

GÜLNARƏ UMUDOVA



Yeni nəşr

TEST VƏ TAPŞIRIQLAR
TOPLUSU

İNGİLİS DİLİ

- Abituriyentlər üçün tapşırıqlar
- MİQ imtahanına hazırlaşanlar üçün çətinliyi artırılmış tapşırıqlar

KURİKULUMLA

50

yeni imtahan
modelində mətn

150

dinləmə
tapşırığı

15

dinləmə
imtahan modeli

2779

grammatik
test tapşırığı

687

grammatik
çalışma

MÜNDƏRİCAT

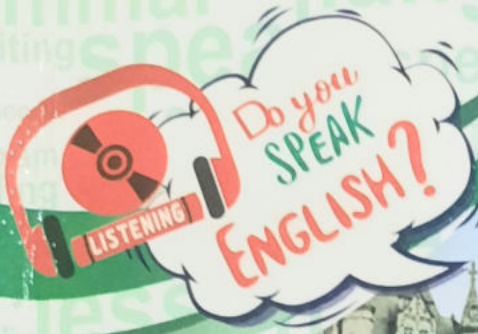
ÖN SÖZ	3
+ READING COMPREHENSION	5
LISTENING PRACTICES	57
GRAMMAR	125
Noun – Exercises	126
İsim – Çalışmalar	126
+ Noun – Tests	137
İsim – Testlər	137
Quantifiers – Exercises	161
Kəmiyyət bildirən sözlər – Çalışmalar	161
+ Quantifiers – Tests	174
Kəmiyyət bildirən sözlər – Testlər	174
Article – Exercises	179
Artıql – Çalışmalar	179
+ Article – Tests	187
Artıql – Testlər	187
Pronoun – Exercises	197
Əvəzlik – Çalışmalar	197
+ Pronoun – Tests	251
Əvəzlik – Testlər	251
Adjective, Adverb – Exercises	269
Sifət, zərf – Çalışmalar	269

Adjective, Adverb - Tests.....	282
Sifət, zərf - Testlər.....	282
Numeral - Exercises.....	295
Say - Çalışmalar.....	295
Numeral - Tests.....	296
Say - Testlər.....	296
There is, There are - Exercises.....	298
There is, There are - Çalışmalar.....	298
The verb - Exercises.....	304
Feil - Çalışmalar.....	304
The verb - Tests.....	307
Feil - Testlər.....	307
Complex Object - Exercises.....	310
Mürəkkəb tamamlıq - Çalışmalar.....	310
Complex Object - Tests.....	317
Mürəkkəb tamamlıq - Testlər.....	317
Tense forms - Exercises.....	323
Zaman formaları - Çalışmalar.....	323
Tense forms - Tests.....	360
Zaman formaları - Testlər.....	360
Gerund - Tests.....	383
Cerund - Testlər.....	383
Passive Voice - Exercises.....	390

Məchul növ – Çalışmalar	390
Passive Voice – Tests	398
Məchul növ – Testlər	398
Passive Causative – Exercises	411
Məchul icbar – Çalışmalar	411
Passive Causative – Tests	413
Məchul icbar – Testlər	413
Preposition – Exercises	418
Sözönləri – Çalışmalar	418
Preposition – Tests	437
Sözönləri – Testlər	437
Modal Verbs – Exercises	447
Modal feillər – Çalışmalar	447
Modal Verbs – Tests	463
Modal feillər – Testlər	463
Interrogative, Negative Sentences – Exercises	473
Sual, inkar cümlələr – Çalışmalar	473
Interrogative, Negative Sentences – Tests	488
Sual, inkar cümlələr – Testlər	488
Exclamatory Sentences – Tests	501
Nida cümlələri – Testlər	501
Short Answers (So, Neither) – Exercises	507
Qısa cavablar (So, Neither) – Çalışmalar	507

Short Answers – So, Neither – Tests	511
Qisa cavablar (So, Neither) – Testlər	511
Conjunction – Exercises	519
Bağlayıcı – Çalışmalar	519
Conjunction – Tests	539
Bağlayıcı – Testlər	539
Subject Verb Agreement – Exercises	545
Mübtəda xəbər uzlaşması – Çalışmalar	545
Subject Verb Agreement – Tests	555
Mübtəda xəbər uzlaşması – Testlər	555
Complete The Sentences – Tests	562
Cümlə tamamlama – Testlər	562
VOCABLUARY	567
Word Definition – Open ended tests	568
Sözün izahı – Açıq tipli testlər	568
VI Grade Vocabulary	568
VII Grade Vocabulary	571
VIII Grade Vocabulary	574
IX Grade Vocabulary	581
X Grade Vocabulary	585
XI Grade Vocabulary	589
Reference Sources – İstinad edilmiş mənbələr	595

GÜLNARƏ UMUDOVA



Yeni nəşr

TEST VƏ TAPŞIRIQLAR
TOPLUSU

İNGİLİS DİLİ

- Abituriyentlər üçün tapşırıqlar
- MİQ imtahanına hazırlaşanlar üçün çətinliyi artırılmış tapşırıqlar

KURİKULUMLA

50

yeni imtahan
modelində mətn

150

dinləmə
tapşırığı

15

dinləmə
imtahan modeli

2779

grammatik
test tapşırığı

687

grammatik
çalışma

READING COMPREHENSION



PASSAGE 1

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Acid rain is one of the biggest environmental problems today. It has many long-effects, like damage to trees and buildings. It can lead to skin and breathing problems. It can also cause animals to become extinct. Acid rain is caused by air pollution from cars and factories. These machines burn fuel for energy. When fuel burns, it produces smoke and invisible gases that mix with clouds. These dark clouds rain harmful chemicals onto the earth. Although the rain is not acidic enough to burn skin, it coats tree leaves, buildings, and the ground with toxic water.

Acid rain has actually been around since the mid-1800s. It was discovered by Robert Angus Smith. Smith found a relationship between acid rain and air pollution. However, scientists did not start studying acid rain seriously until the 1950s.

Acid rain can be prevented by burning less dangerous fuels. Factories have also experimented with special filters that remove harmful chemicals from the smoke. These are good solutions, but governments have to act fast. If they wait, the damage may be unstoppable.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) solutions to environmental problems
 B) environmental situations in the mid-1800s
 C) one of the dangerous forms of pollution
 D) government actions against pollution
 E) history of invention of acid rain
2. The underlined word they in the passage refers to ...
 A) solutions
 B) chemicals
 C) fuels
 D) governments
 E) damages
3. Which is *not mentioned* in the passage?
 1. causes of acid rain
 2. solutions of acid rain
 3. countries face frequent acid rain
 4. names of less dangerous fuels
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 2,4
 E) 3,4
4. Which word from the passage has the definition «*the presence in or introduction into the environment of a substance which has harmful or poisonous effects*»?
 A) fuel
 B) pollution
 C) rain
 D) smoke
 E) energy
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 The serious study of acid rain began ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word or phrase «*to disappear*».

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 How can acid rain be prevented?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing *chemicals*.

PASSAGE 2

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

In 1871 Chicago was the fastest growing city in the United States. Buildings went up every day-most made out of wood. The summer of 1871 had been very dry with little rain. It was the year when the Great Chicago Fire started. The fire started in 1871, October 8 in the barn of Catherine O'Leary. According to some legends the fire started when Mrs. O'Leary's cow kicked over a lantern. The fire quickly spread as about two-thirds of buildings were made entirely of wood. Even the stone and brick buildings had highly flammable roofs. Firefighters tried to stop the fire, but all their attempts failed. Finally, the flames died down after 3 days. As the result of the fire 300 people had died, 100000 inhabitants were left homeless. Although the fire caused a lot of damage, much of the city's infrastructure remained unharmed-including its water supply, sewage and transportation systems-which enabled Chicago to rebuild quickly.

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) the first population in Chicago
 B) the forest fires in the US
 C) the firefighters' courage
 D) the wooden buildings in Chicago
 E) the tragedy of Chicago
- The underlined pronoun its refers to ...
 A) people's
 B) building's
 C) cow's
 D) fire's
 E) city's
- Which word in the passage has the meaning «*people or animals that live in or occupy a place*»?
 A) lanterns
 B) inhabitants
 C) brick roofs
 D) firefighters
 E) cows
- Which information **isn't given** in the passage?
 A) the number of the people died in the fire
 B) the place where the fire started first
 C) the date when the fire started
 D) the duration of the fire
 E) the names of the churches destroyed in the fire
- Complete the sentence according to the passage?
 Chicago was able to be rebuilt quickly after the great fire as ...

- Which word in the passage has the close meaning with the word «*harm*»?

- Answer the question according to the passage.
 What helped the fire to expand rapidly?

- Write **one adjective** from the passage describing *the summer of 1871 in Chicago*.

PASSAGE 3

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Some people said that the American city Detroit was like Paris. It had a big river, beautiful wide streets and important buildings. Then, in the 20th century it was called «Motor City» because of the number of car factories there. Workers in the car factories had good jobs and they earned good money. It wasn't unusual to own a home, a boat, and even a holiday home. But at the beginning of the 21st century Detroit became America's poorest big city. In a period of 50 years more than half of the people left Detroit. Houses and buildings were empty. Poverty and crime increased. The city's population fell for several reasons. One reason was terrible riots in 1967. A lot of people were scared of coming to the city. Also, the big car companies like General Motors and Chrysler had huge problems. And in 2008, the world financial crises had a big effect on many cities, especially Detroit. In 2013 the city of Detroit was the biggest bankrupt city in the American history.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) car factories in America
 B) the world financial crises
 C) wide streets of Paris
 D) the capital of France
 E) Motor City of America
2. The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
 A) cities
 B) buildings
 C) streets
 D) workers
 E) factories
3. Which information **isn't given** in the passage?
 1. the name of the river in Detroit
 2. the reasons of riots in Detroit
 3. the year of the riots in Detroit
 4. the names of the car factories in Detroit
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 2,4
 E) 3,4
4. Which word from the passage has the meaning «a period of one hundred years»?
 A) riot
 B) century
 C) poverty
 D) crime
 E) crises
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 As the result of riots, huge problems in the big car companies and the world financial crises the city of Detroit ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «to grow»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why was the city of Detroit called «Motor City» in the 20th century?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing Detroit at the beginning of the 21st century.

PASSAGE 4

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Nowadays there are some serious environmental problems. They are: air pollution, water pollution, destruction of nature. Animals, birds and all wildlife are in danger. Most people use cars today. So, there are a lot of traffic jams in cities and cars send much smoke into the air. Some people cut trees and build new houses, plants to make money. Factories send a lot of smoke into air. The markets throw litter in the streets in plastic bags. But they must put paper, cans, bottles and glasses into special containers. All litter makes carbon gas and pollute air. It makes people sick. Many villagers cut trees in the forests and make fireplaces for heating homes. That is why many animals can't find food and leave their homes. Now they are disappearing. We should find solutions to all these problems.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) solution of problems B) taking care of animals C) making special containers
 D) ways of heating homes E) destruction of nature

2. The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
 A) homes B) villagers C) animals
 D) people E) cars

3. Which information **isn't given** in the passage?
 1. which markets throw litter in the streets 2. how to prevent traffic jams
 3. how villagers destroy forests 4. how factories and cars pollute air
 A) 1,3 B) 1,4 C) 1,2
 D) 2,4 E) 3,4

4. Which word from the passage has the meaning «to make dirty»?
 A) disappear B) pollute C) cut
 D) throw E) leave

5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 The animals in the forests leave their homes as ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «garbage»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 How does the polluted air affect people?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing *environmental problems*.

PASSAGE 5

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

The Nobel Prize is one of the greatest honors in the world today. Once a year, people win this prize for their work in science, medicine, literature, economics, or world peace. Each winner receives a gold medal, a diploma, and about \$1 million. **They** also earn the respect of people around the world. Nobel Prize winners receive their prize at ceremonies in Stockholm, Sweden, and Oslo, Norway, on December 10, the anniversary of the death of Alfred Nobel. Nobel was a scientist and inventor. In his will, he left his fortune to create the Nobel Prize. Nobel wanted people to remember him as a man of peace, but in his lifetime he was most famous for building weapons of war. Many people said he was a bad person because he invented destructive weapons. But he believed that nations would stop wars if they had weapons that could destroy each other.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) prize for literature
 B) world scientists
 C) weapons of war
 D) an honorable prize
 E) world Peace Ceremony
2. Choose the correct variants according to the passage.
 During Alfred Nobel's lifetime, many people ...
 1. didn't like his inventions
 2. won the Nobel Prize
 3. earn respect of nations
 4. thought of him badly
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3
 E) 3,4
3. Which information **isn't** given in the passage?
 1. the amount of money received by the winner
 2. the month when the Nobel Prize is given
 3. the year when Alfred Nobel was born
 4. the year when Nobel invented weapons
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,4
 C) 2,3
 D) 3,4
 E) 1,3
4. The underlined pronoun **they** refers to ...
 A) winners
 B) prizes
 C) people
 D) weapons
 E) nations
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 The Nobel Prize winners receive their prize on the 10th of December because ...

6. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why did Nobel want to create Nobel Prize in his will?

7. Which word in the passage has the closest meaning with the word «award»?

8. Write one adjective describing weapons invented by A. Nobel.

PASSAGE 6

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Mustafa Kemal Atatürk is the father of modern Turkey. He was born in 1881. He chose the army as a career and in 1915; during the First World War he led the Turkish army in Gallipoli and Istanbul. By the end of the war he was a hero and from that time all of the Turkish people supported him. He led the Turkish army in the War of Independence (1919-1922) and in 1923 he became the first president of the new republic of Turkey. During the last fifteen years of his life Atatürk introduced many reforms and did many things to improve life in Turkey. He died in November in 1938, but today the people of Turkey still think of him with great respect.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) war of Independence in Turkey
 B) the great son of the Turkish world
 C) reforms in Turkey
 D) the old history of Istanbul
 E) heroines of the Independence War
2. Choose the correct variant.
 Atatürk ...
 1. chose the army as a career in 1915
 2. was the first president of Turkey
 3. is hardly respected by the people of Turkey
 4. did few things for the future development of his country
 A) 1,3
 B) 2,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 1,2
 E) 2,4
3. Which word from the passage has the meaning «to make somebody/something better than before»?
 A) to lead
 B) to support
 C) to improve
 D) to introduce
 E) to think of
4. Choose the **false** statements.
 1. Turkish people never supported the great leader.
 2. Atatürk did his best to improve life in his country.
 3. Atatürk was elected the first president before the War of Independence took place.
 4. The people of Turkey think of Atatürk with great respect.
 A) 1,4
 B) 3,4
 C) 2,3
 D) 1,3
 E) 2,4
5. Which word from the passage has the close meaning with the word «freedom»?

6. Answer the question according to the passage.
 How many years did the War of Independence last?

7. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 The people of Turkey still think of Atatürk with great respect because ...

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing Turkey.

PASSAGE 7

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

The largest American state is not California or Texas. It is Alaska. Alaska is also the most northern American state. It is over a thousand miles further north than the border between the US and Canada. Alaska is a huge, barren mass of land that is covered with snow and ice for most of the year.

In the 1700s, Alaska was home only to polar bears and native Inuits. The first Russian settlers sailed to Alaska to set up a fur trade there. The Russian-American Company was the first trading company to make its headquarters in Alaska. During the late 1700s and early 1800s, Russia tried to encourage other settlers to come and live in Alaska.

However, few people were interested in moving to Alaska. The weather was harsh, and it was very difficult to make a living there. In 1867, American politician William Seward bought Alaska from the Russians for \$7.2 million. That amount was about 2 cents for every acre. It was called the «Alaska Purchase».

Many politicians thought Seward was crazy to buy so much ice and snow. They called the purchase «Seward's Folly» until people discovered gold in the Alaskan mountains. «Seward's Folly» became «Seward's Genius».

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) how the USA obtained Alaska
 B) the first settlers in Alaska
 C) the industry of the most northern state
 D) history of fur trade in Alaska
 E) the failure of «Alaska Purchase»
2. The underlined pronoun they in the passage refers to ...
 A) Russians
 B) politicians
 C) first settlers
 D) Indians
 E) Americans
3. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
 A) How much money did Seward pay for Alaska?
 B) Who was the first settlers in Alaska?
 C) What was the weather like in Alaska?
 D) Why did politicians call the purchase «Seward's Folly»?
 E) When did the people find gold in Alaska?
4. Which word from the passage has the definition «*to support, to give confidence and hope*»?
 A) to purchase
 B) to encourage
 C) to set up
 D) to discover
 E) to sail
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 «Seward's Folly» became «Seward's Genius» after ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «*to buy*»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why weren't many people interested in moving to Alaska?

8. Write one adjective describing Alaska's weather.

PASSAGE 8

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-9.

The United Arab Emirates is a country with a lot of oil and oil brings the country billions of dollars each year. But the UAE is building a city that uses very little or no oil because they know that oil will not last forever. In fact, engineers are now building a unique city called Masdar that uses mostly solar energy for its power. It is about 32 km from Abu Dhabi. If it is a success, Masdar will be the first in the world that uses little or no oil. Its streets are very narrow and houses are close to each other so that the shade from the houses helps keep the streets cool. Masdar will reuse about 80% of its water and change most of its waste into more energy. No one knows if it will really be successful.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) the cities in the UAE
 C) the process of reusing waste
 E) the city without oil
 B) the wealthy country
 D) the engineering of the unique city
2. The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
 A) the building
 D) solar energy
 B) the UAE
 E) oil
 C) Masdar
3. Which question has **no** answer in the passage.
 1. Where is Masdar situated?
 2. Who are the engineers in Masdar?
 3. How many people are able to live in Masdar?
 4. What brings a lot of money to the UAE?
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3
 E) 3,4
4. Which word from the passage has the meaning «use again or more than once»?
 A) reuse
 D) help
 B) build
 E) change
 C) bring
5. Choose the true statements according to the passage.
 1. Everybody knows that Masdar will definitely succeed.
 2. Masdar will be able to reuse its waste.
 3. Masdar will get its most energy from the sun.
 4. In the past there were many cities like Masdar in the world.
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 2,3
 D) 1,4
 E) 3,4
6. Complete the sentence according to the passage?
 The houses are close to each other and it helps ...

7. Which word from the passage has the opposite meaning with the word «wide»?

8. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why is the UAE building the city without oil or with less oil?

9. Write one adjective from the passage describing *Masdar*.

PASSAGE 9

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

J.K. Rowling is the author of the Harry Potter books. She was born in an ordinary family and they weren't rich. She was very quiet child at school. Her marriage with a Portuguese man was not happy so she left her husband with her little daughter. After this she began writing her first Harry Potter book and finally finished it after 5 years. Although Joanne sent it to many book publishers, they all didn't like it. Finally, a publisher liked it, but warned her that she wouldn't make a lot of money as it was a child book and adults wouldn't read it. But the publisher was wrong. Harry Potter books became one of the best-selling books all over the world and it was translated into 40 languages.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) the book about Rowling's life
 B) a successful author
 C) book publishing process
 D) Joanna's unhappy marriage
 E) the author of the book for adults
2. The underlined pronoun they in the passage refers to ...
 A) adults
 B) children
 C) Joanna's friends
 D) Harry Potter books
 E) the publishers
3. Which information **isn't given** in the passage?
 1. Joanna's husband's nationality
 2. the year when she published Harry Potter book
 3. the place where she was born
 4. the time spent for writing first Harry Potter book
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3
 E) 3,4
4. Choose the **false** information according to the passage.
 A) Harry Potter book is only in English.
 B) Many publishers didn't believe Harry Potter book's success.
 C) Joanne was very calm child during school years.
 D) Joanne was from a poor family.
 E) Her marriage was unsuccessful.
5. Which word from the passage has the meaning «grown-ups»?

6. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 Joanne left her husband with her little daughter because ...

7. Which word from the passage has the opposite meaning with the word «naughty»?

8. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why did the publisher think that Joanne wouldn't make a lot of money?

PASSAGE 10

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-9.

People all over the world eat rice, some eat almost nothing but rice. Rice is a kind of grass. Farmers grow rice in many places, even in southern part of the USA. Nobody knows where rice came from. Some scientists think that it started to grow in southern Asia and in West Africa. Others think that rice came from India. Indian travelers took it to other countries. There're two main ways to grow rice. Upland rice grows in dry soil but lowland type in wet soil. People use machines, fertilizer in rice production. Some insects are enemies of rice. Farmers poison them. People use all parts of rice plant. They make animal feed, rice oil, baskets, broom and roofs from rice plant.

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) making brooms
 B) upland places
 C) new rice machines
 D) an important crop
 E) dry soil in Africa
- The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
 A) insect
 B) rice
 C) scientist
 D) grass
 E) soil
- Which information **isn't** given in the passage?
 1. which regions use more fertilizer
 2. types of lands that rice grows
 3. names of things made from rice
 4. names of insects that harm rice
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,4
 C) 2,4
 D) 3,4
 E) 1,3
- Which word from the passage has the meaning «an object used for sweeping floors»?
 A) basket
 B) rice
 C) oil
 D) broom
 E) roof
- Choose the correct statement according to the passage.
 A) People all over the world hardly eat rice.
 B) Rice is a very useful type of tree.
 C) Southern Asia learned to grow rice latest of all.
 D) Upland rice can grow in arid lands.
 E) Rice can grow only in humid soil.

6. Tick the correct columns according to the passage.

STATEMENTS	TRUE	FALSE
1. Scientists definitely know where rice came from.		
2. Rice grows in the United States.		
3. Farmers use fertilizer to kill insects.		
4. Every part of rice plant is used by people.		

- Answer the questions according to the passage.
 How do farmers kill insects?

- Which word from the passage is closest in meaning with «to cultivate»?

- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 According to some scientists the rest of the world learned from Indian travelers ...

PASSAGE 11

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Vietnam was America's largest and bloodiest fight with communism. The US involvement in Vietnam started as early as 1944 when American intelligence agents began working secretly there. After the country was divided into North and South in 1959, a series of events seemed to lead inevitably to war.

In 1963, there was a military takeover of South Vietnam, and its President Diem was assassinated. The following year, the communist North attacked an American ship, and the US felt that it had to respond. Congress gave President Johnson full power to send troops to the fight. The American people's reaction to the war was so passionate largely because of the new medium of television. For the first time, TV news brought pictures of the bloody battles and dead soldiers right into everyone's living room every evening. People began to realize that the government was not giving them the full truth about the war. Huge demonstrations were organized, the first of which was in Washington in 1965. Even some US soldiers in Vietnam were questioning America's involvement in the war. They made their protests by wearing peace signs on their uniforms, or by refusing to follow orders.

Historians still argue about how much influence the anti-war movement had on government policy, but everyone can agree that both the war and the protests at home left the country feeling broken and battered.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) A Brief History of South Vietnam
 B) Bloody fights in North Vietnam
 C) Vietnam's War with Communism
 D) Effects of TV on the People
 E) The Vietnam War and Its Effects on the US
2. The underlined pronoun them refers to ...
 A) soldiers
 B) living rooms
 C) people
 D) governments
 E) protests
3. Choose the **false** statements according to the passage.
 A) TV news hardly talked about the bloody battles and dead soldiers.
 B) Americans didn't believe government reports on the war.
 C) With the help of TV people lost their trust to the government.
 D) American soldiers' uniform with peace signs showed their protests.
 E) Anti-war protests made the US feel broken.
4. Which word from the passage has the meaning «*taking part in something*»?
 A) fight
 B) battle
 C) reaction
 D) involvement
 E) influence
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 Some events led to war after Vietnam ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «*protests*»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 What caused the US to start sending troops to Vietnam?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing *battles in Vietnam*.

PASSAGE 12

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

The water hyacinth grows in tropical countries. It has beautiful purple-blue flowers, but everybody hates it. Why?

Millions and millions of these plants grow in rivers and lakes. Sometimes the plants become so thick that people can walk on them. People cannot travel in boats on the water, and they cannot fish in it. The plants stop the water from moving. Then the water carries diseases. Farmers cannot use the water on their land.

Now scientists think that water hyacinth can be useful as they are really a free crop. No one has to take care of them. They just grow and grow and grow. What can farmers use them for? Some fish like to eat them. Farmers can grow these fish in the lakes and rivers.

Workers can collect and cut the plants with machines. Then they can make fertilizer to make their crops grow better. They can also make feed for their farm animals.

Maybe it will be possible to make methane gas for energy. We burn gas from petroleum for energy. Methane gas can be made from plants. Then poor tropical countries will not have to buy so much expensive petroleum. Maybe in the future people will love the water hyacinth instead of hating it.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) fish in the lakes B) making fertilizer C) carrying disease
 D) a tropical plant E) energy sources
2. The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
 A) workers B) farmers C) fish
 D) plants E) animals
3. Choose the **false** statements according to the passage.
 1. Sometimes the water under these plants can't move.
 2. These plants can be food for some fish.
 3. Water hyacinths help to make water clean.
 4. These plants can be used to make petroleum.
 A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3 E) 3,4
4. Which word in the passage has the meaning «a cultivated plant that is grown on a large scale commercially, especially a cereal, fruit, or vegetable»?
 A) energy B) flower C) crop
 D) fertilizer E) lake
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 Farmers can grow some fish in this lakes and rivers as ...

6. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why is the water hyacinth considered as a free crop?

7. Write two synonyms for the word «disease».

8. Match the sentences with the main idea.
 People hate water hyacinths because ...
 1. they don't allow people to travel from fishing 2. they prevent people from fishing
 3. people can make fertilizer out of them 4. they causes the water to be tidy

PASSAGE 13

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-9.

Vitamins are necessary substances that your body needs to grow and develop normally. There are 13 vitamins your body needs. You can usually get all your vitamins from the food you eat. Each vitamin has specific jobs. If you have low levels of certain vitamins, you may get health problems. They may help prevent medical problems. Vitamin A prevents night blindness and defends your body from infection. Vitamin B is good for the nervous system and blood. It is in beans, grain, poultry, fish and meat. Vitamin C increases iron to your blood. You will have good immune system. It is in all citrus fruits and vegetables that keep you strong. Vitamin D is good for blood pressure, cancer and other disease. It keeps your bones strong. The best way to get enough vitamins is to eat a balanced diet with a variety of food.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) preventing blood pressure B) the invention of vitamins C) role of vitamins
 D) vitamins making diseases E) a balanced diet
2. The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
 A) specific jobs B) citrus fruits C) health problems
 D) certain vitamins E) other diseases
3. Choose the **false** statements according to the passage.
 1. Vitamin D makes your bones weak. 2. Vitamin C reduces iron to your blood.
 3. Low levels of vitamins can lead to sickness. 4. Vitamin A protects you from infection.
 A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3 E) 3,4
4. Which word from the passage has the meaning «to protect from something»?
 A) to increase B) to grow C) to prevent
 D) to defend E) to develop
5. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
 A) How many vitamins does your body need? B) What are the vitamins good for?
 C) Which vitamin is good for night blindness? D) What is the use of vitamins in our body?
 E) What kind of food contains vitamin D?
6. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 You may get health problems if ...

7. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «illness»?

8. Answer the question according to the passage.
 What is the best way of getting enough vitamins?

9. Write one adjective from the passage describing *vitamins*.

PASSAGE 14

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

People are living to be much older these days for a number of reasons. The main of them are great access to health care and better nutrition. Basic health care is available to more people now. When someone is seriously ill he or she can go to a public hospital. There are also more clinics and doctors than there used to be years ago. Health care wasn't available to everyone. Some people didn't live near a doctor or hospital and others couldn't pay for the care they needed. People also live longer because the quality of health care has improved. Doctors now know more about diseases and cures. Years ago people died younger because of simple things such as an infection or a virus. Now we have antibiotics and other medicines to help to cure infections. We eat more healthfully than we used to. We know that eating low-fat food can prevent heart disease and eating fruits and vegetables can prevent cancer. Improved health care and healthy eating habits allow us to live longer now. We need to make sure that everyone in the world has these benefits.

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) remedies for heart diseases B) the biggest causes of death C) reasons for living longer
 D) modern diseases and cures E) the benefits of living longer
- The underlined pronoun them refers to ...
 A) the old B) people C) reasons
 D) hospitals E) doctors
- Which word from the passage has the meaning «the process of providing or obtaining the food necessary for health and growth»?
 A) nutrition B) access C) care
 D) antibiotics E) infection
- Choose the **false** statements according to the passage.
 1. The quality of health care has improved.
 2. It is impossible to prevent cancer now.
 3. There are fewer clinics now than there used to be years ago.
 4. Now doctors know more about infections and viruses.
 A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
 D) 2,3 E) 3,4
- Which word from the passage has the close meaning with the word «treatments»?

- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 With the help of improved health care and healthy eating habits ...

- Answer the question according to the passage.
 What is the use of antibiotics and other medicines in our life?

- Write one adjective from the passage describing *hospital*.

PASSAGE 15

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Penguins are birds, but they can't fly. They can swim very well. There are seventeen species of penguins. Most species of the birds have nests of branches and leaves, but Emperor penguins use their feet for a nest. The male penguin holds the egg on his feet to keep it warm. The Emperor Penguin is the tallest of all penguins. Their height can reach 120 cm. Little Blue Penguins are the smallest penguins. Many penguins live in Antarctica. All penguins have a big head and a short, thick neck. Penguin legs are short and strong. They eat a lot of fish and can drink sea water, because they don't have taste receptors. Genetic analysis shows that the penguin species had lost the taste receptors for sour and salty flavors as the result of extremely low temperatures.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) Male Penguins
 B) The Strongest Animals
 C) Special Birds in Antarctica
 D) Genetic Analysis on Birds
 E) Making a Nest
2. Choose the **false** statements according to the passage.
 1. All penguins have big heads.
 2. Penguins don't make a nest of leaves.
 3. Penguin babies live on branches.
 4. Penguins are good at tasting salty flavors.
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 2,3
 D) 3,4
 E) 1,4
3. Which word from the passage has the meaning «*a structure or place made or chosen by a bird for laying eggs and sheltering its young*»?
 A) bird
 B) species
 C) branch
 D) nest
 E) flavor
4. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
 A) How do penguins keep their eggs warm?
 B) How many species of penguins are there?
 C) What are the names of the smallest penguins?
 D) Where do many penguins live?
 E) How many eggs do penguins lay per year?
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 Penguins can drink salty ocean water as ...

6. Which word from the passage has the opposite meaning with the word «*weak*»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 What was the cause for losing taste receptors?

8. Write two adjectives from the passage describing *flavors*.

PASSAGE 16

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

African elephants are the largest land animals on the Earth. They are slightly larger than their Asian cousins and can be identified by their larger ears that look somewhat like the continent of Africa. Elephant ears radiate heat to help to keep these large animals cool, but sometimes the African heat is too much. Elephants are fond of water and enjoy showering by sucking water into their trunks and spraying it all over themselves. Afterwards, they often spray their skin with a protective coating of dust. An elephant's trunk is actually a long nose for smelling, breathing, trumpeting, drinking and also for grabbing things. Its trunk is about seven feet long. These hungry animals don't sleep much and require large quantities of food to sustain their massive bodies.

Many elephants have been killed for their tusks as ivory is so valuable to some humans. This trade is illegal today, but it has not been eliminated and some African elephant populations remain endangered.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) Asian Elephants B) Sleepy Hungry Animals C) Surviving in Blazing Hot
 D) The Largest Land Animals E) Plan Against Wildlife Trafficking
2. The underlined pronoun it refers to
 A) elephant B) water C) heat
 D) ear E) trunk
3. Which information *isn't given* in the passage.
 1. the length of elephant's trunk 2. the elephant's main diet
 3. the functions of the trunk 4. projects for protecting elephants
 A) 1,2 B) 2,4 C) 1,4
 D) 3,4 E) 1,3
4. Which word from the passage has the meaning «*need for a particular purpose*»?
 A) identify B) radiate C) enjoy
 D) require E) spray
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 People hunt elephants for ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «*precious*»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 How do elephants protect themselves from extreme African heat?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing *elephant's ears*.

PASSAGE 17

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Sugar cane was grown in India thousands of years ago. In Roman times it was known in Europe as a great luxury, and it was rare and expensive for many centuries after that. In 1493 Columbus took a sugar plant with him to the West Indies, where it grew so well that huge plantations were started by Europeans and worked on by slaves. The slaves were shipped across the Atlantic from Africa, packed sometimes one on top of the other in chains, on a journey that took six weeks and many of them died. The empty ships then carried the sugar back to Europe. So much money was made that sugar was known as «white gold». Sugar is used to sweeten food and make sweets and chocolate. It is addictive but unnecessary. By the 16th century the English were the greatest sugar-eaters in history. Elizabeth I lost all her teeth because she ate so much of it. The heightened demand and production of sugar came about to a large extent due to a great change in the eating habits of many Europeans. For example, they began consuming jams, candy, tea, coffee, cacao and other sweet victuals in much greater amounts.

1. The passage is mainly about
 A) Sugar plantations in West Indies
 B) History of sugar
 C) History of Europe
 D) Role of slaves in sugar industry
 E) The greatest sugar-eaters
2. Which information is **false** according to the passage?
 1. English queens forbade sugar in their country.
 2. Sugar was known in Europe before Roman times.
 3. In the 16th century the English ate more sugar.
 4. People made a lot of profit from sugar.
 A) 1,2
 B) 2,3
 C) 3,4
 D) 1,4
 E) 2,4
3. Which word from the passage has the meaning «a person who is the legal property of another and is forced to obey them (especially in the past)»?
 A) chain
 B) gold
 C) production
 D) demand
 E) slave
4. The underlined pronoun they refers to
 A) slaves
 B) sweets
 C) Europeans
 D) Romans
 E) sugar ships
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 As the result of high demand and production of sugar many Europeans

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «to cultivate»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why was sugar called as «white gold»?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing *sugar plantations*.

PASSAGE 18

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Dubai, the United Arab Emirates (UAE) is a city of glass skyscrapers. One of them is incredible Burj Khalifa skyscraper. It is the tallest structure in the world and about 828 meters high. The tower has got more than 160 floors and can be seen from about 100 kilometers away. Construction of the Burj Khalifa began in 2004 with exterior was completed 5 years later. It was named in honour of the ruler of Abu Dhabi and president of the UAE, Khalifa bin Zayed Al Nahyan. Because the UAE government lent Dubai money to pay its debts. The building broke numerous height records. It was designed by Adrian Smith. The tower has got a luxury hotel, offices, restaurants, swimming pools, libraries, a gym and nine hundred expensive flats and attracts lots of tourists. The Burf Khalifa opened in 2010 with a big party. Fireworks lit up the sky. The world's largest fountain shot water high into the air. Also, two men parachuted more than 2.200 feet from high on the building to set a new world record.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) History of Dubai B) The tallest skyscraper C) The UAE government
 D) Expensive flats E) The Khalifa of Abu Dhabi
2. The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
 A) Dubai city B) Khalifa tower C) the world
 D) government E) the ruler
3. Choose the **false** statements.
 1. The tower is about 100 kilometers high.
 2. The construction of the building was completed in 2009.
 3. The building was designed by Adrian Smith.
 4. The tower has got 160 flats in each floor.
 A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3 E) 3,4
4. Which word in the passage has the meaning «to finish making or doing something»?
 A) to attract B) to design C) to complete
 D) to name E) to pay
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Burj Khalifa was named in honour of Khalifa bin Zayed because ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «*dear*»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
How was the opening celebrated?

8. Write **two adjectives** from the passage describing *Burj Khalifa*.

PASSAGE 19

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

(I) Perhaps camels aren't the most beautiful animals in the world, but in the hot lands of North Africa and Middle East they are certainly one of the most useful. That's why they are called the ships of the deserts. Camels normally live for up to 50 years- but they usually stop working when they are about 25. An adult camel is about 2.1 metres tall and weighs about 500 kilograms.

(II) Although the desert sun bakes the air and the land, for a camel survival in the desert is easy. Camels have amazing skills built into their bodies. Contrary to popular belief, camels don't store water in their hump. Their humps contribute to the camel staying cooler because all the body fat is concentrated to one area instead of being spread throughout the body. When there is not enough food they use the fat as a source of energy. They can go without water for a long time. But when there is water, they can drink up to 90 litres at one time.

(III) Besides their humps, camels have a lot of interesting features. Asian camels have long, thick hair, because the winter is cold in Central Asia. Light colour reflects sunlight, keeping the camel cool. As there is a lot of sand in the desert, camels have long eyelashes. They keep the sand out of the camels' eyes during strong desert winds. Camels have broad, flat feet that won't sink into the sand.

They are able to eat thorny plants in dry areas with the help of strong, tough mouth and thick lips.

1. Which is **not** mentioned in the passage?
 A) the height of the camels B) the food of the camels C) climatic features of the deserts
 D) the weight of the humps E) life expectancy of the camels
2. The underlined pronoun **they** refers to ...
 A) camels B) deserts C) eyelashes
 D) winds E) eyes
3. Choose the **true** statement according to the passage.
 A) Camels get energy from the fat spread all over their body.
 B) Camels keep water in their humps.
 C) Camels soak up water like a sponge at one time.
 D) Camels continue working till the end of their life.
 E) Camels are certainly most beautiful animals in the world.
4. Complete the sentence according to the passage with your own words.
Camels use their fat stored in their humps as a source of energy when ...

5. Paraphrase the underlined sentence.
Although the desert sun bakes the air and the land, for a camel survival in the desert is easy.

6. Answer the question according to the passage with your own words.
How can the camels eat thorny plants?

7. Choose two close and two opposite adjectives for the word «dry».

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing *camels*.

PASSAGE 20

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Cave people lived in the caves on the Earth thousand years ago. They hunted mammoths, tigers, bears with spears in a big group. They covered their bodies with animals' fat and skin. The animals' skin looked like clothes and kept them warm. They used fat for lights too. Cave people used stones to make a fire and roast animals' meat over it, warmed themselves. They helped each other in everything: found food for their children, made clothes and hunted animals. They could paint pictures of animals on rocks and stones. Azykh cave in Azerbaijan located in Fizuli region was discovered in 1960. Human's jaw was found in this cave. It is one of the oldest human remains found in this part of the world.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) The History of Fizuli Region B) Old Rocks and Stones C) Cave People's Life
 D) Animals' skin E) Dangerous animals
2. Choose the **true** statements.
 1. Cave people hunted cows, sheep and horses. 2. They cooked their food on a cooker.
 3. They used stones to make a fire. 4. Cave people hunted together.
 A) 1,2 B) 1,4 C) 3,4
 D) 2,4 E) 1,3
3. The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
 A) a fire B) food C) meat
 D) a problem E) a bear
4. Which is **wrong** according to the passage?
 A) Cave people took care of animals near the caves.
 B) Cave people had clothes from animals' skins.
 C) Azykh Cave is one of the oldest human settlements in the world.
 D) They used a fire to warm themselves too.
 E) A spear was their hunting tool.
5. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «cliff»?

6. Answer the question according to the passage.
How did the cave people keep themselves warm?

7. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Cave people used to hunt the animals such as ...

8. Write **one adjective** from the passage describing *human's jaw*.

PASSAGE 21

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

(I) Christopher Columbus, one of the bravest explorers in the world, was born in Genoa, Italy in 1451. His first voyage into the Atlantic Ocean in 1476 nearly cost him his life as his ship was attacked by French pirates off the coast of Portugal. His ship was burned and Columbus had to swim to the Portuguese shore and settled there.

(II) Columbus wanted to find a shortcut way to India by sailing west across the Atlantic. Unfortunately, the King of Portugal refused to finance such a trip, and he was forced to present his idea to the King and The Queen of Spain. In 1492 they agreed to pay for his trip, gave him a crew and three ships. This long trip was hard; so many sailors were tired and wanted to turn back. After 2 months he finally found the land but in reality, it wasn't India, but North America.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) The bravest explorer and his trip
 B) Dangerous pirates on the coast of Portugal
 C) A shortcut way to Italy
 D) History of Spain
 E) First voyage to Portugal
2. Which information **can't be** found in the passage?
 1. Christopher Columbus's birthplace
 2. the number of the people in the crew
 3. the name of the ship in which Columbus sailed
 4. the date of his first voyage
 5. the number of the ships sailing to India
 A) 2,3
 B) 3,4
 C) 1,2
 D) 1,3
 E) 1,4
3. The underlined word they refers to ...
 A) Columbus and his crew
 B) the King and Queen of Spain
 C) the ships sailing to Portugal
 D) the French pirates
 E) the brave explorer
4. Which word in the passage has the meaning «to place so as to stay»?
 A) to sail
 B) to burn
 C) to force
 D) to present
 E) to settle
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 Columbus could start his trip after ...

6. Which word from the paragraph (I) has the closest meaning with the word «to reject»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why didn't the sailors want to continue this trip?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing trip.

PASSAGE 22

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-9.

Children want to be happy, live in peace with their family. But there are many unhappy children in the world. Why? They are hungry and displaced. Wars make hungry countries are in Africa. Somalia is one of them. Hunger in Somalia is high because of rainfall and low river water levels. The situation is worst in countryside areas failures. About 300000 children under 5 age aren't fed and face a high risk of disease and death. Now many countries help these people in different ways.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) the world wars B) natural disasters C) people in need
 D) bad weather E) crop failures
2. The underlined pronoun them refers to ...
 A) wars B) families C) children
 D) countries E) populations
3. Which questions have **no** answer in the passage?
 1. What is the reason of total crop failures? 2. How can we help hungry people?
 3. What are the ways of stopping wars? 4. How many children face a risk of death in Somalia?
 A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3 E) 3,4
4. Which word in the passage has the meaning «a strong desire for food»?
 A) death B) hunger C) crop
 D) peace E) failure
5. Which is **wrong** according to the passage?
 1. Wars are the only reason for children's unhappiness.
 2. Natural disasters cause people to be displaced.
 3. There are a number of hungry countries in Africa.
 4. Living in peace with their family can't make children happy.
 A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,4
 D) 1,3 E) 3,4

6. Tick the correct columns.

STATEMENTS	TRUE	FALSE
1. There are hardly any hungry children in Somalia.		
2. All people of the world are hungry and displaced.		
3. There are no more wars in the world.		

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
How do the wars, floods, earthquakes affect the people?

8. Which word from the passage has the close meaning with the word «illness»?

9. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Countryside areas in Somalia face a more difficult condition as ...

PASSAGE 23

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

(I) Chinese New Year is a special holiday. It starts on the first new moon of the Chinese calendar between January 21 and February 19. The new Year celebration ends fifteen days later on the day of full moon. Chinese New Year is a very old celebration. There are special rules about how people clean and what they look like, and how act.

(II) The Chinese don't sweep the floor on New Year's Day, because they think they will sweep away good luck. After New Year's Day they can sweep again. They sweep the dirt to the corners of the room and leave it there for five days. On the fifth day, they sweep the dirt to the back door, but not to the front door. Because the Chinese believe that it brings bad luck if they sweep the dirt to the front door.

(III) The Chinese don't wash their hair on New Year's Day. They also like to wear red clothes on New Year's Day. Red is a bright, happy colour. It will bring good luck for the future. Older people give children and unmarried friends little red *envelopes* with money inside. The money is for good luck. People don't say the word *four* because it sounds like the word for death. On New Year's Day people talk only about good things and new beginnings.

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) New Year traditions all over the world
 B) production of red envelopes
 C) holiday clothes of the Chinese
 D) special New Year rules in China
 E) how to keep the house clean
- The word *envelope* in the paragraph (III) means ...
 A) an area on a page that is to be filled in
 B) a flat paper container with a sealable flap
 C) letters and parcels sent by post
 D) send (goods or documents) by courier
 E) a system of money in general use in a particular country
- The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
 A) dirt
 B) floor
 C) front door
 D) back door
 E) luck

- Paraphrase the underlined sentence.
The Chinese don't sweep the floor on New Year's Day, because they think they will sweep away good luck.

- Answer the question according to the passage.
Why do the Chinese forbid saying the word *four*?

- Tick the correct columns according to the passage.

STATEMENTS		
	TRUE	FALSE
1. The history of New Year celebration is very ancient.		
2. The Chinese don't sweep the floor fifteen days during New Year.		
3. People should talk only good words on New Year.		
4. There is no special rule how people wear on New Year's Day.		

- Write two close and two opposite words for the word «*happy*».

- Write one adjective from the passage describing *Chinese New Year*.

PASSAGE 24

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

For wild animals, there is only one rule for survival: eat or be eaten. To survive in this difficult world, many animals have developed interesting techniques. Some animals make loud noises to scare off their enemies. Others give off a strange and unpleasant smell. The most common way for animals to avoid being seen is to use camouflage to blend in with their environment.

Blending in with the environment allows animals to either hide from animals that would want to eat them or sneak up on animals they would like to eat without being seen. Male birds are brightly colored in order to attract mates, but female and baby birds are usually a dull brown or grey. This makes them difficult for their enemies to see. When they stay very still, they blend in with the tree branches around them. It's a very effective protection method.

Interestingly, tigers use their coloration for a different reason. The tiger's orange and black stripes blend in with the grass and shadows of jungle. This allows them to creep close enough to their prey without being seen. Once the tiger is within striking range, it can leap from the shadows and attack before its prey has time to escape.

Whether it's blending with the environment to eat or to avoid being eaten, camouflage is a great adaptation.

- Choose the best title for the passage.
A) How Animals Survive B) Hunters and Their Prey C) Male and Female Animals
D) How to Go Bird Watching E) Kinds of Wild Animals
- The underlined pronoun them refers to ...
A) male birds B) mates C) enemies
D) female and baby birds E) stripes
- Which word from the passage has the definition «to mix with something else»?
A) creep B) leap C) escape
D) hide E) blend
- Choose the correct answer.
Why do tigers need to be able to blend in with environment?
A) to be successful hunters B) to avoid animals that want to eat them
C) to live in the desert D) to be easier to see
E) to escape from danger
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Besides the camouflage some animals protect themselves by ...

- Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «to frighten away»?

- Answer the question according to the passage.
How are female and baby birds different from males?

- Write one adjective from the passage describing *animals' survival techniques*?

PASSAGE 25

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-9.

The date palms are wonderful trees. People eat dates, feed them to animals, use the wood to build houses, boats, make baskets from its leaves. They burn the other parts of the tree for cooking food.

The date palm came from the Middle East. 7000 years ago, people here ate dates, made pictures of date palms on their stone buildings. Today date palms grow in the Middle East, parts of Asia and Africa and other warm parts of the world.

There are more than 2700 kinds of palm trees. Most of them cannot grow in the Middle East because it is too dry. But date palm grows there very well.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) old pictures B) food for animals C) date exporting countries
 D) dry regions in Asia E) the useful plant
2. The underlined pronoun them refers to ...
 A) date pictures B) palm tress C) stone buildings
 D) people from Asia E) parts of the world
3. Which word from the passage has the meaning «to give food to»?
 A) eat B) burn C) feed
 D) grow E) make
4. Which information **isn't** given in the passage?
 1. how the palms resist the dry climate 2. how many types they have
 3. where these plants come from 4. when they were brought to Europe
 A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3 E) 3,4
5. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.
As the result of very dry climate ... in the Middle East.
 A) a lot of palm kinds are able to grow
 B) it is difficult for some palm kinds to survive
 C) it is impossible for date palms to grow
 D) various kinds of palm trees except date palms can grow
 E) most kinds of palm trees can be easily raised
6. Answer the questions according to the passage.
Why date palms can grow very well in the Middle East?

7. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
People use date palms as ...

8. Which word from the passage has the opposite meaning with «wet»?

9. Put tick to the following statements according to the passage.

STATEMENTS		TRUE	FALSE
1. People make baskets from palm wood.			
2. All kinds of palm trees can grow in the Middle East.			
3. Dates can be eaten both by people and animals.			

PASSAGE 26

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8

Many people hear the word «kiwi» and think of the small, fuzzy kiwi fruit. However, there's also a small, fuzzy bird called a kiwi. The kiwi lives only in New Zealand. It is a very strange bird because it cannot fly. The kiwi is the same size as a chicken. It has no wings or tail. It does not have feathers like other birds. Its feathers look like hair. Its beak is very long. It sleeps during the day because the sunlight hurts its eyes. It can smell things very well. It smells things better than most birds do. The kiwi's eggs are very big. The bird lays only one egg in the nest, but it is a large egg. The female is larger than the male and lays an egg weighing 20% of her weight. This is the largest egg of any bird in relation to its body size. In fact, it's like an ostrich laying an egg weighing 40 to 45 pounds! Kiwis have got very good appetite. Worms are its main food, and it can eat more than three hundred worms a day. At one time New Zealand was a safe and far-away place for the kiwi to live. However, when settlers came to New Zealand in the late 1800's they brought with them predators like cats, dogs, ferrets and weasels. And since then humans have also cleared much of the bird's habitat. As a result this unique bird is now an endangered animal. There are only a few kiwis in New Zealand now. People do not often see them. The government doesn't allow people to kill kiwis. There is a picture of a kiwi on New Zealand money. In fact, it's New Zealand's national symbol.

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) unique cats in New Zealand
 B) New Zealand government
 C) a strange bird in New Zealand
 D) fuzzy fruit in New Zealand
 E) first settlers in New Zealand
- The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
 A) kiwis
 B) cats
 C) dogs
 D) settlers
 E) worms
- Which information **isn't** given in the passage?
 A) the kiwi's main diet
 B) the kiwi's home country
 C) the size of the kiwi's egg
 D) the kiwi's size
 E) the kiwi's colour
- Which word from the passage has the definition «*the natural home or environment of an animal, plant*»?
 A) human
 B) government
 C) size
 D) habitat
 E) weight
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 Kiwis are New Zealand's national symbol because ...

- Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «*to permit*»?

- Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why does the New Zealand government forbid killing kiwis?

- Write two adjectives from the passage describing *the kiwis*.

PASSAGE 27

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-9.

Diwali is an exciting holiday that is celebrated by Hindus in India in October or November and it falls on a different date each year. It's often called the festival of lights. The festival of lights can last 3-5 days. Families spend several weeks before holiday cleaning their homes and baking in order to welcome the «goddess of wealth» into their lives. It's traditional to make sure that all the windows of the home are opened during this time to ensure that she can enter the homes of celebrator. They use lamps and fireworks to scare away evil spirit so that only good things can come into their homes.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) traditional holiday of Muslims
 B) the history of holiday
 C) the festival of lights
 D) the fireworks used on holiday
 E) the ways of protection
2. The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
 A) the date
 B) the holiday
 C) the home
 D) the family
 E) the goddess
3. Which word from the passage has the meaning «*cook food by dry heat typically in an oven*»?
 A) to ensure
 B) to scare
 C) to welcome
 D) to bake
 E) to open
4. Which information **isn't given** in the passage?
 1. the names of sweets baked on holiday
 2. the country which the holiday is celebrated in
 3. the number of lamps lit up on holiday
 4. the things done during the holiday
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3
 E) 3,4
5. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.
 A) The holiday is celebrated annually in India.
 B) The festival is celebrated on the same date each year.
 C) Celebrations continue only one day all over the country.
 D) People shut the windows not to allow the bad spirit in.
 E) Families began the cleaning after the holiday.
6. Answer the questions according to the passage.
Why do people keep the windows open?

7. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
There must be a lot of lights and fireworks on Diwali in order ...

8. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with «*riches*»?

9. Write **one adjective** from the passage which characterizes *Diwali*.

PASSAGE 28

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

The first TV soap (tele-serial) appeared on The American television just after the Second World War. Its name was Faraway Hill and it began on 2nd October 1946. A famous Broadway actress, Flora Campbell, played Karen St. John, a rich New York woman who went to live with her relatives in the country after her husband died. She soon met a handsome farmer, and of course the two immediately fell in love. Unfortunately, the farmer was already engaged to Karen's cousin, who knew nothing about the relationship. The producers of Faraway Hill had very little money – each time for the actors to learn their words each week, assistants wrote them on blackboards. Because of this, they often looked into the distance with a strange, romantic expression on their faces, as they read their words from the boards on the other side of the studio.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) The History of 1st Soap Opera
 B) The Character of Modern Soap Opera
 C) The Life after the Second World War
 D) The First Film Studio
 E) Flora Campbell's Private Life
2. Which word in the passage has the meaning «a person who ranks below a senior person, a helper»?
 A) an actress
 B) a relative
 C) a producer
 D) an assistant
 E) a farmer
3. Choose the correct variant.
 Karen St. John ...
 A) was a rich farmer who moved to New York
 B) fell in love with her cousin
 C) loved a farmer who was married to her cousin
 D) moved to the country after her husband's death
 E) fell in love with the farmer before moving to the country
4. The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
 A) a handsome farmer
 B) the Second World War
 C) a studio
 D) New York
 E) the first soap opera
5. Which word from the passage has the close meaning with words «rapidly, fast»?

6. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 The actresses and actors of the first soap opera often looked into the distance with a strange, romantic expression because ...

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why did the producers make the series as quickly as possible?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing the farmer.

PASSAGE 29

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

The hippopotamus, or hippo, lives in the hot part of Africa. It is a mammal. That is, its babies are born alive, and **they** drink milk from the mother's body. The hippopotamus is a large animal. It weighs four tons. Its stomach is seven meters long, and it eats only plants. It is a mammal, but it spends a lot of time in the water.

During the day, it sleeps beside a river or a lake. Sometimes it wakes up. Then it goes under the water to get some plants for food. It can close its nose and stay under water for ten minutes. Its ears, eyes, and nose are high up on its head. It can stay with its body under the water and only its ears, eyes, and nose above the water. Then it can breathe the air. At night, the hippo walks on the land and looks for food. It never goes very far from the water. A baby hippo often stands on its mother's back. The mother looks for food underwater. The baby rides on her back above the water.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) a large African animal B) animals living under water C) babies riding mom hippo
 D) searching for food E) feeding hippos

2. The underlined pronoun **they** refers to ...
 A) hot parts B) plants C) animals' stomach
 D) adult hippos E) baby hippos

3. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
 A) Where does the hippo live? B) How long is a hippo's stomach?
 C) Does a hippo eat meat? D) Why does a hippo go under water?
 E) How many times a year a hippo give a birth?

4. Paraphrase the underlined sentence.
It is mammal, but it spends a lot of time in the water.

5. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why is a hippo called a mammal?

6. Complete the sentence with your own words according to the passage.
 When a hippo's body is under water it can breathe the air because ...

7. Which word from the passage has the meaning «take air into the lungs and then expel it, especially a regular physiological process»?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing hippos.

PASSAGE 30

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Vehicles for human transport that have two wheels and require balancing by the rider date back to the early 19th century. The first iron bicycle was invented by a Russian peasant Artamonov in 1800 and he travelled on it from Nizhni Tagil to Moscow. But they looked funny and riding them wasn't comfortable because of shaking. They were even called «boneshakers». The next popular bicycle-called the high bicycle. Unfortunately, the high bicycle was very dangerous. Although the small back wheel provided some stability, people still fell from the tall bicycles. And when that happened, they got hurt very badly! The first bicycle race was held in 1868 in Paris. But the sport wasn't popular as the bicycles were expensive and only rich people could buy them. At the end of 19th century many factories began to produce thousands of cheap bicycles, so many people could practice cycling and take part in various competitions. Today sport bicycles are very light but the firm machines are made of special metals.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) Watching the Race B) Going for a Walk C) The History of Bicycle
 D) First Iron in the World E) A Russian Peasant
2. Which word from the passage has the meaning «to participate in something»?
 A) to require B) to take part C) to invent
 D) to provide E) to happen
3. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
 A) Why was the high bicycle very dangerous? B) When was first iron bicycle invented?
 C) Where was the first bicycle race held? D) Who was the inventor of first iron bicycle?
 E) How many bicycles were produced since 1800?
4. The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
 A) factories B) races C) bicycles
 D) people E) peasants
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 The first bicycles were called «boneshakers» as ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «different»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why wasn't the first bicycle race popular?

8. Write **one** adjective from the passage describing *today's sport bicycles*.

PASSAGE 31

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

How much do you know about the history of some of your favorite food? Do you know when people in England started cooking curry dishes? Do you know in which country pizzas or hamburgers were first made? The facts might surprise you. Many people think the English found out about curry from people in India in the 1600s. In reality, wealthy English people were eating dishes made with curry spices hundreds of years before British ships traveled to India. Cooks of wealthy English families during the time of King Richard I were making curry dishes, and in fact, the word «curry» can be found in an English language cookbook as far back as 1377. As for pizza, this dish was probably first made in Persia (what is now Iran). The Persians were eating round flat bread with cheese in the 500s. That was nearly 1,000 years before pizza caught on in Naples, Italy! Finally, let's look at the truth behind hamburgers. Many people think hamburgers are an American food. However, according to some stories, they came from Hamburg, Germany. A German named Otto Kuasw created the first hamburger in 1891. Four years later, German sailors introduced hamburgers to Americans. Where food comes from isn't nearly as important as how it tastes; as long as it is delicious! So, go get some of your favorite food and dig in.

- What is the main idea of this reading?
A) Curry was created in England.
B) People created fast food long ago.
C) There is some food that helps your body.
D) Some facts about food are surprising.
E) First pizzas came from Italy.
- Which is **probably true** about British curry dishes in the 1400s?
A) The dishes didn't have meat.
B) The curry spices cost a lot.
C) People ate curry on special days.
D) British sailors first made curry.
E) Curry was introduced to the rest of the world.
- The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
A) sailors
B) stories
C) curry dishes
D) pizzas
E) hamburgers
- Which food was probably made first? Find out the chronological order.
a. Hamburgers
b. Cheesy Persian bread
c. Italian pizza
d. English curry

ANSWER:

5. Tick the correct columns according to the passage.

STATEMENTS		TRUE	FALSE
1. German sailors introduced hamburgers to Americas.			
2. People in Naples learn from Persians how to cook cheese.			
3. English people ate curry dishes after British ships travelled to India.			
4. First hamburgers were created in the 19th century.			

6. Fill the table writing one close meaning and one opposite meaning word for «wealthy».

Word	Close meaning word	Opposite meaning word
wealthy		

7. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Many people think hamburgers are American food, but in fact ...

8. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «tasty»?

PASSAGE 32

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

According to James Flynn, a professor at a New Zealand university you're smarter than your parents, and grandparents. Over the course of the last century, IQ test scores of people in some countries have gotten increasingly better every passing decade. This trend of improving scores is known as «the Flynn effect». Flynn knew that intelligence is partly inherited from our parents and partly the result of our environment and experiences, but the improvement in test scores was happening too quickly to be explained by heredity. So what happened in the 20th century that led to higher test scores? Scientists suggest that we take so many tests; we learn test-taking techniques that help us perform better. Others have pointed to better nutrition, which results in babies being born larger, healthier, and with more brain development than in the past. Another possible explanation is a change in educational styles-children are encouraged to discover things for themselves rather than just memorizing information. However, in recent years, IQ test scores in some countries have begun to decline. Data from Norway, the Netherlands, Australia, and Great Britain have shown that as these countries become more and more modern, IQ scores have begun to drop. Scientists think technology is dramatically changing the way that we learn and get information. Lifestyle changes that come with modern technology may also have a negative effect on intelligence.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) Memorizing information
 B) Explanation for being smarter
 C) Reasons of decreasing scores
 D) Negative aspects of technology
 E) Researchers at New Zealand University
2. Who does the underlined pronoun others refers to?
 A) babies
 B) scientists
 C) people in general
 D) people who take tests
 E) parents
3. Which word from the passage has the definition «*derive genetically from one's parents and ancestors*»?
 A) inherit
 B) happen
 C) encourage
 D) memorize
 E) discover
4. Choose the true statement according to the passage.
 A) Less nutrition causes more brain development.
 B) Intelligence is only inherited from our parents.
 C) Flynn effect is an increase in IQ test scores.
 D) People taking fewer tests are more intelligent.
 E) As the result of negative aspects of technology IQ test score has risen.
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 The Flynn effect is probably the result of ...

6. Which words from the passage have the opposite meanings with the word «*to increase*»? (Write two words)

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 How did the change in educational styles affect children's intelligence?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing *technology*.

PASSAGE 33

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

The human body is a complex machine. It has many different organ systems and parts that work together to allow us to breathe, move, see, talk, and digest food all at the same time. Many people do not take care of their complex machines. Bad habits like smoking, drinking too much alcohol, and eating junk food damage our bodies: Stress can also cause health problems. People who worry a lot or have busy jobs often don't get enough sleep, or don't eat properly. Like machines, different body parts sometimes wear down from old age. People over the age of 65 are more likely to fall and hurt themselves and these injuries-from bad cuts to broken bones-usually require serious medical attention. Due to the increase in the population of elderly people, gerontology is now one of the fastest growing areas of medicine. There are many treatments available to help older people recover from illness and injury. It is now common for older people with damaged joints to have surgery to replace the old joint with a new one made of plastic or metal. Instead of suffering aches and pains through their retirement days, older people are able to lead happier and more comfortable lives. As with any machine, the better you take care of it, the longer it will last. The best way to take care of your amazing machine is to eat the right foods, do regular exercise, and get enough sleep.

1. Choose the best title for the passage.

A) Health Problems Caused By Stress	B) Advice For Being Intelligent
C) The Amazing Human Body	D) Research On The Population
E) Serious Diseases Of Recent Years	
2. The underlined pronoun their refers to ...

A) population	B) health problems	C) aches and pains
D) older people	E) injuries	
3. Which word from the passage has the definition «a rise in the size, amount or degree of something»?

A) treatments	B) smoking	C) retirement
D) junk food	E) increase	
4. Which is **not given** in the passage?

1. the material of replaced organs in older people	2. the name of professions where people damage their body more.	3. the ways for taking care of your body from illness.
4. certain hospitals where elderly people can replace their damaged organs more safely.		
A) 1,2	B) 1,3	C) 2,4
D) 1,4	E) 3,4	
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 Now gerontology is one of the fastest growing areas of medicine because ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «to need»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 How can we protect our body?

8. Write two adjectives from the passage describing human body.

PASSAGE 34

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

If you like ice and snow, maybe you should stay at the Ice Hotel in Quebec, Canada. But, you can only check in to this hotel during the winter, because this hotel is made entirely of ice and snow! This amazing hotel is built every December. It has 32 rooms, and 80 people can stay there each night. The hotel has a movie theater, an art gallery, furniture, art, lights, and even plates and drinking glasses are made of ice. In fact, all the hotel is so unusual, it has become very popular. People from all over the world come to the Ice Hotel to look at the fantastic ice art, drink and eat from designer ice dishes, and experience the unique atmosphere. Some couples have even gotten married in the hotel's ice church. However, all the guests keep their winter coats on! Because of all the ice, the temperature inside the hotel is always between -2 and -5°C. Surprisingly, sleeping is not a problem in the freezing cold hotel rooms. Every guest gets a special cold-weather sleeping bag and some fur blankets. These keep them cozy and warm until morning.

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) cold weather B) a movie theatre C) an unusual hotel
 D) a spring hotel E) a hotel church
- The underlined pronoun them refers to ...
 A) guests B) young couple C) sleeping bags
 D) winter hotels E) ice dishes
- Choose the correct answer according to the passage.
What can't you do in this hotel?
 A) watch a movie B) make a bonfire C) look ice art
 D) sleep in icy rooms E) get married
- Paraphrase the underlined sentence.
But, you can only check into this hotel during winter, because this hotel is made entirely of ice and snow.

- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Sleeping is not a problem at the hotel because ...

- Answer the question with your own words according to the passage.
Would you like to stay in the Ice Hotel? Why or Why not?

- Write two close meaning words for the word «cozy».

- Write **two adjectives** from the passage describing *ice hotel*.

PASSAGE 35

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

A tsunami is a huge ocean wave that causes damage when it reaches the coast. The word «tsunami» comes from the Japanese words *tsu* (harbor) and *name* (wave). Most tsunamis are caused by an earthquake under the ocean. The earthquake causes all the water above it to move suddenly, creating a very large wave that can travel up to 500 kilometers per hour. The wave is not really clearly seen out in the open ocean, but as it moves toward land the sea becomes shallower. This slows the wave down and pushes the water up higher and higher and it increases in size. As the wave gets closer to the shore, it can get as high as 10 meters or more. The result can be catastrophic, as it crashes onto the coast and destroys everything in its path. The world has lived through big tsunami disasters. In 2004, tsunamis in the Indian Ocean hit Indonesia, Thailand, Sri Lanka, India and some places in Africa. Unfortunately, there was no tsunami warning system for the Indian Ocean. As a result, more than 250,000 people were killed. Soon afterward, a tsunami warning system for the Indian Ocean was developed by the United Nations.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) the cause of an earthquake
 B) wonders of the Indian Ocean
 C) methods of preventing tsunamis
 D) killer waves and their effects
 E) countries experiencing a tsunami
2. The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
 A) the earthquake
 B) the wave
 C) the speed
 D) the coast
 E) the warning system
3. Which word from the passage has the definition «*calamity*»?
 A) path
 B) damage
 C) coast
 D) wave
 E) disaster
4. Choose the **true** statements according to the passage.
 1. Today there is no warning systems for the Indian Ocean.
 2. Tsunami is caused by an earthquake on the land.
 3. It is difficult to see the wave in the open ocean.
 4. Tsunami can wipe out everything on its way.
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 2,4
 E) 3,4
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 When the wave gets closer to the land its speed slows down but at the same time it ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «*to rise*»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 What can happen to the land that the tsunami hits?

8. Write two adjectives from the passage describing *wave*.

PASSAGE 36

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

(I) London is a beautiful city. The River Thames flows through the city dividing it into two parts. Poor people live in the East End and many rich people live in the West End.

(II) There are a lot of places of interest in London. The Tower of London is the symbol of London. Once it was a castle, but now it's a museum. During the 1200s a royal zoo was founded at the Tower of London and remained there for 600 years. You can see black ravens there. The Tower's greatest treasure is the Imperial State Crown which is the most beautiful crown in the world. There are 2800 diamonds on it. The queen uses it in all official ceremonies.

(III) Big Ben with 13.5 ton weight is the symbol of London. It strikes hours and officially known as Elizabeth Tower. In 2012 it was renamed to celebrate the Diamond Jubilee of Elizabeth II.

- The paragraph II is mainly about ...
A) a place of interest in London B) the history of clock tower C) the rivers of London
D) people in the East End E) official ceremonies in London
- The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
A) ceremony B) tower C) queen
D) museum E) crown
- Which information *isn't given* in the passage.
A) the length of the river B) the number of the diamonds
C) the weight of the clock tower D) the Tower's greatest treasure
E) Big Ben's official name
- Which word from the passage has the meaning «a quantity of precious metals, valuable objects»?
A) museum B) castle C) treasure
D) tower E) river
- Write one opposite word for «rich» from the passage.

- Answer the question according to the passage.
Why was Big Ben renamed?

- Tick the following statements as **True** or **False** according to the passage.

STATEMENTS	TRUE	FALSE
1. The Tower of London hardly served as a zoo.		
2. The Crowns history dates back to 2800 years ago.		
3. The Tower of London is a museum now.		

- Complete the sentences according to the passage.
London is divided into two parts by ...

PASSAGE 37

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Today most stores and restaurants play music. You might even hear music in an office or on a farm. Scientists believe that music affects the way people behave. According to some scientists, the sound of western classical music (Mozart and Bach) makes people feel richer. When a restaurant plays classical music, people spend more money on food and drinks. When the restaurant plays modern music, people spend less money. With no background music, people spend even less. Scientists also believe that loud, fast music makes people eat faster. People actually chew their food faster when the music gets faster. Some restaurants play fast music during their busy hours. This gets people to eat faster and leave quickly. Restaurants can make more money this way. Some scientists think that music makes you think and learn better. They say that music helps students to be more alert. It is true that people learn better when they are relaxed. And listening to music can help you relax. The next time you hear music somewhere, be careful, because it might change the way you behave.

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) kinds of music
 B) speed of music
 C) loud and fast music
 D) the music of rich people
 E) music affects behavior
- Which word from the passage has the meaning «to act, do things»?
 A) affect
 B) hear
 C) spend
 D) behave
 E) chew
- The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
 A) music
 B) people
 C) scientists
 D) students
 E) restaurants
- Paraphrase the underlined sentence.
The next time you hear music somewhere, be careful because it might change the way you behave.

- Write one synonym for each word.

Words	Synonyms
1. to behave	1.
2. to affect	2.

- Which questions have **no** direct answer in the passage?
 1. What kind of music makes people feel richer?
 2. Why do some restaurants play fast music?
 3. Why is there background music in some offices?
 4. Which restaurants play fast music during busy hours?

ANSWER:

- Tick the correct columns according to the passage.

STATEMENTS	TRUE	FALSE
1. Mozart and Bach wrote classical music.		
2. Music can affect how quickly someone eats.		
3. It's impossible that music can help you learn better.		
4. Some restaurants use music to make more money.		

- Write two adjectives from the passage describing *music*.

PASSAGE 38

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Obesity is a huge problem throughout the world. There are almost one billion obese adults in the developing world. The number of overweight people has increased in last 30 years. The reasons why people are getting fatter are changes in lifestyle and an increase in consumption of junk food. Getting around by car and working at a desk don't demand much physical activity. Fast food industry spends over \$33 billion a year to attract customers to eat fast food containing much artificial flavoring, high amount of fat. It's bad for our health. They attract children by offering toys, playgrounds, entertainment, and a party atmosphere. As the result people get fatter and it leads to some health problems such as high blood pressure, heart disease, diabetes, and certain types of cancer. Clearly, something must be done to stop this new epidemic.

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) certain types of cancer
 B) kinds of entertainment
 C) the result of health problems
 D) a big problem all over the world
 E) expenses of fast-food industry
- Which information **isn't** given in the passage?
 A) the ways that restaurants use to draw clients' attention
 B) diseases arose as the result of obesity
 C) the number of the obese adults in developing world
 D) new methods how to get rid of obesity
 E) the amount of money spent annually by fast food industry
- The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
 A) heart disease
 B) getting fat
 C) high blood pressure
 D) entertainment
 E) fast food industry
- Choose the correct variant.
 «An increase in consumption of junk food» means ...
 A) rise in eating of unhealthy food
 B) growth in using of healthy food
 C) decrease in manufacture of unhealthy food
 D) reduction in eating of useless food
 E) decline in production of unhealthy food
- Which word from the passage has the meaning «grown-up people»?

- Tick the following statements as **True** or **False** according to the passage.

STATEMENTS	TRUE	FALSE
1. Obesity is a big problem only in developing countries.		
2. In last 3 decades the number of overweight people has fallen.		
3. Using cars require a lot of physical activity.		
4. A lot of diseases appear by getting fatter.		

- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Fast food is bad for our health because ...
- Answer the question according to the passage.
Why do most fast food restaurants have playgrounds, entertainment and a party atmosphere?

PASSAGE 39

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Animals such as polar bears of the Arctic, the North Pole have special adaptations that help them survive in their habitats. There are no polar bears at the South Pole. They are classified as marine mammals because they spend most of their lives on the sea ice. People cannot see them in the snow very well because of their dense white fur. They have a thick layer of body fat that protects them from the extreme Arctic chill. Unlike adults a baby polar bear's fluffy fur is not thick enough to prevent them from cold if they get wet. Although the adult polar bears weigh 450 kilos, polar bears can stand up on their two legs because they have very wide feet.

Considered talented swimmers they can swim 120 kilometers out into the water for catching food or hiding from the threats. Polar bears spend over 50% of their time hunting for food. For their prey polar bears rely on sea ice. Their diet mainly consists of seals because they need large amounts of fat to survive.

Scientists say that polar bears were listed as a threatened species in the US because of ongoing and potential loss of their sea ice habitat. The global warming is one of the vital reasons why the polar bear is in danger of extinction. Other key threats include unsustainable hunting and industrial impacts. The government of the US and Russia prohibited polar bear hunting.

- The passage is mainly about ...

A) Expeditors at the North Pole
B) A threatened species of the Arctic
C) Changing climate and industrial impacts
D) Polar bears hunting season
E) Bears hunting for food on the South Pole
- Choose the correct information according to the passage.

A) Polar bears live all around the world except the Poles.
B) The US is the only country that protects polar bears.
C) Despite their wide feet polar bears can hardly stand up on two legs.
D) Polar bears are considered marine mammals as they spend all of their live under the sea.
E) Polar bears spend over a half of their time searching for food.
- Which *is not* mentioned in the passage?

A) weight of the adult polar bears
B) climatic feature of the Arctic
C) hunting habitats of polar bears
D) the thickness of the fat layer
E) the colour of their fur
- Which word in the passage has the meaning «*having parts that are close together*»?

