

# ENGLISH

## TEST BANK

**Güvən nəşriyyatı № 17**  
**Abituriyent seriyası № 17**

**İngilis dili Test Bankı**

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**Tərtibat və dizayn**

**Güvən nəşriyyatı Dizayn & Qrafik**

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**İngilis dili Test Bankı** (Abituriyentlər üçün hazırlıq vəsaiti)



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## Ön söz

*Əziz abituriyentlər və yuxarı sinif şagirdləri!*

Sizə Güvən nəşriyyatı ingilis dili test bankının yeni nəşrini təqdim edirik. Siz qəbul imtahanına çox ciddi şəkildə hazırlaşmalı və daha çox nəzəri bilikləri praktik istiqamətli test tapşırıqlarında tətbiq etmək, düşünüb nəticə çıxarmaq bacarıqlarına sahib olmalısınız.

Bu test bankı ali məktəblərə qəbul imtahanına hazırlaşanlar üçün ingilis dilindən bilik səviyyələrini üzə çıxarmaq üçün tərtib olunan ən yaxşı vəsaitlərdən biridir. Test bankında tərtib olunmuş test tapşırıqları abituriyentlərin dilçiliyin əsas sahələrindən biri olan qrammatika və leksika sahəsində qazandıqları bilik, bacarıq və vərdişləri oxuyub anlamaq, düşünüb məntiqi nəticə çıxarmaq və dildən bir ünsiyyət vasitəsi kimi istifadə etmək qabiliyyətinin üzə çıxarılması məqsədi daşıyır.

Son illər qəbul imtahanlarında leksika sahəsində bilikləri yoxlayan və məntiqi düşüncəyə əsaslanmağı tələb edən test tapşırıqlarının sayı artmışdır. Bu səbəbdən test bankı yeni nəşrində qəbul imtahanlarında olan son dəyişiklik və yeniliklər nəzərə alınmaqla təkmilləşdirilmişdir. Test bankı bir heyət işidir. Uzun illərdir ali məktəblərə müvəffəqiyyətlə abituriyentlər hazırlayan təcrübəli mütəxəssis-müəllim heyəti tərəfindən tərtib edilən bu vəsaitdə 20 əsas başlıq altında toplanan 2360 test tapşırığı və 200 sualdan ibarət açıq tipli testlər sizlərə təqdim olunur. Bundan əlavə kitabın sonuna nəşriyyatımızın ingilis dili fənni üzrə 2014-2015-ci tədris ilində istifadə olunmuş sınaqları (650 sual) əlavə olunmuşdur. Bu sınaqlar sizə qrammatik mövzuları təkrarlamaqla yanaşı, eyni zamanda ən azı 2300 yeni sözü mənimsəməyinizə kömək edəcək.

Ümidvarıq ki, praktiki əhəmiyyət kəsb edən bu vəsait abituriyent və yuxarı sinif şagirdlərinə öz biliklərini yoxlamağa, testlərlə işləmək vərdişinə yiyələnməyə, testlərin quruluşu ilə tanış olmağa və öyrənilmiş materialların daha dərinlən mənimsənilməsinə kömək edəcəkdir.

Hər yeni nəşrində təkmilləşdiriləcək olan bu vəsait haqqında təklif və iradlarını bildirən şəxslərə əvvəlcədən təşəkkürlərimizi bildirir və universitetə gedən yolda hamınıza uğurlar diləyirik.



TEST 1

/Simple/Derivative/Compound Nouns/

1. Choose the line of derivative nouns.  
A) sailor, railway, dictation, doctor  
B) movement, writer, kingdom, peace  
C) actress, driver, singer, tourism  
D) happiness, goods, childhood, computer  
E) beggar, pianist, difference, ice
2. Choose the line of compound nouns.  
1. development, classmate, reality, schoolboy  
2. book-case, policeman, playground, fruit-tree  
3. story, friendship, fireplace, economy  
4. sunset, man-servant, merry-go-round, editor-in-chief  
5. kindness, unemployment, housemaid, farmer  
A) 1, 5 B) 3, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 5
3. Choose the compound nouns.  
1. basketball, airmail, birthday, sportsman  
2. sunshine, teapot, bathroom, fellow-worker  
3. attention, dining room, examination, snow-drop  
4. timetable, threepence, storm, woodman  
5. suitcase, residence, statesman, violet  
A) 4, 5 B) 3, 5 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 3
4. Choose the line of compound nouns.  
1. development, classmate, reaction, schoolboy  
2. briefcase, statesman, schoolyard, cocktail  
3. tale, friendship, stepfather, woman-servant  
4. sunrise, butterfly, housewife, merry-go-round  
5. goodness, unemployment, housemaid, fruit-tree  
A) 1, 5 B) 3, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 5
5. Choose the line of compound nouns.  
1. snow-flake, airmail, birthday, sportsman  
2. sightseeing, teapot, bathroom, factory worker  
3. attention, sitting-room, examination, basketball  
4. timetable, stepmother, storm, woodman  
5. suitcase, residence, handbag, sunshine  
A) 4, 5 B) 3, 5 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3
6. Choose the line of compound nouns.  
A) impossible, apple-tree, bedroom  
B) Frenchman, baby-sitter, housekeeper  
C) German, hospitable, leadership  
D) butterfly, collection, pronoun  
E) repairman, playground, powerful

7. Choose the line of derivative nouns.  
A) brother, doctor, footballer, flowerbed  
B) armchair, countryside, handwriting, sunrise  
C) father, development, freedom, dependence  
D) democracy, teacher, mother, explanation  
E) librarian, traveller, leadership, discovery
8. Choose the line of compound nouns.  
A) pen-friend, Frenchman, bathroom, seaport  
B) stepfather, countryside, kilogram, friendship  
C) editor-in-chief, airmail, schoolboy, German  
D) toothbrush, movement, development, happiness  
E) fireman, handwriting, anniversary, Norman
9. Choose the line of derivative nouns.  
A) worker, sailor, discovery, friendship  
B) mother, doctor, interrogation, freedom  
C) movement, democracy, deer, danger  
D) decision, tradition, father, answer  
E) magazine, stepfather, childhood, player
10. Choose the line of compound nouns.  
A) seaport, woodman, penknife, independence  
B) editor-in-chief, movement, Norman, notebook  
C) seamen, policeman, airmail, freedom  
D) fireplace, cherry-tree anniversary, postman  
E) bedroom, ice cream, tablecloth, gentleman
11. Choose the line of derivative nouns.  
A) finger, inventor, artist  
B) weakness, leadership, reason  
C) argument, development, happiness  
D) vegetables, police, florist  
E) kindness, friendship, oxen
12. Choose the line of compound nouns.  
A) stepmother, martyrdom, leadership  
B) schoolmate, birthday, childhood  
C) copybook, seaman, homework  
D) celebration, newspaper, football  
E) surname, baseball, tongue
13. Choose the derivative nouns.  
1. instrument 2. monument  
3. statement 4. parliament  
5. argument  
A) 2, 4 B) 1, 3, 5 C) 2, 3, 5  
D) 1, 4 E) 3, 5

14. Choose the line of derivative nouns.  
 A) ability, reality, quality  
 B) happiness, princess, chess  
 C) carriage, package, pilgrimage  
 D) capitalist, list, novelist  
 E) approval, proposal, scandal
15. Choose the line of compound nouns.  
 A) championship, township, ownership  
 B) merry-go-round, looking glass, kingdom  
 C) brother-in-law, masterpiece, journey  
 D) matchbox, kitchen garden, inkpot  
 E) mealtime, manuscript, injustice
16. Choose the line of simple nouns.  
 A) lunch, river, salad  
 B) kitchen, listener, prison  
 C) leader, melody, palace  
 D) mankind, museum, ocean  
 E) middle, moment, notebook
17. Choose the line of derivative nouns.  
 A) fisherman, farmer, exhibition  
 B) explanation, enjoyment, event  
 C) employee, education, craftsman  
 D) difficulty, development, cruelty  
 E) decision, connection, comedy
18. Choose the line of compound nouns.  
 A) cloakroom, capitalism, alarm clock  
 B) classmate, childhood, weekend  
 C) cameraman, building, vacuum cleaner  
 D) classroom, bathhouse, baggage  
 E) birthplace, bedclothes, toothbrush
19. Choose the line of simple nouns.  
 A) bag, beard, bathing  
 B) bank, battle, basket  
 C) beginning, barrel, bed  
 D) baby, betrayal, bell  
 E) bench, birthplace, bird
20. Choose the line of derivative nouns.  
 A) illness, action, newspaper  
 B) artist, dancer, drawer  
 C) actor, creation, mankind  
 D) happiness, inventor, snow  
 E) laziness, doors, actress

**TEST 2**

**[Choose the nouns]**

1. Choose the line of nouns.  
 1. game, voyage, dress, strong  
 2. week, green, year, toy  
 3. strength, town, head, parking  
 4. accident, ice-cream, kindness, word  
 5. usually, distance, space, stars  
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 4, 5 D) 1, 5 E) 1, 2
2. Choose the noun.  
 A) shallow B) narrow C) shadow  
 D) allow E) borrow
3. Choose the line of nouns.  
 1. gun, journey, clothes, strength, kindness  
 2. group, baby, country, weak, girl  
 3. many, strong, television, head, driving  
 4. ice, accident, goods, vacation, cloud  
 5. oxen, distance, ship, rose, quickly  
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 5 E) 4, 5
4. Choose the line of nouns.  
 A) elephant, editor-in-chief, alone, tea  
 B) food, computer, iron, slow  
 C) excellence, important, hour, one  
 D) people, lion, wool, delegation  
 E) air, floor, hero, early
5. Choose the nouns.  
 1. plateful 2. fearful  
 3. harmful 4. handful  
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4  
 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2
6. Choose the line of nouns.  
 A) farther, mother, daughter, lawyer  
 B) teacher, silver, rather, leather  
 C) clever, waiter, order, pepper  
 D) hungry, plumber, saucer, finger  
 E) composer, summer, master, letter
7. Choose the line of nouns.  
 A) desk, plan, glass, alike  
 B) language, autumn, sing, dear  
 C) business, competition, law, deer  
 D) police, oxen, cheek, calm  
 E) marriage, judge, low, illegal

## The Noun

8. Choose the line of nouns.  
1. game, travel, dress, strong  
2. week, notebook, year, underground  
3. mountain, village, head, toy  
4. horse, parent, match, their  
5. advise, distance, space, stars  
A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 4, 5 D) 1, 5 E) 1, 2

9. Choose the line of nouns.  
A) spring, floor, history, driver  
B) play, song, open, government  
C) lion, childhood, doctor, speak  
D) fork, spoon, nice, handsome  
E) tea-pot, wall, newspaper, carefully

10. Choose the line of nouns.  
A) goat, alone, cheese, glove  
B) cheese, weak, road, mirror  
C) from, oil, railway, long  
D) wardrobe, song, editor, winner  
E) west, clock, where, voyage

11. Choose the line of nouns.  
A) address, wooden, inventor  
B) health, hungry, wound  
C) importance, employer, alone  
D) contest, actually, daily  
E) guard, wisdom, fellow

12. Choose the line of nouns.  
A) bookcase, suggestion, leader, fast  
B) fruit, luggage, progress, hand  
C) development, traffic, cupboard, where  
D) wise, furniture, father-in-law, walk  
E) pencil, advise, desk, computer

13. Choose the line of nouns.  
A) training, warning, interesting  
B) swimming, shopping, hard-working  
C) ring, nothing, parking  
D) yachting, good-looking, spring  
E) wing, stocking, hunting

14. Choose the line of nouns.  
A) dish, abolish, establish  
B) foolish, astonish, perish  
C) dish, radish, fish  
D) finish, selfish, punish  
E) publish, rubbish, Turkish

15. Choose the line of nouns.  
1. nose, prison, sand, theatre  
2. onion, prize, sea, tasty  
3. page, quiz, space, terrible  
4. person, story, television, text  
5. pet, river, sun, thin  
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 5 E) 4, 5

16. Choose the nouns.  
1. consist 2. dentist 3. exist  
4. against 5. florist  
A) 1, 5 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4 E) 2, 5

17. Choose the line of nouns.  
A) scarf, ruler, muddy  
B) road, rail, noisy  
C) queen, project, pure  
D) price, nature, guest  
E) map, idea, selfish

18. Choose the line of nouns.  
A) glass, police, previous  
B) autumn, spring, pleasant  
C) marriage, cheek, peaceful  
D) sailor, answer, plum  
E) silence, bowl, polite

19. Choose the line of nouns.  
1. word, foam, love, wise  
2. chalk, food, mail, length  
3. cruelty, honour, paint, librarian  
4. death, ice, perfume, deep  
5. feather, juice, salt, long  
A) 1, 4 B) 4, 5 C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 5 E) 2, 3

20. Choose the nouns.  
1. dirty 2. cruelty 3. dusty  
4. frosty 5. safety  
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 3 E) 2, 5

**TEST 3**

**[Noun-forming Suffixes]**

1. Which suffixes **do not** make nouns?  
A) -ess, -ance B) -th, -ee C) -ist, -or  
D) -ous, -ic E) -ship, -hood
2. Choose the noun-forming suffixes.  
A) -less, -en B) -th, -ly C) -ness, -ship  
D) -ous, -hood E) -ful, -ize
3. Which suffix forms a noun from the words "teach" and "work"?  
A) -ed B) -or C) -ar D) -ee E) -er
4. Choose the noun-forming suffixes.  
A) -age, -tion, -hood B) -ness, -ment, -ous  
C) -ist, -ic, -able D) -less, -full, -ly  
E) -th, -ty, -teen
5. Choose the line of nouns with a suffix.  
A) agreement, officer, happiness  
B) argument, attentive, beauty  
C) behaviour, believe, composer  
D) habitful, engineer, impossible  
E) pronoun, bicycle, prewar
6. Which suffixes **don't** make a noun?  
A) -able, -ical B) -er, -sion C) -th, -ship  
D) -or, -al E) -hood, -tion
7. Which suffixes **do not** make nouns?  
A) -ist, -y B) -th, -or C) -less, -ful  
D) -ess, -age E) -ment, -hood
8. With which word **doesn't** the suffix **-ment** make a new word?  
A) govern B) agree C) punish  
D) develop E) connect

9. Choose the noun-forming suffixes.  
A) -th, -ty, -teen B) -ness, -ed, -ous  
C) -ist, -ic, -able D) -less, -full, -ly  
E) -dom, -tion, -ship
10. To which words is the suffix **-age** added to form a noun?  
1. pack 2. govern  
3. polite 4. pass  
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4
11. To which words is the suffix **-ence** added to form a noun?  
1. agree 2. differ  
3. refer 4. depart  
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4
12. To which words is the suffix **-ant** added to form a noun?  
1. assist 2. occur  
3. serve 4. present  
A) 3, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4  
D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3
13. To which words is the suffix **-ian** added to form a noun?  
1. enjoy 2. history  
3. country 4. politic  
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4
14. To which words is the suffix **-dom** added to form a noun?  
1. punish 2. retire  
3. martyr 4. wise  
A) 3, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4  
D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3



15. To which words is the suffix **-hood** added to form a noun?

- |            |             |         |
|------------|-------------|---------|
| 1. lion    | 2. child    |         |
| 3. brother | 4. business |         |
| A) 1, 3    | B) 2, 3     | C) 1, 2 |
| D) 2, 4    | E) 1, 4     |         |

16. To which words is the suffix **-ist** added to form a noun?

- |          |            |         |
|----------|------------|---------|
| 1. story | 2. serious |         |
| 3. novel | 4. special |         |
| A) 2, 3  | B) 1, 3    | C) 1, 4 |
| D) 2, 4  | E) 3, 4    |         |

17. To which words is the suffix **-th** added to form a noun?

- |            |           |         |
|------------|-----------|---------|
| 1. deep    | 2. wide   |         |
| 3. shallow | 4. narrow |         |
| A) 3, 4    | B) 2, 4   | C) 1, 4 |
| D) 1, 2    | E) 1, 3   |         |

18. To which words is the suffix **-al** added to form a noun?

- |            |            |         |
|------------|------------|---------|
| 1. propose | 2. display |         |
| 3. ancient | 4. betray  |         |
| A) 1, 3    | B) 2, 3    | C) 1, 2 |
| D) 2, 4    | E) 1, 4    |         |

19. To which words is the suffix **-ship** added to form a noun?

- |             |             |         |
|-------------|-------------|---------|
| 1. ambition | 2. champion |         |
| 3. golden   | 4. citizen  |         |
| A) 3, 4     | B) 2, 4     | C) 1, 4 |
| D) 1, 2     | E) 1, 3     |         |

20. To which words is the suffix **-ness** added to form a noun?

- |          |            |         |
|----------|------------|---------|
| 1. acute | 2. pollute |         |
| 3. deaf  | 4. leaf    |         |
| A) 2, 3  | B) 1, 3    | C) 1, 4 |
| D) 2, 4  | E) 3, 4    |         |

## TEST 4

### [Countable/Uncountable Nouns]

1. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) jam, star B) coffee, cup  
C) water, child D) ink, jeans  
E) progress, information

2. Choose the countable nouns.  
1. soup 2. secretary 3. sand  
4. police 5. women 6. cheese  
A) 1, 3, 6 B) 2, 4, 5 C) 4, 5, 6  
D) 3, 4, 5 E) 3, 5, 6

3. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) ceremony, hope, rain, sadness  
B) tea, family, armchair, castle  
C) job, secret, camp, fog  
D) danger, fire, morning, week  
E) raincoat, bookseller, pea, photo

4. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) tennis, literature, strength, permission  
B) fence, play, stamp, furniture  
C) heart, mixer, soap, progress  
D) juice, business, cash, lake  
E) area, knock, weather, mark

5. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) water, milk, sand, postman  
B) hand, money, pocket, oil  
C) soap, flour, gold, queen  
D) road, wood, sound, cloud  
E) dust, milk, butter, chalk

6. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) soldier, daffodil, peace, wallpaper  
B) water, camel, love, gentleman  
C) town, litter, paint, blood  
D) tooth, passenger, pea, continent  
E) cheese, glass, intelligence, piece

7. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) sugar, door, letter, map  
B) war, wheat, hen, fish  
C) tomato, enemy, news, tea  
D) furniture, car, cat, potato  
E) sheep, apple, train, ox

## The Noun

8. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) news, information, hatred, love, wood  
B) bread, chill, billiards, dominoes, tree  
C) police, clothes, butter, counter, cheese  
D) teacher, student, book, pen, ruler  
E) men, women, knowledge, piece, death
9. Choose the countable nouns.  
A) tomato, tie, lemon, bread  
B) business, foot, apple, child  
C) journal, chalk, bottle, plane  
D) kettle, happiness, advice, cotton  
E) doll, mirror, sheep, piece
10. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
1. month, palace, composer, furniture  
2. job, sky-scraper, guest, road  
3. paint, ticket, sofa, painter  
4. mistake, model, apartment, coat  
5. cash, cupboard, barrel, gold  
A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 5 E) 3, 5
11. Choose the lines of uncountable nouns.  
1. floor, apple, text-book, work  
2. toast, mushroom, weather, chain  
3. rice, slice, pear, manager  
4. dust, sand, anger, mail  
5. sugar, patience, harm, cheese  
A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4 C) 4, 5 D) 2, 5 E) 1, 5
12. Choose the lines of uncountable nouns.  
1. advice, news, air, cotton  
2. sheep, farmer, scales, flu  
3. grass, progress, kettle, pot  
4. microphone, camera, photo, ruler  
5. behaviour, flour, silver, charity  
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 5 D) 1, 5 E) 2, 4
13. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) cream, ice, idea, spoon  
B) way, rain, job, dancing  
C) wealth, shopping, sand, care  
D) works, paper, petrol, street  
E) cupboard, wardrobe, cherry, choice
14. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
1. mother, swine, excitement, airplane  
2. dictionary, ticket, guard, frog  
3. smoke, forehead, dolphin, cliff  
4. soap, cupboard, balcony, battery  
5. kitten, frying-pan, apartment, candle  
A) 2, 5 B) 1, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 4, 5 E) 3, 5
15. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
1. companion, pet, business, master  
2. eyelash, travel, farmyard, tennis  
3. question, blood, stadium, hospital  
4. knife, tail, cage, looking-glass  
5. bus-stop, answer, watch, bush  
A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 4, 5 E) 1, 5
16. Choose the lines with uncountable nouns.  
1. foot, pear, text-book, homework  
2. potato, mushroom, weather, ceiling  
3. hair, sandwich, porridge, manager  
4. flour, powder, hunger, mail  
5. butter, rice, harm, fruit  
A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4 C) 4, 5 D) 2, 5 E) 1, 5
17. Choose the lines with uncountable nouns.  
1. progress, advice, traffic, cotton  
2. deer, snow, scales, flu  
3. glass, economy, kettle, penny  
4. headquarters, camera, photograph, rule  
5. furniture, wallpaper, gold, charity  
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 5 D) 1, 5 E) 2, 4
18. Choose the line with uncountable nouns.  
A) coffee, food, jug, honey  
B) news, envelope, wood, tea  
C) bread, rice, chocolate, music  
D) money, key, tennis, cheese  
E) salt, soup, umbrella, paper
19. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) melon, production, needle, time  
B) ox, soap, bridge, lemon  
C) newspaper, shoe, people, deer  
D) dove, clock, hair, joy  
E) work, cake, hat, bread
20. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) foot, rice, anger, language  
B) ants, bridge, chalk, education  
C) mathematics, ink, leaf, kitchen  
D) works, hour, wheat, corn  
E) piece, deer, hunter, raincoat

TEST 5

[Countable/Uncountable Nouns]

1. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) foot, rice, anger, physics  
B) ants, water, chalk, education  
C) mathematics, milk, leaf, kitchen  
D) town, bus, wheat, corn  
E) shelf, bird, computer, trousers
2. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) employ, wish, headquarters, dust, spy  
B) stamp, employment, neck, strength, land  
C) fee, parade, legend, trust, juice  
D) scorpion, law, explanation, relative, ox  
E) martyr, jewellery, bush, thank, wheat
3. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) butter, courage, fun, idea  
B) bread, macaroni, glasses, silk  
C) cotton, cheese, jam, job  
D) traffic, air, cigarette, agency  
E) education, linen, wool, compote
4. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) water, sugar, bottle, shampoo  
B) money, pomegranate, kilo, flower  
C) tennis, rice, ice, meat  
D) camera, iron, lemonade, ice  
E) piece, peace, peach, oil
5. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) cream, ice, idea, spoon  
B) way, rain, job, dancing  
C) wealth, shopping, sand, care  
D) works, paper, petrol, street  
E) cupboard, cardboard, chess, choice
6. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) bee, poultry, honey  
B) coal, gold, idea  
C) strength, fame, labour  
D) rice, bean, cloud  
E) discovery, health, ant
7. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) pen, copy-book, apple, table, furniture  
B) women, scissors, game, play, scales  
C) paper, soap, cheese, butter, oil  
D) advice, finger, hunter, gentle, terrorist  
E) sand, flour, paint, silk, idea
8. Choose the line of the uncountable nouns.  
A) silence, fog, gymnastics  
B) honour, coffee, tourist  
C) advice, snow, bowl  
D) flu, independence, mushroom  
E) needle, luck, beauty
9. Choose the correct line of countable nouns.  
A) coast, bomb, education, kingdom, fur  
B) storm, cloud, hour, impression, knight  
C) sight, height, chest, literature, elbow  
D) sheep, dish, fish, length, chess  
E) river, time, side, deer, flour
10. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) city, letter, month, ship  
B) teacher, advice, pencil, damage  
C) family, gentry, pea, meat  
D) bread, tooth, light, hen  
E) butter, toy, sugar, fish
11. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) cream, gold, oil, furniture  
B) goose, water, bread, weakness  
C) boyfriend, girlfriend, toy, cow  
D) job, meal, spaceship, childhood  
E) leadership, policeman, happiness, pea
12. Choose the countable nouns.  
1. news                      2. paper  
3. newspaper              4. information  
5. impression              6. cloud  
A) 4, 5, 6                  B) 3, 5, 6                  C) 1, 2, 3  
D) 2, 4, 6                  E) 1, 3, 5
13. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) wealth, glove, composer, friendship  
B) home, page, people, soup  
C) wood, victory, revolt, politics  
D) adventure, porridge, advice, furniture  
E) actor, battle, carpet, gymnasium
14. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) park, pool, sea, ocean  
B) steam, news, music, information  
C) breakfast, tooth, police, palace  
D) freedom, pianist, friendship, musician  
E) thought, love, hatred, idea

15. Choose the lines with uncountable nouns.  
 1. foot, pear, text-book, homework  
 2. news, air, soup, water  
 3. potato, apple, weather, centre  
 4. flour, flower, goose, mail  
 5. cheese, cotton, bread, jam  
 A) 1, 5 B) 3, 4 C) 4, 5 D) 2, 5 E) 1, 2
16. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
 1. water 2. sugar 3. job  
 4. work 5. tomato 6. pea  
 A) 1, 4, 5 B) 1, 3, 6 C) 1, 2, 4  
 D) 3, 5, 6 E) 2, 4, 5
17. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
 A) tea, hair, cotton, cloud  
 B) snow, sound, wood, textbook  
 C) ink-pot, water, coffee, weather  
 D) advice, information, impression, idea  
 E) sugar, air, bread, milk
18. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
 A) happiness, cream, pea, colour  
 B) salt, traffic, leaf, rice  
 C) beach, church, animal, onion  
 D) darkness, butter, hospital, jam  
 E) cotton, homework, information, chalk
19. Choose the countable nouns.  
 1. mathematics 2. dominoes 3. journal  
 4. honey 5. girl 6. sea  
 A) 1, 2, 4 B) 3, 5, 6 C) 2, 4, 6  
 D) 1, 2, 5 E) 1, 3, 4
20. Choose the compound nouns.  
 1. marriage 2. darkness  
 3. grandchild 4. cupboard  
 5. moustache 6. hairbrush  
 A) 2, 5 B) 2, 3, 4 C) 3, 4, 6  
 D) 1, 2, 6 E) 4, 5

## TEST 6

### [Countable/Uncountable Nouns]

1. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
 A) water, oil, milk, storm  
 B) rice, corn, cloud, wind  
 C) idea, paper, smoke, pea  
 D) meat, flour, wool, electricity  
 E) tea, education, dust, job
2. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
 A) fruit, luggage, chalk, advice  
 B) progress, news, package, water  
 C) cloth, snow, information, people  
 D) grass, glass, duster, money  
 E) air, weather, cloud, star
3. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
 A) advice, book, window, information  
 B) doll, plum, swallow, family  
 C) soap, library, teeth, music  
 D) geese, soup, kingdom, fire-place  
 E) sugar, flag, banner, enemy
4. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
 A) ice-cream, water, milk, impression  
 B) cotton, cheese, happiness, foot  
 C) weather, butter, roof, biology  
 D) business, advice, music, tennis  
 E) duster, blackboard, chair, building
5. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
 A) coin, travel, traffic  
 B) dentist, star, coffee  
 C) pan, tea, apple  
 D) office, package, sandwich  
 E) balcony, pot, honey
6. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
 A) teacher, pen, ruler  
 B) bread, chair, billiards  
 C) police, clothes, love  
 D) news, information, butter  
 E) men, women, knowledge
7. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
 A) kindness, sugar, news, jam  
 B) food, war, flag, tree  
 C) water, business, peace, cup  
 D) heart, dog, life, baby  
 E) actress, happiness, salt, weather

## The Noun

8. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
A) cash, advice, person, noon  
B) chemistry, literature, health, dust  
C) owl, eyesight, equipment, dirt  
D) store, communism, absence, drizzle  
E) geometry, nail, daylight, hunting
9. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) inn, bottle, hell  
B) fame, medal, lamp  
C) accident, garden, example  
D) hammer, cooking, circle  
E) bench, farm, bacon
10. Choose the countable nouns.  
1. mail      2. baggage      3. number  
4. tennis      5. pair      6. impression  
A) 2, 4, 6      B) 4, 5, 6      C) 1, 2, 3  
D) 3, 5, 6      E) 1, 3, 5
11. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
1. biology      2. glove      3. island  
4. curd      5. thunder      6. spoon  
A) 1, 2, 4      B) 3, 5, 6      C) 2, 4, 5  
D) 1, 4, 5      E) 1, 3, 6
12. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) parcel, password, popularity  
B) paw, pea, peace  
C) pencil, patriotism, picnic  
D) patience, picture, pillow  
E) porter, potter, problem
13. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) harm, hay, cupboard  
B) hockey, homework, deer  
C) honesty, health, baggage  
D) geography, dynamite, flag  
E) applause, cardboard, hobby
14. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
1. machine      2. hospital      3. butter  
4. door      5. advice  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 3, 5      D) 2, 5      E) 3, 4
15. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) actor, camera, baggage  
B) dentist, boxer, chess  
C) ant, bench, candle  
D) aunt, bank, flour  
E) act, body, rice
16. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) thumb, ticket, toothpaste  
B) tourist, tower, tree  
C) system, symbol, swimming  
D) pupil, prince, porridge  
E) mouth, mosque, mud
17. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) music, volleyball, furniture, bee  
B) oxygen, wool, petrol, geology  
C) milk, patriotism, curd, boat  
D) bread, margarine, darkness, club  
E) airmail, happiness, absence, floor
18. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
A) dust, help, enemy  
B) hunger, progress, decision  
C) rain, snow, travel  
D) water, acting, curtain  
E) advice, curd, cow
19. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) jackal, kettle, scenery  
B) jeans, key, sunlight  
C) job, king, unemployment  
D) jar, knee, village  
E) journal, knight, weather
20. Choose the countable nouns.  
1. traffic      2. table      3. tennis  
4. thing      5. toothpaste      6. taxi  
A) 2, 4, 6      B) 4, 5, 6      C) 1, 2, 3  
D) 3, 5, 6      E) 1, 3, 5

**TEST 7**

**[Countable/Uncountable Nouns]**

1. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
1. caviar 2. cooking 3. circus  
4. cardboard 5. case 6. campus  
A) 1, 2, 4 B) 3, 5, 6 C) 2, 4, 5  
D) 1, 4, 5 E) 1, 3, 6
2. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) phrase, piano, planet  
B) player, pilot, politeness  
C) poem, portrait, pollution  
D) president, prize, participation  
E) purse, pyramid, pity
3. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) modernity, milk, branch  
B) money, mail, bunch  
C) literature, humanism, bus  
D) energy, chalk, butter  
E) dirt, data, brother
4. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
1. ape 2. wealth 3. impression  
4. cloud 5. wool  
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 5 D) 2, 5 E) 3, 4
5. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) cherry, tiger, wheat  
B) dove, swan, curd  
C) poppy, coffee, pear  
D) boss, porter, hunger  
E) parrot, officer, seller
6. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) pilot, writer, donkey  
B) editor, horse, cement  
C) poet, chess, bush  
D) cotton, development, hockey  
E) florist, insect, furniture
7. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) handball, homework, honey, cat  
B) alcohol, caviar, fog, golf  
C) luck, bread, meat, buffalo  
D) bacon, peace, clerk, driver  
E) information, animal, camel, noise
8. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
A) equipment, dust, hunting, nail  
B) dirt, eyesight, geometry, owl  
C) communism, drizzle, noon, person  
D) advice, literature, chemistry, health  
E) absence, cash, daylight, store
9. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) circle, garden, inn  
B) lamp, bench, rain  
C) bottle, hammer, bacon  
D) medal, accident, fame  
E) example, farm, help
10. Choose the countable nouns.  
1. mud 2. luggage 3. market  
4. music 5. message 6. idea  
A) 3, 5, 6 B) 2, 4, 6 C) 1, 2, 3  
D) 4, 5, 6 E) 1, 3, 5
11. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
1. algebra 2. rice 3. umbrella  
4. porridge 5. song 6. wall  
A) 1, 4, 5 B) 3, 5, 6 C) 1, 2, 4  
D) 2, 4, 5 E) 1, 3, 6
12. Choose the line of countable nouns.  
A) cup, loaf, peace, bowl  
B) shelf, chief, luggage, hoof  
C) season, thistle, servant, envy  
D) idea, impression, voice, traffic  
E) problem, crane, mason, principal
13. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.  
A) diligence, mustard, silk  
B) coffee, leisure, turtle  
C) cruelty, mail, pea  
D) enjoyment, rubbish, merchant  
E) trash, weather, grape
14. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
A) darkness, dust, driver  
B) caviar, chalk, chess  
C) flour, fame, fork  
D) health, homework, hour  
E) information, importance, island



15. Choose the countable nouns.  
 A) goose, glove, geometry  
 B) face, figure, furniture  
 C) exam, event, eraser  
 D) hammer, hand, housework  
 E) joke, jug, justice
16. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
 A) star, storm, gun  
 B) hobby, pain, impression  
 C) power, hockey, orphan  
 D) attack, embassy, table  
 E) news, water, soup
17. Choose the countable nouns.  
 A) knowledge, information, billiards  
 B) teacher, chair, ruler  
 C) women, clothes, butter  
 D) love, pen, bread  
 E) men, police, news
18. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
 A) health, heroism, hay  
 B) guilt, greed, group  
 C) fame, futurity, fork  
 D) lifeblood, lightning, lord  
 E) mail, margarine, marriage
19. Choose the countable nouns.  
 A) offer, office, oxygen  
 B) name, nephew, news  
 C) foot, flag, field  
 D) pan, part, paint  
 E) report, ring, rice
20. Choose the uncountable nouns.  
 1. mail      2. baggage      3. number  
 4. tennis      5. pair      6. impression  
 A) 2, 4, 6      B) 4, 5, 6      C) 1, 2, 4  
 D) 3, 5, 6      E) 1, 3, 5

TEST 8

[Mixed]

1. Choose the correct variant.  
*She gave a ... to the old lady.*  
 A) glasses of water      B) glass of water  
 C) water of glass      D) glass water  
 E) the glass of water
2. *If you want some meat you must go to the ...*  
 A) butchers      B) chemist's  
 C) butcher's      D) grocer's  
 E) baker's
3. Choose the line of common nouns.  
 A) ocean, hills, forest, country  
 B) banner, metro, Garabagh, war  
 C) Mercedes, BMW, trolleybus, hand  
 D) summer, season, paper, lovely  
 E) picture, village, get, cabbage
4. Choose the correct variant.  
*Please, ask Mr. Thomas, he's a clever man and can give you ...*  
 A) some advices      B) no advice  
 C) an advice      D) a piece of good advices  
 E) a piece of good advice
5. Choose the correct form.  
*Whose gloves are they? They're ...*  
 A) to Mary      B) of Mary      C) Maries  
 D) Mary's      E) Mary
6. Choose the correct sentences.  
 1. A hundred piece of advice weren't enough for him.  
 2. A group of soldiers were seen in the forest.  
 3. The sacks full of flour were sent to the refugees.  
 4. Each of the person have to fight for peace.  
 A) 2, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 3, 4  
 D) 1, 4      E) 1, 3, 4
7. Choose the correct variant.  
*My ... is a ...*  
 A) sister, actress      B) son, waiter  
 C) nephew, actor      D) grandfather, queen  
 E) daughter, prince

