spent an absolutely awesome day with some friendly villagers in their cosy cottage.

3

Suggested answer

My day in Grugapark, in Essen in Germany, was absolutely fabulous and I'm so glad I took time out to go. Amazingly, a lot of people haven't even heard of Grugapark, which is a real shame because it's out of this world.

Grugapark is not just an ordinary park in the middle of a town. It's hard to describe in words how awesome Grugapark is. It's an absolutely superb example of how the countryside can come to the city and really make you feel miles away from the stress and ugliness of urban life. I spent all day there and I wasn't bored for a minute.

I thought the botanical gardens were unbelievable. It's a shame I couldn't come back at night, because the way that the gardens are lit up with lots of coloured lights is absolutely awesome. I also ran into a lot of animals around the park the visitors' centre says there are over 500 different animals in Grugapark. You're not allowed to feed them though!

If you liked this blog, follow the link www.grugapark.de and get more information about Grugapark. I'll be back tomorrow with the next stage of my tour through Germany.

Reading and listening extension

П

b 2a 3b 4a 5a

a sports: Samantha, Louise music: Mike, Louise

food: Mike, Samantha, Louise

b 2b 3a 4a 5b 6b 7c

Review and extension

Criminals should stop to think about the consequences of their actions.

3 We're trying to save money for a new car.

The topic was discussed on the show last night.

6 2

2 The film finishes with a dramatic last scene.

There has been a 10% increase in profits.

There has been a revival of interest in photography.

6 People hardly notice the disappearance of languages.

3

2 work 3 fall 4 stand 5 burn 6 chill

Unit 7

7A

1

- a 2 such 3 too much 4 so 5 enough 6 too many
- b 2 too much 3 not enough 4 so 5 such 6 enough 7 too much 8 too little 9 enough 10 so 11 too many

2

- **a** 2f 3d 4c 5b 6e 7a 8g
- b 2 parking space 3 public transport 4 residential areas 5 local residents 6 quality of life 7 air pollution 8 urban development

7B

1

- **a** 2b 3b 4b 5a 6b
- **b** 2 I'm having my picture taken.
 - 3 Patients get their temperature checked twice a day.
 - 4 I'll have my watch fixed.
 - 5 The boy got his face covered in chocolate. / The boy's face got covered in chocolate.
 - 6 I was getting my hair cut (by the hairdresser).
 - 7 My wife has had her jewellery stolen.
 - 8 We had had our fence painted red (by the workers).
 - 9 She got her jacket torn (by the branches).
 - 10 I'm having my passport renewed.

2

- 2 episode 3 shot 4 captured 5 cast 6 script 7 broadcast 8 released 9 editor 10 soundtrack
- 3
- **a** 1 fence 2 bungalow 3 detached 4 terrace 5 basement 6 attic

4

- a /ɔː/: reports, poor
 - /uː/: too, through
 - /əː/: second
 - /n/: love, London
 - /au/: Tower, shouted, out
 - /əu/: ghost, most, so, soldier

7C

1

- a 2 This could be a place for the kids to play.
 - 3 This would make a great bedside table.
 - 4 I can imagine having a barbecue here.
 - 5 There could be some shelves for books.
 - 6 I can't imagine this room being big enough.
 - 7 We could have it done by a professional.
 - 8 That lamp would have to go in the next room.

2

- a 2 We could put our shoes and things in this box.
 - 3 I can imagine this as a computer table or something.
 - 4 This is where all the toys, games and things like that go.
 - 5 I guess it could be a sort of notice board.
 - 6 The small room would make a spare bedroom or something like that.
 - 7 There's lots of junk here, old newspapers, broken toys and so on.
 - 8 Put a book or something under the table so it doesn't fall over.