A) wide
B) industrial
C) fluffy
D) vital
E) dense
- Paraphrase the underlined sentence writing at least one sentence.
The global warming is one of the vital reasons why the polar bear is in danger of extinction.

- Answer the question according to the passage with your own sentence.
Why do polar bears choose seals as their main prey?

- Write two close and two opposite words for the word «*prohibit*».

- Complete the sentence according to the passage with your own words.
Polar bears were listed as a threatened species because ...

PASSAGE 40

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-9.

(I) There are a lot of holidays around the world. Each country has its own holidays and holiday **traditions**. Some holidays are common and are celebrated in some countries. There are local holidays, religious holidays and national holidays.

(II) Religious holidays are moveable holidays. Each year **they** change their date. The Muslim world celebrates Ramadan and Sacrifice holidays as religious holidays. In the daylight hours. They open their fasting after sunset. They don't eat and drink during mosques, visit old people and help poor families. Ramadan lasts a month.

(III) The Sacrifice holiday begins with morning prayers. People sacrifice an animal and share meat with the **poor**. They do charity work. This holiday lasts three days.

- Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
 A) How long does the Ramadan last?
 C) What does a moveable holiday mean?
 E) What kind of animal do they sacrifice?
 B) Where do Muslims pray in Ramadan?
 D) How many days does the Sacrifice continue?
- Which word in the passage has the meaning «*the voluntary giving of help, typically in the form of money, to those in need*»?
 A) mosque
 D) common
 B) prayer
 E) meat
 C) charity
- Choose the correct synonym for the word «*traditions*».
 A) invitations
 D) customs
 B) fireworks
 E) countries
 C) holidays
- The underlined pronoun **they** refers to ...
 A) religious holidays
 D) poor families
 B) Muslim people
 E) local holidays
 C) morning prayers
- Choose the correct variant.
 «**Some holidays are common**» means that ...
 A) Only one country celebrates them
 C) People fast on these holidays
 E) A lot of countries celebrate them
 B) These holidays are local holidays
 D) Muslims sacrifice animals on this holiday
- Match the paragraphs to the headings that they deal with.
 Paragraph (I) a) a fasting holiday
 Paragraph (II) b) kinds of holidays
 Paragraph (III) c) official holidays
 d) Sacrifice holiday
 e) Solidarity of nations
- Tick the correct columns according to the passage.

STATEMENTS	TRUE	FALSE
1. All religious holidays begin in the same month.		
2. Both religious holidays have prayers.		
3. Muslims can eat only daylight hours in Ramadan.		
4. People give meat to the poor in Sacrifice holiday.		

- Answer the question according to the passage.
Why do we call some religious holidays as movable holidays?

- Write two opposite meaning words for the word «**poor**».

PASSAGE 41

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Many travelers feel nervous about going to a new and unfamiliar place. If you plan your trip carefully and learn to take precautions, you can relax and enjoy yourself. While you prepare for your departure, make sure your paperwork is organized. You'll want to check the dates on your visas and passport. Having an important document expire before or during your trip is the last thing you want to happen. Be sure to get an international driver's license if you plan to drive while you are abroad. Also, do some research on the local currency. Some countries like Jamaica use more than one currency. It's best to know how and when to use each. If you are carrying prescription drugs, bring a letter from your doctor in case customs officials question you at your destination. Also, make sure that you travel with proper medical insurance so that if you are sick or injured while traveling, you will be able to get treatment. Also, if you are going anywhere that requires purchasing tickets, be sure to buy them at an authorized location. Never purchase tickets on the street, as these are often overpriced, fake, or expired. It's always a good idea to buy a guidebook and a map, and read about the local culture of the country you will be visiting. Also, try to learn a few basic words and phrases of the local language. Don't assume that everyone will speak your language or that they will understand English. If you have trouble communicating, look for students and young people who might speak a foreign language. And remember to smile. It is the friendliest and most sincere form of communication, and is understood everywhere in the world.

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) travel for sick people
 B) better airplane tickets
 C) learning basic phrases of the local language
 D) how to solve expired document problem
 E) safe travel tips
- The underlined pronoun it refers to ...
 A) language
 B) smiling
 C) guidebook
 D) communication
 E) local culture
- Which word from the passage has the definition «*a system of money in general use in a particular country*»?
 A) currency
 B) culture
 C) insurance
 D) communication
 E) ticket
- Which is **true** according to the passage?
 A) You should bring a letter from your travel agent if you carry prescription drugs.
 B) You should get insurance so that you can drive when you are overseas.
 C) It's important to be prepared as well as careful when you travel abroad.
 D) It is a good idea to buy tickets on the street.
 E) English is understood in every country.
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 The most sincere form of communication that is understood everywhere is ...

- Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «*to buy*»?

- Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why should we take a letter from the doctor for our prescription drugs?

- Write one adjective from the passage describing *driving license*.

PASSAGE 42

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

In the United States, you probably shouldn't ask the question «How much money do you earn?» Many people think that their salary is private information. However, you can find out the typical salary for different jobs on the Internet.

What are the best-paying jobs? In the United States, doctors, dentists, and pilots get the highest salaries. Why is that? Maybe it's because it takes many years of study to enter these professions. Which jobs pay the lowest salaries? All of the lowest-paying jobs are connected to food. Cooks in fast-food restaurants and waiters get the lowest salaries in the United States.

Of course, your salary is not just the money you earn every week or month. In many jobs, you get a salary and benefits. Benefits are the extra things your employer gives you. Common benefits are health insurance and paid vacations. Benefits equal about 25% of an employee's salary. For example, a person with a salary of 40000 plus benefits is really earning about 50000. That's a lot of extra money!

1. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
 - A) Where can you find the salaries of different jobs?
 - B) What are some common benefits that employers give employees?
 - C) Which jobs have the lowest salaries?
 - D) Which jobs in the US have the highest salaries?
 - E) What is the difference between a job and a profession?
2. Choose the correct variant.
It takes a long time to become ...
 - A) an employee
 - B) a pilot
 - C) a waiter
 - D) a fast food cook
 - E) an employer
3. Which word from the passage has the meaning «*the money paid for doing a job*»?
 - A) profession
 - B) internet
 - C) benefit
 - D) salary
 - E) employer
4. Match the halves according to the passage.

<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Paid vacation is ... 2. You get ... from your employer. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. a kind of overtime b. some kinds of benefits c. employer's salary d. a kind of benefit
---	--
5. Answer the question with your own words.
Why do you think cooks and waiters get low salaries?

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «*personal*»?

7. Fill the table according to the passage.

Best-paying jobs	Lowest-paying jobs
1. _____	1. _____
2. _____	2. _____

8. Write **two** adjectives from the passage describing *salary*.

PASSAGE 43

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Randy Gardner, a high school student designed an experiment on the effects of sleeplessness for a school science project. Under doctors' observation he stayed awake for 264 hours and 12 minutes. That's 11 days and nights without sleep! After 24 hours without sleep, Gardner started having trouble reading and watching television. The words and pictures were too *blurry*. By the third day, he was having trouble doing things with his hands. By the fourth day, Gardner was hallucinating. For example, when he saw a street sign, he thought it was a person. Over the next few days, Gardner's speech became so slurred that people couldn't understand him. He also had trouble remembering things. By the eleventh day, Gardner couldn't pass a counting test. In the middle of the test he simply stopped counting. He couldn't remember what he was doing. When Gardner finally went to bed, he slept for 14 hours and 45 minutes. Even though Gardner recovered quickly, about after three days, scientists believe that going without sleep can be dangerous. Tests on white rats have shown how serious sleeplessness can be. After a few weeks without sleep, the rats started losing their fur. And even though the rats ate more food than usual, they lost weight. Eventually the rats died. Surprisingly, scientists don't know for sure the purpose of sleep. Some of them think we sleep to replenish brain cells. Others think that sleep helps the body to grow and to relieve stress. Whatever the reason, we know that it is important to get enough sleep.

- Choose the correct opposite word for «*blurry*».
A) misty B) foggy C) clear
D) messy E) perfect
- The underlined pronoun them refers to ...
A) white rats B) people C) scientists
D) brain cells E) nights
- Which word from the passage has the meaning «*return to a normal state of health, mind, or strength*»?
A) recover B) lose C) sleep
D) hallucinate E) grow
- Complete the sentence with your own words.
Tests on white rats have shown that ...

- Paraphrase the underlined sentence in the passage.

- Tick the correct columns according to the passage.

STATEMENTS		
	TRUE	FALSE
1. During the experiment Gardner slept for several hours every day.		
2. Going without sleep is not dangerous for white rats.		
3. Scientists are not sure why we need to sleep.		
4. It took two weeks for Gardner to recover from the experiment.		

- What are the effects of sleeplessness? List three ideas from the passage as in the first example.
1. You might have trouble seeing clearly. 2. You might ...
3. You might ... 4. You could ...
- Write one adjective from the passage describing *sleeplessness*.

PASSAGE 44

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Smoking is bad for our health. There are different chemicals in the smoke of an average cigarette. Some of these chemicals can cause various diseases. It contains nicotine which is highly addictive and poisonous. Many people make preparations for months in their effort to get rid of the habit but it's one of the most difficult habits to break. Smokers hurt not only themselves, but also others around them. The health hazards of smoking have caused many countries to institute high taxes on tobacco products, run advertisements to discourage use, limit advertisements that promote use, and provide help with quitting for smokers. Some countries banned smoking in indoor and public places. The effectiveness of these bans varies from country to country. Because in some countries they are virtually ignored, while in others are taken very seriously.

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) health problems B) the worst habit C) useful chemicals
 D) smoke-free environment E) breathing problems
- Which information *couldn't be found* in the passage?
 1. the exact number of smokers 2. actions taken against smoking
 3. the downsides of smoking 4. the name of countries banned smoking
 A) 1,4 B) 1,2 C) 1,3
 D) 2,3 E) 3,4
- The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
 A) smokers B) public places C) chemicals
 D) bans E) countries
- Choose the correct variant.
 «The effectiveness of these bans varies» means ...
 A) The effectiveness of these bans doesn't differ B) The effectiveness of permissions is different
 C) The effectiveness of these bans is not same D) The effectiveness of these permissions is same
 E) The impressiveness of these permissions differs
- Which word from the passage means «causing or capable of causing death or illness if taken into the body»?

- Answer the question according to the passage.
 Why is smoking bad for our health?

- Tick the following statements as **True** or **False** according to the passage.

STATEMENTS	TRUE	FALSE
1. It is not easy to quit smoking.		
2. Some countries neglect these bans.		
3. Smoking is hardly addictive.		

- Write one close meaning word for the word «*prohibition*» from the passage.

PASSAGE 45

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

Viruses are microscopic particles that are not really alive but still attack the cells of living things. They enter a plant or animal's cell. They then multiply into more viruses that enter more cells. When a virus attacks you for the first time, your body doesn't know how to combat it and you become ill. However, after you recover, your body is able to recognize that virus. You are, therefore, less likely to get sick if it enters your body again.

One disease caused by a virus is the flu (short for influenza). You can catch the flu in any season, but each winter, it attacks millions of people around the world. Although it often feels like a very bad cold, the flu is much more serious. It kills hundreds of thousands of people every year. In some years, it is even worse than that. Twenty million people died of flu in 1918.

Other viral diseases, such as polio, have been almost eliminated through the use of vaccines. Can't we do the same the flu? The problem is that the flu virus changes in minor ways each year. These changes make it much more difficult to develop vaccines that work well.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) Cures for the flu
 B) Differences between flu and other viruses
 C) Basic facts about the flu
 D) Viruses spreading only in winter
 E) How to know when you have the flu
2. The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
 A) viruses
 B) cells
 C) things
 D) animals
 E) plants
3. Choose the best answer to the question according to the passage.
Why are you less likely to get sick the second time a virus enters your body?
 A) The virus is not really alive.
 B) The virus is unable to multiply.
 C) Your body will not recognize the virus.
 D) Your body is able to recognize that virus.
 E) The virus becomes less active.
4. Which word from the passage has the definition «to fight, to struggle against»?
 A) recognize
 B) catch
 C) combat
 D) multiply
 E) eliminate
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Your body doesn't know how to combat the virus ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «improve in health»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
Why is it difficult to develop vaccines against the flu?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing *flu*.

PASSAGE 46

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

The Great Wall of China is often considered to be one of the wonders of the world. It was built over 2000 years ago and is one of the biggest building projects ever completed. According to geographers, the wall is approximately 5000 kms in length – longer than any other wall we know of on earth. It's hard to be absolutely sure about the reasons why it was built because the wall was built so long ago. However, there are some historical records to tell us that the main reason was to keep invaders out of China. Historians believe that the wall was actually built from existing forts and walls that were already built in the north of China, but not connected together. The Great Wall was formed by connecting these existing forts and walls, and extending **them** even further over many, many years. Fires were built at various points along the Great Wall to warn people that invaders were coming. This gave people enough time to prepare the defense of their homes and villages, and get ready to fight the invaders. This wall is built of rocks, bricks, sand, and tightly-packed earth. We do not know how long it took to build, but it is reasonable to estimate that it took a very long time and thousands of workers to complete the wall. There are some concerns that the Great Wall is breaking apart because of the numbers of tourists and visitors that walk across it at certain points. If you are lucky enough to go to China and see the Great Wall, please be careful to treat it with care. Remember – it is over 2000 years old!

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) Protection wall of West B) China's northern enemies C) Destruction of the Great Wall
 D) The old construction E) Historical records about China
- The underlined pronoun **them** refers to ...
 A) invaders B) visitors and tourists C) forts and walls
 D) homes and villages E) building projects
- Which information **isn't** given in the passage.
 1. the reason of building this wall 2. the materials used for building this wall
 3. the name of the emperor built this wall 4. the exact number of workers completed the wall
 A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
 D) 2,4 E) 3,4
- Which word from the passage has the meaning «*people or a group that capture a country, a region, or other place*»?
 A) fights B) invaders C) attacks
 D) enemies E) visitors
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 To warn people about the invaders' coming ...

- Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «*protection*»?

- Answer the question according to the passage.
 What was the purpose of building the Great Wall of China?

- Write *one adjective* from the passage describing *The Great Wall*.

PASSAGE 47

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

People have dreamed of flying ever since they first looked up into the sky. Almost three thousand years ago, the ancient Greeks told stories about Icarus, who flew too close to the sun, and Pegasus, the winged horse. These stories reflected the Greek desire to fly.

In 1452, Leonardo Da Vinci experimented with airplane designs in his artwork. Da Vinci came up with the parachute although he didn't have the technology or material to build one. He also sketched a bicycle with wings attached to it. By pushing the pedals you rotated the wings.

The first human flight didn't happen until more than three hundred years later. In 1782, two Frenchmen travelled 5 miles in a hot air balloon. It was powered by wood smoke and had no steering equipment. Soon, «ballooning» exploded in popularity around Europe.

Gliders didn't have motors, but they could travel longer distances than balloons. However, they were difficult to control and sometimes crashed. Eventually in 1903, the brothers, Orville and Wilbur Wright, made the first motorized airplane flight in history.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) Who Flew First
 B) Air Balloons Finally Came
 C) The Wright Brothers' Invention
 D) The History of Parachute
 E) The Long Journey to Airplanes
2. The underlined pronoun they refers to ...
 A) motors
 B) the Wright Brothers
 C) gliders
 D) Frenchmen
 E) parachutes
3. Choose the **true** statements according to the passage.
 1. The Greeks have no wish about flying.
 2. Da Vinci was the first person who succeeded to make a parachute.
 3. Gliders are flying devices without motors.
 4. Ballooning became famous around Europe.
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3
 E) 3,4
4. Which word from the passage has the definition «to connect, to link»?
 A) to attach
 B) to rotate
 C) to reflect
 D) to come up with
 E) to sketch
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 The stories about Icarus and Pegasus showed ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «to occur»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 What was the disadvantage of gliders?

8. Write one adjective from the passage describing *air balloons*.

PASSAGE 48

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

(I) Once an old wise man was passing through the capital city of the famous king. While walking he found a coin and picked it up. He was satisfied with his simple living and decided to donate it to a person who needed it. He strolled around the streets all day but couldn't find such a person.

(II) Next morning he saw that the king was going for an invasion with his army. When the king saw the wise man he stopped and said: «I am going to war to win another state so that my state can be expanded. So bless me to be victorious».

After thinking, the wise man gave the coin to the king! The king was confused and annoyed with this because he was one of the richest kings and didn't need this coin. So he curiously asked the wise man: «What's the meaning of this coin?»

(III) The wise man explained that although he looked for someone needy yesterday, he couldn't find anyone. Everyone was living a happy life. It seemed that they were satisfied with what they had. But today, the king of this state still had the desire to gain more and not satisfied with what he already had. The wise man said: «I felt you were in need of this coin».

(IV) The wise man's words affected him. The king realized his mistake and gave up the planned war.

1. What is the moral of this story?
 A) The kings must be invisible
 B) Always be victorious and powerful
 C) Try to gain more and not satisfy with less
 D) Never agree with your situation
 E) Be happy with what you have already had

2. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
 A) Why couldn't the wise man find a needy person?
 B) Who lost his coin in the street?
 C) How did the wise man's words affect the king?
 D) Why did the king stop when he saw the wise old man?
 E) Why was the king going to war?

3. Which word from the passage has the meaning «to walk leisurely»?
 A) stroll
 B) confuse
 C) gain
 D) give up
 E) annoy

4. Paraphrase the underlined sentence writing at least one sentence.
I am going to war to win another state so that my state can be expanded.

5. Answer the question according to the passage with your own words.
 Why didn't the old wise man take the coin for himself?

6. Complete the sentence according to the passage with your own words.
 The king realized his mistake and ...

7. Paragraph IV shows ...
 1. how greedy the king was
 2. the king's invasion desire
 3. king's wealth and power
 4. how the king regrets
 5. how the king changes his mind

8. Write two synonyms for the word *invasion*.

PASSAGE 49

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

The ancient Olympic Games were first held in 776BC in honor of Zeus, the father of the Greek gods. They were quite different from the modern Olympics. They were shorter than the modern Games lasting only one to five days. The modern Games last two weeks. There also were fewer events including running, boxing, and long jump. Only men who spoke Greek were allowed to compete, and women were not even allowed to watch the events.

While today's Games move to a different city each time, the ancient Games were always held in Olympia. Olympia was probably chosen because it had a famous temple dedicated to Zeus. It was also convenient to reach by ship, and this was important because participants and spectators came from distant Greek colonies for the Games. These colonies were as far as modern-day Turkey, Spain, Egypt, and Ukraine.

Like today's Olympics, the ancient Games took place every four years. Another similarity between the ancient and modern games is the promotion of peace and cooperation. A truce among the different Greek cities was declared for the month before the Olympics in order to allow the athletes to arrive safely. Judges could fine cities and ban their athletes from competition for breaking the truce. Today, the goal of the International Olympic Committee is to bring «warm friendship to all the people of the world through sharing and global togetherness».

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 A) How the Olympics Began
 B) Ancient and Modern Olympics
 C) Colonies in the Olympics Games
 D) Achievements of Modern Games
 E) The Goal of the International Olympic Committee
2. The underlined pronoun their refers to ...
 A) cities
 B) athletes
 C) judges
 D) Olympics
 E) games
3. Which is **NOT TRUE** according to the passage?
 1. There is no difference between modern and ancient Olympics.
 2. There are no similarities between modern and ancient Olympics.
 3. There weren't so many events in ancient Olympics.
 4. It was forbidden for women to watch the Olympics.
 A) 1,2
 B) 1,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 2,4
 E) 3,4
4. Which word from the passage has the definition «*not to allow officially*»?
 A) to dedicate
 B) to take place
 C) to declare
 D) to fine
 E) to ban
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 Olympia was a good place for the Games because ...

6. Which word from the passage has the closest meaning with the word «*to happen*»?

7. Answer the question according to the passage.
 What is the aim of today's Olympic Games?

8. Write two adjectives from the passage describing *Olympics Games*.

PASSAGE 50

READ THE PASSAGE AND ANSWER THE QUESTIONS 1-8.

(I) Once there lived a king who despite his luxurious life was neither happy, nor content. One day he saw his servant singing happily while working. This fascinated the king, why he-the Supreme Ruler of the Land was unhappy and gloomy while this poor servant had so much joy.

(II) The next day the king called his adviser and sought a reason for this case. After hearing the king, the adviser answered. «I think the servant hasn't been made a part of the 99 Club». The king couldn't understand his answer. The adviser told him to place 99 gold coins in a bag and leave it at the servant's doorstep. The king ordered to do so. When the servant opened the bag he screamed with joy. Then he began to count them. After several counts he was convinced that there were 99 coins. He looked everywhere he could, but didn't find last coin. Finally exhausted, he decided to work harder than ever to earn that coin and complete the collection.

(III) From that day the servant's life changed. He was overworked, horribly grumpy and blamed his family for not helping him make that 100th gold coin. He stopped singing while working. Witnessing this drastic transformation, the king was puzzled. The adviser said, «Your Majesty, the 99 Club is a name given to those who have enough to be happy but are never content, because they're always yearning and striving for extra one telling-Let me get that final one and my life will be happier».

1. What is the moral of the passage?
 A) 99 coins bring happiness. B) The king must be kind to the poor.
 C) Generosity is the main thing in life. D) Always follow the advice.
 E) Enjoy a happy life with what you already have.
2. Which is **not true** according to the passage?
 A) The king was very confused when he saw the changes in the servant's life.
 B) Before getting 99 gold coins servant's life was very gleeful.
 C) The servant rebuked his family for not helping him.
 D) The servant decided to stop working after seeing the gold coins.
 E) Although the king had a lot of wealth he wasn't happy and satisfied.
3. The word from the passage «**exhausted**» means ...
 A) feeling joyful B) extremely tired C) unbelievable rich
 D) proud of himself E) surprisingly changed
4. Complete the sentence according to the passage with your own sentence.
 The 99 Club is the name given to those who ...

5. Answer the question according to the passage with your own sentence.
 How did the servant's life change?

NOUN - TESTS

TEST 1

1. Which suffix forms nouns from the words **punish, pave**?

- A) -ment B) -ness C) -cer
D) -th E) -ship

2. Choose the derivative nouns.

- A) development, rainy, dictation, kingdom
B) impression, driver, actress, finger
C) mixer, competition, information, doctor
D) canteen, player, actor, depth
E) length, employee, hostess, heroism

3. Choose the compound nouns.

- A) oak-tree, German, helicopter, tea-spoon
B) bookcase, table-cloth, darkness, eyeglass
C) blackboard, ticket-office, management, sunflower
D) handbag, salesman, man-driver, cupboard
E) midnight, championship, bathroom, explanation

4. Choose the compound nouns.

- A) sister-in-law, condition, toothpaste, railway
B) fireplace, sportsman, salesman, sunflower
C) somebody, kindergarten, carriage, dictionary
D) boyfriend, living-room, butterfly, German
E) newspaper, afternoon, handball, marriage

5. Choose the Common nouns.

- A) scenery, poultry, rainy, juice
B) London, German, The USA, City
C) sound, employer, human, meet
D) cheap, beautiful, envelope, pianist
E) guest, education, glue, meal

6. Choose the Proper nouns.

- A) airmail, agreement, German, sea
B) lake, Moscow, farther, India
C) The USA, Baku, The UK, BMW

İSİM - TESTLƏR

- D) juice, rain, wind, snow
E) juicy, windy, jewellery, hill

7. Choose the nouns.

- A) fog, frog, advise, book, asleep
B) advice, right, culture, ship, industry
C) bank, alone, fire, gate, window
D) team, poultry, mice, nice, lice
E) speak, country, water, police, tooth

8. Choose the nouns.

- A) bag, wood, sad
B) big, bed, beauty
C) pencil, good, food
D) banner, boy, camp
E) dangerous, son, mice

9. Choose the nouns.

- A) silk, bad, wool
B) big, bed, selfish
C) pencil, well, good
D) wealth, glass, beer
E) nice, sun, rice

10. Choose the Common nouns.

- A) rain, Holland, bear, football
B) ceiling, father, dance, test
C) water, USA, basket, beauty
D) eye, hair, Bernard, bank
E) pig, snow, money, Scotland

TEST 2

1. Choose the Common nouns.

- A) old, every, knife, lake
B) city, river, boy, mountain
C) white, Nick, country, girl
D) Baikal, nice, region, father
E) pretty, kind, Bill, king

2. Choose the Common nouns.

- A) butter, Japan, North America
B) book, story, Canada, street
C) kingdom, news, train, democracy
D) tourist, butterfly, France, miss
E) student, mark, uncle, low

3. Choose the suffix to form nouns from the words **refer, differ**

- A) -dom B) -th C) -ence
D) -tion E) -ing

4. Choose the derivative nouns.

- A) driver, sailor, doctor, scene
B) employment, truth, strength, teacher
C) nothing, opener, homework, hardship
D) friendship, boyhood, refer, kingdom
E) happiness, father, everything, translation

5. Choose the derivative nouns.

- A) artistic, development, decision, comedy
B) assistant, marriage, hostess, musician
C) postman, literacy, friendship, kingdom
D) something, bookcase, seaman, egg-plant
E) cooperation, biology, classroom, attentive

6. Choose the line of nouns.

- A) live, believe, advise, rise
B) law, actor, doctor, meet
C) life, belief, advice, rice
D) low, sad, waiter, niece
E) well, nice, difficulty, lion

7. Choose the line of derivative nouns.

- A) finger, butter, father, member
B) brother, number, mother, manner
C) darker, older, farther, lower
D) lawyer, painter, writer, learner
E) further, sister, cheaper, builder

8. Choose the line of noun-forming suffixes.

- A) -able, -ance, -ing, -ment
B) -y, -ous, -ee, -tion
C) -ship, -ence, -dom, -th
D) -ance, -teen, -ism, -or
E) -ness, -less, -ment, -ant

9. Choose the derivative nouns.

- A) difference, dictation, waitress, centre
B) freeze, appearance, leadership, possibility
C) sailor, freedom, traveler, pianist
D) postmen, footballer, classroom, kindness

E) democracy, representative, airport, chest

10. Which words form compound nouns with the word **home**?

1. work 2. wife 3. country
4. hold 5. keeper
A) 1,3,5 B) 2,3,4 C) 1,3
D) 2,4,5 E) 1,2

TEST 3

1. Choose the **wrong** variant.

- There are a lot of ... on the roads.
A) traffic police B) traffic lights
C) traffic jams D) traffic warden
E) traffic signs

2. Choose the singular nouns.

1. music 2. lice 3. ox
4. clothes 5. kingdom 6. German
7. police 8. traffic 9. questions
A) 1,3,6,8,9 B) 2,3,7,8,9 C) 1,3,5,6,8
D) 2,4,5,7,8 E) 3,5,7,8,9

3. Choose the correct form of plural nouns.

- A) mans, tables, teeth
B) cats, persons, car
C) feet, men, police
D) deers, mice, children
E) childs, jeans, flowers

4. Choose the plural nouns.

- A) mice, geometry, optics, oxen
B) shorts, geese, muttons, travels
C) news, deer, children, steel
D) jeans, shoes, advice, people
E) feet, boots, clothes, spectacles

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A) a police B) a police car
C) a policemen D) three polices
E) a brave police

6. Choose the correct variant.

1. ox-oxen 2. match-matches
3. child-children 4. woman-womens
5. tooth-teeth 6. goose-geoses
A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4,6 C) 1,3,4
D) 4,5,6 E) 1,2,3

7. Choose the line of singular nouns.

- A) police, cattle, gentry
- B) dominoes, billiards, news
- C) people, deer, fish
- D) goods, riches, shooting
- E) jeans, pants, earrings

8. Choose the line of correct plural nouns.

- A) ladys, trays, geese, oxen
- B) benches, mouses, ages, buses
- C) wives, teeth, lice, heroes
- D) chiefs, halves, wolfs, roofs
- E) kiloes, tomatoes, photoes, zooes

9. Choose the line of correct plural nouns.

- A) feet, scales, light, bread
- B) bushes, stairs, news, tongs
- C) autoes, men, kingdoms, goods
- D) dishes, men, king, people
- E) oxen, clouds, scissors, teeth

10. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.

- A) progress, actress, sight, holidays
- B) princess, mouth, tooth, police
- C) people, gymnastics, deer, men
- D) chalk, honey, work, physics
- E) job, news, furniture, stairs

TEST 4

1. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.

- A) cream, chocolate, cloud
- B) idea, wheat, water
- C) gold, silver, wool
- D) news, dominoes, police
- E) wind, storm, weather

2. Choose the sentences with uncountable nouns?

- 1. I used an iron to press my wrinkled shirt.
- 2. Abdullah gave me some good advice.
- 3. Music consists of a series of pleasant sounds.
- 4. There is an oak wood near our house.
- 5. I found hairs in my sandwich.

- A) 1,3,5 B) 3,4 C) 1,5
- D) 2,3 E) 2,4,5

3. Choose the correct variant.

The manager couldn't make his own decision and needed ...

- A) one advice B) a piece of advice
- C) a good advice D) an advice
- E) piece of advice

4. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. a useful information
- 2. an information source
- 3. a news programme
- 4. an unexpected news
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
- D) 1,4 E) 1,3

5. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. a wise answer 2. bottle of water
- 3. good advice 4. a drinkable water
- A) 2,4 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
- D) 1,2 E) 3,4

6. Choose the correct variant.

All ... are my friend's.

- A) mineral water B) black tea
- C) sunflower seeds D) violet chalk
- E) perfume bottle

7. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. five pieces of furniture
- 2. a glass of juice
- 3. a good information
- 4. freshly baked breads
- 5. a slice of milk
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,4
- D) 4,5 E) 3,4

8. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.

- A) cottage, cash, cage, medal
- B) smoke, metal, electronics, coal
- C) fog, curd, weather, soccer
- D) youth, pork, courage, hospital
- E) importance, radio, roof, penny

9. Choose the line of countable nouns.

- A) coal, fox, health, mail
- B) visitor, brush, lake, copy
- C) blood, fuel, flour, progress
- D) youth, mice, light, enthusiasm
- E) soap, glorious, law, permission

10. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.

- A) curd, lemonade, dream
- B) degree, wheat, snow
- C) silver, copper, silk
- D) chess, billiards, police
- E) star, storm, accident

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct variant in the Possessive Case.

- A) Mr. Taylors' old car
- B) The Taylor's New Year party
- C) The Taylors' helicopter
- D) Taylors' little daughter
- E) Mrs. Taylors' umbrella

2. Choose the correct sentences in the Genitive Case.

- 1. It would cost me a month's salary to buy that refrigerator.
- 2. Sally's last name is White.
- 3. Let's leave after we've eaten.
- 4. The blue whale's the largest mammal on the earth.

5. Sonya's carrying a heavy suitcase.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,2,3 C) 3,4
- D) 1,4,5 E) 2,5

3. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Allen and Susan's mothers
- B) Allen's and Susan's mother
- C) Allen's and Susan's brothers
- D) Allen's and Susan balloon
- E) Allen and Susan's dirty hands

4. Choose the correct variant.

- A) a few bird's wings
- B) a week's payment
- C) two day's frosty weather
- D) ten minute's tea break
- E) eight hours's sleep

5. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) Helen's got a letter from her mother.
- B) It's old but reliable.
- C) I've borrowed my sister's car.
- D) Texas's a leading petroleum producer.

E) Childrens' play is an important part of their lives.

6. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) Beatriz's been waiting for us at the station.
- B) My mom's new cellphone has many capacities.
- C) My friend's older than his brother.
- D) The Adam's new cottage is behind the hills.

E) According to the tomorrows' weather forecast it will be sunny.

7. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. Ann and Tony's parent
- 2. Mr. Browns' dream
- 3. Jeremy's and Mat's opinions
- 4. the White's house
- 5. Daniel and Brain's abilities
- A) 1,2,3 B) 4,5 C) 1,3
- D) 1,2,5 E) 3,4

8. Choose the sentence with the noun in the Possessive Case.

- A) Tom's at the platform waiting for us.
- B) I swear to defend my country's independence.
- C) Bob's very aggressive all the time.
- D) The master's made a new beautiful wooden skate.
- E) Londoners are very fond of animals living in London parks.

9. Choose the correct sentences in the Possessive Case.

- 1. Ch. Abdullayev and A. Christie's novels are my favourite ones.
- 2. She adores Conan Doyle's novels.
- 3. The poem of Fizuli's is popular all over the world.
- 4. The childrens' life in Syria is very hard.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
- D) 2,3 E) 3,4

10. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

- A) The children's clothes were very dirty.
- B) There's another letter from the Browns.

- C) After a moment's silence they began to argue again.
 D) Linda and Kate's hands are dirty.
 E) Her brothers – in – law's office is near the Whites' house.

TEST 6

1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. mutton 2. calf 3. carrot
 b. the meat from a sheep
 a. a young cow
 c. vegetable with a lot of vitamins and an orange skin
 A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c B) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a
 C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c D) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b
 E) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a

2. Choose the derivative nouns.

1. spaceship 2. friendship
 3. relationship 4. warship
 5. championship
 A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3,5 E) 3,4,5

3. Choose the line of compound nouns.

- A) drugstore, relationship, eyewitness
 B) birthplace, farmhouse, rainfall
 C) snowman, postman, Roman
 D) butterfly, nightmare, engineer
 E) baker, builder, robbery

4. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.

- A) mouse, lice, goose, water, meat
 B) information, traffic, news, hair, progress
 C) money, food, air, people, goods
 D) teeth, furniture, scenery, job, work
 E) deer, fruit, glass, sugar, oxen

5. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.

- A) line, dish, cattle, people
 B) soap, sheep, sea, police
 C) stairs, gates, subject, billiards
 D) scales, spectacles, holidays, short
 E) brightness, corn, phonetics, hair

6. Choose the correct variant.

1. The blind are waiting for a new audible book model.
 2. The bird are building its nest.
 3. Honey and milk are very useful for our health.
 4. The Japanese are coming for a new contract.
 5. The Earth are going around the Sun.
 A) 1,3,4 B) 1,3,5 C) 2,3,4
 D) 2,4,5 E) 3,4,5

7. Choose the **wrong** variant.

Alice wanted me to give her ...

- A) a little bread
 B) a loaf of bread
 C) a few loaf of bread
 D) little bread
 E) two loaves of bread

8. Choose the correct variant.

If you drink more than ..., you shouldn't drive a car.

- A) two glasses of beer
 B) a glasses of beer
 C) two glasses of beers
 D) two beers
 E) two glass of beer

9. Choose the correct matching.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. a pinch of | a. compote |
| 2. a bar of | b. pepper |
| 3. a jug of | c. soap |
| A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c | B) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b |
| C) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a | D) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c |
| E) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b | |

10. Choose the correct gender opposites of the words.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------|
| 1. waiter | a. niece |
| 2. heir | b. nun |
| 3. monk | c. waitress |
| 4. nephew | d. heiress |
| A) 1-c; 2-d; 3-b; 4-a | |
| B) 1-c; 2-d; 3-a; 4-b | |
| C) 1-a; 2-d; 3-b; 4-c | |
| D) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c; 4-d | |
| E) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a; 4-d | |

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct variant.
The Japanese ...

- A) are great peoples
- B) is a great people
- C) are great people
- D) are a great people
- E) is great person

2. Choose the line of common nouns.

- A) money, capital, mutton, wollen
- B) kind, child, scenery, mushroom
- C) morning, Oxford, pause, neighbour
- D) Paris, Monday, Cambridge, Ford
- E) niece, sugar, beef, cultural

3. Choose the correct sentences with plural nouns.

- 1. I need some matches to light the fire.
- 2. His cart was pulled by two oxes.
- 3. Two swine were found dead near the farm.
- 4. Tonight I have to meet some important people.
- 5. Mr. Chu wears glass because he has poor eyesight.

- A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4,5 C) 3,4
- D) 1,5 E) 2,3

4. Choose the sentences with the correct plural forms of the nouns.

- 1. During our trip we saw some sheeps, wolves, foxes.
- 2. When we spoke in the cave, we could hear echoes of our voices.
- 3. The music building at the university has 27 pianos.
- 4. There are only cliffs on the north side of the island.
- 5. If a houseplant is given too much water, its lower leafs turn yellow.

- A) 1,3,5 B) 2,3,4 C) 2,5
- D) 1,4 E) 1,2,5

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Your hairs are too long. You should have them cut.
- B) Your hair is too long. You should have them cut.
- C) Your hairs is too long. You should have them cut.

D) Your hair is too long. You should have it cut.
E) Your hair are too long. You should have it cut.

6. Choose the sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

- 1. Our neighbour's a daughter and a son.
- 2. Our neighbor's daughter is ten.
- 3. You can see David's performance at this theatre.
- 4. My friend's got an excellent idea.

- A) 2,3 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
- D) 1,4 E) 1,2

7. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.

- A) mice, foot, women
- B) economics, people, child
- C) swine, goods, news
- D) dresses, stairs, teeth
- E) trainers, money, business

8. Choose the sentences with the correct form of the Possessive case of nouns.

- 1. She's staying at her friend's.
- 2. Natali's going to inform the police.
- 3. Samir's got a lot of problems.
- 4. The Whites' decision was unknown.

- A) 1,2 B) 2,4 C) 2,3
- D) 1,3 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. people's right
- 2. peoples' independence
- 3. the womans' comment
- 4. the womens' comments

- A) 3,4 B) 1,2 C) 2,4
- D) 1,4 E) 2,3

10. Which suffix can be added to the word «assist» for forming a noun?

- A) -dom B) -ity C) -ance
- D) -ent E) -ness

TEST 8

1. Choose the simple nouns.

- 1. butter
- 2. teacher
- 3. father
- 4. learner
- 5. ceiling
- 6. conductor

- A) 2,5 B) 1,3 C) 2,4,6
- D) 2,5,6 E) 1,3,5

2. Choose the sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. A year's absence affected his career.
 2. I stayed at Kate's yesterday.
 3. The White's company is near ours.
 4. Tom is my classmates's friend.
 5. Jane's diligence astonished all of us.
- A) 1,2,3 B) 2,3,4 C) 1,2,5
D) 3,4,5 E) 1,3,5

3. Choose the correct variant.

There is only one sheep under the tree, and there are ten ... near the river.

- A) sheeps' B) sheeps C) a sheep
D) sheep E) sheep's

4. Choose the correct variant.

All the ... are Tarlan's.

- A) yellow chalk B) green tea
C) mineral water D) colouring books
E) glass case

5. Which suffixes can make noun from the word «hunt»?

1. -ess 2. -ful 3. -ing
4. -er 5. -or
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 4,5

6. Choose the correct sentence with Possessive Case.

- A) The wild animal's torn her dress.
B) Jane's the suitable person for this position.
C) Chingiz Abdullayev's works are known all over the world.
D) These mens' cars are the same mark and colour.
E) The Adam's funeral was yesterday.

7. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) Tom's extremely diligent.
B) Helen's going to help us tomorrow.
C) On my way to school I met my brother's friend.
D) Mother's taken everything away.
E) The boy's got a new bicycle.

8. Choose the line of compound nouns.

- A) warship, ambulance, accident
B) dormitory, knowledge, guidance
C) sunflower, housekeeper, backpack
D) earring, grandfather, tradition
E) shipyard, grasshopper, discovery

9. Choose the correct sentences in the Possessive Case.

1. Raul's been to America twice.
 2. His brother's absence made us worry.
 3. It's the teachers' room.
 4. We were invited to Ali's and Leila's wedding party.
- A) 2,3 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,2

10. Choose the correct sentences in the Genitive Case.

1. The scientist's works have been translated into many languages.
 2. Ramil's passed all his exams successfully.
 3. We got absolutely tired after a few hour's walk.
 4. Mike's broken bicycle was in the yard.
- A) 1,3 B) 2,4 C) 1,2
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

TEST 9

1. Choose the correct variant.

Please, bring me ...

- A) that tongs B) this tongs
C) those tongs D) a new tongs
E) a rusty tongs

2. Choose the correct sentences in the Genitive Case.

1. We have learned a lot of things about the former president's life.
 2. The constitution protects every citizens' rights in the country.
 3. These organization's main purpose is to support the poor countries.
 4. Turkey is the first country that recognized Azerbaijan's independence.
- A) 1,3,4 B) 2,3 C) 1,2
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

1. today's problem
 2. teens' good habits
 3. The Brown's course
 4. a groups of people
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 2,4

4. Choose the correct variant.

1. a few advice
 2. a jug of juice
 3. a bars of soap
 4. a pair of gloves
 5. few bars of chocolate
- A) 2,3,5 B) 1,2,4 C) 2,3,4
D) 2,4,5 E) 3,4,5

5. Choose the correct variant.

1. the children's rights
 2. The Smith's house
 3. six days' rest
 4. the policemen's work
 5. some year's absence
- A) 2,4 B) 1,5 C) 1,3
D) 1,3,4 E) 2,3,5

6. Which word **doesn't** go with the others?

- A) peach B) apple
C) banana D) pine-apple
E) garden

7. Choose the correct variant.

1. a game of tennis
 2. a bar of music
 3. a can of oil
 4. a loaf of cheese
- A) 2,3 B) 1,4 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 2,4

8. Choose the correct variant.

1. Jane's writing
 2. a few minute's rest
 3. The Black's house
 4. Michael and Jane's children
 5. the policemen's questions
- A) 1,3,4 B) 2,4,5 C) 2,3
D) 1,5 E) 1,4,5

9. Choose the line of compound nouns.

- A) pen-friend, employment
B) handwriting, toothbrush

- C) author, policemen
D) wardrobe, leader
E) punishment, waiter

10. Choose the correct variant.

There was ... news that made us feel sorry.

1. a piece of
 2. a good
 3. a pieces of
 4. some
- A) 1,3,4 B) 1,2 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,2,3

TEST 10

1. Choose the line of plural nouns.

- A) clothes, billiards
B) goods, teeth
C) news, progress
D) deer, goose
E) police, chess

2. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. We are staying at our aunt's.
2. Nazrin's going to leave our group.
3. Maisa's got a lot of interesting ideas.
4. The Smiths' company is going to sell its shares.

- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,3

3. Which word **doesn't** go with the others?

- A) scarf B) cap C) jacket
D) cup E) shirt

4. Choose the correct variant.

- A) two advice
B) some sack of potatoes
C) a slices of avocado
D) a piece of meat
E) several garbage

5. Choose the correct variant.

1. a bowl of rice
 2. two bowls of rices
 3. a bowls of rice
 4. five bowls of rice
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 1,4 E) 2,4

6. Choose the sentence with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Kenan's and Fuad's hair is brown.
 2. Mr. Ronald's house is opposite the grocer's.
 3. The Gibson's car was dirty yesterday.
 4. My nephew's going to enter Oil Academy.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 2,4 E) 3, 4

7. Choose the correct variant.

- A) criterion-criteria
- B) loaf-loafs
- C) invention-inventia
- D) mouth-mice
- E) sheep-sheeps

8. Choose the line of correct plural nouns.

- A) halves, sheep, ships, oxen, babyies
- B) roofs, polices, swine, teeth, feet
- C) handkerchiefs, cliffs, crises, rooms, toys
- D) potatoes, heroes wives, trousers, geese
- E) joys, jokes, permission, progresses, flies

9. Choose the correct variant.

1. the children' nanny
 2. the womens' red car
 3. mother's-in-laws advice
 4. the boys' bulldog
 5. Mr.Stuart's daughter
- A) 2,4 B) 3,5 C) 4,5
D) 1,3 E) 1,5

10. Choose the line of plural nouns.

1. stairs, goods 2. trousers, tongs
 3. loafs, cliffs 4. deers, oxen
 5. data, news
- A) 3,5 B) 2,4,5 C) 3,4,5
D) 1,2 E) 1,2,4

TEST 11

1. Choose the line of derivative nouns.

- A) depth, armchair, package
- B) meeting, servant, kingdom
- C) movement, moonlight, food
- D) salesman, peace, kindness
- E) servant, member, refuse

2. Choose the line of compound nouns.

- A) fir-tree, marriage, merry-go-round
- B) meeting, building, movement
- C) toothbrush, airport, sunlight
- D) salesman, translator, piece
- E) instructor, tractor, dining-room

3. Choose the line of Common nouns.

- A) needle, thing, July
- B) meeting, tennis, modern
- C) bank, dance, belief
- D) doctor, pleasant, bridge
- E) verb, live, purple

4. Match the halves of the compound nouns.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. snow | a. chair |
| 2. arm | b. flake |
| 3. bath | c. room |
| A) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c | B) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a |
| C) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c | D) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b |
| E) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a | |

5. Which words make nouns with the suffix **-ship**?

- | | | |
|---------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. weak | 2. champion | 3. relation |
| 4. kind | 5. popular | |
| A) 2,3 | B) 3,4 | C) 1,4 |
| D) 2,5 | E) 2,4 | |

6. Choose the singular nouns.

- A) photo, oxen B) cattle, news
- C) scissors, pants D) soup, soap
- E) feet, week

7. Choose the sentences with noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Banu's relatives have sold their cars.
 2. After a few moment's rest John went on swimming.
 3. Michael's sweater was very fashionable.
 4. These dog's tails are long.
- A) 2,4 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 1,2

8. Choose the line of noun forming suffixes.

- A) -ment, -tion, -hood
- B) -dis, -ship, -ity
- C) -ful, -ly, -er
- D) -ative, -dom, -mis
- E) -less, -ess, -ese

9. Choose the sentences with noun in the Possessive Case.

1. The mens' suits were newly-sewed.
 2. This spring the geese's babies will hatch.
 3. This boys' car is not expensive.
 4. Helen's and Mike's mothers are friendly.
- A) 2,3 B) 3,4 C) 1,4
D) 2,4 E) 1,2

10. Choose the line of derivative nouns.

- A) librarian, member, history, novel
- B) seaside, luggage, station, approval
- C) policeman, bath, ticket, cheaper
- D) flower, question, sand, beggar
- E) strength, happiness, liar, hunter

TEST 12

1. Choose the correct sentence with the Possessive Case.

- A) The girl's got a ticket to the cinema.
- B) That elephants' ears are huge.
- C) Jeremy's leaving tomorrow.
- D) Mary's brother doesn't have to miss this meeting.
- E) The flowers's smell is pleasant.

2. Choose the correct matching.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. a spoon of | a. salt |
| 2. a piece of | b. sand |
| 3. a bucket of | c. furniture |
| A) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b | B) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c |
| C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c | D) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a |
| E) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a | |

3. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

1. When the doctor came he took the boy's temperature.
 2. What's the matter with you?
 3. I sat at the foot of the bed.
 4. There's a gallery where children can experiment with working models.
 5. Oh, that's ridiculous.
- A) 1,5 B) 2,4 C) 2,3
D) 4,5 E) 1,3

4. Choose the correct plural forms of the compound nouns.

1. a housewife – housewives
 2. a woman writer – woman writers
 3. a mother-in-law – mothers-in-laws
 4. a gasmask – gasmasks
 5. a forget-me-not – forget-me-nots
- A) 1,3,5 B) 1,4,5 C) 2,4,5
D) 1,2,3 E) 3,4,5

5. Choose the line of singular nouns.

- A) deer, crises, radii
- B) poultry, gentry, cattle
- C) physics, news, baths
- D) maths, athletics, freedom
- E) months, stairs, trousers

6. Choose the line of correct plural nouns.

- A) roofs, crises, goods
- B) videos, heros, shelves
- C) dominoes, billiards, draughts
- D) binoculars, gentry, editor-in-chiefs
- E) progress, craft, fish

7. Choose the derivative nouns.

- A) discovery, scenery, weather
- B) information, clothes, oxen
- C) experiment, marriage, depth
- D) accountant, booklet, contents
- E) optimism, library, librarian

8. Choose the line of compound nouns.

1. keyhole, temperature, Normans
 2. bookmark, vineyard, birthplace
 3. seashell, doorbell, eyebrow
 4. friendship, warship, prescription
 5. backstage, rainbow, repairman
- A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4,5 C) 2,3,5
D) 3,4,5 E) 1,2,3

9. Choose the correct variant.

This ... failed to operate on the snowy mountain road.

- A) car's wheels B) car' wheels
- C) cars' wheel D) cars' wheels
- E) cars's wheels

10. Choose the line of nouns.

- A) exam, rainy, beauty
- B) lower, policy, blood
- C) advice, discussion, slow
- D) advise, marketing, growth
- E) lawyer, admiration, management

TEST 13

1. Choose the line of Common nouns.

- A) member, Titanic, easy
- B) law, McDonalds, chief
- C) service, Ford, creative
- D) problem, business, feather
- E) minute, back, clever

2. Choose the **wrong** variant in the Possessive Case.

- A) They're not his friends's mistakes.
- B) The team's equipment was stolen before their championship game.
- C) Mr. Smith's classroom was very neat on the first day of school.
- D) Someone had written Becky's name in the sand.
- E) Mark Twain's real name was Samuel Clemens.

3. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. pitch-pitches 2. daisy-daisies
- 3. data-datum 4. stair-stairs
- 5. elf-elves 6. gentry-gentries
- A) 2,4,5 B) 1,2,5 C) 2,4,6
- D) 1,2,3 E) 3,4,6

4. Choose the correct matching.

- 1. library a. -ian
- 2. kind b. -ship
- 3. wide c. -ness
- 4. champion d. -th

- A) 1-a; 2-c; 3-d; 4-b
- B) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c; 4-d
- C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c; 4-d
- D) 1-c; 2-b; 3-d; 4-a
- E) 1-d; 2-b; 3-a; 4-c

5. Choose the line of simple nouns.

- A) appearance, ordinary, burglar
- B) fast, important, thank
- C) wrist, spoon, scene
- D) birthday, channel, wing
- E) turkey, hard, low

6. Choose the line of noun forming prefixes.

- A) -in, -ity, -ist B) -age, -ex, -self
- C) -mis, -in, -un D) -un, -dis, -ess
- E) -hood, -dis, -iour

7. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. a cups of tea
- 2. two dessert
- 3. three bottles of milk
- 4. a furniture shop
- 5. a new cars
- A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4 C) 1,2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 3,4,5

8. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) So it's hard to get lost in Washington.
- B) This's the right thing to do.
- C) The sounds of Big Ben first were heard in 1857.
- D) There's nothing that we might discuss.
- E) Let's be masters in our work.

9. How many words can be used both countable and uncountable nouns?

- 1. wood 2. paper 3. degree
- 4. hair 5. glass 6. time
- 7. iron
- A) 3 B) 5 C) 6
- D) 4 E) 7

10. Choose the line of countable nouns.

- A) luggage, prize, deer
- B) seaport, scissors, gentry
- C) goods, stairs, billiards
- D) dominoes, draughts, binoculars
- E) politics, news, economics

TEST 14

1. Choose the correct matching.

- 1. a can of a. oil
- 2. a sheet of b. lemon
- 3. a slice of c. paper
- A) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b B) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c
- C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c D) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a
- E) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b

2. Choose the noun showing profession.
 A) German B) Human
 C) Fireman D) Frenchman
 E) Roman

3. Choose the correct variant.
 A) a fresh air B) a fresh milk
 C) a fresh greens D) a fresh pear
 E) a fresh juice

4. Choose the correct variant.
 Where ... ?
 A) is the tailor's scissors
 B) are the tailors' scissor
 C) do the tailor scissors
 D) are the tailor's scissors
 E) is the tailor scissors?

5. Choose the correct variant.
 A) Tom's and Jordan's brother
 B) those deer's tracks
 C) a few day's absence
 D) several year's work experience
 E) fathers-in-laws' names

6. Choose the correct variant.
 A) a church-churchs
 B) a cliff-clifves
 C) a gentry-gentries
 D) a good-goods
 E) a datum-data

7. Choose the correct variant.

1. those birds' nests
 2. that students' result
 3. these people's complaint
 4. these peoples' traditions
 5. those car's engine
- A) 1,2,3 B) 3,4,5 C) 4,5
 D) 1,3,4 E) 2,5

8. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.

1. foot
 2. honey
 3. pepper
 4. flat
 5. butter
 6. taxi
- A) 5,6 B) 1,3,4 C) 2,4,6
 D) 4,5 E) 2,3,5

9. Choose the correct variant in the Possessive Case.

1. Can you buy a cake at the baker'.
2. We are planning a party at my uncle's.
3. Mens' toilet is on the third floor.

4. The lawyer advised me not to answer the police officer's questions.
 A) 1,4 B) 2,4 C) 1,2
 D) 1,3 E) 2,3

10. Choose the correct variant with the Possessive Case.

- A) All the tree's branches were waving the wind.
- B) Where have I seen that girl's face before?
- C) The four friend's shirts were all the same colour.
- D) It's a lovely day, isn't it?
- E) Her uncle's got a big supermarket in Russia.

TEST 15

1. Choose the correct variant.

A: Whose coat is that?

B: It's ...

- A) my daughter's B) of my daughter
 C) to my daughter D) of my daughter
 E) my daughter'

2. Choose the correct variant.

The policeman is holding the ... right arm.

- A) robber B) robber's
 C) robbers D) robbers'
 E) robbers's

3. Choose the correct sentence in the Genitive Case.

1. The diamond reflects the sun' rays.
 2. People listen to the birds's songs.
 3. The gardener's tools are well-oiled and sharp.
 4. The flowers' sweet smell fills the air.
- A) 1,4 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
 D) 3,4 E) 1,2

4. Choose the **wrong** variant.

- A) The animals' tails had dark stripes.
- B) A yellow butterfly landed on Pad's backpack.
- C) They saw two birds' nests high up in a tree.
- D) Jim saw his dog's footprints in the dirt.
- E) The four astronaut's appeared on the newspapers.

5. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) The Gonzales' dinner party was wonderful.
- B) Mr. Johnsons's car is in the garage.
- C) The childrens' blanket was very dirty.
- D) The mices' hole is deep.
- E) The girls's restroom is on the left.

6. Choose the correct variant in the Genitive Case.

- 1. Sarah's pencil tip is broken.
- 2. It's a lovely painting.
- 3. Jim says he's been to China.
- 4. She's the fastest girl in the team.
- 5. Beth's mother's made spaghetti for dinner.

- A) 1,5 B) 1,3,5 C) 2,3,4
- D) 2,4 E) 1,3

7. Choose the correct variant.

- A) a few geese' food
- B) these scientist's research
- C) that puppies' tails
- D) ten dollar's toy
- E) this elephant's feet

8. Choose the correct variant.

- A) The penguins's home is in Antarctica.
- B) This trees' leaves are yellow.
- C) That book's pages are wrinkled.
- D) That artists' paintings quickly sold out.
- E) Can you see these lion's paw?

9. Choose the **wrong** variant.

- A) Have you still got yesterday's newspaper?
- B) Next week's meeting has been cancelled.
- C) I live near the station – it's only about ten minutes' walk.
- D) I've got a week's holiday starting on Monday.
- E) Jane and Mary's rooms are next to each other.

10. Choose the correct sentences in the Genitive Case.

- 1. We buy pills and tablets at the chemists'.
- 2. The king's servant was very polite.

3. Tom's coming delighted all us.

4. The citizen's vote was very important in last year's election.

5. Tim's and his friend's project was not correctly completed on time.

- A) 1,3 B) 2,3,4 C) 1,3,5
- D) 1,5 E) 3,4,5

TEST 16

1. Choose the correct sentences in the Possessive Case.

- 1. Today's news is just as bad as yesterdays'.
- 2. Rosa drew a picture of Olga's.
- 3. Let's leave this restaurant as soon as we finish our dinner.
- 4. That store sells women's clothes.

- A) 1,2 B) 2,4 C) 2,3
- D) 1,4 E) 1,3

2. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. Mr.Aliyevs' office
- 2. Mrs.Aliyeva's assistant
- 3. The Aliyev's cottage
- 4. The Aliyevs' book store
- 5. Aliyev's photo

- A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4 C) 2,4,5
- D) 1,4 E) 1,2,3

3. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. Tom's and Kate's baby
- 2. Tom's and Kate baby
- 3. Tom and Kate's baby
- 4. Tom and Kate's babies

- A) 1,2 B) 2,4 C) 1,3
- D) 1,4 E) 3,4

4. How many sentences are in the Genitive Case?

- 1. The waitress's husband is a factory worker.
- 2. This tool's got peeling function too.
- 3. What's the weather like today?
- 4. Jane's at the seaside yesterday.
- 5. Nizami's the greatest poet of Azerbaijan.
- 6. Airplane's seats should be comfortable for the passengers.

- A) 6 B) 5 C) 4
- D) 3 E) 2

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Sam and Tomas's teeth
- B) Sam and Tomas's tooth
- C) Sam's and Tomas's tooth
- D) Sam's and Tomas's teeth
- E) Sam's and Tomas teeth

6. Choose the **wrong** variant.

- A) One of the Queen's homes is called Buckingham Palace.
- B) My mum's cooking is amazing!
- C) Both boy's bicycles were damaged in the collision.
- D) My neighbor should do something about his two dogs' barking.
- E) My six days' visit to the beach left me dreadfully sunburned.

7. Choose the correct variant.

- A) David's and Pat's glove
- B) Brain and Kelly's personality
- C) Nizami and Pushkin's poems
- D) Wolf and eagle's eyes
- E) Policeman's and worker's helmets

8. Choose the correct sentence.

- A) The cows' tail swished to keep the flies away.
- B) The eagle's wings were spread wide.
- C) The farmer' eggs were fresh.
- D) The girls's bunches were tied with red ribbon.
- E) Three branch's leaves were still green on this tree.

9. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

- A) these rabbits' noses
- B) my father's instructions
- C) a few lady's handbag
- D) the gentleman's coat
- E) Helen's handkerchief

10. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) The weather's usually cold and wet in England!
- B) Advertisements of mens' clothing fill much of the magazines.
- C) It's hard to do homework when the television is on.

D) Bob's and Till's uniforms need to be washed.

E) A blacksmith's struggled to provide horseshoes and tools.

TEST 17

1. Which word **doesn't** go with the other?

- A) cook B) fireman C) doctor
- D) sport E) trainer

2. Choose the correct sentences with the Possessive Case.

- 1. It's my pleasure to join today's programme.
- 2. Sometimes it gets hard to remember all of these student's names.
- 3. Obama was the first dark skinned president in the US history.

4. Creating the Apple Company was one of the main achievements of Steve's.

- A) 2,4 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
- D) 1,4 E) 3,4

3. Choose the correct sentence with the Possessive Case.

- A) Mrs. Harper's sons are abroad.
- B) Paula's broken his new bike.
- C) Mary's skillful enough to do this work.
- D) Tom and Ann's eyes are brown.
- E) These sportsman's victory was unbelievable.

4. Choose the **incorrect** sentences with the Possessive Case.

- 1. Mubariz's name will remain in the hearts of our people.
- 2. At the last lesson we talked about all of the planet's structure.
- 3. My elder brother's lived in Canada for more than ten years.
- 4. Tom's parents decided to send him back to the hospital.

- A) 2,4 B) 1,2 C) 3,4
- D) 1,3 E) 2,3

5. Choose the correct pair of nouns in the singular.

- A) days, cousin B) flags, masks
- C) tailor, ships D) flats, house
- E) soap, light

6. Match the suffixes to the words and make nouns.

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-----------|
| 1. act | 2. art | 3. engine |
| a. -eer | b. -or | c. -ist |
| d. -ly | e. -ness | f. -ing |
| A) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a | B) 1-b; 2-d; 3-f | |
| C) 1-d; 2-c; 3-a | D) 1-a; 2-c; 3-e | |
| E) 1-e; 2-c; 3-b | | |

7. Choose the correct variant.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. rail | a. room |
| 2. bath | b. case |
| 3. suit | c. way |
| A) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a | B) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b |
| C) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c | D) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a |
| E) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b | |

8. Choose the correct variant.

- A) This is not just my computer. It is four student's computer.
 B) This is those kid's toy.
 C) They are not my childs' books.
 D) Huckleberry Finn's plans did not always work out.
 E) Don't read it. It's yesterdays' newspaper.

9. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) The dog's broken its leg.
 B) After a months' illness Professor Johnson returned to campus.
 C) Fast food's its downsides.
 D) Albert Einstein's theory of relativity changed our understanding of time.
 E) Todays' lesson taught us how to indicate possession.

10. Choose the line of countable nouns.

- A) voice, wind, problem
 B) sound, egg-plant, knowledge
 C) sugar, egg, caviar
 D) lamp, hair, toothpaste
 E) permit, beauty, frosty

TEST 18

1. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.

- A) luggage, air, oxen

- B) cotton, sand, bear
 C) meat, button, meal
 D) soup, soap, beer
 E) work, news, bottle

2. Choose the line of countable nouns.

- A) teeth, frog, leaf
 B) life, news, police
 C) geese, fog, peace
 D) health, wealth, mail
 E) music, salt, cattle

3. In which sentences all the nouns are countable?

1. Get some glasses out for party.
 2. Maggie has always got some exciting news when she comes to us.
 3. The wind spread all your hairs into the room.
 4. There is no work to do here.
 5. Jack London's works are popular all over the world.
 A) 1,3,5 B) 2,3 C) 1,2
 D) 3,4,5 E) 1,5

4. Choose the uncountable nouns.

- A) piece, jam, information
 B) sea, pepper, people
 C) kitten, deer, chalk
 D) tennis, honey, water
 E) wish, idea, storm

5. Choose the countable nouns.

- A) snow, sugar, silver
 B) mouse, dish, bush
 C) document, mail, ox
 D) card, kettle, rain
 E) leather, place, traffic

6. Choose the correct matching.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| 1. a lump of | a. butter |
| 2. a bottle of | b. milk |
| 3. a slice of | c. sugar |
| 4. a bar of | d. soap |
| A) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b; 4-d | |
| B) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a; 4-d | |
| C) 1-a; 2-b; 3-d; 4-c | |
| D) 1-d; 2-c; 3-a; 4-b | |
| E) 1-b; 2-c; 3-d; 4-a | |

7. Choose the correct variant.
 A) I'm afraid these milk is a bit old.
 B) They gave me some informations about payments in Azeri courses.
 C) He bought a very expensive furniture.
 D) Little knowledge is a bad thing.
 E) Many advices that you get from experts doesn't seem to help.

8. In which sentences all the nouns are countable?

1. Please, don't leave hairs on the brush.
2. Some people believed that ships made of iron would sink.
3. There is a chestnut wood in this region.
4. We bought a new iron and an ironing board.
5. Time passes more and more quickly as you grow older.

- A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4,5 C) 1,3,4
 D) 2,3,4 E) 1,4,5

9. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

- A) bitter coffee B) hot tea
 C) old furniture D) a low price
 E) a rainy weather

10. Choose the correct matching.

1. a can of a. tea
 2. a loaf b. oil
 3. a packet of c. juice
 4. a carton of d. bread
- A) 1-b; 2-d; 3-a; 4-c
 B) 1-c; 2-d; 3-b; 4-a
 C) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c; 4-d
 D) 1-a; 2-b; 3-d; 4-c
 E) 1-d; 2-a; 3-b; 4-c

TEST 19

1. Choose the uncountable nouns.

- A) progress, rice, furniture
 B) weather, money, job
 C) education, dust, sound
 D) flower, city, garden
 E) food, dirt, forest

2. Choose the countable nouns.

- A) coffee, compote, milk
 B) museum, word, enemy

- C) cloud, air, scissors
 D) news, politics, sheep
 E) envelope, artist, bread

3. Choose the correct matching.

1. a can of a. paper
2. a group of b. garlic
3. a clove of c. cola
4. a sheet of d. soldiers

- A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c; 4-d
 B) 1-a; 2-d; 3-b; 4-c
 C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-d; 4-c
 D) 1-d; 2-c; 3-a; 4-b
 E) 1-c; 2-d; 3-b; 4-a

4. How many words are uncountable?

dream, impression, caviar, meal, meat,
 grass, steel, deer, weather, corn,
 porridge

- A) 11 B) 9 C) 7
 D) 5 E) 3

5. How many words are countable?

line, idea, kindness, hay, copper, pea,
 storm, agency, people, wind, gentry,
 politics

- A) 12 B) 10 C) 8
 D) 6 E) 4

6. Choose the **wrong** matching.

- A) a cup of tea
 B) a bowl of soap
 C) a piece of music
 D) a piece of furniture
 E) a pair of jeans

7. Choose the correct variant.

- A) a good health
 B) three wonderful musics
 C) hidden information
 D) a hard work
 E) a tasty pudding

8. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

- A) bad news
 B) two good news
 C) two pieces of good news
 D) a piece of news
 E) a bad news letter

9. Choose the countable nouns.

- | | |
|--------------|-----------|
| 1. knowledge | 2. carpet |
| 3. advice | 4. wallet |
| 5. ship | 6. ink |
- A) 1,2,3 B) 2,4,5 C) 2,4,6
D) 1,3,5 E) 4,5,6

10. Choose the uncountable nouns.

- | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| 1. scales | 2. luck | 3. beef |
| 4. window | 5. dominoes | 6. season |
- A) 1,2,3 B) 1,3,5 C) 2,4,6
D) 2,3,5 E) 4,5,6

TEST 20

1. Choose the correct variant.

- A) four piece of chalk
B) a coloured chalk
C) piece of chalk
D) piece of a chalk
E) pieces of chalk

2. Which is **wrong**?

- A) those writers' works
B) the skin of the sheep
C) the postmans' letters
D) the deer's tracks
E) today's problem

3. Choose the sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. The boy's hands were so dirty.
2. The new room's large and light.
3. Boys, let's play football.
4. My six days' journey was wonderful.
5. Maria's looking for her umbrella.
A) 1,4 B) 1,2,4 C) 1,3,4
D) 2,4 E) 2,4,5

4. Choose the correct variant.

1. The Simpsons' property
2. our sportsmens' forms
3. two months' salary
4. sheeps' skin
A) 1,2,3 B) 2,3 C) 2,3,4
D) 1,3 E) 2,4

5. Which nouns refer to women?

- | | | |
|----------|-----------|--------|
| 1. niece | 2. nephew | 3. nun |
| 4. monk | 5. queen | |
- A) 1,4,5 B) 2,3,5 C) 3,4,5
D) 1,2,5 E) 1,3,5

6. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

- ... meat
A) a slice of B) a kilo of
C) a piece of D) a clove of
E) a pound of

7. Choose the line of compound nouns.

- A) warship, ambulance, accident
B) dormitory, knowledge, guidance
C) sunflower, housekeeper, backpack
D) earring, grandfather, tradition
E) shipyard, grasshopper, discovery

8. Choose the line of derivative nouns.

- A) invader, lioness, building, decoration
B) corridor, player, salty, novelist
C) movement, landlady, grassy, permission
D) juicy, exhibition, manager, agreement
E) lovely, darkness, freedom, interrogation

9. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.

- A) wool, document, juice, gate
B) porridge, coal, silver, water
C) soap, traffic, person, handball
D) wish, sound, pea, basketball
E) housework, clothes, mind, radio

10. Choose the correct sentences in Genitive Case.

- A) The sky's cloudless yesterday.
B) The question's been discussed there.
C) Sona and Maryam's spepmother was very cruel.
D) The president didn't answer the journalists's questions.
E) Alex and Nora's knee were muddy.

TEST 21

1. Which suffixes **don't** make nouns?

- A) -th, -or
B) -ess, -age
C) -ment, -hood
D) -ical, -ous
E) -er, -sion

2. Choose the correct variant.

The ... mother isn't at home. I saw her at the ... few minutes ago.

- A) children's, bakers'
B) child's, baker's
C) child's, baker
D) children's, baker's
E) children's, bakers

3. Choose the line of compound nouns.

- A) stepfather, evidence, brotherhood
B) seashore, stockings, celebration
C) surname, martyrdom, teapot
D) snowflake, toothbrush, sunset
E) birthday, capitalism, daybook

4. Choose the correct matching.

1. a pair of
2. a bottle of
3. slice of
4. a kilo of
- a. trainers
b. flour
c. peach
d. lemonade

- A) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a; 4-d
B) 1-a; 2-d; 3-c; 4-b
C) 1-a; 2-c; 3-d; 4-b
D) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c; 4-d
E) 1-d; 2-a; 3-c; 4-b

5. Which suffix makes nouns from the words **advertise**, **settle**?

- A) -ity
B) -ment
C) -ness
D) -hood
E) -tion

6. Choose the countable nouns.

- A) peace, month, foot, corn
B) iron, chair, case, frost
C) ship, swine, loaf, piece
D) sorrow, work, permit, pay
E) maths, king, person, light

7. Choose the nouns.

1. easy
2. advise
3. chief
4. healthy
5. servant
6. tower
A) 2,3,5
B) 1,4,6
C) 4,5,6
D) 3,5,6
E) 1,2,5

8. Choose the correct variant.

1. two heavy luggage
2. an uncomfortable furniture
3. political news
4. an excellent idea
A) 1,3
B) 2,4
C) 1,4
D) 2,3
E) 3,4

9. Choose the line of Common nouns.

- A) Baki, continent, wood, map
B) cheap, human, greens, say
C) German, Hundai, The UK, Jack
D) beggar, fish, linen, spectacles
E) wedding, speech, low, know

10. Choose the correct variant.

What ... they are!

1. useful pieces of information
2. sad music
3. a nice pair of earring
4. expensive shoes
A) 2,3
B) 1,3
C) 2,4
D) 1,4
E) 1,2

TEST 22

1. Which noun doesn't refer to a person?

- A) teacher
B) cooker
C) examiner
D) potter
E) miner

2. Choose the line of derivative nouns.

- A) list, pianist, scientist
B) novelist, realist, typist
C) silver, river, drawer
D) spring, ring, hunting
E) luggage, marriage, cage

3. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) Mr.Spencer will attend tomorrow's meeting.
B) The prisoner spoke only after one hours' silence.

C) It's not right to disturb your neighbours.

D) There's another mail from the White's.

E) Mr. Dale's already read the morning papers for today.

4. Choose the line of compound nouns.

A) condition, railway, toothpaste

B) sunflower, carriage, dictionary

C) explanation, championship, driver

D) representative, finger, heroism

E) butterfly, handball, spaceship

5. Choose the **wrong** variant.

I've got such ... that you can't believe it!

1. a good news

2. a good piece of

3. a good pieces of

4. good news

A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3

D) 1,4 E) 3,4

6. Choose the **wrong** variant.

1. a traffic signs

2. a traffic police

3. a traffic inspector

4. a traffic jam

5. a traffic rule

A) 1,2 B) 1,2,3 C) 2,4,5

D) 1,3,5 E) 3,4,5

7. Choose the correct variant.

A) a watch-watches

B) a roof-rooves

C) a radius-radii

D) a police-polices

E) a short-shorts

8. Choose the correct variant.

1. The horses' and the camels' hoofs are very similar.

2. Lola and Amy's nails are long and polished.

3. Ugur and Nigar's fingers are covered with ink.

4. Aliye's and Nur's hair is curly and fair.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4

D) 2,3 E) 3,4

9. Choose the line of nouns showing parts of body.

1. arm, thigh, potter

2. thumb, liver, heel

3. heart, eyebrow, neck

4. ear, lung, spear

A) 1,4 B) 1,3 C) 1,2

D) 2,3 E) 3,4

10. Choose the correct matching.

1. We go to borrow or read books there.

It's a ...

2. People go to pray there. It's a ...

3. You can see interesting films there.

It's a ...

4. People go there to do shopping.

a. library

b. market

c. church

d. cinema

A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c; 4-d

B) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a; 4-d

C) 1-b; 2-d; 3-a; 4-c

D) 1-c; 2-b; 3-d; 4-a

E) 1-a; 2-c; 3-d; 4-b

TEST 23

1. Choose the correct variant.

... are missing.

A) The girl's and the boy's middle tooth

B) The girls' and the boys' middle tooth

C) The girl's and the boy's middle teeth

D) The girl and the boy's middle teeth

E) The girl and boy's middle tooth

2. Choose the correct variant.

a boiled ...

A) egg

B) rice

C) water

D) meat

E) milk

3. Choose the correct variant.

A) a can of furniture

B) a slice of water

C) a pinch of pepper

D) a loaf of music

E) a gram of floor

4. Choose the line of nouns.

A) forty, often, friendship

- B) interesting, house, knitting
C) hard, earring, passive
D) decision, country, danger
E) big, honey, darkness

5. Choose the correct variant.
Kevin brought two electronic ... from Dubai.

1. cooks	2. cookers
3. irons	4. radios
A) 1,2	B) 2,3
D) 2,4	E) 1,4
	C) 1,3

6. Choose the correct variant.

1. a pieces of furniture
2. a tiny toys
3. five big cities
4. that diligent students
5. those shopping centers

A) 1,3,5	B) 1,3	C) 3,5
D) 2,4,5	E) 2,3,4	

7. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

- A) a heavy luggage
- B) a strong wind
- C) an interesting idea
- D) a funny impression
- E) a terrible storm

8. Match the halves.

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| 1. a tin of | a. coal |
| 2. a ball of | b. string |
| 3. a slice of | c. fish |
| 4. a lump of | d. cucumber |

- A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c; 4-d
B) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a; 4-d
C) 1-c; 2-a; 3-d; 4-b
D) 1-c; 2-b; 3-d; 4-a
E) 1-d; 2-b; 3-a; 4-c

9. Choose the sentences with uncountable nouns.

- A) My uncle was asked if he could say about the next year's plans.
- B) Some students don't feel the difficulty of the exams.
- C) Do you know all the answers of these questions?
- D) In summer you can't see snow.