## The Noun

8. Choose the correct form.  
*Whose trainers are they? Those are ...*  
A) to Jennifer      B) of Jennifer  
C) Jennifers      D) Jennifer's  
E) Jennifer
9. Which variant **doesn't** go with the given word?  
*A pair of ...*  
A) scales      B) socks      C) draughts  
D) tights      E) scissors
10. Choose the **incorrect** sentence.  
A) I am going to buy a new pair of pyjamas.  
B) The police want to interview the two men.  
C) My scissors aren't sharp enough.  
D) The news wasn't as bad as we expected.  
E) The trousers doesn't fit me.
11. Choose the correct noun.  
*My Little Jack, your father's or mother's brother is your ...*  
A) cousin      B) grandparent      C) uncle  
D) aunt      E) granny
12. Choose the correct noun.  
*During the sale the stores were full of ...*  
A) customers      B) patients      C) firemen  
D) guests      E) nurses
13. Match the parts of the expressions.  
1. a pair of      a) sugar  
2. a lump of      b) chocolate  
3. a bar of      c) earrings  
                    d) water  
                    e) news  
A) 1-d, 2-a, 3-e      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-e  
C) 1-b, 2-c, 3-d      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-d, 2-a, 3-c
14. Choose the correct variant.  
*... are grazing in the field.*  
1. The sheep      2. The fish  
3. Two camel      4. The cattle  
5. Their oxen  
A) 1, 4, 5      B) 2, 3, 4      C) 1, 3, 5  
D) 2, 3, 5      E) 3, 4, 5

15. Choose the line of common nouns.  
1. aircraft, washing-machine, mountain, fun  
2. motherland, street, laboratory, printer  
3. X-ray, Tabriz, "20 Yanvar", Scotland  
4. son, shopping, English, grief  
5. weather, city, country, Sunday  
A) 1, 2      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 5      D) 2, 4      E) 3, 5
16. Choose the correct sentence.  
A) Her hair is soft and straight.  
B) Her hairs are soft and straight.  
C) Her hair are soft and straight.  
D) Her hairs' soft and straight.  
E) Her hairs is soft and straight.
17. Choose the correct variant.  
1. a piece of advice  
2. a loaf of rice  
3. three pieces of news  
4. seven news  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 1, 3      D) 3, 4      E) 1, 4
18. Choose the correct variant.  
1. a sheet of paper      2. a slice of music  
3. a bowls of rice      4. a lump of water  
5. a loaf of bread  
A) 4, 5      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3, 4  
D) 1, 5      E) 1, 2, 4
19. Complete the sentence.  
*Let's buy ...*  
A) some new furniture  
B) a new furniture  
C) piece of furniture  
D) two pieces of furnitures  
E) some new furnitures
20. Choose the correct word.  
*We saw two gazelles and many ... near the river.*  
A) deers      B) deer      C) deer's  
D) deers'      E) deeres



**TEST 9**

**[Singular/Plural Nouns]**

1. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.  
A) visitor, climber, police, situation  
B) economics, health, wages, tights  
C) handkerchiefs, bottle, sheep, rice  
D) waitress, paper, loaf, billiards  
E) cans, travel, swan, path
2. Choose the sentence with singular nouns.  
A) Little Mary likes cookies very much.  
B) You must pay fifteen dollars for the shoes.  
C) They come to Edinburgh by carriages.  
D) Fred's Big Farm grows vegetable and corn.  
E) Russians like fresh green peas.
3. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.  
A) cattle, physics, pets, passers-by  
B) gentry, goods, exams, cattle  
C) deer, news, trousers, roads  
D) dominoes, greens, wages, surroundings  
E) parks, gentlemen, clothes, music
4. Choose the nouns in the singular.  
A) mouse, feet      B) women, tooth  
C) fox, children      D) deer, mice  
E) goose, ox
5. Choose the nouns in the plural.  
A) books, news, goose, trousers  
B) pens, stairs, physics, dominoes  
C) mice, passers-by, goods, cliffs  
D) man, woman, contents, lice  
E) tomatoes, crew, people, knives
6. Choose the correct plural nouns.  
1. sheeps      2. men-drivers      3. roofs  
4. knives      5. wives      6. goose  
7. wolfs  
A) 1, 3, 5      B) 2, 4, 6      C) 3, 5, 7  
D) 2, 3, 5      E) 2, 5, 7
7. Choose the nouns in the plural.  
A) mice, physics, teeth, progress  
B) people, sportsmen, children, oxen  
C) geese, clothes, men, driver  
D) money, gates, months, mans  
E) shelves, sofas, mothers-in-law, wolves

8. Choose the nouns in the plural.  
1. news      2. oil      3. socks  
4. trousers      5. danger      6. lice  
7. light      8. postmen  
A) 1, 4, 6, 8      B) 2, 3, 6, 7      C) 3, 4, 6, 8  
D) 2, 3, 5, 7      E) 1, 4, 6, 7
9. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.  
1. scissors, mathematics, progress, women  
2. jeans, news, sunglasses, poems  
3. oxen, police, tongs, contents  
4. earnings, earrings, optics, dominoes  
5. pyjamas, cattle, wages, stairs  
A) 1, 2      B) 4, 5      C) 2, 3      D) 1, 3      E) 3, 5
10. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.  
1. chief, child, furniture, ox  
2. gentlemen, passer-by, radios, topic  
3. class, fish, stress, idea  
4. bee, kilos, poultry, tooth  
5. duck, club, women, police  
A) 1, 3      B) 2, 4      C) 1, 5      D) 3, 5      E) 3, 4
11. Choose the correct sentence with the plural noun.  
A) Those two woman are afraid of mice.  
B) That two women are afraid of mice.  
C) Those two womans are afraid of mouse.  
D) Those two women are afraid of mice.  
E) That two womans are afraid of mice.
12. Choose the correct sentence with the noun in the singular.  
A) They answered all my questions very well.  
B) The police are looking for the thieves.  
C) No news is good news.  
D) My scissors are not very sharp.  
E) The chairs in our room are nice.
13. Choose the correct sentence with the noun in the plural.  
A) That police officers are looking for the murderers.  
B) Those polices officers are looking for the murderers.  
C) This police officers are looking for the murderer.  
D) Those police officers are looking for the murderers.  
E) These polices officer are looking for the murderers.

/Singular/Plural Nouns/

14. Choose the nouns in the singular.  
 1. news 2. people 3. dominoes  
 4. chess 5. glasses 6. scales  
 7. physics 8. police  
 A) 1, 3, 5, 6 B) 2, 4, 7, 8 C) 4, 5, 6, 8  
 D) 1, 2, 4, 7 E) 1, 3, 4, 7

15. Choose the plural nouns.  
 A) statistics, news, books, horses  
 B) physics, sheep, rooms, knives  
 C) wolves, cliffs, shelves, rooves  
 D) geese, arms, scales, stairs  
 E) foot, oxen, mice, deer

16. Choose the nouns in the plural.  
 1. gymnastics 2. petrol 3. tights  
 4. spectacles 5. anger 6. mice  
 7. work 8. earnings  
 A) 1, 4, 6, 7 B) 2, 3, 6, 7 C) 3, 4, 6, 8  
 D) 2, 3, 5, 7 E) 1, 4, 5, 8

17. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.  
 1. trousers, mechanics, economics, shops  
 2. shorts, goods, dominoes, glasses  
 3. headphones, things, tongs, masks  
 4. children, earrings, optics, phonetics  
 5. cattle, facts, wages, stairs  
 A) 1, 2 B) 4, 5 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 3 E) 3, 5

18. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.  
 1. editor-in-chief, elbow, leadership, louse  
 2. lorry, knowledge, fan, teeth  
 3. copywriter, possibility, bathroom, idea  
 4. tooth, mile, leaf, police  
 5. duck, gentlemen, milk, internet-club  
 A) 1, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 5 D) 3, 5 E) 3, 4

19. Choose the plural nouns.  
 1. pomegranates 2. leader 3. yard  
 4. boxes 5. goods 6. feet  
 A) 1, 4, 5 B) 1, 2, 5 C) 2, 3, 4  
 D) 3, 4, 5 E) 4, 5, 6

20. Choose the correct singular nouns.  
 1. deers 2. scales 3. people  
 4. news 5. chess 6. piano  
 7. tomato 8. mice  
 A) 4, 5, 6, 7 B) 2, 4, 5, 8 C) 3, 4, 7, 8  
 D) 1, 2, 7, 8 E) 1, 3, 6, 7

1. Choose the sentence with the nouns in the plural.  
 A) Flora's brother studies in America.  
 B) The news made us very unhappy yesterday.  
 C) Our son will be the best in the competition.  
 D) Hans prepares for the exam well this term.  
 E) Our goats are fatter than your sheep.

2. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.  
 A) earnings, wolves, hooves, education  
 B) wives, shelves, police, scissors  
 C) women, mice, furniture, athletics  
 D) geese, water, oxen, tears  
 E) scales, trousers, news, physics

3. Choose the correct sentence in the plural.  
 A) Your sisters-in-law's dress are wonderful.  
 B) Our sisters-in-laws' dresses are wonderful.  
 C) Their sisters-in-law's dresses are wonderful.  
 D) Our sisters'-in-law dresses are wonderful.  
 E) Hans sister's-in-law dresses are wonderful.

4. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.  
 A) mouse, team, greens  
 B) actress, weather, experiences  
 C) handkerchief, draughts, furniture  
 D) death, aircraft, peasants  
 E) glass, iron, brushes

5. Choose the sentence with a plural noun.  
 A) We didn't like porridge in the kindergarten.  
 B) We have enough money to pay the fee.  
 C) Please, call the police.  
 D) They are very good at mathematics and physics.  
 E) He didn't drink tea or water after dinner for an hour.

6. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.  
 1. wallet, tomato, performances, theatre  
 2. company, fog, people, luggage  
 3. toothpaste, baggage, martyr, money  
 4. lunch, light, winner, punishment  
 5. police-officer, ground, lice, tortoise  
 A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 5

## The Noun

7. Choose the nouns in the plural.  
 1. lice                      2. darkness                      3. goods  
 4. economics                      5. dollars                      6. tooth  
 A) 1, 3, 5                      B) 1, 2, 4                      C) 3, 4, 6  
 D) 2, 4, 6                      E) 2, 3, 5
8. Choose the nouns in the singular.  
 1. dogs                      2. men                      3. tooth  
 4. hate                      5. information                      6. poultry  
 A) 1, 5, 6                      B) 2, 3, 5                      C) 1, 3, 4  
 D) 3, 4, 5                      E) 2, 4, 6
9. Choose the correct variant.  
*Three ... of Azerbaijan won gold medals in Sidney.*  
 A) the sportsmen                      B) sportsmans  
 C) sportsmens                      D) sportsmen  
 E) sportsman
10. Choose the correct line of plural nouns.  
 A) optics, roofs, children, oxen, pencils  
 B) feet, teeth, sheeps, geese, fishes  
 C) phonetics, news, goods, boxes, maths  
 D) poultry, scales, glasses, handkerchiefs, men  
 E) mice, louse, grass, jeans, sisters-in-law
11. Choose the correct plural nouns.  
 1. deers                      2. scales                      3. people  
 4. news                      5. chess                      6. pianos  
 7. tomatos                      8. mice  
 A) 2, 3, 6, 8                      B) 2, 4, 5, 8                      C) 3, 4, 7, 8  
 D) 1, 2, 7, 8                      E) 1, 3, 6, 7
12. Choose the line of plural nouns.  
 A) women, hens, stars, news  
 B) mathematics, feet, teeth, police  
 C) childs, oxen, progress, boys  
 D) goods, people, lice, scissors  
 E) rooves, swines, papers, helps
13. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.  
 A) forest, mathematics, news, voice  
 B) house, police, school, desk  
 C) money, oil, colleges, teacher  
 D) coffee, subject, geese, lights  
 E) monkey, calculator, mice, planes
14. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.  
 A) socks, babies, monkeys, lice, leaves  
 B) days, news, cakes, teeth, hands  
 C) tomatoes, glass, children, teeth, watches  
 D) benches, feet, knives, citys, wives  
 E) clocks, physics, keys, cakes, oxen
15. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.  
 A) sky, planet, station, day, ladies  
 B) shirt, rose, star, gentry, world  
 C) spoon, carpet, continent, map, goods  
 D) letter, history, mother, colours, school  
 E) phonetics, politics, town, pupil, cow
16. Choose the line of singular nouns.  
 A) anthem, wolf, athletics, economics  
 B) stairs, goods, expeditions, electronics  
 C) vacation, paper, gentlemen, rice  
 D) movement, leaf, jeans, fish  
 E) company, staff, cattle, audience
17. Choose the nouns in the plural.  
 1. policemen                      2. hospital                      3. news  
 4. teeth                      5. newspaper                      6. engineers  
 7. trains                      8. earring  
 A) 1, 4, 6, 7                      B) 2, 3, 6, 7                      C) 3, 4, 6, 8  
 D) 2, 3, 5, 7                      E) 1, 4, 6, 8
18. Choose the correct plural form of nouns.  
 1. ox – oxes                      2. box- boxes  
 3. knife – knives                      4. city – cities  
 5. toy - toys  
 A) 3, 5                      B) 1, 2                      C) 4, 5                      D) 1, 3                      E) 2, 5
19. Choose the nouns in the singular.  
 A) scissors, shoes, socks  
 B) news, pianos, draughts  
 C) team, police, peace  
 D) billiards, pencil, gymnastics  
 E) physics, scales, forest
20. Choose the nouns in the plural.  
 A) computers, teeth, air  
 B) children, mice, goods  
 C) feet, oxen, person  
 D) babies, tooth, children  
 E) Germans, men, woman

**TEST 11**

**[Singular/Plural Nouns]**

1. Choose the sentences with the nouns in the plural.
  1. His children usually sang English songs at parties.
  2. A few people overcame difficulties.
  3. We have published all of the news ourselves.
  4. He breaks all of the glass when he becomes drunk.
  5. They have made a lot of progress lately.

A) 1, 2                      B) 2, 5                      C) 1, 3, 5  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 2, 4
2. Choose the line of plural nouns.
 

A) teeth, Englishman, rooms, boxes  
B) trousers, policemen, pen-friends, children  
C) jeans, bears, goats, news  
D) girls, university, foot, pens  
E) ties, lions, dress, lakes
3. Choose the correct line of plural nouns.
 

A) poultry, jeans, oxen, wolves  
B) news, cattle, family, police  
C) sheep, swine, deer, mathematics  
D) gentry, music, foxs, shorts  
E) tables, countrys, cities, fish
4. Choose the correct line of plural nouns.
 

A) earnings, trousers, wages, goods, cattle  
B) sheep, fish, swine, deer, progress  
C) police, poultry, clothes, stairs, grass  
D) scissors, jeans, tongs, spectacles, shelves  
E) skies, roofs, mosques, radioes, economics
5. Choose the correct line of plural nouns.
 

A) shelves, teeth, countries, mice  
B) teachers, pupils, tables, studys  
C) benches, boxes, tooths, louses  
D) teeths, lices, mices, wives  
E) foxs, cliffs, handkerchiefs, roofs
6. Choose the line of singular nouns.
 

A) desk, chalk, women, student  
B) milk, computer, man, president  
C) pens, pencils, pictures, singers  
D) flat, yard, men, chair  
E) tree, river, ocean, seas

7. Choose the line of singular nouns.
 

A) corridor, ship, cities, prince  
B) family, trousers, tree, stairs  
C) hill, success, economics, mountain  
D) motherland, carnation, people, food  
E) rose, glasses, mice, pen-friend
8. Choose the correct variant.
 

*We have twenty ..., five ... and a ... on our farm.*  
A) sheeps, goats, horses  
B) sheep, goat, horse  
C) sheep, goats, horse  
D) sheeps, goats, horse  
E) sheeps, goat, horse
9. Choose the line of plural nouns.
 

A) press, yards, photos, countries  
B) shops, keys, grass, trousers  
C) clothes, news, waitress, boys  
D) babies, women, feet, churches  
E) friendship, groups, geese, lice
10. Choose the correct sentence with the plural noun.
 

A) Alex saw some mouses running across the floor.  
B) The baby's got two new teeth.  
C) New scientific discoverys are made every day.  
D) The hunter shot several deers in the forest.  
E) The farmer's cart was pulled by two oxes.
11. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.
 

A) advice, knowledge, kindness, love  
B) gentry, teeth, trees, books  
C) chairs, wives, girls, dentists  
D) billiards, geese, children, countries  
E) foot, journal, chalk, men
12. Choose the correct line of nouns in the plural.
 

A) people, ladies, water-melons, ideas  
B) glasses, fingers, toes, news  
C) mornings, children, sportsman, articles  
D) potatoes, tomatoes, radios, physics  
E) wives, leaves, progress, birds

13. Choose the line of singular nouns.  
 A) notebook, library, star, stairs  
 B) armchair, principal, honey, police  
 C) wind, sentence, children, desk  
 D) potatoes, houses, uncles, wives  
 E) family, news, actress, physics
14. Choose the nouns in the singular.  
 1. scales      2. money      3. cattle  
 4. advice      5. mathematics      6. policemen  
 A) 3, 4, 6      B) 1, 4, 6      C) 2, 5, 6  
 D) 2, 4, 5      E) 1, 3, 5
15. Choose the correct nouns in the singular.  
 1. trousers      2. grass      3. spectacles  
 4. governess      5. physics      6. lyrics  
 A) 2, 4, 5      B) 1, 2, 4      C) 1, 2, 5  
 D) 2, 3, 6      E) 1, 2, 6
16. Choose the correct pair of singular nouns.  
 A) spice, ice      B) lice, voice  
 C) maths, paths      D) castle, cattle  
 E) ministry, poultry
17. Choose the nouns in the singular.  
 1. tights      2. peace      3. people  
 4. women      5. traffic      6. information  
 A) 3, 4, 6      B) 1, 4, 6      C) 2, 5, 6  
 D) 2, 4, 5      E) 1, 3, 5
18. Choose the nouns in the plural.  
 1. socks      2. goose      3. tights  
 4. process      5. spectacles      6. linguistics  
 A) 1, 3, 5      B) 2, 4, 5      C) 2, 5, 6  
 D) 1, 4, 6      E) 3, 4, 6
19. Choose the plural nouns.  
 1. news      2. lice  
 3. physics      4. poultry  
 A) 3, 4      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 4      D) 1, 3      E) 2, 3
20. Choose the nouns in the plural.  
 1. roofs      2. oxen      3. statesman  
 4. gymnastics      5. lioness      6. geese  
 A) 1, 2, 4      B) 2, 4, 5      C) 1, 2, 5  
 D) 1, 2, 6      E) 2, 3, 6

## TEST 12

### [Possessive Case of Nouns]

1. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.  
 1. Where are the childrens' toys, Sarah?  
 2. His uncle worked at the baker's last year.  
 3. My grandfather's cut all the trees in the garden this morning.  
 4. These students' compositions are the best in the class.  
 5. My brothers-in-laws' names are Sam and Martin.  
 6. Have you heard today's news?  
 A) 2, 3, 4      B) 1, 3, 5      C) 4, 5, 6  
 D) 1, 4, 5      E) 2, 4, 6
2. Choose the correct sentences with noun in the Possessive Case.  
 1. Tomorrow's dancing contest will take place in the afternoon.  
 2. The members of the party's had a meeting yesterday.  
 3. This book deals with Portugals' culture.  
 4. This bag isn't yours. It's Jane's.  
 A) 1, 2, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 2, 3  
 D) 3, 4      E) 1, 4
3. Choose the correct sentence with the noun in the Possessive Case.  
 A) The weather's very cold today.  
 B) He's got a lot of interesting books.  
 C) Let's go to the cinema tonight.  
 D) This boy's a friend of my brother's.  
 E) That's all I know about it.
4. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.  
 1. Write today's date at the top of the page.  
 2. The book is about this authors' childhood.  
 3. He didn't answer the reporter's question.  
 4. The Smith's car is green.  
 A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3  
 D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

## The Noun

5. Choose the correct sentence with the noun in the Possessive Case.  
 A) What's the matter with you?  
 B) Where's your friend? Has he left Baku?  
 C) He's seen several interesting films this month.  
 D) The baby's too small to walk yet.  
 E) Men's work is harder than women's.
6. Choose the correct variant.  
 1. yesterdays' meeting  
 2. Jack and Jane's mother  
 3. two week's holiday  
 4. men's work  
 A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 3, 4  
 D) 1, 4                      E) 2, 3
7. Choose the correct sentence with the noun in the Possessive Case.  
 A) The tables' leg is broken.  
 B) Today's newspapers haven't been delivered yet.  
 C) Do you know pupils's duty?  
 D) This ship's very modern.  
 E) She spoke about womens' right.
8. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case (Genitive Case).  
 1. Flora's twenty-five years old.  
 2. The director's got supermarkets in these towns.  
 3. Jane's students came to see her off.  
 4. The Sun's rays are sometimes harmful to eyes.  
 5. Let's go to a picnic next weekend.  
 A) 3, 5                      B) 1, 2                      C) 1, 5  
 D) 2, 4                      E) 3, 4
9. Choose the correct sentence with the noun in the Possessive (Genitive) Case.  
 A) Helen and Jane's skirt was very nice, they suited them well.  
 B) Yesterday's meeting was so important that nobody wanted to leave the hall before the time.  
 C) Father told me to go to the nearest grocers' and to buy some food.  
 D) Shakespeares' play are famous all over the world.  
 E) The keyboard of the computer's don't work, it must be repaired.
10. Choose the correct sentences with the nouns in the Possessive (Genitive) Case.  
 1. It's a lovely day, isn't it?  
 2. Ann's coming made them happy.  
 3. The dentist's was a long way from their house.  
 4. Ted's sent all the letters today.  
 5. This is the mens' wear department.  
 A) 1, 2    B) 1, 4    C) 3, 5    D) 2, 3    E) 2, 5
11. Which of the given expressions are **incorrect**?  
 1. three weeks' vacation  
 2. mens' decision  
 3. the Brown's house  
 4. Maria's wish  
 A) 1, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 2, 3  
 D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 4
12. Which of the given expressions are correct ?  
 1. a minute's talk  
 2. animals' tail  
 3. trouser's legs  
 4. yesterday's speech  
 A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 3  
 D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 4
13. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.  
 1. A week's rest can make the children happy.  
 2. Both Sean's and Thomas's jackets are black.  
 3. Sabinas' mother was at chemist' for her medicine.  
 4. All women' clothes are expensive nowadays.  
 A) 1, 4    B) 1, 3    C) 1, 2    D) 2, 3    E) 2, 4
14. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.  
 1. The boy's talking is so fast.  
 2. The girl's walking so fast.  
 3. My father's advised me so much.  
 4. My mother's advice is always useful.  
 A) 1, 3    B) 2, 3    C) 3, 4    D) 1, 4    E) 1, 2
15. Which of the given expressions are correct?  
 1. my parents' house  
 2. two day's holiday  
 3. five hours' walk  
 4. mice and cats' tails  
 A) 1, 2    B) 1, 3    C) 3, 4    D) 1, 4    E) 2, 4



TEST 13

[Possessive Case of Nouns]

16. Choose the sentences with the nouns in the Possessive Case.

1. Cristina's been to London, and her companion's too.
  2. Five days' trip made them relax.
  3. The boy's reply in the doorway is very important for us.
  4. His father didn't mind his staying at his uncle's for a fortnight.
  5. Crist's known as a short name.
  6. Who's taught Little Jack all these?
- A) 2, 3, 4      B) 4, 5, 6      C) 1, 3, 5  
D) 3, 4, 6      E) 3, 5, 6

17. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Suddenly I saw the waitress's bag under the table.
  2. Did you see the polices' car in front of the bank?
  3. Our teacher told us the mices' tale.
  4. Don't look at your classmates' copybooks.
  5. I like B. Vahabzadehs' poems very much.
- A) 1, 2      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 5      D) 3, 5      E) 1, 4

18. Choose the correct variant in the Possessive Case.

*This is ... room.*

- A) Jane and Mary      B) Jane's and Mary's  
C) Jane's and Mary      D) Jane and Mary's  
E) Jane' and Mary's

19. Choose the correct sentence with the noun in the Possessive Case.

- A) She lives with her aunt.
- B) Her aunt's got a big house at the mountain.
- C) She lives at her aunt's.
- D) Her aunt's a doctor and works at our hospital.
- E) She's diligent and will pass the exam sucessfully.

20. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. My brother's got some new dictionaries.
  2. Sam's room's much more comfortable.
  3. Nelly's bought an interesting English book today.
  4. It's alcohol, don't use it, it can make you stupid.
  5. Take the child to the children's playground.
- A) 2, 5      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 5      D) 1, 5      E) 3, 4

1. Choose the correct sentence in the Possessive Case.

- A) He's a student at University.
- B) Dickens' has got many works about the poor people in London.
- C) The childrens' room is on the second floor.
- D) Tom's father works at college.
- E) My sister's-in-laws names are Helen and Susan.

2. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. How did you like your three weeks' voyage?
  2. The children of our group decided to go for a walk.
  3. We shan't forget today's event.
  4. Jack and Jill's mothers are waiting for their teacher.
  5. Yesterdays' radio program was very boring.
- A) 1, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 5      D) 3, 4      E) 4, 5

3. Choose the correct sentence with the noun in the Possessive case.

- A) This student's going to become an actress.
- B) This man's going to the cinema.
- C) This lesson's very difficult for you.
- D) Tom's coming tomorrow.
- E) My friend's mother is a doctor.

4. Choose the correct sentence with the noun in the Possessive case.

1. The child's got a high temperature.
  2. I am these girls' English teacher.
  3. The child was sitting on his mother's knee.
  4. I won't come here again and that's a fact.
  5. Listen to the teacher's explanation!
- A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3, 5      C) 4, 5      D) 2, 3, 5      E) 2, 4

5. Choose the **incorrect** sentence with the noun in the Possessive Case.

- A) We visited St. Paul's Cathedral in England.
- B) This book is called Alice's Adventures in Wonderland.
- C) John hasn't read Nizamis' poems at all.
- D) The world's most famous theatre is the Royal Theatre.
- E) Oxford's got some of Britain's finest museums.

## The Noun

6. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.
1. What's your occupation?
  2. I tried to catch the waiter's attention.
  3. The doctor took Ann's temperature.
  4. The road's ten metres in width.
  5. The child's cry broke the stillness.
- A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3, 5      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3, 5      E) 2, 4
7. Choose the **incorrect** variant.
- A) these children's clothes
  - B) this team's shorts
  - C) this teams' shorts
  - D) our team's shorts
  - E) these teams' football shirts
8. Choose the correct sentences in the Possessive Case.
1. The childrens' bags are in the classroom.
  2. John works at the nearest baker's.
  3. My friend's lived in Spain for 4 years.
  4. The boys' answers were right.
  5. My sisters-in-laws' names are Ann and Sarah.
  6. Have you answered yesterday's letters?
- A) 2, 3, 4      B) 1, 3, 5      C) 4, 5, 6  
D) 1, 4, 5      E) 2, 4, 6
9. Choose the sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.
1. Martin's younger than my brother.
  2. Paul's got articles for the Times.
  3. The boy's all toys are expensive.
  4. I'm reading today's paper.
  5. William's diligent, his answers are right.
- A) 2, 4    B) 4, 5    C) 3, 5    D) 3, 4    E) 1, 5
10. Choose the correct sentences in the Possessive Case.
1. After a year's absence Rip returned to his native village.
  2. What's today's date?
  3. Our teacher's ill, let's visit her.
  4. There's a pain in my arm, doctor.
  5. Paul's got some new posters.
- A) 2, 3    B) 1, 5    C) 1, 2    D) 3, 4    E) 1, 5
11. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.
- A) My sister's-in-law name is Dora.
  - B) The childrens' parents are very anxious .
  - C) Our footballers won the Cup.
  - D) Merlyn's leading roles brought her world fame.
  - E) My friend's the most hard-working in our class.
12. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.
1. I love reading those writer's work.
  2. She wrote the teacher's name on a piece of paper.
  3. The operation saved Maria's life.
  4. John's decided to grow a beard.
- A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4
13. Choose the correct sentences in the Possessive Case.
- A) Frank's a very diligent student.
  - B) Frank's got a very diligent student.
  - C) Frank's student is very diligent.
  - D) The dog saw it's picture in the water.
  - E) Frank's looking at us. What's the matter?
14. Choose correct variant.
- The ... mother isn't at home. I saw her at the ... a minute ago.*
- A) child's, baker's      B) children's, bakers'
  - C) child's, baker      D) children's, baker's
  - E) children's, baker
15. Choose the sentence with the noun in the Possessive Case.
- A) William always believed his friends.
  - B) Both George and Paul's hand were very dirty.
  - C) Mary's changeable character was unbearable.
  - D) That's why he didn't invite you.
  - E) Let's go for a walk tonight.
16. Which of the given expressions are correct?
1. my parents' house    2. two day's holiday
  3. five hours' walk    4. mice and cats' tails
- A) 3, 4    B) 1, 2    C) 1, 3    D) 1, 4    E) 2, 4



17. Choose the sentence in the Possessive Case.
1. The King always believed in his sons-in-law's words.
  2. The nurse has washed Tom and Ned's hands and sent them into the kitchen.
  3. Last summer we stayed at the Browns' in the country.
  4. Father always buys meat from the nearest butcher's.
  5. Frank's laughing at you. What's the matter?
  6. The cat usually plays with its small kittens.
- A) 3, 5, 6      B) 2, 3, 5      C) 1, 3, 4  
D) 4, 5, 6      E) 1, 5, 6
18. Choose the correct sentence in the Genitive Case (Possessive Case).
1. Did you learn Bill's decision?
  2. This student's answer is right.
  3. She works at this baker's.
  4. My friend's live in Moscow.
  5. My sisters-in-laws' names are Mary and Anna.
  6. Your bags are on the table.
- A) 2, 3, 4      B) 1, 3, 5      C) 3, 5, 6  
D) 1, 2, 3      E) 4, 5, 6
19. Choose the correct sentences in the Genitive Case.
1. I usually read David's poems.
  2. Anna's got a good telephone.
  3. Paul's ill, he can not go to school for some days.
  4. What did you find in the boys' bags?
  5. George's marks are good, he is very diligent.
- A) 1, 2, 4      B) 2, 4, 5      C) 1, 4, 5  
D) 3, 4, 5      E) 2, 3, 4
20. Choose the correct sentences in the Possessive Case.
1. The mens' suitcases were very heavy.
  2. Uncle Frank works at the nearest butcher's.
  3. His girlfriend's lived not far from.
  4. The girls' sandwiches were delicious.
  5. My brothers-in-laws' names are Sam and David.
  6. Have you read today's newspapers?
- A) 2, 3, 4      B) 1, 3, 5      C) 4, 5, 6  
D) 1, 4, 5      E) 2, 4, 6

**TEST 1**

**Choose the correct variant**

1. *Ted: Jane, can you help me?*  
*Jane: I'm sorry. I have . . . time.*  
A) a few      B) some      C) few  
D) a little      E) little
  
2. *There is ... light in the room. I hardly see anything.*  
1. a few      2. few      3. little  
4. only a little      5. many  
A) 4, 5      B) 2, 3      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 2      E) 1, 5
  
3. *There are ... problems between us.*  
A) little      B) a few      C) a lot  
D) much      E) a little
  
4. *Listen carefully. I am going to give you ... advice.*  
A) a few      B) few      C) several  
D) a little      E) many
  
5. *Elnur gets ... of letters but Vusale gets only ....*  
A) much, a few      B) many, a little  
C) a lot, a few      D) several, little  
E) some, little
  
6. *Elza is always alone. She has ..... friends.*  
A) many      B) much      C) a little  
D) little      E) few

7. *We've got ... homework to do tonight.*  
A) too many      B) too much      C) lot of  
D) so few      E) too few
  
8. *... people can say that they always tell the truth.*  
A) A little      B) Lot of      C) A lots of  
D) Little      E) Few
  
9. *Please, can you give me ... chocolate cake you cooked yesterday?*  
A) several      B) a few      C) many  
D) a little      E) few
  
10. *Cactuses need ... water.*  
A) few      B) little      C) many  
D) a lot      E) a few
  
11. *We haven't got ... butter in the refrigerator.*  
A) some      B) many      C) a lot  
D) much      E) a few
  
12. How many variants are correct?  
*... people*  
1. a lot of      2. many      3. much  
4. a little      5. a few  
A) 2      B) 4      C) 5      D) 3      E) 1
  
13. *Mummy, there is ... milk in the glass, can I drink it?*  
A) no      B) many      C) a little  
D) few      E) fewer
  
14. *I've brought ... flowers for your birthday.*  
A) such few      B) much      C) little  
D) a little      E) a few

TEST 2

Choose the correct variant

15. *We can miss the plane. We have ...*  
 1. much time                      2. only a little time  
 3. little time                      4. a lot of time  
 A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 2  
 D) 2, 4                      E) 3, 4
16. 1. so much pupils  
 2. so many friends  
 3. a lots of people  
 4. too many time  
 5. too much money.  
 A) 2, 5                      B) 1, 3, 5                      C) 2, 4  
 D) 1, 4                      E) 3, 4, 5
17. *Most of the town is modern. There are ... old buildings.*  
 A) few                      B) many                      C) much  
 D) little                      E) a lot
18. *How ... lessons do you have on Mondays?*  
 A) lot                      B) much                      C) few  
 D) little                      E) many
19. Choose the correct variant.  
 1. little orange juice  
 2. only a little women  
 3. only a few flour  
 4. very little flour  
 5. very few money  
 A) 3, 4, 5                      B) 1, 3, 5                      C) 2, 4  
 D) 2, 5                      E) 1, 4
20. Choose the correct variant.  
 1. a little dry wood  
 2. a few bunches of grapes  
 3. a little pieces of news  
 4. a few red paint  
 A) 3, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 2  
 D) 1, 4                      E) 2, 4

1. *There is no need to hurry. We have got ... time.*  
 A) a few                      B) few                      C) little  
 D) much                      E) no
2. *Most parts of the city are ancient. There are ... modern structures.*  
 A) a lot of                      B) many                      C) little  
 D) a little                      E) few
3. *Detective Jonathon said: "Miss Brown, I can give you as ... information as you need."*  
 A) more                      B) much                      C) many  
 D) most                      E) few
4. Which is **wrong**?  
 1. a few slice of bread  
 2. a few cups of coffee  
 3. a little pieces of chalk  
 4. a little hand soap  
 A) 1, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 3, 4  
 D) 1, 4                      E) 2, 3
5. How many variants are correct?  
 1. plenty of ideas  
 2. lots of time  
 3. much tourists  
 4. a lot of advice  
 5. many informations  
 A) 3                      B) 4                      C) 5                      D) 2                      E) 1
6. *My sister gets ... of information but I get only ...*  
 A) a lot, a few                      B) lots, many  
 C) some, much                      D) many, little  
 E) a lot, a little

## Quantifiers

7. *We won't miss the plane. We have ...*  
 1. much time                      2. only a little time  
 3. little time                      4. a lot of time  
 A) 1, 3                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 2  
 D) 2, 4                      E) 3, 4
8. *We have ... time, please hurry up!*  
 A) enough                      B) few                      C) a little  
 D) much                      E) little
9. Choose the correct variant.  
 1. so much road accident  
 2. so much unforgettable impression  
 3. so much bad behaviour  
 4. so much scientific progress  
 A) 2, 3                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 4  
 D) 1, 3                      E) 1, 2
10. *Anna, there is ... bread on the table. Bring some from the kitchen, please.*  
 A) little                      B) few                      C) much  
 D) a lot of                      E) a few
11. *There isn't ... light in the room. Please, turn the light on.*  
 A) much                      B) few                      C) a lot  
 D) little                      E) a few
12. *He is a liar. He has ... friends.*  
 A) a few                      B) many                      C) a lot  
 D) few                      E) much
13. Which is **wrong**?  
 A) only a few days  
 B) too many problems  
 C) very few people  
 D) too much idea  
 E) so many pages
14. *I have ... interest in politics because ... politicians are really honest.*  
 A) many, many                      B) lots, many  
 C) much, little                      D) little, few  
 E) a lot of, much
15. *His father gave him ... advice that he has always remembered.*  
 1. a piece of                      2. plenty of  
 3. only a few                      4. a lot  
 5. a little  
 A) 1, 3                      B) 1, 4, 5                      C) 2, 3  
 D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 2, 5
16. 1. so much information  
 2. lot of questions  
 3. only a few news  
 4. so many stars  
 5. very little knowledge  
 A) 2, 5                      B) 1, 2, 5                      C) 2, 3  
 D) 1, 4, 5                      E) 1, 3, 5
17. *There are ... mistakes in my test.*  
 1. much                      2. a few  
 3. few                      4. a lots of  
 A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 2                      D) 2, 3                      E) 3, 4
18. 1. many cotton clothes  
 2. much petrol stations  
 3. much sports news  
 4. many police inspector  
 A) 1, 2                      B) 2, 3                      C) 3, 4                      D) 1, 3                      E) 1, 4
19. *Only ... his friends went to the match, not ...*  
 A) a few, much                      B) some, much  
 C) a few of, many                      D) much, a lot of  
 E) a lot of, many
20. *... American families have more than five children.*  
 1. Few                      2. Much  
 3. A little                      4. Only a few  
 A) 1, 4                      B) 3, 4                      C) 2, 3                      D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 3