3

2 shopping centre 3 black economy 4 global warming 5 police force 6 solar panel 7 theme park 8 parking space 9 kitchen sink 10 Third World

7D

1

- a 2 concern 3 residents 4 reaction 5 request 6 least 7 step 8 prompt
- **b** True: 4, 5, 6; False: 1, 2, 3

2

a Formal: 3, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13 Informal: 2, 4, 5, 7, 10, 12, 14

3

- a Suggested answer
 - To: Wessex Council
 - Subject: Replacement of a children's playground
 - Dear Sir/Madam

I am writing regarding the decision to turn the children's playground on Bridge Street into a parking area, as announced on local radio earlier this week. Given that there are so few places for children to play in our neighbourhood, this development upsets many parents. What worries residents most of all is that the decision has been taken with absolutely no regard to those of us who have lived in the area for years.

I have had an informal meeting with neighbours who have small children and we all agreed that a response was necessary. I am representing the views of the majority of local residents in contacting you.

I believe that our children still need a pleasant and safe place to play. My request is that you reconsider your decision, taking into account local feelings. If I do not hear from you soon, I will be forced to make this complaint public on social network sites. This will ensure that the local community is allowed to have its say.

I look forward to a prompt reply.

Yours faithfully,

Henry Jones

Reading and listening extension

1

- **a** 1b 2a 3d 4c
- **b** 2b 3a 4c 5a 6b

2

- **a** 1 in the city centre 2 outside the city centre 3 generally
- **b** True: 1, 2, 4, 8; False: 3, 5, 6, 7

Review and extension

1

- 2 /
- 3 I think it's already quite expensive enough.
- 4 /
- 5 I recommend visiting the museum if there's enough time.
- 6 We were surprised that the kids enjoyed it so much.
- 7 It's such a dangerous journey just to get there.
- 8 I introduced myself and we had a picture taken together.

2

- 2 The quality of life is lower because of all the pollution.
- 3 People will always prefer cars to public transport.
- 4 🗸
- 5 They shot the film on location in Thailand.
- 6 The next episode in the series will be shown on Tuesday.

3

2 settle 3 look 4 get 5 turn 6 get

Unit 8

8A

1

- **a** 2b 3e 4d 5h 6i 7g 8c 9a 10j
- C 2 grew, would be 3 'Il make, do 4 'd go, could travel 5 were, 'd tell 6 can't find, 'Il wear 7 take, are/'re 8 was/were, 'd stay 9 'd become, had 10 feel, 'Il give

2

- **a** 1 savings 2 debit 3 budget 4 charity 5 debt 6 award 7 investment 8 donations 9 income
- **b** 2 aside 3 rate 4 budget 5 finance 6 debt 7 investment 8 income 9 pay 10 debit 11 grant 12 donations

8B

1

- a 2 She would have realised if someone had taken her bag.
 - 3 If I could have got there quicker, everything might have been alright.
 - 4 If they'd been cleverer, they would have tried to find the safe.
 - 5 Jack wouldn't know her if I hadn't introduced them.
 - 6 If I were you, I would have changed the locks ages ago.
 - 7 She could have been lying there for hours if her neighbour hadn't called round
 - 8 You shouldn't have put all your valuables in one bag.
 - 9 The judge should have sent him to prison for a lot longer.
 - 10 You should have been watching what was happening.
- b 2 would have 3 would 4 had been 5 might have got 6 Would you pay 7 work 8 should 9 shouldn't 10 Would

2

- a 2 robber 3 shoplifting 4 kidnapper 5 jury 6 bribery
- b 2 burglary 3 burglar 4 liar 5 witness 6 evidence 7 of 8 trial 9 court 10 jury 11 guilty 12 judge 13 sentence 14 murder 15 steal

3

- a 2 If I had seen her, I would have shouted.
 - 3 If you had told me, it could have been different.
 - 4 We'd never have known if she had stayed at home.
 - 5 They shouldn't have thrown it away.
 - 6 She shouldn't have taken my purse.

8C

1

- **a** 2a 3c 4a 5a 6b
- 2
- a 2 similar 3 like 4 feeling 5 with 6 when

3

- a 2 It's Simon again // from NatEast Bank.
- 3 It's 973 // 412.
- 4 No, // but thanks anyway.
- 5 Do you want to pay by cash // or by credit card?
- 6 That's fine. // no worries.
- 7 I'm sorry, // but I didn't get that.
- 8 All the best // and speak to you soon.
- 9 Goodbye, // thanks for calling.