E) There is no garden in some cities.

10. Choose the line of nouns.

- A) window, fellow, elbow
- B) borrow, sorrow, low
- C) allow, arrow, pillow
- D) show, narrow, grow
- E) below, cow, follow

TEST 24

1. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

I haven't seen those ... here before.

- | | |
|--------------|--------------|
| A) shelves | B) glasses |
| C) people | D) policemen |
| E) furniture | |

2. Choose the correct variant.

- A) these bakers' demand
- B) the Baker's demand
- C) this baker' demand
- D) Bakers' demand
- E) The Bakers's demand

3. Choose the **wrong** variant.

My ... has a long beard and moustache.

- | | | |
|----------|------------|-----------|
| A) uncle | B) husband | C) nephew |
| D) niece | E) son | |

4. Odd one out.

- | | | |
|-----------|------------|------------|
| A) cooker | B) blender | C) plumber |
| D) mixer | E) duster | |

5. Choose the correct variant.

There is ... on the table.

1. a plate of cherries
2. a cherry jam
3. a cherry juice
4. a cherry pie

- | | | |
|--------|--------|--------|
| A) 1,3 | B) 1,2 | C) 1,4 |
| D) 3,4 | E) 2,3 | |

6. Choose the line of nouns.

- A) discovery, cozy, city, logically
- B) every, wealthy, occupy, foggy
- C) dictionary, society, happy, windy
- D) honesty, bakery, country, hobby
- E) anniversary, snowy, robbery, cloudy

7. Choose the **incorrect** sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) Britain's changeable weather is depressing.
- B) John's clever answers astonished me.
- C) The teacher's most hard-working student is Mary.
- D) Peoples' fear about terrorism is growing day-by-day.
- E) The Giant's a high wall around his garden.

8. Choose the correct variant.

I have never met such ... before.

- A) a gentle person
- B) a gentle people
- C) a gentle peoples
- D) a gentle men
- E) gentle mans

9. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) This actress's son's lived in Italy for 5 years.
- B) Yesterday's past, tomorrow's mystery, but today's present.
- C) The womens' leading role in the project is annoying some men.
- D) Donation after death can save millions of people' life.
- E) Leila's decided to break up with her boy-friend.

10. Which word doesn't accept the suffix -dom?

- A) accept B) wise C) free
- D) king E) martyr

TEST 25

1. Choose the correct variant.

a pair of ...

- 1. shining eyes
- 2. white chalk
- 3. old-fashioned jeans
- 4. smoked pork

- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 3,4
- D) 2,4 E) 1,4

2. Choose the correct variant.

- A) three furniture B) some book
- C) a little girl D) a sour milk
- E) two piece of bread

3. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) After the match Alex and Ben's knees were bloody.
- B) Paul and his friend's shoulders are broad.
- C) Ahmad and Ali's strict character affects to our work.
- D) This is the club of Oxford graduators'.
- E) The hostesses's dress was very smart for her age.

4. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

- 1. a hard-working coal miner
- 2. a dishonest robber
- 3. an awful fat
- 4. a deep respect

- A) 1,2 B) 2,4 C) 3,4
- D) 2,3 E) 1,3

5. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. these voter's decision
- 2. that tailors' cloth
- 3. this book's cover
- 4. the Earth's surface
- 5. native people's language

- A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4,6 C) 1,2,3
- D) 2,3,5 E) 3,4,5

6. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.

- A) childs, jeans, business, cats
- B) football, cases, shoes, leg
- C) fogs, watchs, oxen, louses
- D) letters, geese, experience, German
- E) tights, questions, roofs, postmen

7. Choose the correct variant.

... are ready.

- A) The results of the blood test
- B) The Smith's invitation cards
- C) The customers's dress order
- D) Nick and Matt's project
- E) The cakes' cream

8. Choose the countable nouns.
 A) wine, breeze, wind, beef
 B) bear, vegetable, problem, piece
 C) iron, goose, mail, wool
 D) peace, teacher, brother, mother
 E) English, German, breakfast, supper

9. Choose the correct variant.
 A) These milk is so sour.
 B) These milk are so sour.
 C) This milk are so sour.
 D) This milk is so sour.
 E) These milks are so sour.

10. Choose the nouns in the plural.
 A) rooves, matches, glass
 B) waitress, news, spectacles
 C) father-in-laws, optics, chess
 D) gentry, police, cattle
 E) battle, pieces, machines

TEST 26

1. Odd one out.

- A) beggar
 B) cooker
 C) traveler
 D) writer
 E) hunter

2. Choose the line of derivative nouns.

1. leadership
 2. citizenship
 3. spaceship
 4. friendship
 5. desert ship
 6. warship
 A) 1,2,4
 B) 3,4,5
 C) 3,5,6
 D) 1,3,5
 E) 2,3,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

1. the fishermen's net
 2. Kyle and Tom's brain
 3. the children's surnames
 4. Sue and her sister's shoulder
 5. the White's factory
 A) 2,5
 B) 1,3
 C) 1,4
 D) 4,5
 E) 3,4

4. Odd one out.

- A) classroom
 B) workbook
 C) board
 D) black
 E) desk

5. Choose the uncountable nouns.

1. envy
 2. cardboard
 3. idea
 4. wish
 5. pity
 A) 1,3,5
 B) 2,4,5
 C) 3,4
 D) 1,2,5
 E) 3,4,5

6. Choose the correct gender opposites.

1. heir-heroine
 2. prince-princess
 3. husband-woman
 4. nephew-cousin
 5. nun-monk
 A) 1,3
 B) 2,3
 C) 2,4
 D) 2,5
 E) 3,4

7. Choose the correct definition.

1. clothes
 2. food
 3. ghost
 4. pumpkin
 a. the spirit of a dead person
 b. a huge vegetable with orange skin
 c. things that people eat
 d. things that you wear
 A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d
 B) 1-d, 2-c, 3-a, 4-b
 C) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b, 4-d
 D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c
 E) 1-d, 2-b, 3-a, 4-c

8. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.

- A) mice, foot, women
 B) economics, people, child
 C) swine, goods, news
 D) dresses, stairs, teeth
 E) trainers, money, business

9. Choose the line of compound nouns.

- A) airplane, hunter, airmail
 B) policeman, German, Norman
 C) shipbuilding, spaceship, warship
 D) leadership, airline, doctor
 E) man-servant, student, merchant

10. Choose the line of nouns.

- A) stormy, breakfast, sand
 B) weather, freedom, Japan
 C) referee, refugee, free
 D) departure, small, childhood
 E) beg, robber, movement

OPEN ENDED TESTS

1. To which words is the suffix **-ness** added to form a noun?

- | | | |
|--------|------------|--------|
| 1. air | 2. develop | 3. ill |
| 4. eat | 5. happy | |

2. To which words is the suffix **-ment** added to form a noun?

- | | | |
|----------|------------|--------|
| 1. agree | 2. develop | 3. ill |
| 4. eat | 5. happy | |

3. Choose the nouns.

- | | | |
|---------------|------------|-----------|
| 1. difficulty | 2. absence | 3. bench |
| 4. belong | 5. advise | 6. father |
| 7. farther | | |

4. Choose the nouns.

- | | | |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. belief | 2. believe | 3. advise |
| 4. advice | 5. practice | 6. practise |
| 7. meat | 8. meet | |

5. Choose the nouns.

- | | | |
|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. low | 2. law | 3. rise |
| 4. rose | 5. rice | 6. live |
| 7. life | | |

6. Choose the nouns.

- | | | |
|-----------|------------|-------------|
| 1. darker | 2. where | 3. matter |
| 4. danger | 5. further | 6. stranger |
| 7. butter | | |

7. Choose the nouns.

- | | | |
|------------|------------|-----------|
| 1. lower | 2. there | 3. lawyer |
| 4. number | 5. farther | 6. reader |
| 7. thinker | | |

8. Choose the nouns.

- | | | |
|----------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. tradition | 2. homeless | 3. attentive |
| 4. footballer | 5. business | 6. special |
| 7. composition | | |

9. Choose the correct variants.

1. Mr.Browns' house
2. Mrs.Browns' house
3. Browns' house
4. The Browns' house
5. The Brown's house
6. Mr.Brown's house

10. Choose the correct variants.

- | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Mr.Adam' pet | 2. Mrs.Adams' pet |
| 3. Adams' pet | 4. The Adams' pet |
| 5. The Adam's pet | 6. Mr.Adam's pet |

11. Choose the correct variants.

1. Jane and Sam's photo
2. Jane and Sam's photos
3. Jane's and Sam's photo
4. Jane's and Sam's photos
5. Jane's and Sam photo

12. Choose the correct variants.

1. Fred and Tom's sister
2. Fred and Tom's sisters
3. Fred's and Tom's sister
4. Fred's and Tom's sisters
5. Fred's and Tom sister
6. Fred' and Tom' sisters

13. Choose the correct variants.

1. Alan and Peter's mother
2. Alan and Peter's mothers
3. Alan's and Peter mother
4. Alan's and Peter's mother
5. Alan's and Peter's mothers

14. Choose the correct variants.

1. Brain and Kate's hands
2. Brain and Kate's hand
3. Brain's and Kate hands
4. Brain's and Kate's hand
5. Brain's and Kate's hands

15. Choose the correct variants.

1. Mary and Susan's characters
2. Mary and Susan's character
3. Mary's and Susan's character
4. Mary's and Susan's characters
5. Mary's and Susan character

16. Choose the correct variants.

1. The White's cottage
2. The Whites' cottage
3. Whites' cottage
4. Mr.White's cottage
5. White' cottage

17. Choose the correct variants.

1. a few days's rest
2. a few day' rest
3. three day's rest
4. two days' rest
5. a week's rest
6. a weeks' rest

18. Choose the correct variants.

1. a man's servant
2. a man' servant
3. men's servants
4. men' servants
5. men's servant

19. Choose the correct variants.

1. a lion's leg
2. a lion's legs
3. the lion and the elephant's leg
4. the lion and the elephant's legs
5. the lion's and the elephant's leg
6. the lions' leg
7. the lions' legs

20. Choose the correct variants.

1. the child's joke
2. the childs' joke
3. the children' jokes
4. the children's jokes
5. the children' joke
6. the children's joke

21. Choose the correct variants.

1. the hostess's hospitality
2. the actresses's role
3. at the bakers'
4. men' clothing shop
5. at my aunt's
6. the lake's view

22. Choose the correct sentences in the Genitive Case.

1. The bus's driver was very tired and sleepy after a long journey.
2. The Potter's daughter's getting married this week.
3. The soldier's gun buried with him was rusty.
4. My sister-in-laws' business is going very well.

23. Choose the sentences in the Possessive Case.

1. It's raining from morning.
2. Ben's been waiting for you at the door.
3. Let's buy these shoes for you.
4. Sally's coming was unexpected.
5. Yesterdays' meeting didn't satisfy us.
6. Ann's got three sisters.
7. Benjamin's from New-York City.
8. My aunt's here.
9. July's friend's very intelligent.
10. Kate's a friend of Anton's.

24. Choose the correct variants.

a ... of compote

1. liter
2. battle
3. glass
4. slice
5. bottle

25. Choose the correct answer.

... cheese

1. a piece of
2. a chunk of
3. a slice of
4. a game of
5. a pair of

26. Choose the nouns in the singular.

1. stairs
2. people
3. grass
4. beef
5. mouses
6. economics
7. shoes

27. Choose the derivative nouns.

1. marriage
2. page
3. cabbage
4. carriage
5. luggage
6. package

28. Choose the correct variants.

... feet.

1. a man's
2. men's
3. men'
4. woman and man's
5. women's and men's

29. Choose the correct variants.

... of cheese are on the

1. a piece of
2. a bar of
3. two kilos
4. 3 chunks
5. three loaves

30. Choose the correct variants.

1. a traffic jam
2. a traffic police
3. a traffic sign
4. a traffic lights

Quantifiers

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct variant.

1. work too much
2. work too many
3. a few hours
4. a little hours

A) 2,4 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 1,2 E) 2,3

2. Choose the correct variant.

1. so much old clothes
2. such a lot of red roses
3. so many bowl of berries
4. such a diligent pupil

A) 1,4 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,2 E) 2,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

1. a few advice
2. a jug of juice
3. a bars of soap
4. a pair of gloves
5. few bars of chocolate

A) 2,3,5 B) 1,2,4 C) 2,3,4
D) 2,4,5 E) 3,4,5

4. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

- A) a number of teacher
- B) each teacher
- C) both of those mistakes
- D) several pieces of furniture
- E) every country

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A) a little kittens
- B) a few old ladies
- C) a little factories
- D) a lot of boat
- E) many soup

6. Choose the correct variant.

Only ... of the participants were very active.

- A) a few
- B) a little
- C) little
- D) few
- E) a lot of

7. Choose the correct variant.

Very ... competitions are held in this hall.

- A) a few
- B) little
- C) a little
- D) many
- E) much

8. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

- A) so many film producer
- B) so much pleasure
- C) such a lot of essays
- D) such a little book
- E) so few problems

9. Choose the correct variant.

Nigar watched a lot of cartoons every day and took ... from them.

1. so much idea
2. such many ideas
3. such a lot of ideas
4. so interesting ideas
5. a lot of interesting ideas

A) 1,2 B) 1,5 C) 3,5
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

10. Choose the correct variant.

1. so many attempts
2. very a few problems
3. so much times
4. a few police officers

A) 2,3 B) 1,4 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 2,4

TEST 2

1. Choose the **wrong** variant.

- A) a few postcard
- B) a little hot porridge
- C) a little thin nose
- D) much sugar
- E) a lot of floods

2. Choose the correct variant.

Very ... time and money is spend on education in Great Britain.

- A) many
- B) a lot of
- C) a few
- D) much
- E) few

3. Choose the correct variant.

... Americans don't like Trump's policy toward the immigrants.

- A) Many
- B) A lot of
- C) Much
- D) A little
- E) A lot

4. Choose the correct variant.

A hundred years ago only ... teenagers could read and write in this country.

- A) a little B) a lot of C) much
D) a few E) few

5. Choose the correct variant.

Sandy has got very ... money in the bank.

- A) few B) a few C) much
D) many E) a lot of

6. Choose the correct variant.

Unfortunately, I haven't got ... time for watching TV.

- A) a lot of B) many C) much
D) little E) few

7. Choose the correct variant.

Jack bought too much ...

- A) shoe B) tool C) salt
D) books E) potatoes

8. Choose the correct variant.

I had only ... with my old photo while getting my visa.

- A) a problems
B) a few problems
C) many problems
D) a lot of problems
E) a little problems

9. Choose the **wrong** variant.

Alice wanted me to give her ...

- A) a little bread
B) a loaf of bread
C) a few loaf of bread
D) little bread
E) two loaves of bread

10. Choose the correct variant.

1. many children 2. much poultry
3. few boys 4. little time
5. four goose 6. a pieces of furniture
A) 1,3,4 B) 1,3,5 C) 2,4,6
D) 2,3,5 E) 1,3,6

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct variant.

Like ... capital cities, London grew up along a major river.

- A) a little B) much C) a lot
D) a E) many

2. Choose the correct variant.

It costs ... money to travel around the world.

- A) few B) a few C) much
D) many E) a lot

3. Choose the correct variant.

1. a few pairs of binoculars
2. a little bread shops
3. a few pairs of tweezers
4. a little slices of lemon
A) 1,3 B) 2,4 C) 3,4
D) 1,2 E) 2,3

4. Choose the correct variant.

1. a glass of juice
2. a few juice
3. a few glass of juice
4. some juice
5. only a little juice
A) 2,4,5 B) 2,3 C) 1,4,5
D) 1,3 E) 3,4

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Such a little juice
B) So a very people
C) Such a little puppy
D) Only few greengrocers
E) Very many sceneries

6. Choose the correct variant.

I have never heard ...

1. such insulting words
2. so insulting words
3. such a lot of insulting words
4. so many insulting words
5. so much insulting words
A) 1,2,3 B) 1,3,4 C) 2,3
D) 2,4,5 E) 3,4,5

7. Choose the correct variant.

You would better ask Elvin, he works in a court and can give you ... about law.

- A) some informations
B) several piece of information
C) an information
D) a piece of informations
E) a piece of valuable information

8. Which is **wrong**?

- A) such fruitful talks
B) too many secrets
C) such a great ship

- D) so few pairs of mitten
E) such little piglets

9. Choose the correct variant.

1. a few travel advertisements
2. few traffic sign
3. a little pieces of meat
4. a little can of cola

A) 1,2 B) 2,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

C) 3,4

10. Which is **wrong**?

- A) such nice weather
- B) so many tourist
- C) such a little kitten
- D) such boring tests
- E) so many insects

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct variant.

Only ... neighbours were present at their wedding party.

- A) few B) a little C) little
D) a few E) a lot of

2. Choose the correct variant.

I would like ... lemon juice to my salmon.

1. a little
2. very few
3. many
4. some more
5. only a little

A) 1,4,5 B) 2,5 C) 2,3
D) 1,2,4 E) 3,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

You don't want me to believe ... crazy story, do you?

- A) so B) a so C) such
D) such a E) a such

4. Choose the correct variant.

1. such a fantastic idea
2. so many traffic
3. so a lot of traffic
4. such a lot of luggage

A) 1,4 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 2,4 E) 3,4

5. Choose the correct variant.

Only ... passengers could survive after the terrible crash.

- A) few B) a few C) a lot of
D) little E) many

6. Choose the correct variant.

Can you give me ... chocolate cake cooked yesterday?

- A) few B) any C) anything
D) some E) a few

7. Choose the correct variant.

Please, don't put ... salt to my sandwich.

- A) many B) much C) a lot
D) few E) a few

8. Choose the **wrong** variant.

1. so many school-leavers
2. such a little kid
3. so few of tree
4. such many factories

A) 1,4 B) 2,3 C) 1,2
D) 2,4 E) 3,4

9. Choose the correct variant.

I have never seen ...

1. such an envious person
2. so many nuts
3. so interesting movies
4. such many toys

A) 2,4 B) 1,3 C) 1,2
D) 2,3,4 E) 1,3,4

10. Choose the correct variant.

I have never had ...

1. such tasty soup
2. so much soup
3. such many soup
4. so tasty soup
5. so little soup

A) 2,4,5 B) 2,3 C) 1,3,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,2,5

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct variant.

1. little apple juice
2. only a little meat
3. only a few egg
4. very little honey
5. very few sugar

A) 1,4 B) 2,4 C) 2,5
D) 3,4,5 E) 1,3,5

2. Choose the correct variant.

1. a little washing powder
2. a few bunches of grapes
3. a little pieces of glass
4. a few green chalk

A) 2,4 B) 2,3 C) 1,2
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

1. so much papers
 2. so many bottles
 3. a lots of flowers
 4. too many light
 5. too much noise
- A) 1,4 B) 2,4 C) 2,5
D) 3,4,5 E) 1,3,5

4. Choose the correct variant.

1. many traffic police
 2. much furniture shops
 3. much political news
 4. many traffic warden
- A) 2,4 B) 1,3 C) 1,2
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

5. Which is **wrong**?

1. a few slice of meat
 2. a few glasses of wine
 3. a little pieces of wood
 4. a little piece of meat
- A) 1,3 B) 2,4 C) 1,2
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

6. Choose the correct variant.

1. so much money
 2. lot of newspapers
 3. only a few cheese
 4. so many buses
 5. very little butter
- A) 2,3 B) 2,5 C) 1,4,5
D) 1,2,5 E) 1,3,5

7. Choose the correct variant.

Excuse me, may I ask you ... questions?

- A) a lot B) a little C) much
D) few E) a few

8. Choose the correct variant.

I heard that Tom had earned ... money to buy these restaurant chains.

- A) enough B) so
C) such a D) else
E) very a lot of

9. Choose the correct variant.

1. so many cotton
 2. such a lot of ice
 3. such much rain
 4. so much pollution
- A) 1,3 B) 2,4 C) 1,2
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

10. Choose the correct variant.

The tourists wanted only ... Caspian caviar.

- A) a little B) much C) little
D) a few E) many

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct variant.

We need ... flour to make this cake.

- A) many B) a few C) few
D) a lot E) a little

2. Choose the correct variants.

They stayed in Istanbul for a month and visited ... places in this city.

1. a lot of
 2. many
 3. much
 4. a few
 5. a little
 6. a lot
- A) 1,3,5 B) 1,2,4 C) 2,3,4
D) 3,4,6 E) 1,2,6

3. Choose the correct variant.

The accident looked serious but fortunately very ... people were injured.

- A) few B) a few C) a little
D) many E) much

4. Choose the correct variant.

His exam result was successful. He couldn't answer only ... questions.

- A) many B) much C) few
D) a few E) a lot of

5. Choose the correct variant.

I spilled ... tomato sauce on my suit coat, now it looks terrible and needs cleaning.

- A) a few B) a lot C) a little
D) many E) few

6. Choose the correct variant.

Susan, how ... bottles of apple juice ... there in the fridge?

- A) much/is B) much/ are
C) many/is D) many/are
E) much/was

7. Choose the correct variant.

Very ... people can live without money!

- A) a little B) little C) few
D) a few E) a lot of

8. Choose the correct variant.
Susan, ... there ... apple juice in the fridge?

- A) is/much
B) is/many
C) are/much
D) are/many
E) was/many

9. Choose the correct matching.

1. She has ... ideas to talk about.
2. I have only ... time to eat dinner.
3. She is happy because she has very ... problems in her life.

- a. few b. many c. a little
A) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a B) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c
C) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c D) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b
E) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b

10. Choose the correct variant.

She has already gone but I am only ... minutes late.

- A) a few B) a little C) a lot of
D) little E) few

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct variant.

When we reached the beach ... tourists were already there, and we couldn't find a place to sit down.

- A) much B) many C) a lot
D) few E) a little

2. Choose the correct variant.

Sheila drank ... coffee and no alcohol.

- A) many B) a few C) few
D) a lot E) little

3. Choose the correct variant.

1. so much delicious pizzas
2. so many interesting facts
3. so much piece of cheese
4. so much useful advice

- A) 2,4 B) 1,2 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

4. Choose the correct variant.

1. a few sack of wheat
2. a few slice of pineapples
3. a few lumps of sugar
4. a few coffee cups

- A) 1,2 B) 1,4 C) 3,4
D) 2,4 E) 1,3

5. How many variants are correct?

1. a few swine 2. few swine
3. much swine 4. a lot of swine
5. a lot of swine 6. many swines
A) 2 B) 3 C) 4
D) 5 E) 6

6. Choose the correct variant.

There are ... in Sumgait branch of Courses.

1. a lot talented students
2. many hardworking students
3. a few diligent students
4. few lazy student

- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 2,4

7. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

1. many silk dresses
2. a few mushroom soup
3. a little hand luggage
4. only a few Physics teacher
5. much work experience

- A) 2,4 B) 1,2,3 C) 1,3,5
D) 4,5 E) 2,3

8. How many variants are correct?

1. a jar of honey 2. a few honey
3. so many honey 4. a lot of honey
5. only little honey 6. only a little honey

- A) 6 B) 5 C) 4
D) 3 E) 2

9. Choose the correct variant.

There is ... in our new no frost fridge.

1. such a lot of mutton
2. so a lot of juice
3. a few ham
4. a little plum jam

- A) 1,4 B) 2,4 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,2

10. Choose the correct variant.

1. many bowls of rice
2. few laptops
3. several adventure book
4. a lot of golden ring

- A) 1,2 B) 3,4 C) 2,3
D) 1,4 E) 2,4

ARTICLE - TESTS

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct variant with the articles.

1. Susan works in the city center.
 2. My brother is in army.
 3. Can you turn off light in this room, please?
 4. George has a part-time job.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 1,3

2. Choose the correct articles.

We had ... lunch in ... very nice restaurant.

- A) the, the B) -, - C) -, a
D) a, a E) the, a

3. Choose the correct article.

We had ... very nice lunch in ... Paris.

- A) -, - B) -, the C) the, the
D) a, - E) a, a

4. Choose the correct articles.

I didn't have time for ... breakfast this morning because I was in ... hurry.

- A) a, a B) the, the C) -, -
D) -, a E) a, a

5. Choose the correct articles.

... sun is ... star.

- A) The, a B) A, a C) -, -
D) -, a E) The, the

6. Choose the correct articles.

... Peru is ... country in ... South America.

- A) The, the, the B) -, a, the
C) The, a, the D) -, -, -
E) -, a, -

7. Choose the correct articles.

- Can you tell me where ... Room 25 is, please?

- It's on ... second floor.

- A) the, the B) -, the C) a, a
D) the, a E) a, the

ARTIKL - TESTLÖR

8. Choose the correct articles.

Your ... pullover is ... same colour as mine.

- A) a, a B) a, the C) -, the
D) the, the E) -, -

9. Choose the correct articles.

It was ... nice day yesterday. We went for ... walk by ... sea.

- A) a, a, the B) a, a, a
C) a, a, - D) -, a, -
E) a, -, -

10. Choose the correct articles.

-Where's ... nearest shop?

-There's one at ... end of this street.

- A) the, an B) a, an
C) the, - D) the, the
E) -, -

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct articles.

... most people believe that ... unemployment is one of ... biggest problems.

- A) The, the, the B) -, -, the
C) The, -, the D) -, -, -
E) -, an, the

2. Choose the correct articles.

... First World War lasted from ... 1914 until ... 1918.

- A) The, -, - B) The, the, the
C) -, the, the D) -, -, -
E) A, -, -

3. Choose the correct articles.

Why do ... English think they are so ... wonderful people?

- A) -, - B) the, a C) the, the
D) the, - E) -, a

4. Choose the correct articles.
... young have ... future in their hands.
A) A, a B) The, the C) -, -
D) -, the E) The, a

5. Choose the correct articles.
Do you think ... rich should pay more taxes to help ... poor?
A) a, a B) the, the C) -, -
D) a, the E) the, a

6. Choose the correct variant.
They live in the
1. USA 2. America
3. North America 4. Ukraine
5. Argentina
A) 1,3,5 B) 1,4,5 C) 2,4,5
D) 1,2,3 E) 2,3,4

7. Choose the correct variant.
Jane lives in
A) United Kingdom
B) Dominican Republic
C) African continent
D) South America
E) Hague

8. Choose the correct articles.
... highest mountain in ... Africa is ... Kilimanjaro.
A) The, -, - B) The, the, the
C) A, an, the D) The, -, the
E) -, -, -

9. Choose the correct articles.
... next year we are going skiing in ... Swiss Alps.
A) -, - B) The, - C) -, the
D) -, a E) The, the

10. Choose the correct articles.
What joins ... Atlantic and ... Pacific Oceans?
A) -, - B) a, a C) the, the
D) -, the E) the, -

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct articles.
Hemingway's ... first major success was the publication of his ... famous novel.
A) the, a B) the, the C) -, -
D) a, a E) the, -

2. Choose the correct articles.
When ... United States entered ... World War One, Hemingway left his job as ... sports reporter and joined ... army.
A) the, the, the, the
B) the, -, a, the
C) the, the, -, -
D) -, -, -, -
E) the, -, -, the

3. Choose the correct articles.
At ... age of 18 he married and his marriage wasn't ... happy one.
A) the, a B) the, the C) -, -
D) an, - E) an, a

4. Choose the correct articles.
She is ... third best-selling author in ... world after W. Shakespeare.
A) the, - B) -, - C) a, a
D) a, the E) the, the

5. Choose the correct articles.
Once upon ... time there was ... small town by ... sea.
A) a, a, the B) a, a, - C) -, a, -
D) -, -, the E) -, -, -

6. Choose the correct articles.
... Earth went through ... period of catastrophic and intense changes during its ... earliest beginnings 4 billion years ago.
A) The, -, the B) The, a, the
C) -, -, - D) The, a, -
E) The, the, the

7. Choose the correct articles.

... number of streets in ... Baku are still known by their old names.

- A) The, - B) A, - C) -, -
D) The, the E) -, the

8. Choose the correct articles.

Experts think that in ... middle of this century, ... population of ... USA will be about 420 million.

- A) the, the, the B) the, -, -
C) -, -, - D) a, a, the
E) the, the, -

9. Choose the correct articles.

... clean air is ... important natural resource.

- A) A, an B) A, a C) -, an
D) -, - E) The, the

10. Choose the correct articles.

... India is on track to exceed ... China as ... most populated country by 2035.

- A) -, -, the B) The, the, the
C) -, -, - D) An, a, the
E) -, the, the

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct articles.

There is no ... ocean and ... sea which is not used as ... dump.

- A) an, a, a B) -, -, a
C) the, the, the D) an, a, the
E) -, a, the

2. Choose the correct articles.

... Britain alone dumps 250.000 tons of industrial waste straight into ... North Sea.

- A) -, - B) The, the C) -, a
D) The, - E) -, the

3. Choose the correct articles.

Some of ... land's earthquakes cause ... serious damage.

- A) the, a B) the, the C) -, a
D) the, - E) -, -

4. Choose the correct articles.

... Azerbaijan has ... embassy in ... Prague.

- A) -, an, - B) The, an, the
C) -, a, - D) -, -, -
E) -, an, the

5. Choose the correct articles.

It's wonderful to be in ... open air and to lie in ... sun.

- A) -, - B) the, - C) the, the
D) -, the E) an, the

6. Choose the correct articles.

At ... top of ... mountains of ... Caucasus you can find different herbs.

- A) the, the, the B) the, the, -
C) -, -, the D) a, -, the
E) -, -, -

7. Choose the correct articles.

... longest river Kur rises in ... Turkey and flows into ... Caspian Sea.

- A) The, the, the B) The, -, the
C) The, -, - D) -, -, -
E) The, the, -

8. Choose the correct articles.

Originally ... White House was grey and was called ... Presidential Palace.

- A) the, the B) -, - C) -, the
D) the, - E) a, a

9. Choose the correct articles.

... USA borders on ... Canada in ... north and ... Mexico in ... south.

- A) -, -, -, -, -
B) The, the, -, the, -
C) The, the, the, the, the
D) The, -, the, -, the
E) The, -, -, -, -

10. Choose the correct articles.

... British invaded ... Washington in 1814.

- A) The, the B) -, - C) The, -
D) -, the E) A, the

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct articles.
When do you clean your teeth in ... morning: before ... breakfast or after ... breakfast?

- A) -, -, -
B) the, the, the
C) the, -, -
D) the, a, a
E) the, the, -

2. Choose the correct articles.
My mother doesn't have ... supper with ... family because she doesn't like to eat in ... evening.

- A) -, the, the
B) the, the, the
C) a, the, the
D) a, a, the
E) -, the, -

3. Choose the correct articles.
There is ... bread, ... butter and ... ham on ... table.

- A) a, a, a, the
B) -, a, a, the
C) -, -, a, the
D) -, -, -, -
E) -, -, -, the

4. Choose the correct articles.
We've got ... large colour TV-set in our room and we watch ... TV in ... evening.

- A) the, the, the
B) a, -, the
C) -, -, -
D) a, the, the
E) -, the, the

5. Choose the correct articles.
... Chinese language is ... difficult.

- A) The, -
B) The, the
C) The, a
D) -, -
E) -, the

6. Choose the correct articles.
The lamb looked at ... wolf and said in ... thin voice.

- A) the, the
B) -, -
C) the, a
D) a, the
E) a, -

7. Choose the correct articles.
... wolf shouted in ... angry voice.

- A) A, a
B) -, -
C) -, the
D) The, an
E) The, a

year.

- A) -, the, the
B) -, -, -
C) -, the, -
D) The, the, -
E) A, a, a

9. Choose the correct articles.
... Nile flows across ... north-eastern ... of ... Africa to ... Mediterranean Sea.

- A) The, the, the, the
B) -, -, -, -
C) The, the, -, the
D) The, -, -, -
E) The, -, -, the

10. Choose the correct articles.
... Shetland Islands are situated to north of ... Great Britain.

- A) -, -, -
B) -, the, -
C) The, the, the
D) The, the, -
E) The, -, -

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct articles.
... Ethiopia is ... beautiful mountainous country.

- A) -, a
B) An, a
C) The, a
D) The, -
E) -, -

2. Choose the correct articles.
Swift, ... famous English writer, was travelling on ... horseback with his servant.

- A) a, -
B) -, -
C) the, the
D) a, the
E) a, a

3. Choose the correct articles.
... famous English writer Dickens lived in ... 19th century.

- A) A, -
B) -, the
C) A, a
D) A, the
E) The, the

4. Choose the correct articles.
«What ... clever parrot!» said ... man.

- A) the, the
B) -, the
C) the, a
D) a, the
E) the, -

5. Choose ...
In ... fac
money.
A) -, -
D) the, -

6. Choos
... group
table.
A) A, -
C) A, th
E) A, th

7. Choos
After ...
from ...

A) a, a
C) -, -
E) -, a

8. Ch
We v
had
A) t
C) -
E) -

9. C
Th
A)
C)
E)

5. Choose the correct articles.

In ... fact, he was often short of ... money.

- A) -, - B) -, the C) the, the
D) the, - E) a, -

6. Choose the correct articles.

... group of ... farmers were sitting at ... table.

- A) A, -, the B) The, the, the
C) A, the, - D) -, -, -
E) A, the, the

7. Choose the correct articles.

After ... while the guide took the tourists from ... place to ... place.

- A) a, a, a B) a, -, -
C) -, -, - D) the, the, the
E) -, a, a

8. Choose the correct articles.

We went to the country by ... train and had ... very good time there.

- A) the, the B) the, -
C) -, - D) the, a
E) -, a

9. Choose the correct articles.

There are no ... clouds in ... sky.

- A) -, the B) the, the
C) -, - D) a, the
E) the, a

10. Choose the correct articles.

... Mars is ... planet. ... planet Mars is also called the Red Planet.

- A) -, -, - B) -, a, A
C) The, -, The D) -, a, The
E) The, a, -

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct articles.

It's such ... original idea! Besides you've got ... good sense of humour.

- A) a, a B) an, a C) -, a
D) an, - E) the, the

2. Choose the correct articles.

What's ... weather like in ... Australia?

- A) the, - B) -, - C) a, a
D) a, - E) the, the

3. Choose the correct articles.

... Christmas and ... Easter are my favourite holidays.

- A) The, the B) -, -
C) -, the D) A, an
E) The, an

4. Choose the correct articles.

It takes ... hour to get from ... Domodedovo airport to ... Lenin street.

- A) an, the, the B) the, the, the
C) an, the, - D) an, -, -
E) a, -, -

5. Choose the correct articles.

My English friend took me to see ... National gallery, ... House of ... Parliament and ... Tower Bridge.

- A) the, the, -, - B) the, -, -, -
C) -, -, -, - D) the, -, -, the
E) a, a, -, a

6. Choose the correct articles.

Sam used ... drugs and was sent to ... prison in ... August. What ... shame!

- A) a, the, the, a B) -, the, -, a
C) -, the, -, the D) -, a, -, the
E) -, -, -, a

7. Choose the correct articles.

David is ... old friend of mine. He plays ... flute perfectly. His sister has been playing ... tennis since ... age of ten.

- A) an, the, -, the B) a, -, -, -
C) an, -, -, - D) a, the, the, the
E) the, the, the, the

8. Choose the correct articles.

What ... beautiful painting! ... artist is such ... talented person.

- A) a, An, a B) the, The, a
C) a, The, a D) the, The, the
E) -, -, -

9. Choose the correct articles.
My wife is ... best woman in ... world
and I'm ... happiest husband.
A) the, the, - B) -, -, -
C) a, the, a D) the, the, the
E) the, -, the

10. Choose the correct articles.
On ... Monday ... kids were tired and
they went to ... bed very early.
A) -, the, - B) the, the, the
C) -, -, - D) a, the, the
E) -, the, the

TEST 8

1. Choose the correct articles.
Robin Hood robbed ... rich and helped ...
poor.
A) a, a B) the, the C) -, -
D) the, a E) the, -

2. Choose the correct articles.
It rained, so I stayed at ... home in ...
evening. But today ... sun is shining
brightly in ... sky.
A) the, the, the, the
B) -, the, the, -
C) a, the, the, the
D) -, the, the, the
E) -, -, -, -

3. Choose the correct articles.
... Smiths have a got ... dog and ... cat.
A) The, -, - B) -, -, -
C) The, a, a D) The, -, a
E) -, a, a

4. Choose the correct articles.
She was ... first woman to swim across ...
English Channel.
A) the, the B) the, -
C) a, the D) a, -
E) -, -

5. Choose the correct articles.
I spent ... very interesting holiday in ...
England.
A) a, the B) a, - C) -, -
D) the, the E) the, -

6. Choose the correct articles.
We'll go for ... walk if ... weather is fine.
A) the, the B) a, a C) -, -
D) the, a E) a, the

7. Choose the correct articles.
Go down ... Kingston street and turn
into ... Oxford street.
A) -, - B) the, the C) the, -
D) a, a E) a, an

8. Choose the correct articles.
... good beginning makes ...
ending.
A) The, the B) -, - C) A, the
D) A, a E) -, a

9. Choose the correct articles.
... Amsterdam is ... main city of
Netherlands.
A) The, the, the B) -, the, the
C) -, -, - D) An, the, the
E) -, the, -

10. Choose the correct articles.
We have ... breakfast in ... kitchen and
we eat ... porridge and ... eggs.
A) a, the, a, - B) a, the, -, -
C) -, the, a, an D) -, -, -, -
E) -, the, -, -

TEST 9

1. Choose the correct variant.
He was ... Goodwill ambassador who
supported ... needy children.
A) -, - B) a, - C) a, a
D) the, the E) -, a

2. Choose the correct variant.
1. a honest man
2. a unique object
3. an expensive cars
4. a useful thing
A) 1,4 B) 2,4 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,3

3. Choose the correct variant.

Tom's little brother likes to play ...

1. piano
2. badminton
3. chess
4. a guitar

A) 2,3 B) 1,4 C) 1,3
D) 2,4 E) 3,4

4. Choose the correct variant.

1. pair of socks
2. to play the tar
3. to play the hockey
4. an honourable secretary

A) 1,3 B) 2,3 C) 1,4
D) 1,2 E) 2,4

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A) an information service
- B) an information services
- C) a information
- D) an information
- E) a informations

6. Choose the correct variant.

Unfortunately, I can't play ...

1. the piano
2. a music
3. chess
4. the volleyball
5. a baseball

A) 2,4,5 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3,4 E) 2,5

7. Choose the correct variant.

1. a long-term unemployment
2. a tasty spaghetti
3. pineapple juice
4. a sour lemon

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 2,3

8. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

a mountain ...

- A) view
- B) spring
- C) plant
- D) animal
- E) scenery

9. Choose the correct variant.

no ...

- A) a lake
- B) the people
- C) other questions
- D) any information
- E) another person

10. Choose the correct variant.
the ...

1. Baku
 2. Beijing
 3. Congo
 4. Bahamas
 5. Crimea
- A) 1,2,3 B) 2,3,5 C) 1,3,4
D) 1,3,4 E) 3,4,5

TEST 10

1. Choose the correct variant.

a ...

1. orange
2. chicken
3. egg
4. eggs
5. friend

A) 1,2 B) 2,5 C) 3,4
D) 1,5 E) 3,5

2. Choose the correct variant.

an ...

1. athletics
2. architect
3. education
4. hour
5. university

A) 1,3,5 B) 2,3,5 C) 2,5
D) 2,4 E) 1,2,4

3. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

a nice ...

- A) airport
- B) compliment
- C) weather
- D) impression
- E) question

4. Choose the correct variant.

an awful ...

- A) porridge
- B) soup
- C) meals
- D) people
- E) place

5. Choose the correct variant.

a bright ...

1. gold
2. silver
3. metal
4. colour
5. copper

A) 1,2 B) 1,2,5 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,2,3

6. Choose the correct variant.

1. a boiled eggs

2. an ignorant person

3. a safe conditions

4. a polluted water

5. an easy problem

A) 2,5 B) 1,3,5 C) 1,5
D) 2,4 E) 2,4,5

7. Choose the correct variant.

1. an official papers
2. an interesting news
3. a placement test
4. an education system
5. a medical researches

A) 1,3 B) 3,5 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 2,5

8. Choose the correct variant.

1. no a human
2. no the humans
3. every a student
4. all the students
5. some the friends
6. some of the friends

A) 3,4 B) 2,3,5 C) 5,6
D) 4,6 E) 1,2,3

9. Choose the correct variant.
this ...

- A) the cottage B) the cottages
C) cottage D) a book
E) books

10. Choose the correct variant.
neither ...

- A) people B) the person
C) person D) a person
E) the people

TEST 11

1. Choose the correct articles.

In ... Middle Ages there was ... great interest for these compositions.

- A) -, - B) -, a C) the, the
D) the, - E) the, a

2. Choose the correct articles.

... White House is one of ... most popular tourist attractions in ... America.

- A) The, the, - B) The, the, the
C) -, -, - D) -, the, -
E) The, a, -

3. Choose the correct articles.

... Dhaka, ... capital city is ... polluted city in ... Bangladesh.

- A) The, the, the, the
B) -, -, -
C) -, the, the, -
D) -, the, the, the
E) -, a, the, -

4. Choose the correct articles.

... main religion in ... Bangladesh is ... Buddhism.

- A) The, the, the B) The, -, -
C) -, -, - D) A, -, -
E) -, the, -

5. Choose the correct articles.

It was ... bag full of ... gold in ... desert.

- A) the, the, the B) -, -, -
C) a, a, the D) a, -, the
E) a, a, a

6. Choose the correct articles.

We climbed ... Mount Everest in ... Himalayas.

- A) the, the B) -, -
C) a, the D) -, the
E) the, -

7. Choose the correct articles.

It was washed by ... Atlantic ocean in ... east.

- A) the, - B) the, the C) -, -
D) the, a E) -, the

8. Choose the correct articles.

She lives in ... Irkutsk, near ... Lake Baikal. It's ... deepest lake in ... world.

- A) -, -, the, the B) the, the, the, the
C) -, -, -, the D) -, -, -, -
E) the, -, the, the

9. Choose the correct articles.

... Germans drink much ... beer.

- A) The, the B) A, a C) The, a
D) -, - E) The, -

10. Choose the correct variant.
- What's ...
- I don't ...
geograph ...
A) the, the
C) -, -, -
E) the, a

1. Choose the correct variant.
... Jack ...
... Hag ...
A) The ...
C) The ...
E) -, the

2. Choose the correct variant.
... we ...
gloom ...
A) The ...
C) A ...
E) T

3. Choose the correct variant.
We ...
Fric ...
A) ...
C) ...
E) ...

4. Choose the correct variant.
D ...
pl ...
A ...
D ...

5. Choose the correct variant.
C ...
C ...

10. Choose the correct articles.

-What's ... longest river in ... Russia?
- I don't know. I'm not good at ... geography.

- A) the, the, the B) the, -, -
C) -, -, - D) the, the, -
E) the, a, a

TEST 12

1. Choose the correct articles.

... Jacksons live in ... Manchester, not in ... Hague.

- A) The, the, the B) The, -, -
C) The, -, the D) -, -, -
E) -, the, the

2. Choose the correct articles.

... weather is nasty today and ... sky is gloomy.

- A) The, a B) -, -
C) A, a D) -, the
E) The, the

3. Choose the correct articles.

We are going to ... beach by ... car on ... Friday.

- A) the, -, - B) -, -, -
C) the, the, the D) the, the, -
E) a, a, -

4. Choose the correct articles.

David can play ... guitar, but he can't play ... golf.

- A) -, - B) the, the C) -, the
D) the, - E) a, the

5. Choose the correct articles.

On ... 14th of February ... lot of people celebrate ... St Valentine's Day.

- A) -, a, the B) the, the, the
C) the, a, - D) -, a, -
E) -, -, -

6. Choose the correct articles.

Do you remember ... woman we saw ... last week.

- A) the, - B) a, -
C) -, - D) the, the
E) a, a

7. Choose the correct articles.

He was ... handsome, ... strong and ... very smart.

- A) a, a, a B) -, a, a
C) the, the, the D) a, -, a
E) -, -, -

8. Choose the correct articles.

Yesterday I bought ... pair of ... shoes. Unfortunately ... shoes are too tight.

- A) a, a, a B) a, -, the
C) -, -, - D) a, the, the
E) a, -, -

9. Choose the correct articles.

On ... rainy day ... castle looks like ... prison.

- A) -, -, - B) a, a, a
C) the, the, the D) a, the, a
E) -, the, a

10. Choose the correct articles.

... Ukraine and ... Turkey are separated by ... Black Sea.

- A) -, -, - B) The, -, the
C) The, the, the D) -, -, the
E) The, The, -

TEST 13

1. Choose the correct articles.

There is always ... interesting cultural programme of concerts on ... TV.

- A) the, the B) -, - C) an, the
D) an, - E) the, -

2. Choose the correct articles.

... Milan is in ... north of ... Italy.

- A) The, the, the B) -, -, -
C) -, the, - D) -, a, the
E) The, -, the

3. Choose the correct articles.

... Hyde Park is ... large park in ... London.

- A) -, a, - B) The, a, The
C) The, a, - D) -, -, -
E) The, the, -

4. Choose the correct articles.
... Grand Hotel is in ... Baku Street.
A) The, the B) The, - C) -, -
D) -, the E) A, the

5. Choose the correct articles.
If you are looking for ... good clothes
shop, I would recommend ... Harrison's.
A) a, the B) the, the C) -, -
D) a, - E) -, the

6. Choose the correct articles.
... Trafalgar Square is in ... London.
A) -, - B) The, the C) The, -
D) A, the E) A, -

7. Choose the correct articles.
This ... plant is ... very rare species.
A) the, the B) -, - C) a, the
D) -, the E) -, a

8. Choose the correct articles.
... police have arrested ... friend of mine.
A) The, the B) A, a C) The, a
D) -, - E) The, -

9. Choose the correct articles.
... car is ... means of transport.
A) A, a B) The, a C) The, the
D) -, - E) A, -

10. Choose the correct articles.
Frank is ... student at ... Liverpool
University.
A) a, the B) the, the C) -, -
D) a, - E) the, -

TEST 14

1. Choose the correct articles.
When they called ... Doctor Johnson,
they said that their house is near ... Lake
Constance.
A) the, the B) -, - C) the, -
D) -, the E) a, -

2. Choose the correct articles.
... Browns wanted to travel to ...
Philippines.
A) -, the B) -, - C) The, the
D) The, - E) -, a

3. Choose the correct articles.
... Captain Tomson asked them ...
bother him as he was having ... rest.
A) The, a B) -, - C) A, a
D) -, a E) The, the

4. Choose the correct articles.
... only thing that he knew was
Professor Brown's phone number.
A) The, the B) -, - C) The, a
D) -, the E) The, -

5. Choose the correct articles.
As we saw ... piano in ... corner of the
room, we asked Jane if she could play
piano.
A) a, the, the B) a, the, -
C) -, -, - D) a, a, a
E) the, the, the

6. Choose the correct articles.
Mark didn't go out ... last night. He
stayed at ... home.
A) the, the B) -, - C) the, -
D) a, a E) -, the

7. Choose the correct articles.
If you commit ... serious crime, you
could be sent to ... prison.
A) a, a B) -, - C) a, -
D) the, the E) a, the

8. Choose the correct articles.
Nora works as ... cleaner at ... hospital.
A) a, - B) a, the C) -, -
D) the, the E) the, -

9. Choose the correct articles.
... other day ... fire brigade were called to
... prison to put out the fire.
A) The, the, the B) A, the, the
C) An, -, - D) The, the, -
E) -, -, -

10. Choose the correct articles.
There's ... nice view from the window.
You can see ... sea.
A) a, a B) -, - C) the, the
D) a, the E) -, the

Exercis

1. This is T
2. Jane and
3. Are you
4. I am a c
5. She is n
6. These a
7. Look a
8. Your f
9. That's
10. Ali's
11. Sue a
12. The
13. Are
14. A: V
- B: I
15. Ma
16. Ro
17. We
18. Th
19. Ay
20. Su

Exe

1. Ja
-
2. M
-
3. J
-
- 4.
-
- 5

PRONOUN - TESTS

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct variant.
... parents were in Malaya, ... weren't in France.
A) My, they
B) Mine, they
C) Our, She
D) Theirs, they
E) Her, He

2. Choose the correct variant.
... is still talking about the surprise party for your birthday!
A) Both
B) Every
C) Most
D) All
E) Everyone

3. Choose the correct pronoun.
She lost ... memory as the result of road accident.
A) our
B) her
C) hers
D) his
E) yours

4. Choose the correct variant.
-What a delicious cake! Can I have ... piece?
A) some
B) another
C) others
D) the others
E) a few

5. Choose the correct variant.
My father is sick. I'm worried about ...
A) his
B) him
C) her
D) me
E) ours

6. Choose the correct variant.
The magazine is very interesting ... but, ... sheets are thin.
A) itself, it's
B) itself, its
C) it, itself
D) it, it
E) it's, it

7. Choose the correct pronoun for the underlined words.

Sarah's grandchildren like to eat porridge.

A) Her, it
B) They, them
C) They, it
D) She, it
E) Them, its

ÖVƏZLİK - TESTLƏR

8. My mother changes ... wardrobe and I will change ... soon.
A) her, mine
B) hers, mine
C) she, my
D) her, my
E) her, hers

9. Choose the correct variant.
... gold earrings are ...
A) Those, my
B) These, mine
C) That, my
D) This, mine
E) These, her

10. I have the photos of the people from ... planets.
A) another
B) others
C) the others
D) each
E) the other

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct pronoun.
I can't see ... car's registration because it is too far away from me.
A) this
B) these
C) that
D) those
E) both

2. Choose the correct variant.
The young scientists told us about ... experiments on new model weapons.
A) theirs
B) others
C) their
D) his
E) her

3. Choose the correct variant.
She is a model and she spends ... of her money on plastic surgery.
1. all
2. most
3. some
4. every
A) 1,3,4
B) 2,3,4
C) 1,2,3
D) 3,4
E) 2,4

4. Choose the correct pronoun.
... of them was always sure that ... was right.
A) All, everyone
B) Everybody, everyone
C) Both, every
D) Every, she
E) Each, she

5. Nihat, eat ... hamburger ... or I'll eat

- A) your, yourself, it, myself
- B) you, yourself, his, mine
- C) your, yourself, his, mine
- D) their, yourself, its, myself
- E) his, himself, itself, mine

6. Choose the correct pronoun.
The bridegroom likes not only the bride ... but also ... character.

- A) itself, its
- B) himself, her
- C) herself, its
- D) herself, her
- E) herself, hers

7. Choose the correct variant.
... of the doctors were late, they came when the training had already started.

- A) Every one
- B) Each
- C) Any
- D) Somebody
- E) Some

8. Choose the correct variant.
You can go to the dentist with ... if you are afraid to go alone.

- 1. a nephew of mine
- 2. my nephew
- 3. a nephew of my
- 4. mine nephews
- A) 1,4
- B) 1,3
- C) 1,2
- D) 3,4
- E) 2,3

9. Choose the correct variant.

... the passengers didn't pay the bus fares.

- 1. Some
- 2. Some of
- 3. All
- 4. Several
- A) 1,2
- B) 2,3
- C) 3,4
- D) 1,4
- E) 2,4

10. Choose the correct variant.
.... are from Japan.

- 1. One of my classmates
- 2. Every of my classmates
- 3. Most of my classmates
- 4. Each of my classmates
- 5. Two of my classmates
- A) 1,3
- B) 1,2,3
- C) 3,5
- D) 3,4,5
- E) 2,3,4

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct variant.
My parents are worried. I have to tell the results of ... test.

- A) them, its
- B) they, he
- C) you, my
- D) them, my
- E) it, her

2. Chose the correct pronoun.
There was ... at home.

- 1. anyone
- 2. somebody
- 3. every
- 4. not any
- 5. everyone
- A) 2,3
- B) 2,5
- C) 2,4,5
- D) 1,2,3
- E) 1,4,5

3. Chose the correct pronoun.
... roommate was a drummer.

- A) My, two
- B) Mine, first
- C) Your, three
- D) My, first
- E) Mine, one

4. Choose the correct variant.

My brother didn't let ... use that perfume because ... was more valuable for

- A) my, it, him
- B) myself, he, himself
- C) you, yours, yourself
- D) me, it, him
- E) us, his, her

5. Choose the correct variant.

Parents are always concerned about ... children's future.

- A) theirs
- B) them
- C) another
- D) the others
- E) their

6. Choose the correct pronoun.

The ... students saw that giant wasn't angry any more.

- A) others
- B) other
- C) another
- D) some
- E) each

7. Choose the correct variant.

My niece is fond of ... toys.

- A) mine
- B) hers
- C) her
- D) ours
- E) yours

8. Choose the correct variant.
There is ... wrong with my passport. And
you know that I can't do ... without it.
A) something, anything
B) anything, anything
C) some, any
D) something, any
E) some, something

9. Choose the correct variant.
Ask my friend to come early and write all
the invitation cards ...
1. herself 2. myself
3. yourself 4. himself

5. yourselves
A) 2,3,5 B) 1,2,4 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,5

10. Choose the correct pronouns.
I don't have ... thoughts about this
situation. Can you give me ... advice?
A) any, an B) some, any
C) some, some D) any, some
E) an, some

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct variant.
A) They asked him and I to join the course.
B) They asked he and me to join the course.
C) They asked him and me to join the course.
D) They asked he and I to join the course.
E) They asked his and my to join the course.

2. Choose the correct variant.
... two rings on my fingers belonged to ...
granny.

A) These, my B) That, mine
C) Those, myself D) This, me
E) This, my

3. Choose the correct variant.
When the little boy took the knife he cut
... with ... by accident.

A) herself, its B) himself, it's
C) him, its D) himself, it
E) it, him

4. Choose the correct matching.
1. which 2. that 3. whose
a. Where is the juice ... was in the fridge?
b. We know a lot of people ... live in the country.
c. Jane, ... purse was stolen is at the police station now.
A) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b B) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c
C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c D) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b
E) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a

5. Choose the correct variant.
The widower ... next door lost his dog.
A) what lives B) which lived
C) which lives D) who live
E) that lives

6. Choose the correct variant.
Are these green pants ...?
A) their B) my C) our
D) yours E) your

7. Choose the correct variant.
Why do you blame me for everything ...?
A) which go wrong
B) who goes wrong
C) that goes wrong
D) whom go wrong
E) what goes wrong

8. Choose the correct variant.
-... are the groom's parents?
- Both of them are dentists.
A) Who B) Where C) What
D) Whom E) Which

9. Choose the correct variant.
The mixer ... we use at home is made in the USA.

1. that 2. who 3. which
4. what 5.-
A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4 C) 2,3,4
D) 3,5 E) 4,5

10. Choose the correct pronouns for the underlined words.

These gloves weren't suitable for players.
A) Its, them B) It, they
C) They, them D) Their, theirs
E) Its, itself

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct variant.
Pupils, you must do your homework ...

- A) himself B) herself
C) yourselves D) yourself
E) themselves

2. Choose the correct variant.
Whose glasses are ...?

- ... are my granny's.
A) they, That B) they, They
C) this, These D) that, They
E) that, That

3. Choose the correct variant.
... of these tales is the most interesting to read?

- A) What B) Whom C) Where
D) Who E) Which

4. Choose the correct variant.
... of our neighbours is a foreigner.

1. None 2. Both
3. Every 4. Neither
A) 3,4 B) 1,4 C) 1,2
D) 1,3 E) 2,3

5. Choose the correct variant.

There are many protestors in the street.
... of them has a banner in ... hand.

- A) All, their B) Each, his
C) Some, their D) Every, her
E) Both, another

6. Choose the correct variant.

As the forest was covered with thick snow, we could hardly find ... mushrooms.

- A) no B) some C) any
D) every E) another

7. Choose the correct variant.

The blind man fell off and hurt ... while crossing the road.

- A) yourself B) yourselves
C) herself D) himself
E) themselves

8. Choose the correct variant.

Efsane has three vases on the table. Two of them were brought from Italy, ... brought from Monaco.

1. another ones 2. the other one
3. the other 4. the others
A) 2,3 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,2 E) 2,4

9. Choose the correct variant.

No ... person can understand me as my own mother.

- A) another B) other C) the other
D) any E) others

10. Choose the correct variant.

Laura works for a company ... beautiful products.

- A) that make B) that makes
C) who made D) who makes
E) which make

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct variant.

I haven't read ... but I heard that ... the best publication.

- A) it, it's B) its, its C) it, it
D) it's, it E) it's, its

2. Choose the correct variant.

Everything ... they said was true.

- A) what B) who C) that
D) where E) whom

3. Choose the correct pronoun.

The author ... book became a bestseller in 1990s died yesterday.

- A) who B) whom C) that
D) whose E) which

4. Choose the correct variant.

... men need friends.

- A) Every B) All
C) Every one of D) Each
E) Nobody

6. Choose the correct variant.
The test was very difficult so ... of us
could find the correct answer.

1. all
2. neither
3. every
4. none
A) 1,3
B) 2,3
C) 3,4
D) 2,4
E) 1,2

7. Choose the correct pronoun for both sentences.

1. My friend ... lives in San Diego loves sailing.

2. I ate a cake ... my partner had baked.

- A) who
B) which
C) that
D) whose
E) whom

8. Choose the correct answer for both sentences.

1. ... do you mean?

2. ... is your brother?

- A) What
B) Whose
C) Who
D) Which
E) Whom

9. Choose the correct variant.

We heard a shout, but when we reached the door there was ... to be seen.

- A) someone
B) anyone
C) no
D) no one
E) everybody

10. Choose the correct variant.

Bill went to some ... banks and asked for a job.

- A) the others
B) another
C) other
D) others
E) every

11. Choose the correct variant.

Both Shelley and Stella promised to bring ... cameras.

- A) his
B) her
C) their
D) hers
E) theirs

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct variant.

If you have ... questions, I want to continue my lecture.

- A) nothing
B) nobody

- C) no any
D) no other
E) no another

2. Choose the correct variant.

Murad has got a lot of detective books ... he hasn't read.

1. many of which
2. much of these
3. most of which
4. some of this
A) 1,3
B) 2,4
C) 1,2
D) 3,4
E) 2,3

3. Choose the correct variant.

... of these ships belongs to Azerbaijan?

The one with the three coloured banner.

- A) Whose
B) What
C) Which
D) Who
E) Whom

4. Choose the correct variant.

Gunel and Aygun haven't seen ..., because they lost ... addresses.

- A) one another, each other's
B) one another, one another's
C) each other, theirs
D) one another, their
E) each other, each other's

5. Choose the correct variant.

The city mayor promised the residents to pull down all the ancient buildings and build ...

- A) a modern ones
B) modern ones
C) an old ones
D) old ones
E) modern one

6. Choose the correct variant.

Anyone ... to apply for the job must sent CV.

- A) that want
B) who wants
C) which want
D) what wants
E) which wants

7. Choose the correct variant.

Sarfinaz asks the host to tell everything ...

- A) what troubles him
B) that trouble him
C) which troubles him
D) which troubles her
E) that troubles her

8. Choose the correct variant.
... is your new neighbour?
-He is a footballer in our National Team.
A) Who B) Which C) What
D) Where E) Whose

9. Choose the correct variant.
Granny asked her grandson to bring her
all kinds of spice from ... country he
visited.

1. all 2. each 3. every
4. both 5. others
A) 1,3 B) 2,3 C) 2,4,5
D) 3,4,5 E) 2,3,4

10. Choose the correct variant.
This is the man ... farm caught fire last
week.

- A) whom B) whose C) who
D) what E) which

TEST 8

1. Choose the correct variant.
There is hardly ... to eat in this house.
A) somebody B) anything
C) nothing D) something
E) no one

2. Choose the correct variant.
... of these candidates are talented, you
may hire ... of them.
A) None, both B) All, every
C) Both, either D) Neither, every
E) Each, some

3. Choose the correct variant.
My dear kids, you should finish the work
by...
A) himself B) herself
C) yourself D) yourselves
E) themselves

4. Choose the correct variant.
At night there were no ... in that hospital.
A) any surgeons
B) some surgeons
C) another surgeon
D) a few surgeons
E) other surgeons

5. Choose the correct variant.
... are you going to eat?
-Pizza.
-... are you going to eat the pizza?
-In the cafeteria
A) Where, What B) What, Which
C) What, Where D) When, What
E) Why, How

6. Choose the correct variant.
... has happened since I left the village,
has ...?
A) No one, we B) Someone, we
C) Nothing, it D) Everything, they
E) Any, it

7. Choose the correct variant.
Tom, you have only one tie. You need to
buy ... one.
A) other B) others C) the others
D) another E) anothers

8. Choose the correct variant.
There was no ... on the menu.
A) another soup
B) another kind of soup
C) any soup
D) some soup
E) other soup

9. Choose the correct pronouns for the
underlined words.
Chinara and Nise tried to help the heir to
get the property.
A) They, them B) They, her
C) They, him D) We, him
E) He, hers

10. Choose the correct variant.
If you have an old television at home,
bring and change it with ...
A) a new one B) new one
C) a new ones D) an old one
E) old ones

TEST 9

1. Choose the correct variant.
This book is about a girl ... from home.
A) which runs away B) who runs away
C) which ran away D) what runs away
E) that run away

2. Choose the correct variant.
Nagor thinks that ... members of celebrity
should give money to help the poor in
Africa.

- A) every
B) each
C) very a lot of
D) very another

3. Choose the correct variant.
... is your husband?
He is an aviation security engineer.

- A) Where
B) Who
C) Whom
D) What
E) Which

4. Choose the correct variant.
... can change our holiday plans, even the
bad weather, can ...?

- A) No one, we
B) Someone, we
C) Nothing, it
D) Everything, they
E) Any, it

5. Choose the correct variant.
This teddy bear is very special, because
... very old and ... was mine in my
childhood.

- A) it's, it
B) its, it
C) it, it's
D) it's, it's
E) it, its

6. Choose the correct variant.
When the show finished, there was
complete silence and no applauds.
Because ... was ...

- A) Nobody, bored
B) All, amused
C) Everyone, boring
D) Everything, bored
E) No one, amused

7. Choose the correct variant.
Students were so envious that ... of them
was proud of their classmate's result.

1. none
2. all
3. each
4. every
5. very few
6. neither
A) 1,3,5
B) 2,4,5
C) 1,6
D) 1,3,6
E) 3,5

8. Choose the correct variant.
Don't give up. I'm sure you'll find a good
job if you apply to some ... companies.

- A) another
B) the other
C) other
D) every
E) others

9. Choose the correct variant.
Jalal and Elvin didn't want to accept all
the mistakes ... by the teacher.

- A) what was corrected
B) which was corrected
C) which were corrected
D) that was corrected
E) what were corrected

10. Choose the correct variant.
The waiters ... clothes were traditional
were very friendly.

- A) which
B) who
C) whose
D) when
E) whom

TEST 10

1. Choose the correct variant.
We always have a quarrel with ... We
don't like ... characters.

- A) one another, one another's
B) each other, one another's
C) one another, each other's
D) each other, each other's
E) ech others, each other

2. Choose the correct variant.
-Are there ... strawberries?
- No, there are ...

- A) any, any
B) any, neither
C) some, neither
D) any of, none
E) any, none

3. Choose the correct variant.
A mystery is something ... cannot be
explained.

- A) that
B) what
C) who
D) whom
E) whose

4. Choose the correct variant.
An architect is someone ... buildings.

1. who designs
2. who design
3. which designs
4. that designs
5. what design
A) 1, 2
B) 1,4
C) 3,4,5
D) 1,2,5
E) 2,4

5. Choose the correct variant.
The building ... in the fire has now been rebuilt.

- A) which were destroyed
B) what was destroyed
C) that was destroyed
D) that were destroyed
E) what were destroyed

6. Choose the correct variant.
The dress ... doesn't fit her very well.

- A) which Lisa bought
B) what Lisa bought
C) who Lisa bought
D) whose Lisa bought
E) whom Lisa bought

7. Choose the correct variant.
This school is only for the children ... first language is not English.

- A) who B) whom C) whose
D) what E) that

8. Choose the correct variant.
He is a liar. I don't believe anything ...

- A) that he says B) which he say
C) what he said D) what he says
E) who he says

9. Choose the correct variant.
I met my friend ... parents are on holiday in Miami now.

- A) what B) who C) whom
D) whose E) which

10. Choose the correct variant.
... bad was said in presence of the guests, was ...?

- A) Nothing, it B) Something, they
C) Nobody, it D) Anything, it
E) Something, it

TEST 11

1. Choose the correct variant.

The grass ... I cut every week seems to grow very quickly.

1. what 2. who
3. which 4. that
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 2,3

2. Choose the correct variant.

1. who 2. which
3. whose 4. that
A) 1,2 B) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,3 C) 2,3

3. Choose the correct variant.

... will be coming round for dinner, must go to the grocery round the corner to buy some food for tonight.

- A) Any of Tom or John
B) Neither Tom nor John
C) Either Tom or John
D) Both Tom and John
E) Both Tom or John

4. Choose the correct variant.

Unfortunately, ... they had and they had to shut down.

- A) none of the milk
B) the all milk
C) all the milk
D) either milk
E) both of the milk

5. Choose the correct variant.

There was ... advice that will make your work fruitful.

1. a pieces of 2. some
3. a good 4. a piece of
5. two pieces of
A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4,5 C) 2,5
D) 2,4 E) 1,5

6. Choose the correct variant.

... love each other.

- A) Both we B) We both
C) All we D) Either we
E) Neither we

7. Choose the correct variant.

... came until 8 pm, didn't ...

- A) Nobody, she B) Some, they
C) Nobody, they D) Anybody, it
E) Everything, they

8. Choose the correct variant.

The girl ... mother works as a doctor very clever.

- A) whom B) that C) whose
D) what E) which

9. Choose the correct variant.
Never pay attention to those ... are speaking to disappoint you.
A) whose B) whom C) who
D) which E) what

10. Choose the correct variant.
Here are ... of ... advertisements.
A) every, our B) each, ours
C) some, our D) some, ours
E) each, our

TEST 12

1. Choose the correct variant.
I hadn't taken any money with me, that's why I got ... from my friend.
A) something B) anything
C) none D) some
E) any

2. Choose the correct word for both sentences.
1. ... the flowers were fake.
2. ... flowers were pale.
A) Some B) No C) No of
D) Both E) Some of

3. Choose the correct variant.
She says that we can see the ghosts of the dead people ... souls are not in peace.
A) who B) whom C) whose
D) which E) that

4. Choose the correct pronoun.
Kyle and his friends are very kind. ... always help one another.
A) She B) He C) You
D) They E) We

5. Choose the correct variant.
What ... books did you take?
A) another B) the other C) the others
D) others E) other

6. Choose the correct variant.
Can I have ... piece of cake?
A) other B) others
C) another D) the others
E) both

7. Choose the correct variant.
The customer left 3 dollars on the table and we thought one was for Nike, one for me, and ... was for our South African waiter.
A) the others B) the other
C) another D) other
E) other's

8. Choose the correct variant.
There was a discount in the shop, that's why I took two sweaters but I wore ... of them.
A) no B) every C) either
D) neither E) any

9. Choose the correct variant.
... is the main school rule ... all the students should follow.
A) This, who B) That, whose
C) These, that D) This, which
E) Those, that

10. Choose the correct variant.
We thanked the fireman ... saved our cat's life.
A) who B) what C) which
D) whose E) whom

TEST 13

1. Choose the correct variant.
Roya ... said it to me.
A) itself B) herself C) himself
D) ourselves E) yourself

2. Choose the correct variant.
Tural and Ben are pen-friends and they sent their photos ...
A) one another B) one anothers
C) each other D) each others
E) each others'

3. Choose the correct variant.
Could you show me the road ... leads to the Central Bank?
1. that 2. - 3. which
4. who 5. what
A) 1,4,5 B) 2,4 C) 3,5
D) 1,3 E) 1,2,3

4. Choose the correct variant.
... expects the new law to change this difficult situation.

1. Everyone
2. Every
3. Both
4. Nobody
A) 1,4
B) 1,2
C) 1,3
D) 2,3
E) 3,4

5. Choose the correct variant.
... was your girlfriend ... whom I saw with another boy at the pizza house yesterday.

- A) She, her
B) It, herself
C) She, himself
D) It, himself
E) He, himself

6. Choose the correct variant.
No ... market was so cheap as ... one.

- A) another, this
B) the other, its
C) others, this
D) other, this
E) the others, these

7. Choose the correct variant.
Walking through the forest she saw monkeys and squirrels jumping from one branch to ... one.

- A) those
B) no
C) either
D) another
E) other's

8. Choose the correct variant.
There were three terrorists at the airport. One was killed, but ... were able to escape.

- A) the other
B) the others
C) other
D) another
E) others

9. Choose the correct variant.
Nazrin and Fuad ... bought a ring for ... and they officially became a fiancé and fiancée.

- A) yourselves, them
B) herself, other
C) themselves, one another
D) itself, one another
E) themselves, each other

10. Choose the correct variant.
It is forbidden to touch the things ... in this gallery.

1. that is exhibited
2. that are exhibited

3. which are exhibited
4. which is exhibited
5. what are exhibited
A) 1,4
B) 2,3
C) 1,3
D) 4,5
E) 3,4

TEST 14

1. Choose the correct variant.
... is your father?

- He is a branch director in a supermarket chain.
A) Who
B) Which
C) What
D) Where
E) How

2. Choose the correct variant.
The policeman ... called my father to the station.

- A) himself
B) themselves
C) myself
D) ourselves
E) herself

3. Choose the correct variant.
Can you help me to translate the article ... are on the table?

1. what
2. that
3. -
4. which
5. whose
A) 2,4
B) 1,3
C) 1,4
D) 2,5
E) 3,5

4. Sandy and Alex were so shy that they didn't shake hands with ... when they first met.

- A) each other
B) one another
C) one another's
D) each other's
E) each others

5. Choose the correct variant.
... people are not reliable, don't trust ...

- A) These, them
B) Those, it
C) They, them
D) That, it
E) These, they

6. Choose the correct variant.
She said ... words in French, but ... couldn't understand ... meanings.

- A) some, its
B) some, their
C) some, it's
D) any, it
E) another, their

7. Choose the correct variant.

Helen is kind-hearted and ... loves her in this village.

- A) nothing
C) nobody
E) all

B) every

D) everybody

8. Choose the correct variant.

As ... my mother and father are teachers, I want to be a teacher too.

A) every

B) none

C) both

D) a lot of

E) neither

9. Choose the correct variant.

... of you has solved this question in the copybook, girls?

A) Whose

B) What

C) That

D) Which

E) Who

10. Choose the correct variant.

The woman ... house I rented is my cousin.

A) whom

B) whose

C) that

D) who

E) what

TEST 15

1. Choose the correct pronoun.

Everyone at the table has eaten ... lunch earlier.

A) his

B) their

C) hers

D) he

E) them

2. Choose the correct variant.

Can you give me ... information about that accident?

A) a few

B) any

C) anything

D) some

E) something

3. Choose the correct variant.

My sister and ... had a nice dinner.

A) me

B) us

C) her

D) ours

E) I

4. Choose the correct variant.

... children need parents' care.

A) No

B) Few

C) Neither

D) All

E) Another

5. Choose the correct variant.

Diana has got two sisters. ... is married.

1. Neither of them

2. Both of them

3. Either of them

4. All of them

A) 1,2

B) 2,4

C) 1,3

D) 3,4

E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct variant.

... regions produce silk carpets in Azerbaijan?

1. What

2. Where

3. Which

4. What kind

A) 1,2

B) 2,3

C) 1,4

D) 1,3

E) 2,4

7. Choose the correct variant.

A person ... always tells the truth is faithful.

A) which

B) when

C) who

D) whose

E) what

8. Choose the correct variant.

... subject has its own special feature.

A) Many

B) Both

C) Others

D) All

E) Each

9. Choose the correct variant.

... is your mother?