**TEST 3**

**Choose the correct variant**

1. *Yesterday we spent ... money at the new market.*

1. plenty 2. a lot of  
3. much 4. many  
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 4 E) 3, 4

2. *How many of the given words can be used? I have got ... homework.*

a little, much, a lot of, a few, many  
A) 5 B) 2 C) 3 D) 1 E) 4

3. *... workers went on strike.*

A) A lot B) Few C) A lots of  
D) Only few E) Too much

4. *The beach was almost empty. There were only ... swimmers.*

A) a few B) many C) a lot  
D) much E) a little

5. *They spoilt the work by using too ... paint.*

1. few 2. little 3. much  
4. a lot of 5. a little  
A) 2, 3, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3, 5 E) 2, 5

6. *Do you mind if I ask you ... questions?*

A) much B) little C) a little  
D) a few E) a lot

7. *I have ... money, and I can lend you ...*

A) a lot of, a little B) little, much  
C) a little, a few D) few, many  
E) many, little

8. *Fortunately, our financial situation is good: we still have ... good customers.*

1. a few 2. few 3. many  
4. a lot of 5. plenty  
A) 1, 5 B) 2, 3 C) 4, 5  
D) 1, 3, 5 E) 1, 3, 4

9. *I'm very alone. I have ... few good friends.*

1. only a 2. only  
3. so 4. such  
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 3 E) 2, 4

10. *We can all get on the bus. There are only ... passengers.*

A) many B) a few C) much  
D) little E) a little

11. *She can't travel by air because she hasn't got ... money.*

A) many B) a lot C) little  
D) enough E) plenty

12. *How many variants are correct?*

*I need a little ... .*  
money, minute, advice, time, patience  
A) 1 B) 3 C) 5 D) 2 E) 4

13. *There is ... fruit and ... vegetables in the kitchen that I don't know where to put them.*

A) such a few, a lot of  
B) so few, so much  
C) so many, such a lot of  
D) such a lot of, so much  
E) such a lot of, so many

14. 1. a few pairs of trousers  
2. a little furniture shops  
3. a few pairs of shorts  
4. a little sheets of paper  
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 2 E) 2, 3
15. *The museum was very crowded. There were too ... people.*  
A) a lot B) much C) many  
D) little E) a few
16. *He has invited ... guests to his birthday party.*  
1. a lot 2. few 3. a little  
4. much 5. only a few  
A) 1, 2 B) 4, 5 C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 4 E) 2, 5
17. *Do you have ... minutes? I'd like to ask you ... questions because I need ... more information.*  
A) few, little, many  
B) a few, a few, a little  
C) a little, very few, much  
D) much, only a few, little  
E) many, a lot of, a few
18. 1. only few pairs of gloves  
2. only a little pieces of meat  
3. only a few pieces of bread  
4. only a few benches  
A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 4 E) 2, 3
19. – *Did he lend ... money?*  
– *No, only ... manats.*  
A) much, a little B) many, few  
C) little, a little D) a little, a little  
E) much, a few
20. *Some people in the office are very lazy. They do ... work.*  
A) too many B) very little  
C) very much D) so a little  
E) so few

**TEST 1**

**(Personal and Possessive Pronouns)**

**Choose the correct pronoun(s)**

1. *Anar and I washed ... hands.*  
A) us B) hers C) it D) our E) we
2. *Look at those books. Are ... yours?*  
A) this B) that C) they  
D) it E) she
3. *... are a good swimmer.*  
A) You and they B) You C) He  
D) She E) We
4. *It is ... dog.*  
A) mine B) you C) they  
D) my E) he
5. *... is an actress in Hollywood.*  
A) He B) She C) They  
D) We E) You
6. *My schoolmates and I always help one another. ... are good friends.*  
A) I B) You C) They  
D) She E) We
7. *... room is not comfortable.*  
A) Mine B) Their C) Myself  
D) Ourselves E) Me
8. *Whose is that car? It's ...*  
A) their B) her C) theirs  
D) our E) my
9. *You can use ... umbrella if ... is broken.*  
A) my, our B) her, him  
C) mine, yours D) my, yours  
E) their, them
10. *... were at the theatre with ... last night.*  
A) They, they B) We, them  
C) Them, we D) You, I  
E) She, he

11. *... enjoyed staying at ... hotel.*  
A) We, his B) He, mine C) They, we  
D) She, I E) We, he
12. *They are ... cats.*  
A) you B) my C) she  
D) he E) them
13. *Elnur and Anar washed ... car.*  
A) him B) hers C) we  
D) them E) their
14. *... is a good friend of ...*  
A) She, my B) He, our C) We, hers  
D) He, mine E) He, her
15. *He came to work late again, so ... boss got angry.*  
A) his B) theirs C) her  
D) mine E) hers
16. *Take some bread and put ... on the table.*  
A) them B) you C) it  
D) him E) her
17. *These are my keys. Where are ... ?*  
A) your B) yours C) mine  
D) them E) their
18. *This is ... book, and where is ... ?*  
A) my, yours B) your, your  
C) ours, yours D) my, your  
E) his, my
19. *Listen to ... sister!*  
A) she and she's B) her and she  
C) she and her D) her and her  
E) she and your
20. *The door is open, please shut ...*  
A) them B) it C) it's  
D) its E) they

TEST 2

(Personal, Possessive and Reflexive Pronouns)

Choose the correct pronoun(s).

1. *She wants . . . to help . . . .*  
A) us, she      B) us, his      C) me, her  
D) you, they      E) his, her
2. *There were a lot of mistakes in my test. My teacher explained . . . one by one.*  
A) it's      B) it      C) its  
D) them      E) they
3. *Those copy-books are ... , ... copy-books must be on the shelf.*  
A) mine, your      B) your, my  
C) your, hers      D) yours, theirs  
E) mine, ours
4. – *Are these shoes ... , Mary?*  
– *No, those are not ... . ... shoes are brown.*  
A) yours, mine, Mine      B) your, my, My  
C) yours, mine, My      D) your, mine, My  
E) mine, your, Your
5. *The dog's in a good mood, ... just had ... breakfast.*  
A) it's, it's      B) its, its      C) he, his  
D) he's, its      E) it's, its
6. *The tree will soon drop ... .*  
A) its leaves      B) it's leaves  
C) their leaves      D) it's leave  
E) its leafs
7. *This letter is for Sara. Can you give ... to ... ?*  
A) them, him      B) it, her      C) they, he  
D) them, her      E) it, we
8. *Please, do your work . . . , my son.*  
A) yourselves      B) yours  
C) you      D) yourself  
E) themselves
9. *Boys, behave ... .*  
A) themselves      B) yourself  
C) himself      D) yourselves  
E) ourselves
10. *He knew his brother much more than . . . .*  
A) ourselves      B) herself      C) itself  
D) myself      E) himself
11. *Bring me some fruit and take some for . . . .*  
A) myself      B) yourself      C) themselves  
D) itself      E) himself
12. *The film . . . wasn't very good, but I liked ... music.*  
A) itself, its      B) himself, it  
C) himself, her      D) herself, my  
E) itself, it's
13. *Be quick! She has hurt . . . .*  
A) itself      B) herself      C) himself  
D) our      E) ourselves
14. *They could finish the work on time . . . .*  
A) himself      B) themselves      C) yourself  
D) herself      E) ourselves
15. *Tourists admire not only Azerbaijan ... but also ... traditions.*  
A) itself, its      B) themselves, it's  
C) itself, it      D) themselves, it  
E) itself, it's
16. *They must do it . . . , without any help.*  
A) ourselves      B) himself      C) herself  
D) themselves      E) themselves
17. *I liked the hotel ... but I didn't like ... service.*  
A) itself, its      B) myself, it  
C) itself, it's      D) me, myself  
E) myself, it's
18. *Our teacher . . . phoned my parents last week.*  
A) our      B) ourselves      C) themselves  
D) myself      E) himself
19. *Alex .... is very diligent, but ... brother is lazy.*  
A) yourself, your      B) himself, his  
C) hisself, him      D) herself, him  
E) itself, its
20. *Boys, please, write the exercise . . . .*  
A) himself      B) yourself      C) yourselves  
D) myself      E) themselves



**TEST 3**

**(Reciprocal and Demonstrative Pronouns)**

**Choose the correct pronoun(s).**

1. *You'll be successful, if you help ... .*  
A) one another's B) each other's  
C) another ones D) one another  
E) the other
2. *... flowers are red, but ... flowers are yellow. So they aren't ... colour.*  
A) These, those, the same  
B) This, that, the same  
C) These, those, same  
D) These, those, not a same  
E) These, this, a same
3. *... seats are for the disabled and you should change your place, sir.*  
A) This B) It C) That  
D) These E) Them
4. *We'd prefer to take that car, because ... one isn't safe to drive.*  
A) those B) they C) it  
D) these E) this
5. *Those three sisters never wear ... clothes.*  
A) one another's B) each others'  
C) each other D) one another  
E) each another
6. *Do you know ... people over there?*  
A) these B) this C) that  
D) those E) same
7. *The pupils of our class used to help ... .*  
A) each another B) one another  
B) one other D) each others  
E) one anothers

8. *Both of the sisters kissed ... when they met.*  
A) each other B) one anothers  
C) one another's D) each other's  
E) each another's
9. *You can help ... .*  
1. each other 2. ourselves  
3. one another's 4. yourselves  
5. myself  
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 5  
D) 3, 5 E) 2, 4
10. *... villa over there near the river is ... .*  
A) Those, theirs B) This, mine  
C) That, my D) This, his  
E) That, ours
11. *... is my home town and ... building over there is my old school.*  
A) That, those B) This, that  
C) Those, that D) These, that  
E) That, this
12. *How long have you and Roz Ivanich known ...?*  
A) one anothers B) each another's  
C) one another's D) each other  
E) somebody
13. *Real friends always help ... .*  
A) one another B) each other's  
C) one another's D) one other  
E) one's another
14. *Don't worry. We can look after ... .*  
1. each other 2. yourselves 3. one another's  
4. ourselves 5. myself  
A) 2, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 5  
D) 3, 5 E) 1, 4

15. *My three neighbours never quarrel at all. They respect ... quite a lot.*

- A) each other's                      B) one other  
C) one another                      D) one another's  
E) each others

16. *... house over there is ... .*

1. This, his  
2. Those, her  
3. That , theirs  
4. These, mine  
5. That , his  
A) 1, 4      B) 3, 5      C) 2, 5  
D) 3, 4      E) 2, 4

17. *Good friends correct ... mistakes.*

1. each other                      2. one another  
3. one another's                      4. each other's  
A) 1, 4    B) 1, 2    C) 3, 4    D) 1, 3    E) 2, 4

18. *My sister and I cleaned ...room yesterday.*

1. each other's                      2. one anothers'  
3. our                      4. ours  
A) 2, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 3

19. *At ... time last year ... trees in the garden were full of birds' nests.*

- A) this, these                      B) that, this  
C) those, these                      D) these, these  
E) those, those

20. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. Who lives in ... house over there?  
2. Look at ... birds in the sky.  
3. Excuse me, is ... seat free?  
a) this                      b) that                      c) those  
A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a                      D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

## TEST 4

### (Interrogative Pronouns)

Choose the correct pronoun(s).

1. *I can't find you in the photo. ... of them is you?*

- A) Who      B) Which      C) Whom  
D) Both      E) Whose

2. *A: ... of those two boys is your son?*

- B: The shorter one.*  
A) Whose                      B) What                      C) Which  
D) Who                      E) Whom

3. *- ... is his father?*

- He's a sales manager.*  
A) Which                      B) When                      C) How old  
D) What                      E) How many

4. *... of you has solved this question in the copybook, boys?*

- A) Whose                      B) What                      C) Who  
D) That                      E) Which

5. *... brought this dog into the yard. ... dog is it?*

- A) Who's, Who's                      B) Who's, Who  
C) What, Whom                      D) Who's, Whose  
E) Whose, Which

6. *- ...*

- He is a plumber.*  
1. Where is he?                      2. What does he do?  
3. Who is he?                      4. What is he?  
5. How is he?  
A) 3, 5                      B) 1, 4                      C) 2, 5  
D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 4

7. Choose the correct variants for the sentences.

1. Students! ... is absent today?  
2. ...is the matter with you ?  
3. ... book is more interesting?  
a) What                      b) Who                      c) Which  
A)1-b, 2-c, 3-a                      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
E) 1-a, 2- c, 3-b

## The Pronoun

8. How many of the given words are correct?  
... are you?  
1. What                      2. Who                      3. How  
4. Where                    5. Whom  
A) 3    B) 1    C) 4    D) 2    E) 5
9. ... meal do you like most?  
1. Whose                    2. Whom                    3. Who  
4. How                      5. What kind of  
A) 1, 5                      B) 3, 4                      C) 2, 4, 5  
D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 3, 5
10. ... caused the accident?  
1. Whose                    2. Why  
3. What                      4. Who  
A) 2, 3    B) 1, 3    C) 1, 4    D) 2, 4    E) 3, 4
11. - ... do you want?  
- I want coffee.  
A) Whom                    B) Who                      C) What  
D) Whose                    E) Which of
12. Choose the correct interrogative word for both sentences.  
... was discussed at the meeting yesterday?  
... didn't you write your exercises for?  
A) What                      B) When                      C) Why  
D) Whose                      E) Whom
13. ... films do you want to watch?  
1. Which                      2. Whom  
3. Who                          4. How  
5. What kind of  
A) 3, 4                      B) 1, 5                      C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 4                      E) 3, 5
14. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
1. ... has she invited to her birthday party?  
2. ... did she write her new poem about?  
A) Who                      B) Whom                      C) What  
D) When                      E) Where
15. 1. ... way shall we go? Left or right?  
2. - ... day is it today? -Friday.  
3. ... is older, Ann or George?  
a) Which                      b) What                      c) Who  
d) Whose                      e) Whom  
A) 1-a, 2-d, 3-e                      B) 1-e, 2-c, 3-a  
C) 1-b, 2-e, 3-d                      D) 1-c, 2-d, 3-a  
E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
16. ... happened to you?  
A) Who                      B) Where                      C) What  
D) Which                      E) Whose
17. ... are you waiting here for?  
1. Whose                      2. What                      3. Which                      4. Who  
A) 1, 4    B) 2, 3    C) 3, 4    D) 2, 4    E) 1, 3
18. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
1. ... serves meals at your house?  
2. ... are these lovely children?  
A) What                      B) Who                      C) Which  
D) Whose                      E) Whom
19. ... made you happy?  
1. What                      2. Whom                      3. Who                      4. How  
A) 1, 2    B) 1, 3    C) 3, 4    D) 2, 4    E) 2, 3
20. ... towns shall we visit next week?  
1. What                      2. Which                      3. Whom                      4. How  
A) 3, 4    B) 1, 3    C) 1, 4    D) 2, 3    E) 1, 2

**TEST 5**

**(Relative Pronouns)**

**Choose the correct pronoun(s).**

1. *The lady ... bag was stolen was very anxious.*  
A) which      B) whose      C) whom  
D) that      E) who
2. *This test is for students ... native language is not English.*  
A) whose      B) who      C) that  
D) whom      E) which
3. *In the morning he got two letters ... were answers to his advertisement.*  
1. which      2. that      3. what  
4. who      5. whom  
A) 3, 4    B) 1, 3    C) 2, 5    D) 4, 5    E) 1, 2
4. *You are very kind. You always do a favour to those ... hurt you.*  
A) whose      B) whom      C) who  
D) which      E) what
5. *I heard everything ... he said.*  
A) who      B) what      C) whose  
D) that      E) whom
6. *... is the man ... leads the delegation from London?*  
A) Whose, who      B) Who, which  
C) Whose, that      D) Which, whose  
E) Who, who
7. *Those are the people ... missed the plane.*  
A) who      B) which      C) what  
D) whom      E) whose
8. *She didn't like the shoes ... I wanted to buy.*  
A) what      B) that      C) who  
D) whose      E) whom
9. *... was the man ... was waiting for the director?*  
A) Who, who      B) Whom, who  
C) Who, whom      D) Where, which  
E) Which, what
10. *The woman ... opened the door is my mother.*  
A) which      B) who      C) whom  
D) what      E) whose

11. *The man ... car was stolen phoned the police.*  
A) who      B) which      C) whose  
D) that      E) whom
12. *... was that man with ... you were talking in the corridor?*  
A) Who, that      B) Who, who  
C) Whom, which      D) Who, whom  
E) Where, who
13. *My father thanked the teacher ... helped me.*  
A) whom      B) who      C) what  
D) which      E) whose
14. *This is the teacher ... told me everything about my son.*  
1. which      2. who      3. whom  
4. whose      5. that  
A) 2, 4    B) 1, 4    C) 1, 5    D) 3, 5    E) 2, 5
15. *A butcher is someone ... sells meat.*  
A) which      B) whom      C) who  
D) whose      E) what
16. *The girl ... mother is our teacher went to Paris.*  
A) who      B) whom      C) that  
D) whose      E) which
17. *The police wanted to interview the man ... house was burnt.*  
A) who      B) which      C) whose  
D) that      E) who
18. *It is the only thing ... politicians always ask him.*  
A) whose      B) that      C) what  
D) who      E) whom
19. *She is the girl ... we saw the day before.*  
A) that      B) what      C) which  
D) whose      E) those
20. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
1. *Nobody knows ... will happen next.*  
2. *Don't forget ... I told you.*  
A) who      B) whom      C) that  
D) whose      E) what

TEST 6

(Relative Pronouns)

Choose the correct pronoun(s).

1. How many variants can be correct?  
*The boys ... we saw in the park are my friends.*

1. whose 2. who 3. –  
4. whom 5. that  
A) 4 B) 5 C) 3 D) 2 E) 1

2. *Fish are animals ....*

1. that live in water  
2. who lives in water  
3. that lives in water  
4. which live in water  
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 4 E) 2, 3

3. *Nizami Ganjavi is the poet ... is known with his "Khamasa".*

A) what B) whom C) whose  
D) who E) which

4. How many of the given expressions are correct?  
*The men ... weren't at the last meeting.*

1. I talked to 2. which I talked to  
3. whom I talked 4. who I talked to  
5. whose I talked  
A) 4 B) 3 C) 1 D) 5 E) 2

5. *It is the only thing... I can take with me.*

1. that 2. what 3. whose  
4. whom 5. -  
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 5 C) 2, 5  
D) 3, 5 E) 2, 4

6. *Where is the cheese... was in the fridge?*

1. what 2. whose 3. that  
4. which 5. –  
A) 3, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 5  
D) 3, 5 E) 2, 4

7. *That is the house in .... my family lives.*

A) whose B) where  
C) which D) whom  
E) who

8. *The box ... I mailed to my sister was heavy.*

1. that 2. whom 3. whose  
4. which 5. who  
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 4, 5  
D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

9. *There are ships on the river ... flows into the Pacific Ocean.*

1. what 2. which 3. whose  
4. that 5. who  
A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 5  
D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3

10. *Don't touch the things ... to you!*

1. that don't belong  
2. what don't belong  
3. that doesn't belong  
4. which don't belong  
5. what doesn't belong  
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 3, 5  
D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3

11. *Alex took the books ... Tom lent him.*

1. which 2. that  
3. whom 4. in which  
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 4  
D) 2, 3 E) 1, 3

12. *My teacher doesn't like pupils ... her such questions.*

A) who asks B) which ask  
C) who ask D) which asks  
E) that asks

13. How many of the given words are correct?  
*The man ... I wanted to see was our teacher.*

1. who 2. whom 3. whose  
4. that 5. -  
A) 5 B) 2 C) 3 D) 1 E) 4

14. How many of the given words are correct?  
*It's the same actor ... we saw at the theatre.*

1. who 2. whom 3. that  
4. – 5. whose  
A) 4 B) 3 C) 1 D) 5 E) 2

15. *All his pictures ... were very nice.*  
 1. which were exhibited yesterday  
 2. what was exhibited yesterday  
 3. that were exhibited yesterday  
 4. which was exhibited yesterday  
 A) 3, 4      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3  
 D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2
16. *... is the name of the woman ... was wearing the violet dress?*  
 A) Which, who      B) What, who  
 C) What, whom      D) Who, that  
 E) Who, what
17. *I'll introduce you to the man ... I share a flat with.*  
 1. whose      2. who      3. which  
 4. what      5. that  
 A) 4, 5      B) 3, 4      C) 2, 3  
 D) 2, 5      E) 1, 4
18. *The officer ... I spoke to yesterday was my friend.*  
 1. that      2. whose      3. which  
 4. what      5. who  
 A) 1, 5      B) 2, 3      C) 3, 5  
 D) 1, 4      E) 3, 4
19. *Are those sheep ... yours?*  
 1. which are grazing in the meadow  
 2. that are grazing in the meadow  
 3. what are in the stable  
 4. that is in the stable  
 A) 2, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 3, 4  
 D) 1, 4      E) 1, 2
20. *There isn't anything ... me.*  
 A) that interests      B) which interest  
 C) who interests      D) what interests  
 E) what interest

## TEST 7

### Indefinite Pronouns

Choose the correct pronoun(s).

1. *Mother: Are there ... foreign students in your group?*  
*Tracy: No, there are not ... ."*  
 A) any, anybody      B) no, none  
 C) any, anything      D) some, something  
 E) any, any
2. *There isn't ... in the restaurant.*  
 A) somebody      B) anybody  
 C) nobody      D) any people  
 E) some people
3. *- Have you lost ... ?*  
*- No, I haven't lost ... here.*  
 A) anything, anything  
 B) anything, nothing  
 C) nothing, nothing  
 D) something, nothing  
 E) nothing, something
4. *- Can you give me ... orange juice?*  
*- I'm afraid, we haven't got ... .*  
 A) some, some      B) any, neither  
 C) either, any      D) some, any  
 E) many, no
5. *- Is there ... pizza left, Mummy?*  
*- Yes, there is ... in the cupboard.*  
 A) some, any      B) some, some  
 C) any, no      D) any, some  
 E) any, any
6. *Have you seen my keys ... ?*  
 A) somewhere      B) anywhere      C) nowhere  
 D) everywhere      E) where

## The Pronoun

7. *Have they got ... brothers?*  
A) each                      B) any                      C) some  
D) none                      E) every

8. *Does ... know what time it is?*  
A) anybody                  B) someone                  C) any  
D) something                  E) nobody

9. *Mr. Holmes: Were there . . . candles in the room when you came here first?*  
*Dr. Watson: No, there were not ...*  
A) any, nothing                  B) any, any  
C) any, anything                  D) other, something  
E) any, anybody

10. *Did ... see Clara yesterday?*  
A) somebody                  B) nobody                  C) anybody  
D) anything                  E) something

11. *George's grandfather is about 109 years old. He can hardly go ... by himself now.*  
A) somewhere                  B) nowhere  
C) everywhere                  D) anywhere  
E) all where

12. *She said to Jack: Do ... have ... questions?*  
A) he, any                      B) you, any  
C) you, some                      D) he, many  
E) their, any

13. *Are you sure there isn't ... way of solving this problem?*  
A) none                      B) some                      C) a lot  
D) no                      E) any

14. – *Would you like . . . orange juice?*  
– . . . more, thank you. *I have had . . .*  
A) no, No, some                  B) any, Some, some  
C) some, No, some                  D) some, Any, no  
E) any, No, some

15. *Have you seen my sunglasses? I can't find them ...*  
A) nowhere                      B) somewhere  
C) everywhere                      D) anywhere  
E) nonewhere

16. *The soldiers broke into the house, but it was quite empty. There wasn't ... in it.*  
A) nothing                  B) any people                  C) any  
D) anyone                  E) nobody

17. Choose the variant which is correct for both sentences.  
– *Do you know ... of those people?*  
– *No, I don't know ... of them.*  
A) any                  B) some                  C) much  
D) every                  E) no

18. Choose the correct variants for the sentence.  
*There was ... in the house.*  
1. somebody                      2. not anybody  
3. some police                      4. no people  
5. some pieces of furniture  
A) 3, 5                      B) 1, 3                      C) 2, 5  
D) 1, 4                      E) 1, 2

19. Choose the correct variant.  
*Would you like ... of juice?*  
1. a glass                  2. some glass                  3. some glasses  
4. a glasses                  5. some bottle  
A) 1, 3                  B) 2, 4                  C) 3, 4                  D) 4, 5                  E) 1, 5

20. *I can hardly see ... without my glasses. I must get ... new ones soon.*  
A) anything, something                      B) any, some  
C) some, some                      D) any, any  
E) anything, some



**TEST 8**

**(Defining Pronouns - 8, 9, 10)**

**Choose the correct pronoun(s).**

1. *Our pupils had a wonderful picnic in Sheki. They enjoyed ... minute of it.*  
A) some      B) each      C) none  
D) no      E) other
2. *As ... my mother and father are teachers, I want to be a teacher, too.*  
A) each      B) every      C) both  
D) a lot of      E) none
3. *... the restaurants we went to was very expensive.*  
A) Both      B) Neither of      C) Neither  
D) Either      E) All
4. *A: Pour me some coffee, please.  
B: Sorry. There's ... left.*  
1. none      2. no  
3. any      4. some  
5. not any  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 5      E) 2, 5
5. *... of them knew about the plan because it was secret.*  
1. none      2. some      3. any  
4. no one      5. neither  
A) 1, 5      B) 2, 5      C) 1, 2, 4  
D) 3, 4, 5      E) 1, 3
6. *I bought ten eggs. ... of them was bad.*  
1. Some      2. Neither      3. One  
4. None      5. Each  
A) 3, 4, 5      B) 1, 2, 3      C) 2, 4, 5  
D) 2, 3, 4      E) 1, 4, 5

7. *... problem was solved.*  
1. The whole      2. Neither      3. Each  
4. None      5. Both  
A) 3, 4, 5      B) 1, 2, 5      C) 2, 3, 4  
D) 1, 3, 5      E) 1, 2, 3
8. *... these flowers*  
1. neither      2. none      3. some  
4. all      5. each      6. both  
A) 3, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 4, 6  
D) 4, 5      E) 5, 6
9. *... like ice - cream.*  
A) Every children      B) Every child  
C) All of children      D) All children  
E) Everybody
10. *... of the students tries to be the first one at the examinations.*  
A) All      B) Each      C) Every  
D) Both      E) Most
11. *... of the students has ... own individual characters.*  
A) Each, his      B) Each, it's  
C) Every, her      D) All, their  
E) Both, them
12. *... of his relatives is a doctor.*  
1. Each      3. Neither      5. No  
2. Both      4. Every  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 5  
D) 3, 5      E) 1, 3
13. *He invited ... to his birthday party.*  
1. all of his friend      2. none of his friends  
3. each of us      4. no one of us  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 1, 2      D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4



TEST 9

Choose the correct pronoun(s).

14. *Tom has got two cars. ... is red.*  
 1. Both of them  
 2. Either of them  
 3. All of them  
 4. Neither of them  
 5. Every of them  
 A) 4, 5 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 5

15. *... the students was ready for the lesson.*  
 1. Each of 2. Every  
 3. Neither of 4. Some of  
 5. None  
 A) 1, 5 B) 2, 4 C) 2, 3  
 D) 1, 3 E) 4, 5

16. *The salesman offered me ... of the two ties, but I chose ...*  
 A) both, neither B) all, none  
 C) every, neither D) each, both  
 E) neither, every

17. *-Which of these two coats would you prefer? - ... of them. ... of them are badly made.*  
 A) No, Both B) Some, Any  
 C) No, Half D) Either, Nobody  
 E) Neither, Both

18. *... of the cars are cheap, ... of them is expensive.*  
 A) Every, neither B) Both, neither  
 C) Each, either D) All, every  
 E) Both, no

19. *... child was given a toy.*  
 1. Every 2. None 3. All  
 4. Both 5. Each  
 A) 1, 5 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4  
 D) 1, 3 E) 4, 5

20. *You have ... time to wait for him here ... longer.*  
 A) any, any B) no, any  
 C) either, no D) neither, no  
 E) some, any

1. *We went to the shop, but we bought ...*  
 A) nothing B) anything  
 C) every D) any  
 E) everybody

2. *We are very thirsty. But there is ... to drink.*  
 A) anything B) any  
 C) something D) nothing  
 E) no

3. *There were two boys in the room. ... were reading ...*  
 A) No, anything B) All, anything  
 C) Any, nothing D) Each, something  
 E) Both, something

4. *... is knocking at the door. Go and open it!*  
 A) Somebody B) Anybody C) Nobody  
 D) Anything E) Nothing

5. *I think it's such a difficult exercise that ... can do it.*  
 A) nothing B) no one  
 C) anything D) somebody  
 E) anyone

6. *... are going out tonight. Why don't you come with us?*  
 1. Some of us 2. Any of them  
 3. Other 4. None of us  
 5. All of us  
 A) 1, 4 B) 3, 4, 5 C) 2, 3  
 D) 1, 2, 3 E) 1, 5

7. *I want to make ... cakes, but there isn't ... flour left in the cupboard. Will you go and buy some?*  
 A) any, some B) some, any  
 C) a little, any D) little, few  
 E) some, some

## The Pronoun

8. *Is ... here, boys?*  
A) everybody      B) both      C) every  
D) no one      E) all
9. *... students think that Maths is difficult, ... don't think so. But ... of them think it is useful.*  
A) Any, any, some  
B) Some, some, most  
C) Some, anybody, all  
D) Many, somebody, some  
E) No, none, none
10. *You mustn't say ... to ... about ... secret.*  
A) something, somebody, these  
B) anything, anybody, this  
C) nothing, nobody, this  
D) everything, everyone, it  
E) anything, anybody, it
11. *... knows ... about yesterday's crime.*  
1. Nobody, nothing  
2. Nobody, anything  
3. Nobody, something  
4. Everybody, everything  
A) 3, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4      E) 1, 4
12. *Some orphan children sleep in parks because ... have ... place to go to at nights.*  
A) they, some      B) he, every  
C) they, any      D) they, no  
E) he, any
13. *Maria bought two magazines but she read ... of them.*  
A) any      B) neither      C) no  
D) every      E) either
14. *... child behaved as badly as ... on the plane!*  
1. No one else's, ours  
2. His, our  
3. Each others', theirs  
4. Their, my  
5. Her, mine  
A) 1, 5      B) 2, 4      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3, 4      E) 1, 3, 4
15. *I don't think, I like either of these two styles. They are ... old-fashioned, ... of them is modern.*  
A) neither, neither      B) both, neither  
C) neither, both      D) both, either  
E) each, every
16. *Wealth is ... without health.*  
A) nobody      B) something  
C) nothing      D) everything  
E) anything
17. *... knows his nickname.*  
1. All his friends      2. Everybody  
3. Nobody      4. His students  
5. Some people  
A) 1, 3      B) 1, 5      C) 4, 5  
D) 2, 3      E) 3, 4
18. *I have two sisters. ... of them ... in London.*  
1. Both, live  
2. Either, live  
3. Neither, lives  
4. No, lives  
A) 1, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4
19. *Little Zeynab spent ..... with her lovely brother.*  
1. her whole time  
2. the whole her time  
3. the all her time  
4. whole her time  
5. all of her time  
A) 1, 3      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 4  
D) 4, 5      E) 1, 5
20. *... of these shirts is dry yet.*  
A) Some      B) All      C) Every  
D) Neither      E) Both

TEST 10

Choose the correct pronoun(s).

1. *What . . . films have you seen lately?*  
A) others      B) another      C) the other  
D) other      E) the others
2. *What ... poems by Nizami do you know by heart?*  
A) the other      B) other      C) others  
D) the others      E) another
3. *The two sisters were quite different. One of them was blue-eyed, ... had dark-brown eyes and black hair.*  
A) the other      B) some      C) other  
D) another's      E) each other
4. *Five of the eight football teams were strong, but ... were weak.*  
A) other      B) others      C) another  
D) the other      E) the others
5. *Is there ... book by Dickens in your library?*  
A) others      B) another      C) the others  
D) some      E) other
6. *What . . . artists do you know?*  
A) another      B) others      C) other  
D) the other      E) the others
7. *There were three robbers in the bank. One was killed, ... were arrested.*  
A) the others      B) the other one  
C) another      D) the other's  
E) another's
8. *Jack has got some ... news of them.*  
1. more      2. other      3. others  
4. -      5. another  
A) 2, 3, 5      B) 1, 2, 3      C) 3, 4, 5  
D) 1, 2, 4      E) 1, 3, 5
9. *He is so selfish: he never thinks of ... .*  
1. other      2. others      3. another  
4. others men      5. other people  
A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 5      E) 2, 5
10. *I have three friends. Two of them live in Russia, ... lives in Azerbaijan.*  
1. another ones      2. the other one  
3. the other      4. the others  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 3      C) 3, 4      D) 1, 2      E) 2, 4
11. *What ... cities did you visit when you were in the United Kingdom?*  
A) other      B) others      C) another  
D) the others      E) some
12. *A half of an apple usually looks like its ... half.*  
A) others      B) another      C) the other  
D) other      E) the others
13. *The President visited Turkey, the USA, the UK, Germany, Spain, France, and ... countries.*  
A) another      B) others  
C) the others      D) other  
E) each other
14. *Do you have any ... books ... I could borrow?*  
A) other, that      B) another, which  
C) the other, that      D) others, who  
E) some, which

15. *No ... city is so popular with ... old buildings as Baku.*  
 A) another, her B) other, its  
 C) the other, its D) many, their  
 E) others, its
16. *Only two of them are here. I can't see ...*  
 A) other one B) other C) another  
 D) another ones E) the others
17. *Mr Green has two sons. One of ... lives in Kiev. His ... son lives in Bristol.*  
 A) them, other B) they, the other  
 C) them, the other D) their, another  
 E) theirs, others
18. *A thief is a someone who steals something from ... person.*  
 A) other B) the others  
 C) another D) others  
 E) another's
19. *Freddy, take these eleven exam papers, one is for yourself and give ... to ... in your class.*  
 A) others, one anothers  
 B) other, another  
 C) another one, the another  
 D) the others, the others  
 E) the others, anothers
20. *There are four kinds of birds in the picture. One is an eagle and another one is a crow, ... birds in the picture are chickens.*  
 A) others B) the other  
 C) the others D) anothers  
 E) one other

## TEST 11

(All the Pronouns 11-13)

Choose the correct pronoun(s).