8D

- a The review answers questions 4, 6, 7, 8
- **b** True: 2, 5, 6; False: 1, 3, 4

2

a Suitable: 4, 5, 8 Unsuitable: 2, 3, 6, 7

3

a Suggested answer

The Godfather, directed by Francis Ford Coppola, is one of the most famous films ever made and I could watch it again and again. One of the things I love about it is the authentic 1940s/50s atmosphere of the plot and characters.

The main setting is New York, where the Corleone family are in a struggle with other Mafia families to take control of illegal businesses. The youngest son, Michael, changes from an honest citizen to the criminal head of the family after getting involved in the violence and politics of the underworld.

What makes this a brilliant film is the excellent acting by Marlon Brando and Al Pacino, and the exciting plot combined with a moving soundtrack. You would never think at the start of the film that Michael will cheat and kill his way to the top. The other thing I loved is the beautiful scenery in locations ranging from Las Vegas to Sicily.

The Godfather is an amazing film, shocking and entertaining at the same time, and I highly recommend it to anybody who loves to see real film-making with a strong plot. You will immediately want to watch Godfather II, which some critics think is even better.

Reading and listening extension

1

- Totally free: MoneyGarden, CheckMyMoney
 Works when not online: MoneyWorker
 Works on mobile phones: MoneyWorker, MoneyGarden, CheckMyMoney
- **b** True: 2, 3, 4, 5, 7; False: 1, 6, 8

2

- **a** 3, 4, 1, 2
- **b** 2a 3c 4b 5b

Review and extension

1

- /
- 3 It would be a great idea if everyone cycled to work.
- 4
- 5 It would be nice if there were more people like her.
- 6 It would have been fantastic if you had come with us.

2

- 2 One area where savings could be made is transport.
- 3 .
- 4 I'm not sure that our budget is big enough for this.
- 5
- 6 The main suspect was not the murderer but someone else.
- 7 A man has been arrested and will appear in court later.
- 8 The thief was arrested when she tried to burgle a flat.

3

2 word 3 pleasure 4 granted 5 seriously 6 it

Unit 9

9A

1

- **a** 2e 3a 4i 5c 6j 7f 8h 9b 10g
- **b** 2 that 3 who 4 which 5 which 6 which 7 who 8 that 9 whose 10 where 11 who 12 who 13 who 14 that 15 which

2

- a 2 getting over 3 infection 4 pale 5 coughed 6 scar
- b 2 bruise 3 ached 4 strained 5 treat 6 dizzy 7 shake 8 pass out 9 get over 10 develop

3

7/1/: bodybuilder, guilty, biscuit /u:/: nuisance, fruit, suits /aɪ/: quite, inquire

9B

1

- **2** 2 how he had 3 him to explain 4 to talk 5 that the press wanted 6 having 7 he had used 8 flying 9 he had walked 10 to give 11 they had been 12 us that 13 him to give
- **C** 2 Jenny told me that it had taken three hours to get there.
 - 3 The nurse thought that it might be a problem.
 - 4 My mum asked me who I was going with.
 - 5 Simon wanted to know why I hadn't told him.
 - 6 I apologised for breaking the vase. / I apologised because I'd broken the vase. 7 The boss reminded everyone to be on time.

2

- **a** 2 stated 3 reminded 4 refused 5 promised 6 realised 7 assumed 8 informed 9 ordered 10 insisted
- **b** 2 aware 3 sure 4 come 5 estimated 6 assume 7 doubt 8 wonder

90

1

a 6, 5, 7, 2, 3, 8, 1, 9, 4

2

a 2 get 3 misunderstood 4 thought 5 didn't

3

a 2/r/ 3/w/ 4/r/ 5/w/ 6/j/ 7/j/ 8/r/ 9/w/ 10/j/

9D

1

a True: 1, 2, 6; False: 3, 4, 5

b 2c 3c 4a 5c 6a

2

a 2 suggests 3 against 4 addition 5 conclude 6 important 7 spite 8 unlike

3

a Suggested answer

There can be extreme views when we compare the health of people today and a century ago. On the one hand, it is said that we live longer and healthier lives because have better food and advanced medicine. On the other hand, some believe that people were healthier and happier in the past because their lives were simpler and stress-free.