1. Who

2. What

3. When

4. Why

A) 3,4

B) 2,3

C) 2,4

D) 1,2

E) 1,3

10. Choose the correct variant.

Arif has three watches. Two of them were brought from Sweden, ... was brought from Canada.

1. the other

2. the others

3. another ones

4. the other one

A) 2,3

B) 1,4

C) 1,3

D) 2,4

E) 1,2

TEST 16

1. Choose the correct pronoun.

I like ... pair of mittens very much.

Can I take ... and try on?

A) this, it

B) these, it

C) a, them

D) that, them

E) those, them

2. Choose the correct variant.
... need love and attention, and yours is no exception.
A) All of children B) The all children
C) All children D) None of children
E) None children

3. Choose the correct variant.
You gave me four toys, and ... works. They seem broken.
A) they all B) both of them
C) all of them D) neither of they
E) none of them

4. Choose the correct variant.
Which one do you prefer? The blue one or the green one? ... They are lovely.
A) I like them both B) I like both them
C) I like all them D) I like none them
E) I like either them

5. Choose the correct variant.
I don't want to ... hotels. Because liked the last one.
A) that B) others C) another
D) this E) other

6. How many variants are correct?
... the tourists
1. Each 2. Some 3. Some of
4. All 5. Neither
A) 5 B) 4 C) 3
D) 2 E) 1

7. Choose the **incorrect** variant.
... of the travel agents knows Arabic.
A) Neither B) Each C) Both
D) One E) Every one

8. Choose the correct variant.
Grandma told ... about ... childhood.
A) us, her B) me, hers
C) his, his D) your, our
E) them, us

9. Choose the correct variant.
The puppies are so nice. I am fond of
A) it B) hers C) them
D) her E) itself

10. Choose the correct variant.
There were two trees, and ... were flowering.
A) none of them B) all of them
C) any of them D) both of them
E) either of

TEST 17

1. Choose the correct variant.
... could believe that she would be so beautiful on her wedding day, could ...?
A) Somebody, she B) Nobody, they
C) Anybody, they D) Nothing, it
E) Everybody, she

2. Choose the correct variant.
If ... of the meals is delicious, ask the waiter for ... one.
A) any, others B) neither, other
C) neither, another D) all, others
E) both, another

3. Choose the correct variant.
... the students were absent.
1. Both 2. Each 3. All of
4. One 5. Some of
A) 2,5 B) 2,3 C) 1,3,5
D) 1,4 E) 4,5

4. Choose the correct pronoun for the underlined word.

The goods were on sale.
A) They B) Them C) It
D) Their E) We

5. Choose the correct variant.
... were able to finish the project without any help.

A) I B) She C) He
D) Every E) They

6. Choose the correct variant.
... our new house with ... beautiful garden. There are a lot of trees in
A) It's, its, it B) It's, it, it
C) It, its, its D) It, it, it
E) It's, it, its

7. Choose the correct variant.
child received a special gift.
A) All B) Each C) Everyone
D) Some E) Both

8. Choose the correct variant.
These mittens belong to my mother.
These mittens are ...
A) him B) her C) hers
D) his E) she

9. Choose the correct variant.
My brother and I used to borrow ...
clothes.
A) one another B) each other
C) each others D) each other's
E) ours

10. Choose the correct pronouns for the
underlined words.
The widower offered the children to live
here.

- A) She, them B) They, it
C) He, D) She, it
E) He, them

TEST 18

1. Choose the correct pronoun.
Some students study well but ... don't
want to continue their education.

- A) this B) others C) other
D) another E) anothers

2. Choose the correct pronoun.
My kids, here are hot pancakes, help ...
A) himself B) yourself C) yourselves
D) herself E) ourselves

3. Choose the correct variant.
No ... house is as beautiful as ours in this
street.

- A) other B) the other C) others
D) any E) another

4. Choose the correct variant.
Tom read two books last week. ... was
interesting.

1. Each 2. Both
3. One 4. Neither
A) 2,3 B) 1,4 C) 1,3,4
D) 2,4 E) 1,2,4

5. Choose the correct pronoun.
I was sure there was ... way of solving the
problems.
A) another B) others C) other
D) both E) some another

6. Choose the correct variant.
He's marrying a girl ... family don't seem
to like him.
A) who B) which C) whom
D) whose E) that

7. Choose the correct pronouns.
I don't know ... about their family.
Tell me ... about it.
A) anything, any
B) nothing, something
C) something, anything
D) anything, something
E) some, nothing

8. Choose the correct variant.
... good to join a charity club and be ...
member.
A) It's, it's B) Its, it's
C) It's, its D) Its, its
E) It's, it

9. Choose the correct variant.
... of these students was ready for the
lesson.
A) Each B) All C) Some
D) Every E) Both

10. Choose the correct variant.
There are three women, and I do not
know ...
A) neither of them B) either of them
C) none of them D) any of them
E) none of

TEST 19

1. Choose the correct variant
My brother and I live together. ... house
is in the city center.
A) We B) His C) Our
D) Her E) Theirs

2. Choose the correct variant.
Are there ... good restaurants nearby?
A) any B) some C) a
D) a little E) much

3. Choose the correct pronoun.
The village of Kingmore has ... own post office and ... shops.
A) its, a little B) it's, many
C) its, a few D) it, few
E) it's, a lot of

4. Choose the correct pronoun.
... are our parents. Do you know ...?
A) We, us B) They, my
C) They, them D) You, him
E) He, him

5. Choose the correct variant.
... hair is blonder than ...
A) Her, yours B) Hers, yours
C) Her, your D) Hers, your
E) She, mine

6. Choose the correct pronoun.
... is watching a good documentary on BBC World now.
A) I
B) I and my little sister
C) We
D) Jane
E) She and Tom

7. Choose the correct variant.
She is my friend and ... name is Meltem.
A) her B) my C) hers
D) mine E) our

8. Choose the correct matching.

1. Madonna is a famous singer. ... new records are great.

2. Robert has got a dog. ... name is Bingo.

3. The boys are riding ... bicycles in the garden.

a. their b. her c. its

A) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a B) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c

C) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c D) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b

E) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b

9. Choose the correct variant.

Sue's children are too young to look after ...

A) myself B) yourself
C) yourselves D) themselves
E) herself

10. Choose the correct pronoun.
I couldn't borrow my mother's car last night because ... was using it ...
A) she, herself B) I, myself
C) he, himself D) she, himself
E) it, itself

TEST 20

1. Choose the correct variant.
Where are my keys? I put ... on the table a moment ago, but now ... disappeared.
A) it, it B) them, they
C) it, they D) me, I
E) her, she

2. Choose the correct pronouns to the underlined words.
Could you pass the salt to your mother?
A) it, its B) her, her C) them, they
D) it, her E) it, she

3. Choose the correct variant.
Please hand me ... dictionary.
A) that B) these C) it
D) them E) those

4. Choose the correct variant.
A: Is this your suitcase?
B: No, ... is my suitcase.
A) those B) these C) its
D) they E) that

5. Choose the correct pronoun.
You must learn to defend ..., Tom.
A) yourself B) yourselves
C) himself D) ourselves
E) herself

6. Choose the correct variant.
The postman gave me two letters, so I gave ... to my mother.
A) them B) its C) they
D) it E) that

7. Choose the correct pronoun.
That machine is automatic. It runs by ...
A) itself B) it C) themselves
D) herself E) himself

8. Choose the correct variant.

The cow hurt ... when it tried to get through the fence.

- A) himself
- B) herself
- C) itself
- D) themselves
- E) yourself

9. Choose the correct pronoun.

My niece can't find her umbrella. Is this blue one ... ?

- A) of her
- B) his
- C) mine
- D) hers
- E) your

10. Choose the correct variant.

Lisa likes to read ... horoscope.

- A) hers
- B) her
- C) mine
- D) yours
- E) they

TEST 21

1. Choose the correct variant.

... people like coffee with their breakfast, while ... prefer tea.

- A) Many, other
- B) Much, the other
- C) Some, others
- D) Some, the other
- E) More, another

2. Choose the correct pronouns.

There is ... in the clothes basket. It is empty.

- A) nothing
- B) nowhere
- C) anything
- D) something
- E) everything

3. Choose the correct variant.

I have been in only three cities since I came to the USA. One is New York, ... are Washington and Chicago.

- A) another
- B) the other
- C) the others
- D) others
- E) other

4. Choose the correct pronoun.

... likes being poor.

- A) All
- B) Everybody
- C) No one
- D) Each
- E) Both

5. Choose the correct variant.

A) Every one of the students is required to take the final test.

B) Almost every professor and student at the university approve this choice.

C) Everyone of the students are ready.

D) Every girls in our group knows Spanish.

E) Every of these laptops is expensive.

6. Choose the correct pronoun.

When the show finished there was complete silence. ... clapped.

- A) Everyone
- B) No one
- C) Someone
- D) All
- E) Anybody

7. Choose the correct variant.

A: Were any cars parked outside our house today?

B: Yes, ... was parked there all morning.

- A) none
- B) some
- C) one
- D) no
- E) both

8. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

... people like to take hot shower.

- A) A lot of
- B) Many
- C) Most
- D) A number of
- E) Each of

9. Choose the correct variant.

Only doctors and nurses can go into the Intensive Care Unit. ... is allowed inside.

- A) Anybody else
- B) No one else
- C) Anyone else
- D) Someone else
- E) Everyone else

10. Choose the correct pronouns.

The couple in the flat upstairs are making ... unpopular by shouting ... at the top of their voices every night.

- A) themselves, each other
- B) them, one another
- C) herself, one another
- D) her, each other
- E) themselves, one another

TEST 22

1. Choose the correct variant.
... way is acceptable.

- A) Either B) Both C) None
D) All E) Most

2. Choose the correct pronoun.
They were all strangers to me. I'd met ...
of them before.

- A) either B) every C) none
D) all E) most

3. Choose the correct variant.
I've looked for my book ... but I can't
find it ...

- A) anywhere, nowhere
B) somewhere, nowhere
C) nowhere, anywhere
D) everywhere, anywhere
E) somewhere, nowhere

4. Choose the correct pronoun.

A: Let's have lunch at the Sultan
Restaurant.

B: I can't. I didn't bring ... money today.

- A) some B) any C) none
D) no E) anything

5. Choose the correct variant.

... tires on my bicycle are flat.

- A) Both B) Each C) Every
D) None E) One of

6. Choose the correct matching.

1. The admission ticket cost us \$5

2. ... child in the world loves ice-cream.

3. Not ... of the students is capable of
learning English.

a. every one

b. each

c. every

A) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a

C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c

E) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b

B) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c

D) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b

7. Choose the correct variant.

There was a huge building on ... side of
the square.

- A) both B) other C) the other
D) others E) the others

8. Choose the correct variant.

The shoes do not fit me. Will you kindly
give me ... pair?

- A) other B) all C) another
D) others E) both

9. How many sentences are correct?

1. He ate all the loaf.
2. She is 90 and she has still got all her
teeth.

3. The whole film was boring.

4. All the film was boring.

5. It has rained the whole day.

- A) 5 B) 4 C) 3
D) 2 E) 1

10. Choose the correct pronoun.

... vehicles have just been recalled because
of a design fault.

- A) All B) Neither of
C) Each D) Each of
E) Every

TEST 23

1. Choose the correct variant.

English has an alphabet ... consists of 26
letters.

- A) who B) whose C) whom
D) where E) that

2. Choose the correct variant.

The man ... to John is from Korea.

1. who is talking 2. talking

3. which is talking 4. whose talking

- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 2,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

Kuala Lumpur, ... is the capital city of Malaysia, is a major trade center in Southeast Asia.

- A) who B) what C) which
D) whom E) whose

4. Choose the **wrong** variant.

- A) The people who are waiting for the bus in the rain are getting wet.
B) I come from a city that is located in the southern part of the country.
C) The fence which surrounds our house is made of wood.
D) The scientists which are researching the causes of cancer are making progress.
E) They live in a house that was built in 1890.

5. How many variants are correct.

Antarctica is covered by a huge ice cap ... contains 70 % of the earth's fresh water.

1. who 2. what 3. which
4. that 5. where
A) 1 B) 2 C) 3
D) 4 E) 5

6. Choose the correct matching.

1. The photographs ... were published in the newspaper were extraordinary.
2. I met Jerry, ... is Alex's longtime partner.
3. The boy ... I saw was Tom's closest friend.

- a. who b. whom c. that
A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c B) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b
C) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a D) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c
E) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b

7. Choose the correct variant.

Our solar system is in a galaxy ... is called the Milky Way.

- A) that B) who C) what
D) whom E) whose

8. Choose the correct variant.

... did you invite to preside over the meeting?

- A) Who B) Whom C) What
D) Whose E) Which

9. Choose the correct variant.

... of these books will you take?

- A) Which B) Whom C) That
D) Whose E) What

10. Choose the correct variant.

I don't know ... of them will actually get it?

- A) Whom B) What C) Which
D) Whose E) That

TEST 24

1. Choose the correct variant.

... is better, honour or riches?

- A) Which B) Who C) That
D) Whom E) Whose

2. Choose the correct variant.

... birthday is in the month of December?
-Ann's

- A) What B) Whom C) Whose
D) That E) Who

3. Choose the correct variant.

... is the new principal of the elementary school?

-Mrs. Claudio.

- A) Who B) What C) Where
D) Whom E) Whose

4. Choose the correct variant.

... shoes are sitting outside the front door?

-They are mine.

- A) What B) Where C) Whose
D) Who E) Whom

5. Choose the correct variant.

The mountain ... is called Ben Nevis is the highest mountain in Great Britain.

- A) which B) where C) what
D) who E) whom

6. Choose the correct variant.

Mike, ... mother comes from Paris speaks French very well.

- A) who B) which C) what
D) whom E) whose

7. Choose the correct variant.
Yesterday I met Robbie James, ... is the drummer in a new pop group called «Street Levels».

- A) who B) whom C) whose
D) which E) what

8. Choose the correct variant.
... is the bride's father?

- A) Who B) What C) When
D) Whose E) Where

9. Choose the correct variant.
An orphan is a child ... parents have passed away.

- A) who B) where C) which
D) whose E) whom

10. Choose the correct variant.
Do you know the town ... you were born?

- A) what B) where C) who
D) whom E) whose

TEST 25

1. Choose the correct variant.

I really love ... house. I'm glad we bought it.

- A) we B) us C) our
D) they E) them

2. Choose the correct variant.

I really like these flowers. Do you like ...?

- A) they B) them C) it
D) their E) its

3. Choose the correct variant.

Why don't you make ... a cup of tea while I make this phone call?

- A) himself B) herself
C) yourself D) themselves
E) ourselves

4. Jonathon saw for ... that his friend was cheating on him. He was betraying him.

- A) herself B) yourself C) his
D) himself E) himself

5. Choose the correct variant.

Why don't you trust ...? I said I would do it and I will.

- A) mine B) I
D) my E) you C) me

6. Choose the correct variant.

... am confused about this question. Can you help me?

- A) Mine B) Me
D) Myself E) We C) I

7. Choose the correct variant.

Don't touch your sister's clothing. Those sweaters are ... and she'll be very angry if she finds you wearing them without permission.

- A) her B) hers C) his
D) theirs E) you

8. Choose the correct variant.

I thought you liked teaching children. Why don't you like teaching ... anymore?

- A) they B) them C) their
D) we E) you

9. Choose the correct variant.

It's all ... fault. He shouldn't have lied to his mother in the first place.

- A) her B) his C) him
D) he E) hers

10. Choose the correct variant.

Normally, I would say that you should apologize for ... behavior. However, this time, I think he got what he deserved.

- A) yours B) you C) your
D) yourself E) his

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct variant.
People in this country live ... anybody else in the world.
A) longer than B) longest than
C) as long so D) so long as
E) the longer

2. Choose the correct variant.
Last year Americans spent six times ... for pet food than they did for baby food.
A) so many money
B) such a money
C) a lot much money
D) a bit much money
E) much more

3. Choose the correct variant.
Now I understand English much
A) well B) easy C) easily
D) easier E) better

4. Choose the correct variant.
The weather in the Lapland, in the far northern parts of Finland is always
A) a severe B) severe than
C) the severe D) a more severe
E) severe

5. Choose the correct variant.
Surfing is ... than snorkeling. At least that's what I think.
A) interesting
B) less interesting
C) most interesting
D) the most interesting
E) the least interesting

6. Choose the correct variant.
His qualifications are ... those of any other candidate.
A) as better as B) as best as
C) better enough D) best than
E) better than

7. Choose the correct variant.
The trainer in International TESOL Conference began to explain the rules of effective teaching ... than the others.
A) much clearer B) clearer
C) more clearer D) much clearly
E) much more clearly

8. Choose the correct variant.
Does Nihat speak English as ... as Ugur does?
A) better B) good C) bad
D) best E) well

9. Choose the correct variant.
Sevda is ... than Saida. She is ... in their family.
A) older, old B) older, the eldest
C) elder, older D) elder, oldest
E) older, the oldest

10. Choose the correct variant.
Some teachers in our school think very ... of themselves.
A) higher B) high
C) highly D) highest
E) more highly

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct variant.
Frank welcomed us ... than his wife did.
A) more warmly B) the most warmly
C) warmly D) more warm
E) warmer

2. Choose the correct variant.
Ugur studies very ... , ... of all his classmates.
1. bad, worst 2. well, best
3. badly, worst 4. good, the best
A) 1,3 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
D) 1,2 E) 2,3

3. Choose the correct variant.
Frank's wife cooks ... out of anyone I know.
A) better B) well C) best
D) gooder E) most well

4. Choose the correct variant.
The sugar was as ... as snow.
A) white B) whiter
C) whitest D) most white
E) the whitest

5. Choose the correct variant.
Kamala bought ... dress. Now she will look ... at the wedding party.
A) a lovely, smart
B) lovely, smart
C) more lovely, beautifully
D) most lovely, beautiful
E) a lovely, beautifully

6. Choose the correct variant.
Curries are ... than hamburgers. But the pizzas at this café are ... in the town.
A) worse, the best B) worse, worse
C) best, best D) badder, good
E) bad, better

7. Choose the correct variant.
Azerbaijan tea is ... in the world.
A) a famous B) more famous
C) the least famous D) less famous
E) the most famous

8. Choose the correct variant.
James Patterson has been ... author in the world since 2001.
A) a successful B) successfully
C) much successful D) most successful
E) successful

9. Choose the correct variant.
The test in geography was very..., but test in biology was ...
A) easy, an easier
B) easy, easier
C) the easiest, more easy
D) more easy, most easy
E) easy, the most easiest

10. Choose the correct variant.
We have only a little time for this exercise, but in the examination we'll have even ... time.
A) little B) most C) much
D) less E) least

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct variant.
This is the ... shirt in the store.
A) expensivest B) most expensive
C) more expensive D) expensive
E) most expensivest

2. Which words accept the suffix **-ful** for forming adjectives?

- | | | |
|------------|------------|------------|
| 1. help | 2. fruit | 3. fashion |
| 4. attract | 5. respect | 6. cloud |
| A) 2,3,6 | B) 1,2,5 | C) 2,4,6 |
| D) 1,2,6 | E) 3,4,5 | |

3. Choose the adjectives with positive meaning.

- | | |
|-------------|------------------|
| 1. unhappy | 2. polluted |
| 3. lazy | 4. hospitable |
| 5. diligent | 6. well-educated |
| A) 1,3,5 | B) 1,2,3 |
| D) 2,3,5 | C) 4,5,6 |
| | E) 3,5,6 |

4. Choose the adjectives.

- | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. lively | 2. lonely | 3. lovely |
| 4. quickly | 5. easily | 6. lately |
| A) 2,3,6 | B) 1,2,3 | C) 4,5,6 |
| D) 2,4,5 | E) 1,3,5 | |

5. Choose the correct variant.

Famil is ... than his brother.
A) elder B) older C) the older
D) the eldest E) old

6. Choose the correct variant.

The examination questions were ... than our quiz questions.
A) easy B) easier
C) more easy D) most easy
E) easiest

7. Choose the words with opposite meaning.
A) tall, high
B) bad, good
C) lazy, idle
D) brave, honest
E) short, narrow

8. Choose the **wrong** variant.
She is ... talented.
A) enough
B) so
C) very
D) quite
E) rather

9. Choose the words with close meaning.
A) lazy, diligent
B) awful, splendid
C) hardworking, greedy
D) faithful, devoted
E) tidy, selfish

10. Choose the correct variant.
The goods are ... in this outlet than the other stores.
A) cheap
B) most cheap
C) more cheap
D) cheapest
E) cheaper

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct variant.
The house looked ...
A) empty
B) emptily
C) more empty
D) much empty
E) most empty

2. Choose the correct variant.
I tasted the soup ... but it tasted ...
A) careful, wonderful
B) carefully, wonderfully
C) carefully, wonderful
D) careful, wonderfully
E) much careful, wonderful

3. Choose the correct variant.
The mechanic's tools were ... The foreman said that his work was ... done.
A) well, well
B) good, good
C) well, good
D) good, well
E) gooder, well

4. Choose the correct variant.
Be ... ! Walk ...
A) careful, quietly
B) careful, quiet

- C) carefully, quietly
D) carefully, quiet
E) more carefully, quite

5. Choose the correct variant.
I turned around ..., because there was a ... shout.
A) immediately, sudden
B) immediate, suddenly
C) immediate, sudden
D) immediately, suddenly
E) so immediately, suddenly

6. Choose the correct variant.
She could ... walk after the accident.
A) hard
B) more hard
C) harder
D) hardly
E) more hardly

7. Choose the correct variant.
Jane is too ... She cannot be a model.
A) shorter
B) shortest
C) short
D) shortly
E) more shortly

8. Choose the correct variant.
The operation is ... over.
A) nearly
B) near
C) more nearly
D) nearer
E) nearest

9. Choose the correct sentence.
A) He is often lately to work.
B) I live nearly the supermarket.
C) David ran fastly in the competition.
D) He's a terribly actor.
E) I was completely shocked.

10. Choose the line of the adverbs.
A) nicely, early, silly
B) elderly, well, bad
C) calm, loud, pretty
D) hard, near, late
E) lonely, rainy, angrily

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct variant.
I always feel quite ... just before I down to take an exam.
A) nervous
B) nervously
C) more nervous
D) more nervous
E) nervouser

2. Choose the correct variant.
My friend never comes to school He is always
- A) early, late B) early, lately
C) early, lately D) early, late
E) more early, lately

3. Choose the correct variant.
The cat waited ... for the mouse to come out of the hole.
- A) silent B) more silent
C) silently D) most silent
E) silentlier

4. Choose the correct variant.
My boss was kind ... to pay for the meal.
- A) enough B) too C) such
D) so E) quite

5. Choose the correct variant.
1. such far 2. such a far way
3. so far 4. so farther
5. such a farther way
A) 1,3,5 B) 3,5 C) 2,3
D) 2,4,5 E) 1,2,4

6. Choose the **incorrect** variant.
1. highly level 2. highly educated
3. high education 4. good-paid
5. well-kept 6. jump high
A) 1,3,5 B) 1,2,4 C) 2,4,6
D) 1,4 E) 3,6

7. Choose the correct variant.
The prices of the goods in this store were ...
- A) quiet high B) quite highly
C) incredibly highly D) very unusually
E) unbelievably low

8. Choose the correct variant.
The dress can be
1. delicious 2. smart
3. smartly 4. good
5. badly 6. national
A) 2,4,6 B) 1,3,5 C) 1,6
D) 3,5 E) 1,5,6

9. Choose the correct variant.
Michael's mother was
- A) bad ill B) serious ill
C) seriously ill D) a quiet ill
E) enough ill

10. Choose the words with positive meaning.
1. unkindly 2. narrow-minded
3. open-minded 4. warm-blooded
5. hopelessly 6. respectful
A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4,6 C) 4,5,6
D) 3,4,6 E) 1,4,5

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct variant.
John is a very ... boy.
- A) clever B) cleverer
C) more clever D) more cleverer
E) most clever

2. Choose the correct variant.
Andy was so ... that his face became red.
- A) embarrassing
B) embarrassed
C) more embarrassing
D) more embarrassed
E) the most embarrassing

3. Choose the correct variant.
1. enough butter
2. strength enough
3. enough long
4. diligent enough
5. enough talented
A) 2,3,4 B) 1,4 C) 3,5
D) 1,3,5 E) 2,4

4. Choose the correct variant.
Everyone admires Susan. She is
- A) boring B) sincere C) impolite
D) rude E) unkind

5. Which words describe a person's appearance?
1. blue-eyed 2. successful
3. short 4. greedy
5. naughty 6. stout
A) 1,4,5 B) 2,3,6 C) 1,2,4
D) 3,4,5 E) 1,3,6

6. Choose the words with the opposite meaning.
- A) huge – tiny
B) same – alike
C) excited – anxious
D) general – ordinary
E) serious – strict

7. Choose the words with close meaning.
 A) important, rude
 B) false, correct
 C) holy, sacred
 D) clever, unwise
 E) awful, wonderful

8. Choose the correct variant.
 1. enough flour 2. weakness enough
 3. enough high 4. fast enough
 5. enough gloomy
 A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4 C) 1,4
 D) 3,5 E) 2,3,4

9. Choose the correct variant.
 1. She won't come to our party, either.
 2. I think, she is not intelligent enough, too.

3. You aren't also a hardworking employee.

4. Ann is also going to write a comment.

5. Such things are interesting to me, as well.

A) 1,4,5 B) 3,4 C) 2,3,5
 D) 1,2,3 E) 2,5

10. Match the words to their definitions.

1. blind	a. not able to hear
2. deaf	b. not able to speak
3. dumb	c. not able to see
A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c	B) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b
C) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b	D) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a
E) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c	

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct adjective.

I am so ... that I can eat even the whole sheep.

A) tired B) ill C) full
 D) hungry E) sick

2. Choose the correct variant.

A person's character can be ...?

A) kind B) tall C) handsome
 D) stout E) plump

3. Choose the adjectives with the negative meanings.

1. silly 2. dishonest
 3. ugly 4. acheless

5. amazing

A) 1,3,5

B) 2,4,6

D) 1,2,3

E) 4,5,6

6. clear

C) 4,5

4. Choose the adjectives with the positive meanings.

1. kind-hearted

2. beloved

3. blunt

4. disappointed

5. fashionable

A) 2,4,5

B) 3,4,5

D) 1,2,5

E) 2,3,5

C) 3,4

5. Choose the correct variant.

The town is so ... that every year thousands of tourists visit it.

A) disgusting

B) dreary

C) amazing

D) terrible

E) untidy

6. Choose the correct variant.

My little sister always keeps her room and things clean. She is

A) neat

B) messy

C) untidy

D) ugly

E) naughty

7. Choose the correct variant.

What's the problem? You look

A) satisfied

B) cheerful

C) delighted

D) upset

E) pleased

8. Choose the correct variant.

What a big house. It is

1. enormous

2. small

3. tinny

4. huge

A) 1,4

B) 2,3

C) 1,2

D) 2,4

E) 1,3

9. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

My new teacher's speech is

A) excellent

B) fluent

C) distinct

D) tired

E) tiring

10. Choose the correct variant.

Teachers like ... students, not ... ones.

A) idle, intelligent

B) educated, attentive

C) inattentive, industrious

D) hardworking, lazy

E) attentive, hardworking

TEST 8

1. Choose the correct variant.

- The teacher looks at me angrily.
- Students don't like angry teachers.
- The strict teachers always look angrily.
- « Angry birds » is my favorite game.
- She shouted at me angry.

A) 3,5 B) 1,3,4 C) 2,4,5
D) 1,2,4 E) 1,2

2. Choose the correct variant.

I think your mother must go to the doctor. She looks ...

- ill
- pale
- healthy
- weak
- better

A) 1,2,4 B) 2,3,4 C) 1,3,5
D) 3,4,5 E) 2,4,5

3. Choose the correct variant.

Tom's parents are very proud of him because he is a very ... child.

- absent-minded
- intelligent
- idle
- generous

A) 1,3 B) 2,4 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

4. Choose the correct answer.

What kind of person can become a good teacher?

- impatient
- illiterate
- foolish
- educated
- unkind

5. Choose the correct variant.

A ... person is a person who talks only about himself.

- boastful
- beloved
- brave
- charming
- courageous

6. Choose the correct variant.

Good police must be ...

- brave
- cowardly
- fearless
- honest
- unfair
- unwise

A) 1,3,4 B) 2,4,6 C) 1,4,6
D) 2,5,6 E) 1,2,3

7. Choose the correct variant.

It is ... today, let's stay at home.

- sunny
- stormy
- lovely

D) still

E) suitable

8. Choose the correct variant.

The weather cannot be ...?

- fine
- frosty
- gloomy
- changeable
- clever

9. Choose the correct variant.

The soup tasted ... and I ate it with great pleasure.

- good
- horrible
- awful
- awfully
- terrible

10. Choose the correct variant.

The fence was so ... that we couldn't climb it up.

- deep
- low
- law
- high
- shallow

TEST 9

1. Match the words to their definitions.

- powerful
 - weak
 - humid
- not strong enough
 - very vigorous
 - not dry, wet

A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c
B) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b
C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c
D) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a
E) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a

2. Choose the correct variant.

The children are normally very lively, but they are ... today.

- noisy
- quiet
- quite
- naughty
- loud

3. Choose the correct variant.

If you want to be respected by everyone, you should be ...

- generous
- impatient
- foolish
- lazy

5. hard-working

A) 1,2,3 B) 3,4,5 C) 1,5
D) 2,3,4 E) 1,3

4. Choose the correct variant.

All the teachers love Rauf because he is ...

- cowardly
- diligent
- envious
- absent-minded
- greedy

5. Choose the correct variant.
Sevinc seemed ... this morning. Do you
know what was wrong with her?
A) merry B) glad
C) peaceful D) lovely
E) depressed

6. Choose the **wrong** variant.
My husband's job is ...
A) boring B) tiring
C) interesting D) satisfying
E) bored

7. Choose the correct variant.
The hamburger was ...
1. salty 2. delicious
3. anxious 4. expensive
5. busy 6. asleep
A) 1,2,4 B) 1,3,5 C) 2,4,6
D) 2,3,5 E) 4,5,6

8. Choose the correct variant.
Dilara was praised for her ...
1. successful results
2. courageous behavior
3. cruel treatment
4. bad habits
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 1,3

9. Choose the correct variant.
-What does Narmin look like? -She is ...
1. tall 2. dark-skinned
3. modest 4. rude
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 2,4

10. Choose the correct variant.
I couldn't eat the barbecue, because it
was so ... that could be hardly eaten.
1. tasty 2. horrible 3. tender
4. raw 5. tough
A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4,5 C) 1,2,3
D) 3,4,5 E) 2,3,4

TEST 10

1. Choose the correct variant.
I prefer to have lunch at this Mexican
Restaurant, because ... here.
A) the prices are too high
B) the food is delicious

C) the service is terrible
D) the chef is untidy
E) the meals are not fresh

2. Choose the correct variant.
I like to go to this cinema. The films here
are ...
A) always new
B) never interesting
C) sometimes boring
D) often dreary
E) usually not interesting

3. Choose the correct variant.
This project is so ... that we can't realize
it.
1. unreasonable 2. doubtful
3. convincing 4. hospitable
5. fruitful
A) 1,2 B) 1,2,5 C) 2,3
D) 2,4 E) 3,4,5

4. Choose the words which have positive
meaning?
1. blunt 2. nervous
3. impatient 4. relaxed
5. modest 6. sociable
A) 1,3,5 B) 2,3,6 C) 4,5,6
D) 3,4,5 E) 1,5,6

5. Choose the correct variant.
-What kind of person would you like to
hire for this position?
-I think she or he must be ...
Because we need both English and
Russian.
A) embarrassing B) ignorant
C) illiterate D) bilingual
E) uneducated

6. Choose the correct variant.
We enjoyed our holiday. It was so ...
A) relaxing B) tiring
C) depressing D) disappointing
E) dreary

7. Choose the correct variant.
Matilda and Jeremy are good friends.
They ...
1. never argue with each other
2. always hurt each other's feelings
3. often quarrel
4. usually share the same opinions.

5. seldom cross with each other

- A) 1,2,3 B) 1,4,5 C) 2,4,5
D) 3,4,5 E) 2,3,4

8. Choose the correct variant.
We accept your proposal, because it is ...

- A) enough meaningless
B) useless enough
C) useful enough
D) very pointless
E) so ridiculous

9. Choose the correct variant.
The doctor gave me a ... diet so that I

could recover soon.

- A) well-dressed B) well-behaved
C) well-informed D) well-balanced
E) well-brought

10. Choose the correct variant.
The teachers in Azeri Courses think that

some students are ... talented but ... lazy.

- A) enough, often B) too, such
C) very, enough D) quite, so
E) such, also

TEST 11

1. Choose the correct variant.

A good student must be ... and ...

- A) lazy, talented
B) diligent, talented
C) hard-working, inattentive
D) blunt, absent-minded
E) active, ignorant

2. Choose the correct variant.

The honey can be ... ?

1. naked 2. delicious 3. fake
4. sweet 5. uncooked
A) 1,3,4 B) 2,3,4 C) 1,2,4
D) 3,4,5 E) 1,3,5

3. Which words describe person's character?

1. elegant 2. enormous 3. hairless
4. generous 5. frank 6. jealous
A) 1,2,3 B) 2,4,5 C) 1,3,6
D) 2,5,6 E) 4,5,6

4. Choose the correct variant.
You got ... Have you been out in the

rain?

- A) dry B) arid C) wet
D) dusty E) wide

5. Choose the correct variant.
The waiters in this restaurant are very ...

They never greet the customers.

- A) polite B) impolite
C) good D) well-mannered
E) pleasant

6. Choose the correct variant.
Mark's clothes are always smart. He is

always ...

1. good-looking 2. well-dressed
3. old-fashioned 4. elegant
5. witty
A) 1,2,4 B) 2,4,5 C) 2,3
D) 1,4,5 E) 3,4

7. Choose the correct variant.
We enjoyed our holiday. It was so ...

A) relaxing B) tiring
C) depressing D) disappointing
E) dreary

8. Choose the correct variant.

I didn't find the situation funny. I was not ...

1. amused 2. bored
3. shocking 4. surprised
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct variant.

We were ... with the movie. Because we expected it to be much better.

- A) disappointed B) shocking
C) satisfied D) amused
E) boring

10. Choose the correct variant.

The skirt is ... It needs washing.

1. torn 2. neat 3. dirty
4. stained 5. tidy
A) 1,3 B) 1,3,5 C) 2,5
D) 3,4 E) 1,5

TEST 12

1. Choose the correct variant.
Our English teacher ... one our course.

- A) more industrious
- B) a industrious
- C) a much industrious
- D) most industrious
- E) the most industrious

2. Choose the correct variant.
Our friend forgets things very easily. She is ...

- A) absent-minded
- B) faithful
- C) furious
- D) grateful
- E) industrious

3. Choose the correct variant.
The teacher scolded us, because we couldn't find the ... answer in the test.

- 1. right
- 2. wrong
- 3. correct
- 4. incorrect
- A) 1,2
- B) 2,3
- C) 1,4
- D) 3,4
- E) 1,3

4. Choose the correct variant.
The earthquake destroyed all our houses and we were ...

- A) lucky
- B) wealthy
- C) pleased
- D) glad
- E) homeless

5. Choose the correct variant.
I expect you to think I'm ... because I don't understand that easy thing.

- A) dumb
- B) blunt
- C) deaf
- D) blind
- E) crazy

6. Choose the correct variant.
Vusale's wedding dress was ... than yours.

- A) more smart
- B) a more smart
- C) the smartest
- D) smarter
- E) the most smart

7. Choose the correct variant.
Bob saw only one film last year. He ... goes to the cinema.

- A) often
- B) seldom
- C) sometimes
- D) nervous
- E) usually

8. Choose the correct variant.
A) a quite quiet girl

- B) quite a quiet girl
- C) quiet a quite girl
- D) a quiet quite girl
- E) quite quiet girl

9. Which word doesn't go with the others?

- A) merry
- B) glad
- D) happy
- E) gloomy
- C) cheerful

10. Choose the correct variant.
Nahide didn't like my new hair style ...

- A) too
- B) also
- D) as well
- E) either
- C) else

TEST 13

1. Choose the correct variant.
Everyone admires Samira. She is ...

- A) boring
- B) kind
- D) rude
- E) cruel
- C) impolite

2. Choose the correct variant.
The guests didn't like the hotel, because it was ...

- 1. clean
- 2. untidy
- 3. neat
- 4. uncomfortable
- A) 1,3
- B) 2,4
- D) 3,4
- E) 1,4
- C) 1,2

3. Choose the correct variant.
The ... results of medical examination worried him very much.

- A) bad
- B) well
- D) healthy
- E) normal
- C) good

4. Choose the correct variant.
1. This paragraph ... needs revising.
2. My mother doesn't drink coffee, I don't drink ...
3. I cleaned the house and cooked dinner ...

- a) too
- b) also
- c) either
- A) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a
- B) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b
- C) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b
- D) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a
- E) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c

5. Choose the correct variant.
This is a nice cat. It's much ... than my friend's cat.

- A) nice
- B) nicest
- D) a nicer
- E) the nicest
- C) nicer

6. Choose the correct variant.
Here is Emily. She is six years old. Her brother is nine, so he is ...
A) old B) eldest C) older
D) oldest E) much old

7. Choose the correct variant.
This is a difficult exercise. But the exercise with an asterisk (*) is ... exercise on the worksheet.
A) a more difficult
B) the difficultest
C) more difficult
D) the most difficult
E) most difficult

8. Choose the correct variant.
In the last holiday I read a good book, but father gave me an even ... one last weekend.
A) better B) best C) the best
D) gooder E) good

9. Choose the correct variant.
Sometimes school is boring, but homework is ... than school.
A) more boring B) the most boring
C) a boring D) a more boring
E) most boring

10. Choose the correct variant.
Yesterday John told me a funny joke. This joke was the ... joke I've ever heard.
A) funnier B) more funny
C) funny D) funniest
E) most funny

TEST 14

1. Choose the correct variant.

1. more personal questions

2. many face powder

3. much powerful

4. more serious harm

5. much funnier

A) 3,4,5 B) 2,3,4 C) 1,2,3

D) 1,4,5 E) 1,2,5

2. Choose the correct variant.

1. much happier 2. fewer honey

3. less honey 4. much happy
5. more political issues
A) 1,2,5 B) 2,3,4 C) 1,3,5
D) 3,4,5 E) 2,4,5

3. Choose the correct variant.
Bulgaria is an ... European state founded in 681.
A) old B) oldest C) the oldest
D) elder E) eldest

4. Choose the correct variant.
Turkish coffee is ... in Bulgaria than in Turkey.
A) popularer B) popularest
C) more popular D) most popular
E) the most popular

5. Choose the correct variant.
Our neighbours are ... people.
A) an extrovert B) much extrovert
C) very extrovert D) a more extrovert
E) a very extrovert

6. Choose the correct variant.
My nephew works in an office building which is ... than ours.
A) modern B) more modern
C) moderner D) most modern
E) the most modern

7. Choose the correct variant.
This is ... meat I have ever eaten.
A) tender B) tenderer
C) most tender D) the most tender
E) the tenderest

8. Choose the correct variant.
The town of Ahtopol is not ... the town of Sozopol.
A) as attractive so
B) so attractive as
C) so attractive so
D) as more attractive as
E) so most attractive as

9. Choose the correct variant.
Prague is one of ... tourist destinations in Europe.
A) popular
B) more popular

- C) the most popular
D) most popular
E) a more popular

10. Choose the correct variant.
My sisters laughed ... out of the whole audience.

- A) most loudly B) the loudest
C) more louder D) most loud
E) most loudest

TEST 15

1. Which adjectives describe good students?

- A) lazy, capable, untidy
B) attentive, talented, self-confident
C) joyous, untidy, punctual
D) naughty, cowardly, wise
E) idle, successful, absent-minded

2. Choose the correct variant.
Nobody in the group likes Tom. Because he is ...

1. cruel 2. truthful 3. greedy
4. devoted 5. Impatient
A) 1,3,5 B) 2,4,5 C) 1,2,3
D) 2,3,4 E) 3,4,5

3. Match the adjectives to their definitions.

1. clear 2. cheap 3. crowded
c. costing little money
b. easy to see or understand
a. having a lot of people
A) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b B) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c
C) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a D) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c
E) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a

4. Choose the adjectives with positive meaning.

1. attractive 2. hospitable
3. unfriendly 4. educated
5. naughty
A) 1,3,5 B) 2,3,4 C) 1,2,5
D) 1,2,4 E) 2,3,5

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A person who can't speak is ...
A) dumb B) unwise C) deaf
D) blind E) cruel

6. Choose the correct variant.
Our travel agent in Venice was not ... the travel agent in Barcelona.
A) so good as B) as better as
C) as the best as D) good than
E) so better as

7. Choose the correct variant.
They didn't discuss the problem
A) too B) also C) neither
D) still E) either

8. Choose the correct variant.
1. enough cool 2. so a talented boy
3. such cheap 4. gloomy enough
5. a quiet child
A) 1,4,5 B) 2,3 C) 1,3,4
D) 4,5 E) 1,4

9. Choose the line of adjectives.

- A) pillow, narrow, shallow
B) lately, quickly, slowly
C) bakery, robbery, discovery
D) lovely, rainy, easy
E) ceiling, interesting, exciting

10. Choose the correct variant.
Canada is ... than the USA.

- A) safe B) safer
C) more safe D) more safer
E) the safest

TEST 16

1. Choose the words with opposite meaning.

1. silly 2. envious 3. obedient
4. grumpy 5. wise 6. fearful
A) 1,2,3 B) 2,3,5 C) 3,4
D) 1,5 E) 1,4,6

2. Choose the correct variant.

- He was a very ... learner.
A) attentive B) more attentive
C) much attentive D) most attentive
E) attentiver

3. Choose the correct variant.
Jack is ... of all the students in the group.
A) more lazier B) a lazier

- C) most lazy
E) the laziest

D) lazy

4. Choose the line of adjectives describing a person's appearance.

- A) curly, impressed, narrow, cruel
B) strong, frequent, destructive, angry
C) peaceful, wise, attractive, powerful
D) good-looking, charming, tall, ugly
E) beautiful, straight, busy, hungry

5. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.

It's very **difficult** to translate these articles.

- A) boring B) easy C) interesting
D) ancient E) dull

6. Choose the line of adjectives with opposite meaning.

- A) deep, great B) rich, poor
C) tall, high D) angry, furious
E) kind, generous

7. Match the halves.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. drinkable | a. weather |
| 2. narrow | b. street |
| 3. polluted | c. water |
| A) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b | B) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b |
| C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c | D) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a |
| E) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a | |

8. Choose the correct adjective.

A person who can't hear is ...

- A) blind B) deaf C) idle
D) dumb E) brave

9. Choose the correct variant.

Islam's friends love him very much, because he is a very ... boy.

- | | |
|-------------|-----------|
| 1. polite | 2. greedy |
| 3. boastful | 4. frank |
| A) 1,2 | B) 3,4 |
| D) 1,4 | E) 1,3 |
| | C) 2,3 |

10. Match the adjectives to their definitions.

1. idle
2. coward
3. attentive

- a. a person who is not brave
b. listening or watching carefully
c. not working hard, lazy
A) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b
B) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b
C) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a
D) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c
E) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a

TEST 17

1. Match the correct translation.

- | | |
|------------|-------------|
| 1. foolish | a. dözülməz |
| 2. worried | b. tənha |
| 3. formal | c. axmaq |
| d. rəsmi | e. narahat |

2. Match the correct translation.

- | | | | |
|-------------|-----------|------------|-----------------|
| 1. medical | a. tibbi | b. yalınış | c. açıq qəhvəyi |
| 2. painful | d. ağrılı | e. zəif | |
| 3. brownish | | | |

3. Match the correct translation.

- | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. harmful | a. faydasız | b. faydalı | c. uşaq kimi |
| 2. childish | d. ziyanlı | e. ziyansız | |
| 3. useless | | | |

4. Match the correct translation.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-------------|-------------|-----------|
| 1. unbearable | a. çalışqan | b. tənbel | c. narazı |
| 2. pleased | d. razı | e. dözülməz | |
| 3. hardworking | | | |

5. Match the correct translation.

- | | | | |
|-------------|----------|---------------|----------|
| 1. national | a. milli | b. varlı | c. təbii |
| 2. polluted | d. tibbi | e. çirklənmiş | |
| 3. natural | | | |

6. Match the correct translation.

- | | | | |
|--------------|-------------|----------|-----------|
| 1. faithful | a. yorğun | b. çiy | c. dadsız |
| 2. tasteless | d. kəmşirin | e. sadıq | |
| 3. sweetish | | | |

7. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------------|
| 1. unwise | | |
| 2. stable | | |
| 3. healthy | | |
| a. xəstə | b. sağlam | c. dayanıqlı |
| d. axmaq | e. müdrik | |

8. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. invisible | | |
| 2. polite | | |
| 3. fair | | |
| a. nəzakətsiz | b. sarışın | c. ədalətsiz |
| d. nəzakətli | e. görünməz | |

9. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|-----------------|--------------|--|
| 1. unlucky | | |
| 2. impossible | | |
| 3. true | | |
| a. həqiqi | b. diqqətsiz | |
| c. qeyri-mümkün | d. uğursuz | |
| e. buzlu | | |

10. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|--|
| 1. narrow-minded | | |
| 2. absent-minded | | |
| 3. middle-aged | | |
| a. orta yaşlı | b. huşsuz | |
| c. enli kürək | d. dar düşüncəli | |
| e. məşhur | | |

TEST 18

1. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|----------|----------|---------|
| 1. dry | | |
| 2. wet | | |
| 3. cool | | |
| a. yaş | b. soyuq | c. isti |
| d. sərin | e. quru | |

2. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|----------|----------|-----------|
| 1. tiny | | |
| 2. awful | | |
| 3. broad | | |
| a. iri | b. xırda | c. iyrənc |
| d. enli | e. dar | |

3. Match the correct translation.

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| 1. attractive | |
| 2. boastful | |
| 3. envious | |

- | | | |
|--------------|----------|----------|
| a. paxıl | b. uzaq | c. çətin |
| d. cəlbədiçi | e. lovğa | |

4. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|------------|-----------|--------|
| 1. famous | | |
| 2. annoyed | | |
| 3. blunt | | |
| a. ümitsiz | b. məşhur | c. küt |
| d. qəzəbli | e. oxşar | |

5. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|-------------|------------|----------|
| 1. acheless | | |
| 2. eatable | | |
| 3. dusty | | |
| a. yeməli | b. dadsız | c. tozlu |
| d. çirli | e. ağrısız | |

6. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|---------------|----------------|--|
| 1. idle | | |
| 2. hospitable | | |
| 3. rough | | |
| a. kobud | b. narahat | |
| c. keçəl | d. qonaqpərvər | |
| e. avara | | |

7. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|
| 1. salty | | |
| 2. jealous | | |
| 3. handsome | | |
| a. duzlu | b. qısqanc | c. yaraşıqlı |
| d. vacib | e. ağlasığmaz | |

8. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|--------------|-----------|-------------|
| 1. frank | | |
| 2. glad | | |
| 3. different | | |
| a. şad | b. çətin | c. müxtəlif |
| d. səmimi | e. qanuni | |

9. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-----------|
| 1. enormous | | |
| 2. devoted | | |
| 3. wealthy | | |
| a. nəhəng | b. etibarsız | c. sağlam |
| d. varlı | e. vəfalı | |

10. Match the correct translation.

- | | | |
|----------|-------------|--------|
| 1. deaf | | |
| 2. blind | | |
| 3. dumb | | |
| a. dərin | b. maraqsız | c. kor |
| d. lal | e. kar | |

ENGLISH

NUMERAL-TESTS

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct variant.

1. a thousands of pupil
2. a thousand of pupils
3. a thousand pupils
4. 2 thousands pupils
5. thousands of pupils

A) 1,2 B) 3,5 C) 1,3,5
D) 2,4 E) 2,3,4

2. Choose the correct variant.

1. two beer
2. two bears
3. two beers
4. two bottles of beer
5. two hundreds bears

A) 2,4 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,5 E) 2,5

3. Choose the correct variant.

1. three leaf 2. three leafs
3. one leaves 4. a leaf
5. some leaves

A) 1,5 B) 2,4 C) 4,5
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

4. Choose the **wrong** variant.

1. a billion manat
2. a billion manats
3. billions manats
4. a billions of manats
5. 2 billion manats

A) 1,2 B) 1,3,4 C) 3,4,5
D) 2,4 E) 1,5

5. Choose the correct variant.

The ... question in the test was very easy.

A) ten B) first C) two
D) six E) nine

SAY-TEST 1

6. Choose the correct variant.

- A) many electric advertisement
- B) a thousands of electric advertisement
- C) hundreds of electric advertisements
- D) a hundred electric advertisements
- E) much electric advertisement

7. Choose the correct variant.

1. five child 2. an ox
3. an oxen 4. four goose
5. a few mice

A) 2,4 B) 2,3 C) 4,5
D) 2,5 E) 1,4

8. Which word **doesn't** go with the given numeral?

Eleven ...

- A) swine B) sheep C) fish
D) deer E) fox

9. How many words can be used?

Very few ...

cow, sheep, children, butter, hair, coins, cat

A) 7 B) 5 C) 3
D) 6 E) 2

10. Choose the correct variant.

Soviet troops entered the city of Baku and killed more than ... in 1990.

- A) one hundred civilians
- B) a hundreds civilians
- C) hundreds of civilian
- D) hundred of civilians
- E) a hundreds of civilian

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct variant.

... visit this city every year.

- A) A thousands of tourists
- B) A thousand of tourists

- C) Thousand of tourists
D) Thousands of tourists
E) Five thousands tourists

2. Choose the correct variant.
She listens to ... that she has on her MP3 player.

- A) thousands of foreign songs
B) a thousands of foreign songs
C) a thousand of foreign song
D) thousand of foreign song
E) thousand foreign songs

3. Choose the correct translation.
364- ...

- A) three hundred and sixty four
B) three thousand and sixty four
C) three hundreds and sixty forty
D) three hundred six forty
E) three thousand six forty

4. Choose the correct variant.
Today is the ... of September.

- A) three B) thirdth C) third
D) 3nd E) 3st

5. Choose the correct variant.
-What time is it?
-3:45

- A) It is quarter past three.
B) It is fifteen past four.
C) It is quarter to four.
D) It is fifteen to three.
E) It is half past three.

6. Choose the correct sentences with numeral.

- A) Thousands of students will graduate from our university this year.
B) You can see thousands of star in the sky at night.
C) I have counted the bags very carefully; there are exactly two thousands coins in them.
D) After the earthquake, a thousands of people were homeless.

E) In autumn thousand of birds fly to hot countries.

7. Choose the correct variant.
The ... paper was invented in ancient China.

- A) first B) 1nd C) ones
D) two E) 1rd

8. Choose the correct variant.
Julia is a nurse. She has spent her life caring of ...

- A) a millions injured people
B) a million of injured people
C) millions of injured people
D) millions of injured person
E) 2 millions injured people

9. Choose the **wrong** variant.

- A) six French people
B) ten striped balls
C) a few pens
D) two piece of music
E) three ducklings

10. Choose the correct variant.

The examination paper wasn't too difficult but I couldn't answer Question ...

- A) eight B) eighth C) first
D) eights E) second

TEST 1

1. Choose the verbs with the same meaning.

- | | | |
|------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. contest | 2. consent | 3. prevent |
| 4. agree | 5. disagree | |
| A) 2,5 | B) 3,4 | C) 1,5 |
| D) 2,4 | E) 3,5 | |

2. Choose the correct variant.

- | | | |
|--------------------------|----------|----------|
| 1. to make a bad mistake | | |
| 2. to make housework | | |
| 3. to have supper | | |
| 4. to be good at sports | | |
| 5. to have back | | |
| A) 2,3,5 | B) 1,3,4 | C) 1,4,5 |
| D) 1,3,5 | E) 2,3,4 | |

3. Choose the correct synonym of the underlined verb.

All of my friends are reliable. I trust them.

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| A) to deny | B) to protect |
| C) to believe | D) to betray |
| E) to know | |

4. Choose the correct variant.

- | | | |
|----------------------|--------|--------|
| 1. to make a mistake | | |
| 2. to do the room | | |
| 3. to be translating | | |
| 4. to do a bed | | |
| A) 1,3 | B) 1,4 | C) 3,4 |
| D) 2,3 | E) 1,2 | |

5. Match the verbs to the words.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. read | a. bed |
| 2. go to | b. a letter |
| 3. come | c. home |
| A) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c | B) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a |
| C) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b | D) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c |
| E) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a | |

FEIL - TESTLØR

6. Choose the line of irregular verbs.

- A) to catch, to check
B) to repair, to read
C) to find, to fly
D) to design, to discuss
E) to cost, to help

7. Choose the correct variant.

1. We must rise the bridge so that the ships can sail under it.
2. Please, lay the napkin by your plate.
3. Students raised their hands to answer the question.
4. Can you help me to lie the table for my guests.
A) 1,2 B) 1,4 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 2,4

8. Choose the correct variant.

- ... my father at work?
A) Are B) Is C) Were
D) Am E) Do

9. Choose the correct variant.

- ... you thirsty? -Yes, a little
A) Was B) Are C) Do
D) Does E) Is

10. Choose the correct variant.

- Whose ... these beautiful shoes?
A) is B) do C) are
D) does E) has

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct variant.

1. to have dinner
2. to do a sum
3. to have tasty breakfast
4. to do a shower

2. Match the parts of the expressions.
- | | |
|------------|---------------------|
| 1. to make | a. a game of tennis |
| 2. to have | b. one's best |
| 3. to do | c. up one's mind |

3. Choose the correct translation.
- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. hərarəti olmaq | 2. oxşar olmaq |
| 3. aid olmaq | 4. gəlir götürmək |
| a. to make a profit | |
| b. to be up to | |
| c. to have a temperature | |
| d. to be alike | |

4. Choose the correct translation.
- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. to be for | a. qurtarmaq |
| 2. to be against | b. evdə olmamaq |
| 3. to be in | c. tərəfdarı olmaq |
| 4. to be out | d. əleyhinə olmaq |
| 5. to be up | e. evdə olmaq |

5. Choose the correct translation.
- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. to have a lesson | a. pul qazanmaq |
| 2. to do lessons | b. dərslər hazırlamaq |
| 3. make money | c. pulu olmaq |
| 4. have money | d. dərsləri olmaq |

6. Choose the correct variant.
- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. to do a noise | 2. to make one's hair |
| 3. to do a party | 4. to make a list |
| 5. to make a speech | 6. to be located |

7. Which words go with the verb *to be*?

WORD BOX

famous, good, off, accident, busy, over

8. Choose the **incorrect** variants.
- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| 1. to do one's duty | 2. to do a walk |
| 3. to do a smoke | 4. to do fun |
| 5. to do a shower | |
| 6. to do an exam | |

9. Which words go with the verb *to make*?
one's room, the cleaning, a bath, a speech

10. Choose the correct variants.
- to do the cooking
 - to do sightseeing
 - to make a speech
 - to do a mistake
 - to make a law

TEST 3

1. Match and make the correct phrases.
- | | | |
|-------------|------------|----------------|
| 1. to do | 2. to make | 3. to have |
| a. a plan | | b. nice a time |
| c. shopping | | d. notes |
| e. a walk | | |

2. Choose the **incorrect** variant.
- to have a headache
 - to have morning exercises
 - to have a nice day
 - to have housework
 - to have washing

3. Choose the correct variant.
- | | |
|---------------|----------------|
| to be ... | |
| 1. away | 2. a quarrel |
| 3. on holiday | 4. in habit of |

4. Choose the correct variant.
- make up a sentence
 - do an experiment
 - do well
 - make interested in
 - have married
 - be proud of

5. Choose the correct variant.
- | | |
|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. was afraid of | 2. are afraid of |
| 3. do afraid of | 4. does afraid of |

6. Choose the correct variant.
- | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|
| 1. were on holiday | 2. is on holiday |
| 3. was on holiday | 4. have on holiday |
| 5. does on holiday | |

7. Choose the correct variant

1. have dinner 2. had dinner
3. made dinner 4. did dinner

8. Match the words with their translations.

1. arise 2. awake 3. beat
a. bağlamaq b. dişləmək
c. qalxmaq d. vurmaq, döymək
e. oyatmaq, oyanmaq

9. Match the words with their translations.

1. bend 2. bind 3. bite
a. dişləmək b. dözmək
c. üfürmək d. bağlamaq
e. əyilmək

10. Match the words with their translations.

1. blow 2. bring 3. burn
a. sındırmaq b. almaq
c. üfürmək d. gətirmək
e. yandırmaq

TEST 4

1. Match the words with their translations.

1. catch 2. cost 3. dream
a. işi olmaq b. şəkil çəkmək
c. yuxu görmək d. qiyməti olmaq
e. tutmaq

2. Match the words with their translations.

1. fall 2. feel 3. feed
a. dondurmaq b. yıxılmaq
c. yedirtmək d. döyüşmək
e. hiss etmək

3. Match the words with their translations

1. forget 2. forgive 3. forbid
a. qadağan etmək b. vermək
c. bağışlamaq d. unutmaq
e. əldə etmək

4. Match the words with their translations.

1. grow 2. freeze 3. hang
a. asmaq b. böyütmək
c. yaralamaq d. donmaq
e. saxlamaq

5. Match the words with their translations.

1. hurt 2. hold 3. hide
a. asmaq b. yaralamaq
c. saxlamaq d. gizlətmək
e. sezmək

6. Match the words with their translations.

1. lay 2. lie 3. lend
a. borc vermək b. uzanmaq
c. borc almaq d. qoymaq
e. uduzmaq

7. Match the words with their translations.

1. ride 2. ring 3. rise
a. qalxmaq b. sürmək
c. qaldırmaq d. sürüşmək
e. zəng etmək

8. Match the words with their translations.

1. shoot 2. shut 3. shine
a. parlamq b. silkələmək
c. atəş açmaq d. bağlamaq, örtmək
e. qışqırmaq

9. Match the words with their translations.

1. sing 2. sink 3. sew
a. zəng eləmək b. batmaq
c. görmək d. mahnı oxumaq
e. tikmək

10. Match the words with their translations.

1. smell 2. spell 3. steal
a. hərfələmək b. oğurlamaq
c. xərcləmək d. iyləmək
e. yayılmaq

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The man noticed the robber ... the door
and enter the room.

- A) is opening B) open
C) to open D) opened
E) opens

2. Choose the correct variant.
Hush! Do you feel ... behind us? It is so
frightening here.

- A) someone breath
B) that someone breath
C) someone to breath
D) they breathing
E) someone breathed

3. Choose the correct variant.
He ordered ... because they hadn't
managed to find a proper place to meet.

- A) the meeting be cancel
B) the meeting to be cancelled
C) the meeting canceled
D) the meeting be cancelled
E) that he cancels

4. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Father asked John ... football.

- A) play B) to play C) playing
D) is playing E) played

5. Choose the correct variant.
The policeman made ...

- A) his to stop B) us to stop
C) me to stop D) them stopped
E) us stop

6. Choose the correct variant.
Let Aysel ... her dinner first.

- A) have B) has C) having
D) to have E) is having

7. Choose the correct form of the verb.
We saw ... in the orchard when we drove
past.

- A) he works B) Anar to work
C) Anar working D) him to work
E) he working

MÜRƏKKƏB TAMAMLIQ - TESTLƏR

8. Choose the correct variant.
The manager tried ... me ... that he was
right.

- A) to make, believe
B) to make, to believe
C) to make, believed
D) made, believe
E) make, believe

9. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I ... anybody ... us.

- A) don't want, disturb
B) didn't want, to disturb
C) wants, to disturb
D) want, to disturb
E) wanted, disturbed

10. Choose the correct variant.
Mother ... her little baby ...

- A) hear, cry B) hear, crying
C) heard, to cry D) hears, to cry
E) heard, cry

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mr. Jackson offered his manager ... his
position immediately.

- A) leave B) to leave C) leaving
D) left E) had left

2. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Some parents don't let their children ... in
the evenings. I think they are absolutely
right.

- A) to go out B) going out
C) go out D) gone out
E) goes out

3. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She left home without saying anything.
Nobody could make ...

- A) her to return B) she returning
C) she returned D) her returned
E) her return

4. Choose the correct form of the verb.
We heard John ... the best university in London.

- A) enters B) was entering
C) will enter D) enter
E) entered

5. Choose the correct variant.
My mother ... me go out.

- A) asked B) wanted C) expected
D) let E) told

6. Choose the correct variant.
Helen saw them ... the shop.

- A) to enter B) has entered
C) enter D) enters
E) entered

7. Choose the correct variant.
She wants ...

- A) me help Jane B) my to help Jane
C) I help Jane D) me to help Jane
E) me helping Jane

8. Choose the sentences with the correct form of the verb.

1. They wanted move abroad a few years ago.
2. I heard Mike's father pass away last week.
3. No one expected him lost the competition.
4. He was made to tell the whole story again.
5. We felt someone following us in the darkness.

- A) 1,3,4 B) 2,3,5 C) 1,2,4
D) 2,4,5 E) 1,2,5

9. Choose the correct variant.

Father allowed me ... computer games.

- A) played B) to play C) play
D) plays E) playing

10. Choose the correct sentence with Complex Object.

- A) She saw me crossed the road.
B) Let him to enter.
C) I heard the rain falls on the road.
D) His father made him wash his hands.
E) I notice Jane opened the door.

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct variant.

We expected our guests ... earlier.

- A) come B) came C) to come
D) coming E) has come

2. Choose the correct variant.

I noticed the customer ... the chewing-gum.

- A) steal B) stole
C) is stealing D) was stealing
E) to steal

3. Choose the correct variant.

My daughter asked me ... her ... cartoon.

- A) to let, watching B) let, watch
C) to let, watch D) to let, to watch
E) let, to watch

4. Choose the correct variant.

She tried ...

- A) make the child to eat
B) to make the child eat
C) to make the child to eat
D) make the child eat
E) making the child eating

5. Choose the correct variant.

I want ... some money to this beggar.

- A) her give B) you giving
C) he to give D) her to give
E) them give

6. Choose the correct variant.

The policeman ... us to tell him everything.

1. advised 2. made
3. wanted 4. let
A) 1,3 B) 1,2,3 C) 1,2
D) 2,4 E) 3,4

7. Choose the correct form of the verb.

I heard him ... arrangements for his journey.

- A) to make B) made
C) makes D) was making
E) make

8. Choose the correct variant.

1. We heard someone to knock at the door.
2. I saw the child fall on the ice.
3. I saw him steals the money from her purse.
4. Mother makes me get up early in the morning.

A) 1,3 B) 1,4 C) 1,2
D) 2,4 E) 2,3

9. Choose the correct sentences.

1. Alex told his girlfriend to return in time.
2. We had heard the news to spread quickly.
3. The lawyer asked me to read the deal before signing.
4. The trainer has to make the team to train much.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

10. Choose the correct variant.

Tom noticed him ... the door of the house in the dark.

A) open B) to open C) is opening
D) opened E) opens

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct variant.

Mother saw the boys ... at the corner of the street.

A) to smoke B) smokes
C) smoke D) are smoking
E) smoked

2. Choose the correct variant.

The teacher ... us to learn the new words.

A) let B) made C) asked
D) saw E) watched

3. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The teacher expected us ... this exam successfully.

A) pass B) to pass C) passes
D) passing E) was passing

4. Choose the correct variant.

Pete was made ... his plans.
A) changed B) change
C) changes D) to change
E) changing

5. Choose the correct form of the verb.

I heard him ... from England.
1. returned 2. return
3. will return 4. returning
A) 2,4 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The robber was made ... all the documents back.

A) gives B) giving C) to give
D) gave E) give

7. Choose the correct form of the verb.

I never expected him ... a lie.
A) tells B) telling C) to tell
D) told E) will tell

8. Choose the correct variant.

She wants to know who made ...

A) him to frown like that
B) he to frown like that
C) his to frown like that
D) him frown like that
E) him frowning like that

9. Choose the correct variant.

Our IELTS instructor advised ... these CDs before the examination.

A) we buying B) us buy
C) we to buy D) us to buy
E) us buying

10. Choose the correct sentences.

1. The young girl's father didn't let her to go out.
2. I want you to revise all these materials.
3. The collage teacher made them to work more.
4. The monk advised him to beg God for forgiving him.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,4 E) 3,4

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct variant.
The pirates ... the sailors to give all their gold.

1. made 2. asked
3. wanted 4. saw
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 2,4

2. Choose the correct variant.
When Jane was a child, her stepmother ... such horrible porridge.

- A) made she eat B) made her to eat
C) made she to eat D) made her eating
E) made her eat

3. Choose the correct variant.
The rude hostess ... them to leave her house immediately.

- A) made B) let C) saw
D) watched E) asked

4. Choose the correct variant.
The mother-in-law ... her daughter-in-law to spend the Christmas with them.

1. wanted 2. expected 3. asked
4. made 5. let
A) 1,2,3 B) 2,3,5 C) 1,4,5
D) 1,3,4 E) 2,4,5

5. Choose the correct variant.
The shop-assistant noticed the young lady ... golden necklace and ...

- A) to take, to go B) take, to go
C) taking, to go D) to take, go
E) take and go

6. Choose the correct variant.
The robber was made ... all the things that he had stolen.

- A) return B) to return
C) returning D) returned
E) returns

7. Choose the correct variant.
This suit made ... businesslike.

- A) her look B) she look
C) her to look D) her looks
E) she looking

8. Choose the correct variant.
Such climate ... annoyed.

- A) makes me to feel
B) made I to feel
C) made me feel
D) makes me felt
E) made I feeling

9. Choose the correct variant.
I didn't expect my business partner ... me a bunch of flowers.

- A) to send B) have sent
C) sends D) sent
E) sending

10. Choose the correct variant.
This song makes ...

- A) him crying B) them to cry
C) me cry D) her to cry
E) her crying

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct form of the verb.
They helped their neighbour ... his car.

- A) fixed B) to fix
C) is fixing D) was fixing
E) fixes

2. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She was made ... all dirty things in her room.

- A) to clean B) cleaning
C) cleaned D) clean
E) cleans

3. Choose the correct sentence with the Complex Object.

- A) She noticed my face to change from fear.
B) Mother wishes the children returning home before sunset.
C) Most amazing of all, I heard the sound of water falling into the pool.
D) I want to speak to him seriously
E) They asked she to help they choose a new car.

4. Choose the correct variant.
 1. She made us to buy a doll as a gift.
 2. Ann doesn't let her son swim in the sea.
 3. I made a note not to forget what she said.
 4. Let me to introduce myself.
 A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,4
 D) 3,4 E) 1,3

5. Choose the correct variant.
 1. ... Tom not to be in time because of bad traffic in the morning in the city centre.
 A) let B) noticed C) felt
 D) made E) expected

6. Choose the correct sentences with Complex Object.
 1. My father allowed me to use his car.
 2. As the letter was personal she didn't let me to read it.
 3. Do you want to come with us?
 4. I wouldn't recommend anybody to stay in that hotel.
 A) 1,4 B) 2,4 C) 2,3
 D) 1,3 E) 3,4

7. Choose the correct variant.
 Sally was made ... her case by the custom officers at the airport.
 A) opens B) to open C) opened
 D) open E) is opening

8. Choose the correct sentences with Complex Object.
 A) I didn't expect it to rain.
 B) Hot weather makes me to feel tired.
 C) I didn't want to apply for this job.
 D) I tried to open the door by my own keys.
 E) She was warned not to believe the thief.

9. Choose the correct variant.
 Sometimes I ... someone touch my hair.
 1. want 2. expect
 3. feel 4. notice
 A) 1,3 B) 3,4 C) 1,4
 D) 2,3 E) 2,4

10. Choose the correct variant.
 My parents always want ... the washing-up.
 A) that I did B) I do
 C) me do D) I to do
 E) me to do

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct variant.
 Have you ever heard ... ? She's got a marvelous voice.
 A) Mary singing B) Mary sings
 C) Mary to sing D) Mary to singing
 E) that Mary sing

2. Choose the correct variant.
 Are you sure you saw ... this box?
 A) him to open B) him open
 C) that he open D) he opening
 E) he open

3. Choose the correct variant.
 Our new teacher said he wanted ... down everything he said.
 A) us to write B) that we written
 C) us writing D) us write
 E) we to write

4. Choose the correct variant.
 Let the servant ... the meals.
 A) serve B) to serve
 C) serving D) have serving
 E) is served

5. Choose the correct variant.
 Caroline heard a baby ... next room.
 A) cried B) to cry C) has cried
 D) crying E) cries

6. Choose the correct variant.
 Teddy's words made me ... uncomfortable.
 A) to feel B) feeling C) felt
 D) feels E) feel

7. Choose the correct variant.
 We expected the Petrovs ... later than usual.
 A) arrives B) shall arrive
 C) arrive D) to arrive
 E) arriving

8. Choose the correct variant.
 I watched my cat ... with its kittens.
 A) playing B) to play
 C) plays D) was playing
 E) played

9. Choose the correct variant.
Our English teacher told us ... English as much as possible.
A) to speak B) speaking
C) were speaking D) speak
E) are speaking

10. Choose the correct variant.
The vase is expensive. Don't let children ... here.
A) playing B) played
C) play D) are playing
E) to play

TEST 8

1. Choose the correct sentences.
1. The manager made the waitress to clean the table again.
2. The guide wanted the tourists to be on time.
3. Did you see him to come into the hall?
4. I saw the mouse come out of its hole.
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,4 E) 3,4

2. Choose the correct sentences.
1. No one expected him kill anyone.
2. I felt her face change after this conversation.
3. The Whites never allow their children to make their own decisions.
4. He told his servant keep silence while he was working.
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,4 E) 2,3

3. Choose the correct sentences.
1. She wanted me to pick all these poppies for her.
2. Don't make the child to tell a lie.
3. Let her go and rest a little.
4. I think she was made tell the truth by her co-worker.
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct sentences.
1. The doctor doesn't let me to take part in the match.
2. Children made a bonfire to jump over it.
3. Let him to speak about our national traditions.
4. Our neighbour saw the burglar enter our house and steal all our money.
A) 2,3 B) 1,4 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 2,4

5. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Tom was made ... beside the girl as punishment.
A) sat B) sitting C) sit
D) to sit E) sits

6. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I don't want you ... about such things in the presence of adults.
A) spoke B) are speaking
C) to speak D) speak
E) spoken

7. Choose the correct sentence with the Complex Object.
A) I felt my cheeks growing red with sudden anger.
B) His father doesn't want we to be friends.
C) He ordered the cabman driving on.
D) The professor's assistant was told to send the parcel.
E) She heard the kitchen door to open.

8. Choose the correct sentence.
A) Pam expects him keep his promise.
B) I know her to be an honest and friendly girl.
C) The programmer advised us use this new programme.
D) He made us to wait for two hours in the corridor.
E) She felt somebody to push her slightly.

9. Choose the correct sentence.
A) I don't want my aunt be left alone.
B) Mom was always trying to make me to wear warm clothes.
C) Thanks, you made me to start again.
D) These documents might make her to doubt his loyalty to the firm.
E) We told jokes and it made the time pass.