1. *Yesterday Tom and Ann ... chose the ring for ...*  
 A) themselves, each other  
 B) itself, one another  
 C) herself, other  
 D) ourselves, each other's  
 E) yourselves, them
2. *The exam was so hard that hardly ... scored 600 points.*  
 A) all B) none C) anybody  
 D) most E) everybody
3. *Stop fighting! ... of ... will hurt ... if ... don't stop.*  
 A) Neither, you, yourselves, you  
 B) Both, you, yourselves, you  
 C) Both, you, yourself, you  
 D) Every, you, yourselves, you  
 E) All, them, themselves, them
4. *Help ... with some more coffee.*  
 A) yourself B) your C) myself  
 D) we E) my
5. *The policeman showed the way to the strangers.*  
 A) He, him B) He, they  
 C) She, them D) We, ours  
 E) He, them
6. *We choose this course to enlarge ... knowledge and pass the entrance exams.*  
 A) our B) his C) its  
 D) ours E) her
7. *She had ... money on her, so she couldn't buy anything to eat.*  
 1. hardly any 2. a little  
 3. almost no 4. none  
 A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3  
 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3

## The Pronoun

8. *It's ... business but ...*  
 A) everybody's, their      B) nobody's, mine  
 C) my, mine      D) ours, his  
 E) your, yourself
9. *... take off ... shoes before ... enter a mosque.*  
 A) All, theirs, they      B) We, our, we  
 C) You, your, yours      D) He, his, he  
 E) Everybody. his, he
10. *People congratulate ... on holidays.*  
 A) yourselves      B) each others  
 C) one another      D) one anothers  
 E) they
11. *She bought ... coat. Both of them were expensive and of smaller sizes.*  
 A) either      B) each      C) every  
 D) neither      E) none
12. *... quarrelled last week and haven't spoken to ... since then.*  
 A) They, each other  
 B) We, their  
 C) Her, one another  
 D) They, one another's  
 E) We, each other's
13. *In our class ... students like football, ... prefer hockey, but ... likes volleyball.*  
 A) Any, some everyone  
 B) No one, somebody, the others  
 C) Some, another, anybody  
 D) Some, the others, nobody  
 E) - ,other, everybody
14. *This is ... room and ... must keep ... clean.*  
 A) our, our, it      B) her, her, them  
 C) your, you, it      D) hers, her, it  
 E) your, your, your
15. *David's aunt looked after ... in ... childhood.*  
 A) he, his      B) her, hers  
 C) his, him      D) him, his  
 E) her, his
16. *We need ... more paint, there is ... left.*  
 1. some, none      2. no, some  
 3. some, no      4. much, enough  
 A) 2, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 2, 3  
 D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2
17. *I want to know ... about ...*  
 A) something, they  
 B) everything, them  
 C) nothing, their  
 D) anything, your  
 E) every, his
18. *The soldiers defended ... courageously during the attack of the enemy.*  
 A) himself      B) herself      C) ourselves  
 D) themselves      E) yourselves
19. *Mary and John speak highly of ...*  
 1. himself  
 2. themselves  
 3. their  
 4. one another's  
 5. each other  
 A) 2, 3, 4      B) 1, 5      C) 2, 5  
 D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2, 4
20. *There are ... any students in the hall.*  
 1. not      2. hardly      3. nothing  
 4. none      5. another      6. nobody  
 A) 1, 2      B) 3, 5      C) 4, 5      D) 2, 3      E) 3, 6

TEST 12

Choose the correct pronoun(s).

1. - ... broke the glass of the window?  
- We don't know. Perhaps the wind broke it.  
A) When                      B) Which                      C) Who  
D) Whom                      E) Whose
2. ... stories aren't very interesting, don't read ... .  
A) They, them                      B) Those, they  
C) These, them                      D) That, it  
E) This, this
3. Sara and ... enjoyed ... at the party last night.  
A) I, myself                      B) him, himself  
C) he, himself                      D) she, theirs  
E) I, ourselves
4. Mr. and Mrs. Browns looked after Joanna's son last year.  
A) They, him                      B) He, she                      C) They, their  
D) Them, her                      E) She, he
5. I have seen the man ... car was stolen last week.  
A) who                      B) that                      C) whom  
D) where                      E) whose
6. Mrs. Fraud told us that ... had to do ... homework ... .  
A) I, mine, myself                      B) she, her, herself  
C) we, our, ourself                      D) we, our, ourselves  
E) he, him, himself
7. ... was Ann ... whom I saw with Paul near the reception.  
A) She, himself                      B) She, her  
C) It, herself                      D) She, herself  
E) She, herself
8. I have asked ... two boys about the lost purse, but ... knows where it is.  
A) both, either of they  
B) that, either of them  
C) these, neither of they  
D) those, neither of them  
E) both, either of that
9. ... got a bad mark, because ... of the students was ready.  
A) Everybody, anybody                      B) No one, some  
C) Nobody, every                      D) Neither of us, all  
E) No one, each
10. ... very difficult to live in a foreign country if you don't know ... language.  
A) It has, this                      B) It is, it's  
C) There is, it                      D) It's, its  
E) Its, it is
11. My sister is taller than ... .  
A) me                      B) he                      C) I  
D) my                      E) myself
12. ... in our group likes sport very much.  
A) Every pupils                      B) Everyone  
C) All pupils                      D) We  
E) Each of the pupil
13. ... of the king's sons always agree with ... .  
A) Both, each other  
B) All, each other's  
C) Neither, one another  
D) Each, one another's  
E) Every, each other

14. *If you haven't got ... to give to the poor, you can give them ... useful advice.*  
 A) anything, many B) something, many  
 C) anything, some D) everything, a lot  
 E) anything, a few

15. *We had never met before so we introduced ... to ...*  
 A) himself, her  
 B) ourselves, each other  
 C) myself, them  
 D) yourselves, ourselves  
 E) themselves, one another

16. *Mathematical exercises develop people's brain logically.*  
 A) It, theirs B) It, their  
 C) Them, our D) They, their  
 E) They, theirs

17. *Parents must grow up children healthily.*  
 A) She, her B) They, him  
 C) They, they D) We, they  
 E) They, them

18. *The English never eat much in the evening.*  
 A) She B) He C) They  
 D) We E) You

19. *The police helped to save the women's lives.*  
 A) He, her B) They, their  
 C) They, theirs D) They, her  
 E) We, her

20. *10 o'clock is too late for the little ones.*  
 A) It, theirs B) It, them C) He, us  
 D) She, they E) It, they

## TEST 13

Choose the correct pronoun(s).

1. *Ganja has got 2 television networks. ... show different programs.*  
 A) It B) They C) Them  
 D) We E) I

2. *... part of France are you from?*  
 1. Which 2. Whose 3. What 4. Who  
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4  
 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 4

3. *... parents are always angry with me because ... never do ... useful.*  
 A) Our, we, something  
 B) His, he, anything  
 C) My, I, anything  
 D) Her, I, everything  
 E) My, I, nothing

4. *... planet is like a plane travelling round the Sun and we are like the passengers on ...*  
 A) Ours, it B) Our, it C) Our, its  
 D) Ours, its E) Our, it's

5. *The Armenians are very aggressive. We don't like ..., ... have never been honest to ...*  
 A) him, we, them B) they, them, their  
 C) they, they, us D) them, their, us  
 E) them, they, us

6. *Mother: Susan, Martin cannot find ... pen, have you seen ... anywhere?*  
*Susan: Is this red one ... ?*  
 A) his, it, him B) her, it, hers  
 C) him, its, his D) his, it, his  
 E) himself, it, him



## The Pronoun

7. *In ... section over there you can find ... books by English writers, you may take ... of them.*  
 A) that, some, any      B) this, all, each  
 C) those, some, any      D) this, some, some  
 E) this, no, any
8. *... didn't have an umbrella, so ... gave ...*  
 A) You, you, it, me  
 B) I, she, me, her  
 C) She, I, him, my  
 D) They, he, it, his  
 E) He, she, him, hers
9. *The journalist: President Haydar Aliyev told ... some interesting facts about ... life and job.*  
 A) them, him      B) me, hers      C) us, his  
 D) mine, his      E) theirs, my
10. *Diana sent postcards to ... friends.*  
 A) her      B) his      C) hers  
 D) she      E) she's
11. *People say: ... love will save ... world.*  
 A) Your, yours      B) Our, our  
 C) Ours, our      D) My, mine  
 E) Their, theirs
12. *... said anything, there was complete silence in the room.*  
 A) Everybody      B) All men  
 C) Some women      D) No one  
 E) Somebody
13. *If you want to learn any subject well, you must do your homework ...*  
 A) himself      B) ourselves  
 C) yourselves      D) themselves  
 E) you
14. *-Have you got ... money with you?*  
*-No, I have ... money.*  
 A) any, some      B) some, no      C) any, no  
 D) any, any      E) many, none
15. *This is ...pen. Where is ...?*  
 1. my, your      2. your, my  
 3. ours, yours      4. my, yours  
 5. his, mine  
 A) 2, 4      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 5  
 D) 3, 4      E) 4, 5
16. *... boy in our street likes chasing dogs.*  
 A) Every of      B) Each one of      C) Every  
 D) These      E) All
17. *When I read a newspaper, I read ... articles ... seem interesting to me.*  
 A) these, who      B) those, which  
 C) that, what      D) this, which  
 E) those, what
18. *... is my grandfather's son. It means he's ... father and I am ... son.*  
 A) She, he, my      B) She, his, her  
 C) He, my, her      D) She, my, his  
 E) He, my, his
19. *... has told anything to Mrs. Smith about ... problem.*  
 A) Everybody, our      B) Neither, hers  
 C) Nobody, this      D) None, him  
 E) He, his
20. *Sarah had learnt ... about ... theme but ... got a bad mark.*  
 A) everything, this, she      B) nothing, this, she  
 C) all, these, her      D) each, her, her  
 E) hers, that, hers

TEST 1

1. *Pat's handwriting is ... than Tom's.*  
A) the better      B) a better      C) best  
D) better      E) more better
  
2. *I haven't seen Yusif for ... that I've forgotten what he looks like.*  
1. such long      2. such a long time  
3. so long      4. so a long time  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 3      E) 3, 4
  
3. *Hans is ... skater among the competitors.*  
A) better      B) the best      C) good  
D) best      E) worse
  
4. *I have been to many countries ...*  
A) lately      B) ever      C) sometimes  
D) never      E) yet
  
5. *- It was ... film, wasn't it?*  
*- Yes, it was ... funny.*  
A) a boring, very  
B) a horrible, too  
C) an interesting, so  
D) a dull, too  
E) a nice, not so
  
6. *She worked really ... and passed her exam.*  
A) too good      B) hardly      C) badly  
D) hard      E) enough well
  
7. *Jaclyn has answered the questions ... than you did.*  
A) good      B) well      C) worse  
D) worst      E) most

8. *This knife isn't very sharp. Have you got ... one?*  
A) much more sharp      B) sharpest  
C) more sharper      D) sharper  
E) a sharper
  
9. *- Afag's ... pupil, isn't she?*  
*- Yes, she's also ... capable.*  
A) a lazy, too  
B) a diligent, very  
C) a careful, such  
D) an idle, quite  
E) a naughty, quiet
  
10. *It was getting ... and it was ... cold.*  
A) dark, terribly  
B) darkly, terribly  
C) dark, terrible  
D) darker, terrible  
E) darkest, terribly
  
11. *Alexander looked ... because he had found the password ...*  
A) more happily, easily  
B) happier, too easilier  
C) very happier, easily  
D) happily, easily  
E) happy, much more easily
  
12. *Josefina speaks the Arabic language very ... , she can be a ... interpreter.*  
A) well, good      B) better, good  
C) fluent, better      D) good, well  
E) best, good
  
13. *Alan, walk ... , your ... walk makes me get angry.*  
A) quickly, quickly      B) quickly, slow  
C) quickly, slowly      D) slow, quickly  
E) a little slowly, quick

TEST 2

14. *My car is going . . . .*  
A) slow      B) bad      C) slowly  
D) good      E) very
15. *Everybody admired Mary's beauty. She was ... and ... even in all of her photos.*  
A) selfish, violent  
B) greedy, awful  
C) boastful, dreadful  
D) ugly, beautiful  
E) lovely, amazing
16. *He plays the piano . . . than his father.*  
A) bad      B) good      C) badly  
D) better      E) well
17. *He is a . . . driver. He drives his car . . . .*  
A) careful, carefully      B) carefully, carefully  
C) careful, careful      D) carefully, careful  
E) careful, careless
18. *Ramil is . . . driver in our town.*  
A) the most dangerous  
B) more dangerous than  
C) more dangerous  
D) as dangerous as  
E) dangerously
19. *She ran . . . to the telephone.*  
A) very quick      B) hopefully  
C) surprised      D) difficult  
E) angry
20. *They arrived home . . . they expected.*  
A) earlier than      B) latest  
C) later then      D) the earliest  
E) faster that

1. *That was . . . horse race I've ever seen.*  
A) faster than      B) faster  
C) the fastest      D) as fast as  
E) the most fastest
2. *The film on TV was ... than the film on the cinema.*  
A) the most interesting      B) interesting  
C) so interesting      D) much interesting  
E) more interesting
3. *There is nothing in the bag. It is ... .*  
1. empty      2. full of books  
3. too light      4. so heavy  
5. hard to lift  
A) 1, 3      B) 2, 5      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 5      E) 2, 4
4. *My room is . . . one in our flat.*  
A) the comfortablest      B) more comfortable  
C) the most comfortable      D) most comfortable  
E) comfortabler
5. *For . . . experienced teachers it is ... to teach lessons.*  
1. more, easier  
2. the most, harder  
3. less, more difficult  
4. the least, simpler  
A) 3, 4      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2
6. *Vahida is . . . Leyla.*  
A) a lot pretty than  
B) a lot prettier that  
C) much more pretty that  
D) much prettier than  
E) much prettiest than

## The Adjective - The Adverb

7. *If you work . . . , you will be successful.*  
 A) hard                      B) hardly      C) the hardly  
 D) more harder      E) the hardest
8. *My friend's car is . . . of all.*  
 A) fastest                      B) the most fastest  
 C) the fast                      D) the fastest  
 E) the faster
9. *Is her . . . than mine?*  
 A) hair shorter                      B) hair more short  
 C) hair the shortest                      D) more short hair  
 E) hair as short as
10. *Now there are ... employees in our city than before.*  
 A) many                      B) most                      C) the most  
 D) many more                      E) much
11. *I can't break it. It's . . . iron.*  
 A) as hard as                      B) so hard as  
 C) as hard than                      D) so hard than  
 E) as harder as
12. *My bicycle is much ... yours, but Jalal's is ... of all.*  
 A) good, better  
 B) better than, the best  
 C) as better as, good  
 D) not so good as, the best  
 E) the best, better than
13. *Hyde Park, ... park in London, is a lovely place of Londoners.*  
 A) the larger                      B) the largest  
 C) the more large                      D) the most large  
 E) as large as
14. *It is so . . . here that you can't go out without a coat or a cap. It's . . . that of Azerbaijan.*  
 A) cold, colder than  
 B) more cold, the coldest  
 C) warm, hotter than  
 D) hotter, colder  
 E) cold, the most coldest
15. *"Sheykh Sefi" is ... carpet in the world and no other carpet is ... this one.*  
 A) the biggest, as big as  
 B) the most beautiful, smaller  
 C) the smallest, bigger than  
 D) beautiful, as beautifully as  
 E) the most bigger, the biggest
16. *It was ... yesterday.*  
 A) terrible cold                      B) terribly badly  
 C) terribly cold                      D) cold terribly  
 E) terrible badly
17. *My sister is ... than your sister.*  
 A) the smallest                      B) smallest                      C) small  
 D) smaller                      E) the small
18. *Camels can run ... horses.*  
 A) so quickly as  
 B) as much quickly than  
 C) a little quickly than  
 D) as quickly as  
 E) the most quickly
19. *My ... brother is a pilot. He is three years ... than me.*  
 A) older, elder                      B) the eldest, older  
 C) elder, older                      D) older, older  
 E) younger, more young
20. *Where is the ... place in the world?*  
 A) hottest                      B) hot                      C) cold  
 D) colder                      E) good

TEST 3

1. *Ali is ... than me. He is the ... in the class.*  
 A) as tall, - B) tallest, taller  
 C) tall, tallest D) tallest, tall  
 E) taller, tallest

2. *She is ... her mother.*  
 A) the prettiest B) as pretty as  
 C) prettier D) more prettier  
 E) pretty

3. *I understand him ... He speaks ... English.*  
 A) easily, perfect B) easy, perfect  
 C) easy, perfectly D) perfectly, easily  
 E) -, perfectly

4. *... and ... pupils can't be successful at all.*  
 A) Lazy, irresponsible  
 B) Hard-working, rude  
 C) Polite, diligent  
 D) Noble, bored  
 E) Brave, gloomy

5. *A desert is a ... and ... area.*  
 1. dry, hot  
 2. rich, fruitful  
 3. rainy, humid  
 4. sandy, barren  
 A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3  
 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3

6. *It is good to be ... to ... people.*  
 1. helpful, helpless  
 2. cruel, gentle  
 3. patient, angry  
 4. thankful, helpful  
 A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3, 4  
 D) 2, 3, 4 E) 1, 2, 4

7. *I am ... that mother has recovered from her illness.*

1. glad 2. gloomy  
 3. happy 4. sad  
 A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3  
 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

8. *It is ... to get a good name but it is ... to keep it.*  
 A) bad, worse B) good, bad  
 C) easy, hard D) worse, bad  
 E) better, worse

9. *You needn't go to the doctor; you look ...*  
 1. ill  
 2. healthy  
 3. strong  
 4. terrible  
 A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 2, 3  
 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

10. *Rafiq always drives his car ... than Akif.*  
 A) more slowly B) the most slowly  
 C) more slower D) slower  
 E) the slowliest

11. *He never thought he was able to walk ... far.*  
 A) most B) such C) enough  
 D) so E) more

12. *You can get to ... station in 15 minutes.*  
 A) the nearest B) nearer C) most nearest  
 D) nearly E) more near

13. *This question is ... difficult for me.*  
 1. most  
 2. too  
 3. enough  
 4. more  
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2

TEST 5

14. *Today is ... rainy ... it was yesterday.*  
A) as, as      B) - , than      C) good, -  
D) best, than      E) so, so
15. *Yesterday it was ... to go for a swim.*  
A) enough hot      B) enough warm  
C) frosty enough      D) warm enough  
E) enough sunny
16. *The soup tasted ..., so no one wanted to eat it.*  
A) delicious      B) tasty      C) horrible  
D) beautifully      E) strangely
17. *A boy of sixteen is often ... his father.*  
A) more taller than      B) shorter  
C) as tall as      D) the tallest  
E) the shortest
18. *That was ... film I had ever watched.*  
A) worse      B) more bad than  
C) as bad as      D) the baddest  
E) the worst
19. *It didn't take me ... I expected.*  
A) so long than      B) as long as  
C) longer      D) shorter  
E) the longest
20. Choose the line of adjectives.  
A) safety, foreign, religious, nice  
B) long, view, dusty, province  
C) solidarity, lovely, glorious, thankful  
D) American, reference, selfish, usual  
E) dreary, exciting, marvellous, attractive

1. *Riding a horse is ... riding a motorcycle.*  
A) as easy than      B) as more easy  
C) so easier as      D) not so easiest as  
E) not so easy as
2. *He likes swimming ... of all.*  
A) the best      B) well      C) most  
D) better than      E) better
3. *Baku changes so ... that it is ... to recognize some of its districts.*  
A) quick, hard      B) quickly, hard  
C) quickly, hardly      D) quick, hardly  
E) quicker, hard
4. *Narmin learns languages ...*  
A) incredible quickly      B) reasonable slow  
C) reasonably quick      D) terribly good  
E) incredibly quickly
5. *We arrived in Baku ... him.*  
A) the latest      B) lately than  
C) so lately as      D) more later  
E) later than
6. *Our holiday was too ... . The time passed a little ...*  
A) shorter, quickly      B) short, more quickly  
C) short, quickly      D) short, quicker  
E) shorter, quicker
7. *That was the ... holiday I've ever spent.*  
A) better      B) baddest      C) goodest  
D) worst      E) worse

## The Adjective - The Adverb

8. *Those oranges look ... . Can I have one?*

- |             |            |         |
|-------------|------------|---------|
| 1. eatable  | 2. naughty |         |
| 3. handsome | 4. fresh   |         |
| A) 2, 4     | B) 2, 3    | C) 1, 3 |
| D) 1, 4     | E) 1, 2    |         |

9. *I buy bread at ... shop.*

- |         |                |            |
|---------|----------------|------------|
| A) near | B) nearer      | C) nearest |
| D) next | E) the nearest |            |

10. *I was very ... with myself for making such a ... mistake.*

- |                      |                        |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| 1. pleased, terrible | 2. angry, foolish      |
| 3. furious, stupid   | 4. delighted, dreadful |
| A) 2, 3              | B) 1, 4                |
| D) 2, 4              | E) 1, 2                |
|                      | C) 1, 3                |

11. *It was a ... hotel in a ... location so we decided to stay three more days.*

- |                         |         |
|-------------------------|---------|
| 1. dirty, ideal         |         |
| 2. neat, convenient     |         |
| 3. cheap, uncomfortable |         |
| 4. charming, suitable   |         |
| A) 1, 4                 | B) 2, 3 |
| D) 2, 4                 | E) 1, 2 |
|                         | C) 1, 3 |

12. *Tom, don't be ..., I have got ... news for you.*

- |                 |                |
|-----------------|----------------|
| A) glad, lucky  | B) happy, good |
| C) merry, nice  | D) sad, good   |
| E) unhappy, bad |                |

13. *I am not going to eat this beef, it is so ... .*

- |              |         |
|--------------|---------|
| 1. tasty     |         |
| 2. salty     |         |
| 3. uncooked  |         |
| 4. delicious |         |
| A) 1, 3      | B) 2, 4 |
| D) 1, 2      | E) 3, 4 |
|              | C) 2, 3 |

14. *The rain was as ... as it could be.*

- |                 |            |
|-----------------|------------|
| A) the heaviest | B) heavier |
| C) more heavy   | D) heavy   |
| E) most heavy   |            |

15. *Joe always drove ... than his father.*

- |           |            |             |
|-----------|------------|-------------|
| A) fast   | B) faster  | C) fastlier |
| D) fastly | E) fastest |             |

16. *This is ... movie than we saw the day before yesterday.*

- |                              |
|------------------------------|
| A) a much more interesting   |
| B) the much more interesting |
| C) much more interesting     |
| D) a much interesting        |
| E) more interesting          |

17. *Sarah's sister is ... than she looks.*

- |                |                 |
|----------------|-----------------|
| A) a younger   | B) the youngest |
| C) young       | D) younger      |
| E) the younger |                 |

18. *Physics is ... course Judy has taken this year.*

- |                          |                     |
|--------------------------|---------------------|
| A) a difficult           | B) the difficultest |
| C) the most difficult    | D) difficulter      |
| E) the most difficultest |                     |

19. *How many variants are correct?*

- |             |             |
|-------------|-------------|
| ... weather |             |
| 1. awful    | 2. elder    |
| 4. lovely   | 5. terrible |
| A) 5        | B) 4        |
| D) 2        | E) 1        |
|             | C) 3        |

20. *Faith helps a patient to recover much ... .*

- |             |                |                |
|-------------|----------------|----------------|
| A) faster   | B) more faster | C) the fastest |
| D) fastlier | E) fastly      |                |



TEST 5

1. *Julie is as . . . as her brother.*  
A) tallest B) tall C) taller  
D) a tall E) the tallest

2. *Clara's brother is . . . than my brother.*  
A) a older B) the oldest C) old  
D) older E) the older

3. *I couldn't believe the news. It was quite ...*  
1. incredible 2. reasonable  
3. possible 4. unbelievable  
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2

4. *The giraffe is . . . animal in the world.*  
A) tall B) the tallest C) the most tall  
D) a tall E) the taller

5. *I think they pay ... attention to their lessons than usual.*  
A) little B) few C) less  
D) fewer E) a little

6. *The young girl said: Mother, Mike is big ... to make his bed.*  
A) quite B) rather C) enough  
D) too E) very

7. *I recommend you to take the train, it is ... and ...*  
A) economical, unsafe  
B) expensive, dangerous  
C) cheap, safe  
D) reliable, risky  
E) uncomfortable, inexpensive

8. *Henry studies . . . than the other students.*  
A) more hard B) hard  
C) harder D) hardly  
E) more hardlier

9. *Oxford is one of ... universities in Europe.*  
A) the eldest B) the oldest  
C) elder D) older  
E) the most oldest

10. *If you get any ... information, please send it to me.*  
A) farther B) further  
C) farthest D) furthest  
E) the farthest

11. *Mr. Smith, she can translate from Japanese ... than Chinese.*  
A) most easily B) easily  
C) easilier D) more easily  
E) more easilier

12. *He is ... enough to lift a car.*  
1. strong 2. weak  
3. powerful 4. hospitable  
A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3  
D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

13. *The room hasn't been cleaned for a long time. It is so ...*  
1. dirty 2. tidy  
3. clean 4. untidy  
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2

14. *The given exercise is much ... than the exercise we did yesterday.*  
A) difficulter B) most difficult  
C) more difficult D) the difficultest  
E) difficult

TEST 6

15. *No one is able to mend this tape-recorder ... than he is.*

- A) the best B) better C) good  
D) well E) the better

16. *Alim should change this coat, I think it's too ... for him.*

- A) the biggest B) big C) bigger  
D) more bigger E) biggest

17. *Maria's English is ...*

1. quite good  
2. enough fluent  
3. too badly  
4. very perfect  
5. so well  
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 5 E) 2, 5

18. *I was ... so I had to apologize.*

1. wrong 2. right  
3. successful 4. guilty  
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4  
D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3

19. *You have gone too ... !*

- A) far B) farther C) the further  
D) the furthest E) farthest

20. *Charles isn't ... , though he has got a lot of problems.*

1. disappointed 2. joyous  
3. cheerful 4. upset  
5. happy  
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 5  
D) 2, 5 E) 1, 4

1. *... discussion of this problem would be ...*

- A) Farther, useless  
B) The furthest, more useless  
C) Further, useless  
D) The farthest, more useless  
E) Far, the most useless

2. *The TV program we all watched together last night wasn't ...*

- A) interesting enough B) as well  
C) so badly D) well enough  
E) as good

3. *Will you play a little ... , please?*

- A) the slowliest B) slowly  
C) the most slowly D) more slowly  
E) slower

4. *Mr. Brown is ... person I have ever met.*

- A) strange B) strangest  
C) the most strange D) the most strangest  
E) the strangest

5. *Sherlock Holmes was ... detective in the world.*

- A) a better B) the eldest  
C) the much better D) the best  
E) the most

6. *George is ... as he looks.*

- A) not so clever B) the cleverest  
C) more clever D) as cleverer  
E) no so clever

7. *Don't behave ... , please. Each of your ... actions hurts me seriously.*

- A) rudely / a rude B) rude / rudely  
C) rudely / rude D) rude / rude  
E) rudely / the rude

## The Adjective - The Adverb

8. *Charles won't become . . . enough because he is . . . man on his diet than the others.*  
 A) fat, a much more careful  
 B) fatter, a more careful  
 C) fatly, a more careful  
 D) fat, a much careful  
 E) fattest, the most careful
9. *This book is so exciting that I can hardly wait to get to the . . . chapter.*  
 A) latest      B) newest      C) last  
 D) previous    E) recent
10. *That boy was . . . one , . . . than we expected.*  
 A) different, much more different  
 B) different, much different  
 C) a different, much more different  
 D) a different, much different  
 E) more different, much more different
11. Which line of the words doesn't describe a person's appearance?  
 A) ugly, lovely, courageous  
 B) short, stout, fat  
 C) strong, handsome, calm  
 D) silly, rude, pretty  
 E) kind-hearted, diligent, serious
12. *Alan: How are you today, Jack?*  
*Jack: I am very... . Thank you.*  
 A) better      B) well      C) good  
 D) best      E) worse
13. *My friends are ... at mathematics but I am very ... at English.*  
 A) good, good      B) well, good  
 C) good, well      D) well, well  
 E) bad, well
14. A) taste, dangerous, pool, long  
 B) quiet, agenda, strongly, kindness  
 C) well-educated, perfume, wrong, love  
 D) high, hungry, yellow, windy  
 E) religious, employer, interesting, weekly
15. Doctor: Sofia's illness is ... you think, Mr. Smith.  
 A) much serious than  
 B) the most serious than  
 C) much more serious than  
 D) more serious that  
 E) very serious than
16. *Quran-i Karim is the ... and ... book in the world.*  
 A) last, the holiest  
 B) last, more holy  
 C) last, holiest  
 D) best, holy  
 E) newest, much more holy
17. A) quick, interesting, pretty, fast  
 B) active, beautiful, amazing, kindly  
 C) hard, well, nicely, democratic  
 D) expensive, jobless, irregular, hardly  
 E) real, wise, silly, sweetness
18. *The room got ... when the professor entered.*  
*The students sat ...at their desks.*  
 A) quiet, quietly      B) quite, quietly  
 C) quiet, quite      D) quietly, quietly  
 E) quietly, quietly
19. *I think English is ... than French. Most people learn it ... .*  
 A) easier, easily  
 B) more easy, more easily  
 C) more easy, easily  
 D) more easily, easily  
 E) easilier, easilier
20. *Sarah always listens to everybody rather ... .*  
 A) more attentively  
 B) attentively  
 C) most attentively  
 D) much more attentively  
 E) the most attentively

TEST 1

Choose the correct preposition(s).

1. *Where do they come ...?*  
A) from      B) of      C) in  
D) on      E) under
2. *She was born ... September.*  
A) at      B) in      C) on      D) of      E) with
3. *My friend and you go to school ... the bus.*  
A) at      B) of      C) out  
D) over      E) on
4. *Sally will come ... 4 o'clock ... this afternoon.*  
A) at, -      B) at, in      C) at, at  
D) -, -      E) on, at
5. *Poor people simply will depend ... their children to be taken care ... when they are old.*  
A) on, on      B) from, with  
C) at, of      D) on, of  
E) with, at
6. *It's cold today. Don't go out ... a coat.*  
A) with      B) by      C) at  
D) without      E) in
7. *They were very happy when they ... their camp.*  
A) arrived from      B) arrived  
C) arrived in      D) arrived to  
E) arrived at

8. *When you arrive ... Italy he'll meet ... you ... the airport.*  
A) at, - , in      B) in, - , at  
C) to, - , with      D) by, to, out of  
E) in, with, on
9. *The little boy told them that his mother kept her purse ... the drawer ... the kitchen.*  
A) on, at      B) at, in      C) in, in  
D) under, in      E) above, in
10. *When he entered ... the room he understood that he had been ... there before.*  
A) -, -      B) to, at      C) -, in  
D) from, to      E) to, in
11. *When I entered ... the hall, my mother was sitting ... the table, but Aunt Emily was standing ... the middle of the hall.*  
A) into, at, in      B) -, near, at  
C) -, at, in      D) in, behind, at  
E) to, at, on
12. *I am waiting ... you now.*  
A) to      B) for      C) at      D) over      E) off
13. *When did they ... the hotel?*  
1. arrive to      2. arrive at      3. arrive in  
4. get to      5. get at  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 5      C) 2, 5  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 4
14. *I haven't seen him ... a few days. I last saw him ... Tuesday*  
A) -, on      B) in, in      C) into, at  
D) during, since      E) for, on

## The Preposition

### TEST 2

15. *There are many trees ... the river.*

- A) over      B) during      C) along  
D) like      E) under

16. *-What are you looking ... ? -My bag.*

- A) for      B) into      C) among  
D) about      E) of

17. *I like coffee .... sugar.*

- A) in      B) without      C) for  
D) on      E) against

18. *She was born ... the 3rd of April ... Baku.*

- A) in, on      B) for, by      C) on, in  
D) by, from      E) from, by

19. *He will share his money ... his son and his daughter.*

- A) to      B) in      C) on  
D) around      E) between

20. *Musab took the toy ... the shelf and put it ... the bag.*

- A) from, into      B) to, to  
C) out, in      D) from, to  
E) into, from

1. *The man ... glasses is looking ... me.*

- A) for, on      B) with, at      C) in, off  
D) against, of      E) in, among

2. *We sometimes listen ... the radio or watch ... TV.*

- A) of, on      B) on, to      C) to, on  
D) to, -      E) - , to

3. *She looks ... her mother.*

- A) in      B) about      C) of  
D) from      E) like

4. *Our parents returned ... Oxford ... April 1st.*

- A) from, on      B) to, at      C) back, in  
D) back, at      E) from, in

5. *... the evenings ... supper the Browns usually sit ... their living – room and watch ... TV.*

- A) In, before, in, on      B) At, before, at, on  
C) On, after, in, on      D) On, after, in, on  
E) In, after, in, -

6. *If you don't want to look ... my baby, please, look ... another job.*

- A) after, for      B) like, -  
C) through, forward      D) after, like  
E) for, at

## The Preposition

7. *Our father was looking ... his pen ... the morning.*  
 A) near, off      B) for, in      C) at, for  
 D) on, to      E) of, in
8. *We are interested ... chess but we aren't very good ... it.*  
 A) with, on      B) on, at      C) in, at  
 D) at, at      E) with, in
9. *The museum will be open ... half past seven ... five o'clock.*  
 A) from, till      B) at, of      C) of, until  
 D) to, past      E) till, at
10. *My flat is ... the third floor of the building.*  
 A) by      B) at      C) in      D) on      E) to
11. *Ali will arrive ... 6 o'clock ... Monday. He has been away ... last week.*  
 A) at, on, from      B) at, in, since  
 C) at, on, -      D) at, on, since  
 E) by, on, from
12. *The deer disappeared ... the trees.*  
 A) between      B) in front of  
 C) across      D) along  
 E) among
13. *When they arrived ... the party, it was ... 8 o'clock.*  
 A) in, -      B) at, at      C) at, -  
 D) - / -      E) - , at
14. *You can't rely ... him to do the job properly.*  
 A) to      B) with      C) in  
 D) on      E) at
15. *Sona whispered something ... Ali and he looked ... his shoes.*  
 A) at, to      B) to, at      C) for, on  
 D) on, at      E) - , at
16. *See you ... Monday.*  
 A) in      B) into      C) under  
 D) on      E) to
17. *You will find the poem ... page 16.*  
 A) of      B) on      C) to  
 D) with      E) over
18. *I shall call you ... seven o'clock.*  
 A) of      B) on      C) to  
 D) over      E) at
19. *We arrived ... the morning and our relatives met us ... the airport.*  
 A) in, out      B) in, at      C) to, by  
 D) into, -      E) at, for
20. *There's a letter ... you ... the table.*  
 A) in, on      B) of, in      C) from, onto  
 D) for, on      E) to, under

TEST 3

1. *I'll tell you a little ... myself, and you can do the same when you write ... me.*  
A) about, to                      B) in, about  
C) after, with                      D) into, about  
E) of, toward
2. *... the moment I'm working very hard, because ... the end of July I'll have an exam.*  
A) In, by                      B) On, to                      C) At, at  
D) To, in                      E) In, in
3. *They arrived ... 3 o'clock ... the afternoon.*  
A) in, of                      B) for, on                      C) on, at  
D) at, for                      E) at, in
4. *I listened ... the news ... the radio.*  
A) on, in                      B) to, for                      C) for, at  
D) to, on                      E) at, on
5. *Their bathroom is downstairs ... the kitchen, but the parlour is ... the bedroom.*  
A) at, on                      B) over, beyond  
C) next to, opposite                      D) at, in  
E) by, onto
6. *She always stays ... bed ... 11 a.m.*  
A) at, to                      B) in, until                      C) on, from  
D) at, for                      E) in, for
7. *Do you want me to wait ... you?*  
A) after                      B) off                      C) to  
D) for                      E) do

8. *When they were ... holiday, they saw many places ... interest ... Spain.*  
A) in, in, at                      B) at, of, in  
C) for, to, in                      D) on, for, on  
E) on, of, in
9. *Kenya spends a quarter ... its income every year ... oil imports.*  
A) on, for                      B) of, on  
C) about, through                      D) in, over  
E) with, some
10. *... Monday they will go ... Moscow.*  
A) On, to                      B) In, for                      C) At, in  
D) For, from                      E) On, by
11. *"Khamse" was written ... Nizami Ganjavi ... the XII century.*  
A) at, on                      B) over, in                      C) before, to  
D) of, for                      E) by, in
12. *Although he is one ... the most diligent pupils ... school he is always late ... the lessons.*  
A) off, in, to                      B) of, at, for  
C) at, with, of                      D) about, at, at  
E) of, at, in
13. *As Vugar lives far from Araz courses, he always goes ... home ... bus.*  
A) - , -                      B) to, by                      C) - , by  
D) - , in                      E) to, on