The main argument for believing we are healthier today is that medicine and technology have allowed us to treat and even cure diseases that would have killed us in the past. Moreover, our nutrition is better, so we are stronger and better prepared to fight illnesses.

In addition, because of machinery and better working conditions, we have more leisure time to do sport and take care of ourselves. In contrast, life in the early twentieth century would have been mainly work and recovery from work.

One argument against all this is that our lifestyle has changed, and that this can bring on all sorts of health problems. So instead of eating the healthy food which is available, some people eat more and what they eat is unhealthier, for example processed food.

In conclusion, I believe that we are healthier today mainly because we are protected by the wonders of modern medicine. It is always attractive to think of some kind of golden past where life was better, but this does not apply to health.

Reading and listening extension

1

a 2, 5, 1, 4, 7, 3, 6

b 2a 3c 4b 5a 6a 7c

2

a 1b 2c 3a

b 2a 3b 4b 5c

Review and extension

1

2 /

3 The film review, which came out yesterday, wasn't positive. / The film review that came out yesterday wasn't positive.

4 I moved into the room where you used to live. / I moved into the room which you used to live in.

5 Then Rachel told me that she wanted to leave. / Then Rachel said that she wanted to leave.

6

2

2 Marcus can't race or train for three months and he isn't dealing with this very well.

The cost of medicine is a problem in the developing world.

4 You should take care of yourself now you're pregnant.

5 **/** 6 **/**

3

2 across 3 true 4 conclusion 5 up 6 with

Unit 10

10A

1

a 2 could 3 may 4 can't 5 might 6 might not 7 must 8 may not 9 could 10 can't

b 2 could 3 may 4 must 5 can't 6 may 7 could 8 must 9 must 10 may 11 might not 12 could

2

a 2 illogical 3 irrelevant 4 unexpected 5 unbelievable 6 impossible

b 2 irregular 3 impolite 4 inexperienced 5 impatient 6 unreasonable 7 unsuccessful 8 dishonest 9 improbable 10 informal 11 irresponsible 12 incredible

3

a 2 improbable 3 unpredictable 4 disorganised 5 unbreakable 6 inconvenient

10B

1

a 2 had 3 hope 4 made 5 would 6 were 7 should 8 would 9 had 10 did

b 2 would listen to me 3 she was / she were 4 he lived / that he lived 5 l had bought / that l had bought 6 hope / hope that 7 l hadn't been / that l hadn't been 8 he wouldn't lie / that he wouldn't lie

9 I had studied 10 we weren't watching / that we weren't watching 11 should have gone 12 shouldn't have told

2

a 2 with 3 out 4 tackle 5 up 6 on 7 went 8 on with

C 2 give up 3 go ahead 4 try out 5 cope with 6 overcome 7 work on 8 get on with

10C

1

a 2 couldn't 3 expecting 4 pleased 5 a blow 6 get

2

a 8, 10, 2, 4, 5, 1, 6, 3, 9, 7

3

a In the <u>winter</u> of eighteen <u>fifty</u>-five, the <u>people</u> of Devon in <u>England</u> woke up to <u>find</u> the <u>footprints</u> of a <u>strange</u> animal in the <u>snow</u>. Some <u>frightened people</u> followed them <u>and</u> the <u>footprints</u> <u>went</u> on <u>and</u> on ... for <u>approximately</u> a <u>hundred miles</u> – if their <u>account</u> is to be <u>believed</u>. The <u>footprints</u> <u>went</u> in a <u>straight</u> line <u>through</u> <u>gardens</u> <u>and</u> over <u>walls</u> <u>and roofs</u>. No one could <u>explain</u> the <u>footprints</u>, but <u>since</u> then many theories have been <u>suggested</u>. One of the <u>strangest</u> was that a <u>kangaroo</u> had <u>escaped from</u> a nearby zoo <u>and jumped through</u> the <u>countryside!</u>