10. Choose the correct sentence.
1. These dreams will never let you go.
2. The answer made him feel as if he had been slapped in the face.
3. Randolph didn't want his secretary find these papers.
4. His remarks sometimes make me to feel uneasy.
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

TENSE FORMS - TESTS

TEST 1

- Choose the correct tense form.
He escaped from prison ...
A) last Sunday B) in two days
C) soon D) next Monday
E) already
- Choose the correct variant.
If she ... me about it, I ... her all my secret.
A) asks, shall tell B) asked, tell
C) asks, told D) ask, will tell
E) asks, would tell
- Choose the correct tense form.
Mollie ... her collection box in 2 days.
A) checked B) checks
C) has checked D) shall check
E) will check
- Choose the correct tense form.
She usually ... on time at work.
A) arrives B) arrived
C) will arrive D) don't arrive
E) would arrive
- Choose the correct tense form.
He ... a big argument with my parents at the moment.
A) is having B) is have
C) had D) will have
E) didn't have
- Choose the correct variant.
Ten years ago when people ... to art galleries they ... time to look at each picture.
A) went, used to spend
B) go, use to spend
C) went, used to spend
D) had gone, used to spend
E) have gone, used to spend
- Choose the correct tense form.
... Mike visit his grandmother last night?
A) Are B) Is C) Would
D) Does E) Did

ZAMAN FORMALARI - TESTLER

- Choose the correct variant.
It is too late. When your husband ... home.
A) comes, shall return
B) came, will return
C) come, return
D) comes, return
E) came, returned
- Choose the correct tense form.
My brother ... a bear an hour ago near the forest.
A) seen B) saw C) sees
D) see E) will see
- Choose the correct tense form.
Learn this poem until you ... it by heart.
A) know B) knew
C) will know D) would know
E) knows

TEST 2

- Choose the correct tense form.
Did she ... peacefully in her bed last night?
A) slept B) sleeps
C) sleeping D) sleep
E) was sleeping
- Choose the correct tense form.
The doctors say the patient ... his eyes soon.
A) opened B) will open
C) open D) opens
E) has opened
- Choose the correct tense form.
If Sevinc ... my parcel by special delivery I ... it very soon.
A) delivers, will get
B) won't deliver, shall get
C) delivers, got
D) will deliver, get
E) would deliver, have got

4. Choose the correct tense form.
She never ... eggs or cheese for breakfast.
A) eats B) is eating
C) eat D) doesn't eat
E) ate

5. Choose the correct tense form.
Sara's nephews ... their holiday with her in the village every summer.
A) was spent B) spends
C) is spending D) spend
E) had spent

6. Choose the correct tense form.
At that time the day before yesterday students ... trees in the schoolyard.
A) were planting B) was planting
C) are planting D) planted
E) plant

7. Choose the correct tense form.
Do you ... any special diet?
A) kept B) keep
C) is keeping D) keeps
E) was kept

8. Choose the correct variant.
Did she ... her mother yesterday?
A) helps B) helped
C) was helping D) help
E) will help

9. Choose the correct tense form.
In our house only the Chinese maid ... every day.
A) is cooking dinner
B) was cooking dinner
C) cooks dinner
D) cooked dinner
E) will be cooked

10. Choose the correct tense form.
I ... my back while I was working in the garden.
A) is hurting B) hurt
C) will hurt D) hurts
E) has hurt

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct tense form.
As soon as Murad ... to the course the teacher ... his parents know.
A) will get, will let

- B) gets, will let
C) got, lets
D) will get, let
E) has got, had let

2. Choose the correct variant.
I'm jobless and I ... well-paid job now.
A) am looking B) was looking
C) looked D) look
E) would look

3. Choose the correct tense form.
Don't leave the room until the boss
A) come B) comes
C) came D) will come
E) would come

4. Choose the correct tense form.
They ... the entrance exam next month.
A) attend B) attends
C) will attend D) attended
E) would be attend

5. Choose the correct variant.
She is ... sleeping in her bed.
A) now B) at present
C) usually D) still
E) often

6. Choose the correct variant.
Put the forks, knives and plates on the table if you
A) wanted to eat B) wants eat
C) will want to eat D) want eating
E) want to eat

7. Choose the correct tense form.
As soon as the wind storm ..., we ... our walking on the camels in the desert.
A) has stopped, continued
B) stops, continued
C) stopped, continued
D) will stop, will continue
E) would stop, continue

8. Choose the correct variant.
My grandpa will work in the field if it
A) will rain B) will not rain
C) rains D) don't rain
E) doesn't rain

9. Choose the correct tense form.
The message ... 5 minutes ago.
A) arrive B) arrives

- C) arrived D) was arriving
E) will arrive

10. Choose the correct tense form.
In my youth life ... not the same as it ...
now.

- A) was, is B) is, was
C) were, are D) is, will be
E) will be, was

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct tense form.

I thought that you ...

- A) know French B) knew French
C) are knowing D) were knowing
E) will know

2. Choose the correct tense form.

I was sure that ...

- A) you will pass your exam
B) you would pass your exam
C) you are able to pass your exam
D) you can pass your exam
E) you was absolutely right

3. Choose the correct variant.

I ... home when I met Dan.

- A) was walking B) were walking
C) walked D) is walking
E) walk

4. Choose the correct variant.

As soon as the lecturer ... you ... the lesson.

- A) came, will begin
B) will come, will begin
C) has come, will begin
D) comes, will begin
E) came, had begun

5. Choose the correct tense form.

If you ... anything at once, you ... the chance to see her again.

- A) wouldn't do, wouldn't lose
B) haven't done, had lost
C) will do, had lost
D) don't do, will lose
E) won't do, will lose

6. Choose the correct variant.

Kate ... TV when we arrived.

- A) was watching B) will watch
C) watches D) watch
E) is watching

7. Choose the correct variant.

My sister ... 6 years last year, but now she ... 7.

- A) was, is B) was, was
C) is, is D) will be, is
E) shall be, was

8. Choose the correct variant.

We shall go to the museum ...

- A) every year B) last month
C) already D) after 3 days
E) once a week

9. Choose the correct tense form.

... the students ... an exam every year?

- A) Does, take B) Does, takes
C) Do, take D) Have, taken
E) Did, took

10. Choose the correct tense form.

I ... phone you as soon as I ... back.

- A) would, comes B) would, coming
C) will, came D) shall, come
E) will be, came

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct tense form.

I ... him in this place 3 years ago.

- A) meet B) met
C) will meet D) have met
E) am meet

2. Choose the correct tense form.

Did he ... there by taxi last Sunday?

- A) went B) goes C) go
D) going E) will go

3. Choose the correct variant.

My parents ... abroad next day.

- A) shall go B) goes C) went
D) is going E) will go

4. Choose the correct tense form.
You will catch the train if you ... at four.
A) hadn't left
B) will leave
C) leave
D) would leave
E) won't leave

5. Choose the correct variant.
As soon as the driver ... the signal he stopped the car.
A) bear
B) hears
C) will hear
D) heard
E) would hear

6. Choose the correct tense form.
Jane ... green tea now. She ... a cup of green tea every day.
A) is drinking, drinks
B) drink, drinks
C) has drunk, drink
D) was drinking, drank
E) drinks, drinks

7. Choose the correct tense form.
Let's stay at home. It ... hard outside now.
A) rains
B) rained
C) rain
D) is raining
E) was raining

8. Choose the correct tense form.
By the time my father came, we ... the dinner table.
A) will prepare
B) had prepared
C) prepare
D) have prepared
E) prepared

9. Choose the correct matching.
1. It ... soon.
2. I ... him yet.
3. Hasret ... at the moment.
A. haven't seen
B. is sleeping
C. will rain
A) 1-A; 2-B; 3-C
B) 1-A; 2-C; 3-B
C) 1-B; 2-A; 3-C
D) 1-B; 2-C; 3-A
E) 1-C; 2-A; 3-B

10. Choose the correct variant.
"Look! The beautiful swan ... towards us," cried the boy.
A) swim
B) swims
C) are swimming
D) is swimming
E) have swam

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct tense form.
The enemy soldiers ... the city and took some hostages.
A) surround
B) will surround
C) surrounded
D) surrounds
E) have surrounded

2. Choose the correct variant.
If anyone ..., tell them I ... free after seven.
A) will call, am
B) call, shall be
C) calls, shall be
D) will call, shall be
E) called, shall be

3. Choose the correct variant.
They awarded the writer the State Prize when he ... fifty.
A) will be
B) have been
C) has been
D) would be
E) was

4. Choose the correct tense form.
We ... in a small village before we moved to the town.
A) have lived
B) lived
C) live
D) will live
E) had lived

5. Choose the correct variant.
Ann ... already ... her room.
A) have ... decorated
B) has ... decorated
C) will ... decorate
D) didn't ... decorate
E) doesn't ... decorate

6. Choose the correct tense form.
The workers ... down the wall at that time yesterday.
A) knocked
B) knock
C) will knock
D) were knocking
E) had knocked

7. Choose the correct variant.
Anar ... to this field since they ... the corn.
A) hasn't come, stole
B) had come, steal
C) have come, stole
D) came, stole
E) had come, had stole

8. Choose the correct variant.
Mother was cooking while we ... TV.
A) are watching B) will watch
C) watch D) were watching
E) have watched

9. Choose the correct tense form.
Sabuhi ... to the university campus
yesterday. He ... there almost every day.
A) has gone, went B) goes, went
C) went, goes D) went, is going
E) went, have gone

10. Choose the correct variant.
Shams ... his bicycle since June.
A) bought B) has bought
C) have bought D) buys
E) will buy

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct tense form.
They ... since he ... her.
A) met, has left B) has met, has left
C) hasn't met, left D) haven't met, left
E) hadn't met, leaves
2. Choose the correct variant.
Adil ... his address as soon as he ... there.
A) writes, reached
B) was writing, reached
C) writes, will reach
D) reaches, will write
E) will write, reaches
3. Choose the correct tense form.
Aygun ... me the day before yesterday.
She ... me every week.
A) visited, had visited
B) had visited, visits
C) visits, visits
D) visited, visits
E) visited, has visited

4. Choose the correct tense form.
-Where is your mother going, Dilara?
-She ... to the museum.
A) goes B) went C) will go
D) is going E) has gone

5. Choose the correct tense form.
Some people ... their family as soon as
they ... 18
A) leave, are B) left, are
C) leave, will be D) leaves, are
E) will leave, will be

6. Choose the correct tense form.
The students of the class 10-1-A ... the
grammar rules after the teacher ... to
them.
A) understand, had explained
B) understood, had explained
C) had understood, explained
D) understand, will explain
E) have understood, had explained

7. Choose the correct tense form.
Gunel hasn't ironed the trousers ...
A) already B) every week
C) last week D) yet
E) just

8. Choose the correct variant.
We ... care of our little baby at that time
last Sunday.
A) take B) are taking
C) were taking D) took
E) shall be taking

9. Choose the correct variant.
Listen! Togrul ... in the yard.
A) is singing B) sang
C) sings D) are singing
E) will sing

10. Choose the correct tense form.
Narmin ... there since Sevinj ... ill.
A) has been, has been
B) was, has been
C) was, had been
D) has been, was
E) was, was

TEST 8

1. Choose the correct tense form.
Murad ... the tree by the time the winter
holidays began.

- A) decorated
C) was decorating
E) decorate
- B) has decorated
D) had decorated

2. Choose the correct variant.
Shamil ... the letter yet.

- A) have written
C) hasn't written
E) will write
- B) has written
D) wrote

3. Choose the correct tense form.
After Manaf ... the workshop, it looked comfortable.

- A) repair
C) will repair
E) repaired
- B) had repaired
D) have repaired

4. Choose the correct variant.
How often does Rauf get messages from his pen-friend?

- A) For 3 days
C) Since May
E) A few days ago
- B) Last year
D) Every day

5. Choose the correct variant.
I've lost my phone again and now I ... for it.

- A) was looking
C) look
E) am looking
- B) looked
D) looks

6. Choose the correct variant.
Mother ... me new gloves last week but I ... them yet.

- A) bought, have worn
B) bought, wasn't worn
C) has bought, doesn't wear
D) has bought, hasn't worn
E) bought, haven't worn

7. Choose the correct tense form.
Nobody ... when Haidi ...

- A) knew, will return
B) doesn't know, will return
C) knew, would return
D) know, has returned
E) didn't know, returned

8. Choose the correct tense form.
Our national team ... since yesterday.

- A) hadn't trained
B) trained

- C) hasn't trained
E) was training
- D) trains

9. Choose the correct tense form.
The flight attendant ... into the salon and ... the passengers.

- A) came, greeted
B) had came, greeted
C) has come, greets
D) has come, greeted
E) came, has come

10. Choose the correct tense form.
I ... the job for about 7 years and I still enjoy this work.

- A) had done
C) have done
E) would do
- B) did
D) have been doing

TEST 9

1. Choose the correct variant.

If Lir ... to bed so late, she ... so tired all the time.

- A) didn't go, will not be
B) doesn't go, wasn't
C) didn't go, isn't
D) didn't go, wouldn't be
E) won't go, wouldn't be

2. Choose the correct variant.

Every year thousands of students ... to study in the UK.

- A) have chosen
C) choose
E) have been choosing
- B) had chosen
D) chose

3. Choose the correct variant.

Listen! She ... in a whisper.

- A) talks
B) talked
C) has talked
D) is talking
E) was talking

4. Which of the underlined parts of the sentence is **wrong**?

The Blacks' documents have been lost a week ago, and they haven't found them yet.

- A) The Blacks'
C) they
E) yet
- B) have been lost
D) them

5. Choose the correct variant.
Nobody ... until our director comes.
A) worked B) work
C) will work D) doesn't work
E) hasn't worked

6. Choose the correct variant.
I hoped our teacher ... us easy questions.
A) will give B) would give
C) has given D) gave
E) gives

7. Choose the correct tense form.
I ... home before you ... shopping.
A) had gone, went B) have gone, went
C) had gone, go D) went, had gone
E) went, went

8. Choose the correct tense form.
By the time you ..., we ... a new worker.
A) phoned, had found
B) phoned, found
C) phoned, has found
D) phone, found
E) had phoned, found

9. Choose the correct tense form.
They ... the discussion as soon as
Mr. Brown
1. began, came 2. will begin, comes
3. begun, came 4. comes, will begin
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

10. Choose the correct variant.
-How often does your boss travel
abroad?
-...
A) Since June B) For a month
C) Last week D) A day ago
E) Twice a year

TEST 10

1. Choose the correct variant.
My uncle ... driving.
A) doesn't likes B) don't like
C) don't likes D) didn't liked
E) doesn't like

2. Choose the correct tense form.
Look! Ann ... tennis.
A) plays B) is playing
C) was playing D) play
E) playing

3. Choose the correct tense form.
When I ... home, my mother ... tea.
A) come, is making
B) comes, was making
C) came, was making
D) come, had made
E) have come, make

4. Choose the correct variant.
His sister ... TV at the moment.
A) watched B) watches
C) are watching D) are watch
E) is watching

5. Choose the correct tense form.
We ... our parents once a week.
A) visit B) are visiting
C) have visiting D) visiting
E) is visiting

6. Choose the correct variant.
I met him in this hospital
A) tomorrow B) in three days
C) today D) two days ago
E) now

7. Choose the correct tense forms.
She ... at her desk when the telephone...
A) sat, had rung
B) is sitting, ring
C) sat, is ringing
D) has been sitting, rang
E) was sitting, rang

8. Choose the correct tense form.
John hoped that the police ... his car.
A) will find B) finds
C) find D) is finding
E) would find

9. Choose the correct variant.
... Tom and his friends ... the problem
yet?
A) Has, settled B) Did, settled
C) Have, settled D) Does, settle
E) Is, settling

14. Choose the correct variant.
... you ... much last night?

- A) Did, trained
- B) Have, trained
- C) Had, trained
- D) Did, train
- E) Had been, trained

TEST 11

1. Choose the correct tense form.
She ... her book of stories soon.

- A) wrote
- B) will write
- C) is writing
- D) was writing
- E) has written

2. Choose the correct tense form.
Last year we ... abroad.

- A) was going
- B) will go
- C) went
- D) have gone
- E) go

3. Choose the correct tense form.
They ... Orkhan and Murad two days ago.

- A) had seen
- B) will see
- C) saw
- D) see
- E) have seen

4. Choose the correct tense form.
I ... here as soon as the rain ...

- A) shall leave, stopped
- B) left, stops
- C) have left, stops
- D) shall leave, stops
- E) leave, will stop

5. Choose the correct tense form.
I ... you the information when I ... it.

- A) sent, get
- B) shall send, get
- C) am sending, got
- D) send, got
- E) shall send, shall get

6. Choose the correct tense form.
She ... at 5 o'clock yesterday.

- A) is sleeping
- B) was sleeping
- C) were sleeping
- D) slept
- E) sleeps

7. Choose the correct tense form.
They ... our room by tomorrow.

- A) will repaired
- B) had repaired
- C) have repaired

D) will have repaired
E) repaired

8. Choose the correct tense forms.
My mother ... just ... the clothes.

- A) had, wash
- B) has, washed
- C) have, washed
- D) has, wash
- E) has, washing

9. Choose the correct tense forms.
Anar ... a computer specialist after he ... from this faculty.

- 1. will become, graduates
- 2. becomes, will graduate
- 3. became, graduated
- 4. became, would graduate
- 5. will become, will graduate
- A) 1,3
- B) 1,4
- C) 2,5
- D) 1,2,3
- E) 3,4,5

10. Choose the correct tense form.
Did the police ... your stolen bike?

- A) found
- B) find
- C) finds
- D) will find
- E) are finding

TEST 12

1. Choose the correct tense form.
If they ... the hotel to withstand an earthquake, it ...

- A) will be built, wouldn't collapse
- B) build, won't collapse
- C) built, won't collapse
- D) will build, will not collapse
- E) will build, doesn't collapse

2. Choose the correct variant.
Our picnic ... if the weather ... not good.

- A) would be cancelled, is
- B) cancels, will be
- C) will be cancelled, is
- D) would be cancelled, were
- E) will be cancelled, will be

3. Choose the correct tense form.
Water ... if the temperature ... 0°C.

- 1. freezes, reaches
- 2. will freeze, reaches
- 3. will freeze, will reach
- 4. freeze, reach
- A) 1,3
- B) 1,2
- C) 2,4
- D) 3,4
- E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct variant.
If I have enough apples, I ... an apple pie this afternoon.
- A) baked
B) will be baked
C) shall bake
D) bakes
E) had been baked

5. Choose the correct tense form.
If my evening newspaper ... on time, I'm going to cancel my subscription.
- A) will not arrive
B) wouldn't arrive
C) don't arrive
D) doesn't arrive
E) will arrive

6. Choose the correct variant.
When I ... the age of 21, I ... my inheritance.
1. reached, received
2. reached, will receive
3. reach, will receive
4. will reach, will receive
5. reached, receives
- A) 1,3
B) 1,3,5
C) 2,4
D) 4,5
E) 3,4,5

7. Choose the correct tense form.
As soon as Tina crossed the marathon finish line, she ...
- A) will fall down
B) would fell down
C) fell down
D) fall down
E) falls down

8. Choose the correct variant.
I hope my son ... in school until he ... his degree.
- A) will remain, will finish
B) will remain, finish
C) remains, will finish
D) has remained, would finish
E) will remain, finishes

9. Choose the correct tense form.
If the weather ... hot and humid, we ... the air conditioner.
- A) is, shall turn on
B) was, shall turn on
C) will be, shall turn on
D) are, shall turn on
E) would be, turn on

10. Choose the correct variant.
We ... into the soccer stadium, as soon as we ... out tickets.
1. will run, will find
2. shall run, find
3. shall run, shall find
4. ran, found
- A) 1,3
B) 2,3
C) 2,4
D) 1,4
E) 1,2

TEST 13

1. Choose the correct variant.
If you ... immediately, I ... the police.
- A) don't leave, call
B) don't leave, shall call
C) will leave, shall call
D) hasn't leave, would call
E) wouldn't leave, called

2. Choose the correct tense form.
I ... the manager as soon as I ... a fly in my soup.
- A) will complain, found
B) would complain, found
C) complain, found
D) complained, find
E) will complain, will find

3. Choose the correct variant.
He ... happy, until his girlfriend ... him.
- A) felt, left
B) feels, left
C) will feel, left
D) would feel, leaves
E) feels, leave

4. Choose the correct variant.
If the climbers ... this easy way, they ... the top easily.
- A) will find, will reach
B) finds, will reach
C) would find, reach
D) find, will reach
E) have found, would reach

5. Choose the correct tense form.
You ... the job if you don't succeed in the test.
- A) won't get
B) wouldn't get
C) will get
D) didn't get
E) were not going to get

6. Choose the correct variant.

I'm sure, as soon as you ... your university diploma, you ... a very nice job.

- A) will get, will find
- B) gets, find
- C) will get, find
- D) get, will find
- E) got, will find

7. Choose the correct tense form.

When I ... a lot of money in my pocket, I ... it generously.

- A) have, will spend
- B) had, will spend
- C) would have, spent
- D) had, spend
- E) have had, will spend

8. Choose the correct variant.

I could have heard the telephone if I ... so deeply.

- A) am sleeping
- B) am not sleeping
- C) was sleeping
- D) wouldn't have slept
- E) hadn't been sleeping

9. Choose the correct tense form.

The restaurant manager ... him out, until he ... the bill.

- A) won't let, pays
- B) will let, pay
- C) lets, will pay
- D) let, would pay
- E) would let, pays

10. Choose the correct variant.

You ... never see Taj Mahal until you ... to India.

- A) will, go
- B) won't, go
- C) would, go
- D) don't, go
- E) would, would go

TEST 14

1. Choose the correct tense form.

She doesn't ... e-mail to her friends. Because she hates writing.

- A) write
- B) written
- C) is writing
- D) writes
- E) wrote

2. Choose the correct variant.

The cookies are all gone. ... you ... some, please?

- A) Are, buy
- B) Did, bought
- C) Were, buying
- D) Will, buy
- E) Do, buy

3. Choose the correct tense form.

The police ... probably ... the bank robber soon.

- A) are, catching
- B) is catches
- C) did, catch
- D) will, catch
- E) did, caught

4. Choose the correct tense form.

The new employee ... work in a week.

- A) is started
- B) were starting
- C) start
- D) was started
- E) will start

5. Choose the correct tense form.

The surgeon ... her mother's eyes Tuesday morning.

- A) operate
- B) will operate
- C) to operate
- D) shall operated
- E) have operated

6. Choose the correct tense form.

Next Monday is a holiday. We ... the day off from work.

- A) shall have
- B) is having
- C) are have
- D) would have
- E) has

7. Choose the correct tense form.

The boy ... twelve inches last year.

- A) has grown
- B) grew
- C) is growing
- D) was grow
- E) grows

8. Choose the correct tense form.

The children ... when the ice cream truck arrived.

- A) was cheered
- B) are cheered
- C) cheered
- D) is cheering
- E) cheers

9. Choose the correct tense form.

My friends and I ... some gold in the river, then looked for more.

- A) found
- B) finds
- C) are finding
- D) are found
- E) find

10. Choose the correct tense form.
Charlotte and I ... lightening in the sky
Thursday night and the storm came fast.
- A) saw B) see
C) will see D) are seeing
E) sees

TEST 15

1. Choose the correct tense forms.
There is a stain on my curtains; I can't
clean by myself, so I ... them to the dry
cleaner's tomorrow.
- A) shall take B) am taken
C) have taken D) will take
E) took

2. Choose the correct variant.
If the boss didn't offer him more salary,
he ... his work place.
- A) will change B) is changing
C) would change D) was changed
E) changed

3. Choose the correct variant.
Janet ... karate class every Saturday.
- A) attend B) is attending
C) attends D) will attend
E) was attending

4. Choose the correct variant.
Grace ... a lovely pet in the shop
yesterday.
- A) see B) will see C) is seeing
D) saw E) sees

5. Choose the correct variant.
The author ... his first book in 1987.
- A) wrote B) will write
C) is going to write D) is writing
E) was writing

6. Choose the correct tense form.
He ... his book of poems soon.
- A) wrote B) will write
C) had written D) is writing
E) was writing

7. Choose the correct tense form.
Natural gas ... a bigger role in electricity
production in the future.
- A) play B) plays
C) will play D) is playing
E) was playing

8. Choose the correct tense form.
The emergency meeting ... a while ago.
- A) end B) is ending
C) ended D) was ending
E) will end

9. Choose the correct tense form.
We ... the good news last night.
- A) received B) will receive
C) have received D) receive
E) are going to receive

10. Choose the correct tense form.
She ... a seminar in Kansas City in three
days.
- A) attends B) is attending
C) was attending D) attended
E) will attend

TEST 16

1. Choose the correct tense form.
As soon as the rain stops the rainbow ...
- A) appeared B) appear
C) will appear D) was appearing
E) has appeared

2. Choose the correct time adverb.
Jane has met her old friend ...
- A) soon B) next week
C) yesterday D) recently
E) already

3. Choose the correct tense form.
Don't phone me between 7 and 8 pm. We
... dinner then.
- A) had have B) shall be having
C) was having D) were had
E) were having

4. Choose the correct variant.
... the children ... to the park every day?
- A) Did, went B) Have, gone
C) Do, go D) Does, goes
E) Does, go

5. Choose the correct variant.
They will pass the exam if they ... well.
- A) study B) will study
C) had studied D) won't study
E) would study

6. Choose the correct tense form.
The new employee ... the work in a week.
A) is started B) were starting
C) start D) started
E) will start

7. Choose the correct tense form.
As soon as we ... the news, we ... the hospital.
A) had heard, will rush
B) heard, rushed
C) heard, rush
D) shall hear, rush
E) heard, was rushed

8. Choose the correct tense form.
These are the clothes which ... to needy children by our company.
A) will donate
B) has been donated
C) have donated
D) have been donated
E) donated

9. Choose the correct tense forms.
The meeting ... this year. The next one ... in a year.
A) is held, is held
B) has been held, will be held
C) was held, has held
D) had been held, is held
E) is held, has been held

10. Choose the correct tense forms.
Mike ... if he ... his test.
A) will be pleased, will pass
B) will be pleased, shall pass
C) will be pleased, pass
D) will be pleased, passes
E) is pleased, will pass

TEST 17

1. Choose the correct tense forms.
Ann will be upset if she ... the job.
A) will not get B) shall not
C) would not get D) doesn't get
E) didn't get

2. Choose the correct tense forms.
I ... the picture if I ... it.
A) would buy, liked
B) bought, would like

C) didn't buy, will like
D) buy, will like
E) would buy, like

3. Choose the correct tense forms.
When Mark ..., I'll tell him the news.
A) don't come B) doesn't comes
C) will come D) came
E) comes

4. Choose the correct tense forms.
If she ... home late, we ... her in.
A) would come, let
B) will come, will let
C) come, won't let
D) comes, won't let
E) came, will not let

5. Choose the correct tense forms.
I ... a bike if I ... a helmet on.
A) rides, has
B) will not ride, won't have
C) will ride, had
D) will not ride, didn't have
E) wouldn't ride, didn't have

6. Choose the correct tense forms.
We ... the washing in if it ...
A) shall bring, rains
B) shall bring, rained
C) shall bring, will rain
D) brought, would rain
E) bring, rain

7. Choose the correct tense forms.
If I ... the address I ... it.
A) shall forget, shall write down
B) forget, shall write down
C) forgot, shall write down
D) didn't forget, shall write down
E) shall forget, write down

8. Choose the correct tense forms.
We'll have a sandwich if we ... hungry.
A) got B) gets
C) shall get D) should get
E) get

9. Choose the correct tense forms.
The doctor ... here if she isn't called to emergency.
A) was B) were C) will be
D) shall be E) would be

10. Choose the correct tense forms.
When the alarm ... it ... me up.

- A) rang, will wake
- B) rings, will wake
- C) will ring, will wake
- D) will ring, waked
- E) ring, wake

TEST 18

1. Choose the correct tense forms.
When the programme ..., I'll stop the video.

- A) finished
- B) finishes
- C) finish
- D) will finish
- E) would finish

2. Choose the correct tense forms.
Everyone will smile when I ... a photo.

- A) will take
- B) shall take
- C) would take
- D) took
- E) take

3. Choose the correct tense forms.
I'll probably go for a walk later on if it

- A) stays fine
- B) will stay fine
- C) would stay fine
- D) stayed fine
- E) stay fine

4. Choose the correct tense forms.
I'll make myself an omelette when I ... home tonight.

- A) got
- B) get
- C) shall get
- D) would get
- E) was getting

5. Choose the correct tense forms.
As soon as they ... home, they ... the door immediately.

- A) will get, will lock
- B) would get, lock
- C) get, lock
- D) gets, will lock
- E) got, lock

6. Choose the correct tense forms.
We shall stay at the party until the wedding

- A) finishes
- B) finished
- C) will finish
- D) would finish
- E) don't finish

7. Choose the correct tense forms.
The doctors ... to the stadium when the injured player ...

- A) would jump, fall down
- B) jumped, falls down
- C) jumps, falls down
- D) will jump, fall down
- E) jumped, fell down

8. Choose the correct tense forms.
Max didn't notice the sign when he ... his car in the forbidden area.

- A) stops
- B) will stop
- C) would stop
- D) stopped
- E) stop

9. Choose the correct tense forms.
If you ... early, you ... a seat.

- A) arrive, will be able to get
- B) will arrive, are able to get
- C) would arrive, will be able to get
- D) arrived, will be able to get
- E) arrives, is able to get

10. Choose the correct tense forms.
When the chairman ... he ... to accept us.

- A) comes, would refuse
- B) come, refuse
- C) came, will refuse
- D) came, refused
- E) will come, will refuse

TEST 19

1. Choose the correct tense forms.
If I ... his phone number, I ... him.

- A) knew, would phone
- B) knew, will phone
- C) knows, shall phone
- D) shall know, shall phone
- E) will know, phone

2. Choose the correct tense forms.
He asked if

- A) I ring him up
- B) I will ring him up
- C) I had rung him up
- D) I shall ring him up
- E) I am going to ring him up

8. Choose the correct tense forms.
They ... a birthday cake when I ... the room.

- A) are having, will enter
B) have, will enter
C) will have, entered
D) were having, entered
E) was having, entered

9. Choose the correct tense forms.
When I ... home, she ... her telephone.

- A) came, is repairing
B) come, was repairing
C) came, was repairing
D) shall come, will repair
E) shall come, repairs

10. Choose the correct tense forms.
Did she ... you that interesting book yesterday?

- A) gave B) give
C) gives D) was giving
E) will give

11. Choose the correct tense forms.
He didn't ... about his further plans last meeting.

- A) speaks B) will speak
C) speak D) was speaking
E) spoke

12. Choose the correct tense forms.
Yesterday morning dad ... newspapers at breakfast.

- A) reads B) will read
C) read D) readed
E) is going to read

13. Choose the correct tense forms.
He was working in the garden ...

- A) yesterday B) tomorrow
C) soon D) last week
E) at 5 yesterday

14. Choose the correct tense forms.
... at that time last year.

- A) She reads short story books
B) She is reading short story books
C) She was reading short story books
D) She read short story books
E) She will read short story books

15. Choose the correct tense forms.
Did you go to school ...?

- A) soon B) in the future
C) every year D) last week
E) once a week

TEST 20

1. Choose the correct tense forms.
We shall be ready ...

- A) at present B) in my youth
C) soon D) usually
E) in the past

2. Choose the correct tense forms.
... yet.

- A) They haven't come
B) They didn't come
C) They are not coming
D) They are coming
E) They have come

3. Choose the correct tense forms.
She ... gets up at 8.

1. every morning 2. usually
3. always 4. seldom
5. yesterday
A) 1,2,3 B) 2,3,4 C) 3,4,5
D) 2,3,5 E) 1,4,5

4. Match the time adverbs to the sentences.

1. I did my lessons ...
2. I was doing my lessons ...
a. last Friday b. at 3 last Friday
c. every day d. at the moment
A) 1-c; 2-d B) 1-a; 2-d C) 1-c; 2-a
D) 1-b; 2-d E) 1-a; 2-b

5. Choose the correct tense forms.
She is ... sleeping.

- A) now B) at present
C) every day D) still
E) at the moment

6. Which is wrong?
It happened ...

- A) when I was five
B) in the past
C) in my childhood
D) in a few days
E) last year

7. Which is **wrong**?

I have ... seen my old friend.

1. already 2. never 3. rarely
4. usually 5. now
A) 1,2,3 B) 3,4 C) 1,2
D) 3,4,5 E) 2,3

8. Choose the correct time adverb.

He is going to be a dentist ...

- A) in the past B) in the future
C) in 2010 D) at the moment
E) every year

9. Choose the correct time adverb.

My elder sister ... helps Mom about the house.

- A) always B) every day C) already
D) now E) at present

10. How many variants are correct?

The policeman stopped me on my way home ...

1. last week 2. 2 days ago
3. in 2 days 4. soon
5. still 6. usually
7. yesterday 8. tomorrow
9. last night 10. next year
A) 10 B) 8 C) 4
D) 5 E) 7

TEST 21

1. Choose the correct tense forms.

If you ... my luggage ... the door.

- A) holds, I unlock
B) hold, I'll unlock
C) will hold, I'll unlock
D) held, I unlock
E) will hold, I unlock

2. Choose the correct tense forms.

Samir ... on the computer when the telephone ...

- A) wasn't working, rang
B) will work, will ring
C) was working, has rung
D) wasn't working, had rung
E) hasn't worked, was ringing

3. Choose the correct tense forms.

... your children ... much yesterday night?

- A) Did, train B) Have, trained
C) Did, trained D) Had, trained
E) Had, been trained

4. Choose the correct tense forms.

Look! The school bus ... It always ... at 8:10.

- A) left, has left B) leaves, leaves
C) leaves, is leaving D) is leaving, leaves
E) is leaving, leave

5. Choose the correct tense forms.

Nihat ... happy because he ... the prize.

- A) is, win B) was, has won
C) is, had won D) is, has won
E) had been, won

6. Choose the correct tense forms.

I ... from you since I last ... you.

- A) haven't heard, have seen
B) wasn't heard, see
C) haven't heard, saw
D) didn't hear, see
E) didn't hear, have seen

7. Choose the correct tense forms.

I first ... France three years ago and since then I ... there on several events.

- A) will visit, will be
B) had visited, was
C) would visit, have been
D) visited, have been
E) had visited, had been

8. Choose the correct tense forms.

As soon as they ... from the chief, they ... you know when the results ... ready.

- A) heard, let, are
B) heard, let, will be
C) hear, will let, will be
D) had heard, let, are
E) hear, will let, is

9. Choose the correct tense forms.
The company managers ... you the products you need after they ... the debate.

- A) will give, will finish
- B) give, finished
- C) give, will finish
- D) will give, finish
- E) gave, would finish

10. Choose the correct tense forms.
My husband ... a lot of things since we ... married.

- A) is experiencing, get
- B) experienced, have got
- C) experienced, were getting
- D) experiences, gets
- E) has experienced, got

TEST 22

1. Choose the correct tense forms.
I didn't realize that I ... my phone at home until I ... to make a phone call.

- A) had left, wanted
- B) will leave, wanted
- C) has left, wanted
- D) have left, want
- E) will leave, will want

2. Choose the correct tense forms.
The company employees hope that by this time next year the director

- A) had been chosen
- B) has been chosen
- C) will have been chosen
- D) have been chosen
- E) was chosen

3. Choose the correct tense forms.
When the hotel guests ... up the sun ... already ...

- A) got, had risen
- B) got, has risen
- C) will get, will rise
- D) will get, risen
- E) get, rise

4. Choose the correct tense forms.
While Ugur ... the car, the puppy ... to catch the birds.

- A) washed, had tried
- B) was washing, was trying
- C) is washing, was trying
- D) will wash, will try
- E) was washing, is trying

5. Choose the correct tense forms.
By the time we ... the church, the ceremony ...

- A) arrived, has finished
- B) had arrived, finished
- C) arrived, had finished
- D) arrived, finishes
- E) arrive, finish

6. Choose the correct tense forms.
Hey guys, what ... before I ... to Batumi?

- A) had happened, came
- B) have happened, come
- C) has happened, came
- D) happened, come
- E) did happen, came

7. Choose the correct tense forms.
50 years ago very few people ... that computers ... an important part of our life.

- A) thought, would become
- B) think, would become
- C) thought, will become
- D) thought, become
- E) think, had become

8. Choose the correct tense forms.
Mother ... the dishes before the guests

- A) washes, left
- B) had washed, leave
- C) has washed, left
- D) washed, had left
- E) had washed, left

9. Choose the correct tense forms.
The hens ... her when she ... to take their eggs.

- A) will attack, will try
- B) attacked, tried
- C) attack, try
- D) had attacked, has tried
- E) attacked, would try

10. Choose the correct tense forms.
Before we arrived home, mother ... all the clothes.

- A) ironed
- B) had ironed
- C) irons
- D) has ironed
- E) is ironing

TEST 23

1. Choose the correct tense forms.
Hardly ... tenants ... the house when the estate agent ... a new client.
A) have left, found
B) had left, found
C) did leave, had found
D) did left, found
E) had left, has found

2. Choose the correct tense forms.
Elnur ... the computer for six hours, but he ... it yet.
A) is fixing, hasn't fixed
B) had been fixing, hasn't fixed
C) has fixed, didn't fix
D) is fixing, didn't fix
E) has been fixing, hasn't fix

3. Choose the correct tense forms.
No sooner ... the lights ... than Alice ... strange voices downstairs.
A) did, turn off, has heard
B) have, turned off, has heard
C) had, turned off, heard
D) had, turned off, has heard
E) have, turned off, heard

4. Choose the correct tense forms.
Hardly ... I ... the work when Yahya
A) had, finished, came
B) have, finished, come
C) -, finished, come
D) finished, came
E) had, finished, has come

5. Choose the correct tense forms.
Jala ... for a walk unless it
A) would go, didn't rain
B) will go, doesn't rain
C) will go, rains
D) is going, will rain
E) goes, will rain

6. Choose the correct tense forms.
Elnur ... KIA since he ... it in 2010.
A) has been driving, bought
B) have driven, bought
C) had been driving, had bought
D) drives, bought
E) was driving, had bought

7. Choose the correct tense forms.
The teacher ... that she ... correctly.
A) thought, behaved
B) thought, behaves
C) thinks, behave
D) thought, will behave
E) thinks, have behaved

8. Choose the correct tense forms.
... Duygu and Nigar ... the answer to the question yet?
A) Has, found
B) Have, found
C) Does, find
D) Did, found
E) Is, finding

9. Choose the correct tense forms.
Ann's legs ... because she ... in the park for three hours.
A) hurts, is walking
B) hurt, had been walking
C) hurt, have walked
D) hurt, was walking
E) hurts, had walked

10. Choose the correct tense forms.
We ... along the river for many hours before we ... the Ilisu village.
A) were driving, reached
B) drove, had reached
C) had been driving, reached
D) will drive, reached
E) were driving, have reached

TEST 24

1. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.
When they arrived at the beach, it ... raining.
A) started
B) was starting
C) had just start
D) starts
E) will start

2. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.
Where ... you ... when you met Kevin?
A) did ... live
B) were ... living
C) has ... lived
D) have ... lived
E) are ... living

3. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

It was a cold winter day and the sun ...
A) wasn't shining B) didn't shine
C) hadn't shone D) shone
E) is shining

4. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

They ... to a new CD when Max came in.
A) listened B) were listening
C) had listened D) have listened
E) was listening

5. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

The car ran out of petrol because we ...
up the tank before.
A) didn't fill B) hasn't filled
C) hadn't filled D) didn't filled
E) weren't filling

6. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

I ... already ... part in over 5 festivals.
A) took B) have taken
C) has taken D) take
E) am taking

7. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

After we ... shopping we decided to go home.
A) finished B) has finished
C) had finished D) have finished
E) finish

8. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Why ... she ... her such a question?
A) did ... ask B) were ... asking
C) have ... asked D) do ... ask
E) does ... asks

9. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Mike ... when Tina arrived.
A) didn't work B) wasn't working
C) hadn't worked D) hasn't worked
E) doesn't work

10. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

I ... in the lake when I got a pain in my leg.
A) swam B) was swimming
C) had swum D) have swum
E) swim

TEST 25

1. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

This sport programme ... on TV for six years.
A) has been B) is C) is being
D) was E) have been

2. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

She ... the composition the whole morning but hasn't written even a half.
A) is writing
B) has been writing
C) had been writing
D) wrote
E) will write

3. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

I ... all my neighbours although I have lived here recently.
A) know
B) has already known
C) have been knowing
D) knew
E) am knowing

4. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

While he was sleeping I ... up all his clothes.
A) was washing B) had been washing
C) had washed D) wash
E) am washing

5. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

I ... computer games when he rushed into the room.
A) was playing B) had been playing
C) had played D) have play
E) am playing

6. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

I ... as a shop assistant for three years before I got the position of a manager.

- A) worked
- B) has been working
- C) had been working
- D) work
- E) am working

7. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Most people ... to be good at their jobs.

- A) want
- B) are wanting
- C) have wanted
- D) were wanting
- E) wants

8. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Paul ... to work by his wife's car today, because his one has broken.

- A) go
- B) goes
- C) is going
- D) went
- E) was going

9. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Kate is a supermodel. She ... all over the world since the beginning of her career.

- A) travels
- B) has travelled
- C) is travelling
- D) travel
- E) will travel

10. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Jess ... driving lessons now. She hopes to take her test soon.

- A) have
- B) has
- C) is having
- D) had have
- E) shall have

TEST 26

1. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Just a minute, I ... you a glass of water.

- A) am going to bring
- B) will brought
- C) will have brought
- D) has brought
- E) brought

2. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

I ... for a promotion next week, it's my decision.

- A) am applying
- B) will apply
- C) will have applied
- D) apply
- E) was applying

3. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

When my son is 18, my husband and I ... retired already.

- A) are going to be
- B) would be
- C) would have been
- D) are
- E) were

4. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Stop! You ... all the sweets by the tea time.

- A) will eat
- B) will be eating
- C) will have eaten
- D) had eaten
- E) have eaten

5. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Don't come at lunch time. I ... with my family.

- A) will eat
- B) will be eating
- C) will have eaten
- D) eat
- E) ate

6. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Hurry up! If you don't hurry, we ... late.

- A) will be
- B) won't be
- C) will have been
- D) were
- E) had been

7. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

... I repeat it again?

- A) Shall
- B) Will
- C) Do
- D) Am
- E) Does

8. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

By eight o'clock the doctor ... all the patients today.

- A) will receive
- B) will be receiving
- C) will have received
- D) received
- E) receives

9. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

We ... you outside the hotel in half an hour, OK?

- A) will meet
- B) will be meeting
- C) will have met
- D) met
- E) have met

10. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

It doesn't suite me, I ... off my friends at this time tomorrow.

- A) will see
- B) will be seeing
- C) will have seen
- D) was seeing
- E) see

TEST 27

1. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

That's no problem. I ... this amount of money.

- A) will lend
- B) will be lending
- C) will have lent
- D) lent
- E) was lending

2. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

They ... the new school by the 1st of September.

- A) will open
- B) will be opening
- C) will have opened
- D) open
- E) opened

3. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

OK, we ... him to the meeting.

- A) will invite
- B) will be inviting
- C) will have invited
- D) invited
- E) were inviting

4. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

He's rented the office closer to the city center, he ... there next week.

- A) was going to move
- B) will move
- C) will be moving
- D) moved
- E) moves

5. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

I'm so tired, I ... the whole day tomorrow, I can't.

- A) won't work
- B) won't be working
- C) won't have worked
- D) was working
- E) work

6. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

... you ... in your office at one o'clock?

- A) Will, work
- B) Will, be working
- C) Will, have worked
- D) Does, work
- E) Are, work

7. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

The performance ... by ten o'clock.

- A) is finishing
- B) will finish
- C) will have finished
- D) finished
- E) finishes

8. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

As our boss has decided we ... in groups of four.

- A) are going to work
- B) will work
- C) will be working
- D) worked
- E) had worked

9. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

I don't know where I ... tomorrow.

- A) am going to be B) will be
C) will have been D) was
E) am

10. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

Try on this jacket! It ... nice on you.

- A) is going to look
B) will look
C) will be looking
D) is
E) was

TEST 28

1. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

If I were you, I ... for the doctor.

- A) would send B) will send
C) would have sent D) am sending
E) send

2. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

If you ... some medicine you will feel better.

- A) take B) took
C) had taken D) has taken
E) takes

3. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

If you ... tired, go to bed.

- A) are B) will be C) had been
D) was E) were

4. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

If you ... the car, nobody would have stolen your bag.

- A) lock B) locked
C) had locked D) locks
E) has locked

5. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

There aren't any eggs. If we ... some eggs, I could make an omelet.

- A) have B) had C) had had
D) has E) has had

6. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

When the programme ..., tell me, please.

- A) starts B) start
C) started D) will start
E) would start

7. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

If the curtains are open, the sun ... in.

- A) shines B) shone
C) will shine D) had shone
E) shine

8. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

If you had listened to me, you ... so many questions.

- A) won't ask
B) wouldn't ask
C) wouldn't have asked
D) haven't asked
E) don't ask

9. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

If you lose this key, you ... use another one.

- A) will B) would
C) would have D) are
E) were

10. Choose the correct tense and form of the verbs.

My granny forgets everything, if you ... her.

- A) won't remind
B) don't remind
C) wouldn't remind
D) didn't remind
E) doesn't remind

TEST 29

1. Choose the correct variant.
Mary ... on holiday this year.
A) wasn't B) isn't C) hasn't been
D) aren't E) hadn't been

2. Choose the correct variant.
Sharon ... all the light before she ... the door.

- A) had checked, had locked
B) had checked, locked
C) checked, had locked
D) checked, locked
E) checks, locked

3. Choose the correct variant.
He ... me a birthday card five months ago.
A) sent B) had sent C) has sent
D) will send E) was sending

4. Choose the correct variant.
They ... in the country when their grandson

- A) were living, had married
B) lived, married
C) were living, married
D) had lived, was marrying
E) lives, will marry

5. Choose the correct variant.
I couldn't pay because I ... all my money.
A) had lost B) has lost C) lost
D) lose E) was losing

6. Choose the correct variant.
I'm so glad you're here. I ... you for ages.
A) didn't see B) don't see
C) hadn't see D) haven't seen
E) didn't saw

7. Choose the correct variant.
Look! That lady ... the last copy of your favourite magazine.

- A) buys B) had bought C) buy
D) is buying E) was buying

8. Choose the correct variant.
I ... a lot of foreign countries in my life.
A) visited B) had visited
C) have visited D) was visiting
E) visit

9. Choose the correct variant.
When I ... in everyone ... loudly.
A) came, was laughing
B) came, had laughed
C) was coming, laugh
D) had come, laugh
E) come, laughed

10. Choose the correct variant.
They ... on the phone for over an hour yesterday.
A) have talked B) talked
C) talk D) was talking
E) have been talked

TEST 30

1. Choose the correct variant.
Jane ... at six every day, but today she ... late.

- A) is finishing, is working
B) is finishing, works
C) finishes, is working
D) finishes, works
E) finish, worked

2. Choose the correct variant.
They ... to Madrid at five yesterday evening.

- A) will fly B) were flying
C) had flown D) have flown
E) fly

3. Choose the correct variant.
I ... he is a very good singer.
A) am not thinking B) wasn't thinking
C) don't think D) doesn't think
E) didn't thought

4. Choose the correct variant.
Please, phone later. James ... a bath.
A) has B) is having C) has got
D) had E) have

5. Choose the correct variant.
When ... the University?
A) did you finish B) have you finished
C) does you finish D) had you finished
E) have you finish

6. Choose the correct variant.
How many cars ... ?

- A) has your family got
- B) your family has got
- C) has got your family
- D) does your family got
- E) does your family has got

7. Choose the correct variant.

I ... anything to eat since the early morning.

- A) didn't have
- B) haven't get
- C) haven't had
- D) hadn't had
- E) didn't had

8. Choose the correct variant.

... where you live?

- A) Do she knows
- B) Do she know
- C) Does she knows
- D) Does she know
- E) Is she knowing

9. Choose the correct variant.

You look worried. What ... about?

- A) do you think
- B) had you thought
- C) have you thought
- D) are you thinking
- E) did you thought

10. Choose the correct variant.

They ... the film and ... to bed.

- A) watched, went
- B) watched, had gone
- C) had watched, had gone
- D) had watched, have gone
- E) were watching, gone

TEST 31

1. Choose the correct variant.

I think your brother ... very clever and brave.

- A) was
- B) is
- C) shall be
- D) would be
- E) were

2. Choose the correct variant.

She didn't know the guests ... late.

- A) come
- B) would come
- C) will come
- D) have come
- E) has come

3. Choose the correct variant.

They understood that they ... a mistake.

- A) makes
- B) make
- C) had made
- D) are making
- E) will make

4. Choose the correct variant.

Children thought no one ... them.

- A) can see
- B) sees
- C) was seeing
- D) could see
- E) couldn't see

5. Choose the correct variant.

She changed her mind after she ... about it for several days.

- A) thought
- B) thinks
- C) had thought
- D) was thinking
- E) had been thinking

6. Choose the correct variant.

We decided that John ... the front door.

- A) will watch
- B) has watched
- C) would watch
- D) watches
- E) watch

7. Choose the correct variant.

I didn't realize you ... the piano so beautifully.

- A) played
- B) will play
- C) play
- D) plays
- E) had played

8. Choose the correct variant.

I don't know who ... chemistry better than she does.

- A) understood
- B) understand
- C) had understood
- D) understands
- E) is understanding

9. Choose the correct variant.

She closed the door but the window ... open all night.

- A) is
- B) will be
- C) has been
- D) are
- E) would be

10. Choose the correct variant.

Ann didn't go in because she ... afraid of ghosts.

- A) was
- B) has been
- C) is
- D) will be
- E) does

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- Setting targets for future is important.
- There was a horrifying scene in the middle of the film.
- We were driving home on a wintry day.
- After finishing school I moved to Edinburgh.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

2. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- These feelings were totally foreign and unwelcome.
- It was boring to read that book.
- They enjoy exploring the unspoilt countryside.
- We recommend booking early to avoid any disappointment.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- Taking a trip to the countryside is a good idea.
- We noticed a pub advertising bar meals.
- She finished clearing the mess in the kitchen.
- I can't live in such noisy surroundings.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- Yesterday's match was very exciting.
- I prefer going on holiday to Greece.
- I want to stop smoking.
- He doesn't eat fattening food.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

CERUND - TESTLØR

5. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- I hate causing you so much inconvenience.
- Gulnara's job was very tiring.
- Ann loves going to the supermarket.
- Whenever he saw her art, new feelings emerged.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct sentence with the Gerund.

- Mandy is still working in the garden.
- Our journey was very exhausting!
- New alloys have appeared during the last decades.
- A video phone allows us to see the face of the person speaking.
- I'm annoyed about losing all that money.

7. Choose the correct sentence with the Gerund.

- Julia was training to be a designer.
- The dietician suggested not eating between meals.
- Their new neighbours looked at us smiling.
- Be careful while crossing the road.
- The boy riding a bike is my friend's son.

8. Choose the correct sentence with the Gerund.

- Natasha began learning Japanese last year.
- People often see me wheeling my trolley round the supermarkets.
- A few rumours have been spreading recently.
- I'm going to vote for the former president.
- The local companies were running a risk.

9. Choose the correct sentence with the Gerund.

1. I hate worrying my parents.
 2. By criticizing the boss he risked losing his job.
 3. We like to listen to relaxing music.
 4. The buildings blocked the sun.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. I'll do some digging in the surrounding areas.
 2. I love eating at restaurants.
 3. I stopped running as I needed a drink of water.
 4. Driving a car a man tries to keep steady speed.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Depressing news filled the morning papers.
 2. There was nothing on the red planet, no signs of buildings, no life.
 3. They began looking for something.
 4. Lying on the beach all day is an unusual experience for me.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

2. Choose the correct sentence with the Gerund.

- A) Everyone is talking about her achievements.
- B) My electric shaver is not working.
- C) I was going to pack my copy of «Russian Beginners».
- D) Why don't we stop spending money on junk food?
- E) I want to do something interesting.

3. Choose the correct sentence with the Gerund.

- A) I'll never forget visiting Thailand for the first time.
- B) The story written by him is rather thrilling.
- C) While chopping vegetables, she cut her finger.
- D) I often think of my friends living in Paris.
- E) Entering the house, I heard some strange noise.

4. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Living in the country, they enjoyed beautiful nature.
 2. Living in the city center cost them much.
 3. His head was aching that night.
 4. She couldn't avoid quarreling.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. I am annoyed about losing all that money.
 2. After a brief interruption, the professor continued lecturing.
 3. The coach training our volleyball team is a good sportsman.
 4. While being a teacher of deaf people Bell became interested in sound and its transmission.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Moscow is experiencing a building boom.
 2. I don't like playing squash very much.
 3. The champion suddenly stopped running.
 4. She might be offered an alluring job.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Dean Cain is afraid of flying.
 2. The government has responded to public pressure by abolishing the new tax.
 3. Jefferson's building was the largest library in the world.
 4. Brandon's feelings about the event were intense, even after all those years.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

8. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. The house is in beautiful surroundings.
 2. They went on sleeping for another two hours.
 3. He thought the museum was fascinating.
 4. Maintaining constant temperature and pressure was necessary.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Tom fell asleep while watching TV.
 2. I am trying to finish the letter.
 3. If you continue neglecting your duties you'll be fined.
 4. It's important that people enjoy doing their job.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Waiting in the hall he thought over the problem.
2. The garden was full of laughing and shouting children.
3. Mum, can't I go on watching TV for a while?

4. My father was a proud man and hated asking for charity.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. It's important to think about other people's feelings.
 2. People have to pay a fine for littering.
 3. Many people insist on continuing their conversation.
 4. The building is virtually empty.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

2. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. The wearing style is important.
 2. It determines the meanings we give to them.
 3. In spite of being poor, you can get good medical care in Britain.
 4. After defining the problems try to help them.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. They dislike complimenting on the clothes of the people.
 2. Some people insist on leaving their phones on.
 3. It's bad to interrupt somebody while speaking.
 4. Differences in the social behaviour are also disappearing.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Seven o'clock is the average time for meeting up with friends.
 2. One of arguments in favour of banning mobile phones is the annoyance they cause other people.
 3. If necessary, make posters inviting volunteers.
 4. I agree with what you are saying.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. They add something to support the conversation.
 2. It's inconsiderate of her to go away without telling us.
 3. The activity of mixing socially with others is self-socialization.
 4. People using phones in places like cafes, buses, trains should be discouraged.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. It's really difficult to stop people bringing their mobile phones into public places.
 2. She lives a boring life.
 3. To have loving and caring parents is really important.
 4. I like looking good, so fashion is important for me.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Heads of states are often seen kissing and embracing each other on TV news bulletins.

2. Don't talk without thinking.
3. Many people have mixed feelings about the use of mobile phones in public places.

4. Focusing volunteer efforts on young people improves their chances of success in life.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

8. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. They don't have interesting ideas.
2. I can listen to the sayings and understand their meanings.
3. You need to stop worrying so much.
4. Planning trips in advance was very difficult.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Azerbaijanis say «Nush Olsun» before starting to eat.
2. Listen to the following generalizations.
3. They are interested in travelling.
4. Challenging decisions demand more consideration skills and responsibilities.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Introvert people avoid interacting unnecessarily.
2. They think these are interesting subjects.
3. Being a teenager is a chore duty.
4. While we were driving back to the station very fast, a policeman stopped us.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- The snow covering the ground was very deep.
 - The girl listening to the tale was very excited.
 - Tahir doesn't mind going to the station.
 - Why do you dislike hunting?
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

2. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- We were sailing slowly when a terrible storm broke out.
 - A magician named Merlin came to King and suggested helping him.
 - Don't you mind waiting outside a moment?
 - My mother was making sandwiches early.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- She enjoys reading detective stories.
- Scientists puzzle over the drawing which seems to show a connection of the Caspian Sea and the world ocean.
- What do you do for keeping your city clean?
- Horses can twist their ears around to listen to sounds coming from all directions.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- Monkeys like playing jokes on people.
- The club is organizing games for amusing children.

3. Thank you for such interesting information.

4. Changing the sentences into the Direct speech was difficult for him.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- You can see all the fishes, whales, and dolphins swimming in the oceans.
- Sleeping Scottish soldiers awoke because they heard the shouts of the enemy soldiers.
- What don't your classmates mind doing?
- Can you imagine living in a place which is four times colder than your freezer?

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- Which place is good for playing golf?
- They help me in challenging situations.
- Trying to contact with M. Isaacs made me exhausted.
- You are talking too much.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

- Some people prefer staying in hostels.
- I remember having more time for myself.
- American painters are being influenced by European artists.
- She appreciated the fresh air and breathtaking views.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

8. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. But very little water on the Earth is good for drinking.

2. The building was designed by Sedefkar Mehmet.

3. The collections occupy a large complex of six historic buildings including the Winter Palace.

4. Eloquent is being fluent or persuasive in speaking or writing.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. I looked forward to mixing with new people.

2. If you don't stop making that noise, I'll send you outside.

3. It's impossible to arrange a meeting with him now.

4. Are you accusing me for this fault?

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Companies manage complexity by planning and budgeting.

2. She started Hoovering the rooms.

3. You were running a risk.

4. A bump at the top of the hill was causing a lot of excitement.

- A) 3,4 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 1,2 E) 1,4

TEST 5

1. Choose the **incorrect** sentence with the Gerund.

A) She admitted being married Mr. Philips for his money.

B) We don't mind going there by train.

C) You should start studying for an exam.

D) He regrets misbehaving.

E) A thinking mind is a beautiful thing.

2. Choose the **incorrect** sentence with the Gerund.

A) Both companies denied discharging any toxic waste.

B) I stopped going to the zoo two years ago.

C) Your passport needs renewing before you go on holiday.

D) You can measure the force acting on the body.

E) I wasn't in the habit of driving on the left in London.

3. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Students studying foreign languages should read special literature in the original.

2. The scientists discussing this problem will take part in the conference.

3. Do you remember going there when you were a kid?

4. Begin enjoying the simple things in life.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Extrovert people enjoy being in a group.

2. I belief that learning determines personality.

3. Walking in the forest, the children suddenly saw a wolf.

4. The boys kept silence, thinking about the teacher's question.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. Running in the yard, the girl fell and hurt her knee.
2. Taking the dictionary, he looked up the unknown word.
3. A method of rapid writing by means of abbreviations and symbols is shorthand.
4. Stop over-scheduling and spend quality time with friends and family.

A) 1,2 B) 3,4 C) 2,3
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. A system is a good mixture of integrated parts working together.
2. Making these experiments we can compare the weight of elements.
3. Dining out in attractive surroundings is one of the life's great pleasure.
4. Jane is fond of figure skating.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. They began their day with high jumping.
2. I have been thinking about my choice for two years.
3. Ancient people tamed wild animals to feed the growing generation.
4. I'm now considering joining a swimming team.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

8. Choose the correct sentences with the Gerund.

1. She can't express her feelings and thoughts.
2. She is a loving mother.

3. I hate speaking in front of the audience.

4. We prefer drinking green tea during the coffee break.

A) 1,2 B) 3,4 C) 2,3
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct sentence with the Gerund.

- A) She looked up all the surrounding hotels.
- B) The depressing effect of the heat and humidity is greatly relieved by afternoon breezes from the sea.
- C) I stopped running to have a rest.
- D) The 5th generation computers performing 100 billion operations in a second will be available in the near future.
- E) Listening to the lecture, students usually make notes.

10. Choose the correct sentence with the Gerund.

- A) The board members went on discussing the next item on the agenda.
- B) The professor delivering lectures on mathematics is a well-known specialist.
- C) He didn't pay much attention to his surroundings.
- D) I'm not overly anxious to get back on that depressing ship.
- E) People emerged from the building that looked abandoned.

PASSIVE VOICE - TESTS

TEST 1

1. Change the sentence to passive voice.
One of the cleaners has found my purse.

- A) One of the cleaners has been found my purse.
- B) My purse has found by the cleaners.
- C) My purse had been found.
- D) My purse has been found.
- E) My purse has been found one of the cleaners.

2. Change the sentence to passive voice.
The robber hit him on the head with a hammer.

- A) He was been hit on his head with a hammer.
- B) The robber was hit him on the head with a hammer.
- C) He is hit on his head with a hammer.
- D) With a hammer was hit he on the head.
- E) He was hit on his head with a hammer.

3. Change the sentence to passive voice.
The government has built a new road in this area.

- A) A new road has been built in this area.
- B) A new road has been built in this area the government.
- C) The government has been built a new road.
- D) A new road had been built in this area.
- E) This area has been built on the road by government.

4. Change the sentence to passive voice.
The assistant handed me a note.

- A) A note was been handed me.
- B) The assistant is handed me a note.
- C) I was handed a note by the assistant.
- D) A note was handed by me to the assistant.
- E) I was been handed a note by the assistant.

MÖCHUL NÖV - TESTLÄR

5. Change the sentence to passive voice.
We elected John a class representative.

- A) We were elected class representative.
- B) We were been elected class representative.
- C) Class representative was elected by John.
- D) John was elected class representative.
- E) John was elected class representative by we.

6. Change the sentence to passive voice.
Someone has taken my wallet.

- A) My wallet had been taken.
- B) Someone was taken my wallet.
- C) My wallet has been taken.
- D) Someone has been taken my wallet.
- E) My wallet has taken by someone.

7. Change the sentence to passive voice.
Many people use bicycles as a means of transport.

- A) Many people are used bicycles as a means of transport.
- B) Bicycles are been used as a means of transport by many people.
- C) As a means of transport is used bicycles by many people.
- D) Many people have been used bicycles.
- E) Bicycles are used as a means of transport.

8. Change the sentence to passive voice.
They advised me to get a visa.

- A) I was advised to get a visa.
- B) They are advised me to get a visa.
- C) I was been advised to get a visa.
- D) I was advised to get a visa them.
- E) They were advised me to get a visa.

9. Change the sentence to passive voice.
They were rebuilding the old road when I drove by.

- A) They were being rebuilding the old road.
- B) The old road was being rebuilt by they.

- C) The old road was rebuilt when I drove by.
 D) The old road was being rebuilt when I drove by.
 E) When I drove by they would be rebuilt the old road.

10. Change the sentence to passive voice.
The local council opened a new shopping center.

- A) A new shopping center was opened the local council.
 B) A new shopping center was opened by the local council.
 C) The local council was been opened by a new shopping center.
 D) The local council will be opened by.
 E) A new shopping center had been opened.

TEST 2

1. Change the sentence to passive voice.

They haven't decided anything yet.

- A) Nothing has been decided yet.
 B) Nothing hasn't been decided yet.
 C) Nothing has been decided yet them.
 D) They have been decided nothing yet.
 E) Anything have been decided yet.

2. Change the sentences to passive voice.

The crowd filled the new stadium.

- A) The new stadium was filled the crowd.
 B) The crowd will be filled the new stadium.
 C) The crowd was been filled the new stadium.
 D) The new stadium was filled by the crowd.
 E) The new stadium had been filled.

3. Change the sentences to passive voice.

Someone has suggested that the shop should close this department.

- A) Someone has suggested that the shop is closed by this department.
 B) Someone has suggested that this department has been closed.
 C) Someone has suggested that this department should close by the shop.

- D) Someone has been suggested that the shop should close.
 E) Someone has suggested that this department should be closed.

4. Change the sentences to passive voice.
Dad used a knife to open the window.

- A) Dad was used a knife to open the window.
 B) A knife was been used to open the window.
 C) A knife was used to open the window.
 D) The window was used by dad to open.
 E) Dad is used a knife to open the window.

5. Change the sentences to passive voice.
The waitress will bring you your drinks in a minute.

- A) The waitress will be bring you your drinks in a minute.
 B) The waitress will be brought you your drinks in a minute.
 C) Your drinks will be brought in a minute the waitress.
 D) Your drinks will be brought in a minute.
 E) You would be brought your drinks in a minute by the waitress.

6. Change the sentences to passive voice.
Nobody ever heard anything of John again.

- A) Nobody never heard anything of John again.
 B) Nobody was ever heard anything of John again.
 C) Nothing was ever heard of John again.
 D) Anything was ever heard of John again.
 E) Nothing had ever been heard of John again.

7. Change the sentences to passive voice.
People asked me the way three times.

- A) I was asked the way three times.
 B) People were asked me the way three times.
 C) The way was asked three times by me.
 D) People had been asked the way.
 E) I was been asked the way three times.

8. Change the sentence to passive voice.
Lots of people had parked the cars on the pavement.

- A) On the pavement was parked the cars by lots of people.
- B) Lots of people had been parked the cars on the pavement.
- C) The cars had been parked on the pavement.
- D) The cars had parked on the pavement by lots of people.
- E) The cars were parked on the pavement.

9. Change the sentence to passive voice.
The helpers have not packed the boxes yet.

- A) The boxes have been packed yet.
- B) The boxes haven't been packed yet the helpers.
- C) The helpers have been not packed yet the boxes.
- D) The helpers haven't be packed the boxes yet.
- E) The boxes have not yet been packed yet.

10. Change the sentence to passive voice.
They will prepare the food.

- A) The food will be prepared them.
- B) The food will be prepared.
- C) The food will prepared by them.
- D) They will be prepared the food.
- E) They would be prepared the food.

TEST 3

1. Change the sentence to passive voice.

They will launch the new ship next week.

- A) The new ship will launched next week.
- B) They will be launched a new ship next week.
- C) The new ship will be launched next week.
- D) The new ship will be launched them.
- E) The new ship was launched by them.

2. Change the sentence to passive voice.
Christopher Wren built the church in the 17th century.

- A) Christopher Wren was built the church in the 17th century.

B) The church had been built by Christopher Wren in the 17th century.

C) Christopher Wren is built the church in the 17th century.

D) The church was built Christopher Wren in the 17th century.

E) The church was built by Christopher Wren in the 17th century.

3. Change the sentence to passive voice.
Beckham scored the goal in the 35th minute.

A) The goal was scored by Beckham in the 35th minute.

B) The goal was been scored in 35th minute.

C) Beckham was scored the goal in the 35th minute.

D) The goal had been scored by Beckham in the 35th minute.

E) The goal was scored Beckham in the 35th minute.

4. Change the sentence to passive voice.
We serve all main courses with vegetables and salad.

A) We are served all main courses with vegetables and salad.

B) All main courses is served with vegetables and salad.

C) Vegetables and salad are served by us as main courses.

D) All main courses are served with vegetables and salad us.

E) All main courses are served with vegetables and salad.

5. Change the sentence to passive voice.
Someone pushed Harry over the railing.

A) Someone was pushed over the railing by Harry.

B) Harry is pushed over the railing.

C) Harry was pushed over the railing.

D) Over the railing someone had pushed.

E) Harry had been pushed over the railing.

6. Change the sentence to passive voice.
Someone sold this old hat to my wife.

A) This old hat is sold to my wife.

B) This old hat was been sold to my wife.

- C) This old hat was sold to my wife.
 D) Someone was been sold this old hat to my wife.
 E) My wife has been sold this old hat.

7. Change the sentence to passive voice.
Someone broke into my office.

- A) Someone was been broken into my office.
 B) Someone was broken into my office.
 C) My office has been broken into.
 D) My office was broken into.
 E) My office was broken into someone.

8. Change the sentence to passive voice.
The headmaster will contact you.

- A) You will be contact by the headmaster.
 B) The headmaster would be contacted you.
 C) You would be contacted by the headmaster.
 D) The headmaster has been contacted you.
 E) You will be contacted by the headmaster.

9. Change the sentence to passive voice.
They introduced me to her husband.

- A) They were introduced me to her husband.
 B) I was introduced to her husband.
 C) Her husband had been introduced to me.
 D) I was been introduced to her husband.
 E) They were introduced to her husband by me.

10. Change the sentence to passive voice.
Edison invented the gramophone.

- A) The gramophone was invented by Edison.
 B) The gramophone was been invented by Edison.
 C) The gramophone is invented by Edison.
 D) Edison was invented the gramophone.
 E) Edison has been invented the gramophone.

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.

- A) Are the films made in Bollywood interesting?
 B) What kind of films are made in Hollywood?
 C) These are the shoes made in Canada.
 D) The rules presented by our new director are strict.
 E) Were the rules been written by the managers?

2. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.

- A) None of the rooms were been cleaned.
 B) This is the school building collapsed during the war.
 C) All of the dishes were washed by our servant.
 D) Nobody was been seen in the darkness.
 E) The walls of her room haven't painted yet.

3. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.

- A) Were the questions asked by the students pointless?
 B) Were all these questions asked by your students?
 C) When were the questions been asked by the students?
 D) Why were the questions asked by the students difficult?
 E) Were these the questions asked by the students?

4. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.

- A) The Browns have sent me the copy of the leasing agreement.
 B) I was interested in fashion industry in my youth.
 C) He earned his money by hard work.
 D) When she left the city her telegram had not been sent.
 E) Have you learned all these poems by heart?

5. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Were these buildings built 500 years ago?
 2. Were these the buildings built 500 years ago?
 3. Were the blackberries bought yesterday tasty?
 4. Were the blackberries bought yesterday?
- A) 1, 2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

6. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Are the cars sold at Auto Galleries expensive?
 2. Are the songs sung at the Music class lovely?
 3. Are the cars sold in special shops?
 4. Are the songs sung at the Music class?
- A) 1, 2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

7. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Is the kid protected from the harm safe?
 2. Were the problems raised at the meeting urgent?
 3. Was the kid protected from harm?
 4. Were the problems raised at the meeting?
- A) 1, 2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

8. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Were these portraits drawn by S. Bahlulzadeh?
 2. Were these antique tables made in Ganja?
 3. Were these the portraits drawn by S. Bahlulzadeh?
 4. Were the tables made in Ganja antique?
- A) 1, 2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

9. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Was the concert delayed a week ago important?
 2. Was the concert delayed because of bad weather?
 3. Are these facilities offered to the families?
 4. Are the facilities offered to the families excellent?
- A) 1, 2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

10. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Are these pictures made by orphan children?
 2. Were the visitors shown a collection of old carpets?
 3. Are these the carpets made by blind children?
 4. Were these the old carpets shown to the visitors?
- A) 1, 2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. These souvenirs are made by hand.
 2. The souvenirs made by Turkish masters were excellent.
 3. Are these souvenirs made by your grandpa?
 4. Are these the souvenirs made by your grandpa?
- A) 1, 2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

2. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Was the report made by her new?
 2. Was the report made by her?
 3. Were these buildings repaired again?
 4. Were there any buildings repaired again?
- A) 1, 2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

3. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.
1. Have the pupils been to Martyrs Avenue?
 2. Is Martyrs Avenue often visited by the pupils?
 3. Were these soldiers given holiday packages?
 4. Were these the soldiers given holiday packages?
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.
1. The main product for it was imported from China.
 2. The main product imported from China was cheap.
 3. The trees were cut for making paper.
 4. The trees cut by this company is for making paper.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.
1. Silk clothes are usually chosen for wedding ceremony.
 2. Silk clothes chosen for wedding ceremony are wonderful.
 3. Are silk clothes chosen for wedding ceremony expensive?
 4. Are these silk clothes chosen for wedding ceremony?
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.
1. All the food was cooked from fresh vegetables.
 2. No one knows the vegetables used for this meal.
 3. Fresh vegetables have always been used in this nation's cuisine.
 4. Nowadays people use vegetables brought from tropical countries.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.
1. The question is never raised.
 2. Was the news brought yesterday bad?
 3. Is the package sent to Vietnam urgent?
 4. He wasn't punished as he wasn't guilty.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

8. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.
1. The stairs in their cottage are made of walnut-tree.
 2. Is there any furniture made of walnut-tree?
 3. Is the furniture made of walnut-tree expensive?
 4. What are the stairs made of?
- A) 1,2 B) 1,4 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 2,3

9. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.
1. Are such bags sold in this shop?
 2. Are such bags sold in this shop expensive?
 3. Where are such bags sold?
 4. Are there any bags made of leather?
- A) 1,2 B) 1,4 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 2,3

10. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.
1. Cavanshir has looked after his little brother.
 2. Cavanshir was looked after by his brother.
 3. Cavanshir had been looked after by his granny.
 4. Cavanshir looked after his little brother.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,4 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 2,3

TEST 6

1. Which sentences can be changed into Passive Voice?
1. She recognized the robber immediately.

2. The robber disappeared in the darkness.

3. The weather changed suddenly.

4. We found her purse.

- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

2. Which sentences **can be changed** into Passive Voice?

1. The weather will change soon.

2. Someone affected his thoughts.

3. One of the kids fell into the river.

4. The professor helped the student.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

3. Which sentences **cannot be changed** into Passive Voice?

1. She couldn't sleep because of the noise.

2. The owner has sent the bill to the tenants.

3. Andy will arrive in Miami at noon.

4. His dumb son drew these wonderful pictures.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

4. Which sentences **can be changed** into Passive Voice?

1. Our cat hurt its tail by accident.

2. Last year it snowed heavily.

3. A group of drunken men came into the restaurant.

4. The doctor will examine the patient soon.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

5. Which sentences **cannot be changed** into Passive Voice?

1. The summit took place at 11 P.M.

2. The president took his secretary to the meeting.

3. Their team scored a goal in the last 15 minutes.

4. The conference started on time.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

6. Which sentences **cannot be changed** into Passive Voice?

1. This is a special restaurant.

2. Jane bought a new ring.

3. They never eat out.

4. She put the letter into her pocket.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

7. Which sentences **can be changed** into Passive Voice?

1. The weatherman appeared on TV.

2. The carpet in our living room covers the whole floor.

3. He always borrows books from the library.

4. The rain was unexpected.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

8. Which sentences **cannot be changed** into Passive Voice?

1. Who helped you?

2. What films do they watch?

3. What happened?

4. When does it snow?

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

9. Which sentences **can be changed** into Passive Voice?

1. The wheel broke down last night.

2. They earn a lot, but spend very little.

3. The students planted all these flowers.

4. The postman finally brought our package.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

10. Which sentences **cannot be changed** into Passive Voice?

1. The boy opened the gate.

2. Someone helped them.

3. It happened on a cold winter night.

4. I came late.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

TEST 4

1. Change the interrogative sentence into Passive Voice.

When will James repair the car?