14. *Some of his friends go ... mosque ... Fridays.*  
 A) to , in      B) to, on      C) at, on  
 D) – , –      E) in, in

15. *Where do you come ... ? I am an Azerbaijani.*  
 A) to    B) in    C) on    D) at    E) from

16. *Their family lives ... a large house ... a garden ... it.*  
 A) in, to, on      B) in, with, in front of  
 C) on, from, at    D) at, on, in  
 E) on, at, in

17. *She was always quite ... the idea of marriage, the only thing she thought ... was getting higher education.*  
 A) for, upon      B) against, of  
 C) around, at      D) onto, along  
 E) after, to

18. *They know a lot ... antiques, let's ask them.*  
 A) for      B) behind    C) down  
 D) from      E) about

19. *Murvat bent ... the balcony for a better look, some men were quarrelling ... the corner of the street.*  
 A) against, by      B) since, in  
 C) below, into      D) over, at  
 E) in front of, about

20. *The development of economy in Armenia mostly depends ... Russia and Iran.*  
 A) about    B) on    C) in  
 D) at    E) out of

1. *Although Shabnam and Kamala arrived ... the library ... 6 pm, it had already been closed.*  
 A) at, by      B) on, since    C) down, to  
 D) in, in      E) for, at

2. *I sent the letter ... my friend ... e-mail.*  
 A) at, with      B) into, to  
 C) in, by means of    D) to, by  
 E) on, over

3. *If you don't prepare intensively ... entrance exams, you won't be able to enter the University.*  
 A) in      B) against    C) beside  
 D) for      E) below

4. *I decided to go ... the airport ... bus not ... my car.*  
 A) to, by, in      B) at, by, in    C) to, by, by  
 D) to, on, in      E) – , in, on

5. *Your brother complains ... you. He says you always laugh ... him, and never answer ... his questions.*  
 A) to, to, to      B) of, – , to  
 C) of, at, –      D) about, at, to  
 E) of, on, –

6. *The passengers had to stand ... a queue to get on the plane.*  
 A) at    B) in    C) to    D) for    E) on

7. *Ken switched ... the computer, and was shocked when he saw the newest message ... the screen.*  
 A) on, at    B) on, on    C) off, on  
 D) on, in    E) – , at

## The Preposition

8. *-Do you remember this pretty little girl ... the left ... this picture?*  
*-Yes, she always sat ... the front me.*  
 A) on, in, at      B) in, at, at      C) at, on, at  
 D) on, on, in      E) at, in, on
9. *Nizami Ganjavi is famous ... his "Khamse" ... the world.*  
 A) for, in      B) of, in      C) off, in  
 D) because, over      E) from, of
10. *- I haven't met Katherine ... that time.*  
*- We saw her ... the station last Tuesday.*  
 A) since, on      B) from, near      C) since, at  
 D) since, in      E) for, along
11. *Madam, I hope the children will be quiet ... the performance.*  
 A) with      B) during      C) while  
 D) for      E) in
12. *It began to rain when we returned ... the picnic ... Sunday.*  
 A) from, on      B) - , in      C) at, on  
 D) in, on      E) to, at
13. *The soldiers became tired ... a long walk and they sat ... a big tree.*  
 A) before, above      B) for, under  
 C) of, in      D) after, under  
 E) by, under
14. *Wait a little more ... Hillary, she hasn't made up her mind yet.*  
 A) off      B) before      C) about  
 D) since      E) for
15. *"Silk Way" doesn't go ... the town in this plan.*  
 A) under      B) through      C) before  
 D) among      E) between
16. *Can you jump ... the fence into the garden to get our ball?*  
 A) onto      B) above      C) over  
 D) to      E) toward
17. *Three hundred and fifty passengers were flying ... the plane ... Hamburg.*  
 A) at, to      B) on, to      C) by, to  
 D) in, under      E) inside, by
18. *Leda was sitting ... Dr. Foster and Mrs. Moore.*  
 A) among      B) inside      C) on  
 D) into      E) between
19. *Mr. Douglas has been ill ... several days.*  
 A) since      B) from      C) to  
 D) for      E) until
20. *Sandra was able to swim ... the river.*  
 A) in front of      B) about      C) with  
 D) during      E) across

TEST 5

1. *Merlin was listening ... her friend's new songs on the tape ... she was having her dinner.*  
A) on, while      B) off, when      C) to, during  
D) to, while      E) at, during
2. *Boys are interested ... collecting sport stars' posters.*  
A) in      B) at      C) up      D) on      E) from
3. *The climbers walked ... the small lake before they climbed the rock.*  
A) till      B) before      C) around  
D) on      E) above
4. *English is used as an international language ... the world.*  
A) in      B) of      C) near  
D) because      E) in front of
5. *I live ... the 7th floor ... 21 Oxford Street ... London.*  
A) on, at, in      B) in, in, in      C) on, -, in  
D) at, -, in      E) in, at, on
6. *... most countries people drive ... the right.*  
A) On, on      B) On, in      C) At, at  
D) In, on      E) In, at
7. *It began to rain when we were coming back ... the forest ... Thursday.*  
A) from, on      B) -, in      C) at, on  
D) in, on      E) to, at

8. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
1. *He told me a story ... a man and his three sons.*  
2. *The old man was ... 80 years old.*  
A) about      B) from      C) to      D) beside      E) in
9. Match the parts of the sentences.  
1. *Fish are cut ... a special knife.*  
2. *Women's dresses are sewed ... dressmakers.*  
3. *Don't run ..., I want to talk to you.*  
a) away      b) of      c) by  
d) with      e) in  
A) 1-d; 2-c; 3-a      B) 1-c; 2-e; 3-b  
C) 1-d; 2-e; 3-b      D) 1-b; 2-d; 3-a  
E) 1-e; 2-b; 3-a
10. *My friends have been learning English ... three years.*  
A) since      B) from      C) to  
D) for      E) until
11. - *Jill's dog has swum ... the river.*  
- *Yeah, the dog is on the other bank now.*  
A) in front of      B) about      C) with  
D) during      E) across
12. *There is a big park ... our house.*  
1. in front of  
2. from  
3. before  
4. under  
5. behind  
A) 2, 3, 5      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 3, 5      E) 3, 4, 5
13. *I haven't seen him ... a few days. I last saw him ... Tuesday.*  
A) -, on      B) in, in      C) for, on  
D) during, since      E) into, at

TEST 6

14. *All of the planets go ... the Sun.*  
A) till B) before C) round  
D) on E) above
15. *The teacher entered ... the classroom, the pupils sat ... the desks and the lesson began.*  
A) into, at B) -, at C) -, in  
D) to, at E) to, under
16. *... the next day ... work I went ... the local newspaper office to look ... their old newspapers.*  
A) -, after, to, through  
B) On, before, to, at  
C) At, between, to, for  
D) In, from, in, after  
E) After, after, near, off
17. *I'm afraid I've come ... the house ... any money ... my pocket.*  
A) out of, without, in  
B) into, with, into  
C) to, without, on  
D) towards, without, at  
E) into, with, inside
18. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
1. *This story took place ... the farm.*  
2. *What is ... the menu today?*  
A) to B) in C) at  
D) from E) on
19. *Being very tired, he lay down ... the sofa ... his coat and fell asleep.*  
A) at, from B) in, beside C) in, on  
D) on, in E) under, with
20. *His grandfather lives ... Luxemburg.*  
A) into B) at C) in D) on E) to

1. *How many days do you go ... school in your country?*  
A) in B) into C) to D) - E) at
2. *His parents come ... work ... 8 o'clock ... the evening.*  
A) in, in, in B) into, to, at  
C) -, at, from D) from, at, in  
E) to, on, in
3. *They arrived ... Heathrow Airport without any problems.*  
A) for B) in C) at D) to E) -
4. *The tourists left ... Baku ... five o'clock ... the morning.*  
A) -, at, on B) for, till, -  
C) for, at, in D) to, at, in  
E) from, at, in
5. *I last saw him ... the beginning ... September.*  
A) since, from B) in, of C) at, in  
D) at, of E) on, -
6. *Mrs. Napkin has five guests today, two of them are sitting ... the armchairs, but the others are sitting ... the sofa.*  
A) on, under B) on, over  
C) in, on D) at, in  
E) between, between
7. *He lost his father ... an early age.*  
A) to B) in C) on  
D) of E) at

## The Preposition

8. *Our family moved to Baku in ...*  
 1. 1996  
 2. September  
 3. the 5th of September  
 4. Sunday  
 5. the weekend  
 A) 1, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 2, 3  
 D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 4
9. *Merylın lived ... a region ... the south-west ... Scotland.*  
 A) at, on, in                      B) on, of, from  
 C) near, at, in                      D) in, in, of  
 E) in, of, from
10. *They saw a big tree ... the river ... a lot of apples and some sheep ... it.*  
 A) at, with, on                      B) at, with, in  
 C) by, with, under                      D) by, with, in  
 E) by, on, under
11. *... the end of the meeting we talked ... a new program.*  
 A) During, with                      B) Before, off  
 C) In, about                      D) At, about  
 E) On, from
12. *... last week I worked ... 9 p.m. ... every night.*  
 A) In, at, at                      B) -, until, -  
 C) -, at, at                      D) At, till, on  
 E) -, -, at
13. *... the picture, I can see a family ... a kitchen.*  
 A) -, on                      B) On, in  
 C) At, at                      D) In, in  
 E) On, -
14. *There was no trademark ... the bottle and it seemed too old, so we refused to drink it.*  
 A) at                      B) on                      C) in  
 D) into                      E) onto
15. *She was trying to fall asleep ... the grass, but the bees and some insects were flying ... her head worrying her.*  
 A) above, in                      B) over, under                      C) on, for  
 D) on, over                      E) at, up
16. *Don't hurry, try to speak everything ... details, did you pay ... cheque or credit-card?*  
 A) on, with                      B) in, by                      C) with, after  
 D) at, before                      E) off, about
17. *Why are you always angry ... the players?*  
 A) to                      B) at                      C) off                      D) on                      E) with
18. *Sometimes, there are too many buses ... the roads and they often create traffic jam ... the streets.*  
 A) with, in                      B) after, on                      C) on, in  
 D) between, out                      E) at, m off
19. *Please, turn ... the sound of the tape-recorder. I like this song very much.*  
 A) up                      B) on                      C) down                      D) off                      E) at
20. *Robinson lived ... a small island ... a big house*  
 A) into, next to                      B) on, in  
 C) on, under                      D) at, inside  
 E) in, in

TEST 7

1. *There was nobody in the yard when I arrived ... home.*  
A) to B) – C) in D) into E) at
2. *Please, don't stand ... the corridor, come ... .*  
A) on, in B) in, in C) on, on  
D) from, up E) to, inside
3. *My granny gets everything ready for me as soon as I arrive ... home ... school.*  
A) at, from B) to, out of  
C) in, from D) – , from  
E) into, out of
4. *Although we were ... a hurry, Fiona insisted ... standing ... a queue for an ice-cream.*  
A) in, in, on B) in, on, in C) at, on, in  
D) - , - , - E) on, at, near
5. *"Do you know my name?" Sir Arthur Conan Doyle said ... the coachman ... the greatest surprise.*  
A) to, on B) – , – C) with, at  
D) for, with E) to, in
6. *She has been good ... chemistry ... many years.*  
A) for, at B) in, since C) at, for  
D) at, at E) on, for

7. *The hunter shot the crocodile right ... the eyes.*  
A) middle B) among C) with  
D) between E) in front off
8. *There were five desks ... the room ... good covers ... them.*  
A) in, with, under B) in, with, on  
C) at, - , on D) on, by, in  
E) near, by, on
9. *... last year Anna had a bad quarrel ... her neighbour who lived ... the sixth floor.*  
A) In, with, on B) -, with, on  
C) At, with, on D) -, under, up  
E) -, from, on
10. *There are 6 students ... my class ... the course, I am the best ... them.*  
A) at, in, in B) in, at, between  
C) in, at, among D) at, inside, between  
E) in, at, off
11. *"The adventures ... Tom Sawyer" was written ... Mark Twain.*  
A) off, with B) of, with C) - , -  
D) of, by E) by, with
12. *We shall go ... the cinema ... next Saturday.*  
A) to, on B) to, at C) - , -  
D) from, on E) to, -
13. *Mr. Harris goes ... work ... 9 a.m. and comes ... home ... the afternoon.*  
A) to, in, to, on B) from, on, - , at  
C) to, at, to, in D) - , at , - , in  
E) to, at, - , in

14. *People usually make a bonfire and jump ... it ... Novruz.*

- A) into, at      B) in, at      C) over, at  
D) on, -      E) over, -

15. *My mother always cleans the house ... my sisters ... Novruz.*

- A) by, on      B) with, in      C) with, before  
D) by, after      E) - , before

16. *The teacher: Children, you must switch ... your telephones ... the classroom.*

- A) on, at      B) off, in      C) of, under  
D) of, in      E) off, on

17. *There are a lot of high trees ... the banks ... the river.*

- A) on, in      B) of, in      C) at, under  
D) in, of      E) on, of

18. *... summer we usually have our meals ... that big tree ... the yard.*

- A) In, on, in      B) In, under, in  
C) On, under, at      D) At, with, in  
E) After, in, in front of

19. *She was standing ... herself ... the bus stop.*

- A) -, on      B) on, in  
C) at, at      D) by, at  
E) in, -

20. *The first Olympic Games took place ... Greece.*

- A) at      B) on      C) in      D) into      E) onto

1. *Martin: Do you give each other presents ... Christmas?*

*Ali: Yes, of course and my little daughter was born ... December 25, and we give her special presents.*

- A) at, on      B) at, in      C) in, in  
D) in, on      E) on, on

2. *We work ... 9 o'clock ... the morning ... 25 minutes past 7 o'clock ... the evening.*

- A) from, in, to, in  
B) during, in, till, in  
C) at, during, to, in  
D) at, after, until, after  
E) after, till, until, at

3. *Diana is ... Paris but now she lives ... London.*

- A) on, by      B) in, in      C) at, from  
D) next to, at      E) from, in

4. *Ella's gone ... work. She's probably ... work now.*

- A) to, -      B) at, in      C) -, on  
D) to, at      E) -, -

5. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.

1. *There is a notice ... the newspaper.*

2. *The building will be opened ... six months.*

- A) at      B) on      C) in  
D) from      E) since

6. *Let's sit ... and watch the game.*

1. on the grass  
2. under the tree  
3. among him  
4. in home  
5. by the fireplace

- A) 1, 2, 5      B) 2, 3, 5      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3, 4      E) 3, 4



## The Preposition

7. *The librarian: Turn ... your mobile phones when you enter ... the library.*  
A) at, inside      B) off, into      C) in, -  
D) on, into      E) off, -
8. *There was complete silence in the room, everyone was sitting but Laura was standing ... the window.*  
A) by      B) in front of      C) near  
D) at      E) over
9. *There was a big crowd ... the shop waiting ... it to open.*  
A) outside, -      B) in, for      C) on, for  
D) outside, for      E) in front of, -
10. *I'm going ... the seaside ... my holiday ... this year.*  
A) to, on, on      B) in, at, in      C) to, on, -  
D) at, in, in      E) into, by, -
11. *Though my grandfather was ... 60 years old he liked to go ... work ... foot, as he hated to travel ... transport.*  
A) over, to, on, by      B) above, to, by, on  
C) with, from, on, in      D) in, to, on, in  
E) under, into, with, with
12. *My sister likes to sit ... the window and watch the people walking ... the street.*  
A) besides, at      B) above, on  
C) at, at      D) below, into  
E) at, along
13. 1. to enter the university  
2. to meet with people  
3. to travel by the sea  
4. to attend the lecture  
A) 1, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 3      D) 3, 4      E) 2, 4
14. *Let's go ... home. Our parents are waiting ... us.*  
A) in, to      B) to, for      C) at, at  
D) out, on      E) -, for
15. *Mrs. and Mr. Jackson always took out their children ... a walk ... the evening.*  
A) for, in      B) to, in      C) for, at  
D) inside, before      E) to, before
16. *The policeman: Take everything ... your bags.*  
A) off      B) from      C) of  
D) out of      E) into
17. *They walked ... the hotel ... the station.*  
A) from, to      B) out, into      C) to, -  
D) -, at      E) in, from
18. *Hans: Father is usually ... home ... the morning because he works ... 1 p.m. ... 7p.m.*  
A) inside, after, through, to  
B) to, in, from, to  
C) at, on, to, from  
D) into, in, after, from  
E) at, in, from, to
19. *Don't say anything ... anybody, it's a secret ... you and me. Ok, Sarah?*  
A) to, off      B) to, among      C) -, between  
D) -, among      E) to, between
20. *Granny told ... us a lot of tales ... legendary heroes.*  
A) for, about      B) to, about      C) -, about  
D) for, with      E) -, off

TEST 9

1. *Jessie's horse could jump ... that high fence.*  
A) over B) above C) under  
D) through E) beside

2. *The people listened ... the speaker who was ... the stage.*  
A) for, on B) - , on C) to, on  
D) to, under E) - , onto

3. *Alex and Dion walked ... the river ... silence.*  
A) along, in B) along, with  
C) in, at D) beside, on  
E) round, without

4. *He had some problems with his car, so he had to go to work ... .*  
A) by taxi B) on a taxi C) with taxi  
D) in taxi E) by a taxi

5. *Ann: I asked ... Martin not to wait ... me ... our office.*  
A) to, for, at  
B) to, for, in front of  
C) - , for, in front of  
D) from, - , near  
E) from, for, in front of

6. *The delegates left ... the conference. They arrived ... Moscow ... 9 o'clock.*  
A) to, to, at B) to, at, before  
C) for, to, after D) for, in, at  
E) - , to, during

7. *We have never been ... Spain, but I think we shall go ... there ... this year.*  
A) to, - , - B) to, to, at C) - , to, -  
D) in, to, - E) at, - , at

8. *Look! I can see ... here. There are some spiders ... the ceiling. Can you kill them ... a sweeping-brush?*  
A) over, over, off B) from, under, with  
C) over, in, off D) from, on, with  
E) far from, at, of

9. *The family were ... the table and waited ... you ... 20 minutes.*  
A) by, for, above B) on, - , for  
C) at, for, from D) at, for, about  
E) around, from, about

10. *The old man: How can I get ... the nearest bank? The boy: There is a bank ... the street over there.*  
A) to, over B) - , behind  
C) to, under D) to, across  
E) into, in front of

11. *The students ... this group always listen ... the teachers very attentively ... lessons.*  
A) of, to, at B) off, from, in  
C) of, to, on D) from, - , after  
E) off, to, during

12. *Mr. McDon likes to go ... work ... foot ... sunny days.*  
A) from, on, at B) from, by, in  
C) to, at, on D) to, by, on  
E) to, on, on

13. *Susie, do you work at ...?*  
1. weekends  
2. 31 of December  
3. night  
4. your birthday  
5. the evening  
A) 2, 4 B) 2, 5 C) 1, 4, 5  
D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3, 5

TEST 10

14. *The teacher switched the computer ... the table ... and left the room ... once.*

- A) on, off, on                      B) on, off, at  
C) at, off, in                      D) on, on, on  
E) on, on, off

15. *When I went ... the room, Arthur was standing ... the colonel who was sitting ... a big armchair.*

- A) from, in front of, on  
B) into, in front of, in  
C) into, in the middle of, on  
D) out off, near, under  
E) in, by, on

16. *What is the name ... the channel ... the UK and France?*

- A) off, between                      B) of, between  
C) of, of                              D) from, between  
E) of, among

17. *My darling, you haven't told ... me anything ... all these. There mustn't be secrets ... us.*

- A) – , about, among                      B) to, about, between  
C) – , about, between                      D) – , from, among  
E) to, about, among

18. *Tom's grandmother died ... 1987 ... the age of 81.*

- A) on, -                              B) in, in                              C) at, in  
D) in, at                              E) since, from

19. *Don't get ... the bus when it is moving.*

1. on                                  2. into  
3. out of                              4. off  
A) 2, 3                              B) 1, 2                              C) 1, 4  
D) 3, 4                              E) 2, 4

20. *The TV is always ... their house.*

- A) of, on                              B) in, at                              C) on, in  
D) on, on                              E) off, to

1. *He ordered ... Captain Tommasi to put Arthur ... the punishment cell ... a few days.*

- A) to, in, for                              B) – , in, –  
C) – , in, for                              D) to , into, for  
E) to, out of, from

2. *It's very useful to walk ... sand, to swim ... the sea ... a hot summer day.*

- A) at, in, on                              B) in, in, in  
C) on, in, in                              D) at, at, on  
E) on, in, on

3. *We have planned to meet again ... two weeks and talk ... these problems, but Nick apologized ... not coming.*

- A) for, with, in                              B) with, to, –  
C) in, about, for                              D) in, with, at  
E) about, for, after

4. *I went ... him and asked him the best way to get ... the town.*

- A) up to, out of                              B) from, into  
C) towards, over                              D) along, up  
E) by, on

5. *... Sunday morning we went ... the hospital for taking care ... the patients.*

- A) In, to, with                              B) At, by, of  
C) On, to, with                              D) On, to, of  
E) In, on, of

6. *Let's go ... a walk ... the afternoon. I want to see the places ... interests.*

- A) for, in, of                              B) to, in, off  
C) into, after, from                              D) with, before, with  
E) for, before, off

7. *We sat ... the table and waited ... our coffee.*

- A) in, for                              B) at, for                              C) on, in  
D) at, on                              E) near, into

## The Preposition

8. *Mary was born ... the 28th...January ... 1992.*  
 A) in, in, in                      B) in, of, on  
 C) on, of, in                      D) in, off, in  
 E) on, of, off
9. *I am going ... the supermarket because there is no bread ... home.*  
 A) near, with                      B) to, in                      C) in, on  
 D) into, from                      E) to, at
10. *The guests will come ... train and they will be ... here ... the evening.*  
 A) with, at, after                      B) on, -, in  
 C) in, -, before                      D) by, -, in  
 E) with, -, on
11. *Poor Thomas was sitting ... the ground, ... the corner of the street waiting ... somebody to give him some money.*  
 A) at, at, for                      B) onto, in, to  
 C) on, at, for                      D) on, in, for  
 E) on, round, -
12. *We watched ... the monument ... our great President Haydar Aliyev ... a great pleasure.*  
 A) at, to, by                      B) -, to, with  
 C) on, for, in                      D) in, for, with  
 E) for, to, by
13. *How did the bank robbers escape ... the prison?*  
 A) out                      B) at                      C) of  
 D) from                      E) into
14. *Who is that man speaking ... Martin ... the tree ... the street?*  
 A) to, in, on                      B) with, under, into  
 C) into, under, in                      D) to, under, in  
 E) with, on, under
15. *We waited ... Anna ... the bus-stop ... a long time ... yesterday.*  
 A) with, in, for, at                      B) with, in, for, on  
 C) for, in, for, -                      D) with, in, from, -  
 E) for, at, for, -
16. *The doctor said ... Mr. Samson: It's bad ... the children to sit ... the TV for a long time.*  
 A) -, for, near  
 B) to, for, in front of  
 C) to, to, in  
 D) into, from, in front of  
 E) with, from, in front of
17. *You must have a sun-bath, it's better to lie ... the sand ... the sun near the sea.*  
 A) on, in                      B) on, under                      C) under, under  
 D) in, under                      E) near, at
18. *He wants to speak only ... the detective ... the accident.*  
 A) into, about                      B) about, to  
 C) with, by                      D) with, to  
 E) to, about
19. *Where have you been? I've been waiting ... you ... twenty minutes.*  
 A) with, -                      B) for, after                      C) -, in  
 D) on, for                      E) for, for
20. *My wife was born ... 13 January 1981 ... Shaki - one of the oldest cities ... Azerbaijan.*  
 A) in, in, in                      B) at, in, of                      C) on, in, of  
 D) in, in, of                      E) on, at, in

**TEST 1**

1. ... *you students*?  
A) Is            B) Does            C) Do  
D) Am            E) Are
2. ... *my father at work*?  
A) Are            B) Is            C) Were  
D) Am            E) Do
3. *There ... a storm and rain yesterday.*  
A) were            B) was            C) is  
D) will be            E) are
4. *All ... present at the last meeting.*  
A) is            B) had been            C) will be  
D) was            E) were
5. "*Tom and Jerry*" ... *still a good cartoon film.*  
A) are            B) is            C) was  
D) were            E) shall be
6. *No news ... good news.*  
A) are            B) do            C) is  
D) does            E) have been
7. Choose the correct variant with the regular verbs.  
1. to beat            2. to walk            3. to fall  
4. to ask            5. to leave  
A) 1, 3            B) 2, 4            C) 2, 5  
D) 1, 5            E) 3, 4

8. *Look! There ... a sheep and some goats in the yard.*  
A) have            B) was            C) are  
D) were            E) is
9. Choose the correct variant with the **irregular** verbs.  
1. to realize            2. to miss            3. to freeze  
4. to forgive            5. to join  
A) 1, 3            B) 1, 5            C) 2, 5  
D) 3, 4            E) 2, 4
10. ... *you have any questions*?  
A) Are            B) Aren't            C) Were  
D) Do            E) Weren't
11. *There ... any soup on the menu.*  
A) aren't            B) are            C) isn't  
D) is            E) were
12. ... *the man at work*?  
A) Am            B) Does            C) Are  
D) Is            E) Were
13. Match the halves.  
1. to have            a) the washing up  
2. to make            b) a cup of tea  
3. to do            c) up one's mind  
A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a            B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c            D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
14. *How much ... bananas?*  
A) was            B) is            C) are  
D) do            E) does



8. *There ... a few houses, a shop and a mosque in the village.*  
A) has B) is C) was  
D) are E) have
9. Choose correct variant with the regular verbs.  
1. buy 2. want 3. write  
4. watch 5. ask  
A) 1, 2, 3 B) 1, 3, 5 C) 3, 4, 5  
D) 2, 4, E) 2, 3, 4
10. Match the parts of the expressions.  
1. to have a) a rest  
2. to be b) out  
3. to do c) a sum  
A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c B) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a  
C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
11. Choose the line of **irregular** verbs.  
A) to cut, to ask, to draw, to lend  
B) to win, to teach, to steal, to catch  
C) to play, to read, to rise, to go  
D) to spoil, to take, to clean, to write  
E) to see, shake, to give, to promise
12. Choose the line of **irregular** verbs.  
A) to weep, to throw, to damage, to mean  
B) to hide, to kill, to feed, to drink  
C) to stop, to grow, to lend, to eat  
D) to fly, to lead, to show, to tear  
E) to shine, to rise, to cycle, to drive
13. Choose the line of **irregular** verbs.  
A) to make, to marry, to shut, to close  
B) to write, to leave, to see, to offer  
C) to kill, to stop, to work, to like  
D) to study, to try, to sell, to fly  
E) to be, to cut, to catch, to buy
14. Choose the line of regular verbs.  
A) to depend, to drink, to try, to dig  
B) to finish, to save, to put, to question  
C) to have, to sing, to make, to write  
D) to repay, to want, to teach, to die  
E) to open, to mend, to jump, to like
15. Choose the line of regular verb.  
A) to ask, to dress, to water, to watch  
B) to send, to rise, to put, to trust  
C) to cut, to drive, to light, to give  
D) to draw, to marry, to miss, to think  
E) to raise, to have, to eat, to learn
16. Choose the line of regular verbs.  
A) to hate, to guard, to fry/ to cost  
B) to read, to cry, to study, to steal  
C) to know, to make, to get, to consult  
D) to consider, to dust, to increase, to close  
E) to found, to copy, to build, to bury
17. Choose the line of **irregular** verbs.  
A) to blow, to write, to clean, to ask  
B) to rain, to understand, to burn, to stop  
C) to finish, to cut, to post, to catch  
D) to sing, to show, to shoot, to hang  
E) to unite, to reach, to reply, to correct
18. Choose the line of regular verbs.  
A) to stay, to study, to ask, to play  
B) to make, to rise, to send, to trust  
C) to cut, to drive, to light, to give  
D) to draw, to marry, to miss, to think  
E) to raise, to stop, to eat, to learn
19. Choose the line of **irregular** verbs.  
A) to open, to wake, to shut, to sink  
B) to tear, to think, to put, to drink  
C) to teach, to strike, to mean, to mend  
D) to sew, to retell, to welcome, to kneel  
E) to bend, to go, to deal, to greet
20. Choose the line of words with irregular verbs.  
A) to wake, to swim, to run, to raise  
B) to rise, to hide, to lose, to understand  
C) to catch, to make, to drive, to walk  
D) to cost, to bring, to teach, to study  
E) to be, to play, to sell, to arrive



**TEST 1**

**Choose the correct form of the verb(s).**

1. *Let Sarah ... you the Arabic language, she knows it well.*  
A) taught      B) teaches      C) teaching  
D) teach      E) to teach
2. *Let the students ... in the garden.*  
A) to play      B) playing      C) will play  
D) play      E) are playing
3. *He made me ...*  
A) to cry      B) cry      C) crying  
D) cried      E) cries
4. *We don't ... anybody to know that we are here.*  
1. want  
2. expect  
3. let  
4. make  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 4      E) 2, 4
5. *Why didn't Vugar want ... ?*  
A) make them correct their mistakes  
B) to make them to correct their mistakes  
C) to make them correct their mistakes  
D) making them to correct their mistakes  
E) made them correcting their mistakes
6. *Though we were tired father ... us ... all the apples.*  
A) made, gather      B) made, to gather  
C) makes, gather      D) makes, to gather  
E) made, gathered
7. *Frank sometimes lets Susan ... his Mercedes.*  
A) to drive      B) drives      C) drive  
D) drove      E) has driven

8. *Unexpected situation ... Cassandra ... to Scotland yesterday.*  
A) makes, returns      B) made, to return  
C) made, returned      D) made, return  
E) has made, return
9. *The manager always ... Flora ... the office before 6 p.m.*  
A) lets, leaves      B) lets, to leave  
C) had let, left      D) let, leave  
E) has let, left
10. *John, Mrs. Anan also saw her ... with Paul in the boulevard.*  
A) to walk      B) had been walking      C) walks  
D) walked      E) walking
11. *I saw his wife ... next to the shop and ... a bag.*  
A) stand, holding      B) stood, hold  
C) stand, held      D) standing, held  
E) standing, holding
12. *Susan suddenly felt something ... her on the shoulder.*  
A) touch      B) touches      C) to touch  
D) touched      E) was touching
13. *I made him ... what I had told him.*  
A) repeating      B) that he repeated  
C) repeat      D) to repeat  
E) repeats
14. *I want my children ... the university but I can't make them ...*  
A) to enter, to study      B) to enter, study  
C) entering, study      D) enter, studying  
E) entered, study

TEST 2

15. *Newton ... the apple ... to the ground.*  
 A) saw, fall B) saw, fell  
 C) made, to fall D) wanted, fall  
 E) noticed, fallen
16. Choose the correct sentence with the Complex Object.  
 A) Ghost makes Carle leaves home in the evenings.  
 B) Sam wanted Molly believe him.  
 C) Carle asked the Dragon kill Sam.  
 D) Ghosts made Carle leave home in the evenings.  
 E) Ghosts made Carle left home in the evenings.
17. Choose the correct sentence with the Complex Object.  
 A) Two white men felt Lanny got off the train.  
 B) Two white men noticed Lanny when he got off the train.  
 C) Two white men watched Lanny getting off the train.  
 D) Two white men saw Lanny while he was coming up to them.  
 E) Two white men watched Lanny got off the train.
18. *The director expects ... all the useful documents in time.*  
 A) ours bringing B) our to bring  
 C) we to bring D) us to bring  
 E) us bring
19. *Children ... their parents ... them do what they want.*  
 A) want, to let B) expect, make  
 C) make, to see D) see, to make  
 E) let, to want
20. *Do you really ... them to believe you?*  
 1. make 2. expect  
 3. let 4. want  
 A) 1, 2, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 3, 4  
 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3, 4

1. Choose the correct sentence with the Complex Object.  
 A) I saw Tina played with small children in the yard.  
 B) I saw Tina to play with small children in the yard.  
 C) I saw Tina was playing with small children in the yard.  
 D) I see Tina plays with small children in the yard.  
 E) I saw Tina play with small children in the yard.
2. *She saw the children ... on the beach.*  
 1. played 2. play 3. playing  
 4. to play 5. –  
 A) 2, 3, 4 B) 1, 3, 4 C) 2, 3, 5  
 D) 1, 2, 3 E) 2, 4, 5
3. *Robert didn't expect his wife ... such a lot of things.*  
 A) buys B) buy C) buying  
 D) is buying E) to buy
4. Choose the correct sentences with the Complex Object.  
 1. I want to speak to the manager.  
 2. I want you to speak to the manager.  
 3. I want you speaking to the manager.  
 4. I see Tom to come here every Monday.  
 5. I expect you to enter the best university.  
 A) 1, 5 B) 2, 4 C) 3, 4  
 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 5
5. Choose the correct sentences with the Complex Object.  
 1. Father let me ride my bicycle at weekends.  
 2. She will let them going to the cinema alone.  
 3. The police made him to write everything.  
 4. I want all students to see Istanbul.  
 5. We didn't make he comes with us.  
 A) 1, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4  
 D) 4, 5 E) 2, 5
6. Choose the correct sentence with the Complex Object.  
 A) He wanted the students to come in time.  
 B) He wanted to come in time.  
 C) He wanted the students come in time.  
 D) He wanted the students were coming in time.  
 E) He wanted the students came in time.