10D

1

a 4, 5, 6, 7, 1, 9, 2, 8, 3

b 2a 3c 4a 5c 6b 7c 8a

2

a 2a 3f 4b 5e 6c

b 2 Feeling, felt 3 realised, realising 4 hid, hiding 5 held, holding

3

a Suggested answer

I shook hands and hurried away, hoping I'd never see him again. Jones had given me the information I wanted. It was all there on the flash drive, all for quite a reasonable price considering how valuable it would be to me. Well, not only me. Many people would be interested in what was going on in Wilkinsons and they would soon find out.

I had met Jones by chance in a café. Talking over a coffee, I soon found out that he worked for Wilkinsons, the company that had sacked me so unfairly. 'My chance for revenge,' I thought, putting some extra sugar in my coffee. We soon came to an arrangement. It was all very simple and logical: he was helping me with some information and I was helping somebody else who hated Wilkinsons.

I went home and looked at the files on my computer. 'Wow! This is incredible!' I said to myself, wondering how Jones had managed to get access to all this material. Suddenly the phone rang and I heard Jones's voice. 'Destroy the files!' he had time to cry out before the phone went dead, leaving me frightened and confused. I had to make a decision, and fast.

Reading and listening extension

1

- **a** 1e 2a 3b 4c 5d
- **b** 1 Shane 2 Jon 3 Lisa 4 Mike 5 Tony
- **C** True: 2, 5, 6; False: 1, 3, 4

2

- **a** 1c 2d 3e 4a 5b
- **b** 1 confident 2 not hopeful 3 surprised 4 fortunate 5 angry

Review and extension

1

- 2 We do hope you will enjoy the rest of your stay.
- 3 🗸
- 4 Goodbye, and I hope we can meet again soon.
- 5 Denis wishes he had spent more time there last summer.
- 6 **/**

2

- 2 The training facilities are satisfactory for a club of this size.
- 3 **/**
- 4 I'm very dissatisfied with your response to my recent letter.
- 5 The police discovered her illegal use of company funds.
- 6 1
- 6 **1** 7

3

- 2 It's the other way round.
- 3 There's no way
- 4 all the way
- 5 One way or another

Video exercises

Unit 1

- **a** 2a 3e 4f 5d 6c
- **b** 2 horses 3 a water sport 4 be 5 is old fashioned 6 has finished working
- C 2a 3b 4c 5a

Unit 2

- a 2 on their own 3 can harm her 4 didn't really need to worry
- **b** 2b 3c 4a 5a
- C 2c 3a 4d 5b

Unit 3

- **a** 2b 3a 4c 5b
- **b** 2 run the marathon quickly 3 plays football 4 dedication
- C 2b 3c 4a

Unit 4

- **a** 2b 3d 4c
- **b** 2c 3c 4a 5c
- **C** 2 well paid 3 satisfied 4 deserve 5 make it a positive experience

Unit 5

- **a** 2b 3c 4b 5b
- **b** 2a 3d 4b
- C 2b 3d 4a

Unit 6

- **a** 2d 3c 4b 5a
- **b** 2 met Rachel's expectations 3 always 4 bus 5 a problem with the boat 6 didn't spoil
- C 2a 3c 4b 5a

Unit 7

- **a** 2b 3b 4c 5c 6a 7b
- **b** 2 disagrees 3 younger 4 long working hours 5 the pace of life 6 negative
- **C** 2b 3f 4a 5e 6c

Unit 8

- **a** 2e 3b 4a 5d
- **b** 2 more traditional 3 her phone 4 easier to use 5 organise his cash very well
- **C** 2b 3c 4a

Unit 9

- **a** 2a 3c 4b
- **b** 2 research 3 are the result of accidents 4 has almost solved the problem 5 had led to
- **C** 2a 3c 4b 5a

Unit 10

- **a** 2b 3a 4c 5a 6b 7b
- **b** 2d 3f 4c 5a 6b
- C 2 agrees 3 want the same thing 4 wants to think 5 motivation 6 unimportant

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