A) When will the car been repaired?

B) When would the car be repaired?

- C) When will be repaired the car?
 D) When the car will be repaired?
 E) When will the car be repaired?

2. Change the interrogative sentence into Passive Voice.

Do many people begin new projects in January?

- A) Are new projects begun in January?
 B) Were new projects began in January by many people?
 C) Do new projects begin by many people in January?
 D) Is new projects begun in January by many people?
 E) Are new projects been begun in January?

3. Change the interrogative sentence into Passive Voice.

Why did they push the car?

- A) Why was the car been pushed?
 B) Why was the car pushed them?
 C) Why was the car pushed?
 D) Why they were pushed the car?
 E) Why the car was pushed by them?

4. Change the interrogative sentence into Passive Voice.

When did they tell us to leave the room?

- A) When were we been told to leave the room?
 B) When were we told to leave the room?
 C) When we were told to leave the room by them?
 D) When were we told to leave the room them?
 E) When were they told us to leave the room?

5. Change the interrogative sentence into Passive Voice.

Have the doctors made the announcements over the loudspeakers?

- A) Have the announcements made by doctors?
 B) Have the doctors been made the announcements?
 C) Had the announcements been made by doctors?

- D) Have the announcements been made by doctors?
 E) Were the announcements been made by doctors?

6. Change the interrogative sentence into Passive Voice.

Where did jellyfish sting her?

- A) Where did she sting by jellyfish?
 B) Where was she been stung by jellyfish?
 C) Where was she stung jellyfish?
 D) Where was jellyfish stung she by?
 E) Where was she stung by jellyfish?

7. Change the interrogative sentence into Passive Voice.

Who gave her a nice present?

- A) Who was she given a nice present by?
 B) Who was she been given a nice present by?
 C) Who has she been given a nice present by?
 D) By whom she was given a nice present?
 E) Who was she given a nice present?

8. Change the interrogative sentence into Passive Voice.

How do you write that word?

- A) How are you written that word?
 B) How that word is written?
 C) How is that word written?
 D) How was that word written?
 E) How is that word written you?

9. Change the interrogative sentence into Passive Voice.

Can you learn French easily?

- A) Can you be learned French easily?
 B) Can French been learned easily?
 C) Can French be learned easily you?
 D) Can be you learned French easily?
 E) Can French be learned easily?

10. Change the interrogative sentence into Passive Voice.

Why had they torn down the old theatre?

- A) Why had the old theatre been torn down them?
 B) Why had the old theatre been torn down?

- C) Why has the old theatre been torn down?
 D) Why had they been torn down the old theatre?
 E) Why had the old theatre torn down by them?

TEST 8

1. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.

The audience loudly cheered the Mayor's speech.

- A) The audience was loudly cheered by the Mayor's speech.
 B) The Mayor's speech was loudly cheered.
 C) The Mayor's speech had been cheered by the audience.
 D) The audience were loudly cheered.
 E) The Mayor's speech cheered loudly by the audience.

2. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.

- A) The Governor gave him a reward.
 B) The enemy has defeated our army.
 C) By whom was grammar taught to you?
 D) The people will make him President.
 E) Somebody has put out the light.

3. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.
They propose to build a dam for irrigation purposes.

- A) To build a dam for irrigation purposes is proposed by them.
 B) They were proposed to build a dam for irrigation purposes.
 C) Irrigation purposes are proposed to build a dam.
 D) A dam for irrigation purposes are proposed to build by them.
 E) They are proposed to build a dam.

4. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.

- A) The delegation will meet the visitors at the airport.
 B) The delegation will be met the visitors at the airport.

- C) The visitors will be meet at the airport by the delegation.
 D) The visitors will been met at the airport by them.
 E) The visitors will be met at the airport.

5. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.

They had finished the preparations by the time the guests arrived.

- A) They had been finished the preparations.
 B) They have been finished the preparations.
 C) The preparations had been finished.
 D) The preparations have been finished.
 E) They were been finished the preparations.

6. Which sentence **can be changed** into Passive Voice?

- A) Many people begin new projects in January.
 B) His behaviour was very surprising.
 C) It was getting dark.
 D) Their new house is far from here.
 E) We arrived home late at night.

7. Which sentence **can't be changed** into Passive Voice?

- A) All workers will read the memo.
 B) Nobody can beat Tiger Woods at golf.
 C) They also speak German at EU meetings.
 D) The spider scared her.
 E) The truck weighted 2.5 tons.

8. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.

- A) The sheep were gazing in the field.
 B) They have been abroad for a long time.
 C) The weather has been damp since we came here.
 D) Honey is made by bees.
 E) They were been invited by us.

9. Change the sentence into Passive.

- Didn't she tell you the truth?**
 A) Were you told the truth?

- B) Wasn't she told the truth?
 C) Didn't you tell her the truth?
 D) Weren't the truth told you?
 E) Weren't you been told the truth by her?

10. Change the sentence in Passive Voice
When do they serve Breakfast in Pierrot's Restaurant?

- A) When do Breakfast served?
 B) When are they served Breakfast?
 C) When is Breakfast served?
 D) When was Breakfast served?
 E) When does Breakfast serve?

TEST 9

1. Change the sentence into Passive form.
The gardener has planted some fir-trees.

- A) The gardener has been planted some fir-trees.
 B) Some fir-trees were been planted by the gardener.
 C) Some fir-trees has been planted by the gardener.
 D) Some fir-trees have been planted.
 E) Some fir-trees have been planted the gardener.

2. Change the sentence into Passive form.
Who cleans the rooms in this guesthouse?

- A) Who is the rooms cleaned by in this guesthouse?
 B) Who are the rooms cleaned in this guesthouse?
 C) By whom were the rooms cleaned in this guesthouse?
 D) Who are the rooms cleaned by in this guesthouse?
 E) By whom are cleaned the rooms in this guesthouse?

3. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.

- A) Pyramids were built by Egyptians.
 B) Coffee are grown in Brazil.

- C) Chopsticks is used in China.
 D) The thief is arrested by policeman yesterday.
 E) The car will been repaired tomorrow.

4. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.

The mail-order company sent Mrs.Green a parcel.

- A) The mail-order company was sent Mrs.Green a parcel.
 B) Mrs.Green were sent a parcel by the mail-order company.
 C) A parcel was send to Mrs.Green.
 D) Mrs.Green was sent a parcel.
 E) A parcel was sent to the mail-order company by Mrs.Green.

5. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.

The traffic warden had already given him a ticket for illegal parking.

- A) The traffic warden had been already given a ticket for illegal parking.
 B) He has been given a ticket for illegal parking.
 C) He had been gave a ticket for illegal parking by the traffic warden.
 D) A ticket for illegal parking had given him by the traffic warden.
 E) A ticket for illegal parking had been given him.

6. Which sentences **can be changed** into Passive Voice?

1. People must obey the law.
 2. There were 30 people at the party.
 3. Bob has sold Ted a second-hand car.
 4. This seat is vacant.
 A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,4
 D) 1,4 E) 2,3

7. Choose the sentences in the Passive form.

1. Bananas are grown in Africa.
 2. Were there any bananas grown in Africa?

3. Are these bananas grown in Africa fresh?
4. Were these bananas grown in Africa?
- A) 1,4 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 2,4 E) 1,2

8. Choose the sentences in the Passive form.

- A) The book is not interesting so I am bored.
B) The window broken by us was Mr. Ali's.
C) The speech made by him was very impressive.
D) Our bill was brought by the waiter.
E) The dinner made by mother was yummy.

9. Choose the sentences in the Passive form.

1. The results of the survey were announced.
2. The fallen leaves covered the path.
3. The boy won this prize was surprised.
4. The park was covered with snow.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 2,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the sentences in the Passive form.

- A) The Germans were defeated by the Allies in World War 2.
B) The defeated enemy army was obliged to leave the country.
C) The defeated Germans were sad.
D) The Germans defeated by The Allies lost the war.
E) The Allies defeated the Germans with the help of the heavy weapons.

TEST 10

1. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.

The ambassadors have already attended all the meetings.

- A) All the meetings have already been attended by the ambassadors.

- B) All the meetings have already attended by the ambassadors.
C) All the ambassadors were attended all the meetings.
D) The ambassadors have already been attended all the meetings.
E) All the meetings had already been attended by the ambassadors.

2. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.

Raphael Santi drew these paintings.

- A) These paintings were drawn by Raphael Santi.
B) These paintings drew by Raphael Santi.
C) These paintings have been drawn by Raphael Santi.
D) These paintings are drawn by Raphael Santi.
E) Raphael Santi was drawn these paintings.

3. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.

Did he organize the party?

- A) Was the party organized by him?
B) Has the party organized by him?
C) Was he organized the party?
D) Was the party been organized by him?
E) Has the party been organized by him?

4. Choose the sentences in the Passive form.

1. There were a lot of abounded places.
2. This film was shown for several times.
3. This was the film shown for several times.
4. The places were left by Indians.
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 3, 4
D) 1, 3 E) 1, 4

5. Which sentences cannot be changed into Passive?

1. The train left at 6:30.
2. They sent him on a business trip.
3. The president signed the contract.
4. The crash was terrible.
- A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2
D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

6. Choose the sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Are there any plans made by you?
2. You have been late today again.
3. All the materials have been used.
4. Our lunch was served by this waiter.

A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

7. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Were these jackets made of linen?
2. Were these the jackets made of linen?
3. Were these the parcels brought from the USA?
4. Were these parcels brought from the USA?

A) 3,4 B) 2,3 C) 2,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

8. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.

The nation has always respected the president.

- A) The president has always been respected by the nation.
- B) The president has always respected by the nation.
- C) The nation has always been respected by the nation.
- D) The president was always been respected by the president.
- E) The nation were always been respected by the president.

9. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.

The German traffic warden showed the tourists the way to the camp.

- A) The German traffic warden was shown the way to the camp.
- B) The tourists showed the German traffic warden the way to the camp.
- C) The tourists were shown the way to the camp.
- D) The tourists were shown the German traffic warden the way.

E) The way to the camp was been shown to the tourists.

10. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Was the girl taught French?
 2. Was the girl taught French diligent?
 3. Was the girl taught French yours?
 4. Was the girl taught to speak French?
- A) 2,3 B) 1,4 C) 3,4
D) 1,2 E) 2,4

TEST 11

1. Change the sentence into Passive Voice.

Did they give a cup to the winner?

- A) Was a cup been given to the winner?
- B) Were they given a cup by the winner?
- C) Did the winner give a cup?
- D) Has a cup been given to the winner?
- E) Was a cup given to the winner?

2. Which of the following sentences **can be changed** into the Passive Voice?

1. Suddenly the dog barked in the yard.
 2. His blood covered the ground.
 3. The flood was terrible.
 4. The bank lent us some money.
- A) 1,2,3 B) 3,4 C) 1,3,4
D) 2,4 E) 1,3

3. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive Voice.

- A) The taxes will be reduced soon.
- B) The injured people are now in the hospital.
- C) The repaired roof is again broken.
- D) There are many bags made of leather.
- E) The three arrested men are in prison.

4. Choose the sentences in the Passive Voice.

1. Was this package brought to our country by plane?
2. Were the animals hunted by the hunters?

ENGLISH

PASSIVE CAUSATIVE - TESTS

TEST 1

- Choose the correct variant.
We ... the roof ... last year.
A) had had, repaired
B) have, repair
C) have, repaired
D) had, repaired
E) were having, repaired
- Choose the correct variant.
Anne ... her hair ... every Friday afternoon.
A) has, done
B) is having, done
C) has, to do
D) has had, done
E) will have, doing
- Choose the correct variant.
Our neighbours ... a new garage ... at the moment.
A) are, building
B) are having, built
C) have, built
D) are having, build
E) have, build
- Choose the correct variant.
I ... my hard drive ... for a bigger one last week.
A) had had, changed
B) had, changed
C) was having, changed
D) have, change
E) have, changed
- Choose the correct variant.
The surgeon ... the operating room ... this morning.
A) had, disinfected
B) has, disinfected
C) had had, disinfected
D) has had, disinfected
E) have had, disinfected
- Choose the correct variant.
Janet will have the room ... next week.
A) will decorate
B) decorating

MÖCHUL ÍCBAR - TESTLÖR

- Choose the correct variant.
We had the television ... only last year.
A) repair
B) was repairing
C) repaired
D) repairing
E) to repair
- Choose the correct variant.
We didn't have new windows ... because they weren't too expensive.
A) put in
B) putting in
C) to put in
D) had put
E) were putting
- Choose the correct variant.
They have the office ... every evening.
A) clean
B) cleaned
C) to clean
D) cleaning
E) was cleaning
- Choose the correct variant.
You haven't had that photo ... yet.
A) to frame
B) frame
C) framed
D) is framing
E) framing

TEST 2

- Choose the correct variant.
Did Paul ... his motorbike ... yesterday?
A) have ... repaired
B) has ... repaired
C) had ... repaired
D) were having ... repairing
E) was having ... repaired
- Choose the correct variant.
She ... her garden ... after every Sunday.
A) was having ... looking
B) has ... to look
C) is having ... looked

- D) had ... looked
E) has ... looked

3. Choose the correct variant.
Dad is going to call a gardener and to have the grass ...

- A) cuts B) is cutting
C) cut D) cutting
E) to cut

4. Choose the correct variant.
We are going ... our new furniture ... tomorrow.

- A) have ... delivered
B) to have ... delivered
C) having ... to deliver
D) had ... delivering
E) had ... delivered

5. Choose the correct variant.
They ... the central heating installed in their house next month.

- A) had B) have
C) will had D) shall have
E) are going to have

6. Choose the correct variant.
The band has just had a new single

- A) to record B) recording
C) recorded D) records
E) has recorded

7. Choose the correct variant.
The director ... the letter ... last week.

- A) have had ... typed
B) has ... typed
C) has ... to type
D) had ... typed
E) had ... to type

8. Choose the correct variant.

Mrs. Brown ... her hair

- A) has ... to style
B) was having ... styled
C) is having ... to style
D) has ... styling
E) have had ... styled

9. Choose the correct variant.

The Adams ... a new roof ... now.

- A) are having ... to put

- B) has had ... put
C) have ... putting
D) are having ... put
E) has had ... put

10. Choose the correct variant.
Will you ... the chimney ...?

- A) have ... swept
B) has ... swept
C) have ... to sweep
D) had ... sweeping
E) had ... to sweep

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct variant.

Julia ... all her clothes ... today.

- A) has had ... ironed
B) has ... ironed
C) is having ... ironed
D) has ... to iron
E) has had ... to iron

2. Choose the correct variant.

He ... some more flowers ... in his garden.

- A) have ... planted
B) has ... to plant
C) is having ... plant
D) had ... planted
E) has ... planting

3. Choose the correct variant.

The teacher ... the blackboard

- A) have ... cleaned
B) had ... cleaned
C) has ... to clean
D) has had ... cleaning
E) has ... cleaning

4. Choose the correct variant.

We must ... our carpets

- A) had ... cleaned
B) have ... to clean
C) are having ... cleaned
D) have ... cleaned
E) to have ... cleaned

5. Choose the correct variant.

I have to ... the brakes on my bike

- A) have got ... oiled

- B) getting ... oiled
C) get ... oiled
D) getting ... to oil
E) got ... oiled

6. Choose the correct variant.
The sculpture is going ... his works ...
A) to get ... exhibited
B) got ... exhibited
C) to get ... to exhibit
D) to have ... exhibiting
E) has ... exhibited

7. Choose the correct variant.
Holly ... a new dress ... next week.
A) had ... sewed
B) will have ... to sew
C) shall have ... to sew
D) has got ... sewed
E) will have ... sewed

8. Choose the correct variant.
Please, ... new curtains ... for your new flat!
A) to have ... made
B) to have ... make
C) have ... made
D) get ... to make
E) get ... making

9. Choose the correct variant.
I ... these heavy boxes ...
A) got ... to move
B) got ... move
C) get ... to move
D) will get ... moved
E) has got ... moved

10. Choose the correct variant.
The government ... all sorts of vegetables ... in this area.
A) has had ... grown
B) has had ... to grow
C) has ... grew
D) got ... growing
E) gets ... to grow

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct variant.

I ... the new computer system ... to my computer next Monday.

- A) have had ... installed
B) had had ... install
C) shall have ... to install
D) have ... installed
E) shall have ... installed

2. Choose the correct variant.

The old man ... the letter ... into French and Spanish.

- A) has had ... to translate
B) had ... translated
C) have ... translated
D) will have ... translate
E) has had ... translate

3. Choose the correct variant.

Carol ... her flat ...

- A) had ... painted
B) has ... to paint
C) has had ... to paint
D) have ... painted
E) will have ... painting

4. Choose the correct variant.

Where did you ... your photo ...?

- A) had ... taken
B) have ... take
C) have ... taken
D) had ... to take
E) had ... took

5. Choose the correct variant.

I ... my fridge ...

- A) have had ... repaired
B) has got ... repaired
C) got ... to repaired
D) had had ... repairing
E) will get ... to repair

6. Choose the correct variant.

He ... the article ...

- A) gets ... to edit
- B) get ... edited
- C) getting ... edit
- D) to get ... edited
- E) got ... edited

7. Choose the correct variant.

Nigar ... her teeth ... recently.

- A) has got ... checked
- B) have got ... checked
- C) has ... checked
- D) had ... to check
- E) will have ... checked

8. Choose the correct variant.

Kamala ... her hair ...

- A) have got ... to dye
- B) has got ... dyed
- C) have got ... dyed
- D) has got ... to dye
- E) got ... dying

9. Choose the correct variant.

I ... the shed ... yesterday.

- A) got ... built
- B) get ... built
- C) got ... to build
- D) have got ... built
- E) had had ... to build

10. Choose the correct variant.

We ... Mr. Jones ... at the airport.

- A) get ... meet
- B) got ... to meet
- C) got ... met
- D) have got ... to meet
- E) have got ... meet

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct variant.

Sean needs ... the cake ...

- A) gets ... made
- B) to get ... made
- C) getting ... make
- D) get ... to make
- E) get ... made

2. Choose the correct variant.

I ... the dog ... in the park for an hour.

- A) have got ... walked
- B) has got ... walked

C) got ... walked

D) get ... to walk

E) got ... walking

3. Choose the correct variant.

The engineer ... the helmets ...

- A) got ... to take
- B) gets ... take
- C) gets ... took
- D) got ... taken
- E) has got ... to take

4. Choose the correct variant.

Helen ... her wedding dress ...

- A) gets ... to make
- B) get ... made
- C) got ... making
- D) got ... made
- E) is getting ... to make

5. Choose the correct variant.

I ... a new computer ...

- A) have ... order
- B) have ... to order
- C) had ... order
- D) have had ... ordering
- E) have had ... ordered

6. Choose the correct variant.

She ... her bookcase ... last week.

- A) got ... to deliver
- B) get ... delivered
- C) gets ... to deliver
- D) got ... delivered
- E) has got ... delivered

7. Choose the correct variant.

They ... their swimming pool ...

- A) will get ... drained
- B) got ... to drain
- C) gets ... drained
- D) has got ... drained
- E) got ... draining

8. Choose the correct variant.

They ... just the leaking pipes ...

- A) have had ... fixed
- B) had had ... to fix
- C) have ... fixed
- D) have ... to fix
- E) have had ... fixing

9. Choose the correct variant.
The doctor ... all the instruments ...
A) got ... to sterilize
B) got ... sterilizing
C) has got ... sterilized
D) get ... sterilized
E) gets ... to sterilize

10. Choose the correct variant.
They ... all the enemies ...
A) got ... killed B) get ... to kill
C) gets ... killed D) got ... to kill
E) have got ... killing

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct variant.
He finally ... the seats ...
A) get ... booked
B) gets ... to book
C) has got ... book
D) got ... booked
E) will get ... to book

2. Choose the correct variant.
Maria ... her jacket ...
A) gets ... to shorten
B) got ... shortened
C) get ... shortened
D) has got ... shorten
E) will get ... shortening

3. Choose the correct variant.
Peter ... his television ...
A) will be having ... repaired
B) will have ... repair
C) had ... to repair
D) has had ... repair
E) have ... repaired

4. Choose the correct variant.
The manager ... the report ...
A) gets ... to write B) got ... wrote
C) got ... written D) has got ... write
E) get ... written

5. Choose the correct variant.
I can ... my homework ...
A) having ... do B) have ... to do
C) had ... to do D) to have ... done
E) have ... done

6. Choose the correct variant.
The café ... the pizza ... to our house
every Saturday.
A) has ... to deliver
B) have had ... delivered
C) has ... delivered
D) had ... deliver
E) has had ... delivered

7. Choose the correct variant.
I am going ... Christmas cards ... to our
clients.
A) to get ... written
B) get ... written
C) gets ... to write
D) got ... write
E) to get ... wrote

8. Choose the correct variant.
The boss had to ... all his meetings ...
A) had ... cancelled
B) have ... to cancel
C) have ... cancelled
D) having ... cancel
E) has ... cancelled

9. Choose the correct variant.
They ... things ... by couriers yet.
A) had had ... to deliver
B) haven't ... delivered
C) haven't got ... deliver
D) haven't had ... delivered
E) haven't had ... delivering

10. Choose the correct variant.
The company ... the health and safety
checks ... by qualified staff.
A) got ... to carry out
B) gets ... carried out
C) has got ... to carry out
D) had got ... carrying
E) gets ... carrying

ENGLISH

PREPOSITION - TESTS

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct preposition.
Scientists are worried ... the future of the environment.

- A) about B) with C) off
D) on E) in

2. Choose the correct prepositions.
... the way ... the library the children found a little tortoise.

- A) At, to B) At, - C) In, in
D) On, - E) On, to

3. Choose the correct preposition.
His mood depends ... the weather.

- A) from B) in C) on
D) to E) for

4. Choose the correct variant.

His answer ... the teacher's question was excellent. He always answers ... the questions correctly.

- A) to, - B) to, to C) -, -
D) from, - E) on, to

5. Choose the correct prepositions.

Why are you insisting ... going to the cinema, I must concentrate ... my exams.

- A) on, to B) in, on C) at, -
D) on, on E) in, at

6. Choose the correct preposition.

Do you always follow ... the school rules?

- A) - B) to C) in
D) on E) at

7. Choose the correct preposition.

I couldn't find any dessert ... the menu.

- A) in B) on C) at
D) to E) -

8. Choose the correct preposition.

The doctor advised her to stay ... bed for a week.

- A) to B) at C) in

SÖZÖNLƏRİ - TESTLƏR

- D) on E) from

10. Choose the correct prepositions.
I don't like to go out ... a rainy day.

- A) on B) in C) to
D) at E) by

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct variant with the prepositions.

- A) to address to the people
B) to enter to the hall
C) to tell to the teacher
D) to marry in him
E) to belong to them

2. Choose the correct preposition.

In order to learn English well you should read the books ... original.

- A) on B) to C) in
D) at E) with

3. Choose the correct preposition.

It is honour for me to speak ... behalf of our ambassador.

- A) on B) in C) to
D) for E) at

4. Choose the **wrong** variant with prepositions.

- A) to speak in a whisper
B) to speak in a low voice
C) to speak to somebody
D) to be in duty
E) to be different from

5. Choose the correct prepositions.

We're planning to hire someone graduated ... Harvard University in order to differ ... the other firms.

- A) -, of B) from, from
C) in, from D) -, -
E) from, of

6. Choose the correct matching.

1. How much did you pay ... this iPhone?

2. Every citizen should pay ... a tax in time?

3. Did you pay your education fee ... cash?

- a. - b. for c. to
d. in e. by
A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c B) 1-c; 2-b; 3-e
C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-d D) 1-a; 2-e; 3-b
E) 1-c; 2-d; 3-a

7. Choose the correct preposition.
As we didn't hear anything we asked her to speak ... a loud voice.

- A) on B) in C) at
D) to E) with

8. Choose the correct preposition.
Their wedding anniversary is ... the 13th of March.

- A) in B) at C) to
D) on E) by

9. Choose the correct preposition.
You should go ... sport in order to be healthy.

- A) in, to B) on, to C) in, on
D) to, - E) in, for

10. Choose the correct preposition.
This monument was built ... the middle ages.

- A) on B) in C) to
D) at E) since

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct variant.
My father usually buys a newspaper ... the morning.

- A) on B) at C) in
D) to E) out of

2. Choose the correct preposition.
Ahmet's grandmother died ... 1990 ... the age of 81.

- A) at, in B) on, in C) in, at
D) on, on E) in, in

3. Choose the correct variant.
I explained ... Susan that it can take several weeks to get a visa to visit Russia.

- A) to B) at C) -

D) on E) in

4. Choose the correct variant.
If you are placing that advertisement in a Japanese newspaper, you'd better translate it ... Japanese.

- A) to B) into C) -
D) at E) on

5. Choose the correct preposition.
I need to talk ... a travel agent to get some advice on our trip.

- A) into B) to C) at
D) - E) for

6. Choose the correct preposition.
Let me get the check. You paid ... dinner last time.

- A) in B) for C) to
D) - E) at

7. Choose the correct variant.
You remind me ... my brother Dave.

- A) to B) of C) -
D) about E) on

8. Choose the correct preposition.
Poor Helen! She suffers ... migraine headaches.

- A) to B) at C) from
D) in E) into

9. Choose the correct variant.
I am not interested ... buying a new car now.

- A) in B) at C) from
D) on E) to

10. Choose the correct variant.
He usually travels to Philadelphia ... train.

- A) with B) by C) onto
D) of E) in

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct variant.
The professor ... South Africa amazed the American students with her stories.

- A) of B) at C) from
D) to E) with

2. Choose the correct preposition.
My cousin is married ... a famous American.
A) from B) in C) for
D) to E) on

3. Choose the correct variant.
He graduated ... Oxford university.
A) on B) from C) out of
D) with E) in

4. Choose the correct variant.
As a scientist, I specialize ... marine biology.
A) in B) from C) for
D) to E) at

5. Choose the correct preposition.
Many children depend ... their parents for money.
A) on B) at C) with
D) to E) for

6. Choose the correct variant.
Our atmosphere consists ... oxygen, nitrogen and carbon dioxide.
A) into B) of C) with
D) for E) at

7. Choose the correct variant.
She insisted ... helping me with the dishes.
A) on B) with C) for
D) about E) in

8. Choose the correct preposition.
I am very fond ... drinking green tea.
A) for B) of C) about
D) at E) on

9. Choose the correct preposition.
My dad shouted ... me because I didn't do what he said.
A) to B) at C) with
D) towards E) on

10. Choose the correct preposition.
I was not quite satisfied ... the exam results.
A) at B) for C) with
D) about E) to

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct variant.
The telephone and the doorbell rang ... the same time.
A) in B) on C) at
D) by E) to

2. Choose the correct variant.
Do you go to school ... bus, or ... foot?
A) by, on B) by, by C) on, on
D) in, by E) on, in

3. Choose the correct variant.
I visited ... Sydney last week. My visit ... Sydney Opera House was amazing.
A) to, to B) to, - C) -, to
D) in, of E) -, -

4. Choose the correct variant.
I bought a book ... poems by Geoffrey Chaucer.
A) to B) of C) from
D) in E) at

5. Choose the correct variant.
Women of our National Team competed ... arrow shooting, wrestling and riding.
A) on B) in C) from
D) under E) by

6. Choose the correct variant.
There was something wrong ... the meat grinder.
A) with B) on C) in
D) for E) at

7. Choose the correct variant.
He attends ... lectures at the University of Nottingham regularly.
A) to B) - C) at
D) by E) in

8. Choose the correct variant.
My brother entered ... the OTTO University in Turkey last year.
A) at B) to C) in
D) - E) on

9. Choose the correct variant.
Nobody believes ... a liar like you.
A) to B) at C) with
D) by E) -

10. Choose the correct sentences with preposition.

1. Respect to others and others will respect to you.
 2. They reached to the city late at night.
 3. Please, explain it to me.
 4. I am thankful to my teachers for what they did.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct sentences with preposition.

1. She arrived to Melbourne yesterday evening.
 2. We reached to their house late.
 3. Helen got to the theatre just on time.
 4. The ship was approaching the port.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

2. Choose the correct sentences with preposition.

1. She always obeys to her parents.
 2. I talked to him about it.
 3. He said to me that he wouldn't return.
 4. He told to the children this secret.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct sentences with preposition.

1. She phoned to me yesterday.
 2. Please, answer to my question.
 3. The director addressed the lazy people at the meeting.
 4. Ann is speaking to her teacher now.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct sentences with preposition.

1. Go to downstairs please, I need your help.
2. Don't go to work by car, the weather is wonderful.

3. I met him on the street.

4. Penguins live on the icy island.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 2,4

5. Choose the correct phrases.

1. leave for Toronto
 2. leave Toronto
 3. get on the car
 4. get into the car
 5. go by a car
- A) 1,2, 4 B) 1,3,5 C) 2,4,5
D) 3,4,5 E) 1,4,5

6. Choose the correct phrases.

1. at the same time
 2. on the same time
 3. on Saturday morning
 4. in Saturday morning
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct phrases.

1. with a dictionary
 2. without a dictionary
 3. lie in the sun
 4. lie on the sun
 5. live on the suburb
- A) 1,4,5 B) 1,3,5 C) 2,4,5
D) 3,4,5 E) 1,2,3

8. How many variants are correct?

1. at the age of 18
 2. from the age of 18
 3. at the city centre
 4. give it to me
 5. give me it
- A) 1 B) 2 C) 3
D) 4 E) 5

9. Choose the correct variant.

Who does the company's decision depend ... ?

- A) off B) on C) from
D) in E) by

10. Choose the correct variant.

Sophia ... us what to do in such a difficult situation.

1. explained 2. said 3. told

4. advised
A) 1,3
D) 2,4

B) 3,4
E) 1,2

C) 2,3

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct variant.

1. It happened ... Christmas Day.

2. We met ... the way home.

3. My granny lives ... the ground floor.

4. They met ... a cold January morning.

A) at

B) in

C) on

D) to

E) into

2. Choose the correct variant.

Why are you laughing ... me? Am I funny?

A) at

B) to

C) with

D) -

E) on

3. Choose the correct variant.

Do you know when they will arrive ... the Jacobs' house?

A) at

B) to

C) in

D) by

E) on

4. Choose the correct variant.

There are a lot of people ... the new store. They are waiting ... it to open.

A) outside, for

B) in, for

C) in front of, -

D) outside, -

E) on, for

5. Choose the correct variant.

I go everywhere ... as I don't have a car.

A) by car

B) on foot

C) by ship

D) by plane

E) in a car

6. Choose the correct variant.

The accident happened when she tried to get ... the car before it stops.

A) on

B) off

C) out of

D) for

E) of

7. Choose the correct variant.

I asked this lawyer ... advice, and he helped me a lot.

A) for

B) of

C) off

D) in

E) out

8. Choose the correct variant.

This story was written ... a poor African girl.

1. by

2. for

3. in

4. about

5. on

A) 1,5

B) 2,3,4

C) 3,5

D) 1,2,4

E) 4,5

9. Match the prepositions to the sentences.

1. Michael Jackson was good ... dancing.

2. Using a lot of dairy products is good ... your bones.

3. The Macdonalds' were very good ... us.

a. for

b. to

c. at

A) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c

B) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c

C) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b

D) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b

E) 1-c; 2-b; 3-a

10. Choose the correct variant.

1. to be interested in foreign languages

2. to take part in the Graphic Design Contest

3. to laugh in people

4. to be in a loss

A) 1,4

B) 2,3

C) 2,4

D) 3,4

E) 1,2

TEST 8

1. Choose the correct variant.

They are going ... business ... this month.

A) on, -

B) to, to

C) in, in

D) in, -

E) for, in

2. Choose the correct variant.

The USA consists ... fifty states.

A) by

B) on

C) of

D) off

E) to

3. Choose the correct preposition for both sentences.

1. Egyptian Pharaohs believed in life ... death.

2. It is our duty to look ... our parents when they get old.

A) before

B) after

C) like

D) for

E) at

4. Choose the correct variant.

We fastened our seatbelts and the plane took ...

- A) on B) with C) out
D) off E) in

5. Choose the correct variant.

I'm sorry, but I can't find your name ... the invitation list.

- A) on B) in C) with
D) from E) by

6. Choose the correct variant.

The English like tea ... milk.

- A) to B) out C) with
D) in E) on

7. Choose the correct variant.

We didn't arrange to meet. We met ... chance in the street.

- A) on B) with C) by
D) at E) to

8. Choose the correct variant.

The company wants us to pay for the goods ... advance. We should gather money.

- A) in B) on C) to
D) with E) by

9. Choose the correct variant.

Please, write your the answers ... pencil so that you can rub it afterwards.

- A) for B) on C) up
D) to E) in

10. Choose the correct variant.

It took me hours to decide. ... the end I chose a long blue dress.

- A) At B) In C) On
D) By E) To

TEST 9

1. Choose the correct variant.

We all left quickly ... the end of the meeting.

- A) at B) in C) on
D) by E) to

2. Choose the correct variant.

I'm so sorry. I didn't break the glass ... purpose.

- A) by B) on C) to
D) with E) in

3. Choose the correct variant.

I'm looking ... my keys. I can't find them anywhere.

- A) at B) after C) through
D) up E) for

4. Choose the correct variant.

Tina apologized ... her rudeness.

- A) for B) to C) with
D) in E) on

5. Choose the correct variant.

Tina apologized ... Tom.

- A) for B) to C) with
D) in E) on

6. Choose the correct variant.

Do you believe ... God.

- A) for B) to C) in
D) on E) with

7. Choose the correct variant.

No one laughed ... the silly jokes.

- A) on B) in C) to
D) at E) up

8. Choose the correct variant.

I'm working ... Linbrooke Hospital now.

I applied ... a nurse job last July and started ... September.

- A) at, for, in B) at, for, -
C) in, to, in D) on, to, in
E) near, for, since

9. Choose the correct variant.

The police actually accused me ... the robbery.

- A) of B) on C) with
D) for E) in

10. Choose the correct variant.

You should never point a gun ... someone.

- A) at B) in C) on
D) by E) to

TEST 10

1. Choose the correct variant.

People admired Cleopatra ... her beauty.

- A) for B) to C) by
D) on E) in

2. Choose the correct variant.

Can I add something ... your shopping list?

- A) to B) on C) with
D) by E) in

3. Choose the correct variant.

Don't forget to thank Dave ... his help.

- A) on B) to C) with
D) at E) for

4. Choose the correct variant.

I'll have to borrow ten pounds ... my parents.

- A) on B) at C) to
D) with E) from

5. Choose the correct variant.

We don't spend much money ... food.

- A) on B) in C) at
D) from E) to

6. Choose the correct variant.

The restaurant was full. We shared a table ... a young Swedish couple.

- A) from B) with C) to
D) at E) in

7. Choose the correct variant.

The hotel supplied us ... a packed lunch.

- A) on B) for C) to
D) with E) from

8. Choose the correct variant.

I congratulated Jeremy ... his excellent exams.

- A) on B) to C) with
D) up E) at

9. Choose the correct variant.

The machine often breaks ... At the moment it is not working again.

- A) with B) down C) of
D) for E) in

10. Choose the correct variant.

If you don't know the number I can look it ... in the phone book.

- A) up B) after C) through
D) down E) at

TEST 11

1. Choose the correct prepositions.

Apple Store in Florida mall is ... the second floor ... the building.

- A) at, on B) on, of C) in, of
D) at, at E) on, with

2. Choose the correct prepositions.

Charlotte is sitting ... the table ... front ... the door.

- A) at, in, of B) in, on, off
C) at, on, of D) on, at, of
E) off, on, of

3. Choose the correct preposition.

Past group mates are meeting ... next Sunday for School Reunion.

- A) on B) at C) -
D) in E) with

4. Choose the correct preposition.

All the kids wore mittens to play ... the snow.

- A) at B) in C) by
D) from E) off

5. Choose the correct preposition.

Whose monkey was it ... the funny hat?

- A) of B) in C) on
D) from E) for

6. Choose the correct preposition.
I'm not very good ... mathematics and chemistry.

- A) with B) at C) in
D) by E) of

7. Choose the correct preposition.
Barak Obama was born ... the 4th of August.

- A) of B) in C) on
D) at E) with

8. Choose the correct preposition.
Isabella knows nothing about it. She's not interested ... dermatology.

- A) in B) at C) with
D) of E) on

9. Choose the correct prepositions.
I met my friend Sam ... my way ... home.

- A) on, to B) in, to C) at, -
D) on, - E) at, to

10. Choose the correct preposition.
You must hand your tests ... as soon as the bell rings.

- A) in B) at C) on
D) to E) up

TEST 12

1. Choose the correct preposition.
In summer I go to work ... my bike.

- A) in B) on C) by
D) at E) with

2. Choose the correct preposition.
The passengers had to stand ... a queue.

- A) on B) at C) to
D) for E) in

3. Choose the correct preposition.
Paris is ... the river Seine.

- A) on B) in C) at
D) with E) for

4. Choose the correct preposition.
It happened ... Monday night.

- A) in B) at C) for
D) on E) to

5. Choose the correct preposition.
Oh, no! My passport is ... date. I can't travel with it.

- A) off B) on C) out of
D) on E) in

6. Replace the words with phrasal verbs.
1. Now we'll have to continue.

2. I've discovered what the problem is with the exam.

3. They postponed the exam again.

- a. put off b. go on c. find out

A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-c B) 1-b; 2-c; 3-a

C) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c D) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b

E) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b

7. Choose the correct preposition.
My driving instructor looks ... Peter Ustinov: the same eyes, same nose.

- A) like B) after C) up
D) through E) at

8. Choose the correct preposition.
... the way ... town we got some petrol.

- A) In, to B) On, to C) At, to
D) On, - E) In, -

9. Choose the correct preposition.
It's cheaper if you pay ... cash.

- A) by B) for C) -
D) in E) at

10. Choose the correct preposition.
I pressed the wrong button ... mistake.

- A) by B) on C) with
D) at E) for

TEST 13

1. Choose the correct preposition.
Purple is a colour that belongs ... someone who is very loyal and a little shy.

- A) on B) with C) at
D) to E) -

2. Choose the correct preposition.
Tim is very patient because he always waits ... something calmly.

- A) for B) with C) in
D) on E) -

3. Choose the correct preposition.
Don't forget that it depends ... you
to make your goals happen.

- A) in B) at C) on
D) to E) with

4. Choose the correct prepositions.
What is the most valuable thing ... you ...
life?

- A) for, in B) to, at C) at, in
D) to, to E) for, on

5. Choose the correct prepositions.
Curious people always ask questions
and search ... answers ... their mind.

- A) -, at B) in, on C) -, -
D) -, to E) for, in

6. Choose the correct prepositions.
They both are used to show that a person
can deal ... a situation successfully and is
not worried ... failures.

- A) to, about B) with, about
C) with, to D) in, with
E) -, about

7. Choose the correct prepositions.
She is responsible ... bringing ... the
children ... their house.

- A) to, -, at B) for, up, in
C) for, -, at D) about, to, on
E) for, with, on

8. Choose the correct preposition.
Long-term goals can be easier to achieve
if they are divided ... a series of short-
term goals.

- A) into B) with C) to
D) at E) on

9. Choose the correct prepositions.
One day Franklin went ... a vacation ...
his wife Eleanor.

- A) to, by B) on, with C) at, on
D) at, with E) on, in

10. Choose the correct prepositions.
Answering ... such questions will help
you to make good decisions ... the future.

- A) to, in B) with, in C) in, in
D) -, in E) to, -

TEST 14

1. Choose the correct prepositions.
We are proud ... our national heroes and
martyrs who died ... the battle of
Garabagh.

- A) with, in B) with, at C) of, at
D) of, on E) of, in

2. Choose the correct preposition.
The epic's main idea is the struggle ...
freedom.

- A) against B) to C) with
D) in E) for

3. Choose the correct preposition.
The Azerbaijani composer Uzeyir
Hajibayli created his opera based ... the
topic.

- A) on B) in C) at
D) for E) to

4. Choose the correct prepositions.
I was fed ... and wasn't interested ...
anything.

- A) with, in B) with, at C) up, in
D) by, on E) up, to

5. Choose the correct prepositions.
Everything changed ... me ... the day I
saw a TV programme ... volunteering.

- A) for, on about B) to, in, about
C) at, on, with D) on, on, on
E) to, in, about

6. Choose the correct prepositions.
Mike's mother asked ... him to tidy his
room and he did. Because he didn't want
to argue ... her.

- A) to, with B) to, to
C) -, to D) -, -
E) -, with

7. Choose the correct prepositions.
Aylin told ... her brother not to say
anything ... her birthday party.

- A) -, about B) to, about
C) to, - D) to, to
E) -, in

8. Choose the correct prepositions.
People have very different ideas ... what
is acceptable ... different situations.

- A) to, to
C) about, at
E) with, in
B) about, in
D) -, on

9. Choose the correct prepositions.
I think that dishonest people can't get a
second chance as people won't rely ...
them anymore. One can get ... trouble if
he is not honest.

- A) to, in
C) on, into
E) at, into
B) in, in
D) to, into

10. Choose the correct prepositions.
Don't wait ... me here. Go ... home.
A) for, -
D) -, -
B) for, to
E) -, to
C) with, to

TEST 15

1. Choose the correct prepositions.
She has been working ... a bakery ... five
years.

- A) at, -
D) in, for
B) at, since
E) on, -
C) in, in

2. Choose the correct prepositions.
Some banks doesn't give a loan ... a
collateral.

- A) to
D) without
B) in
E) -
C) at

3. Choose the correct prepositions.
Kulsum has borrowed money ...
Grameen Bank and has moved ... the
village.

- A) from, from
C) to, from
E) at, from
B) to, to
D) on, to

4. Choose the correct prepositions.
Once he was travelling ... the desert ...
North America and almost dying ...
hunger.

- A) on, of, with
B) in, to, at

C) on, of, from
E) in, of, of
D) on, in, from

5. Choose the correct prepositions.
I'm fond ... reading and borrow a lot of
books ... the library.

- A) of, in
C) of, from
E) to, at
B) with, from
D) of, at

6. Choose the correct prepositions.
They have been looking ... a new flat ...
October.

- A) for, since
C) -, since
E) at, at
B) for, in
D) -, in

7. Choose the correct prepositions.
The children have been watching ... an
interesting movie ... 20 minutes.

- A) to, for
C) -, for
E) -, in
B) to, since
D) to, about

8. Choose the correct prepositions.
The style in Writing varies ... author ...
author and depends ... one's word choice
and tone.

- A) to, to, in
C) from, with, on
E) from, to, at
B) from, to, on
D) to, in, at

9. Choose the correct prepositions.
The First Encyclopedia entered ... the
country's history as the first fundamental
research ... all aspects ... knowledge and
information.

- A) to, on, of
C) -, in, with
E) to, in, at
B) to, for, to
D) -, on, of

10. Choose the correct prepositions.
Cheap transit enables the Rumanian
farmers to compete successfully ... the
meat-markets of Austria, Germany and
Holland.

- A) in
D) at
B) on
E) with
C) to

MODAL VERBS - TESTS

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct modal verb.
It isn't permitted to speak Turkish during the lesson. So you ... speak Turkish.

- A) must B) mustn't
C) haven't to D) don't have
E) may

2. Choose the correct variant.
Wealthy people ... donate their money.

- A) needn't B) needn't to
C) has to D) should
E) shouldn't to

3. Choose the correct variant.
Alfred ... go so far. He ... go only near places. Because he uses a wheelchair.

- A) needn't, is able
B) doesn't have, can
C) needn't, can
D) mustn't, will able to
E) hasn't to, must

4. Choose the correct modal verb.
All the children ... obey the school rules.

- A) shouldn't B) must
C) mustn't D) should to
E) haven't to

5. Choose the correct modal verbs.
The pizza delivery courier ... to drive fast to deliver the orders in time.

- A) will able B) must
C) can D) has
E) hasn't

6. Choose the correct variant.
The scientists ... to find a lot of facts.

- A) will able B) will be able
C) must D) can
E) could

7. Choose the correct variant.
I ... talk to him about it.

- A) haven't to B) mustn't to
C) don't have D) have

MODAL FEILLAR - TESTLAR

E) have to

8. Choose the correct modal verb.
She ... do her best in order to enter the university.

- A) must B) has
C) hasn't to D) doesn't have
E) will able to

9. Choose the correct variant.
Children, you ... spoil the drinkable water.

- A) won't be able B) haven't to
C) shouldn't D) must
E) ought to

10. Choose the correct variant.
We had no address, so we ... go to their house.

- A) didn't have B) can
C) couldn't D) can't
E) would be able

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct variant.
The tourists ... see a lot of ancient working tools of the cave people in this museum.

- A) have B) are able
C) can D) ought
E) will able to

2. Choose the correct variant.
They ... to get to the top of the mountain yet.

- A) could B) hadn't
C) have been able D) was able
E) haven't been able

3. Choose the correct variant.
Abigail ... pass the driving test, but I could.

- A) had B) didn't have
C) aren't able D) couldn't
E) could

TEST 3

4. Choose the correct variant.

You ... never talk to strangers, my dear child.

- A) mustn't B) must
C) don't have to D) has to
E) haven't to

5. Choose the correct variant.

No, you ... leave the car here- this is a «NO PARKING» zone.

- A) must B) haven't to
C) can D) mustn't
E) are able to

6. Choose the correct variant.

You ... bring all your documents- your passport will be enough.

- A) don't have B) have to
C) must D) needn't
E) haven't to

7. Choose the correct variant.

Last autumn we ... move to a cheaper flat.

- A) must B) can C) mustn't
D) had to E) could to

8. Choose the correct variant.

What ... do to get her money back?

- A) has she to B) must she
C) can she to D) have she to
E) has she be able to

9. Choose the correct variant.

I ... to do the washing by hands because the washing machine is out of order.

- A) have B) haven't
C) don't have D) must
E) can

10. Choose the correct variant.

I'm afraid you ... at once or I'll call the police.

- A) must to go B) haven't to go
C) will able to go D) must go
E) ought go

1. Choose the correct variant.

He ... look after his brothers since their mother died.

- A) must B) has to C) has had to
D) was able E) will be able to

2. Choose the correct variant.

We ... get there very early tomorrow, as we are leaving now.

- A) must B) have to
C) will be able to D) won't able to
E) will have

3. Choose the correct variant.

You really ... have a week out of the city every half year, because you work very hard.

- A) needn't B) need C) must to
D) could E) was able to

4. Choose the correct variant.

I wonder if you ... lend me two hundred dollars.

- A) could to B) may C) must
D) are able E) can

5. Choose the correct variant.

Mary ... speak Polish to strangers.

- A) was never able
B) could never to
C) has never been able to
D) never have to
E) will never able to

6. Choose the correct variant.

I'll come at 7 tomorrow. -No, you ... come so early, we start much later.

- A) don't have B) haven't to
C) must D) need
E) needn't

7. Choose the correct variant.

I think you ... tell him everything you know and the sooner the better.

- A) could B) may C) might

D) should E) ought

8. Choose the correct variant.
She has just phoned me from her office.
She ... still at work.

- A) can't be B) is able to be
C) must be D) needn't to be
E) will have be

9. Choose the correct variant.
I'm not sure but they ... leave the day
before yesterday.

- A) might B) can
C) didn't have D) must
E) need

10. Choose the correct variant.
I tried different keys you gave me but I ...
just open the door.

- A) can B) could
C) couldn't D) was able to
E) must

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct variant.
How ... such bad words? She was a little
girl then.

- A) can she use B) could she use
C) is she able to D) was she able
E) could she to use

2. Choose the correct variant.
You ... insult her in front of all your
family. It was a personal matter, you
know.

- A) should B) ought to
C) shouldn't D) needn't to
E) must to

3. Choose the correct variant.
Amelia ... to go to William's wedding
party. Neither did her parents.

- A) didn't have B) had
C) was able D) ought
E) wasn't able

4. Choose the correct variant.
I don't think the police ... to find the
criminals in a week in this big city.

- A) won't able B) will able

C) will be able D) haven't
E) could

5. Choose the correct variant.
Why ... go the conference hall?

1. should all employees
2. ought all employees
3. do all employees have to
4. must all employees
5. have all employees to
A) 2,4 B) 3,5 C) 1,5
D) 1,3,4 E) 2,3,4

6. Choose the correct variant.
Narmin said that I ... use any face gel I
wanted.

- A) may B) have to C) can
D) was able E) might

7. Choose the correct variant.
Noah ... stay after classes but Olivia
didn't.

- A) should B) had to C) can
D) may E) must

8. Choose the correct sentences with
modal verbs.

1. We don't need to wear a suit, it's not
an official meeting.
2. The famous pop singer had to take
part in the show.
3. There's no queue; you needn't wait for
a long time.
4. She had a lot of unfulfilled dreams.
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

9. Choose the correct variant.
We ... brush our teeth regularly, don't
we?

- A) mustn't to B) haven't to
C) have to D) will have
E) don't have to

10. Choose the correct variant.
The poor dog ... to save its little puppies
from the flood either.

- A) won't able B) had be able
C) was able D) hadn't
E) haven't been able

TEST 5

1. The correct variant.

I phoned the plumber because I ... smell gas in the kitchen.

- A) can B) could
C) couldn't D) wasn't able to
E) haven't to

2. Choose the correct variant.

In my country you ... get married when you're sixteen.

- A) can B) are able
C) haven't to D) ought
E) needn't to

3. Choose the correct variant.

Speak up! I ... hear you!

- A) can B) could C) can't
D) couldn't E) must to

4. Choose the correct variant.

The neighbours were having a row, and I ... hear every word they said.

- A) can B) could
C) can't D) will be able to
E) must

5. Choose the correct variant.

I ... get into my house last night because I'd lost my key.

- A) couldn't B) can't
C) was able to D) could
E) am able to

6. Choose the correct variant.

Women ... vote in England until 1922.

- A) can B) are able to
C) haven't to D) would able to
E) couldn't

7. Choose the correct variant.

I'm learning Spanish because I want ... speak to people when I'm in Mexico.

- A) be able to
B) to be able to
C) not to be able to
D) to have
E) can

8. Choose the correct variant.

The doctor says I ... walk again in two weeks' time.

- A) am able B) won't able to
C) will be able to D) have
E) should to

9. Choose the correct variant.

I asked the teacher if I ... open the window, but she said I ... because it would be too noisy.

- A) could, couldn't
B) can, can't
C) am able to, can't
D) must, mustn't
E) had to, hadn't to

10. Choose the correct variant.

I'm sorry, but I ... come to your party next week.

- A) could B) couldn't
C) won't be able to D) must
E) will be able to

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct variant.

I phoned yesterday, but I ... get an answer. Where were you?

- A) can B) could
C) was able to D) couldn't
E) am able to

2. Choose the correct variant.

The police ... find the man who kidnapped our daughter. He was sent to prison.

- A) can B) could
C) couldn't D) was able to
E) weren't able to

3. Choose the correct variant.

They ... buy that flat because it was too expensive.

- A) can B) are able to
C) could D) couldn't
E) haven't to

4. Choose the correct variant.

I wanted to know if you ... dance the tango, because I need a partner for the party.

- A) can't B) could
C) are able to D) had to
E) should

5. Choose the correct variant.

If we get up early, we'll ... catch the first train to Cardiff.

- A) able to B) be able to
C) have D) had
E) to be able

6. Choose the correct variant.

Chimpanzees ... communicate in sign language.

- A) was able to B) aren't able
C) can D) will able to
E) won't able to

7. Choose the correct variant.

Mozart ... play the piano brilliantly when he was five.

- A) can B) can't
C) was able D) will be able to
E) could

8. Choose the correct variant.

Jane and John saved and saved, and finally they ... buy the house of their dreams.

- A) hadn't to B) weren't able to
C) was able to D) could
E) couldn't

9. Choose the correct variant.

We ... put out the fire by throwing water on it.

- A) can't B) could
C) have D) was able to
E) will be able

10. Choose the correct variant.

When we got the top of the mountain we ... to see for miles.

- A) can B) could
C) was able D) were able
E) have

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct variant.

Cave people ... live together in order to protect themselves from wild animals thousand years ago.

- A) had B) have to
C) don't have to D) had to
E) hadn't to

2. Choose the correct variant.

You ... return library books in time or you ... to pay a fine.

- A) haven't to, won't have
B) have, have
C) must, must
D) must, can
E) must, will have

3. Choose the correct variant.

We ... to keep books away from food and drinks.

- A) hadn't B) has
C) ought D) should
E) can

4. Choose the correct variant.

We ... to keep books away from food and drinks, don't we?

- A) should B) has
C) ought D) need
E) are able

5. Choose the correct variant.

In Ramadan all Muslims ... fast and ... eat anything during the daylight hours.

- A) have to, mustn't
B) have to, haven't to
C) ought, have to
D) must, must
E) ought to, haven't to

6. Choose the correct variant.

If you want to speak English fluently you ... stop learning.

- A) should B) have
C) have to D) shouldn't
E) haven't to

7. Choose the correct variant.
Remember! You ... give something to others in a good shape, not broken or worn out.

- A) haven't to B) should
C) should to D) ought
E) don't ought to

8. Choose the correct variant.
People ... recycle instead of throwing away, don't they?

1. ought to 2. need to 3. have to
4. can 5. must
A) 1,3,4 B) 2,3 C) 4,5
D) 1,2,3 E) 1,3

9. Choose the correct variant.
You ... to use public transport instead of your own car. It'll reduce traffic jams.

- A) should B) shouldn't
C) ought D) has
E) haven't

10. Choose the correct variant.
You ... stand when the bus is moving, because you can fall down.

- A) mustn't B) must C) should
D) ought not E) haven't to

TEST 8

1. Choose the correct variant.
Kate: ... hold your breath for more than a minute?

Jack: No, I can't

- A) Couldn't you B) Can you
C) Could you D) Are you able to
E) Do you have to

2. Choose the correct variant.
You ... to do the job if you don't speak Japanese fluently.

- A) haven't B) won't be able
C) can't D) didn't have
E) will able

3. Choose the correct variant.
You ... to be rich to be a success. Some of the most successful people I know haven't got a penny to their name.

- A) don't have B) ought
C) must D) mustn't
E) need

4. Choose the correct variant.
You ... take along some cash. The restaurant may not accept credit cards.

- A) has to B) can
C) needn't D) have to
E) ought

5. Choose the correct variant.
Yesterday, I ... cram all day for French final. I didn't get to sleep until after midnight.

- A) have to B) had to
C) ought to D) must
E) need

6. Choose the correct variant.
Do you always have to say the first thing that pops into your head? ... you think once in a while before you speak?

- A) Can't B) Will ... able
C) Ought D) Haven't
E) Don't have

7. Choose the correct variant.
Susan ... hear the speaker because the crowd was cheering so loudly.

- A) could B) hadn't to
C) couldn't D) won't be able
E) won't be able to

8. Choose the correct variant.
There are plenty of avocados in the fridge. You ... buy any.

- A) have to B) don't have
C) need D) must
E) needn't

9. Choose the correct variant.
It's a hospital. You ... smoke here.

- A) mustn't B) must
C) can D) don't need
E) couldn't

10. Choose the correct variant.
Drivers ... stop when the traffic lights are red.

- A) mustn't B) don't have to
C) must D) should to
E) ought

TEST 9

1. Choose the correct variant.
... speak Italian? -No, I can't.

- A) Can you B) Could you
C) Don't you D) Are you able to
E) Will you be able

2. Choose the correct variant.

You ... leave small objects lying around.
Such objects may be swallowed by children.

- A) ought not B) must to
C) needn't to D) ought to
E) shouldn't

3. Choose the correct variant.

I ... speak Arabic fluently when I was a child and we lived in Morocco.

- A) can B) could
C) was able D) wasn't able
E) would be able to

4. Choose the correct variant.

I am so tired. I need some rest. I think I ... take a week off.

- A) should B) mustn't
C) needn't to D) ought
E) must to

5. Choose the correct variant.

John had a terrible accident. He ... to stop when the traffic lights were red.

- A) should B) ought not
C) didn't have D) doesn't have
E) had

6. Choose the correct variant.

You ... do the washing up, we have a dishwasher.

- A) needn't B) don't need
C) needn't to D) must
E) need

7. Choose the correct variant.

You ... drink any alcohol at all if you plan to drive.

- A) don't have B) must
C) mustn't D) have to
E) needn't to

8. Choose the correct variant.
People ... smoke on buses. It's forbidden.

- A) need B) mustn't
C) don't have D) haven't to
E) need to

9. Choose the correct variant.

It's a secret. You ... tell anybody.

- A) ought to B) can't to
C) must D) can
E) mustn't

10. Choose the correct variant.

... I use your mobile phone? I have forgotten mine at home.

- A) May B) Must C) Need
D) Could E) Am ... able

TEST 10

1. Choose the correct variant.

I went for a ten-mile run last Saturday. It nearly killed me! I ... move on Sunday.

- A) can B) can't C) was able to
D) couldn't E) were able to

2. Choose the correct variant.

Teacher, ... I speak Turkish at the English lesson?

- A) may B) could C) have
D) had E) am able

3. Choose the correct variant.

May I leave the class before the bell rings? No, you ...

- A) must B) may C) can
D) mustn't E) can't

4. Choose the correct variant.

There is a traffic jam. There ... be an accident.

- A) may B) may to C) must to
D) need to E) ought

5. Choose the correct variant.

You ... stop when the traffic lights are red because it is illegal to go on driving.

- A) has to B) haven't to
C) have to D) don't have to
E) ought

6. Choose the correct variant.
We ... pay extra money for using the swimming pool, it's free.

- A) don't have to B) have to
C) need D) needn't to
E) must

7. Choose the correct variant.
Leonardo ... have short hair in the army.
It is the rule of the army.

- A) has to B) have to
C) must to D) ought
E) mustn't

8. Choose the correct variant.
You ... eat sweets all the time. It's bad for your teeth.

- A) will able to B) can to
C) shouldn't D) need
E) may

9. Choose the correct variant.
The referee is looking at his watch. He ... finish the match.

- A) may B) needn't to
C) mustn't to D) will able to
E) won't be able

10. Choose the correct variant.
Whatever you do, you ... touch that switch. It's very dangerous.

- A) needn't to B) mustn't
C) oughtn't D) haven't to
E) don't have

TEST 11

1. Choose the correct variant.
Our team are playing well. We ... win.

- A) may B) mustn't
C) has to D) don't have
E) are able

2. Choose the correct variant.
She ... wear formal clothes because they make her look more sophisticated.

- A) needn't to B) hadn't to

- C) must D) will able to
E) should to

3. Choose the correct variant.
He ... wear a suit and a tie to work because this is one of the rules at work.

- A) don't have to B) doesn't have to
C) mustn't D) has to
E) will be able

4. Choose the correct variant.
They ... go abroad without passport and visa.

- A) must to B) needn't to
C) don't need D) mustn't
E) shouldn't to

5. Choose the correct variant.
We ... fasten our seatbelts while driving because it's illegal not to fasten and the police will fine us.

- A) should to B) shouldn't
C) have to D) don't have to
E) will be able

6. Choose the correct variant.
I returned a book to the library yesterday. It was two weeks overdue, so I ... pay a fine of 1.40\$. I ... return the book when it was due.

- A) had to, must B) have to, must
C) should, should D) must, should
E) had, ought to

7. Choose the correct variant.
My father ... pay the electricity bill by Friday because if he doesn't, they will cut the electricity.

- A) mustn't B) has to
C) have to D) may not
E) won't be able to

8. Choose the correct variant.
You ... smoke in the petrol station.

- A) may B) should C) oughtn't
D) mustn't E) needn't to

9. Choose the correct variant.

Children ... make their beds every morning in this dormitory otherwise their teacher punishes.

- A) have to B) don't need
C) don't need to D) needs
E) must to

10. Choose the correct variant.

You ... wash your hands before you start to cook something.

- A) don't need B) must
C) should to D) are able
E) could to

TEST 12

1. Choose the correct variant.

You ... take a photo in a museum because it's prohibited.

- A) must B) are able
C) should D) mustn't
E) may

2. Choose the correct variant.

You ... play in the street. There are a lot of cars there.

- A) may B) mustn't
C) should D) have to
E) haven't to

3. Choose the correct variant.

Neither of us knows the way to their house. We ... take a map with us or we'll probably get lost.

- A) needn't B) needn't to
C) should D) might to
E) ought

4. Choose the correct variant.

You ... forget what I told you. It's very important.

- A) must B) mustn't C) should
D) can E) needn't to

5. Choose the correct variant.

You ... climb up there its dangerous.

- A) can't to B) won't able to

C) mustn't

E) can to

D) will be able

6. Choose the correct variant.

When I was younger, I ... run ten miles without stopping. But now I ... run more than a mile or two.

- A) could, can't B) could, could
C) couldn't, can't D) can't, could
E) may, can't

7. Choose the correct variant.

Lucy ... work because she is married to a millionaire.

- A) doesn't have to B) doesn't has to
C) should D) can
E) needs

8. Choose the correct variant.

Carol ... take Science exam because last year she passed it with the highest mark.

- A) don't have to B) doesn't have to
C) didn't had to D) must
E) don't need

9. Choose the correct variant.

The postman is coming towards me. He ... have a letter for me.

- A) don't have to B) may
C) must to D) mustn't
E) doesn't have to

10. Choose the correct variant.

I ... tidy up my room because I don't like sitting in a messy room.

- A) must B) mustn't
C) should to D) can to
E) don't have to

TEST 13

1. Choose the correct modal verb.

These teachers ... pass The International Certificate Tests, but those didn't.

- A) had to B) didn't have to
C) could D) weren't able to
E) might

2. Choose the correct modal verb.

You needn't ...

1. to come for the tickets yourself
 2. come here as the registration is online
 3. get up so early as it's your day off
 4. a correction in your dictation
 5. much money to travel Batumi
- A) 2,3 B) 1,4 C) 2,3,5
D) 1,2,5 E) 1,2,3

3. Choose the correct modal verb.

The students between 18-30 ages needn't ... for ERASMUS PLUS.

- A) to pay any fees
B) any international certificate
C) to have language certificates
D) apply before 20th of April
E) to pay the expenses themselves

4. Choose the correct modal verb.

As the service is very bad, I ... stay at this hotel any longer, I ... leave at once.

- A) don't have, will have to
B) couldn't, don't need
C) can, have to
D) can't, have to
E) mustn't, had to

5. Choose the correct modal verb.

Nuran ... renew her IELTS score. Neither did his groupmates.

- A) wasn't able to B) had to
C) didn't have to D) was able to
E) could

6. Choose the correct modal verb.

The tourists ... enjoy from the bus travel. Neither could we.

- A) had to B) couldn't
C) weren't able to D) could
E) were able to

7. Choose the correct modal verb.

... speak Polish when you moved to Poland?

1. Had you to 2. Could you

3. Were you able to 4. Did you have
A) 2,4 B) 1,4 C) 1,2
D) 2,3 E) 1,3

8. Choose the correct modal verb.

The students who study in Azeri course ... to take two exams in a month, don't they?

1. need 2. are able 3. should
4. ought 5. have 6. Can
A) 3,5 B) 2,3 C) 5,6
D) 1,5 E) 4,5

9. Choose the correct sentences with the modal verbs.

1. We have to buy mushrooms for making a pizza.
 2. We don't need to buy mushrooms for making this pizza.
 3. We needn't buy any mushrooms for this pizza.
 4. We don't have any mushrooms for making a pizza.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the correct sentences with modal verbs.

1. Tina had a little time to choose a wedding dress for herself.
 2. We don't need her help any longer.
 3. She had to leave Boston unexpectedly.
 4. I need meet the company's manager to present my new project.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,4 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 1,3

INTERROGATIVE, NEGATIVE SENTENCES - TESTS

SUAL, INKAR CÜMLƏLƏR - TESTLƏR

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- A) How much are this pair of shoes?
- B) How much does these shoes cost?
- C) How much does this pair of shoes cost?
- D) How much is these shoes cost?
- E) How many money are this pair of shoes?

2. Choose the correct question words.
... do they go the charity fair?

- 1. What
- 2. How often
- 3. Who
- 4. When

5. What time

- A) 1,2,3
- B) 2,4,5
- C) 1,3,5
- D) 3,4,5
- E) 2,3,4

3. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many people do play chess today?
- B) Where are held the world volleyball championships?
- C) How many sport games are English in origin?
- D) What a sportsman should do during the game?
- E) How many players there are in a football team?

4. Complete the dialogue.

- ... ?

-To the supermarket.

- A) What's your favourite food?
- B) Where do you live?
- C) Where are you going?
- D) Where did you see them?
- E) When did you reach to the stadium?

5. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. Who Arif told about his relative's death?

2. Whom did Arif told about his relative's death?

3. Whom did Arif tell about his relative's death?

4. Who told Arif about his relative's death?

- A) 1,2,4
- B) 3,4
- C) 1,2,3
- D) 2,3
- E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct variant.

Nijat's hardly passed his exam, ...

- A) didn't he?
- B) was he?
- C) did he?
- D) does he?
- E) has he?

7. Choose the correct question word.

... were the members talking about?

- A) Why
- B) When
- C) How
- D) What
- E) What time

8. Choose the correct variant.

-The architect's latest work is known all over the world.

- ...? I didn't know that.

- A) Wasn't it
- B) Was it
- C) Is it
- D) Didn't it
- E) Does it

9. Choose the correct variant.

- ... is your elder brother?

-He is a musician.

- A) Who
- B) What
- C) Which
- D) Whose
- E) Whom

10. Choose the correct variant.

... is the difference between school and university?

- A) Whom
- B) Where
- C) What
- D) How
- E) Who

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How often does this park sweep?

- B) How often is swept this park?
 C) How many times a day this park is swept?
 D) How much this park is swept?
 E) How often is this park swept?

2. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) What Samir did brought you?
 B) What did Samir brought you?
 C) What does Samir brought you?
 D) What did Samir bring you?
 E) What Samir does bring you?

3. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. What does she have for breakfast?
 2. What has she for breakfast?
 3. What did she have for breakfast?
 4. What does she has for breakfast?
 5. How many slices of bread does she have for breakfast?

- A) 1,2,3 B) 1,3,5 C) 2,3,4
 D) 1,4,5 E) 3,4,5

4. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. By whom the shop was opened?
 2. Who the shop was opened by?
 3. Who opened the shop?
 4. Who was the shop opened by?
 5. Who were the shops opened by?

- A) 1,2,3 B) 1,3,5 C) 2,3,4
 D) 1,4,5 E) 3,4,5

5. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) What did he by 4 o'clock yesterday?
 B) What had he done by 4 o'clock yesterday?
 C) What had he to do by 4 o'clock yesterday?
 D) What had he do by 4 o'clock yesterday?
 E) What did he done by 4 o'clock yesterday?

6. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How well has she to study?
 B) How has she to study?
 C) How does she has to study?
 D) How well does she had to study?
 E) How well does she have to study?

7. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) When the policeman rang you up?
 B) When does the policeman rings you up?
 C) When did the policeman rang you up?
 D) When the policeman rings you up?
 E) When will the policeman ring you up?

8. Choose the **incorrect** interrogative sentence.

- A) Where do we put our jackets?
 B) Where have we put our jackets?
 C) Where did we put our jackets?
 D) Where did put we our jackets?
 E) Where shall we put our jackets?

9. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Did my friend's results made me happy?
 B) What did made me happy?
 C) Whose results made you happy?
 D) What results did make me happy?
 E) My friend's results made me happy, didn't he?

10. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Where have the lady had to go yesterday?
 B) Where do the lady have to go yesterday?
 C) Where had the lady to go yesterday?
 D) Where did the lady have to go yesterday?
 E) Where the lady went yesterday?

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Who knows nothing about this accident?
- B) Who does know anything about this accident?
- C) Who know nothing about this accident?
- D) Who does know nothing about this accident?
- E) Who doesn't know nothing about this accident?

2. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) What right do the new law ensure?
- B) What right does the new law ensure?
- C) What does the new law ensures?
- D) What the new law ensure?
- E) What right the new law ensure?

3. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. Who did plant these flowers here?
 - 2. Who planted these flowers here?
 - 3. Who plants these flowers here?
 - 4. Whom were planted these flowers here?
 - 5. Whom planted these flowers here?
- A) 1,2,5 B) 2,3 C) 1,4,5
D) 1,3 E) 4,5

4. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. Who did the witness described?
 - 2. Who described the murderer?
 - 3. Whom described the witness?
 - 4. Whom did the witness describe?
- A) 1,4 B) 2,3 C) 1,2,3
D) 1,3 E) 2,4

5. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) What is Baku famous for?
- B) What Baku famous is for?
- C) For what famous Baku is?
- D) For what Baku is famous?

E) What Baku is famous for?

6. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) In which language Ch. Abdullayev wrote his books?
- B) In what language did Ch. Abdullayev wrote his books?
- C) In which language did Ch. Abdullayev write his books?
- D) Which languages does Ch. Abdullayev writes his books?
- E) In which languages has Ch. Abdullayev write his books?

7. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) What they leave the city for?
- B) When they left the city?
- C) How did they left the city?
- D) When had they to leave the city?
- E) When did they leave the city?

8. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) What the police didn't see?
- B) What didn't the police see?
- C) What saw the police?
- D) Whom did the police saw?
- E) Whom do the police saw?

9. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Who didn't see you at the conference?
- B) Who she doesn't see at the conference?
- C) Who did see him at the conference?
- D) Whom did she saw at the conference?
- E) Whom she saw at the conference?

10. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) What they knew about our situation?
- B) What did they knew about our situation?
- C) When did they know about our situation?
- D) When they know about our situation?
- E) When did they knew about our situation?

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct interrogative words.

... money do we need?

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| 1. How many | 2. How |
| 3. How much | 4. How long |
| 5. What kind of | |
| A) 2,4 | B) 3,5 |
| D) 1,2 | E) 3,4 |
| | C) 1,5 |

2. Choose the correct interrogative words.

... ring do you like most of all?

- | | | |
|----------|----------|---------|
| 1. Which | 2. Whose | 3. Whom |
| 4. Why | 5. How | |
| A) 1,2 | B) 1,5 | C) 1,4 |
| D) 2,5 | E) 3,4 | |

3. Choose the correct interrogative words.

... did they go to Batumi?

- | | |
|--------|---------|
| 1. Who | 2. When |
| 3. Why | 4. What |
| A) 1,2 | B) 1,3 |
| D) 3,4 | E) 1,4 |
| | C) 2,3 |

4. Choose the correct interrogative word.

... should we send the telegram to?

- | | | |
|--------|----------|--------|
| A) Who | B) Whose | C) Why |
| D) How | E) When | |

5. Choose the correct interrogative words.

... are you afraid of?

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. What | 2. When |
| 3. Why | 4. Who |
| A) 1,2 | B) 1,3 |
| D) 3,4 | E) 1,4 |
| | C) 2,3 |

6. Choose the correct interrogative words.

... are you afraid?

- | | |
|---------|---------|
| 1. What | 2. When |
| 3. Why | 4. Who |
| A) 1,2 | B) 1,3 |
| D) 3,4 | E) 1,4 |
| | C) 2,3 |

7. Choose the correct interrogative word.

1. ... did she go to the party with yesterday?

- | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|----------|
| 2. ... won the lottery last night? | | |
| A) What | B) Where | C) Which |
| D) Who | E) Whom | |

8. Choose the correct interrogative word.

1. ... money does she get each month?

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|
| 2. ... are these pants? | |
| A) How many | B) How long |
| C) How much | D) How well |
| E) How often | |

9. Choose the correct interrogative words.

... did the president arrive in Ankara?

- | | |
|--------------|----------|
| 1. When | 2. Where |
| 3. What time | 4. Whose |
| A) 1,3 | B) 1,2 |
| D) 2,4 | E) 2,3 |
| | C) 3,4 |

10. Choose the correct interrogative words.

... do you see in the kindergarten every day?

- | | |
|---------|----------|
| 1. Who | 2. Where |
| 3. Whom | 4. When |
| A) 2,4 | B) 1,2 |
| D) 1,3 | E) 2,3 |
| | C) 3,4 |

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct question to the given answer.