## Complex Object

7. Choose the correct sentence with the Complex Object.  
 A) I noticed that Henry went up and left.  
 B) We saw him to read in the reading-hall.  
 C) We watched him drawing a picture on the blackboard.  
 D) We watched his drawing a picture on the blackboard.  
 E) I saw that he was opening the door of the room.
8. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
 1. *Hot weather ... me feel tired.*  
 2. *The children ... a fire to warm themselves.*  
 A) saw                      B) made                      C) expected  
 D) let                      E) wanted
9. *I saw him ... in the queue.*  
 A) stands                      B) was standing  
 C) standing                      D) stood  
 E) to stand
10. 1. I shan't let you ride my bicycle.  
 2. I haven't let your riding my bicycle.  
 3. His manager made him work 8 hours a day.  
 4. Rules were made be broken.  
 5. They didn't let our speaking.  
 A) 1, 3                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 4  
 D) 4, 5                      E) 2, 5
11. *I used to beg my brother to ... his friends ... with us.*  
 1. watch, to play  
 2. let, play  
 3. permit, play  
 4. allow, to play  
 5. ask, to play  
 A) 1, 2, 4                      B) 1, 2, 3                      C) 3, 4, 5  
 D) 2, 3, 4                      E) 2, 4, 5
12. *Jack ... someone fall off the wall yesterday.*  
 1. saw                      2. told                      3. noticed  
 4. heard                      5. asked  
 A) 1, 3, 4                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 2, 5  
 D) 3, 4, 5                      E) 3, 5
13. *Who will ... her ... on time?*  
 1. expect, come  
 2. make, come  
 3. let, comes  
 4. ask, to come  
 A) 1, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 1, 3  
 D) 2, 3                      E) 2, 4
14. *My parents want me ... good marks every day.*  
 A) getting                      B) got                      C) to get  
 D) gets                      E) am getting
15. *She recommended ... the article.*  
 1. him to write                      2. John read  
 3. his brother to send                      4. us showing  
 A) 1, 3                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 4  
 D) 2, 3                      E) 3, 4
16. *... Lisa ...the university made everybody ... happy.*  
 A) Hearing, to enter, feel  
 B) To hear, to enter, feel  
 C) To hear, entered, felt  
 D) Hearing, enter, to feel  
 E) Hearing, enter, feel
17. *They have let Fraud ... to the cinema.*  
 A) has gone                      B) going                      C) go  
 D) goes                      E) to go
18. *I wanted ... in time.*  
 A) their to return                      B) they returned  
 C) their returned                      D) them to return  
 E) they to return
19. *Let each of them ... in the party.*  
 A) take part                      B) takes part  
 C) taking part                      D) took part  
 E) to take part
20. *We expected him ...*  
 A) was late                      B) not was late  
 C) not to is late                      D) not be late  
 E) not to be late

## TEST 3

1. *I saw the children ... football.*  
 A) played B) were playing  
 C) playing D) are playing  
 E) to play
2. *This dress makes Jane ... fat. So don't let her ... it.*  
 A) looked, to wear B) look, wear  
 C) looking, wear D) look, to wear  
 E) to look, to wear
3. *The manager made them ... till 7 o'clock.*  
 A) works B) to work C) work  
 D) worked E) working
4. *The parents didn't ... their son to leave them alone.*  
 1. expect 2. make 3. want 4. let  
 A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3  
 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4
5. *Mother let Tim ... what he wants.*  
 A) doing B) do C) did  
 D) does E) to do
6. *The driver heard the child ...*  
 A) was crying B) to cry C) cried  
 D) cries E) crying
7. *Peter asked ... the TV.*  
 A) me switch off B) us switch off  
 C) his to switch off D) her to switch off  
 E) her switch off
8. *Mr. Brown expected him ... all the reports.*  
 A) to read B) reading C) reads  
 D) read E) was reading
9. *Kate made the children ... earlier.*  
 A) to sleep B) sleep C) were sleeping  
 D) slept E) sleeping
10. *I wanted my students ... the universities easily.*  
 A) to enter B) enter C) was enter  
 D) entered E) entering
11. *I don't know if I can make him ...*  
 A) comes B) to come C) come  
 D) came E) coming
12. *Everybody noticed him ... in and ... down.*  
 A) was coming, sitting B) came, sat  
 C) to come, sit D) come, sitting  
 E) come, sit
13. *Their teacher made them ... every day.*  
 A) ran B) running C) runs  
 D) run E) to run
14. *I heard their son ... the best university.*  
 A) enter B) enters C) entered  
 D) is entering E) was entering

TEST 4

15. *She offered them ... at her home.*

- A) was staying B) stayed C) to stay  
D) staying E) stays

16. *Why don't you ... home by himself from school?*

- A) expect his come B) make he come  
C) want he walk D) let him walk  
E) tell him going

17. *The policemen ... the robber ... the gun down.*

- A) wanted, to put B) want, put  
C) want, puts D) wants, putting  
E) wanted, put

18. *Mother asks the teacher ... her son ... hard.*

- A) makes, studying B) made, study  
C) to make, study D) to make, to study  
E) making, to study

19. *We didn't notice anyone ... the building.*

1. left 2. leave  
3. to leave 4. leaving  
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 3 E) 3, 4

20. *Let the policemen ... the keys of all rooms which ... them.*

- A) to take, interested B) to take, interests  
C) took, interest D) take, interest  
E) take, interests

1. *I ... someone knock at the door:*

1. heard 2. expected  
3. noticed 4. asked  
A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4  
D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3

2. *Mother ... Tom ... his breakfast every day.*

- A) wants, to have B) wants, has  
C) having, be D) wanted, had  
E) wants, have

3. *Nizami expected ... the article.*

1. us showing 2. Anar read  
3. his brother to send 4. him to write  
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 3 E) 3, 4

4. *Did you ... him taking the notes?*

1. see 2. ask 3. notice  
4. tell 5. watch  
A) 1, 3, 5 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2, 4  
D) 2, 3, 5 E) 4, 5

5. *I knew him ... ill and ... bad.*

- A) be, to feel B) to be, fall  
C) to be, fell D) to be, feel  
E) to be, felt

6. *Thomas wants ... Hilda ... the documents back to him.*

- A) make, give B) to make, give  
C) to make, to give D) to make, gives  
E) to make, giving

7. *Don't let them ... you what ... !*

- A) tell, to do B) to tell, to do  
C) telling, do D) told, did  
E) tell, doing

## Complex Object

8. *I noticed the wind ... through the windows wildly.*  
 A) to blow                      B) was blowing  
 C) blowing                      D) blows  
 E) blew
9. *The patient didn't expect his relatives ... and ... him so soon.*  
 A) to come, see                      B) to come, to see  
 C) came, saw                      D) were coming, seeing  
 E) come, seen
10. *Let me ... you a hand with this work.*  
 A) gives                      B) to give  
 C) give                      D) gave  
 E) giving
11. *My teacher made ... my lessons hard.*  
 A) me, studied                      B) me, to study  
 C) me, study                      D) I, study  
 E) I, to study
12. *You shouldn't ... them work in the rain.*  
 1. want                      2. let  
 3. expect                      4. make  
 A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 2  
 D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 3
13. *Everyone ... Caroline to win the game, but she didn't.*  
 1. expected                      2. noticed                      3. watched  
 4. felt                      5. wanted  
 A) 2, 3                      B) 2, 4                      C) 3, 5  
 D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 5
14. *Suddenly she felt ... at her.*  
 A) them, looking                      B) them, looks  
 C) them, looked                      D) they, looking  
 E) they, looked
15. *Nobody ... the guest to enter the room.*  
 1. made                      2. expected                      3. saw  
 4. let                      5. wanted  
 A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 4                      C) 3, 4  
 D) 2, 5                      E) 2, 3
16. *They expected the director ... late.*  
 A) was                      B) is                      C) be  
 D) to be                      E) will be
17. *We heard the soldiers ... our anthem.*  
 A) sing                      B) to sing  
 C) is singing                      D) are singing  
 E) sang
18. *My grandparents ... me ... them every week.*  
 A) made, to promise, called  
 B) made, promise, to call  
 C) maked, promised, calling  
 D) don't make, not to promise, to call  
 E) makes, promise, call
19. *The teacher expected the students ... the class room rules and ... them.*  
 A) to know, to follow                      B) know, follow  
 C) to know, follow                      D) knew, followed  
 E) knowing, following
20. *Parents ... their children to lead a better life.*  
 1. make                      2. expect                      3. let                      4. wish  
 A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 1, 3  
 D) 1, 4                      E) 3, 4

**TEST 1**

## /Simple Tenses/

**Choose the correct tense form(s).**

1. *That girl ... seven ice-creams every day.*  
A) eat      B) was eating      C) shall eat  
D) eats      E) has eaten
2. *The Sun ... in the East.*  
A) always rises      B) always is rising  
C) rises always      D) always rising  
E) rise
3. *Did John ... with the band yesterday?*  
A) sing      B) sung      C) song  
D) sang      E) sings
4. *I'll wait until he ...*  
A) is arriving      B) arrives      C) arrive  
D) will arrive      E) arrived
5. *I ... his telephone number.*  
A) didn't remembered  
B) am not remember  
C) have remember  
D) don't remember  
E) am remember
6. *I'll go out after I ... reading this detective story.*  
A) am finishing      B) finished  
C) was finishing      D) will finish  
E) finish
7. *Ann says she ... to any political party.*  
A) belong      B) to belong  
C) is belonging      D) do not belong  
E) does not belong
8. *She is going ... a doctor.*  
A) been      B) being      C) be  
D) will be      E) to be
9. *Huseyn Javid ... from Istanbul University in 1909.*  
A) will graduate      B) has graduated  
C) graduates      D) graduated  
E) is graduating
10. *The judge ... the documents as soon as he signs.*  
A) send      B) sent      C) will send  
D) sending      E) send
11. *She ... music and ... very talented.*  
A) studies, was      B) studied, was  
C) studies, were      D) study, is  
E) study, was
12. *You will enter the university if you ... hard.*  
A) to study      B) studied      C) study  
D) would study      E) will study
13. *In autumn leaves ... yellow and brown in the forests.*  
A) have become      B) becomes      C) became  
D) to become      E) become
14. *David ... to Italy next month if he ... a visa tomorrow.*  
A) will go, get      B) goes, will get  
C) will go, gets      D) goes, got  
E) will go, will get



## TEST 2

## [Simple Tenses]

15. *She ... the dishes every day.*

- A) didn't washed      B) washing  
C) wash      D) have washed  
E) washes

16. *He ... if you ... him.*

- A) comes, ask      B) will come, ask  
C) came, asked      D) coming, ask  
E) come, ask

17. *I shall stay here until you ... back.*

- A) will come      B) came      C) shall come  
D) am coming      E) come

18. *You ... the meal yesterday.*

- A) isn't cooking      B) didn't cook  
C) don't cook      D) haven't cooked  
E) wasn't cooking

19. *The Earth ... round the Sun.*

- A) went      B) is going      C) goes  
D) go      E) will go

20. *The doctor ... the wounded soldier eat his porridge.*

- A) maked      B) make      C) made  
D) making      E) has make

1. *We expected him for dinner, but he ...*

- A) didn't come      B) don't come  
C) isn't come      D) doesn't come  
E) doesn't comes

2. *You ... late for the concert, if you ... a taxi.*

- A) will be, will not take  
B) are, will take  
C) will, take  
D) will be, don't take  
E) won't, are not taking

3. *Henry ... that the police ... his documents.*

- A) hopes, would find      B) will hope, found  
C) hopes, has found      D) hoped, would find  
E) hope, have found

4. *A magnet ... iron.*

- A) attract      B) is attracting  
C) attracting      D) attracts  
E) will attract

5. *Your friend ... a new house last week.*

- A) buy      B) buys      C) bought  
D) have bought      E) buying

6. *They say there ... an accident here yesterday.*

- A) has been      B) was      C) were  
D) had been      E) is

## Tense Forms

- |   |   |
|---|---|
| <p>7. ... he ... to work early every day?<br/> A) Did, went                      B) Has, go<br/> C) Have, gone                    D) Do, went<br/> E) Does, go</p> <p>8. She hoped she ... a doll at Christmas.<br/> A) will      B) would get              C) would got<br/> D) got      E) will get</p> <p>9. The nurse ... the tools before the operation ... .<br/> A) will count , will begin<br/> B) counts, begin<br/> C) will count, begins<br/> D) would count , begun<br/> E) counts, will begin</p> <p>10. ... you have a good time last summer?<br/> A) Do              B) Were              C) Did<br/> D) Will            E) Are</p> <p>11. If I ... the exam, I ... the certificate.<br/> A) passed, shall got<br/> B) pass, would get<br/> C) pass, shall get<br/> D) will pass, will get<br/> E) have pass, will got</p> <p>12. Sarah always ... English songs at every party.<br/> A) to sing      B) sings C) singing<br/> D) sing              E) to sings</p> <p>13. A candle ... its light with burning another candle.<br/> A) wasn't lose                      B) don't lose<br/> C) doesn't loses                    D) didn't lost<br/> E) doesn't lose</p> | <p>14. Yesterday Mary ... to me with a problem.<br/> A) came              B) went              C) goes<br/> D) has come              E) come</p> <p>15. If I had time, ... see that new film.<br/> A) I may              B) I'd                      C) I'll<br/> D) I shall              E) I should be</p> <p>16. Our lesson ... when the teacher comes in.<br/> A) will began                      B) shall begin<br/> C) begin                              D) began<br/> E) will begin</p> <p>17. Next month ... seventeen.<br/> A) I shall be                      B) shall I be<br/> C) I'm being                      D) I have<br/> E) I was</p> <p>18. We ... ten kilometres 2 hours ago.<br/> A) was walking                      B) have walked<br/> D) has walked                      C) walked<br/> E) are going to walk</p> <p>19. As soon as we got home, the telephone ... .<br/> A) rang                      B) had rung<br/> C) will ring                      D) has rung<br/> E) is ringing</p> <p>20. You'll feel much better after you ... a rest.<br/> A) had had                      B) had                      C) have<br/> D) have had                      E) will have</p> |
|---|---|

## TEST 3

## [Continuous Tenses]

1. *Listen! The birds ... in the garden.*  
A) song B) sing  
C) are singing D) sings  
E) were singing
2. *As I ... the dishes, I ... one of them and broke it.*  
A) clean, dropped  
B) am cleaning, will throw  
C) was washing, dropped  
D) was washing, will drop  
E) have washed, had dropped
3. *My brother ... a cup of tea now.*  
A) was drinking B) drinks C) drink  
D) is drinking E) drank
4. *At this time yesterday, Mr. Brown ... to Azerbaijan.*  
A) travelled B) was travelling  
C) travel D) has travelled  
E) travels
5. *Nurlan ... at his uncle's at the moment.*  
A) is staying B) stayed C) stays  
D) will stay E) have stayed
6. *When I saw her, she ... reading a newspaper.*  
A) is B) was C) will be  
D) were E) are
7. *Listen! The doorbell ...*  
A) rings B) ring  
C) is ringing D) has rung  
E) rang
8. *It ... snowing outside, that's why I ... my warm coat and ... an umbrella with me.*  
A) is, put on, took  
B) was, put on, took  
C) was, put on, have taken  
D) has been, put, took  
E) had been, put on, was taken
9. *What ... you ... in the garden when I ... ?*  
A) was, doing, came  
B) are, doing, came  
C) has been, doing, came  
D) were, doing, came  
E) have, been doing, came
10. *When I ... into the cafe she ... by herself at one of the tables near the window.*  
A) walked, was sitting  
B) am walking, sat  
C) was walking, has sat  
D) have walked, would sit  
E) walk, has been sitting
11. *I usually ... tennis but now I ... badminton.*  
A) play, to play  
B) am playing, play  
C) play, play  
D) play, am playing  
E) have played, playing
12. *Sabir ... because he doesn't want to be late.*  
A) is hurrying B) hurries  
C) is going hurry D) was hurrying  
E) hurried
13. *She ... unwell at 5 o'clock yesterday.*  
A) was feeling B) were feeling  
C) had felt D) are feeling  
E) is feeling

14. *Your brother ... a book at 4 o'clock yesterday.*

- A) weren't reading B) wasn't reading  
C) hasn't read D) haven't read  
E) reading

15. *Listen! Jane ... the piano in the next room.*

- A) plays B) play C) to play  
D) are playing E) is playing

16. *When the ship ... the ocean, a great storm ... out.*

- A) is crossing, broke  
B) was crossing, break  
C) had crossed, broke  
D) was crossing, broke  
E) will be crossing, will break

17. *We ... working on the project ...*

- A) were, at two o'clock yesterday  
B) shall be, at two o'clock yesterday  
C) have worked, at two o'clock yesterday  
D) are, at this time yesterday  
E) should, at two o'clock yesterday

18. *Fidan ... when I ... on her yesterday.*

- A) worked, called  
B) was working, called  
C) working, calling  
D) was working, call  
E) works, call

19. *While you ... in the garden, father got home.*

- A) were working B) had worked  
C) are working D) will work  
E) work

20. *We ... the test when the lights went out.*

- A) were doing B) have done  
C) had doing D) were done  
E) shall do

## TEST 4

### [Perfect Tenses]

1. *I hope that by the end of the month I ... all the decorating.*

- A) have done B) have been  
C) was doing D) did  
E) shall have done

2. *There was nobody in the sitting room when I ... home. Everybody ... to bed.*

- A) got, had gone B) got, has gone  
C) got, have gone D) get, has gone  
E) get, have gone

3. *I was so anxious on the plane, because I ... never ... before.*

- A) had, flown B) has, flown  
C) have, flown D) did, flew  
E) don't, flew

4. *When Samira ... her purse, she realized that someone ... the money out of it.*

- A) found, had taken  
B) had found, had found  
C) found, has taken  
D) finds, has taken  
E) find, take

5. *Do you agree with what I ...?*

- A) had said B) have said  
C) have say D) have saying  
E) has said

6. *Adam ... that he ... to go to his music lesson.*

- A) said, will forget  
B) said, has forgot  
C) said, had forgotten  
D) says, had forgotten  
E) has said, had forgotten

## Tense Forms

7. *She ... the way easily as she ... there many times.*  
 A) find, had been  
 B) found, had been  
 C) finds, is  
 D) found, was been  
 E) found, has been
8. – ... the UFO yesterday?  
 – No, I ... never ... it.  
 A) Had you seen, -, see  
 B) Did you saw, -, see  
 C) Have you seen, have, seen  
 D) Did you see, have, seen  
 E) Was you seen, have, seen
9. *I want to serve the meal. ... the dishes yet?*  
 A) Had you washed B) Did you washed  
 C) Are you washing D) Have you washed  
 E) Do you wash
10. *Our son ... anything since yesterday.*  
 A) haven't eaten B) doesn't eat  
 C) didn't eat D) hasn't eaten  
 E) eats
11. *My brother ... him last week but he ... yet.*  
 A) invited, hasn't come  
 B) invites, hadn't come  
 C) invited, had come  
 D) has invited, hasn't come  
 E) had invited, hasn't come
12. *They ... half of the materials today.*  
 A) had collected B) were collected  
 C) have collected D) has collected  
 E) was collected
13. *My uncle ... only one car since he ...*  
 A) has repaired, came  
 B) repaired, come  
 C) had repaired, was coming  
 D) was repairing, came  
 E) was repaired, come
14. *This year we ... many advances in computer sciences.*  
 A) saw B) would see C) have seen  
 D) had seen E) seen
15. *She ... much since we ... her last.*  
 A) changed, seen  
 B) has changed, saw  
 C) had changed, had seen  
 D) changes, saw  
 E) change, saw
16. *I ... to him a week ago but he ... yet.*  
 A) had written, hasn't answered  
 B) wrote, didn't answer  
 C) wrote, hasn't answered  
 D) was written, doesn't answer  
 E) has written, has answered
17. *The film ...already ...when we got there.*  
 A) has, started B) was, starting  
 C) had, started D) have, started  
 E) will, start
18. *My sister ... just ... the dishes.*  
 A) had, washed B) has, washed  
 C) have, washed D) has, washing  
 E) has, wash
19. *They ... our house by tomorrow.*  
 A) will painted B) are going painted  
 C) will have painted D) have painted  
 E) had painted
20. *Alex always ... the homework he ... when he saw Mr. Stone.*  
 A) forgot, had learnt  
 B) forget, had learnt  
 C) has forgotten, had learnt  
 D) forgot, learn  
 E) forgets, learns

## TEST 5

## /Perfect Continuous Tenses/

1. *I ... on my book for 3 months, at last I ... it yesterday.*  
 A) have been working, finish  
 B) had worked, have finished  
 C) will have worked, will finish  
 D) had been working, finished  
 E) has worked, will finish
2. *They ... in the garden for two hours when I ... .*  
 A) had been working, came  
 B) are working, came  
 C) has been, working, came  
 D) had been working, come  
 E) were working, came
3. *He ... all day so he was very tired when he ... .*  
 A) has been driving, came  
 B) has been driving, arrived  
 C) has been driving, arrive  
 D) had been driving, arrived  
 E) were driving, arrived
4. *Elchin ... the walls for 3 hours when it suddenly... to rain.*  
 A) were painting, had begun  
 B) had been painting, has begun  
 C) has been painting, began  
 D) painted, begins  
 E) had been painting, began
5. *I ... trying to explain our plan to you for an hour, but you ... listening to me.*  
 A) am, have been  
 B) am, are not  
 C) have been, are not  
 D) had been, had not  
 E) have, are
6. *Tom ... his job two days ago, and he ... for a new one ever since.*  
 A) was losing, is looking  
 C) lost, look  
 B) lost, looking  
 D) had lost, will look  
 E) lost, has been looking
7. *She ... for five hours when we ... .*  
 A) had sleep, returned  
 B) sleeps, have returned  
 C) slept, return  
 D) has been sleeping, have returned  
 E) had been sleeping, returned
8. *We ... TV since he left yesterday.*  
 A) are going to watch      B) are watching  
 C) has watched              D) watched  
 E) have been watching
9. *She ... on the telephone for more than an hour when I ... the room.*  
 A) is talking, entered  
 B) was talking, entering  
 C) had been talking, entered  
 D) talk, will enter  
 E) would talk, enter
10. *Abdullah ... in New York for ten years before he ... to Chicago.*  
 A) lived, moved  
 B) has been living, moved  
 C) was living, had moved  
 D) had been living, had moved  
 E) had lived, moved
11. *I ... angry. I ... for two hours.*  
 1. am, have been waiting  
 2. am, had been waiting  
 3. was, have been waiting  
 4. was, had been waiting  
 A) 1, 4    B) 1, 2    C) 2, 3    D) 3, 4    E) 2, 4

## Tense Forms

12. *Mike ... to sit down because he ... all day at work.*  
 A) was wanting, had been standing  
 B) want, has been standing  
 C) wanted, had been standing  
 D) wants, stay  
 E) have wanted, has stayed
13. *When the teacher came the students ... the tests.*  
 1. have been doing  
 2. had done  
 3. were doing  
 4. was doing  
 A) 2, 3                      B) 2, 3, 4                      C) 1, 2  
 D) 1, 2, 3                      E) 3, 4
14. - *Why ... your hands so dirty?*  
 - *Oh, I ... in the garden.*  
 A) is, has been working  
 B) was, had been working  
 C) are, have been working  
 D) are, have work  
 E) were, have worked
15. *I ... for a long time and I ... that you need to give up your job.*  
 A) have been thinking, have decided  
 B) had been thinking, have decided  
 C) have been thinking, had decided  
 D) have thought, decided  
 E) had thought, decide
16. *I ... since morning and I ... very tired.*  
 A) had travelled, am  
 B) have been travelling, felt  
 C) travel, felt  
 D) am travelling, am  
 E) have been travelling, am
17. *Bilal ... there for 20 minutes before the doctor ... his name.*  
 A) has sat, called  
 B) had been sitting, called  
 C) has been sitting, called  
 D) had sat, has called  
 E) sat, had called
18. *I ... on my book for a year when I ... it.*  
 A) had been working, published  
 B) have been working, published  
 C) have worked, shall publish  
 D) had worked, have published  
 E) worked, will publish
19. *He knew that she ... as her eyes ... red.*  
 A) is crying, was  
 B) has been crying, are  
 C) was crying, are  
 D) cried, is  
 E) had been crying, were
20. *I have been having a good time since ... .*  
 1. you have left  
 2. 2 hours  
 3. 11 o'clock  
 4. I returned home  
 5. they had gone  
 A) 3, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 4  
 D) 3, 5                      E) 2, 5



## TEST 6

[All the tense forms 6-15]

1. *Julia sometimes ... skiing when she ... in Germany.*  
 A) goes, lived B) went, lived  
 C) went, lives D) had gone, live  
 E) goes, will live
2. *The English seldom ... while going by train they ... to read newspapers.*  
 A) talks, prefer B) talked, prefer  
 C) talk, prefer D) talk, preferred  
 E) is talking, prefer
3. *I ... the letter before they came yesterday.*  
 A) got B) get C) have got  
 D) had got E) getting
4. *Jeihun ... him for 2 years before he ... him at yesterday's party.*  
 A) haven't seen, met  
 B) hadn't seen, met  
 C) hasn't seen, meets  
 D) didn't see, was meeting  
 E) doesn't see, will meet
5. *He ... in and ... Nelly who ... a picture.*  
 A) came,saw,was drawing  
 B) came,see,drew  
 C) came,saw,drew  
 D) came,saw,is drawing  
 E) coming,saw,is drawing
6. *Did John ... to drive a car?*  
 A) learnt you B) learn you  
 C) taught you D) teach you  
 E) teaches you
7. *My friend ... speak English.*  
 A) does B) didn't C) isn't  
 D) aren't E) don't
8. *The old man didn't know that the police ... his son.*  
 A) had been arresting  
 B) has been arresting  
 C) has already arrested  
 D) had already arrested  
 E) have already arrested
9. *Everybody ... that money ... on trees.*  
 A) know,doesn't grew  
 B) know,doesn't grown  
 C) is knowing,will not grow  
 D) knows,doesn't grow  
 E) knows,will be grown
10. *The curtain ... and the performance ... .*  
 A) rose, began B) raised, began  
 C) rised, began D) rose, begun  
 E) raised, begun
11. *When my father came in, I ... .*  
 1. was working 2. have worked  
 3. stood up 4. shall stand up  
 A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 4  
 D) 3, 4 E) 2, 3
12. *When she ... her room, she broke her reading lamp.*  
 A) will clean B) cleaned  
 C) was cleaning D) is cleaning  
 E) were cleaning
13. *If it ... rain tomorrow we'll have a picnic.*  
 A) wouldn't B) doesn't C) didn't  
 D) won't E) doesn't do

## TEST 7

14. *Every morning the sun ... in my bedroom windows and ... me up.*  
 A) shone, wakes      B) is shining, wakes  
 C) shines, wakes      D) shines, is waking  
 E) shine, wake
15. *My sister ... a letter for us last week.*  
 A) write      B) wrote      C) written  
 D) writing      E) have written
16. *Look at those clouds. Let's go inside, I think it ... rain.*  
 A) didn't      B) doesn't      C) had  
 D) will      E) was
17. *Merlyn ... the plane if she ... a taxi.*  
 A) has caught, took  
 B) will catch, doesn't take  
 C) won't catch, doesn't take  
 D) is taking, takes  
 E) catches, is taking
18. *While she ... a meal at 6 yesterday, they ... football in the yard.*  
 A) cooked, play  
 B) was cooking, were playing  
 C) is cooking, was playing  
 D) had cooked, are playing  
 E) was cooking, will play
19. *They ... her since 1995 and she ... for them for nearly 6 years.*  
 A) hadn't seen, is looking  
 B) haven't seen, hasn't been looking  
 C) didn't see, looked  
 D) saw, wasn't looking  
 E) have seen, haven't looked
20. *Her friend's family ... in a small village but now they live in London.*  
 A) is living      B) live      C) used to live  
 D) lives      E) had lived

1. *The cat ... you if you ... its tail.*  
 A) would scratch, pull  
 B) scratches, will pull  
 C) will scratch, pull  
 D) will scratch, pulled  
 E) should scratch, pulled
2. *Our English teacher ... us a lot of homework last week but he ... us any exercises lately.*  
 A) will give, didn't give  
 B) didn't give, didn't give  
 C) had given, hasn't gave  
 D) gave, hasn't given  
 E) was giving, gave
3. *Sandra ... a diploma when she ... from the university.*  
 A) will get, graduates  
 B) is getting, graduate  
 C) has got, will graduate  
 D) got, was graduating  
 E) gets, graduated
4. *The British Parliament ... of two Houses: the House of Lords and the House of Commons.*  
 A) is consisting      B) consists  
 C) consist      D) consisting  
 E) was consisting
5. *My friend always ... me the truth, but I see that she ... a lie now.*  
 A) tells, tells      B) tell, tells  
 C) tell, tell      D) tells, is telling  
 E) is telling, tells
6. *A: ... you ever ... to the new stadium?  
 B: Yes, I ... there last Saturday.*  
 A) Were .. be, was  
 B) Did ... be, were  
 C) Has ... been, has ... been  
 D) Have ... been, have ... been  
 E) Have ... been, was

## Tense Forms

7. ... *she ... a good time?*  
 1. Does, have                      2. Is, having  
 3. Has, got                          4. Did, has  
 A) 3, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 4  
 D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 2
8. *If you ... English and computer well, you ... a highly paid job more easily.*  
 A) are learning, find  
 B) learned, found  
 C) will learn, find  
 D) learn, will find  
 E) learned, have find
9. *He ... that the police ... his stolen car.*  
 1. hopes, will find  
 2. hoped, will find  
 3. hopes, has found  
 4. hoped, would find  
 A) 1, 2                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 3  
 D) 2, 4                      E) 3, 4
10. *It is very cloudy. I am sure it's ... .*  
 A) rained                      B) going to rain                      C) rain  
 D) rains                      E) will rain
11. *Excuse me, but you ... on my foot.*  
 A) was standing                      B) are standing  
 C) stood                      D) will stand  
 E) would stand
12. *... you ... any good films recently?*  
 A) Do, see                      B) Have, seen  
 C) Did, see                      D) Will, see  
 E) Are, see
13. *When she married him, she hoped that they ... a good couple.*  
 A) will be                      B) would be                      C) had been  
 D) are being                      E) been
14. *Who knows what they ... at their new place next year?*  
 A) are, doing                      B) were, doing  
 C) will, do                      D) shall, done  
 E) do, do
15. *We didn't know that our mother ... .*  
 A) comes                      B) coming  
 C) was coming                      D) will come  
 E) is coming
16. *Sara ... that it ... easy to calm her little brother down.*  
 A) understood, won't be  
 B) understand, won't be  
 C) understand, will be  
 D) understood, wouldn't be  
 E) understood, will be
17. *If I ... I should go with you.*  
 A) have time                      B) have money  
 C) wasn't busy                      D) am free  
 E) am not busy
18. *We'll go to the park if it ... cold.*  
 A) didn't                      B) wasn't                      C) isn't  
 D) doesn't                      E) aren't
19. *They ... at Araz courses for 7 months.*  
 A) studied                      B) have studied  
 C) studies                      D) is studying  
 E) study
20. *Do you know Jack ... next week?*  
 A) will come                      B) come  
 C) coming                      D) was coming  
 E) is going come

## TEST 8

1. *I ... you know immediately when the telegram*

...  
A) shall let, arrived  
B) shall let, arrive  
C) shall let, arrives  
D) should let, has arrived  
E) had let, arrives

2. *The students ... the test when the bell ...*

1. hadn't finished, rung  
2. will finish, rang  
3. will finish, rings  
4. hadn't finished, rang  
A) 1, 2                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 3, 4                      E) 3, 2

3. *If you don't ... smoking you'll never get better.*

A) give from              B) give out              C) give off  
D) go on                      E) give up

4. *They usually ... apples in the market.*

A) have been buying    B) have bought  
C) buy                      D) are buying  
E) had bought

5. *When I ... in the park I ... an old strange looking man.*

A) walked, saw  
B) walk, see  
C) was walking, saw  
D) has been walking, saw  
E) walked, see

6. *Little Elvin ... asleep when he ... cartoons.*

1. falls, was watching  
2. fell, was watching  
3. falls, watches  
4. falls, will watch  
A) 3, 4                      B) 2, 4                      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 4                      E) 1, 3

7. *Sometimes everything ... so boring for me.*

A) become              B) had become              C) becomes  
D) has become              E) will become

8. *What time ... the train arrive at the station?*

1. do                      2. did                      3. is                      4. does  
A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 3                      E) 3, 4

9. *She ... she ... him very much now.*

A) say, loves              B) say, love  
C) saying, loves              D) says, is loving  
E) says, loves

10. *I ... to see you tomorrow, but now I don't have time.*

A) was coming              B) shall come  
C) coming                      D) come  
E) came

11. *I ... on my book at the moment and I think I ... it by the end of this year.*

A) am working, shall have finished  
B) have worked, finished  
C) was working, have finished  
D) worked, was finishing  
E) shall work, am finishing

12. *If you ... careful, you ... the vase.*

A) are, will break  
B) are, would break  
C) are not, will break  
D) will not be, will break  
E) will not, will break

13. *Tomas ... a book from the shelf and ... for it.*

A) took, was paying              B) was taking, paid  
C) took, paid                      D) has taken, paid  
E) takes, has paid

TEST 9

14. *Do you know what time the train ... ?*  
 A) shall leave      B) leave      C) has left  
 D) going to leave      E) leaves

15. *She ... the ball up and ... it again.*  
 A) threw, caught  
 B) thrown, caught  
 C) throw, catch  
 D) throws, catch  
 E) thrown, catches

16. *Please, open the door quietly. Flora... in that room.*  
 A) is going to sleeps      B) slept  
 C) will sleep      D) is sleeping  
 E) sleeps

17. *San Francisco ... to the north of Los Angeles.*  
 A) raises      B) lies      C) lays  
 D) rises      E) sets

18. *The weather forecast says it ... tomorrow.*  
 A) was snowing      B) snows  
 C) is going to snow      D) snowed  
 E) snowing

19. *Don't worry! When the phone ... I'll answer it.*  
 A) is going to ring      B) will ring      C) rings  
 D) ring      E) rang

20. *When we got the station, our bus ... already ...*  
 A) has, left      B) leaves      C) is, leaving  
 D) were, left      E) had, left

1. *I think everything ... clear as soon as he ... our letter.*  
 A) will become, receives  
 B) becomes, receives  
 C) became, receive  
 D) became, receiving  
 E) will become, receive

2. *They ... before we arrived last Sunday.*  
 A) had phoned  
 B) will have phoned  
 C) are phoning  
 D) phone  
 E) have been phoning

3. - *Where are you going?*  
 - *Nowhere. I ... just ...*  
 A) have, walk      B) was, walking  
 C) shall, walk      D) am, walking  
 E) am, walked

4. *I ... the problem by yesterday.*  
 A) will solve      B) have solved  
 C) will have solved      D) had solved  
 E) was solving

5. *The young man ... for that job some time ago, but he ... it yet.*  
 A) applied, didn't get  
 B) had applied, hasn't got  
 C) had applied, hadn't got  
 D) applied, hasn't got  
 E) has applied, hasn't got

6. *Sara said that somebody ... her computer.*  
 A) breaks      B) is breaking      C) broke  
 D) has broken      E) had broken

7. *The bright sunlight ... her at once although she ... very late the previous night.*  
 A) was waking, sleeps  
 B) woke, is sleeping  
 C) wakes, has slept  
 D) has woken, sleep  
 E) woke, had slept

## Tense Forms

8. *Elnur ...at the corner ... a long time.*  
 A) stands, since  
 B) was standing, in  
 C) has stood, since  
 D) has been standing, for  
 E) is stand, for
9. *I ... you back when I ... the money.*  
 1. shall pay, have                      2. pay, will have  
 3. paid, was having                      4. should pay, had  
 A) 1, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 2, 3  
 D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 4
10. *When we ... in Tabriz we often ... its historical places such as Ark Tower.*  
 A) have been, visit                      B) were, visited  
 C) will be, have visited                      D) are, had visited  
 E) were, had visited
11. *Jane was afraid she ... the documents somewhere, but fortunately she ... them in the lecture hall.*  
 A) left, found                      B) has left, find  
 C) had left, found                      D) was leaving, found  
 E) left, was finding
12. *Halley's Comet, which ... by our planet every 76 years, last ... by our planet in 1986.*  
 A) was passing, came  
 B) is passing, came  
 C) passed, comes  
 D) pass, came  
 E) passes, came
13. *When he ... into the room, Sue ... a letter to her friend.*  
 A) came, was writing  
 B) comes, were writing  
 C) will come, will write  
 D) came, were writing  
 E) came, is writing
14. *The children ... with the cat, when mother ... in.*  
 A) play, came  
 B) were playing, came  
 C) played, has come  
 D) plays, comes  
 E) will play, come
15. *The rain ... and the sun ... now.*  
 A) will stops, will shine  
 B) stopped, shine  
 C) has stopped, is shining  
 D) stop, is shining  
 E) had stopped, is shining
16. *– ... you ever ... to Hawaii?*  
*– Not yet.*  
 A) Did, be                      B) Were, –  
 C) Has, been                      D) Have, been  
 E) Had, been
17. *They ... no time at the moment to help us.*  
 A) were having                      B) had                      C) has  
 D) are having                      E) have
18. *When ... this car?*  
 A) have you bought                      B) did you buy  
 C) you bought                      D) has she bought  
 E) do they bought
19. *By the end of last month, we ... married for 7 years.*  
 A) get                      B) are                      C) have  
 D) are going to                      E) had been
20. *Let's repeat our lessons while mother ... the meal.*  
 A) prepared                      B) was preparing  
 C) is preparing                      D) will prepare  
 E) prepare