- ...

-Since yesterday.

- | |
|-----------------------------------|
| A) What time will they come? |
| B) When does she leave the party? |
| C) How often do you go abroad? |
| D) How long have they been there? |
| E) How often does he visit you? |

2. Choose the correct variant.

J. London is an American writer, ... ?

- | | |
|--------------|---------------|
| A) is he | B) does he |
| C) isn't he | D) doesn't he |
| E) wasn't he | |

3. Choose the correct question to the given answer.

- ...

-Every day.

- A) Where will you stay during your summer holiday?
- B) How often do they take an exam?
- C) How long has he had this house?
- D) When did Nigar buy this car?
- E) What time do you get up?

4. Choose the correct question to the given sentence.

They learn German.

- A) What language they learn?
- B) What language did they learn?
- C) What language do they learn?
- D) What language learn they?
- E) What language did they learnt?

5. Choose the correct variant.

The English people often talk about the weather, ... ?

- A) didn't they B) don't they
- C) aren't they D) do they
- E) are there

6. Choose the correct question form.

These scientists have completed their experiments.

- A) What these scientists completed?
- B) What have these scientists completed?
- C) What have completed these scientists?
- D) What these scientists have completed?
- E) What did these scientists complete?

7. Choose the correct question to the given answer.

- ...

-Next month.

- A) When did you give back the library book?
- B) How often must we visit the patient?
- C) How much money should we take?
- D) What time will you take your maternity leave?
- E) When did the tourist lose his wallet?

8. Choose the correct question form.
The car belongs to Michael.

- A) Does the car belongs to Michael?
- B) Do the car belongs to Michael?
- C) Does the car belong to Michael?
- D) Belongs the car to Michael?
- E) Did the car belong to Michael?

9. Choose the correct question form.
It often rains in autumn.

- A) Did it often rains in autumn?
- B) Does it often rains in autumn?
- C) Does it often rain in autumn?
- D) Do it often rains in autumn?
- E) Did it often rained in autumn?

10. Choose the correct question form.
She made two mistakes in the test.

- A) How many mistakes she made in the test?
- B) How many mistakes made she in the test?
- C) How many mistakes did she make in the test?
- D) How many mistakes did made she in the test?
- E) How much mistakes did she make in the test?

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct variant.

... does he come to London?

- 1. How often 2. Since when
- 3. When 4. How long ago
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

2. Choose the correct variant.

... do you come from?

- A) How old B) When
- C) Why D) Where
- E) How long

3. Choose the correct variant.

... did he complain to?

- A) Why B) When

- C) Who
E) How much

D) How

4. Choose the correct variant.
... does the best kind cost?

- A) How much B) How many
C) Why D) Where
E) When

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A) What do you have to do in the mornings?
B) What did you had to do in the mornings?
C) What you had to do in the mornings?
D) What had you to do in the mornings?
E) What have you to do in the mornings?

6. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Who did tell you about it?
B) Who told you about it?
C) Whom did you told about it?
D) Who you told about it?
E) Who did you told about it?

7. Choose the correct variant.

- A) What did the students intended to do?
B) What the students intended to do?
C) What does the students intend to do?
D) What does the students intends to do?
E) What do the students intend to do?

8. Choose the correct variant.

- A) What do the word «boss» mean?
B) What does the word «boss» means?
C) What does the word «boss» mean?
D) What did the word «boss» meant?
E) What the word «boss» mean?

9. Choose the correct variant.

... were the jury talking about?

1. What time 2. When
3. Who 4. What
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Why did Tom lose his job for?
B) Why did Tom lost his job?

- C) Why does Tom loses his job?
D) Why did Tom lose his job?
E) Why do Tom lose his job?

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Why did you throw it away?
B) Why did you throw it away for?
C) Why did you threw it away?
D) Why does you throw it away?
E) What do you threw it away for?

2. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Whose car borrowed you?
B) Whose car did you borrowed?
C) Whose car you borrowed?
D) Whose car you borrow?
E) Whose car did you borrow?

3. Choose the correct variant.

- A) How did you found her café's address?
B) How did you find her café's address?
C) How found you her café's address?
D) How does she finds your café's address?
E) How did find you her café's address?

4. Choose the correct variant.

- A) How many hotels was there in Trabzon?
B) How much hotels was there in Trabzon?
C) How many hotels are there in Trabzon?
D) How many hotels there are in Trabzon?
E) How many hotels there were in Trabzon?

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A) How much was Tom fined?
B) How much Tom was fined?
C) How much did Tom fined?
D) How much is Tom fine?
E) How much fined Tom?

6. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How long you have been there?
 B) How long did you been there?
 C) How long have you been there?
 D) How long ago have you been there?
 E) How long ago did you were there?

7. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How long does it takes to get to Heathrow Airport?
 B) How long did it took to get to Heathrow Airport?
 C) How long it takes to get to Heathrow Airport?
 D) How long does it take to get to Heathrow Airport?
 E) How long took it to get to Heathrow Airport?

8. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How did he stopped the train?
 B) How he stopped the train?
 C) How does he stops the train?
 D) How he stops the train?
 E) How did he stop the train?

9. Choose the correct variant.
 A) Whose typewriter has he borrowed?
 B) Whose typewriter has he borrow?
 C) Whose typewriter he borrowed?
 D) Whose typewriter have he borrowed?
 E) Whose typewriter borrowed he?

10. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How did he escaped?
 B) How he escaped?
 C) How he escapes?
 D) How did he escape?
 E) How does he escapes?

TEST 8

1. Choose the correct variant.
 ... idea did they like best?
 1. What kind of 2. When
 3. Which 4. How
 A) 1,2,4 B) 2,3,4 C) 3,4
 D) 1,2 E) 1,3

2. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What did Ann give you for lunch?
 B) What did Ann gave you for lunch?
 C) What Ann gave you for lunch?
 D) What Ann gives you for lunch?
 E) What does Ann gives you for lunch?

3. Choose the **incorrect** variant.
 ... did they leave the lawnmower?
 A) When B) Which
 C) Where D) What time
 E) Why

4. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How deep is the lake?
 B) How deep the lake is?
 C) How deep the lake?
 D) How deep the lake was?
 E) How deep the were lake?

5. Choose the correct variant.
 A) Where he meets her?
 B) Where did he meet her?
 C) Where did he met her?
 D) Where does he meets her?
 E) Where he met her?

6. Choose the correct variant.
 ... did the neighbours complain about?
 A) Why B) Whom
 C) Who D) When
 E) What time

7. Choose the correct variant.
 A) Who ate the apples?
 B) Who did ate the apples?
 C) Who did eat the apples?
 D) Who the apples ate?
 E) Who the apples eat?

8. Choose the correct variant.
 ... bought the tickets?
 A) Where B) Why
 C) Who D) When
 E) Whom

9. Choose the correct variant.
... did she go to the dance with?
A) Where B) Who C) Why
D) When E) What time

10. Choose the correct variant.
A) Where did Mary put it?
B) Where put Mary it?
C) Where Mary put it?
D) Where does put Mary it?
E) Where does Mary puts it?

TEST 9

1. Choose the correct variant.
Your brother will work at a laboratory,
... ?

A) doesn't he B) won't he
C) will he D) is he
E) didn't he

2. Choose the correct variant.
Admiral Nelson was killed in the battle of
Trafalgar, ... he?

A) was B) wasn't C) did
D) didn't E) hasn't

3. Choose the correct variant.
She likes reading.

A) What she likes?
B) What does she likes?
C) What does she like?
D) What do she like?
E) What likes she?

4. Choose the correct variant.
She's married, ... she?

A) does B) isn't C) is
D) doesn't E) hasn't

5. Choose the correct variant.
It often rained last summer.

A) Did it often rained last summer?
B) Does it often rain last summer?
C) Did it often rain last summer?
D) It often rained last summer, doesn't it?
E) It often rained last summer or last
autumn?

6. Choose the correct question to the
underlined part.

Laws tell people what they must do and
what they mustn't do.

A) What laws tell people?
B) What people tell laws?
C) What do people tell laws?
D) What do laws tell people?
E) What did the laws tell people?

7. Choose the correct variant.

The girl asked questions about everything
she saw.

A) Did the girl ask questions about
everything she saw?
B) Did the girl asked questions about
everything she saw?
C) Does the girl ask questions about
everything she saw?
D) Asked the girl questions about
everything she saw?
E) Does the girl asks questions about
everything she saw?

8. Choose the correct variant.

The postman will come in the afternoon,
... ?

A) will he B) won't he
C) is he D) does he
E) didn't he

9. Choose the correct variant.

She speaks Jewish as a second language
fluently.

A) How well does she speaks Jewish as a
second language?
B) How well she speaks Jewish as a
second language?
C) How well does she speak Jewish as a
second language?
D) How well do she speak Jewish as a
second language?
E) How well can she speak Jewish as a
second language?

10. Choose the correct variant.

She knows three foreign languages.

- A) How many foreign languages she knows?
- B) How many foreign languages does she know?
- C) How many foreign languages does she know?
- D) How many foreign languages knows she?
- E) How many foreign languages did she know?

TEST 10

1. Choose the correct variant.

The Okinawans have a positive attitude towards life, ...

- A) won't they? B) wasn't he?
- C) aren't they? D) don't they?
- E) haven't they?

2. Choose the correct variant.

The elders take care of each other, ...

- A) are they? B) do they?
- C) don't they? D) was it?
- E) were they?

3. Choose the correct variant.

Different peoples have different manners, ...?

- A) won't they? B) wasn't he?
- C) aren't they? D) don't they?
- E) haven't they?

4. Choose the correct variant.

It's rude to leave any rice in your bowl in China, ...

- A) isn't it? B) did it?
- C) didn't it? D) is it?
- E) doesn't it?

5. Choose the correct variant.

Thailand's traditions move around respect, ...

- A) are they? B) do they?
- C) doesn't it? D) don't they?
- E) were they?

6. Choose the correct variant.

They often had very little food, ...

- A) did they? B) didn't they?
- C) were there? D) weren't they?
- E) hadn't they?

7. Choose the correct variant.

Their living conditions slowly began to improve, ...

- A) did it? B) didn't they?
- C) was there? D) weren't they?
- E) had it?

8. Choose the correct variant.

The westward movement continued for over 100 years, ...

- A) was it? B) wasn't it?
- C) did it? D) didn't it?
- E) won't it?

9. Choose the correct variant.

There were no roads in this village, ...

- A) did they? B) didn't they?
- C) were there? D) weren't they?
- E) have they?

10. Choose the correct variant.

Scientists believe that the Indians had a rich culture, ...

- A) aren't they? B) do they?
- C) haven't they? D) won't they?
- E) don't they?

TEST 11

1. Choose the correct variant.

The Indians met no people in a new world, ...

- A) did they? B) didn't they?
- C) were there? D) weren't they?
- E) have they?

2. Choose the correct variant.

The Taj Mahal attracts a huge number of international tourists, ...

- A) can't it? B) will it?
- C) can it? D) does it?
- E) doesn't it?

3. Choose the correct variant.

The flowers are arranged in different shapes, ...

- A) were there? B) wasn't it?
C) are there? D) aren't they?
E) weren't they?

4. Choose the correct variant.

The King built the Gardens on the territory of modern Iraq, ...

- A) was he? B) wasn't he?
C) did he? D) didn't he?
E) won't he?

5. Choose the correct variant.

Now people have realized the importance of clean water.

- A) did it? B) didn't it?
C) haven't they? D) weren't they?
E) have they?

6. Choose the correct variant.

Fish and reptiles cannot live in the polluted water, ...

- A) can't they? B) will they?
C) can they? D) do they?
E) doesn't it?

7. Choose the correct variant.

There is not enough oxygen in the water, ...

- A) is there? B) do they?
C) are there? D) will it?
E) isn't there?

8. Choose the correct variant.

Greenpeace doesn't accept donations from political parties, ...

- A) can't it? B) will it?
C) can it? D) does it?
E) doesn't it?

9. Choose the correct variant.

It raises environmental problems, ...

- A) isn't it? B) did it?
C) didn't it? D) does it?
E) doesn't it?

10. Choose the correct variant.

They have already planted different kinds of vegetation in their garden, ...

- A) aren't they? B) do they?
C) haven't they? D) won't they?
E) don't they?

TEST 12

1. Choose the correct variant.

It influences both the private and the public sectors, ...

- A) is it? B) does it?
C) doesn't it? D) was it?
E) were they?

2. Choose the correct variant.

Patients who can see trees and flowers out of their room windows heal faster, ...

- A) won't he? B) wasn't he?
C) aren't they? D) don't they?
E) can't they?

3. Choose the correct variant.

You should know many things about your land, ...

- A) won't you? B) do you?
C) aren't you? D) shouldn't you?
E) can't you?

4. Choose the correct variant.

Cosmetic companies kill animals to make a profit, ...

- A) will they? B) don't they?
C) aren't they? D) do they?
E) can't they?

5. Choose the correct variant.

Scouts keep themselves physically strong, ...

- A) don't they? B) are they?
C) will they? D) do they?
E) aren't they?

6. Choose the correct variant.

Good health can't be bought at the chemist's, ...

- A) can't it? B) will it?

C) can it?
E) doesn't it?

D) does it?

7. Choose the correct variant.
Regularity in life promotes your health,

...

A) can't it?

B) will it?

C) can it?

D) does it?

E) doesn't it?

8. Choose the correct variant.

Each colour has its beauty, ...

A) can't it?

B) will it?

C) can it?

D) does it?

E) doesn't it?

9. Choose the correct variant.

Green is considered the colour of wealth
in North America, ...

A) isn't it?

B) does it?

C) doesn't it?

D) was it?

E) were they?

10. Choose the correct variant.

Wild animals were tamed and bred to
feed people, ...

A) were there?

B) wasn't it?

C) are there?

D) aren't they?

E) weren't they?

TEST 13

1. Choose the correct variant.

People keeping pets don't suffer much
stress, ...

A) are they?

B) aren't they?

C) don't they?

D) do they?

E) were they?

2. Choose the correct variant.

People have hunted wild animals for their
meat, skins and fur, ...

A) aren't they?

B) do they?

C) haven't they?

D) won't they?

E) don't they?

3. Choose the correct variant.

Dogs can save people during a disaster,

...

A) won't he?

B) wasn't he?

C) aren't they?

D) do they?

E) can't they?

4. Choose the correct variant.

In 1907 General Robert Baden-Powell
held a camp and brought together 20
boys, ...

A) was he?

B) wasn't he?

C) did he?

D) didn't he?

E) won't he?

5. Choose the correct variant.

He didn't realize his mistake, ...

A) did he?

B) didn't he?

C) was he?

D) hasn't he?

E) wasn't he?

6. Choose the correct variant.

It doesn't support any political party, ...

A) is it?

B) does it?

C) doesn't it?

D) was it?

E) were they?

7. Choose the correct variant.

Drinking water sources are depleting, ...

A) were there?

B) wasn't it?

C) are there?

D) aren't they?

E) are they?

8. Choose the correct variant.

The passages of Holy Quran were used as
decorative elements throughout the
complex, ...

A) did it?

B) didn't it?

C) were there?

D) weren't they?

E) have they?

9. Choose the correct variant.

The size of the male tomb isn't the same
as the female tomb, ...

A) is it?

B) isn't it?

C) does it?
E) was it?

D) doesn't it?

10. Choose the correct variant.

The construction of Taj Mahal lasted 22 years, ...

A) isn't it?

B) did it?

C) didn't it?

D) does it?

E) doesn't it?

TEST 14

1. Choose the correct variant.

Don't close your books, ...

A) will you?

B) do you?

C) shall you?

D) don't you?

E) are you?

2. Choose the correct variant.

Let's go for a walk, ...

A) can we?

B) do you?

C) shall we?

D) are you?

E) do we?

3. Choose the correct variant.

Come here, ...

A) do you?

B) will you?

C) are you?

D) can you?

E) don't you?

4. Choose the correct variant.

Nobody phoned me while I was out, ...

A) did it?

B) didn't they?

C) did they?

D) were they?

E) weren't they?

5. Choose the correct variant.

There isn't enough food, ...

A) does it?

B) isn't they?

C) is they?

D) isn't there?

E) is there?

6. Choose the correct variant.

I'm late, ...?

A) aren't I

B) am I

C) am not I

D) do I

E) don't I

7. Choose the correct variant.

Someone's broken the window, ...

A) has he?

B) hasn't it?

C) have they?

D) haven't they?

E) doesn't it?

8. Choose the correct variant.

Everything will be all right, ...

A) will it?

B) won't it?

C) will they?

D) won't they?

E) doesn't it?

9. Choose the correct variant.

You know that's right, ...

A) do you?

B) don't you?

C) are you?

D) will you?

E) isn't it?

10. Choose the correct variant.

Let's have a coffee, ...

A) are you?

B) are we?

C) don't we?

D) shall we?

E) do we?

TEST 15

1. Choose the correct variant.

A) Where did the cave men lived years ago?

B) Where did the cave men live years ago?

C) Where the cave men lived years ago?

D) Where lived the cave men years ago?

E) Where did live the cave men years ago?

2. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Who you spend summer with?
- B) Who spend you summer with?
- C) Who did you spend summer with?
- D) Who did you spent summer with?
- E) Who do spend you summer with?

3. Choose the correct variant.

- A) What did she make for parties?
- B) What did she made for parties?
- C) What she made for parties?
- D) What made she for parties?
- E) What does she makes for parties?

4. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Why didn't like Friedrich school?
- B) Why Friedrich not liked school?
- C) Why didn't Friedrich like school for?
- D) Why didn't Friedrich liked school?
- E) Why didn't Friedrich like school?

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A) What do on Ramadan we?
- B) What did they did on Ramadan?
- C) What do we do on Ramadan?
- D) What we do on Ramadan?
- E) What do we on Ramadan?

6. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Why didn't feed he the cat?
- B) Why don't he feed the cat?
- C) Why doesn't he feeds the cat?
- D) Why didn't he fed the cat?
- E) Why didn't he feed the cat?

7. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Why did we needed to look after animals?
- B) Why do we need to look after animals for?
- C) Why do need we to look after animals?
- D) Why do we need to look after

animals?

E) Why need we to look after animals?

8. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Why did family leave Kevin alone at home?
- B) Why did family left Kevin alone at home?
- C) Why left family Kevin alone at home?
- D) Why did left family Kevin alone at home?
- E) Why did leave family Kevin alone at home?

9. Choose the correct variant.

- A) What symbols have the country?
- B) What symbols do the country have?
- C) What symbols did the country had?
- D) What symbols does the country have?
- E) What symbols does the country has?

10. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Did English borrow any words from other languages?
- B) Did English borrowed any words from other languages?
- C) English borrowed some words from other languages, doesn't it?
- D) Did borrow English any words from other languages?
- E) Did borrowed English any words from other languages?

ENGLISH

EXCLAMATORY SENTENCES - TESTS

NİDA CÜMLƏLƏRİ - TESTLƏR

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What amazing the view is!
- B) How amazing the view is!
- C) What amazing is the view!
- D) How amazing view it is!
- E) What amazing view is it!

2. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. How naughty the children are!
- 2. How long river the Nile is!
- 3. How awful this soup tastes!
- 4. How tall fortress it is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. What enormous monuments they are!
- 2. How enormous monuments they are!
- 3. How boring the film is!
- 4. What boring the film is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. What a fruitful land it is!
- 2. How fruitful the land is!
- 3. How fruitful land it is!
- 4. What fruitful land it is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What old woman she is!
- B) How an old woman she is!
- C) What old the woman is!
- D) How old woman is she!
- E) What an old woman she is!

6. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What a precious stones they are!
- B) What a precious stones are they!
- C) How precious the stones are!
- D) How precious stones they are!
- E) How a precious stone it is!

7. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What a bad health system your country has!
- B) What bad health system your country has!
- C) How bad the health system has your country!
- D) What a bad health system has your country!
- E) How a bad health system your country has!

8. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. How terrible the malnutrition was!
- 2. What a terrible malnutrition there was!
- 3. What a terrible malnutrition was there!
- 4. How terrible malnutrition it was!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. What an unbelievable news she delivered!
- 2. How unbelievable the news was!
- 3. How unbelievable the news delivered she!
- 4. What unbelievable news she delivered!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,4
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What difficult case the lawyer defended!

- B) What a difficult case the lawyer defended!
- C) How a difficult case the lawyer defended!
- D) How difficultly case the lawyer defended!
- E) What a difficult case defended the lawyer!

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What deep canyon is it!
- B) What a deep canyon they are!
- C) How deep canyon it is!
- D) How deeply the Grand Canyon is!
- E) How deep the Grand Canyon is!

2. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How happy this couple looked!
2. How happily this couple looked!
3. What a happy couple they looked!
4. What happy couple looked they!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What a funny socks you are wearing!
- B) How funny socks you are wearing!
- C) What funny socks you are wearing!
- D) How funny the socks are they!
- E) What funny socks are you wearing!

4. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How fast you speak!
2. How fastly you speak!
3. How fast speak you!
4. How fast the speaker is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What an awful tragedy tells she!

- B) How awfully the tragedy sounds!
- C) How awful tragedy it was!
- D) What an awful tragedy she tells!
- E) What awful the tragedy was!

6. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How stupidly she dances.
2. How stupid the dancer is!
3. What stupid dancer she is!
4. What a stupid dancer is she!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What a ridiculous question is it!
- B) What ridiculous question it is!
- C) What a ridiculous question it is!
- D) How ridiculous question it is!
- E) How ridiculous the question is it!

8. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What a quiet place is it!
2. How quiet place it is!
3. What a quiet place it is!
4. How quiet the place is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How fast the rocket flies!
2. How fastly the rocket flies!
3. How slow the rocket flies!
4. How slowly the rocket flies!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How a loud player he is!
2. How loudly they play!
3. How loud the music is!
4. How loudly play they!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What a cute children they are!
- B) What cute children they are!
- C) How cute the children is!
- D) How cute children they are!
- E) What cute children are they!

2. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. How boring is the Math lesson!
- 2. What a boring lesson Math is!
- 3. How boring the Math lesson is!
- 4. What boring lesson Math is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What great whales they are!
- B) What great whales are they!
- C) What a great whales they are!
- D) How great the whales is!
- E) How great whales are!

4. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What expensive cars are Jaguars!
- B) What expensive cars Jaguars are!
- C) What an expensive cars Jaguars are!
- D) How expensively the cars are!
- E) How expensively cars Jaguars are!

5. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. How easily you forget things!
- 2. What easy things you forget!
- 3. How easily forget you things!
- 4. How easy forget you things!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. What fashionable shoes they are!
- 2. What a fashionable shoes they are!
- 3. What fashionable the shoes are they!

4. How fashionable the shoes are!

- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. What a pleasant surprise is it!
- 2. What a pleasant surprise it is!
- 3. How pleasant the surprise is!
- 4. How pleasant surprise it is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

8. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What lovely people are our neighbours!
- B) What lovely the people are!
- C) What a lovely people our neighbours are!
- D) How lovely people our neighbours are!
- E) What lovely people our neighbours are!

9. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. What an incredible story it is!
- 2. How incredible the story is!
- 3. What an incredible story is it!
- 4. How incredibly the story is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. What a wonderful opportunities they are!
- 2. What a wonderful opportunity it is!
- 3. How wonderful the opportunity is!
- 4. How wonderfully the opportunity is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

- 1. How shiny hair she has got!

2. What shiny hair has she got!
3. How shiny her hair is!
4. What shiny hair she has got!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

2. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What an expensive laptop it is!
2. What an expensive laptop is it!
3. How expensive the laptop is!
4. How expensively the laptop is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What a handsome man he is!
2. What handsome men they are!
3. How handsome the man is he!
4. How handsome man he is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How well she swims!
2. How well swimmer she is!
3. What a well swimmer she is!
4. What a good swimmer she is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What a splendid photos you took!
2. What a splendid photo took you!
3. What splendid photos you took!
4. How splendid the photos were!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How sharply the tools are!
- B) How sharp tools they are!
- C) What sharp tools they are!
- D) What a sharp tools they are!
- E) What sharp tools are they!

7. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What colourful parasols they are!
- B) How colourful the parasols was!
- C) How colourful parasols they were!
- D) How a colourful parasol it is!
- E) What colourful parasols are they!

8. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How sly robbers are!
2. What a sly robbers they are!
3. How sly the robbers are!
4. What sly robbers they are!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How rudely she behaved!
2. How rude she behaved!
3. What rude girl she is!
4. What a rude girl she was!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
- D) 3,4 E) 1,4

10. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How healthy food you eat!
- B) How healthy the food eat you!
- C) What healthy food you eat!
- D) What a healthy food you eat!
- E) What healthy food eat you!

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What an interesting documentary they watched!
- B) What interesting documentary they watched!
- C) What interesting documentaries watched they!
- D) How interesting documentaries they watched!
- E) How interesting a documentaries were!

2. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How dangerous is the pollution!
2. How dangerous the pollution is!
3. What dangerous pollution nature has!
4. What a dangerous pollution has nature!

A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How heavily the traffic looks!
- B) What heavy traffic has the city!
- C) How heavy traffic the city has!
- D) How heavy the traffic looks!
- E) What a heavy traffic the city has!

4. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How convincingly the idea sounds!
- B) What a convincing ideas you have got!
- C) What a convincing idea have you got!
- D) How a convincing idea you have got!
- E) How convincing the idea sounds!

5. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How strange aliens they are!
 2. What strange aliens they are!
 3. What strange aliens are they!
 4. How strange the aliens are!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What a strict rule it is!
 2. How strict the rule is!
 3. How strict rule it is!
 4. What a strict rule is it!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How bitter tastes the pizza!
- B) How bitter the pizza tastes!
- C) How bitter pizza it is!
- D) How bitter pizza is it!
- E) How bitterly the pizza tastes!

8. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How useful the vitamins are!
 2. How useful vitamins they are!
 3. What useful vitamins they are!
 4. What useful vitamins are they!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How terribly the jungle looks!
- B) What a terrible jungles they are!
- C) What the terrible jungle it was!
- D) How terrible looks the jungle!
- E) How terrible the jungle looks!

10. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What a big planet is Jupiter!
 2. What a big planet Jupiter is!
 3. How big planet Jupiter is!
 4. How big the planet Jupiter is!
- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 2,4

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How strongly the winds blow in Neptune!
- B) How strongly blow the winds in Neptune!
- C) How strong winds are there in Neptune!

D) How strongly winds there are in Neptune!

E) What a strong winds there are in Neptune!

2. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How sour the lemon tastes!

2. How sourly the lemon tastes!

3. What sour lemon it is!

4. What a sour lemon it is!

A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3

D) 3,4 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What unhealthy eating habits you have!

2. How unhealthy your eating habits are!

3. What an unhealthy eating habits you have!

4. How unhealthy eating habits you have!

A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3

D) 3,4 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) What a colourful dresses they wear in the Festival!

B) What a colourful dress wear they in the Festival!

C) What colourful the dresses they wear in the Festival!

D) How colourfully they wear in the Festival!

E) How colourful dresses they wear in the Festival!

5. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) What delicious caviar we have!

B) What a delicious caviar have we!

C) What a delicious caviar we have!

D) How delicious the caviar were!

E) How delicious caviar we have!

6. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) How sweet scent perfume has!

B) How sweet the scent has perfume!

C) What sweet scent has perfume!

D) What a sweet scent perfume has!

E) What sweet scent perfume has!

7. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) How high the wheat prices are!

B) How high wheat prices are!

C) How highly are the wheat prices!

D) What a high wheat prices are!

E) What high wheat price is!

8. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) What an expensive mutton it is!

B) What an expensive food the mutton is!

C) How expensive the mutton is!

D) How expensive food the mutton are!

E) How expensively the mutton is!

9. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) What a tender meat is it!

B) What a tender meat it is!

C) How tender the meat is!

D) How the tender meat it is!

E) What tender meat was it!

10. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) What a sweet cakes they are!

B) What sweet apple it is!

C) What a sweet cream it is!

D) How sweetly the cake tastes!

E) How sweet the cake tastes!

ENGLISH

SHORT ANSWERS – SO, NEITHER – TESTS

QISA CAVABLAR (SO, NEITHER) – TESTLƏR

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct variant.

I'm tired.

- A) So do I B) So am I
C) Neither do I D) Neither am I
E) Either I do

2. Choose the correct variant.

I didn't like that film.

- A) So did I
B) Neither did I
C) So am I
D) Either did I
E) I didn't too

3. Choose the correct variant.

I was late.

- A) So do I B) So was I
C) So did I D) Neither do I
E) I was either

4. Choose the correct variant.

I didn't finish it.

- A) Neither did I
B) So did I
C) Neither was I
D) Either didn't I
E) Neither didn't I

5. Choose the correct variant.

I like coffee.

- A) So am I B) So do I
C) Neither am I D) Neither do I
E) Neither don't I

6. Choose the correct variant.

I can swim.

- A) So I can B) So do I
C) So can I D) Neither can I
E) I can't also

7. Choose the correct variant.

I'm staying for another two days.

- A) So I am B) So do I

C) So am I

D) So did I

E) I did too

8. Choose the correct variant.

She has a degree in physics.

- A) So do I B) So have I
C) So has I D) So did I
E) I have either

9. Choose the correct variant.

I don't have his number.

- A) Neither have I B) So have I
C) Neither I have D) I don't either
E) Neither haven't I

10. Choose the correct variant.

I found the problem very hard.

- A) So am I B) So do I
C) So did I D) So have I
E) I did either

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct variant.

Maria can sing beautifully and

- A) so her sister can
B) so can't her sister
C) neither can her sister
D) either her sister can
E) so can her sister

2. Choose the correct variant.

I had never seen so much food in my life.

-
A) Neither have we
B) Neither did we
C) So did we
D) Neither had we
E) We didn't either

3. Choose the correct variant.

Elnur has never been to Canada, but his colleague

- A) hasn't B) had been
C) was D) hasn't been
E) has been

TEST 3

4. Choose the correct variant.

Mother had to cook a birthday cake.

- A) So had I B) So did I
C) Nor did I D) Neither had I
E) So hadn't I

5. Choose the correct variant.

All the students will participate in the final exam.

- A) We shan't either B) Neither will she
C) She will too D) Neither she will
E) They will either

6. Choose the correct variant.

Julia enjoys watching action films.

- A) Neither did we B) So did we
C) We did either D) So do we
E) Nor do we

7. Choose the correct variant.

Nelly wasn't ready for the lesson.

- A) Neither was John
B) Nor wasn't John
C) Nor did John
D) So was John
E) So wasn't John

8. Choose the correct variant.

She won't help you any more.

- A) I shall either B) Neither shall I
C) Neither do I D) So do I
E) So did I

9. Choose the correct variant.

This diet helped you to lose weight.

- A) So did the sport
B) Neither did the sport
C) Nor the sport did
D) So does the sport
E) The sport either

10. Choose the correct variant.

I saw the spirit of our dead neighbor.

- A) So my little sister was
B) So was my little sister
C) Nor did my little sister
D) So didn't my little sister
E) My little sister too

1. Choose the correct variant.

-

- So does she.

- A) I can help you.
B) I had to clean my room.
C) Harry read this book.
D) They didn't do their lessons.
E) I have to pass my exam.

2. Choose the correct variant.

-

-Neither would we.

- A) They went to the meeting.
B) They will go to the meeting.
C) They won't go to the meeting.
D) They wouldn't go to the meeting.
E) They would go to the meeting.

3. Choose the correct variant.

-

- She doesn't either.

- A) He will let the children go to the party.
B) They didn't let the children go to the party.
C) He lets the children go to the party.
D) He let the children go to the party.
E) They don't let the children go to the party.

4. Choose the correct variant.

They will have breakfast at 8.

1. So will he.
2. He also will.
3. Neither will he.
4. He won't either.
A) 3,4 B) 2,3 C) 1,4
D) 1,2 E) 1,3

5. Choose the correct variant.

-

-So do I.

- A) We had to finish this work in time.
B) She cut her hair.
C) They don't care about others problems.

D) My friends plan to watch football in Spain.

E) They have gone to the cinema.

6. Choose the correct variant.

...
Nor did we.

A) He cut all the trees in front of the door.

B) He cuts all the trees in front of the door.

C) He didn't cut all the trees in front of the door.

D) He doesn't cut all the trees in front of the door.

E) He won't cut all the trees in front of the door.

7. Choose the correct variant.

This cottage cost him a lot of money, ...

A) hers doesn't cost much money, either.

B) so didn't mine.

C) mine didn't too.

D) the Karimovs' does either.

E) so did theirs.

8. Choose the correct variant.

Khalida never misses for the lessons.

- ...
A) So he does B) So do I
C) Neither do I D) Neither I don't
E) I don't miss too

9. Choose the correct variant.

We are a bit anxious. ...

1. Neither is she.
2. She is not either.
3. So is she.
4. She is too.

- A) 2,3 B) 1,2 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,3

10. Choose the correct variant.

The architect's latest work is known all over the world.

...? I didn't know that.

- A) Wasn't it B) Was it

- C) Is it
E) Does it

D) Didn't it

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct variant.

You must follow the rules. ...

1. We mustn't either.
2. We must too.
3. So must we.
4. Neither must we.

- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 2,4

2. Choose the correct variant.

-They have done all their homework.

... Well-done.

- A) Do they?
B) Haven't they?
C) Are they?
D) Don't they?
E) Have they?

3. Choose the correct variant.

-He knows neither me nor my parents.

... Why?

- A) Has he? B) Is he?
C) Does he? D) Doesn't he?
E) Isn't he?

4. Choose the correct variant.

Edison got a lot of ideas while he was asleep.

- ...
A) So did Einstein.
B) Neither did Einstein.
C) Einstein didn't too.
D) So does Einstein.
E) Either did Einstein.

5. Choose the correct variant.

They didn't know Italian last year, ...

1. neither did she 2. so did she
3. she did too 4. she didn't either
A) 3,4 B) 2,4 C) 1,3
D) 1,4 E) 1,2

6. Choose the correct variant.

-He is a member of a national football team.

....

- A) So am I
- B) So do I
- C) Neither is his friend
- D) Neither have we
- E) So has his friend

7. Choose the correct variant.

We aren't able to explain the reason.

- A) Neither the scientists are
- B) Nor are the scientists
- C) Neither aren't the scientists
- D) The scientists aren't able to explain the reason too.
- E) Either aren't the scientists

8. Choose the correct variant.

I don't like jealous people.

- A) Neither does she
- B) So don't they
- C) He didn't either
- D) So do they
- E) My roommates don't also

9. Choose the correct variant.

My teachers have never punished me.

- A) My parents haven't too.
- B) Never did my parents.
- C) Neither have my parents.
- D) So haven't my parents.
- E) Nor my parents haven't.

10. Choose the correct variant.

I'm not going to scold my own child.

- A) So he isn't
- B) Nor I am
- C) I am not either
- D) Neither he is
- E) I am not too

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct variant.

You have to forgive them for what happened,

- A) so have they
- B) so they do

C) so do they

E) they don't either

D) neither do they

2. Choose the correct variant.

She hasn't eaten anything at all today.

- A) Neither does he
- B) So hasn't he
- C) Neither has he
- D) Neither he has
- E) He has either

3. Choose the correct variant.

-The fans had watched that match in a pub.

....

- A) So do we
- B) So did we
- C) So we did
- D) We didn't also
- E) So had we

4. Choose the correct variant.

Sandra isn't keen on cooking.

- A) Neither is Kate
- B) So isn't Kate
- C) Nor does Kate
- D) Kate doesn't also
- E) Neither was Kate

5. Choose the correct variant.

She's got so much energy this morning,

....

- A) neither have we
- B) neither do we
- C) we haven't too
- D) so do we
- E) so have we

6. Choose the correct variant.

-As Martin works in a prestigious company he has to shave every morning.

....

- A) Neither do I
- B) Nor I do
- C) So do I
- D) So have I
- E) I have also

7. Choose the correct variant.

They have never lied to me and

- A) so do you
- B) you didn't either
- C) you haven't either

- D) neither haven't you
E) neither you have

8. Choose the correct variant.

-An electrician has installed a burglar alarm for us today.

.... Why?

- A) Has he? B) Hasn't he?
C) Does he? D) Doesn't he?
E) Did he?

9. Choose the correct variant.

This house has no central heating,

- A) our previous one hasn't also
B) neither hasn't our previous one
C) so does our previous one
D) our previous one doesn't either
E) neither our previous one does

10. Choose the correct variant.

We had never left Europe,

- A) neither did they
B) neither they did
C) they didn't either
D) they hadn't either
E) so had they

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct variant.

The Hanging Gardens were built thousands of years ago,

1. neither were the Pyramids
2. so are the Pyramids
3. the Pyramids were too
4. and so were the Pyramids
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

2. Choose the correct variant.

The King went to great trouble,

- A) so were the soldiers
B) so did the soldiers
C) neither did the soldiers
D) neither didn't the soldiers
E) so didn't the soldiers

3. Choose the correct variant.

-An earthquake destroyed the Hanging Gardens of Babylon.

- ... I didn't know that.

- A) Did it? B) Didn't it?
C) Was it? D) Wasn't it?
E) Is it?

4. Choose the correct variant.

Our country imported huge trees and plants,

1. neither did Turkey
2. either Turkey did
3. Turkey also did
4. so did Turkey
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct variant.

He got more awards and nominations and

- A) his colleagues have too
B) so didn't his colleagues
C) so did his colleagues
D) either did his colleagues
E) neither do his colleagues

6. Choose the correct variant.

Their languages differ and

1. so do their customs
2. so does their customs
3. neither do their customs
4. their customs do also
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,3

7. Choose the correct variant.

-Life in Afghanistan isn't easy.

-
A) So does it in Pakistan
B) Neither does it in the USA
C) Neither is it in the USA
D) Neither isn't it in the USA
E) So is it in Pakistan

8. Choose the correct variant.

-They don't go to fitness gyms.

.....

1. We don't either 2. So do we
3. So does she 4. Neither do we

- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct variant.

The leopards are hunted for their fur,

- A) the polar bears are either
B) so do the polar bears
C) so don't the polar bears
D) so are the polar bears
E) the polar bears aren't either

10. Choose the correct variant.

The photos of reptiles at the zoo were taken,

1. so was the photos of monkeys
2. neither were the photos of monkeys
3. so were the photos of monkeys
4. the photos of monkeys were too
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,3

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct variant.

I don't know anything about cyborgs, ...

- A) neither did my friends
B) neither do my friends
C) so do my friends
D) so did my friends
E) so don't my friends

2. Choose the correct variant.

Their school organize ecological projects each year,

1. but ours doesn't
2. so do ours
3. neither did ours
4. so don't ours
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

Scientists think that in the future all our work will be done by special devices,

- A) so don't most people

B) so do most people

C) neither do most people

D) but most people didn't

E) most people do, either

4. Choose the correct variant.

I don't like to put my foot on an insect,

.....

1. so my little sister
2. neither does my little sister
3. but my little sister does
4. my little sister did, either
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct variant.

Jeyranbatan reservoir supplied Baku with fresh water,

- A) but Shollar water does
B) neither does Shollar water
C) neither did Shollar water
D) so does Shollar water
E) so did Shollar water

6. Choose the correct variant.

Azerbaijan is famous for its carpets,

1. So does Iran
2. Iran is, too
3. Neither is Iran
4. So is Iran
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 2,4 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct variant.

They did nothing to stop pollution,

- A) so did the others
B) so do the others
C) neither do the others
D) neither did the others
E) but the others didn't

8. Choose the correct variant.

My neighbor's made a compost heap. ...

- A) So did my neighbor
B) So does my neighbor
C) Neither did my neighbor
D) So is my neighbor
E) So has my neighbor

9. Choose the correct variant.

Steve Wonder didn't get upset from his blindness and continued recording his hits, ...

- A) so did Ray Charles
- B) so does ray Charles
- C) neither did Ray Charles
- D) neither does Ray Charles
- E) Ray Charles did either

10. Choose the correct variant.

He put mud and stones together to build a shelter, ...

- A) so did his assistants
- B) so do his assistants
- C) neither did his assistants
- D) neither do his assistants
- E) either his assistants don't

TEST 8

1. Choose the correct variant.

You mustn't ruin your health with poor diet, ...

- A) so must the others
- B) so mustn't the others
- C) neither mustn't the others
- D) neither must the others
- E) the others must either

2. Choose the correct variant.

Bridges differ from each other for their form, ...

- 1. so do the skyscrapers
 - 2. nor do the skyscrapers
 - 3. the skyscrapers do, too
 - 4. so did the skyscrapers
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

He wanted to play no more, ...

- 1. neither did she 2. but she did
 - 3. nor does she 4. so did she
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct variant.

They kept moving westward on foot, ...

- A) so do we B) so were we

C) so did we

E) neither did we

D) nor did we

5. Choose the correct variant.

Their garden was surrounded with no lakes, no rivers, ...

- A) so did ours
- B) so do ours
- C) neither was ours
- D) so was ours
- E) nor did ours

6. Choose the correct variant.

Women did all the other work in their village, ...

- 1. neither did in ours
 - 2. nor do in ours
 - 3. so did in ours
 - 4. but in ours didn't
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

7. Choose the correct variant.

The Okinawans' diet consists of fish, meat, dairy products and fruit, ...

- A) so is the Mediterranean diet
- B) nor does the Mediterranean diet
- C) so does the Mediterranean diet
- D) the Mediterranean diet doesn't either
- E) neither does the Mediterranean diet

8. Choose the correct variant.

New schools are reconstructed so that disabled children could work with modern technologies, ...

- 1. so are the kindergartens
 - 2. so do the kindergartens
 - 3. neither are the kindergartens
 - 4. the kindergartens are too.
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

9. Choose the correct variant.

Global warming is the reason why many animals lose their habitats, ...

- 1. so is the pollution
 - 2. so does the pollution
 - 3. neither is the pollution
 - 4. the pollution is too
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 1,3

10. Choose the correct variant.

They had no choice,

- A) so do we B) so did we
C) neither does she D) he didn't either
E) so had we

TEST 9

1. Choose the correct variant.

The people of this region never argue with the elderly,

1. so do ours 2. so did ours
3. neither do ours 4. but ours do
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

2. Choose the correct variant.

Columbus had to swim to the shore and

1. so did the other sailors
2. so had the other sailors
3. neither had the other sailors
4. the other sailors did, too

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

Native Americans had a rich culture, ...

- A) so did the Chinese
B) so do the Chinese
C) neither had the Chinese
D) so had the Chinese
E) the Chinese had, too

4. Choose the correct variant.

-The students of 10th grade have made good progress in English this month.

- A) So do they
B) Neither have they
C) Neither do they
D) They have made, either
E) So have they

5. Choose the correct variant.

-St Petersburg's beautiful in winter.
- ... How nice!

A) Doesn't it?

B) Hasn't it?

C) Isn't it?

D) Has it?

E) Is it?

6. Choose the correct variant.

-Our next meeting is on Friday.

- ... That's good you reminded me.

- A) Isn't it? B) Did it?
C) Didn't it? D) Does it?
E) Is it?

7. Choose the correct variant.

-He doesn't go to Fethiye with his parents.

- A) I don't go with my parents too.
B) Neither she does
C) So does she
D) Neither I did
E) Neither do they

8. Choose the correct variant.

-I prefer Batumi to Tbilisi.

- A) So have they
B) So does my sister
C) She also doesn't prefer Batumi to Tbilisi
D) They don't prefer Batumi to Tbilisi too
E) Neither do they

9. Choose the correct variant.

I have to change my ticket,

- A) So have they
B) So has my brother
C) So my brother has
D) So do my parents
E) So I did

10. Choose the correct variant.

Elnur never eats fast food, ...

- A) I don't never eat fast food either
B) I never eat fast food too
C) I also never eat fast food
D) I never eat fast food either
E) so do I

ENGLISH

CONJUNCTION - TESTS

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct conjunction.
Jane had a lot of time ... she helped her little sister.

- A) so B) what C) if
D) or E) why

2. Match the halves.

1. People ... steal from shops are called shoplifters.

2. The camera ... she bought wasn't so small.

3. Little Tony doesn't know ... to compile the crossword.

- a. although b. who
c. how d. which

A) 1-a; 2-b; 3-d

B) 1-b; 2-a; 3-d

C) 1-b; 2-d; 3-c

D) 1-b; 2-a; 3-c

E) 1-c; 2-a; 3-d

3. Choose the correct variant.

Some Russian sportsmen were accused of cheating ... they were banned from matches.

- A) as B) so C) because
D) though E) why

4. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

I recently went back to the town ...

- A) where I grew up
B) I grew up in
C) that I grew up in
D) where I grew up in
E) which I grew up in

5. Choose the correct variant.

That's the palace ... the King lives.

- A) who B) which
C) where D) when
E) where in

BAĞLAYICI - TESTLƏR

6. Choose the correct variant.

The town ... Tarana was born in 1985 is about two kilometers away from Baku.

1. that 2. which
3. where 4. in which
A) 3,4 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 1,4 E) 2,4

7. Choose the correct variant.

The restaurant ... was near the airport.

1. where we had lunch
2. that we had lunch
3. which we had lunch in
4. which we had lunch
5. what we had lunch
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,3,5
D) 2,4,5 E) 1,3,4

8. Choose the correct variant.

The reason ... is to ask you some advice.

- A) why I'm phoning
B) that am I phoning
C) for that I'm phoning
D) why I'm phoning for
E) which am I phoning for

9. Choose the correct variant.

I would like to live in a place ...

1. where there are plenty of green forests in
2. where there are plenty of green forests
3. that there are plenty of green forests in
4. what there are plenty of green forests in
A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

10. Choose the correct variant.

Brain says he still remembers the day ... he first saw July in her red coat.

- A) if B) which C) where
D) when E) what

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct conjunctive word.
The city in ... she lives is very polluted.

- A) where B) that
C) which D) what
E) why

2. Choose the correct variant.
This time the terrorists wanted to explode the ancient castle ... in 1882.

- A) which was built
B) that were built
C) what was built
D) what were built
E) who was built

3. Choose the correct variant.
I don't like ... Coco-Cola or Fanta.

- A) neither B) either
C) so D) such
E) both

4. Choose the correct variant.
I love chocolate, ... I know it isn't good for me.

- A) because B) why
C) so D) as
E) though

5. Choose the correct variant.
She broke her leg, ... she managed to walk 2 kilometers.

- A) but B) so C) as
D) although E) though

6. Choose the correct variant.
There was ... a lot of trouble ... the police were called.

- A) so ... that B) such ... that
C) neither ... or D) either ... or
E) both ... and

7. Choose the correct variant.
I've never seen ... a dirty kitchen.

- A) so B) such C) no
D) if E) why

8. Choose the correct variant.
The book was ... interesting ... I didn't go to bed until I had finished it.

- A) so ... that B) such ... that
C) neither ... or D) either ... or
E) both ... and

9. Choose the correct variant.
It is the first time I've had so bad flu ... I was a child.

- A) when B) since C) while
E) if E) till

10. Choose the correct variant.
He got really drunk at the party last night ... behaved like a silly!

- A) and B) as
C) even though D) why
E) although

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct variant.
They decided not to get a dog ... their son is allergic to animals.

1. but 2. so
3. as 4. because
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 2,4 E) 3,4

2. Choose the correct variant.
... the fact that she scared of snakes, she plans to go to Australia for her next holiday.

- A) Because B) So C) In spite of
D) But E) As

3. Choose the correct variant.
I have more than 2500 tracks on my I Pad ... I have no time to listen to any of them.

- A) so B) because C) as if
D) but E) as

4. Choose the correct variant.

Everything we bought costs such a lot of money.

- A) what B) why C) who
D) whom E) that

5. Choose the correct variant.

Is there any reason ... they don't trust you?

- A) when B) what C) why
D) which E) whom

6. Choose the correct variant.

... we do anything about it today, it will all be lost.

- A) When B) Unless C) Because
D) Yet E) But

7. Choose the correct variant.

I like you ... you are so kind to me.

1. as 2. because
3. so 4. but
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

8. Choose the correct variant.

I feel sad ... my valuable vase was dropped and broke down.

1. as 2. because
3. so 4. but
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

9. Choose the correct variant.

The bee can fly ... it has got wings.

- A) as B) so
C) but D) even though
E) though

10. Choose the correct variant.

The turtle can walk ... it can't run.

- A) so B) because C) as
D) but E) and

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct variant.

He is studying ... he has a test tomorrow.

1. as 2. because
3. so 4. but
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

2. Choose the correct variant.

The baby can crawl ... he can't walk.

- A) so B) because C) as
D) but E) and

3. Choose the correct variant.

It's Christmas ... they bought a Christmas tree.

- A) but B) because C) though
D) although E) and

4. Choose the correct variant.

Elizabeth works hard ... Jane is lazy.

- A) and B) or C) because
D) so E) but

5. Choose the correct variant.

I trust her ... she always speaks the truth.

- A) because B) but C) thus
D) though E) so

6. Choose the correct variant.

You must not tell lies ... your mother will punish you.

- A) unless B) or C) and
D) but E) though

7. Choose the correct variant.

Don't go there ... you are called.

- A) because B) since C) unless
D) so E) but

8. Choose the correct variant.

I rang the bell ... no one answered.

- A) because B) though C) although
D) but E) or

9. Choose the correct variant.

Wait for me ... I return.

- A) if B) till C) so
D) as E) while

10. Choose the correct variant.

... he is poor, he is contented.

- A) Unless B) Though C) If
D) But E) So

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct variant.

Is Rita your sister ... your cousin?

- A) but B) and C) or
D) because E) as

2. Choose the correct variant.

I am going to Kolkata, ... my brother is going to Chennai.

- A) since B) and C) because
D) so E) but

3. Choose the correct variant.

You must be tired ... you have walked such a long distance.

- A) so B) though C) although
D) as E) but

4. Choose the correct variant.

... they didn't love Ceaser, they loved Rome more.

- A) If B) Though C) Because
D) As E) But

5. Choose the correct variant.

... he was an industrious worker, I encouraged him.

- A) Before B) Though C) As
D) Unless E) Although

6. Choose the correct variant.

I had a very bad Math teacher at school. ..., I've never understood it.

- A) As well as B) As a result
C) But D) Although
E) Even though

7. Choose the correct variant.

The country is going through a very difficult period ... the economic crisis.

- A) although B) because
C) because of D) in spite of
E) though

8. Choose the correct variant.

She took up yoga a few months ago, ... she always looks so relaxed.

- A) so B) because C) but
D) although E) though

9. Choose the correct variant.

He quite liked his job ... having to work long hours.

- A) though B) so C) in spite of
D) because E) if

10. Choose the correct variant.

We tiptoed into the house ... we didn't want to wake up our parents.

1. as 2. because
3. so 4. but
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct variant.

Our flight was delayed ... the airline strike.

- A) in spite of B) because
C) though D) because of
E) despite

2. Choose the correct variant.

We sell our products to European countries ... the USA.

- A) and B) so C) as
D) but E) because

3. Choose the correct variant.

We couldn't enjoy our holiday ... the torrential rain.

- A) despite B) because of
C) because D) in spite of
E) instead of

4. Choose the correct variant.

I knew she didn't feel very well. ..., I tried to cheer her up.

- A) So B) Because C) As
D) But E) Though

5. Choose the correct variant.

Alice wasn't very clever. ..., she used to pass all the subjects at high school.

- A) And B) So
C) Because D) Instead of
E) But

6. Choose the correct variant.

I spent all Saturday night cooking ... have everything ready for Sunday dinner.

- A) although B) in order to
C) but D) in spite of
E) because of

7. Choose the correct variant.

The roads are all blocked ... the road accident.

- A) instead of B) because
C) as D) so
E) because of

8. Choose the correct variant.

The service at this restaurant is excellent, ... the food is delicious.

- A) but B) though C) although
D) and E) because of

9. Choose the correct variant.

... I was young, I wanted to become a doctor.

- A) What B) Why C) When
D) That E) Whom

10. Choose the correct variant.

Tina gets good grades ... she works hard.

1. but 2. as
3. because 4. so
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 1,3

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct variant.

... Jordi is a careful driver, he has had several accidents.

1. Because 2. So
3. Though 4. Although
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

2. Choose the correct variant.

Chris did not revise before the test, ... he got a poor grade.

- A) that's why B) because
C) but D) in order
E) in spite of

3. Choose the correct variant.

I forgot to bring my homework again, ... I had to stay behind after school.

1. so 2. because
3. that's why 4. as
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct variant.

... a bitter argument between them, she invited him to her wedding.

- A) In order B) Because
C) Because of D) Instead of
E) Despite

5. Choose the correct variant.

... many people have complained about the refuse collection system, the Council won't consider changing it.

1. Though 2. Although
3. So 4. As
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

6. Choose the correct variant.

... the rain yesterday we played football.

- A) Because B) Although
C) But D) In spite of
E) Because of

7. Choose the correct variant.

Filter coffee tastes much better ... instant coffee is more convenient.

- A) but B) so C) and
D) as E) why

8. Choose the correct variant.

Mick believes that exams are a matter of luck ... he admits he also has to study well.

- A) because of B) so
C) because D) but
E) that's why

9. Choose the correct variant.

Sally admired Robert, ... she was too shy to talk to him.

- A) so B) and C) but
D) because E) which

10. Choose the correct variant.

Judy is interested in modern pop music, ... sometimes she listens to classical music.

1. but 2. though
3. because 4. so
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 2,3
D) 3,4 E) 1,4

TEST 8

1. Choose the correct variant.

You must write ... your personal details and recent work place.

- A) if B) either C) neither
D) whether E) both

2. Choose the correct variant.

I want to know ... my new neighbours are talking about.

1. what 2. that
3. who 4. whom
A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

... Farid ... his classmate could pass the entrance exam. Both of them failed.

- A) Both ... and
B) Either ... or
C) Neither ... or

D) Not only ... but also

E) Neither ... nor

4. Choose the correct variant.

The writer about ... they are talking, is Chingiz Abdullayev.

- A) whom B) what C) whose
D) that E) which

5. Choose the correct variant.

The food in this restaurant is ... delicious ... cheap, is it?

- A) both ... and B) either ... or
C) neither ... or D) neither ... nor
E) - ... and

6. Choose the correct variant.

There was an earthquake ... in Turkey, ... in George, was there?

- A) both ... or B) either ... or
C) neither ... nor D) neither ... no
E) neither ... or

7. Choose the correct variant.

Little children paid ... the bus fare ... the museum tickets, did they?

- A) neither ... nor
B) either ... or
C) both ... or
D) neither ... no
E) neither ... or

8. Choose the correct variant.

Neither the President nor the ministers ... to change the nation's mind.

- A) is able B) aren't able
C) weren't able D) are able
E) has been able

9. Choose the correct variant.

She listened ... to her mother ... to her friends, did she?

- A) both ... or B) either ... or
C) neither ... nor D) neither ... no
E) neither ... or

10. Choose the correct variant.

The street through ... he walked helped him to remember that night's crime.

- A) that B) whom C) which
D) whose E) who

SUBJECT VERB AGREEMENT - TESTS

MÜBTƏDA XƏBƏR UZLAŞMASI - TESTLƏR

TEST 1

1. Choose the correct variant.

Everybody ... waiting for your decision.
Some of them ... losing their temper.

- A) is, are B) were, were
C) is, is D) was, was
E) are, are

2. Choose the correct variant.

1. I don't want to worry you, but Susan and Joe are not here.

2. Neither the employer nor the employees have to pay any tax.

3. Not only the teacher but also her student were glad for this news.

4. All teachers in our course is very hardworking.

- A) 3,4 B) 1,2 C) 1,3
D) 2,3 E) 2,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

1. A large number of animals is disappearing.

2. A number of problems are settled.

3. The number of the participants was unknown.

4. The number of our students are increasing day-by-day.

- A) 2,4 B) 1,2 C) 1,3
D) 2,3 E) 3,4

4. Choose the correct variant.

The results of my youngest student's research ... very interesting.

1. is 2. have been
3. are 4. has been
A) 3,4 B) 2,3 C) 2,4
D) 1,3 E) 1,4

5. Choose the correct variant.

Some of the cheese ... spoilt.

1. was 2. were

3. has been

A) 3,4

D) 1,3

4. have been

B) 2,3

E) 2,4

C) 1,4

6. Choose the correct variant.

All these photos in the album ... very precious for me.

1. is

3. was

A) 1,4

D) 2,3

2. are

4. were

B) 2,4

E) 1,2

C) 3,4

7. Choose the correct variant.

A) This pair of shoes are for my taste.

B) These are the catalogues of our new product.

C) A number of people doesn't care about the environment.

D) The Browns' furniture were brought from the Czech Republic.

E) The brothers whose mother are our teacher had an accident yesterday.

8. Choose the correct variant.

A) How much were that pair of boots?

B) Linguistics is as important as Mathematics for us.

C) Correcting all these mistakes are too hard.

D) Weather conditions changes our holiday plans every time.

E) Room 5 are on the third floor.

9. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

A) The hostages were killed after the interrogation.

B) The two sisters were absolutely different.

C) The policemen catches the criminals.

D) What does the news say?

E) What are Jane's plans?

10. Choose the correct variant.

1. The children have to obey the school rules.
 2. Some sports news don't interest me.
 3. The demand to these trainers is high.
 4. Two months' sick-pay are very good.
- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

TEST 2

1. Choose the correct variant.

All of the goods in this shop ... second hand.

1. is
 2. are
 3. was
 4. were
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 2,4 E) 3,4

2. Choose the correct variant.

1. At last the pop-singer and his manager was seen at the airport.

2. Ilgar, as well as other citizens was killed.

3. The dollars borrowed from the bank has already been spent.

4. The net weight of these cans isn't mentioned.

- A) 1,2 B) 1,4 C) 2,3
D) 2,4 E) 3,4

3. Choose the correct variant.

The planets in the space ... orbiting around the Sun.

1. is
 2. are
 3. was
 4. were
- A) 1,4 B) 1,2 C) 2,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,3

4. Choose the correct variant.

- A) The hostess do the washing up every day.
- B) The stairs of the house was very high.
- C) The main purpose of these articles are clear.
- D) The old was in a queue.

E) Some of the vinegar is sold.

5. Choose the correct variant.

The list of the criminals ... presented to the police.

1. is
 2. was
 3. are
 4. were
- A) 1,4 B) 2,3 C) 1,2,3
D) 2,3,4 E) 1,2

6. Choose the correct variant.

Those stairs ...

- A) isn't large enough
- B) is very slippery
- C) is good for climbing up
- D) are only for the disabled
- E) was made of stone

7. Choose the correct sentences.

1. Some news channels highlight such news.

2. Ali and Ulvi is going to leave for Sydney.

3. Everybody has seen his treatment.

4. There is passengers' travel suitcases in the taxi.

- A) 2,3 B) 1,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 2,4

8. Choose the correct sentence.

A) There were some pig on the farm.

B) There is some pigs on the farm.

C) There was some pigs on the farm.

D) There are some pig on the farm.

E) There are some pigs on the farm.

9. Choose the correct variant.

... of OPEC countries suffer from this crisis.

... of the countries that apply for help is growing.

- A) A number, A lot
- B) A number, The number
- C) The number, A lot
- D) A lot, A number
- E) The number, A number

10. Choose the correct variant.
The news programmes ... the people
about the latest news.

- A) has informed B) inform
C) is informing D) was informing
E) informs

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct sentences.

- The packet of biscuits is in the vase.
- The value of the gold is increasing.
- Both Nijat and I am in the national team.
- Each of these rooms are used for meeting.

- A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,3 E) 2,4

2. Choose the correct sentences.

- His new ideas about recycling is known to everybody.
- A box of first aid products was sent to Somali.
- Nigar and Ugur have changed their mind.
- The members of this organization is planning a visit to Africa.

- A) 3,4 B) 1,2 C) 1,3
D) 2,3 E) 1,4

3. Choose the correct sentences.

- His dignity and honesty makes all of them respect him.
- The clients of the restaurant were complaining about the food.
- The alien with three eyes was chosen as the cartoon's main hero.
- The number of the buyers in this store are increasing.

- A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

4. Choose the correct variant.

- The president who was elected for five years have presented a lot reforms.
- Each of the malls has a lot of discounts.
- Both my shoes and bag are made in Italy.

4. The girls who wear skirts nowadays is very few.

- A) 3,4 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 1,4 E) 2,4

5. Choose the correct variant.

Those who ... eager to help us ... till the end.

- A) were, stays B) is, stayed
C) are, stays D) was, stayed
E) were, stayed

6. Choose the correct variant.

... a lot of pollution in the city when everybody ... litter to the streets.

- A) There is, throw
B) There are, throws
C) There were, threw
D) There is, throws
E) There will, throw

7. Choose the correct variant.

How ... Sam's cousins?

1. is 2. was
3. are 4. were
A) 3,4 B) 1,2 C) 1,3,4
D) 2,4 E) 1,2,3

8. Choose the correct variant.

That dress ... not ironed, neither ... the pajamas.

- A) have been, have
B) were, were
C) has been, have
D) are, are
E) was, was

9. Choose the correct variant.

- Each of these problems were discussed.
- Both you and I was tired.
- The quality of these goods is good.
- A plate of candies was served to the guests.

- A) 1,4 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 1,3 E) 3,4

10. Choose the correct variant.

- The chief sources of energy in our country are oil and gas.
- Their 2 weeks' holiday has finished.

3. These are my kids' homework.
 4. This is your neighbor's bags.
 A) 1,4 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
 D) 1,3 E) 3,4

TEST 4

1. Choose the correct variant.
 Sausage and mustard ... my little son's favourite food.
 A) is B) was C) wasn't
 D) are E) am

2. Choose the correct variant.
 The sheep and the cow ... kept in the same stable.
 A) were B) was C) is
 D) has E) does

3. Choose the correct variant.
 All ... is ours.
 1. money 2. wheat
 3. books 4. sheep
 A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
 D) 1,3 E) 1,4

4. Choose the correct variant.
 A number of birds ... flying to hot countries.
 1. was 2. were
 3. is 4. are
 A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
 D) 1,4 E) 2,4

5. Choose the correct variant.
 1. A number of people was ready to defend home country.
 2. A number of soldiers' courage touches us.
 3. Both my sons are engineers.
 4. Each of those men have much experience.
 A) 1,4 B) 3,4 C) 1,2
 D) 2,3 E) 2,4

6. Choose the correct variant.
 1. The old were sitting on this bench.
 2. The old man were begging in the street.

3. The Chinese have old traditions.
 4. Chinese are a very difficult language.
 A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
 D) 1,4 E) 3,4

7. Choose the correct variant.
 A) Every one of the pupils has to give IELTS exam.
 B) Everyone of the students are ready for the text.
 C) Every of these students is here.
 D) Every boys in our group wants to join the army.
 E) Every way are reasonable for us.

8. Choose the correct variant.
 The deaf ... the people who can't hear.
 A) is B) was C) are
 D) will E) isn't

9. Choose the correct variant.
 Gymnastics ... my sister's favourite sport.
 1. was 2. are
 3. were 4. is
 A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,4
 D) 2,4 E) 3,4

10. Choose the correct variant.
 The Chinese ... ahead of us to use new technologies.
 A) was B) is C) are
 D) wasn't E) has

TEST 5

1. Choose the correct variant.
 Two-thirds of the questions ... difficult.
 A) was B) wasn't C) were
 D) is E) has

2. Choose the correct variant.
 Red beans and rice ... my mom's favourite dishes.
 A) is B) are C) isn't
 D) was E) has

Choose the correct variant.

... is watching Larry King Live on CNN World Service.

- A) Al and Elli
- B) I and my Mom
- C) She and he
- D) We
- E) Everyone

4. Choose the correct variant.

1. The blind are waiting for a new audible book model.

2. The bird are building its nest.

3. The honey and milk are very useful for our health.

4. The Japanese are coming for a new contract.

5. The Earth are going around the Sun.

- A) 1,3,4
- B) 1,3,5
- C) 2,3,4
- D) 2,4,5
- E) 3,4,5

5. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

A) My all money is ten dollars.

B) The rich are better off after the tax reforms.

C) Hot chocolate and milk are served together.

D) Nine and three is twelve.

E) Both way were closed because of the road repair.

6. Choose the correct variant.

.... are from Japan.

1. One of my classmates

2. Every of my classmates

3. Most of my classmates

4. Each of my classmates

5. Two of my classmates

- A) 1,3,5
- B) 1,2,3
- C) 3,5
- D) 3,4,5
- E) 2,3,4

7. Choose the correct variant.

A) A number of foxes are kept in the zoos.

B) The number of the foxes were five.

C) A number of hunters is here.

D) The number of hunters are thirteen.

E) A number of fairy tales was in this book.

8. Choose the correct variant.

Silver and gold ... the valuable kinds of metal.

- A) is
- B) was
- C) are
- D) has
- E) wasn't

9. Choose the correct variant.

1. The French are very noble people.

2. French is a very interesting language.

3. The old is waiting for their social insurance cards.

4. The wounded soldier was crawling on the ground.

5. The wounded was sent to the nearest hospital.

- A) 1,2,3
- B) 1,2,4
- C) 2,4,5
- D) 3,4,5
- E) 2,3,4

10. Choose the correct variant.

A) Both answer is acceptable.

B) Every of those books is fiction.

C) Is the tweezers in this drawer?

D) Your pants is at the cleaner's.

E) One of the bottles of milk left on our doorstep by the milkman was not fresh.

TEST 6

1. Choose the correct sentence.

A) The number of days are seven in a week.

B) A number of streets in our city are still known by their old names.

C) They all got wet in the rain, because neither of them have an umbrella.

D) Each of you know what it is.

E) All of these films is boring.

2. Choose the correct variant.

Such honey ...

A) are healthy

B) are brought from the mountains

- C) were rich in vitamins
D) don't exist nowadays
E) is very expensive

3. Choose the correct variant.
The architecture of these places ...
amazing.

1. was 2. were
3. are 4. is
A) 1,3 B) 1,2 C) 2,3
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

4. Choose the **incorrect** variant.

- A) All her things were burnt.
B) The dumb are taught to explain their
thoughts with their hands.
C) Both mustard and ketchup were very
bitter.
D) Ninety and five is ninety five.
E) This pair of trousers are on sale.

5. Choose the correct variant.

1. All the young were at the party.
2. The old woman were waiting at the bus
stop.
3. The English have preserved most of
their traditions.
4. Spanish are very interesting language.
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 1,4 E) 3,4

6. Choose the correct variant.

A number of birds ... flying to hot
countries.

1. was 2. were
3. is 4. are
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,3
D) 1,4 E) 2,4

7. Choose the correct variant.

Doing a lot of exercises ... useful for your
competition result.

1. was 2. is
3. has been 4. have been
5. were
A) 1,5 B) 3,4 C) 2,3,4
D) 1,2,3 E) 4,5

8. Choose the correct variant.

Several boxes of sweet ... sent by special
delivery.

1. was 2. is
3. are 4. were
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,3

9. Choose the correct variant.

A number of applications ... thrown into
the waste bin by HR assistant.

1. was 2. is
3. are 4. were
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 1,3

10. Choose the correct variant.

1. A thousand people was approaching
the port.
2. Many articles on Geography are
published in this magazine.
3. A number of roofs were repaired in
this street.
4. The answers to your question is here.
A) 1,4 B) 2,4 C) 2,3
D) 1,3 E) 3,4

TEST 7

1. Choose the correct variant.

1. The number of Twitter users doesn't
grow.
2. The number of the people we need to
hire are thirteen.
3. A number of enemy soldiers are
coming up.
4. A number of people is waiting for the
bus №2.
A) 1,2 B) 2,3 C) 3,4
D) 1,4 E) 1,3

2. Choose the correct variant.

- There ... any markers in the classroom.
A) is B) are C) aren't
D) isn't E) was

3. Choose the correct sentence.

- A) A number of journalists has been to the party this week.
- B) A number of animals are in danger of extinction.
- C) Azerbaijan have an embassy in London.
- D) California were one of the states of the USA.
- E) The rainbow have got eight colours.

4. Choose the correct variant.

A number of students ... entering the university every year.

- 1. was
- 2. were
- 3. is
- 4. are
- A) 2,4
- B) 1,3
- C) 2,3
- D) 1,4
- E) 1,2

5. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. The water in the buckets was very cold.
- 2. Translating these articles are difficult.
- 3. There are a few information centers in this city.
- 4. The traffic in these cities are heavy.
- A) 1,3
- B) 3,4
- C) 1,2
- D) 2,3
- E) 2,4

6. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. The price of the books are high.
- 2. Both Rauf and his brother are teachers.
- 3. Neither of the books are in English.
- 4. A number of teachers were at the meeting.
- A) 1,3
- B) 2,3
- C) 2,4
- D) 1,2,3
- E) 2,3,4

7. Choose the correct variant.

The children's room ... on the second floor.

- 1. is
- 2. are
- 3. were
- 4. was
- A) 2,3,4
- B) 1,4
- C) 2,4
- D) 1,3,4
- E) 1,2

8. Choose the correct variant.

Both you and your friend ... ready to defend your motherland.

- 1. are
- 2. is
- 3. was
- 4. were
- A) 2,3,4
- B) 1,4
- C) 2,4
- D) 1,3,4
- E) 1,2

9. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Each of the girls book good on skis.
- B) Everybody were asked to remain quiet.
- C) Neither of the men are here yet.
- D) Are each of the girls ready to leave?
- E) Several of the sheep are sick.

10. Choose the correct variant.

- A) The cost of mattresses have gone up lately.
- B) Brown rice are nutritious.
- C) The homework for those classes is very time-consuming.
- D) The buildings under the bridge seems empty.
- E) Iron rust easily in wet weather.

COMPLETE THE SENTENCES - TESTS

CÜMLÖ TAMAMLAMA - TESTLÖR

TEST 1

1. Complete the sentence.

Robert can't remember now ...

1. whom did he give the ticket
 2. where did he see her
 3. where he put his ticket
 4. who has sent him this mail
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

2. Complete the sentence.

The host asked me ...

- A) if I liked coffee
- B) if liked coffee
- C) what coffee did I like
- D) I liked coffee
- E) whether did I like the coffee

3. Complete the sentence.

Nurane asked ...

- A) if had I studied reported speech before
- B) whether had I studied reported speech before
- C) I had studied reported speech before
- D) hadn't I studied reported speech before
- E) if I had studied reported speech before

4. Complete the sentence.

Father asked us ...

1. who that beautiful woman was
 2. who those beautiful ladies were
 3. who was that beautiful woman
 4. who were those beautiful ladies
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

5. Complete the sentence.

The pilot wanted to know ...

1. how the flight was
 2. that we enjoyed our flight
 3. how was the flight
 4. when our flight was
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

6. Complete the sentence.

Mother wanted to know ...

- A) when I have been at school
- B) when have I been at school
- C) why I went out last night
- D) why did I go out last night
- E) when did I see my relatives last

7. Complete the sentence.

Do all tourists know ...?

- A) when they have bought these tickets
- B) where can they buy these tickets
- C) when did they buy these tickets
- D) where have they bought the tickets
- E) where they can buy the tickets

8. Complete the sentence.

The commander asked all the soldiers ...

- A) if they had seen the crime with their own eyes
- B) if had they seen the crime with their own eyes
- C) when have they seen the crime with their own eyes
- D) when had they seen the crime with their own eyes
- E) when they have seen the crime with their own eyes

9. Complete the sentence.

All our curious neighbors wanted to know ...

1. where Anar travelled
 2. where travelled Anar
 3. that Anar travelled to France
 4. when Anar travelled to France
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

10. Complete the sentence.

The newcomer wanted to know ...

1. when this supermarket opened
 2. when opened this supermarket
 3. that this supermarket opened at 9:00
 4. if this supermarket opened at 9:00
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

TEST 2

1. Complete the sentence.

The student asked the chemistry teacher ...

- A) when she has done that experiment before
- B) whether has she done that experiment before
- C) if had she done that experiment before
- D) when had she done that experiment before
- E) if she had done that experiment before

2. Complete the sentence.

Gulnara shared the photos ...

- A) what had been taken this week
- B) that has been taken this week
- C) that had been taken that week
- D) which has been taken this week
- E) what have been taken this week

3. Complete the sentence.

I wanted to know ... in Istanbul last week.

- 1. what Aynura bought
 - 2. that Aynura bought clothes
 - 3. whom Aynura met
 - 4. if did Aynura see her groupmate
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

4. Complete the sentence.

People who read and travel a lot are more intelligent than those ...

- A) who isn't B) which doesn't
- C) who don't D) which don't
- E) who doesn't

5. Complete the sentence.

What else can you tell us about the places ... last month?

- A) what was travelled
- B) which was travelled
- C) what you travelled
- D) which did you travel
- E) that you travelled

6. Complete the sentence.

I didn't understand ...

- 1. why some people were so envious
 - 2. what were they talking about
 - 3. why were they protesting
 - 4. what he was coming for
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

7. Complete the sentence.

Almira ate the meals ...

- A) what has been cooked that day
- B) which has mother just cooked
- C) in which had mother put a lot of spice
- D) that mother cooked three days ago
- E) which has a lot of vegetables inside

8. Complete the sentence.

Mother-in-law didn't guess ...

- 1. why the bride and groom were arguing
 - 2. what the bride and groom were quarrelling about
 - 3. why were the bride and groom arguing
 - 4. what were the bride and groom quarrelling about
- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

9. Complete the sentence.

Let's order something ...

- A) what tastes sweet
- B) what taste sweet
- C) that taste sweet
- D) that tastes sweet
- E) which taste sweet

10. Complete the sentence.

Is this the teacher ... at the lesson?

- A) what shouted at you
- B) who shouted at you
- C) whom did you thank to
- D) which you thanked to
- E) which shouted at you

TEST 3

1. Complete the sentence.

Who wrote the mail ...?

- A) what your son has read
- B) your son is reading
- C) that were read

- D) which does your son read
E) which have been read

2. Complete the sentence.

The towel ... was lying on the sand.

1. I had lost
2. what I was looking for
3. that I was looking for
4. which was I looking for

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

3. Complete the sentence.

The travel agent asked the hotel manager ...

- A) if was the hotel ready to receive the guests
- B) that the hotel was ready to receive the guests
- C) if the hotel was ready to receive the guests
- D) how could the hotel receive so many guests
- E) how can the hotel receive so many guests

4. Complete the sentence.

The company assistant asked us ...

- A) had we received the orders
- B) that we had received the orders
- C) if had we received the orders
- D) when had we received the orders
- E) if we had received the orders

5. Complete the sentence.

Is this the dress ... two weeks ago?

- A) did you order from Ali Express
- B) what did you order from Ali Express
- C) were you ordered from Ali Express
- D) you ordered from Ali Express
- E) which you order from Ali Express

6. Complete the sentence.

The non-government organization asked the State Committee ...

- A) that they had made any progress in agriculture
- B) if they had made any progress in agriculture

- C) if had they made any progress in agriculture

- D) how had they made this progress in agriculture

- E) had they made any progress in agriculture

7. Complete the sentence.

Saida wore the trainers ...

- A) which has been bought from Turkey
- B) that has been bought from Turkey
- C) which had been bought from Turkey
- D) what had been bought from Turkey
- E) what have been bought from Turkey

8. Complete the sentence.

The journalists want to know ... in such short time.

1. how he committed the crime
2. that he committed the crime
3. if he committed the crime
4. why did he commit the crime

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

9. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ... to speak Chinese.

1. how she'll learn
2. that she'll learn
3. if she'll learn
4. how will she learn

- A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
D) 3,4 E) 2,3

10. Complete the sentence.

The accountant asked ... in Azeri Course.

- A) when we have changed the course fees
- B) when have we changed the course fees
- C) that we had changed the course fees
- D) if we had changed the course fees
- E) whether have we changed the course fees

TEST 4

1. Complete the sentence.

Ask Elnur when ...

- A) will he take us to Egypt

- B) he has taken these photos
 C) has he taken these photos
 D) he will take us to Egypt
 E) did he take these photos

2. Complete the sentence.

Can you remember when ... that old woman on these stairs?

- A) have you seen
 B) you have seen
 C) did you see
 D) had you to see
 E) you saw

3. Complete the sentence.

Who knows ... ?

- A) why the flight was late for
 B) what the flight was cancelled for
 C) when the flight has delayed
 D) what has the flight delayed for
 E) why has the flight delayed

4. Complete the sentence.

Do you know ... ?

- A) why the inspector brought it for
 B) why did the inspector bring it
 C) why does the inspector bring it
 D) what the inspector brought it for
 E) what did the inspector bring it for

5. Complete the sentence.

Does Nigar know ... at 6 o'clock in the morning?

- A) where her brothers went
 B) where did her brothers go
 C) where are her brothers going
 D) where her brothers have gone
 E) where will her brothers go

6. Complete the sentence.

I won't invite those ... themselves to my birthday party.

- A) who wants to show off
 B) what wants to show off
 C) what want to show off
 D) which wants to show off
 E) who want to show off

7. Complete the sentence.

Who knows ... ?

1. are these vegetables organic
 2. if these vegetables are organic
 3. which of these vegetables is organic
 4. if are these vegetables organic
 A) 1,2 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
 D) 3,4 E) 2,3

8. Complete the sentence.

The wounded boy's parents wanted to know ... a clinic new here.

- A) that there was
 B) if was there
 C) if there was
 D) whether was there
 E) was there

9. Complete the sentence.

If you want to speak Russian fluently you should live in a place ... a lot of Russian speaking people.

- A) which are there
 B) that have
 C) where there are
 D) which have
 E) in which are there

10. Complete the sentence.

The trainer asks when and where ...

- A) the first peace conference has been held
 B) the first peace conference was held
 C) has the first peace conference been held
 D) was the first peace conference held
 E) had the first peace conference been held

TEST 5

1. Complete the sentence.

I can't see ...

- A) with whom is Farid fighting
 B) who is Farid fighting with
 C) who is fighting with Farid
 D) who does Farid fight with
 E) with whom fights Farid

2. Complete the sentence.

Do you remember ...?

- A) when did they get married
- B) where you met your husband first
- C) when your sister has left for Georgia
- D) where did you meet your husband first
- E) when were you engaged with him

3. Complete the sentence.

These are the criminals ... recently.

- 1. that have been arrested
- 2. what have been arrested
- 3. arrested
- 4. which has been arrested
- A) 3,4 B) 1,3 C) 1,2
- D) 2,4 E) 2,3

4. Complete the sentence.

The prosecutor is investigating the crimes ... by a professional killer.

- 1. that have been committed
- 2. which has been committed
- 3. what have been written
- 4. committed
- A) 3,4 B) 1,3 C) 1,4
- D) 2,4 E) 2,3

5. Complete the sentence.

This encyclopedia is rich treasure and you can find ... you are looking for.

- 1. everything that 2. something what
- 3. all what 4. all that
- A) 3,4 B) 1,3 C) 1,2
- D) 1,4 E) 2,3

6. Complete the sentence.

Does the villa have security cameras ... 24/7.

- 1. which record
- 2. that they record
- 3. that record
- 4. which do they record
- A) 3,4 B) 1,3 C) 1,2
- D) 2,4 E) 2,3

7. Complete the sentence.

Women ... in Afghanistan have very few civil rights.

- A) which lives B) that live
- C) what live D) live
- E) they live

8. Complete the sentence.

The professor asked the students ...

- A) show him how their device ran
- B) show him how does their device run
- C) to show him how their device ran
- D) to show him how did their device run
- E) to show to him runs their device

9. Complete the sentence.

Are those people ... the enemies of Muslims?

- 1. who was throwing stones to the mosque
- 2. throwing stones to the mosque
- 3. that was throwing stones to the mosque
- 4. who were throwing stones to the mosque
- A) 3,4 B) 1,3 C) 1,2
- D) 2,4 E) 2,3

10. Complete the sentence.

Is this the gardener ... yesterday?

- A) you hired
- B) what you hired
- C) which did you hire
- D) whom did you hire
- E) which you hired

WORD DEFINITION – OPEN ENDED TESTS

SÖZÜN İZAHİ – AÇIQ TIPLİ TESTLƏR

VI GRADE VOCABULARY

Match the words to their definitions.

1.	1. environment 2. pollution 3. litter	a. natural conditions in which people, animals and plants live b. small pieces of rubbish c. adding harmful substances and littering
2.	1. patriotism 2. hospitality 3. population	a. people who live in an area, city, or country b. love of one's country and willingness to defend it c. friendly treatment of guests or strangers
3.	1. spear 2. bee 3. culture	a. a weapon with metal point for hunting b. an insect of numerous winged, hairy-bodied c. the arts, beliefs, customs, traditions
4.	1. climate 2. earthquake 3. fireworks	a. a sudden violent movement of the earth's surface b. colored lights, smoke and noise for amusement c. the general or average weather conditions
5.	1. emblem 2. flood 3. jungle	a. an area of land in a tropical country b. a large quantity of water covering an area c. an object that represents something
6.	1. nutrition 2. prize 3. punishment	a. the process of providing and receiving food for health and growth b. the action of punishing c. an award given to winner
7.	1. satellite 2. shelter 3. shuttle	a. an aircraft b. a structure built to give protection c. an electronic device that is sent into space and moves round a planet
8.	1. traffic jam 2. wildlife 3. territory	a. a long line of vehicles that cannot move or move very slowly b. wild birds and animals c. land or an area of land under the control of a country or ruler
9.	1. to take part 2. to take off 3. to take care of	a. to be careful or watchful b. to remove an item of clothing from one's body c. to be involved in something
10.	1. soul 2. poison 3. poultry	a. the spiritual part of a person b. a substance causing death or harm c. birds kept for eating or for their eggs
11.	1. to peel 2. to cut 3. to add	a. to include or to join b. to separate from a main body into pieces c. to take the skin off fruit, vegetables
12.	1. alien 2. badge 3. crown	a. a person from another and very different family, people, or place b. an emblem as an award or honor c. an ornamental headdress denoting sovereignty
13.	1. to affect 2. to breathe 3. to check	a. to take in oxygen from and give out carbon b. to control, to test c. to have an influence on or effect a change in

14.	1. chilly 2. different 3. fit	a. cool and cold enough b. not the same c. in good health
15.	1. grater 2. hunger 3. island	a. a device with a rough surface for grating food b. a piece of land surrounded by water c. a strong desire for food
16.	1. illness 2. hazard 3. nest	a. the state of being ill, lack of health b. a place made by a bird for laying its eggs c. a danger or risk
17.	1. to rob 2. to pour 3. to sacrifice	a. the action of giving up smth for the sake of smth important b. to flow, especially downwards c. to steal something from somewhere
18.	1. to recycle 2. to reuse 3. to reduce	a. to make smth smaller in size, quantity, number b. to use smth again c. to treat things that have already been used for reusing again
19.	1. remote control 2. thermometer 3. permission	a. control of machine or device from a distance b. the action of allowing somebody to do something c. an instrument for measuring temperature
20.	1. polite 2. selfish 3. rare	a. being one of only a few that exist b. to have good manners c. thinking first of one's own interest
21.	1. to share 2. to realize 3. to protect	a. to give something to others for free b. to begin to understand something c. to defend, to keep safe
22.	1. pumpkin 2. tangerine 3. rye	a. a very large round vegetable with orange skin b. a plant grown for its grain used for making flour c. a small sweet orange with a loose skin
23.	1. pastry 2. road 3. puzzle	a. a thing that is difficult to understand or answer b. a mixture of flour, fat, and water which is baked c. a way between places
24.	1. owl 2. lizard 3. sturgeon	a. a bird with large round eyes b. a large fish found in rivers c. a reptile with four short legs and a long tail
25.	1. skin 2. tent 3. thief	a. the outer covering of the body of a person or an animal b. a person who steals c. a shelter made of canvas
26.	1. spicy 2. tired 3. useful	a. flavoured with spice b. feeling that one would like to sleep or rest c. that can be used for a practical purpose
27.	1. witch 2. treat 3. seal	a. a woman thought to have evil magic powers b. an animal that lives near and in the sea and eats fish c. behave in a certain way towards sb/smith
28.	1. quiz 2. obey 3. ghost	a. to do what one is told b. a contest, especially on TV or radio c. the spirit of dead person

29.	1. hole 2. heroism 3. cave	a. a hollow place in a surface b. a hollow in the earth, into a hill, mountain c. brave and noble conduct
30.	1. charity 2. anthem 3. cage	a. a song, as of praise, devotion, or patriotism b. a box having some openwork c. the giving of help, money, food, etc, to those in need
31.	1. clothes 2. food 3. week	a. a period of seven days b. things that you wear c. things that people and animals eat
32.	1. simple 2. stall 3. holiday	a. easy to understand b. a day when people don't go to work c. a small shop that sells things
33.	1. carnival 2. sport 3. tradition	a. an activity done for pleasure and health b. a passing of customs from one generation to the next c. a public festival
34.	1. to prefer 2. to offer 3. to discuss	a. to choose a thing b. to give something to somebody c. to talk about something with other people
35.	1. skyscraper 2. forest 3. country	a. a large area covered with trees, bushes b. an area of land that forms a politically independent unit c. a very tall, modern city building
36.	1. to hold 2. to exhibit 3. to cover	a. to show something in a public place b. to place something over something c. to have something in your hand
37.	1. famous 2. communicate 3. visit	a. known by many people b. exchange information with others c. go and see a person or a place
38.	1. to bake 2. to fry 3. to serve	a. to cook food in an oven b. to cook something in hot fat or oil c. to give somebody food or drink at a restaurant
39.	1. dairy products 2. grocer's 3. greengrocer's	a. a place where you buy fruit and vegetables b. a place where you buy rice, flour, macaroni c. milk, curd, cheese, yoghurt
40.	1. plane 2. flight 3. spaceman	a. a journey by air b. a man who travels into space c. a kind of transportation that goes in the air
41.	1. a safari park 2. a bird 3. lungs	a. a place in which animals move around freely b. a creature covered with feathers and having 2 wings for flying c. organs in the chest used for breathing
42.	1. survive 2. tourist 3. fishmonger's	a. a place where you can buy fish and caviar b. a person who travels for pleasure c. to stay alive from danger

VII GRADE VOCABULARY

Match the words to their definitions.

1.	1. encircled 2. first grade 3. name after	a. beginners at school b. be surrounded with c. to give a name to smb/smith
2.	1. academic year 2. core 3. innovative	a. introducing or using new ideas/ways b. the important part of an object c. school year
3.	1. provide 2. include 3. compulsory	a. give, grant, tender, afford b. that must be done because of law or a rule c. to add in, to conclude, to enclose
4.	1. independently 2. pair 3. take turns	a. two things of the same type/to put people or things into groups of two b. to do smth alternatively c. without depending on anyone
5.	1. brilliant 2. household 3. flavor	a. diamond, shining, sparkling b. how food or drink tastes c. domesticated
6.	1. digital 2. check out 3. support	a. to help or encourage smb/smith b. to examine c. finger shaped
7.	1. catalogue 2. youth 3. fair	a. faithful b. a complete list of items c. the time of life when a person is young
8.	1. government 2. pass a law 3. scholarships	a. to adopt, accept, admit a law b. the group of people who are responsible for controlling a state c. an amount of money given to smb by organization to help pay for their education
9.	1. host 2. exchange programs 3. waste	a. to use more of smth than is necessary, loss b. programs to share and work on c. a person who invites guests to a meal/a party, etc
10.	1. communicate 2. chat 3. depend on	a. to talk b. to exchange information news/ideas with smb c. to calculate on
11.	1. gigantic 2. a super-chatter 3. nowadays	a. very talkative b. at present c. huge, massive
12.	1. experience 2. surf websites 3. complicated	a. competence, proficiency b. being very difficult, not easy c. to use internet
13.	1. web 2. distance 3. roar	a. the amount of space between two places/thing b. to bellow, blub, scream c. net
14.	1. run away 2. direction 3. attract	a. to escape b. guideline, course c. to make people have a particular reaction
15.	1. safe 2. bark 3. access	a. to make a short loud sound b. not dangerous, secure c. a way of entering or reaching a place

16.	1. headache 2. search 3. forum	a. a place where people can exchange opinions on a particular issue b. pain in the head c. to explore to find
17.	1. success 2. produce 3. abroad	a. in a foreign country b. to work out/release/build/make/create/output c. fortune, happiness
18.	1. global 2. foreigner 3. watermelon	a. a type of large melon with dark green skin b. world wide c. not native
19.	1. inside 2. commercial 3. cosmopolitan	a. trade centre b. on or to the inner part of smth/smb c. widely distributed
20.	1. fashionable 2. administrative 3. border	a. a line separating one country from another b. connected with organizing the work of an institution c. stylish, modern
21.	1. extreme 2. witness 3. be rich in	a. be wealthy in b. too much, overdone, steep c. a person who sees smth happen/to see smth happen because you are there when it happens
22.	1. landscape 2. hospitality 3. a skyscraper	a. cordial reception b. view c. a very high building
23.	1. pearl 2. crop 3. harvest	a. to gather crop b. a small hard shiny white ball that forms inside the shell c. harvest
24.	1. grow tea 2. flavor 3. tea plantation	a. tea field b. the distinctive taste of food or drink c. to harvest tea
25.	1. sleepy 2. beverage 3. pastries	a. dozy, unawakened b. drink c. a dough of flour, shortening and water, used as a base and covering in baked dishes such as pies
26.	1. rush 2. casual 3. mow	a. to cut down b. simple, easy going, uncomplicated c. quick, fast, hasty
27.	1. intense 2. homeowner 3. trim	a. a person who owns their own home b. keen, severe c. to decorate
28.	1. rug 2. mend 3. reconcile	a. to repair, to heal b. to make people become friends again after disagreement c. a floor covering of thick woven material
29.	1. occasion 2. memorable 3. ideal	a. unforgettable b. a special event c. perfect, most suitable idea that seems perfect
30.	1. be at odds 2. rescuer 3. wedding	a. a marriage ceremony b. savior c. to disagree with smb about smth

31.	1. hang 2. accept 3. honour	a. to swing b. great respect for smth/to show great respect c. to adopt, receive
32.	1. waltz 2. refuse 3. boomerang	a. to dance/ a dance in which 2 people dance together b. a curved flat piece of wood that you throw and it can fly in a circle and come back to you c. not to accept
33.	1. unfulfilled 2. impatiently 3. encourage	a. having no patience b. to give smb support, hope, courage c. not carried out or completed
34.	1. survive 2. desire 3. ornament	a. to wish, dream b. continue to live or exist c. decoration
35.	1. drum 2. collard 3. huge	a. very big b. kale/a dark green vegetable like a cabbage c. a musical instrument made of a hollow round frame with plastic
36.	1. to sparkle 2. admire 3. carnival	a. to shine brightly with small, flashes of light b. to respect smb for what they are or for what they have done c. a public festival
37.	1. twinkle 2. fir-tree 3. light	a. to make smth start to burn b. an evergreen tree with leaves like needles c. to shine with a light
38.	1. artificial 2. legend 3. shake	a. myth, story, tale b. not real, not happening naturally c. make sb/smith move with short quick movements
39.	1. crystals 2. go up 3. fall down	a. to be built b. to fall, to lose concentration, to descend c. a small piece of a substance
40.	1. a drop 2. cycle 3. face	a. the fact of a series of events repeated many times b. a very small amount of liquid that forms a round shape c. be opposite smth/sb
41.	1. spring 2. overcome 3. geyzer	a. a place where water comes naturally to the surface b. a natural spring that sends hot water c. to defeat
42.	1. challenge 2. source 3. incredible	a. a place/person or thing that you get smth from b. very difficult to believe c. a difficult task that tests smb's ability
43.	1. glitter 2. jewel 3. lagoons	a. shine brightly with little flashes b. precious stone such as a diamond c. a lake of salt water that is separated from the sea by an area of rock/sand
44.	1. crown 2. turquoise 3. explore	a. circular ornament usually made of gold b. to travel to or around an area in order to learn about it c. a blue or greenish blue precious stone

VIII GRADE VOCABULARY

Match the words to their definitions.

1.	1. acquire 2. be competent 3. intend	a. master, get, gain, earn, receive, obtain b. have enough skill/knowledge to do sth well c. have a plan /purpose in your mind
2.	1. relevant 2. immense 3. sufficient	a. closely connected or appropriate to the matter at hand b. smth that is enough for a particular purpose c. extremely large, enormous
3.	1. graduates 2. roller 3. parasol	a. a piece of wood, metal or plastic shaped like a tube b. type of umbrella that women carried in the past to protect from the sun or rain c. school-leavers
4.	1. innovation 2. alien 3. thrill	a. a stranger, foreigner b. the introduction of new things, ideas, or ways of doing smth c. a sudden feeling of excitement and pleasure
5.	1. intelligence 2. leadership 3. creativity	a. the ability to produce smth new b. the ability to learn and think in a logical way c. the position of being a leader
6.	1. responsibility 2. flexibility 3. tolerance	a. the willingness to accept opinions that you do not necessarily agree b. the ability of changing to suit new situations/conditions c. the job or duty of doing smth or taking care of sb/sth
7.	1. leisure 2. creative 3. ignorant	a. uneducated, illiterate, inexperienced b. spare or free time c. having the skill and ability to produce smth new
8.	1. reliable 2. free-spirited 3. prestigious	a. trustworthy b. passionate c. VIP, reputable, having high respect and status
9.	1. exhaustion 2. modernization 3. paper-rounds	a. tiredness b. the job of delivering newspapers to houses c. upgrading, development
10.	1. mediator 2. miracle 3. ancestor	a. a wonder b. peacemaker, negotiator, moderator c. a person, typically one more remote than a grandparent, from whom one is descended; forefather
11.	1. immensely 2. creatively 3. extremely	a. very, highly, very much/greatest degree of sth b. extremely, very much, enormously c. involving the use of skills
12.	1. inventor 2. invention 3. discovery	a. a person who has invented/designed sth new b. an act or the process of finding sth, that exists for the first time and nobody has found it before c. a thing or an innovative idea - innovation, that has (newly) been invented
13.	1. invent 2. afford 3. log	a. discover, innovate, create b. provide or supply (an opportunity or facility) c. enter, access
14.	1. retriever 2. benefit 3. squeeze	a. a dog of a breed used for retrieving game b. press, pinch c. receive an advantage, gain from
15.	1. reward 2. jealousy 3. passion	a. desire, strong emotion b. prize, award c. envy, anxiety

16.	1. evolution 2. marathon 3. reference	a. a long running race of about 42 km or 26 miles b. development, growth, progress c. recommendation, suggestion
17.	1. colourblind 2. intelligent 3. obedient	a. good at learning/thinking b. unable to distinguish certain colours c. willing to obey with orders or requests
18.	1. diligence 2. harness 3. rebirth	a. control, put to use, employ b. a period of new life/growth c. careful and persistent work or effort; industriousness
19.	1. vitality 2. fertility 3. envy	a. richness, fruitfulness, productiveness b. means energy and enthusiasm c. the feeling of wanting to be in the same situation as smb has
20.	1. link 2. chat 3. blog	a. add new material to or regularly update a blog/internet diary b. talk in a friendly or an informal way c. bind, connect
21.	1. e-mail 2. lap top 3. network	a. a small computer b. web c. electronic mail
22.	1. shun 2. circulate 3. steal	a. spread, move or pass around b. escape, run c. thief, plunder, rob, pillage
23.	1. swallow 2. radar 3. shape	a. structure, figure, form, appearance b. the system that uses radio waves to find the position c. a small bird with long pointed wings
24.	1. prevalent 2. valuable 3. verbal	a. having a great worth or value b. widespread, universal c. oral, spoken
25.	1. make up one's mind 2. free of charge 3. loss of habitat	a. lack of living environment b. no payment c. decide
26.	1. honeysuckle 2. obstacle 3. columnist	a. a widely distributed climbing shrub b. a commentator, interpreter c. barrier, difficulty
27.	1. vet 2. victim 3. fiancé	a. a man who is engaged to be married b. a veterinarian, an animal doctor c. sacrifice, fatality, mortality
28.	1. derive 2. represent 3. influence	a. affect b. speak on behalf of, act for c. obtain something from (a specified source)
29.	1. a martyr 2. groom 3. cyborg	a. is a person who sacrificed himself for the sake of his motherland. b. a man on his wedding day c. a hypothetical person whose physical abilities are extended beyond normal human
30.	1. mud 2. fire 3. spot	a. the flame, light, heat b. dirt, wet and sticky dust c. mark, dot, blot
31.	1. consummate 2. graceful 3. harmonious	a. having grace or elegance b. tuneful, melodic c. excellent, perfect, superior

32.	1. recognizable 2. jealous 3. intellectual	a. envious b. recognized from previous stage c. mental, logical, cognitive
33.	1. inspired 2. subtle 3. pastel	a. not very noticeable or obvious b. filled with or showing inspiration c. soft, light, light-coloured
34.	1. tender 2. distorted 3. dumb	a. pulled or twisted out of shape b. unable to speak c. gentle, soft, adoring, loving
35.	1. commemorate 2. grasp 3. drown	a. show respect for sb/sth in a ceremony b. sink, go under c. take a firm hold of sb/sth
36.	1. incorporate 2. to plagiarize 3. prescribe	a. to copy another person's ideas b. integrate, include c. write a prescription for
37.	1. be upset 2. get in touch 3. suffer from	a. have ache, feel sore about, be in pain b. keep relations/ties c. be distressed, have no mood or spirits
38.	1. genre 2. inspiration 3. pavement	a. producing creative ability b. particular style or type of literature/art c. any paved area, sidewalk, footpath
39.	1. blurred 2. fictional 3. fragile	a. unable to see or be seen clearly b. imaginary, false c. breakable, flimsy
40.	1. supply 2. cure 3. disturb	a. bring sb back to health or heal b. provide, deliver, equip c. worry, bother, disturb, trouble
41.	1. serpentine 2. insomnia 3. sanctuary	a. sleeplessness, inability to sleep b. a holy place, reservation, shrine, temple, oasis c. a snakelike herbal plant
42.	1. reserved 2. unemotional 3. utmost	a. unsociable, uncommunicative b. greatest, most extreme c. not having or showing strong feelings
43.	1. precious 2. thermal 3. intense	a. hot, warm, heated b. valuable, of great value c. of extreme force, degree, or strength
44.	1. device 2. grafts 3. skin	a. transplant, implant b. tool, instrument (means, method) c. leather
45.	1. pattern 2. silk 3. trend	a. a fine, strong, soft fibre produced by silkworms b. decoration, ornament, shape c. tendency, movement, direction, shift
46.	1. erupt 2. toss 3. tote	a. carry, move, fetch, bring b. throw sth lightly or carelessly, drop c. become active, burst as gases or volcano
47.	1. holy 2. endangered 3. plentiful	a. (of species) seriously at risk of extinction b. rich, wealthy c. sacred, divine, blessed

48.	1. boundary 2. bud 3. craft	a. skillful work b. a dividing line, border c. flower or leaf before it opens
49.	1. beaver 2. burrow 3. dam	a. an animal with strong teeth that lives on land/in water b. a hole or tunnel dug by a small animal, especially a rabbit, as a dwelling c. a barrier constructed to hold back water
50.	1. selection 2. species 3. tusk	a. type, sort, breed b. choice, pick c. a long tooth
51.	1. fertilizer 2. galore 3. heap	a. plenty b. chemical added to soil, plant food c. store/a pile of material, load
52.	1. chemical 2. smoke 3. liquid	a. fluid, moisture, liquor b. fumes, gas pollution c. a substance that has been prepared artificially
53.	1. inscribed 2. immense 3. precious	a. extremely large or enormous in scale or degree b. valuable, of great value, beyond price c. graven, written or carved (words or symbols) on smth
54.	1. robe 2. shrine 3. slime	a. cloak, dressing gown, bathrobe b. a holy place, sanctuary, temple c. a moist, soft and slippery substance, mud
55.	1. temple 2. terrace 3. tomb	a. balcony, patio, veranda b. a large grave, burial chamber, mausoleum c. a building for worshipping God, mosque
56.	1. adore 2. float 3. vast	a. stay on the surface of water or up in the air b. love dearly, admire, worship c. extremely large, huge, broad, enormous
57.	1. fascinating 2. average 3. incurable	a. that cannot be cured, fatal, mortal b. charming, attractive, tempting c. middle, middling, mean
58.	1. cure 2. familiarize 3. differ	a. make familiar with, acquaint with, to introduce to b. treatment, therapy, heal, restore to health c. contrast with, be different from, be distinguished
59.	1. canyon 2. gateway 3. perfection	a. introduction, entry, opening, preamble b. fineness, blamelessness c. a deep valley, gulf
60.	1. aqueduct 2. dam 3. landmark	a. an artificial channel, bridge that carries water across a valley b. any building clearly seen from a distance c. a barrier that is built across a river to stop the water from flowing
61.	1. minaret 2. span 3. strait	a. a bridge, bound, tie, arch b. a tall tower of a mosque c. a channel, a narrow passage connecting 2 seas
62.	1. endow 2. rescue 3. trap	a. ambush; tool for catching animal b. save sb/sth away from a dangerous situation c. give as a gift, contribute
63.	1. vocal 2. evil 3. merciless	a. pitiless, severe, cruel, heartless b. voiced, uttered, articulated, oral c. damn, badness, devil, harm, injury

64.	1. capture 2. abandon 3. torture	a. leave, quit, throw b. occupy, invade, conquer, catch c. cause extreme pain to sb, as a punishment
65.	1. magma 2. ruin 3. faith	a. decay, destruction, crash, collapse b. very hot fluid c. a belief, persuasion, trust, hopefulness
66.	1. conserve 2. deplete 3. restore	a. save, protect, preserve, maintain b. reinstall, reconstruct, renew c. exhaust, use up, consume
67.	1. sadden 2. desperate 3. solid	a. hard or firm b. cause to feel sorrow, make unhappy c. feeling hopeless
68.	1. be equipped 2. do business 3. be in vain	a. be supplied with the necessary items for a particular purpose b. for nothing, uselessly c. occupy, trade, employ, work
69.	1. well-maintained 2. instant 3. omnivorous	a. supported, well-kept b. immediate, prompt, rapid, quick, sudden c. eating both meat and plants
70.	1. disguise 2. lack 3. snap	a. have none or not enough of sth b. give sb a different appearance so that nobody can recognize c. grab, catch, seize
71.	1. avenge 2. bestow 3. quest	a. seek, look for, search for sth b. present an honour, right or gift; endow sb with an award, grant c. revenge, punish
72.	1. puff up 2. swoop down 3. be spotted	a. be blotted, become dirty, be stained b. move rapidly downward through the air, descend c. blow up, burst out, swell
73.	1. ruler 2. merchant 3. cartoon-maker	a. a person who buys/sells goods in large quantities b. a person who rules or governs c. a person who creates animated films
74.	1. depiction 2. drapery 3. luxury	a. splendor, magnificence, prosperity b. showing an image of sb/sth in a picture c. cloth, material for garment, fabric
75.	1. artery 2. cart 3. compost	a. trolley, truck, carriage b. a highway, main line, trunk, highroad c. decayed organic material used as a plant fertilizer
76.	1. handicapped 2. illustrated 3. painstaking	a. hard-working, labour consuming b. pictorial, containing pictures or other graphical material c. disabled, invalid
77.	1. initiate 2. embrace 3. achieve	a. give a hug, squeeze b. begin, start, create, establish, set up c. gain or reach a desired objective
78.	1. subway 2. authority 3. chimney	a. stovepipe, smokestack b. an underground (rail system), metro, tube c. officials, government, administration
79.	1. calm down 2. convince 3. conclude	a. persuade, try to assure b. cool off, quiet down c. come to conclusion/decision

80.	1. fortune 2. increase 3. instinct	a. intuition, behavior in animals in response to certain stimuli b. fate, destiny, luck c. grow, get bigger, enlarge, expand
81.	1. relax 2. trust 3. fail	a. rely on, believe b. be unsuccessful in achieving one's goal c. be relieved, become less tense, loosen
82.	1. boast 2. transform 3. protruding	a. completely change the appearance or character of sth b. self-praise, talking with excessive pride c. sticking out, extending beyond or above a surface
83.	1. coop 2. foothill 3. harbour	a. a cage or pen for confining poultry b. port, bay, gulf, dock c. a low hill at the base of a mountain
84.	1. valley 2. township 3. petition	a. a low area of land between hills or mountains b. a division of a county with corporate powers c. a formal written request appealing to authority with respect to a particular cause
85.	1. atrocity 2. invasion 3. liberation	a. capture, occupation b. cruelty, violence, abuse c. release, relief
86.	1. give up 2. take up 3. tear off	a. refuse, stop doing sth, quit b. take in, start, fasten on, resume, adopt c. pull up, tear out, tear down, pull out
87.	1. lodge 2. paw 3. stick	a. a country house or cabin b. gum, glue c. claw, foot of an animal
88.	1. patriotism 2. heritage 3. heroism	a. inheritance, birthright, legacy b. very great courage c. love of your country and willingness to defend it
89.	1. hut 2. caravan 3. igloo	a. small home on wheels b. a small wooden house c. a small round house made of blocks of snow by the Inuit people
90.	1. bracing 2. back breaking 3. breathtaking	a. exhausting, manual/physical labour b. fresh, refreshing, energizing, stimulating c. exciting, astonishing, amazing
91.	1. caw 2. nod 3. poison	a. bow, lean b. the harsh cry of a crow or similar bird, croak c. toxin, substance causing death
92.	1. cosmopolitan 2. notable 3. widespread	a. experienced, glamorous, stylish, cultured, world-wise b. found or distributed over a large area or number of people c. remarkable, significant, prestigious, important
93.	1. transcendent 2. sovereign 3. unique	a. supreme, dominant, boundless, unlimited b. excellent, unusual, beyond or above normal or physical human experience c. distinct, special, unrepeated, exclusive
94.	1. negotiation 2. realm 3. rear	a. the back part of something, especially a building or a vehicle b. 1. a field, a sphere, an area 2. a kingdom c. a dialogue, mediation, consultation



95.	1. vision 2. maize 3. renewal	a. cord b. renovation, restoration c. eyesight, ability to see
96.	1. tribe 2. grant 3. granted	a. agree to give or allow (something requested) to, permit b. ethnic group, people, band, nation, dynasty c. admittedly, it is true
97.	1. slave 2. frame 3. stilts	a. a person who is legally owned by another person and is forced to work b. upright poles with supports for walking above the ground c. skeleton, body
98.	1. peaceful 2. nomadic 3. ugly	a. peace loving b. a tribe that moves with its animals from place to place c. unattractive, unpleasant, awful, having no beauty
99.	1. outgoing 2. sensitive 3. conventional	a. delicate b. based on or following convention c. friendly and socially confident
100.	1. descend 2. pick up 3. shoot a film	a. gather up, take away, tidy up, receive b. move or fall down, go down, come down c. make a film or movie
101.	1. longevity 2. attitude 3. bark	a. 1. skin, peel, covering, cork 2. bow-wow, woof b. opinion, idea, approach, consideration c. living a long life
102.	1. recognize 2. prevent 3. preserve	a. identify, distinguish, realize, admit b. protect, maintain, defend c. stop sb from doing sth
103.	1. command 2. extinct 3. unique	a. no longer existing/died out b. order, (v) to order c. unrepeatd, distinct
104.	1. heal 2. loss 3. habitat	a. natural environment, natural surroundings b. cure, treat, restore to health c. the fact or process of losing sth/sb
105.	1. forest pillage 2. milestone 3. handicraft	a. landmark, benchmark, highlight, pole b. cutting trees in forests illegally c. a particular skill of making decorative objects by hand
106.	1. surroundings 2. implementation 3. daydreaming	a. the process of putting a decision or plan into effect, fulfillment b. wishing c. things around a person or a thing
107.	1. hardship 2. anthill 3. chores	a. a nest built by ants or termites b. deprivation, difficulty, distress, suffering, trouble c. routine tasks, especially household ones

IX GRADE VOCABULARY

Match the words to their definitions.

1.	1. axe 2. expense 3. must	a. need, necessity, want b. cost, price, fee, payment c. a tool with a wooden handle to chop
2.	1. confirm 2. constitute 3. contribute	a. help, aid, grant, support, donate b. set up, found, institute, issue, publish, establish by law c. approve, affirm, certify, ratify
3.	1. cruelty 2. entertain 3. holy	a. interest and amuse people, in order to please them b. blessed, sacred, saint, connected with God c. behaviour that causes pain or suffering to others
4.	1. discrimination 2. fascinating 3. miserable	a. very unhappy or uncomfortable, sad, depressed b. intolerance, unfairness c. charming, extremely interesting, glamorous, lovely
5.	1. entire 2. fake 3. angelic	a. false, invalid b. complete, total, whole, with no part left out c. divine, holy, innocent
6.	1. ban 2. alter 3. flee	a. change, vary, transform, make different b. an official or legal prohibition c. leave a person or place very quickly
7.	1. broaden 2. attach 3. reign	a. fasten or join one thing to another; syn: add, connect b. widen, expand, enlarge c. rule over, lead, dominate, rule as a king or a queen
8.	1. gear 2. mosque 3. proof	a. a building in which Muslims worship b. machinery in a vehicle that turns engine power into movement c. verification, document, etc.; witness, evidence establishing a fact that is true
9.	1. grind 2. obsess 3. pray	a. speak to God, beg, worship b. completely fill your mind so that you cannot think of anything else c. mill, smash, rub or cause to rub together, reduce smth to small particles
10.	1. harm 2. gross 3. remedy	a. thick, fat, stout, obese, overweight, big b. put/set right, cure, relieve, amend c. damage or injury that is caused by a person or an event
11.	1. install 2. adopt 3. betray	a. cheat, fool, expose a person/one's country/a group b. accept, receive, start using a particular method c. put, set, place, locate
12.	1. assume 2. gravity 3. fate	a. balance, attraction, fixation, heaviness b. guess, suppose, think, fancy, without proof c. destiny, chance, luck, fortune
13.	1. crease 2. contain 3. chop off	a. cut smth into pieces, cut off b. keep, capture, carry, have or hold (someone or something) within c. wrinkle, get wrinkled
14.	1. evolve 2. escape 3. dismiss	a. order or allow to leave, send away, release, part with b. run away, get away from a place where you have been kept as a prisoner c. expand, develop gradually, grow, progress, advance

15.	1. fizzy 2. major 3. rigorous	a. (of a beverage) containing bubbles of gas; sparkling, gassy b. severe, strict, extremely careful, done carefully c. vital, great, considerable, utmost, prime, important, serious, or significant
16.	1. abandon 2. bang 3. proclaim	a. hit, beat, knock, bump, or put down smth forcefully b. leave, leave behind, put away, give over, stop, cease, quit, give up completely c. declare, tell people about sth important officially
17.	1. credible 2. digestive 3. obese	a. trustworthy, reliable, faithful, probable, possible, believable b. a food or medicine that aids or promotes the digestion of food c. fat or overweight, stout, plump, oily, heavy
18.	1. dormitory 2. ambassador 3. siren	a. a device that makes a long loud sound as a signal or warning b. a sleeping quarters, a large bedroom for a number of people in a school c. messenger, representative, a diplomat
19.	1. chuckle 2. bump (into) 3. arouse	a. hit, crash into, knock against, run into b. giggle, snicker, titter c. call, produce, evoke or awaken someone from sleep, wake up
20.	1. yank 2. whistle 3. twin	a. pull sth/sb hard/quickly and suddenly b. link, combine, join, couple, join two people or things closely together c. emit a clear, high-pitched sound by forcing breath through lips or teeth
21.	1. volunteer 2. unemployed 3. transmission	a. a person who freely offers to take part in an enterprise or undertake a task b. guide, broadcasting, telecast c. workless, jobless (person), out-of-work
22.	1. stressful 2. provincial 3. magnificent	a. regional, state, territorial, district b. causing mental or emotional stress or anxiety and worry c. impressively beautiful, breathtaking, impressive, luxurious, elegant, splendid, spectacular, glorious
23.	1. mouthpiece 2. barrier 3. ultimate	a. final, concluding, resulting, being or happening at the end of a process b. a person/a newspaper that informs the public about the opinions of a group of people c. obstacle, dam, wall, like a fence that prevents people from moving forward
24.	1. condensed 2. adapted 3. affordable	a. permissible, admissible, allowable, inexpensive, reasonably priced b. impacted, pressed, thickened, compressed or concentrated c. combined, modified, smth made suitable for a new situation
25.	1. detect 2. converse 3. distribute	a. talk, speak, chat, have a conversation with sb b. find out, display, discover or identify the presence or existence of c. give things to a large number of people; share sth between a number of people
26.	1. estuary 2. foe 3. cookies	a. an enemy b. entry, river mouth, delta c. a packet of data sent by an internet server to a browser
27.	1. contribute 2. intrude 3. promote	a. support, encourage, stimulate, raise someone to a higher position or rank b. to go or be somewhere where you are not wanted or are not supposed to be c. give, donate, hand out, present, provide, supply
28.	1. affiliated 2. digest 3. patriotic	a. break down (food) in the alimentary canal into substances b. associated, related, integrated c. nationalist, having or expressing devotion to and vigorous support for one's country
29.	1. partial 2. trouble 3. victim	a. sacrifice, fatality, loss; a person harmed, injured, or killed as a result of an accident b. problems or difficulty, inconvenience, worry c. not complete, incomplete, limited, one-sided
30.	1. persuade 2. identity 3. calculate	a. name, ID, identification, recognition, the fact of being who or what a person or a thing is b. assure, convince someone to do smth through reasoning or argument c. mean, aim, design, suppose, believe, estimate, count, determine the amount



31.	1. brain tumor 2. aircraft 3. gang	a. airplane, jet, helicopter, or other machine capable of flight b. a swelling on a part of the body (<i>brain</i>), generally without inflammation c. band, team, an organized group of criminals
32.	1. prohibit 2. relieve 3. investigate	a. look/examine into, explore, study, research, conduct an investigation b. forbid, sth/sb from doing sth, stop sth from being done or used especially by law c. remove or reduce an unpleasant feeling or pain
33.	1. laughter 2. ignition 3. attempt	a. the action of setting something on fire or starting to burn b. laughing, chuckling, giggling, tittering c. effort, an act of trying to achieve something
34.	1. jail 2. religion 3. pottery	a. ceramics, stoneware, pots, dishes, etc. made of earthenware or baked clay b. faith, belief, worship, the belief in the existence of God c. imprison, put in prison, send to prison; confine
35.	1. offender 2. painkiller 3. lawsuit	a. a drug or medicine for relieving pain, pain reliever b. a person or thing that does something wrong, or causes problems, commits an illegal act c. legal action, a claim or dispute brought to a court
36.	1. irritable 2. frown 3. cross-cultural	a. moody, annoyed, nervous b. multicultural, relating to different cultures c. a facial expression or look characterized by furrowing brows
37.	1. lean 2. mass 3. tenor	a. majority, large/great number, universal, large-scale b. sense, the general character, content or meaning of sth c. bend or move from an upright position
38.	1. sickness 2. missionary 3. tolerant	a. ambassador, messenger, missionary b. illness, disease c. able to accept what other people say or do even if you don't agree with it, liberal
39.	1. nutrient 2. sophisticated 3. stimulate	a. complex, complicated, precise, nice, complexity of a machine b. food supply, a substance that provides nourishment essential for growth c. raise levels of physiological or nervous activity, encourage, excite
40.	1. race 2. rank 3. record	a. a group of people who share the same language, history, culture b. classify, categorize, rate, grade, group, organize, arrange, row, line, column c. register, write down, make notes, set down in writing for later reference
41.	1. polyp 2. scream 3. opportunity	a. chance, possibility, favourable time b. cry, give a loud high cry, a loud high cry made by sb c. a small growth
42.	1. sacred 2. smooth 3. risk	a. endanger, a dangerous situation b. holy, blessed, connected with God, a sacred image, shrine/temple c. plane, unwrinkled, silky, having an even and regular surface or consistency
43.	1. smash 2. put forward 3. transistorize	a. push, move out, pull out, propose, nominate b. break sth violently c. design or make with transistors rather than vacuum tubes
44.	1. supersonic 2. surveillance 3. subculture	a. the act of carefully watching a person suspected of a crime b. involving or denoting a speed greater than that of sound, faster-than-sound c. the behaviour and beliefs of a particular group of people in society that are different from those of most people
45.	1. track 2. textile 3. tag	a. fabric, cloth, material b. watch, look after, follow the course or of someone or smth c. a label/sticker

46.	1. trope 2. take risks 3. spectacular	a. do sth even though you know that sth bad could happen as a result b. a figurative or metaphorical use of a word or an expression c. striking, picturesque, eye-catching, breathtaking, impressive
47.	1. tendency 2. tense 3. treasure	a. intense, strained, uncomfortable, troubled b. an interest in smth, possibility c. collection of valuable things, precious metals as gold, silver, all jewellery riches
48.	1. unemployment 2. tremendous 3. motion	a. the process of moving, rise and fall, shifting, transit, course suggestion b. the state of being without a job c. huge, enormous, great, immense
49.	1. diplomacy 2. diplomat 3. circumstance	a. statesmanship, discussion(s), talks, dialogue, international relations b. case, moment, state, situation c. an official representing a country abroad
50.	1. truck 2. trunk 3. snatch	a. grab, take sth quickly and often rudely or roughly b. the main stem/body of a tree as distinct from its branches and roots c. lorry
51.	1. widespread 2. unique 3. unitary	a. a sort of unitary wholeness of or relating to a unit or units b. unlike anything else; distinct, special, wonderful, admirable c. universal, global, worldwide
52.	1. spot 2. spout 3. myth	a. sth that many people believe, but that doesn't exist or is false b. mark, dot, a small round mark, differing in color or texture from the surface around it c. speak a lot about sth, repeat sth in a boring way
53.	1. harbour 2. cable 3. analytical	a. port, dock, haven, marina; a place on the coast where vessels find shelter b. wire, power line, transmission line, typically used for construction c. systematic, logical
54.	1. broadcast 2. commercial 3. criticize	a. show, production, telecast, a radio or television programme or transmission b. judge, attack, charge, find fault with c. trade, trading, business, private enterprise
55.	1. moist 2. kidney 3. focus	a. a pair of organs in the abdominal cavity excreting urine b. concentrate, pay particular attention to one particular subject c. damp/dampish, humid, wet/wettish or slightly wet
56.	1. vaporetto 2. swan 3. swap	a. a large water bird with a long flexible neck, short legs, webbed feet, a broad bill b. a canal boat, a motorboat used for public transportation in Venice c. give smth to smb and receive smth in exchange; change, vary, alter, exchange, barter, trade
57.	1. poverty 2. pregnant 3. provide	a. supply, give, grant, donate, contribute, make available for use b. the state of being poor c. expecting/carrying a baby/a child
58.	1. reef 2. rule 3. slow down	a. metal, coral, or sand just above or below the surface of the sea b. be late, delay, postpone c. manage, control, reign
59.	1. interfere 2. issue 3. jewellery	a. get involved in and try to influence a situation that doesn't concern you b. precious stones, ornaments c. matter, matter in question, topic, problem; print, publish
60.	1. lifetime 2. monarchy 3. poison	a. kingship, a form of government b. a substance that causes death or harm c. the duration of life

X GRADE VOCABULARY

Match the words to their definitions.

1.	1. alter 2. fancy 3. determine	a. decide definitely to do smth b. make different, change, vary c. want something or want to do something
2.	1. thrive 2. utilize 3. will	a. grow or develop well or vigorously b. make use of c. the ability to control your thoughts and actions in order to achieve
3.	1. collateral 2. breed 3. frantic	a. very worried b. property or valuable item that can be claimed by bank as loan c. a stock of animals typically having been developed by deliberate selection
4.	1. disappointed 2. deplete 3. decade	a. reduce something by a large amount so that there is not enough left b. ten years, a period of ten years c. upset because smth you hoped for has not happened
5.	1. gesture 2. halt 3. inspire	a. stop; make somebody or something stop b. a movement of part of the body, especially a hand or head, to express ideas c. give somebody the desire, confidence or enthusiasm to do sth well
6.	1. calm 2. compensate 3. boredom	a. not excited, nervous or upset b. pay, reimburse c. the state of feeling bored/the quality of being very boring
7.	1. decline 2. loan 3. mean	a. a number of money that an organization such as a bank b. not generous/not willing to give or share things c. lower, fall, collapse
8.	1. vivid 2. trap 3. urban	a. producing very clear pictures in your mind b. having to do with cities or towns c. a piece of equipment for catching animals
9.	1. access 2. capacity 3. compete	a. try hard to get smth wanted by others/be a rival b. a way of entering or reaching a place c. container, volume, power
10.	1. master 2. lead 3. occur	a. a person who is skilled at smth b. happen c. show the way
11.	1. injure 2. jealous 3. predict	a. tell beforehand b. afraid that the one you love might prefer smb else c. to harm yourself or somebody else physically, especially in an accident
12.	1. anthem 2. extinction 3. invest	a. a song that has a special importance for a country b. abolishment, repeal, discontinuance c. buy property, shares in a company, etc. in the hope of making a profit
13.	1. change 2. fuss 3. shot	a. unnecessary excitement/worry or activity b. an attempt, a try c. money that you get back when you have paid for smth giving more money
14.	1. reforestation 2. reasonable 3. reserved	a. replanting b. fair, practical and sensible c. slow or unwilling to show feelings or express

15.	1. evaporate 2. emission 3. destruction	a. vanish into the air; steam b. the act of destroying something; the process of being destroyed c. the production or sending out of light, heat, gas, etc.
16.	1. crush 2. frequent 3. glacier	a. press or squeeze something b. a large mass of ice, formed by snow on mountains c. happening or doing something often
17.	1. prevent 2. rehabilitation 3. tremendous	a. very great, extremely good b. the process of helping smb. to have a normal, useful life c. stop somebody from doing something
18.	1. dedicate 2. deforestation 3. demand	a. to give a lot of your time and effort to a particular activity b. a very firm request for something; something that somebody needs c. the act of cutting down or burning the trees in an area
19.	1. ensure 2. fear 3. nobleman	a. make sure that something happens or is definite b. the bad feeling that you have when you are in danger c. a man from a family of high social rank; a member of the aristocrat
20.	1. massive 2. disaster 3. persuade	a. an event that causes much suffering or loss/ a great misfortune b. big and heavy; large and solid c. win over to do, or believe /make willing
21.	1. handicapped 2. graceful 3. ignorant	a. suffering from a mental or physical b. lacking knowledge or awareness in general; uneducated or unsophisticated c. moving in a controlled, attractive form
22.	1. reward 2. score 3. resistance	a. the refusal to accept or comply with something b. prize, award, bonus c. the number of points, goals of each player or team in a game
23.	1. jogging 2. intricate 3. overpopulation	a. having a lot of different parts and small details that fit together b. the fact of a country or city having too many people living in it c. the activity of running slowly and steadily as a form of exercise
24.	1. essential 2. eternal 3. everlasting	a. necessary, very important b. continuing forever; never changing c. without an end/existing or continuing forever
25.	1. whirlwind 2. temper 3. sustainable	a. hurricane, typhoon, cyclone, tornado, sandstorm b. the way you are feeling at a particular time; syn: mood c. involving the use of natural products and energy in a way that doesn't harm the environment
26.	1. bring smb up 2. be based (on) 3. be mad about	a. be crazy/dotty b. be grounded, be substantiated c. care for teaching him/her how to behave, etc.
27.	1. deal with smb 2. conservation 3. doubtful	a. the protection of the natural environment b. not sure; uncertain c. take appropriate action in a particular situation or according to whom you are talking to, managing, to handle
28.	1. moral 2. clear 3. amputate	a. standards of behaviour considered acceptable and right by most people b. easy to understand and not causing any confusion c. cut off smb's arm/leg/ or finger in a medical operation
29.	1. tender 2. stretch 3. suspense	a. kind/gentle and loving b. extend, prolong, lengthen, make bigger c. a feeling of worry or excitement

30.	1. contaminate 2. population 3. profitable	a. that makes or is likely to make money b. people of a city or a country c. infect, pollute, make dirty
31.	1. fossil 2. dreadful 3. impact	a. the remains of an animal or a plant which turned into rock b. the powerful effect that something has on somebody/something c. very bad or unpleasant
32.	1. pave 2. polio 3. spill	a. illness, infantile paralysis, poliomyelitis b. cover a piece of ground with concrete, asphalt, stones, or bricks c. flow over the edge of a container by accident
33.	1. immediately 2. put down 3. recommend	a. tell smb that smth is good or useful b. without delay; at once c. stop holding smth and place it on a table, shelf, etc.
34.	1. expand 2. distinction 3. strain	a. become greater in size, number of importance b. a clear difference or contrast especially between people or things c. pressure on somebody/something because they have too much to do
35.	1. shed 2. sociable 3. soar	a. enjoying spending time with other people. b. fly upward or at a great height/aspire c. a small simple building usually built of wood/metal
36.	1. typhoon 2. vision 3. well-versed	a. a violent tropical storm with very strong winds b. having a lot of knowledge about smth, or skill at smth. c. power of seeing /sense of sight
37.	1. humorous 2. keen (on) 3. plain	a. easy to see or understand b. funny and entertaining c. liking smb/smth very much; very interested in smb/smth.
38.	1. decisive 2. impertinent 3. judge	a. a person who decides who has won a competition b. very important for the final result/particular situation c. not showing proper respect; shameless, cheeky, rude, impolite
39.	1. arrange 2. chronic 3. ignore	a. plan or organize something in advance b. long-lasting c. pay no attention to/disregarding ignorance
40.	1. originate 2. able-bodied 3. concerned	a. have its origin, arise, begin b. worried and feeling anxious about smth c. physically healthy, fit, strong in contrast to somebody who is weak
41.	1. fuel 2. honour 3. manuscript	a. any material that produces heat or power, usually when it is burnt b. show respect c. a copy of book, a piece of music, etc. before it has been printed
42.	1. condense 2. destination 3. inaugural	a. the first official speech, meeting, etc. that marks the beginning of smth b. thicken, deepen, devoparate c. a place to which somebody/something is going or being sent
43.	1. cheat 2. hazard 3. inventive	a. a thing that can be dangerous or cause damage <i>syn:</i> danger, risk, threat b. trick or deceive smb, especially when they trust you c. able to think of new and interesting ideas keep smb in suspense
44.	1. durable 2. deny 3. embassy	a. likely to last for a long time without breaking or getting weaker b. a group led by an ambassador who represent his country in a foreign country c. state that one refuses to admit the truth or existence of

45.	1. descendant 2. derive 3. disrupt	a. a member of a tribe or a clan, child son b. make it difficult for something to continue in the normal way frequency c. get smth from smth.
46.	1. fabulous 2. expository 3. exceed	a. extremely good b. go beyond the limit, overstep c. intended to explain or describe something
47.	1. unbelievably 2. trait 3. rush	a. move or to do something with great speed, often too fast b. incredibly, improbably c. particular quality in your personality.
48.	1. annual 2. commit 3. damage	a. physical harm caused to something which makes it less attractive b. useful or valuable c. once a year/smith that appears yearly or lasts for a year
49.	1. abolish 2. disburse 3. fictional	a. not real or true; existing only in stories b. pay out money, especially from a fund collected for a purpose c. officially end a law, a system or an institution
50.	1. bounded 2. coach 3. available	a. a person who trains a person or team in sport b. that you can get, buy or find c. certain or likely to happen, or to do or be something
51.	1. governor 2. imaginative 3. empowerment	a. a person who is the official head of a country or region b. authorization c. having or showing new and exciting ideas
52.	1. crucial 2. narrate 3. interrelate	a. to (make) tie/contact, relate b. extremely important, because it will affect other things desalinization c. to tell a story
53.	1. housekeeper 2. maintain 3. recreate	a. woman employee in charge of a house b. keep/keep up/carry on/support/declare to be true c. refresh, revive, renovate
54.	1. conscience 2. mislead 3. periodical	a. the fact of behaving in a way that you feel is right b. a magazine that is published every week, month c. give sb the wrong idea or impression and make them believe it
55.	1. polish 2. run for 3. run out	a. something that gradually ceases or is brought to an end or a halt. b. continue, extend c. rubbing a surface to make it smooth and shiny, grind
56.	1. prudent 2. carry on 3. adore	a. continue, conduct, act up b. admire, to love somebody madly/very much c. sensible and careful when you make judgements and decisions
57.	1. dynasty 2. feature 3. precede	a. happen before something or come before something/somebody in order b. a series of rulers of a country who all belong to the same family c. something important/interesting or typical of a place or thing
58.	1. admission 2. prejudice 3. represent	a. the act of accepting somebody into an institution, organization b. act or speak on behalf of some group, or country c. an opinion formed without taking time and care to judge fairly
59.	1. absorb 2. installment 3. restrain	a. prevent, stop, keep, hold back b. take in a liquid, gas or other substance from the surface or space around c. part payment, premium
60.	1. simplicity 2. specialize (in) 3. stud	a. the quality of being easy to understand or use b. become an expert in a particular area of work/study/business c. an animal, especially a horse that is kept for breeding

XI GRADE VOCABULARY

Match the words to their definitions.

1.	1. adorn 2. baggy 3. dwelling	a. a house, flat, or other place of residence b. loose and hanging in folds c. make more beautiful or attractive
2.	1. beholder 2. convey 3. be keen (on)	a. a person who sees or observes someone or something b. be interested in c. transport or carry to a place
3.	1. avoid 2. commit 3. add up	a. perpetrate or carry out, function, put to use b. keep away from or stop oneself from doing (something) c. increase in amount, number, or degree
4.	1. inshore 2. honeymoon 3. lard	a. a holiday spent together by a newly married couple b. towards or close to the land c. fat from the abdomen of a pig that is rendered and clarified for use in cooking
5.	1. bridal 2. blaze 3. rebel	a. a very large or fiercely burning fire b. concerning a bride or a newly married couple c. a person who rises in opposition or armed resistance against an established government or leader
6.	1. attire 2. consume 3. notify	a. eat, drink, or ingest food or drink b. clothes, especially fine or formal ones c. inform (someone) of something, typically in a formal or official manner
7.	1. boost 2. absorb 3. ware	a. pottery, typically that of a specified type b. help or encourage (something) to increase or improve c. take in and understand fully
8.	1. astounding 2. brimming 3. moody	a. fill or be full to the point of overflowing b. so surprising that it is difficult to believe c. (of a person) given to unpredictable changes of mood
9.	1. bad-tempered 2. ailment 3. constant	a. an illness, typically a minor one b. occurring continuously over a period of time c. easily annoyed or made angry
10.	1. burden 2. chunks 3. irritate	a. a thick, solid piece of something b. a load, typically a heavy one c. make someone annoyed or a little angry
11.	1. cute 2. daring 3. hence	a. (of a person or action) adventurous or brave b. attractive in a pretty or endearing way c. as a consequence, for this reason
12.	1. altitude 2. stick 3. tension	a. the height of an object or point in relation to sea level or ground level b. the state of being stretched tight c. a thin piece of wood that has fallen or been cut off a tree
13.	1. chasm 2. foster 3. make ends meet	a. a deep fissure in the earth, rock, or another surface. b. make enough money to live c. encourage the development of something desirable
14.	1. bead 2. durable 3. fine	a. a small piece of glass, stone, or similar material that is threaded with others to make a necklace b. 1. penalty, surcharge 2. very small particles found in mining, milling, etc.; petty, small c. something that is strong and lasts a long time without breaking or becoming weaker

15.	1. awareness 2. expense 3. glow	a. the cost incurred or required for something b. a steady radiance of light or heat c. knowledge or perception of a situation or fact
16.	1. billboard sign 2. charge 3. payday	a. the day when one gets salary b. demand/ amount as a price for a service provided or goods supplied c. a large outdoor board for displaying advertisements
17.	1. clam 2. fulfill 3. grace	a. carry out (a task, duty, or role) as required, or expected b. a shellfish that can be eaten. It has a shell in two parts that can open and close c. smoothness and elegance of movement
18.	1. acupuncture 2. implicit 3. hybrid	a. suggested though not directly expressed b. a system of complementary medicine c. the off spring of two plants or animals of different species or varieties, such as a mule
19.	1. acceptable 2. cues 3. gorge	a. remarks, words, reminders b. able to be agreed on; suitable c. a narrow valley between hills or mountains, typically with steep rocky walls and a stream running through it
20.	1. beware 2. alarming rate 3. beverage	a. worrying or disturbing b. a drink other than water c. be careful, be on one's guard, be protected
21.	1. eternity 2. fad 3. ignite	a. an intense and widely shared enthusiasm for something, especially one that is short-lived b. is time without an end or a state of existence outside time c. catch fire or cause to catch fire
22.	1. breakdown 2. equate 3. lick	a. consider (one thing) to be the same as or equivalent to another b. pass the tongue over (something) in order to taste, moisten, or clean it c. a mechanical failure
23.	1. affectionate 2. chemotherapy 3. data	a. the treatment of disease by the use of chemical substances b. readily feeling or showing fondness or tenderness c. facts and statistics collected together for reference or analysis
24.	1. chore 2. apparently 3. disorders	a. a routine task, especially a household one b. a state of confusion c. as far as one knows or can see
25.	1. courtesy 2. depict 3. quaint	a. the showing of politeness in one's attitude and behaviour towards others b. attractively unusual or old-fashioned c. represent by a drawing, painting, or other art form
26.	1. controversy 2. revenue 3. sane	a. (of a person) of sound mind; not mad or mentally ill b. income, especially when of an organization and of a substantial nature c. prolonged public disagreement or heated discussion
27.	1. confusion 2. dignity 3. despite	a. the state or quality of being worthy of honour or respect b. uncertainty about what is happening, intended, or required c. without being affected by; in spite of
28.	1. counterparts 2. lean forward 3. unavoidable	a. a person or thing that corresponds to or has the same function as another person b. not able to be avoided, prevented, or ignored; inevitable c. move into a sloping position; in the direction that one is facing - towards the front
29.	1. expenditure 2. extravagant 3. extrovert	a. an outgoing, socially confident person b. expenses, charges, outlay c. lacking restraint in spending money or using resources

30.	1. discourteous 2. distinctive 3. distinction	a. a difference or contrast between similar things or people b. characteristic of one person or thing, and so serving to distinguish it from others c. showing rudeness and a lack of consideration for other people
31.	1. corpus callosum 2. catwalk 3. mobility	a. a board band of nerve fibers joining the two hemispheres of the brain b. a platform extending into an auditorium, along which models walk to display clothes in fashion shows c. the ability to move or be moved freely and easily
32.	1. fake 2. foresee 3. fertility	a. be aware of beforehand; predict b. the quality of being fertile; productiveness c. a thing that is not genuine
33.	1. generosity 2. fatal 3. excessive	a. causing death b. more than necessary, normal, or desirable; immoderate c. the quality of being kind and generous
34.	1. edge 2. peeve 3. scar	a. trace, tear, cicatrice b. make (someone) rather annoyed; irritate c. the outside limit of an object, area, or surface
35.	1. hem and haw 2. keep up with 3. nature-nurture controversy	a. dispute about nature b. to put off, delay, postpone c. learn about or be aware of (current events or developments)
36.	1. initially 2. quotient 3. rigid	a. unable to bend or be forced out of shape; not flexible b. at first c. a result obtained by dividing one quantity by another
37.	1. max 2. nappy 3. wrinkle	a. a slight live or fold in something, especially fabric or the skin of the face; crease b. a piece of toweling / soft thick cloth or paper wrapped round a baby's bottom in order to soak up its urine c. reach the limit of capacity or ability
38.	1. impact 2. outfit 3. scent	a. a set of clothes worn together, especially for a particular occasion or purpose b. the action of one object coming forcibly into contact with another c. a distinctive smell, especially one that is pleasant
39.	1. patch 2. retain 3. sap	a. continue to have something; keep possession of b. a piece of cloth or other material used to mend or strengthen a torn or weak point c. the fluid which circulates in the vascular system of a plant, consisting chiefly of water with dissolved sugars and mineral salts
40.	1. desperately 2. diminish 3. disapproval	a. make or become less b. in a way that shows despair c. possession or expression of an unfavorable opinion
41.	1. discarded 2. marvel 3. siblings	a. 1. ejected, rejected, thrown away (v) 2. get rid of someone or something as no longer useful or desirable b. each of two or more children c. be filled with wonder or astonishment
42.	1. dehydrate 2. cognitive 3. testimony	a. relating to cognition b. cause (a person or their body) to lose a large amount of water c. a thing that shows that something else exists or is true
43.	1. wig 2. vulnerable 3. track	a. a covering for the head made of real or artificial hair, typically worn by judges and barristers in law courts or by people trying to conceal their baldness b. exposed to the possibility of being attacked or harmed, either physically or emotionally c. a rough path or road, typically one beaten by use rather than constructed

44.	1. maternity 2. inherit 3. prominence	a. the state of being important b. receive (money, property, or a title) as an heir at the death of the previous holder c. motherhood
45.	1. inadvertently 2. genes 3. entitle	a. give (someone) a legal right or just claim to receive or do something b. a unit of heredity which is transferred from a parent and is held to determine some characteristic of the offspring c. without intention; accidentally
46.	1. indulge 2. interfere 3. inject	a. intervene in a situation without invitation or necessity b. allow oneself to enjoy the pleasure of c. introduce (a liquid, especially a drug or vaccine) into the body with a syringe
47.	1. owe 2. plummet 3. modesty	a. have an obligation to pay or repay (something, especially money) in return for something received b. 1) a steep and rapid fall or drop 2) a plumb or plumb line c. the quality or state of being unassuming in the estimation of one's abilities
48.	1. penetrate 2. pointless 3. reallocation	a. allocate again or in a different way b. go into or through (something), especially with force or effort c. having little or no sense, use, or purpose
49.	1. sulk 2. tatty 3. unhygienic	a. be silent and bad-tempered out of annoyance or disappointment b. not clean or sanitary c. worn out and shabby; in poor condition
50.	1. subsidiary 2. temporarily 3. payment	a. for a limited period of time; not permanently b. less important than but related or supplementary to something c. the process of paying someone or something or of being paid
51.	1. introvert 2. explicit 3. continuum	a. a continuous sequence b. stated clearly and in detail, leaving no room for confusion or doubt c. a shy and typically self-centered person
52.	1. graffiti 2. imagery 3. engraving	a. visually descriptive or figurative language, especially in a literary work b. writing or drawings scribbled, scratched or sprayed on a wall or other surface in a public place c. a picture made by cutting a design on a piece of metal and then printing the design on paper
53.	1. retention 2. provoke 3. quinine	a. the continued possession, use or control of something b. stimulate or incite someone to do or feel something, especially by arousing anger in them c. a bitter crystalline compound present in cinchona bark, used as a tonic and formerly as an antimalarial drug
54.	1. eccentric 2. insincerity 3. dole	a. (of a person or their behaviour) unconventional and slightly strange b. benefit paid by the state to the unemployed c. the quality of not expressing genuine feelings
55.	1. perplexing 2. placebo 3. miraculous	a. 1. completely baffling, very puzzling, mystifying, mysterious, bewildering, confusing. 2. cause (someone) to feel completely baffled b. of the nature of a miracle or having the power to work miracles c. a medicine or procedure prescribed for the psychological benefit to the patient rather than for any physiological effect
56.	1. roll neck 2. tuck away 3. welfare state	a. store sth. in a secure place b. a high loosely turned-over collar c. a system whereby the state undertakes to protect the health and well-being of its citizens
57.	1. compelling 2. dome 3. boulder	a. a very large rock which has been shaped by water or the weather b. a round roof of a building or structure, typically with a circular base c. evoking interest, attention, or admiration
58.	1. impressionable 2. downside 3. nurture	a. care for and protect someone or something while they are growing b. the negative aspect of something otherwise regarded as good or desirable c. easily influenced

59.	1. reef 2. sainthood 3. slack	a. not tightly held in position; loose b. long line of rocks or sand near the surface of the sea c. the status of a saint
60.	1. tedious 2. weblish 3. venue	a. the shorthand form of English that is used in text messaging b. too long, slow, or dull; tiresome or monotonous c. the place where something happens, especially an organized event such as a concert, conference, or sports competition
61.	1. keep track 2. cope with 3. run out of money	a. be without money b. deal effectively with smth difficult; manage handle, carry on; satisfy or fulfill; «meet a need» c. keep (or fail to keep) fully aware of or informed about
62.	1. sustainable 2. plateau 3. mandatory	a. an area of fairly level high ground b. required by law or mandate; compulsory c. able to be maintained at a certain rate or level
63.	1. split the bill 2. spiritual healing 3. saving accounts	a. to share the bill b. the use of spiritual practices, such as prayer, for the purpose of effecting a cure of or an improvement in an illness c. a deposit account
64.	1. philanthropist 2. mature 3. metropolis	a. the capital or chief city of a country or region b. having reached a stage of mental or emotional development characteristic of an adult c. a person who seeks to promote the welfare of others, especially by the generous donation of money to good causes
65.	1. relieve 2. pounding 3. mods	a. the Moderations examination at Oxford University b. repeated and heavy striking or hitting of someone or something. c. cause (pain, distress, or difficulty) to become less severe or serious
66.	1. impulse 2. eloquent 3. competitive	a. a sudden strong and unreflective urge or desire to act. b. relating to or characterized by competition c. fluent or persuasive in speaking or writing
67.	1. pop in 2. take hold of 3. well-to-do	a. start to have an effect b. appear suddenly c. rich enough to be able to do and buy most of the things
68.	1. customary 2. effortlessly 3. etiquette	a. usual or traditional in a particular culture powerfully irresistible way b. in a manner requiring no physical or mental exertion c. the «rules» for polite behaviour in society or in a particular group
69.	1. rapper 2. punctuality 3. invest	a. a person who performs rap music b. the habit of being on time c. put (money) into financial schemes, shares, property, or a commercial venture with the expectation of achieving a profit
70.	1. indulgence 2. inappropriate 3. inconsiderate	a. thoughtlessly causing hurt or inconvenience to others b. not suitable or proper in the circumstances c. the state or attitude of being indulgent or tolerant
71.	1. stripy 2. spit 3. taboo	a. striped b. not allowed because of very strong cultural or religious rules; ban prohibition, embargo, interdict c. eject saliva forcibly from one's mouth, sometimes as a gesture of contempt or anger
72.	1. self-esteem 2. remains 3. puffy	a. the parts of something that are left after the other parts have been used, eaten, removed, etc b. confidence in one's own worth or abilities; self-respect c. gathered to give a rounded shape
73.	1. seth 2. otherwise 3. virtue	a. in circumstances different from those present or considered b. a merchant or banker c. behaviour showing high moral standards

74.	1. regardless 2. refine 3. manipulative	a. characterized by unscrupulous control of a situation b. remove impurities or unwanted elements from (a substance), typically as part of an industrial process c. despite the prevailing circumstances
75.	1. sand cure 2. shorthand 3. punctuate	a. a method of rapid writing by means of abbreviations and symbols b. treatment, therapy, remedy or healer with sand c. insert punctuation marks in (text)
76.	1. zipper 2. snorkel 3. eventually	a. a tube for a swimmer to breathe through while under water b. a device used to open and close parts of clothes and bags c. in the end, after a long delay, dispute
77.	1. skin-deep 2. sensory 3. moderately	a. relating to sensation or the physical senses b. to a certain extent; quite; fairly c. not deep or lasting; superficial
78.	1. subsidized 2. subsequent 3. put aside	a. coming after something in time; following b. support (an organization or activity) financially c. that has been put aside; dismissed, rejected
79.	1. tray edge 2. tend 3. tick off	a. provide with a border or edge b. mark an item in a list with a tick to show that it has been dealt with c. regularly or frequently behave in a particular way or have a certain characteristic
80.	1. swap 2. travertine 3. trendy	a. take part in an exchange of b. very fashionable or up-to-date c. white or light coloured chalky rock deposited from mineral springs
81.	1. straddle 2. transparency 3. store	a. keep or accumulate (something) for future use. b. sit or stand with one leg on either side of c. the condition of being transparent
82.	1. exceptionally 2. summit 3. streamer	a. the highest point of a hill or mountain b. to a greater degree than normal; unusually c. a long, narrow strip of material used as a decoration or symbol
83.	1. vicinity 2. undergo 3. subdued	a. experience undertake, force; something unpleasant or painful; go through, experience, undertake b. the area near or surrounding a particular place c. (of a person or their manner) quiet and rather reflective or depressed
84.	1. spectrum 2. stereotype 3. strenuous	a. requiring or using great effort or exertion b. a widely held but fixed and oversimplified image or idea of a particular type of a person or thing. c. a range of different colours, as seen in a rainbow
85.	1. trend 2. subcontinent 3. self-socialization	a. a general direction in which something is developing or changing b. the activity of mixing socially with others, communication skills c. a large distinguishable part of a continent
86.	1. tumour 2. virtually 3. well off	a. actually, in fact, de facto, nearly; almost b. a swelling of a part of the body, generally without inflammation caused by an abnormal growth of tissue c. rich, wealthy