## TEST 10

1. *It ... raining and the sun ... shining when we reached there.*  
A) stop, was  
B) stopped, was  
C) is stopping, is  
D) had stopped, was  
E) had stopped, had been
2. *When I ... into his office at 11 o'clock, he ... his coffee.*  
A) have gone, had  
B) go, has had  
C) was going, has  
D) will go, will has  
E) went, was having
3. *Kate ... hungry, so she ... anything.*  
A) were, eat  
B) had been, doesn't eat  
C) was, ate  
D) wasn't, didn't eat  
E) has been, has eaten
4. *Nick ... any letters since he ... in London*  
A) has not written, arrived  
B) had not written, arrives  
C) had written, arrives  
D) had not written, arrive  
E) has not written, arrive
5. *If you ... your examination we ... a celebration.*  
A) don't pass, shall have  
B) pass, shall have  
C) shall pass, shall have  
D) pass, have  
E) won't pass, shall have
6. *My brother ... well again recently.*  
A) becomes  
B) has not  
C) will not be  
D) has not been  
E) weren't

7. *The supporters are happy now because their team ...*  
A) would win  
B) had won  
C) won  
D) has won  
E) will won
8. *It was the first time she ... ever ... a prize.*  
A) has, won  
B) had, won  
C) doesn't, win  
D) will, win  
E) was, won
9. *You're always late. This is the second time you ... late this week.*  
A) had been  
B) were  
C) have been  
D) will be  
E) didn't be
10. *I think most of the students ... the best universities next year.*  
A) is going to enter  
B) enter  
C) entered  
D) will enter  
E) will entering
11. *Centuries ago the people ... this castle to defend themselves from the enemies.*  
A) build  
B) have built  
C) had built  
D) will build  
E) built
12. *E. Hemingway ... to work when he was 16 years old.*  
A) will begin  
B) began  
C) is beginning  
D) begins  
E) begin
13. *Everybody ... football now.*  
A) shall like  
B) like  
C) liked  
D) likes  
E) is liking
14. *Let's go into the dining-room where both the tea and the coffee ... on the table.*  
A) are  
B) is  
C) was  
D) weren't  
E) had been



## TEST 11

15. *Peter ... on the sofa while his mother ... the table.*

1. was lying, was laying
2. was laying, was lying
3. was sitting, was laying
4. was lying, was lying
- A) 2, 3      B) 1, 3      C) 3, 4
- D) 1, 2      E) 1, 4

16. *Please, ... until the plane ... .*

- A) not smoke, takes off
- B) never smoke, will take off
- C) don't smoke, had taken off
- D) don't smoke, took off
- E) don't smoke, takes off

17. *The pupils ... that they ... English harder.*

- A) promised, would study
- B) promise, would study
- C) promised, will study
- D) has promised, would study
- E) has promised, will study

18. *I can't answer the call. I ... up.*

- A) wash      B) was washing
- C) am washed      D) have washed
- E) am washing

19. *Our students ... that they ... no mistakes in the test-paper.*

- A) hoped, have      B) hope, won't have
- C) hoped, will have      D) hope, will have
- E) will hope, had had

20. *She ... for an hour when she ... a strange voice.*

- A) has slept, heard
- B) had slept, was heard
- C) did sleep, had heard
- D) had slept, heard
- E) has slept, hears

1. *The man said: The police ... yet.*

- A) doesn't arrive      B) don't arrive
- C) haven't arrived      D) hasn't arrived
- E) have arrived

2. *Don't let him go out because he ... his home work yet.*

- A) has done      B) didn't do
- C) doesn't do      D) hasn't done
- E) had done

3. *Muslims ... to mosques to worship and pray but Christians ... to churches.*

- A) will go, went      B) are going, going
- C) go, go      D) had gone, had been
- E) went, go

4. *It is raining hard. It ... an hour ago and ... yet.*

- A) started, hasn't stopped
- B) start, doesn't stop
- C) has started, didn't stop
- D) was starting, isn't stopping
- E) started, didn't stopped

5. *The thieves ... the flat before the police ... .*

- A) left, were arriving
- B) had left, had arrived
- C) have left, have arrived
- D) were leaving, arrive
- E) had left, arrived

6. *He ... his grandmother yesterday, because she ... ill for two weeks.*

- A) visited, had been      B) had visited, was
- C) visited, has been      D) visit, is
- E) has visited, has been

## Tense Forms

7. *Picasso promised that he ... the best picture in the world.*  
 A) will draw                      B) would draw  
 C) draws                          D) drew  
 E) is going to draw
8. *Jane ... if Mr. Stone ... the British Museum.*  
 A) asks, would visited  
 B) asked, would visit  
 C) had asked, will visit  
 D) asked, would visited  
 E) is asking, is going visit
9. *You ...the delegations in York if you ... a little longer.*  
 A) will see, will wait  
 B) see, will wait  
 C) would see, are waiting  
 D) will see, wait  
 E) will see, waited
10. *We ... happy since Roger returned.*  
 A) will be              B) are being    C) are  
 D) were                E) have been
11. *I ... the lesson now.*  
 A) understand  
 B) understood  
 C) am understanding  
 D) have understood  
 E) will understand
12. *Last year I ... to school every day.*  
 A) was walking              B) walked  
 C) had walked              D) have walked  
 E) walk
13. *Please, give me some money. I ... any now.*  
 A) haven't got              B) didn't have  
 C) don't have got              D) have got  
 E) am not having
14. *Yes, there will be some more changes in the picture because I ... it yet.*  
 A) didn't finish              B) haven't finished  
 C) hadn't finished              D) don't finish  
 E) have finished
15. *A diamond ... much more money than gold.*  
 A) will costs              B) is costing              C) costs  
 D) are costing              E) cost
16. *The sergeant ... us not to leave the building because somebody ... outside.*  
 A) was telling, is shot  
 B) tells, was shooting  
 C) tells, are shooting  
 D) told, were shooting  
 E) told, was shooting
17. *You ... till your temperature ... down.*  
 A) won't go out, comes  
 B) would go out, comes  
 C) will not go out, will come  
 D) do not go out, come  
 E) won't go out, came
18. *She plays tennis at the sports complex ... .*  
 1. every Saturday  
 2. twice a week  
 3. usually  
 4. always  
 A) 1, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 2, 4  
 D) 1, 3                      E) 1, 2
19. *Queen Victoria who died in 1901 ... her husband very much.*  
 A) loved                      B) has loved              C) would love  
 D) was loving              E) loves
20. *Checking up Kate's answers the teacher ... out that she ... several mistakes.*  
 A) found, was making  
 B) found, has make  
 C) finds, has made  
 D) found, made  
 E) found , had made

## TEST 12

1. *Madam, you ... a little late now, the performance ...*  
 A) are, had just begun  
 B) were, had already begun  
 C) are being, is beginning  
 D) are, has already begun  
 E) have been, has already begun
2. *There is a book on my desk but it ... to me.*  
 A) doesn't belong      B) belong  
 C) isn't belong      D) don't belong  
 E) belonging
3. *Wars never ... happiness to anyone.*  
 A) bring      B) has brought  
 C) brings      D) bringing  
 E) have brought
4. *The plane ... to London every Monday.*  
 A) flies      B) fly      C) flied  
 D) flying      E) flown
5. *She ... to know when the invaders ... the country.*  
 A) wanted, will leave  
 B) wanted, have left  
 C) wants, will leave  
 D) wanted, had leave  
 E) want, have left
6. *My brother ... never ... to London.*  
 A) have, been      B) hasn't, been  
 C) had, been      D) -, was  
 E) has, been
7. *If you ..., I ... the police.*  
 A) shan't leave, will call  
 B) don't leave, shall call  
 C) will leave, call  
 D) leaves, won't call  
 E) will leave, shall call
8. *... the Dickens ... many motorbikes now?*  
 A) Do, have      B) Is, having  
 C) Are, having      D) Did, have  
 E) Does, have
9. *After the storm ... quiet, the sun ... to shine brightly.*  
 A) became, had begun  
 B) had become, began  
 C) had become, begun  
 D) is becoming, is beginning  
 E) becomes, has begun
10. *As soon as you ... Nick, tell him I ... to see him.*  
 A) will see, want      B) see, am wanting  
 C) see, wanted      D) saw, want  
 E) see, want
11. *The weather forecast says it ... sunny tomorrow.*  
 A) shall be      B) will be      C) is  
 D) was      E) has
12. *A burglar ... someone who ... a house to steal valuables.*  
 A) is, has entered      B) is, was entering  
 C) is, enters      D) was, are entering  
 E) is, entered
13. *Don't disturb Jennie, she ... for her music lesson.*  
 A) had practised      B) practised  
 C) practises      D) will practise  
 E) is practising

## TEST 13

14. *If I ... that villa, I ... you a big dinner.*

- A) buy, would give
- B) buy, shall give
- C) buy, gave
- D) bought, shall give
- E) shall buy, will give

15. *He found everything rather strange, as he ... never ... abroad before.*

- A) had, been
- B) has, been
- C) has, was
- D) will, been
- E) had be

16. *Listen! Somebody ... an English song.*

- A) sings
- B) is singing
- C) was singing
- D) sang
- E) has sung

17. *The family ... dinner before I ... home.*

- A) was having, arrive
- B) had had, arrived
- C) has had, arrived
- D) have had, arrived
- E) was having, arriving

18. *Alex ... the manager some money, ... his cases and ... to his room.*

- A) paid, took, went up
- B) paid, took, was going up
- C) had paid, took, had gone
- D) will pay, take, goes up
- E) paid, takes, went up

19. *Nick ... any letters since he ... the army.*

- A) had written, has joined
- B) had not written, had joined
- C) has not written, joined
- D) has written, joins
- E) hadn't written, joins

20. *You ... a well-paid job if you ... your English successfully.*

- A) will find, improve
- B) find, will improve
- C) have found, will improve
- D) had found, had improved
- E) will find, will improve

1. *Mary ... some of the plates when she ... them into the hall.*

- A) has broken, was carrying
- B) was breaking, had carried
- C) broke, was carrying
- D) had broken, is carrying
- E) broke, has carried

2. *The meeting .... before Jacky ... at the office.*

- A) had begun, had arrived
- B) had began, arrived
- C) began, had arrived
- D) has begun, arrived
- E) had begun, arrived

3. *The Chinese ... tea first in the world. Everybody ... tea as a hot drink since that time.*

- A) has used, is using
- B) used, used
- C) used, have been using
- D) used, has been using
- E) had used, had used

4. *He ... ill last week, but he ... today.*

- A) was, has recovered
- B) is, has recovered
- C) was, recovered
- D) had been, recovered
- E) was, had recovered

5. *She ... that they ... in two weeks.*

- A) said, will return
- B) says, are going return
- C) said, have returned
- D) says, will returning
- E) says, will return

6. *Be quiet! The children ... their homework.*

- A) have prepared
- B) will prepare
- C) are preparing
- D) prepare
- E) are going prepare

7. *There ... not any money, Jack ... it.*

- A) were, has taken
- B) is, had taken
- C) was, had taken
- D) was, has taken
- E) was, took

## Tense Forms

8. *The man paining the walls ... so bad that he ... off the ladder.*  
 A) feels, fell      B) felt, fell      C) fell, felt  
 D) feel, fell      E) felt, fall
9. *I'm afraid I ... writing that letter yet.*  
 A) haven't finished      B) have finished  
 C) can't finish      D) have finish  
 E) had finished
10. *There ... no mail this week.*  
 A) has been      B) have been      C) hasn't been  
 D) was      E) had been
11. *David's hair ... fire when he ... chips.*  
 A) caught, was cooking  
 B) catch, is cooking  
 C) shall catch, cooks  
 D) has caught, cooked  
 E) had caught, cook
12. *We ... the telegram after Andrew ... the office.*  
 A) got, has left  
 B) has got, left  
 C) had got, had left  
 D) got, had left  
 E) shall get, will leave
13. *Mary ... the hall and ... the window after they went out.*  
 A) has entered, opened  
 B) had entered, opened  
 C) entered, opened  
 D) was entering, open  
 E) enters, opens
14. *He usually ... at the hotels but now he ... at one of his friends.*  
 A) stays, is staying      B) stay, is staying  
 C) stayed, was staying      D) stays, stays  
 E) is staying, stays
15. *Water ... at 0 Centigrade but it ... at 100 C.*  
 A) is freezing, boiling  
 B) freezes, boils  
 C) frozen, boiled  
 D) freeze, boil  
 E) will freezing, will boiling
16. *When Elizabeth II ... ten years old her father ... King George VI.*  
 A) was, become      B) was, became  
 C) was, was becoming      D) is, has become  
 E) was, had became
17. *They ... a lot of scientists, poets and educated people in 1937.*  
 A) had killed      B) killed      C) have killed  
 D) would kill      E) kill
18. *Some of your friends ... to your wedding ceremony if you ... them.*  
 A) will come, invite  
 B) would come, invited  
 C) will come, will invite  
 D) can come, invite  
 E) are going to come, invite
19. *... Jane returned.*  
 A) Mr. Rochester has left before  
 B) Mr. Rochester was leaving the house when  
 C) Mr. Rochester had been leave when  
 D) After Mr. Rochester was left  
 E) Mr. Rochester will leave
20. *I think David ... to London on Monday.*  
 A) will come      B) is going to come  
 C) won't come      D) will move  
 E) has come

## TEST 14

1. *The Titanic ... in the ocean in spite of its bigness.*

A) swim B) swum C) sunk  
D) sank E) think

2. *... he like to drive at night?*

A) Does B) Do C) Shall  
D) Is E) Was

3. *Ann ... to school yesterday because she ... ill.*

A) don't go, is B) doesn't go, was  
C) didn't go, isn't D) doesn't go, is  
E) didn't go, was

4. *The driver of the car ... when the accident ...*

A) was sleeping, happened  
B) slept, happened  
C) was sleeping, had happened  
D) sleeps, happens  
E) is sleeping, is happening

5. *In 1914, the First World War ... when Gavrilo ... Franz Ferdinand.*

A) began, shoot B) had begun, shot  
C) began, shot D) began, had shot  
E) began, was shot

6. *Jane ... into the room and ... on the sofa.*

A) came, sat B) come, sit  
C) came, sitted D) came, sits  
E) comes, sat

7. *I ... many new words in English last year.*

A) learn B) am learning  
C) learned D) learns  
E) shall learn

8. *Don't go into the bedroom, the baby ... there now.*

A) sleeps B) slept  
C) will sleep D) is sleeping  
E) sleep

9. *The teacher ... : Christopher Columbus ... America in 1492.*

A) said, discovers B) says, discovers  
C) says, discover D) said, discovered  
E) says, was discovering

10. *While the waiter ... up the broken glasses, he ... his finger.*

A) picks, cut  
B) was picking, cutting  
C) picked, was cutting  
D) picks, is cutting  
E) was picking, cut

11. *Sometimes she ... what the teacher ...*

A) is not understanding, says  
B) doesn't understand, says  
C) doesn't understands, is saying  
D) understand, says  
E) didn't understood, says

12. *Columbus ... America before James Cook ... Australia.*

A) had discovered, discovered  
B) discovered, discovered  
C) was discovered, had discovered  
D) was discovering, was discovering  
E) had discover, discover

13. *My son ... both chess and football now.*

A) like B) doesn't like C) isn't liking  
D) likes E) is liking

14. *It was very cold so we ... a fire to warm.*

A) have made B) makes C) make  
D) made E) shall made

TEST 15

15. *When you ... Ruslan ...almost a half of the report.*

- A) had arrived, wrote
- B) arrived, had written
- C) have arrived, was written
- D) was arriving, wrote
- E) will arrive, are writing

16. *When the boy ... that story he ... his skates and ... the hall.*

- A) hears, takes, left
- B) heard, took, leaves
- C) heard, took, left
- D) hears, took, left
- E) heard, takes, leaves

17. *If I ... that book, I ... it to you.*

- A) found, would sent
- B) find, shall send
- C) shall find, shall send
- D) find, shall sent
- E) found, will send

18. *Don't go into the room! David ... his home work now.*

- A) prepare
- B) is preparing
- C) prepared
- D) are preparing
- E) to prepare

19. – ... you ever ... to England?  
– Yes, I ... to London years ago.

- A) Didn't, go, have been
- B) Have, been, went
- C) Have, been, have been
- D) Had, been, had been
- E) Haven't, been, have been

20. *When he ... into the hall, everyone ... him.*

- A) came, applauded
- B) come, had applauded
- C) came, applaud
- D) comes, applaud
- E) come, applauds

1. *They ... to us only one letter since they ... married.*

- A) wrote,have been
- B) had written,have been
- C) wrote,were
- D) have written,were
- E) have written,had been

2. *My grandmother ... with my uncle and I ... her every weekend.*

- A) live, visit
- B) lives, visit
- C) is living, visiting
- D) lived, visits
- E) live, am visiting

3. *Sam ... every weekend in the country-side but he ... here last week.*

- A) has spent, has stayed
- B) spends, stayed
- C) spends, is staying
- D) will spend, will stay
- E) spends, will stay

4. *I usually ... my grandparents once a month but I ... to see them every Saturday when I was a child.*

- A) visit, go
- B) visit, went
- C) visited, go
- D) visit, shall go
- E) am visiting, am going

5. *Although they ... this film two times before, they ... to watch it again.*

- 1. have watched, want
- 2. watch, will want
- 3. watched, are wanting
- 4. had watched, wanted
- A) 1, 2
- B) 2, 3
- C) 1, 3
- D) 2, 4
- E) 1, 4

6. *Martin ... Laura if he ... to London.*

- A) will find, will go
- B) will find, goes
- C) will find, went
- D) found, would go
- E) finds, will goes



**güven**nəşriyyatı

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**TEST 1**

**Choose the correct modal verb(s).**

1. *Tom ... help his parents yesterday.*  
A) must      B) have      C) had to  
D) may      E) shall able
2. - ... *I invite our neighbours to my birthday party?*  
- *No, you ... . Your father has already done it.*  
A) May, have to      B) May, needn't  
C) Can, may      D) Mustn't, need  
E) Might, needn't
3. *I've hurt my leg so badly that I ... move.*  
A) ought      B) haven't to      C) can't  
D) hadn't to      E) was able to
4. *If I have enough money I ... buy this coat.*  
A) shall be able      B) shall able to  
C) shall be able to      D) shall able  
E) be able
5. *Azerbaijan ... to organize the Song Contest in a high level.*  
1. have      2. ought      3. will can  
4. will has      5. will be able  
A) 1, 2, 4      B) 2, 3, 5      C) 2, 5  
D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4
6. *The director said that he ... sell his Mercedes because he had debts.*  
A) could to      B) has to      C) must  
D) was able      E) had to
7. *We ... take a taxi to get home in time yesterday.*  
A) must      B) hadn't to      C) have to  
D) had to      E) were able
8. *We ... be helpful to others.*  
1. should      2. has to  
3. must      4. haven't to  
A) 2, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 3  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2
9. *We ... travel by ship to Rome last week.*  
A) were able      B) had to      C) must  
D) can      E) may
10. *It is raining. You ... take your umbrella.*  
A) has to      B) need      C) can't  
D) ought      E) should
11. *It's very hot. Your son ... to take off his jacket.*  
A) should      B) have      C) must  
D) ought      E) would
12. *The road was so icy that she ... to work.*  
A) will drive      B) doesn't drive  
C) can't drive      D) couldn't drive  
E) has to drive
13. *Put some food in your bag – the journey ... take hours.*  
A) is able to      B) may      C) ought  
D) need      E) hasn't to
14. *I ... visit her there tomorrow again.*  
A) shall be able      B) must be      C) had to  
D) needed      E) shall have to
15. *Jack ... to go as quickly as he ... for not being late for the lecture.*  
A) must, was able      B) has, have  
C) mustn't, has      D) had, could  
E) hasn't, can
16. *As I was in a hurry, I ... to take a taxi.*  
A) could      B) had      C) have to  
D) may      E) was able to
17. *Aysel ... take warm clothes, as the weather will be too hot.*  
1. needn't      2. shouldn't  
3. hasn't to      4. don't have  
A) 1, 2      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3, 4  
D) 1, 2, 4      E) 3, 4
18. *Tom ... drive to work, I ... take him in my car.*  
1. needn't, can      2. didn't have to, could  
3. shouldn't, ought      4. was able, might  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 4      E) 1, 2
19. *We ... go home immediately.*  
1. should      2. have to      3. had  
4. haven't to      5. ought to  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 2, 5      C) 1, 4, 5  
D) 2, 3      E) 1, 3, 4
20. *When I was thirteen, I ... swim well.*  
A) am able to      B) may      C) could  
D) was able      E) must

TEST 2

1. *Do you think I ... phone to apologize?*  
A) ought                      B) were able to  
C) might to                  D) should  
E) has to
2. *You ... steal other people's property.*  
A) needn't to                  B) mustn't                  C) should  
D) was able to                  E) has to
3. *Tell John that he ... go home. The work is going to finish and I don't need him.*  
A) may                      B) have to                  C) are able to  
D) mustn't                  E) ought not to
4. - *Where's Jeihun?*  
- *He ... upstairs. But I'm not sure.*  
A) can                      B) may be                  C) have to be  
D) might                      E) must
5. *I think she ... attend the interview on June 4.*  
A) need to                      B) is able                      C) could have  
D) shall have to                  E) will be able to
6. *When will you ... come and see us in our new house?*  
A) have                      B) be able to                  C) must  
D) can                      E) should
7. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
1. *We ... forget Khojali Tragedy.*  
2. *You ... light a cigarette at a petrol station.*  
A) mustn't                      B) haven't to  
C) shouldn't to                  D) ought  
E) shan't able to

8. *She has quite a good eyesight, that's why she ... wear glasses.*  
A) has to                      B) have to  
C) didn't has to                  D) doesn't have to  
E) hasn't to
9. Match the parts of the sentences.  
1. A good driver ... exceed the speed limit.  
2. Children, you ... to play with matches!  
3. You ... wear your coat – it's not cold.  
a) needn't                      b) must  
c) shouldn't                      d) haven't  
e) don't have  
A) 1-c, 2-e, 3-a                      B) 1-c, 2-a, 3-d  
C) 1-d, 2-c, 1-e                      D) 1-e, 2-b, 3-c  
E) 1-b, 3-e, 2-d
10. *Though it was dark we ... see the white ship in the distance.*  
A) can                      B) could                      C) must  
D) have to                      E) were able
11. *Paul's wife became ill in the middle of the night and he ... call the doctor.*  
A) has to                      B) can                      C) could  
D) had to                      E) must
12. *... I be of any service to you?*  
A) Can                      B) Be able to                  C) Has to  
D) Had to                      E) Have to
13. *I'm afraid I ... come to your party next week. I ... finish my work.*  
1. am not able to, have to  
2. ought, should to  
3. can't, must  
4. may not, needn't  
A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 3, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 2, 3

TEST 3

14. "The flat is in a good condition now, so you ... move at any time" - said the painter.  
A) can B) couldn't C) could  
D) mayn't E) haven't

15. ... you find him yesterday?  
A) Can B) Can't C) Must  
D) May E) Couldn't

16. I ... to help you. I'm very busy.  
A) am not able B) couldn't C) can't  
D) can E) may

17. He ... to come tomorrow. He is too busy.  
A) couldn't B) will have not  
C) will not be able D) can't  
E) mustn't

18. You ... eat in the lecture hall.  
A) mustn't B) haven't to C) must  
D) need E) don't have

19. I'm very tired, I ... go to bed.  
A) had to B) can C) mustn't  
D) has to E) have to

20. How many modal verbs are correct?  
I hurt my leg badly, so I ... move.  
was able to, couldn't, hadn't to, ought, could  
A) 2 B) 1 C) 3  
D) 4 E) 5

1. Hans ... to skate better than the other boys and he won the first prize.  
A) must B) was not able C) could  
D) can E) was able

2. "The patient ... to stay in bed for ten days", ordered the doctor.  
A) have B) be able C) should  
D) must E) has

3. It was very difficult to hear: I ... understand what she was saying.  
A) was able to B) hadn't to C) couldn't  
D) can't E) wasn't able

4. I had some friends in town, so I ... stay in a hotel.  
A) hadn't to B) don't have to C) didn't need  
D) needed E) didn't have to

5. I ... repeat everything once more because they ... hear anything I said.  
A) had to, could to B) didn't have, could  
C) had to, could D) hadn't to, could  
E) had to, couldn't

6. Their daughter ... say anything until she was three years old.  
A) could B) wasn't able C) hadn't  
D) had to E) couldn't

7. Match the parts of the sentences.  
1. You look pale. You ... to go to the doctor.  
2. Everbody ... take books from the library.  
3. She eats too much chocolate. She really ... stop it.  
a) should b) has to c) must  
d) ought e) can  
A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-e B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-e  
C) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a D) 1-d, 2-e, 3-a  
E) 1-a, 2-e, 3-b

## Modal Verbs

8. - Jack ... to wait in this case, doesn't he ?  
- Yes, and then he ... to leave at once.  
A) haven't, can  
B) will have, must  
C) hasn't , can  
D) ought, may  
E) has, will have
9. Choose the correct sentence with the modal verb.  
A) You may use my dictionary when you want  
B) They must work in the garden yesterday  
C) My little brother can play the piano well last year.  
D) The pupils may to go home after lessons  
E) How could you to betray me like that?
10. The adviser told Teddy she ... leave and ... come if she didn't want to.  
A) could, would able to  
B) may, had to  
C) would be able, would have to  
D) might, could to  
E) might, wouldn't have to
11. You ... leave your car unlocked. This place is full of thieves.  
A) mustn't      B) needn't      C) couldn't  
D) should      E) have to
12. We ... get off the train when it is going.  
A) aren't able      B) haven't to  
C) must      D) mustn't  
E) may
13. The store was very dark and Fred ... see the things he needed there.  
A) could      B) can      C) couldn't  
D) had to      E) can not
14. Paul: ... come in?  
The manager: Yes, come in and have a seat, please.  
A) Am I able      B) May I      C) Had I  
D) Must I      E) Have I
15. I ... hear you, please, speak loudly.  
A) can't      B) ought      C) mustn't  
D) may      E) was not able to
16. We cannot hear you. You ... speak a bit more loudly.  
A) should      B) ought      C) haven't to  
D) are able to      E) had to
17. You ... come tomorrow if you have anything else to do.  
A) needn't to      B) needn't  
C) don't need      D) will not need  
E) need not to
18. Tom is strong. He ... lift that heavy box.  
A) can be      B) used to      C) be able to  
D) can't      E) can
19. Saleh ... wait for us at the station yesterday.  
1. has to      2. had to  
3. must      4. didn't have to  
A) 2, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 3  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2
20. My little daughter ... write, but she ... draw.  
A) can't, cannot      B) cannot, can  
C) isn't able, can      D) may, must not  
E) can, can

TEST 4

1. *Applicants often ... to complete an application form before they have a job interview.*

A) must                      B) have                      C) ought to  
D) had                      E) should

2. *Arthur ... stand all the way as there were no vacant seats on the bus.*

A) had to                      B) didn't has to  
C) will be able to                      D) must  
E) didn't have to

3. *When you come to London again, you ... come and see us.*

1. would                      2. should  
3. have to                      4. ought  
A) 1, 2                      B) 1, 4                      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3                      E) 2, 4

4. How many variants are correct?  
*He ... do it later.*

1. hasn't to                      2. can                      3. had  
4. should                      5. ought  
A) 3                      B) 1                      C) 4  
D) 2                      E) 5

5. *Hans ... walk to the city centre, because he ... to start the engine of his car.*

A) had to, wasn't able  
B) must, can  
C) have to, isn't able  
D) had not, could  
E) ought, wasn't able

6. *Michael didn't learn the last themes, and he ... answer most of the questions at the final exam.*

A) can hardly                      B) couldn't hardly  
C) could hardly                      D) could  
E) wasn't able hardly

7. *Look! That sign means that you ... smoke here.*

A) may                      B) haven't to                      C) cannot  
D) mustn't                      E) needn't to

8. *The old man said: Boys, this lift is just only for four people, it ... lift nine of you at a time.*

A) weren't able                      B) isn't able                      C) can  
D) cannot                      E) may not

9. Choose the correct sentences with the modal verbs.

1. Has he to help his friends?  
2. Does he ought to do this work by himself?  
3. You should to wear this shirt.  
4. We'll be able to translate that article tomorrow.  
5. He ought not to wear such clothes  
A) 4, 5                      B) 1, 5                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 4                      E) 3, 5

10. *Jack, you ... ring the bell, I have got a key.*

A) haven't to                      B) may  
C) don't need                      D) needn't  
E) shouldn't to

11. *Leonardo da Vinci ... draw very well in his childhood.*

A) could                      B) will able to                      C) is able  
D) can                      E) has to

12. Choose the **wrong** variants.

*You ... come too early. You ... stay there till 8 o'clock.*  
1. hadn't to, might  
2. don't need, may  
3. don't have to, may  
4. needn't, can  
A) 1, 3                      B) 2, 3                      C) 2, 4                      D) 1, 2  
E) 1, 4

13. *You will probably ... see my house soon.*

A) able to                      B) can                      C) be able  
D) must                      E) be able to

TEST 5

14. *A: I'm getting a bit fatter.*  
*B: ...*  
 A) You shouldn't eat so much  
 B) You might eat a bit more  
 C) You can't be hungry  
 D) You ought to eat a lot  
 E) You could eat with us
15. *The man: ... I smoke here?*  
*The stewardess: You ... , sir. It's forbidden to have a smoke on the board.*  
 A) Can, are allowed to  
 B) May, mustn't  
 C) May, haven't to  
 D) May, mayn't to  
 E) Should, don't have
16. *The principal said: You ... be late for work but I ... come at any time.*  
 A) hadn't to, could    B) mustn't, can  
 C) didn't have, could    D) mustn't, am able  
 E) haven't to, can
17. *The man ... to wait until the boss comes.*  
 A) hasn't to    B) had    C) mustn't  
 D) will have    E) don't have
18. *A student ... to study four years to get a bachelor degree.*  
 A) will able    B) must    C) can  
 D) are allowed    E) has
19. *Neither you nor your classmates ... be late for the lessons.*  
 A) must    B) don't have to    C) need to  
 D) mustn't    E) are allowed
20. Choose the **incorrect** modal verb.  
*The principal: It's one of our main rules. The students ... come to school in a uniform.*  
 A) must    B) have to    C) should  
 D) ought to    E) haven't to

1. *Mr. Collin is ill. The doctors say that he ... walk in a week's time.*  
 A) doesn't have    B) would be able to  
 C) must to    D) could  
 E) will be able to
2. Choose the sentences with the correct modal verb.  
 1. I wasn't able to cross the river because of the storm.  
 2. He hasn't to be late for work.  
 3. You need much practice to speak fluently.  
 4. The pupils must to learn this poem by heart.  
 5. The invaders have to leave the occupied lands.  
 A) 3,5    B) 2,4    C) 1,5    D) 1,3    E) 2,5
3. *We ... to catch the bus so we ... to take a taxi to the concert.*  
 A) shall have to, haven't  
 B) haven't been able, need  
 C) couldn't, had  
 D) hadn't been able, had  
 E) had been able, hadn't
4. *The police ... find out yet how the murderer ... enter Mr. Lee's study.*  
 A) could, had been able to  
 B) hadn't been able to, could  
 C) hasn't been able to, could  
 D) couldn't, won't able to  
 E) haven't been able to, could
5. Choose the correct sentence with the modal verb.  
 A) Miss Elizabeth didn't have anything to share with you.  
 B) Must you to send this letter now?  
 C) You haven't to enter the operation room.  
 D) You shouldn't eat much or you'll get fatter.  
 E) These buildings need to be completely repainted.
6. *She spoke in a very low voice, but I ... understand what she said.*  
 A) can    B) could    C) have to  
 D) couldn't    E) hadn't to



## Modal Verbs

7. Choose the correct sentence with the modal verb.  
 A) Do you have enough time to wait for the boss?  
 B) Were you able to find the password?  
 C) You must to wait till the boss come.  
 D) You need a taxi to arrive at the concert in time.  
 E) The door is open, you needn't the key.
8. *This is a very easy question, I think you ... find the answer by yourself.*  
 A) are able to      B) can't      C) will able to  
 D) need to      E) haven't to
9. *Policemen ... wear a uniform when they are at work.*  
 A) must to      B) could      C) might  
 D) had to      E) must
10. *You ... go much nearer to the exhibits but you ... touch them.*  
 A) may not, mustn't      B) may, mustn't  
 C) can, have      D) had to, may  
 E) can't, must to
11. *You ... smoke in the hospital.*  
 A) haven't to      B) must to      C) mustn't  
 D) don't have      E) will not able to
12. *You ... go into the forbidden zone, you ... show your passport first.*  
 A) may, haven't to  
 B) haven't to, must  
 C) won't able to, are able to  
 D) can, don't have  
 E) mustn't, have to
13. *Nobody ... pass the exam because it was very difficult.*  
 A) couldn't      B) was able to  
 C) can      D) needs  
 E) is able to
14. *Last year William ... speak Japanese, but now he ...*  
 A) can, cannot      B) could, can  
 C) couldn't, could      D) couldn't, can  
 E) cannot, can
15. *If you don't feel better you ... go to bed.*  
 A) ought      B) should      C) don't have to  
 D) needn't      E) can't
16. *Every one ... be ready to protect our motherland now.*  
 A) had to      B) will able to      C) have to  
 D) has to      E) must to
17. *I ... retake the exam but Peter didn't.*  
 A) had to      B) must      C) should  
 D) can      E) may
18. *What time do you think we ... go home?*  
 A) would      B) should      C) ought  
 D) must to      E) shall be able
19. *There was no bus, so we ... to walk home.*  
 A) have      B) had      C) must  
 D) should      E) hadn't
20. *Kate likes to relax in the evenings, but sometimes she has a meeting she ... to go to.*  
 A) should      B) must      C) has  
 D) don't need      E) was able to

TEST 1

1. Choose the sentences in the Passive Voice.
  1. He was talented so we couldn't say anything.
  2. Is the idea butter is made from milk true?
  3. Mary doesn't know anything about the picture painted by me .
  4. Were the people invited to the party your friends?
  5. He was sorry because my watch couldn't be repaired.
  6. Was the dinner cooked by Mary tasty?

A) 2, 4, 6      B) 1, 5, 6      C) 2, 5  
D) 2, 3, 4      E) 1, 3, 5
2. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*We took him to the hospital yesterday.*

A) He was took to the hospital yesterday.  
B) He was taken to the hospital yesterday.  
C) He is taken to the hospital yesterday.  
D) He is been taken to the hospital yesterday.  
E) He was take to the hospital yesterday.
3. Choose the sentences in the Passive Voice.
  1. Was the game played yesterday ?
  2. Was the game played yesterday was exciting?
  3. Was the game played yesterday exciting?
  4. Was the game played in time?

A) 1, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4
4. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*I posted the letter by mistake 2 days ago.*

A) The letter was posted by I 2 days ago.  
B) The letter is posted by me.  
C) The letter posted me by mistake.  
D) The letter was posted by I by mistake 2 days ago.  
E) The letter was posted by mistake.
5. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*What does he write in his letter?*

A) What is written in his letter?  
B) What does written in his letter?  
C) What is it written in his letter?  
D) What was it written in his letter?  
E) What he writes in his letter?

6. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*We take an exam every week in June.*

A) An exam was taken every week in June.  
B) An exam is taking every week in June.  
C) An exam takes us every week in June.  
D) We are taken an exam every week in June.  
E) An exam is taken every week in June.
7. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*They offered the Browns to go to Austria.*

A) Austria was offered to go to the Browns.  
B) The Browns offered to go to Austria.  
C) The Browns were offered to go to Austria.  
D) The Browns was offered to go to Austria.  
E) Were offered the Browns to go to Austria?
8. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*The earthquake has destroyed a lot of towns and villages in Pakistan.*

A) A lot of towns and villages have been destroyed by the earthquake in Pakistan.  
B) A lot of towns and villages has been destroyed by the earthquake in Pakistan.  
C) A lot of towns and villages had been destroyed by the earthquake in Pakistan.  
D) A lot of towns and villages have destroyed by the earthquake in Pakistan.  
E) The earthquake has been destroyed by a lot of towns and villages in Pakistan.
9. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.
 

A) Television watches by millions of people everyday.  
B) Television is watched by millions of people everyday.  
C) Television are watched by millions of people everyday.  
D) Television watched by millions of people last year.  
E) Television were watched by millions of people last year.

## The Passive Voice

10. Choose the sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*We asked if he had found his key.*  
A) We asked if he was found his key.  
B) We asked if his key found.  
C) We asked if his key had been found.  
D) We asked if his key has been found.  
E) We asked if his key was being found.
11. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
A) I got my room cleaned 2 days ago.  
B) These rooms were cleaned 2 days ago.  
C) He delivered the mail in time.  
D) They enjoyed the given party.  
E) Did you have to stay there?
12. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*The pupils have made a lot of progress since February.*  
A) A lot of progress have been made since February.  
B) A lot of progress has been made since February.  
C) A lot of progress has made since February.  
D) A lot of progress have made since February.  
E) A lot of progress has being made since February.
13. *The 1st Prime-Minister of Azerbaijan Fatali Khan Khoyski ... by Arakelyan in Tbilisi, in May, 1920.*  
A) is killed                      B) was killed  
C) will be killing              D) has killed  
E) was killing
14. *This room ... painted blue.*  
A) is going to be              B) will  
C) were being                  D) had  
E) have been
15. *The experiments on animals ...*  
A) was stopped              B) can stop  
C) should be stopped      D) were stopping  
E) may be stop
16. *It's very pity that your account ... closed.*  
A) have                          B) has been  
C) were being                  D) are going to be  
E) shall be
17. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*Our company has employed a number of workers.*  
A) A number of worker had been employed.  
B) A number of workers has employed.  
C) A number of workers have been employed.  
D) A number of worker has been employed.  
E) A number of workers were employed.
18. *Every day thousands of letters ... to the different regions of our country.*  
A) are delivered              B) was delivered  
C) shall be delivered      D) has been delivered  
E) were delivering
19. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*He wanted someone to take their photographs.*  
A) He was wanted someone to take their photographs.  
B) He had been wanted to take photographs of someone.  
C) Someone was wanted to take their photographs.  
D) He wants someone's photographs to take.  
E) Someone wanted his photographs to be taken.
20. *When the police arrived, the robbers had already stolen the diamonds.*  
A) When the police arrived, the diamonds had already been stolen by the robbers.  
B) When the police arrived, robbers had been stolen the diamonds.  
C) When the police arrived, the diamonds have been stolen.  
D) When the police arrived, the diamonds were stolen by robbers.  
E) When the police arrived, the diamonds was being already stolen by robbers.

TEST 2

1. *People have seen wolves in these forests.*  
A) Wolves have seen people in these forests.  
B) People were seen wolves in these forests.  
C) Wolves were seen in these forests.  
D) Wolves had been seen in these forests.  
E) Wolves have been seen in these forests.
2. *They repaired the bridge last year.*  
A) The bridge had been repaired last year.  
B) The bridge has been repaired last year.  
C) The bridge repaired last year by them.  
D) The bridge was repaired last year.  
E) The bridge were repaired by them last year.
3. *Which of the diamonds did you sell?*  
A) Which diamond were you sold?  
B) Which of the diamonds was sold?  
C) Which of the diamonds had been sold?  
D) Which diamond were sold?  
E) Which of the diamonds has been sold?
4. *They gave each child an interesting book.*  
A) An interesting book gave each child by them.  
B) Each child were given an interesting book.  
C) Each child gave them an interesting book.  
D) Each child was given an interesting book.  
E) The interesting book was given each child.
5. *Who painted the walls in your room?*  
A) Who were the walls in your room painted by?  
B) Who was the walls in your room painting by?  
C) Were the walls painted in your room?  
D) By whom had the walls in your room been painted?  
E) Who by the walls in your room has been painted?
6. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*Somebody has paid for your meal.*  
A) Your meal was paid for.  
B) Your meal have been paid.  
C) Your meal has been paid for.  
D) Somebody has been paid for your meal.  
E) Your meal has been paid by nobody.

7. Change the given sentence into the Active Voice.  
*The children were looked after well.*  
A) The children looked after well.  
B) Someone was looked after the children well.  
C) He was looking after the children well.  
D) He looked after the children well.  
E) He had looked after the children well.
8. Choose the sentences in the Passive Voice.  
1. We were shocked when we heard the news.  
2. The news was very shocking for all of us.  
3. They were told shocking news yesterday.  
4. He was shocked when the news was shown.  
A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4                      E) 2, 4
9. Choose the sentences in the Passive Voice.  
1. Were the questions asked by foreign journalists very difficult?  
2. Were there any questions asked by foreign journalists?  
3. When were the questions asked by foreign journalists?  
4. Were the questions asked by foreign journalists?  
A) 1, 4                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3                      E) 2, 4
10. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive Voice.  
*His parents bought him a new camera.*  
A) He bought a new camera.  
B) A new camera was bought by him.  
C) His parents was bought him a new camera.  
D) He was bought a new camera by his parents.  
E) A new camera for his parents was bought.
11. Choose the sentences in the Passive Voice.  
1. Were the rules written by the teacher important?  
2. Were the rules written by the teacher learnt?  
3. Were the rules written by the teacher yesterday?  
4. Were the rules been written by the teacher?  
A) 1, 2, 3                      B) 1, 4                      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 3, 4                      E) 1, 3

## The Passive Voice

12. Choose the sentences in the Passive Voice.
1. Was the list he made left at home?
  2. Where was the list been made at home?
  3. When was the list made at home?
  4. Was the list made at home his?
- A) 2, 3    B) 2, 4    C) 3, 4    D) 1, 3    E) 1, 4
13. Which sentence can be changed into Passive?
- A) Jack walked to school yesterday.
  - B) Many people saw the accident.
  - C) The leaves fell to the ground.
  - D) I agree with George.
  - E) That book doesn't belong to me.
14. Choose the correct variant in the Passive Voice.
- Mr. White sent David to the boarding-school.*
- A) Mr. White was sent to the boarding-school by David.
  - B) David is sent to the boarding-school by Mr. White.
  - C) David sent to the boarding-school by Mr. White.
  - D) David had been sent to the boarding-school by Mr. White.
  - E) David was sent to the boarding-school by Mr. White.
15. Change the sentence into the Passive.
- They often send him to search the archive documents.*
- A) He is often sent to search the archive documents.
  - B) He is often sending them to search the archive documents.
  - C) He was often sent to search the archive documents.
  - D) They were often sent him to search the documents.
  - E) They are often send him to search the documents.
16. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.
- We sent Tom for a doctor.*
- A) A doctor was sent for.
  - B) Tom was sent for.
  - C) We were sent for.
  - D) A doctor had been sent for.
  - E) Tom had been sent for.
17. Choose correct answer in the Passive Voice.
- Who had sent a telegram to Magee about the funeral by the time we got there?*
- A) Who had been sent a telegram to Magee about the funeral by the time we got there?
  - B) By whom had a telegram been sent to Magee about the funeral by the time we got there?
  - C) Who had been Magee sent a telegram about the funeral by the time we got there by?
  - D) Who had Magee sent a telegram to about the funeral by the time we got there to?
  - E) Who has a telegram been sent to Magee about the funeral by the time we get there by?
18. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.
- A) She likes to wear the dress made by her mother.
  - B) The answer given by the student was not correct.
  - C) Everything written here is quite right.
  - D) We were to meet our friends.
  - E) The correct answer was given by the student.
19. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.
- Everybody gave her a lot of gifts.*
- A) She was gave a lot of gifts by everybody.
  - B) A lot of gifts was given to her by everybody.
  - C) Her was given a lot of gifts by everybody.
  - D) She is given a lot of gifts by everybody.
  - E) She was given a lot of gifts by everybody.
20. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.
- My father buys a lot of newspapers everyday.*
- A) A lot of newspapers is bought by my father every day.
  - B) A lot of newspapers are buy by my father every day.
  - C) Are a lot of newspapers bought by my father every day.
  - D) Is a lot of newspapers bought by my father every day.
  - E) A lot of newspapers are bought by my father every day.



TEST 3

1. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive.
  1. Was the pen given as a gift lost?
  2. Was the pen given as a gift?
  3. Was the pen given as a gift his?
  4. Was the pen given as a gift cheap?

A) 1, 4    B) 1, 2    C) 1, 3    D) 2, 3    E) 3, 4
2. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*My uncle bought a new flat at the end of the street.*
  - A) A new flat is bought at the end of the street by my uncle.
  - B) He was buying a new flat at the end of the street.
  - C) A new flat was bought by her at the end of the street.
  - D) A new flat had been bought by him at the end of the street.
  - E) A new flat was bought by my uncle at the end of the street.
3. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Somebody accused me of stealing money.*
  - A) I was accused somebody of stealing money.
  - B) Somebody was accused of stealing money.
  - C) I had been accused of stealing money by somebody.
  - D) I was accused of stealing money.
  - E) I am accused of stealing money by somebody.
4. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*The boys broke all the glass.*
  - A) All the glass was broke by the boys.
  - B) All the glass is broken by the boys.
  - C) All the glass are broken by the boys.
  - D) All the glass were broken by the boys.
  - E) All the glass was broken by the boys.
5. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*The teachers showed me the easiest way to do it.*
  - A) The easiest way to do it is shown to me by the teachers.
  - B) I am shown the easiest way to do it by the teachers.
  - C) I was shown the easiest way to do it by the teachers.
  - D) I had been showed the easiest way to do it by the teachers.
  - E) I was shown the easiest way do it by the teachers.

6. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Granny read a wonderful story to us.*
  - A) A wonderful story was read to us by Granny.
  - B) We were reading a wonderful story by Granny.
  - C) A wonderful story is reading to us by Granny.
  - D) A wonderful story is read to us by Granny.
  - E) We are reading a wonderful story by Granny.
7. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*These children leave the bicycles in front of the house.*
  - A) The bicycles are left in front of the house by these children.
  - B) The bicycles were left in front of the house by those children.
  - C) The bicycles are leave in front of the house by these children.
  - D) In front of the house are left the bicycles by these children.
  - E) The bicycles were left in front of the house by these children.
8. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Why did he sell the dog for three dollars?*
  - A) Why was the dog sell for three dollars?
  - B) Why is the dog sold for three dollars?
  - C) Why is the dog sell for three dollars?
  - D) Why had the dog been sold for three dollars?
  - E) Why was the dog sold for three dollars?
9. Choose the correct sentence in the Active voice.  
*The crashed car will be repaired in ten days by our mechanics.*
  - A) Our mechanics would repair the crashed car in ten days.
  - B) Our mechanics will repair the crashed car in ten days.
  - C) Our mechanics repaired the crashed car in ten days.
  - D) The crashed car will repair our mechanics in ten days.
  - E) Our mechanics will be repaired by the crashed car in ten days.
10. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive.
  1. Were the questions asked by foreign journalists very difficult ?
  2. What were the questions asked by foreign journalists about ?
  3. When were the questions asked by foreign journalists?
  4. Were the questions asked by foreign journalists?

A) 3, 4    B) 1, 4    C) 1, 3    D) 2, 3    E) 2, 4

## The Passive Voice

11. *The artists will exhibit the new paintings till the June 15, 2014.*  
 A) The new paintings will be exhibited by the artists till the June 15, 2014.  
 B) The new paintings will be exhibit by the artists till June the June 15, 2014.  
 C) The artists will be exhibited by the new paintings till the June 15, 2014.  
 D) The new paintings are exhibited by the artists till June the June 15, 2014.  
 E) The new paintings will be exhibiting by the artists till June the June 15, 2014.
12. *Our company always chose Roger and me to go on business.*  
 A) By our company Roger and I always chosen to go on business.  
 B) Roger and I are always chosen to go on business by our company.  
 C) Roger and I am always chosen to go on business by our company.  
 D) Roger and I was always chosen to go on business by our company.  
 E) Roger and I were always chosen to go on business by our company.
13. *Who listens to such news?*  
 A) Who are such news listened to?  
 B) Who is such news listened to by?  
 C) Who is such news listened?  
 D) Who was such news listened to?  
 E) Who are such news listen to?
14. Choose the correct sentence in the Active Voice.  
*Why weren't the gates locked by them?*  
 A) Why didn't you lock the gates?  
 B) Why didn't they lock the gates?  
 C) Why don't they lock the gates?  
 D) Why weren't you lock the gates?  
 E) Why did they lock the gates?
15. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*They awarded Hemingway the Nobel Prize for "The Old Man and the Sea".*  
 A) Hemingway was award the Nobel Prize for "The Old Man and the Sea".  
 B) E. Hemingway was awarded the Nobel Prize for "The Old Man and the Sea".  
 C) "The Old Man and the Sea" were awarded the Nobel Prize for E. Hemingway.  
 D) The Nobel Prize is awarded by E. Hemingway for "The Old Man and the Sea".  
 E) "The Old Man and the Sea" is awarded the Nobel Prize by E. Hemingway.
16. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*William sent a message from Yorkshire on his arrival day.*  
 A) A message was sent from Yorkshire on William's arrival day by her.  
 B) A message is sent from Yorkshire on William's arrival day by him.  
 C) William was sent a message from Yorkshire on his arrival day by him.  
 D) A message was send from Yorkshire on William's arrival day by him.  
 E) A message was sent from Yorkshire on William's arrival day by him.
17. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Whom did you tell this fact except me?*  
 A) Who was I told this fact to except?  
 B) Who was this fact told to except me?  
 C) Who is this fact told except me?  
 D) Whose was this fact told to except me?  
 E) Who this fact was told to me except?
18. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Who brought up these problems?*  
 A) Who were these problems brought up by?  
 B) Who was these problems brought by?  
 C) Whom were these problems brought by?  
 D) Who had these problems brought up by?  
 E) Who are these problems brought up by?
19. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Whose cow ate all the hay?*  
 A) Whose cow all the hay was eaten by?  
 B) Whose cow was all the hay eaten by?  
 C) By whose cow was eaten all the hay?  
 D) Whose cow were all the hay eaten?  
 E) Whose cow is all the hay eaten by?
20. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*I am sure everything you told me is true.*  
 A) I am sure everything you are told is true.  
 B) I am sure everything I was told is true.  
 C) I am sure everything I was told was true.  
 D) I was sure everything I was told was true.  
 E) I am sure everything was told true.



TEST 4

1. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*We have invited a big group of people to our exhibition this year.*  
A) A big group of people were invited to the exhibition this year.  
B) A big group of people was invited to the exhibition this year.  
C) A big group of people have invited to the exhibition this year.  
D) A big group of people have been invited to the exhibition this year.  
E) A big group of people had been invited to the exhibition this year.
2. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Who brought tea and coffee to our country first?*  
A) Who have tea and coffee been brought to our country first by?  
B) Who was tea and coffee brought to our country first by?  
C) Who were tea and coffee brought to our country first by?  
D) Who had tea and coffee been brought to our country first by?  
E) Whose tea and coffee were brought to our country first by?
3. *Richard Dudgeon invented a steam carriage in the 1800s.*  
A) A steam carriage was inventing in the 1800s by Richard Dudgeon.  
B) A steam carriage had been invented in the 1800s by Richard Dudgeon.  
C) A steam carriage was invented in the 1800s by Richard Dudgeon.  
D) Richard Dudgeon was invented in the 1800s by a steam carriage.  
E) A steam carriage is invented in the 1800s by Richard Dudgeon.
4. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*The hostess said that they expected more guests to come.*  
A) The hostess said that more guests had been expected to come.  
B) The hostess said that more guests were expected to come.  
C) The hostess said that more guests were expected to come.  
D) The hostess were said that more guests were expected to come.  
E) The hostess said that them were expected more guests to come.

5. Choose the correct variant in the Passive Voice.  
*Columbus discovered America in 1492.*  
A) America was discovered in 1492 by Columbus.  
B) America discovered in 1492 by Columbus.  
C) America had been discovered in 1492 by Columbus.  
D) Columbus was discovered in 1492 by America.  
E) America was discovering in 1492 by Columbus.
6. Choose the correct variant in the Passive Voice.  
*King George VI invited a tutor to teach Elizabeth.*  
A) Elizabeth was invited to teach a tutor by King George VI.  
B) King George VI was invited to teach a tutor by Elizabeth.  
C) A tutor was invited to teach King George VI by Elizabeth.  
D) A tutor was inviting to teach Elizabeth by King George VI.  
E) A tutor was invited to teach Elizabeth by King George VI.
7. Choose the sentence in the Active Voice.  
*They had been invited to the theatre by a famous actor.*  
A) A famous actor had been invited to the theatre.  
B) They had invited a famous actor.  
C) A famous actor have been invited by them.  
D) A famous actor had invited them to the theatre.  
E) A famous actor had invited by them to the theatre.
8. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Frank buys a newspaper every morning.*  
A) A newspaper are bought every morning by Frank.  
B) A newspaper is bought every morning by Frank.  
C) A newspaper buys every morning by Frank.  
D) A newspaper bought every morning by Frank.  
E) A newspaper was bought every morning by Frank.

## The Passive Voice

9. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Huseyn Javid published his first book in 1913.*  
A) Huseyn Javid's first book was published in 1913.  
B) Huseyn Javid's first book was publish in 1913.  
C) Huseyn Javid's first book published in 1913.  
D) Huseyn Javid's first book was publishing in 1913.  
E) Huseyn Javid's first book had been published in 1913.
10. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Whom have you invited?*  
A) Who has been invited by you?  
B) Whom has been invited by you?  
C) Who has invited by you?  
D) By whom had you been invited?  
E) Who have you been invited by?
11. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive.  
1. Is this box brought by John yours?  
2. Has the box been brought this morning?  
3. Are the roses grown by our gardener beautiful?  
4. Has the house built last year been sold?  
5. Where is your summer cottage situated?  
A) 2, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 5 E) 2, 5
12. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*The famous people invited her to the royal parties.*  
A) The famous people were invited to the royal parties by her.  
B) The royal parties were invited her by the famous people.  
C) She was invited the famous people to the royal parties.  
D) She had been invited to the royal parties by the famous people.  
E) She was invited to the royal parties by the famous people.
13. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive.  
1. Are these flowers bought for Luisa?  
2. Have the flowers been watered today?  
3. Were the carnation sent by David beautiful?  
4. Have they published the news sent by you?  
5. Where is the printed article?  
A) 2, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 4, 5 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 2
14. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive.  
1. The letter written by Shelly is one of the oldest exhibits in our museum.  
2. All plants have been destroyed by the storm.  
3. It is situated on the coast of the sea.  
4. The cakes are carefully tested by the jury.  
5. She was interested in science.  
A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 3, 5 E) 2, 5
15. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Sarah cleans the rooms every day.*  
A) The rooms is cleaned every day by Sarah.  
B) The rooms are cleaning by Sarah every day.  
C) The rooms are cleaned by Sarah every day.  
D) The rooms are clean by Sarah every day.  
E) The rooms clean Sarah every day.
16. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*He spends all the money to decorate his room.*  
A) All the money is spent to decorate his room.  
B) All the money was spent to decorate his room.  
C) He is spent for money to decorate his room.  
D) His room is decorated every year by us.  
E) All the money is spends to decorate his room by him.

TEST 5

17. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.

*Who sent the messages?*

- A) Who were the messages sent by?
- B) Who was the messages sent with?
- C) Who had the messages been sent by?
- D) Who the messages were sent with?
- E) Who has the messages been sent by?

18. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.

*Sarah put a lot of kinds of sweets on the table.*

- A) A lot of kinds of sweets is put on the table by Sarah.
- B) A lot of kinds of sweets was put on the table by Sarah.
- C) On the table were put a lot of kinds of sweets by Sarah.
- D) Sarah was put on the table a lot of kinds of sweets.
- E) A lot of kinds of sweets were put on the table by Sarah.

19. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.

*They open a new school every year.*

- A) A new school was opened by them every year.
- B) Every year was opened by a new school.
- C) A new school is opened by them every year.
- D) A new school opened by they every year.
- E) A new school is opened by they every year.

20. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.

*Bill wrote a letter to Liz every week.*

- A) A letter is written to Liz by Bill every week.
- B) Bill is written a letter by Liz every week.
- C) Liz is written a letter by Bill every week.
- D) A letter was written to Bill by Liz every week.
- E) A letter was written to Liz by Bill every week.

1. Choose the correct sentence in the Active Voice.

*No one was seen when she went out.*

- A) When she went out she didn't see nobody.
- B) When she went out she didn't see anyone.
- C) When she went out she didn't see something.
- D) When went out she couldn't see anything.
- E) When she didn't go out she saw nothing.

2. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.

*They buy new shelves for your room every year.*

- A) New shelves are bought for your room every year.
- B) New shelves bought for your room every year.
- C) Your room was buy new shelves every year for.
- D) New shelves are buy for your room every year.
- E) New shelves were bought for your room every year.

3. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.

*Have you done what I told you?*

- A) Have you done what I told you?
- B) When I got home the mail had already been sent for.
- C) He made his name by diligent work.
- D) I was interested in comics when I was a child.
- E) They send us the copy of the signed agreement.

4. Choose the sentences with the Passive Voice.

- 1. I found him lying on the grass.
  - 2. Our town was founded in the 2 nd century.
  - 3. This village hasn't been inhabited yet.
  - 4. Baki is situated on the Caspian sea.
  - 5. Jonh is interested in Art.
  - 6. She is often invited to the parties.
- A) 2, 6 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 5 D) 3, 5 E) 2, 4

5. Choose the sentence with the Passive Voice.

*The cat had eaten all the meat before I noticed it.*

- A) All the meat were eaten before I noticed it.
- B) All the meat had been eaten before it was notice.
- C) All the meat has been eaten before I noticed it.
- D) All the meat have been eaten before I noticed it.
- E) All the meat had been eaten before I noticed it.

## The Passive Voice

6. Choose the sentence with the Passive Voice.  
*I knew that somebody had told mother everything.*  
A) I was known she had been told everything.  
B) I knew that somebody had been told everything.  
C) I knew that mother had been told everything.  
D) I know that mother has been told everything.  
E) I know that mother was been told everything.
7. Choose the sentence with the Passive Voice.  
*Who wrote "Peace and War"?*  
A) Who "Peace and War" written by?  
B) Who "Peace and War" was written?  
C) By Whom is "Peace and War" written by?  
D) By whom was "Peace and War" written?  
E) Why had "Peace and War" been written by?
8. Choose the sentence with the Passive Voice.  
*Who has broken the window?*  
A) Who has been broken the window by?  
B) Who has the window been broken by?  
C) Who the window has been broken by?  
D) Who is the window broken by?  
E) Who have the window broken by?
9. Choose the sentence with the Passive Voice.  
*The policeman made Jane open her case.*  
A) Jane did make open her case.  
B) Jane was made open her case.  
C) Jane was let to open her case.  
D) Her case was opened by the policeman.  
E) Jane was made to open her case.
10. Change into the Active Voice.  
*An island is surrounded by water.*  
A) Water surround an island.  
B) Water is surrounding an island.  
C) Water has been surrounded an island.  
D) Water surrounds an island.  
E) By water surround an island.
11. Change into the Active Voice.  
*The Washington Monument is visited by hundreds of people every day.*  
A) We visit the Washington Monument every day.  
B) By hundreds of people visits the Washington Monument every day.  
C) People visited the Washington Monument.  
D) Hundreds of people visit the Washington Monument every day.  
E) They visit The Washington Monument every day.
12. Change into the Passive Voice.  
*The teacher of English punished him.*  
A) He is punished by the teacher of English.  
B) The teacher of English was punished by him.  
C) He has been punished by the teacher of English.  
D) He was punished by the teacher of English.  
E) He punished by the teacher of English.
13. Change into the Passive Voice.  
*They didn't publish John's books.*  
A) John's books had been published by they.  
B) John's books weren't published by they.  
C) John's books weren't published by them.  
D) John's books hadn't been published by them.  
E) They were published by John.
14. *Who has painted this door?*  
A) Who this door has painted by?  
B) Who has this door painted?  
C) Who has this door been painted by?  
D) Who have that door been painted by?  
E) Who has this door been painted with?
15. Change into the Passive Voice.  
*You must study English well if you want to get a well paid job.*  
A) English must be studied well if you want to get a well-paid job.  
B) You must be studied English well if you want to get a well-paid job.  
C) You must studied English you if to get a well-paid job.  
D) English must be study well by you if to get a well-paid job.  
E) English must be studied by I if I want to get a well-paid job.

TEST 6

16. Change into the Active Voice.

*Why isn't the door locked?*

- A) Why isn't he locking the door?
- B) Why don't Tom lock the door?
- C) Why haven't the door locked?
- D) Why hasn't he locked the door?
- E) Why don't you lock the door?

17. Change into the Passive Voice.

*Nobody has ever treated me so rudely before.*

- A) I have never been treated so rudely before.
- B) He has never treated so rudely before.
- C) I has never treated nobody so rudely before.
- D) I have ever been treated so rudely before.
- E) I hasn't ever been treated so rudely before.

18. Change into the Passive Voice.

*What does he make at his workshop?*

- A) At what does he make?
- B) What is his workshop made?
- C) What is made at his workshop?
- D) What made at his workshop?
- E) What are made at his workshop?

19. Change into the Passive Voice.

*What did he cut the duck with?*

- A) What was the duck cut with?
- B) What was he cut with?
- C) What cut the duck with?
- D) What were the duck cut with?
- E) What had the duck been cut with?

20. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.

*My mother will prepare breakfast in twenty minutes.*

- A) Breakfast will be prepared by someone in twenty minutes.
- B) They will prepare breakfast in twenty minutes.
- C) Breakfast will be prepared in twenty minutes.
- D) My mother will be prepared breakfast in twenty minutes.
- E) Breakfast will prepared in twenty minutes by my mother.

1. Choose the correct sentence in the Active Voice.  
*Who is going to be invited to your birthday party?*

- A) Who are you going to invite to your birthday party?
- B) Who is going to invited you to your birthday party?
- C) Who you are going to invite to your birthday party?
- D) Who will be invited to your birthday party?
- E) Who are you going invite to your birthday party?

2. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.

- 1. Each armchair has been paid 450 dollars for.
- 2. Margaret read the letter sent by her mother.
- 3. How much were you paid for that hard work?
- 4. America discovered by Columbus.
- 5. These problems were raised by us last year too.

- A) 3, 4, 5
- B) 1, 2, 4
- C) 2, 4, 5
- D) 1, 3, 5
- E) 2, 3, 5

3. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*When do you water this tree?*

- A) When this tree is watered by you?
- B) When is this tree watered by you?
- C) When does this tree water by you?
- D) When was this tree watered by you?
- E) When is this tree watering by you?

4. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*We have printed your news today.*

- A) Your news is been printed today.
- B) Your news have been printed today.
- C) Your news was printed today.
- D) Your news has been printed today.
- E) Your news is printed today.



## The Passive Voice

5. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*The pupils didn't solve any of the tests given by the teacher.*  
A) None of the tests given by the teacher was solved.  
B) None of the tests was given by the teacher.  
C) None of the tests was solved by the teacher.  
D) None of the tests were solves by the teacher.  
E) None of the tests given by the teacher had been solved.
6. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*They poisoned the water of the rivers.*  
A) The water of the rivers were poisoned by them.  
B) The water of the rivers are poisoned by them.  
C) The water of the rivers is poisoned by them.  
D) The water of the rivers was poisoned by them.  
E) The water of the rivers poisoned by them.
7. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*The overflow in the river washed the banks.*  
A) The banks had washed by the overflow in the river.  
B) The banks washed the overflow in the river.  
C) The banks had been washed by the overflow in the river.  
D) The banks were washed by the overflow in the river.  
E) The banks are washed by the overflow in the river.
8. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Someone stole her most expensive bracelet.*  
A) Someone stolen by her most expensive bracelet.  
B) Someone was stolen by her most expensive bracelet.  
C) Her most expensive bracelet stole by someone.  
D) Her most expensive bracelet were stolen by someone.  
E) Her most expensive bracelet was stolen.
9. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Someone will serve lunch.*  
A) Lunch will served.  
B) Lunch would be served by someone.  
C) Lunch will be served.  
D) Lunch served someone.  
E) Lunch served by someone.
10. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive.  
1. Was the boy called Mahatma tired?  
2. Why was the boy called Mahatma?  
3. What was the boy called Mahatma?  
4. What was the boy called for?  
A) 3, 4    B) 1, 4    C) 1, 3    D) 2, 3    E) 2, 4
11. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Everyone must know the rights.*  
A) The rights had to be known by everyone.  
B) The rights must know us by everyone.  
C) The rights must be known by everyone.  
D) The rights must be knew by everyone.  
E) The rights has to be known by everyone.
12. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive.  
1. Remember the words which were told by the teacher yesterday.  
2. Bring me the books you bought from Baku.  
3. The soldiers killed by armenians were buried in Shehidler Khiyabani.  
4. The servant gave us the cups filled with tea.  
A) 3, 4    B) 2, 3    C) 1, 3    D) 2, 4    E) 1, 4
13. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*Somebody has paid for your meal.*  
A) Your meal has been paid for.  
B) Your meal have been paid.  
C) Your meal was paid for.  
D) Somebody has been paid for your meal.  
E) Your meal has been paid by nobody.

## The Passive Voice

14. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive.
1. He has been ill everyday this week.
  2. Participants are asked to be ready on time.
  3. Was there any picture painted by Leonardo?
  4. All our money has been spent.
- A) 1, 2      B) 2, 3      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4
15. Which sentences can be changed into the Passive?
1. Very few people know this mystery.
  2. A strange animal appeared in the forest.
  3. The Sun sets in the West.
  4. The Sun heats the world.
- A) 2, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 1, 4  
D) 3, 4      E) 2, 4
16. Choose the correct sentence in the Passive.  
*What has influenced these famous poets?*
- A) What have been these famous poets influenced by?
  - B) What are these famous poets influenced by?
  - C) What were these famous poets been influenced by?
  - D) What have these famous poets been influenced by?
  - E) What were these famous poets influenced by?
17. *The police want to know if the robber has stolen the documents too.*
- A) The police want to know if the documents has been stolen.
  - B) The police want to know if the documents have been stolen too.
  - C) The police want to know if the documents have stolen.
  - D) The police want to know if the documents were stolen.
  - E) The police want to know if the documents had stolen.
18. *Azer sends a telegram to his parents every month.*
- A) Azer's parents were sent a telegram every month.
  - B) Azer is sent a telegram every month.
  - C) A telegram is sent to Azer's parents every month.
  - D) A telegram is send to Azer every month.
  - E) A telegram was sent to Azer's parents every month.
19. *You have to follow all the doctor's advice.*
- A) All the doctor's advice has to followed.
  - B) All the doctor's advice has to be followed.
  - C) All the doctor's advice have to be followed.
  - D) All the doctor's advice has been followed.
  - E) All the doctors have to follow my advice.
20. *She took a picture of her cousin.*
- A) A picture of her cousin is taken by her.
  - B) A picture of her cousin was taken by her.
  - C) A picture of her cousin is taken by she.
  - D) A picture of her was taken by her cousin.
  - E) She was taken a picture of her cousin.



## TEST 1

Choose the correct variant.

1. - *My mother cut herself.*  
- ... *What a pity!*  
A) Doesn't she?                      B) Didn't she?  
C) Does she?                          D) Did she?  
E) Isn't she?
2. - *Mr Raymond's had an accident this morning.*  
- ...  
A) Hasn't he? Is it serious?  
B) Hasn't he? It is very bad.  
C) Is he? What a pity!  
D) Had he? It is nice to hear.  
E) Has he? I haven't heard.
3. *I think, Merlin read the letter, ... ?*  
A) hasn't she                      B) doesn't she  
C) didn't she                      D) isn't she  
E) wasn't she
4. *She is not going to fail her exam, ... ?*  
A) isn't she                      C) was she                      B) is she  
D) wasn't she                      E) is he
5. - *He didn't know about yesterday's accident.*  
- ... *I didn't either.*  
A) Didn't he?                      B) Did he?                      C) Had he?  
D) Was he?                      E) Doesn't he?
6. - *Your behaviour makes me feel unpleasant.*  
- ...? *I am sorry.*  
A) Is it                      B) Does it                      C) Don't you  
D) Am I                      E) Isn't it
7. *He never does any work at all in the house, ...?*  
A) is he                      B) isn't he                      C) does he  
D) doesn't he                      E) didn't he
8. *Let's keep our school clean ...?*  
A) will we                      B) are we                      C) shall we  
D) do we                      E) is it
9. *Anar reads a lot of books everyday, ... ?*  
A) don't he                      B) didn't he                      C) isn't he  
D) aren't he                      E) doesn't he
10. *Linda read the story, ... she?*  
A) doesn't                      B) don't                      C) isn't  
D) didn't                      E) does
11. *A triangle has 3 sides, ... ?*  
A) do they                      B) has it                      C) doesn't it  
D) hasn't they                      E) does it
12. *You'd like that, ... ?*  
A) don't you                      B) didn't you  
C) wouldn't you                      D) hadn't you  
E) haven't you
13. *Seymur never eats potatoes, ... ?*  
A) does he                      B) did he                      C) doesn't he  
D) didn't he                      E) isn't he
14. *The students of the course study very hard, ... ?*  
A) aren't they                      B) do them                      C) do they  
D) don't they                      E) are they
15. *Kate never eats meat, ... ?*  
A) does she                      B) doesn't she                      C) hasn't she  
D) has she                      E) isn't she

16. *It had been announced before you entered the room, ...?*  
 A) had you      B) wasn't it      C) hadn't it  
 D) did it      E) didn't it

17. – *Michael greeted the guests at the door.*  
 – *...? It was very kind of him.*  
 A) Did it      B) Didn't he      C) Was he  
 D) Does he      E) Did he

18. Match the parts of the sentences.  
 1. They have just seen Simon ... ?  
 2. Don't be late ... ?  
 3. They need a lot of advice ... ?  
 a) will you      b) are you  
 c) don't they      d) haven't they  
 e) needn't they  
 A) 1-d, 2-b, 3-e      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-e  
 C) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-d  
 E) 1-d, 2-a, 3-c

19. *They had to change the train during the trip, ...?*  
 A) did they      B) hadn't they  
 C) didn't they      D) don't they  
 E) weren't they

20. *Josefina has never drunk alcohol, ...?*  
 A) did she      B) doesn't she      C) hasn't she  
 D) does she      E) has she

1. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.  
 1. How much is this book?  
 2. How much this book is?  
 3. How much costed this book?  
 4. How much are these books?  
 A) 2, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 1, 3  
 D) 1, 2, 3      E) 1, 3, 4

2. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
 A) Both Ann and Kate are always late, aren't they?  
 B) Who knows if John solve the problem?  
 C) Did you followed his advice either?  
 D) Will you let me know if do you need help?  
 E) Why didn't he has to buy stamps?

3. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
 A) Why had Ann to hurry home?  
 B) Who knows when are the Browns leaving?  
 C) Who knows if can she stay for the night?  
 D) Polly has to explain nothing, hasn't she?  
 E) Which of you asked many questions today?

4. Choose the correct variant.  
 A) A fish live in water, don't they?  
 B) Fish lives in water, doesn't it?  
 C) These fish lives in water, don't they?  
 D) Fish live in water, don't they?  
 E) Those fish lives in water, don't they?

5. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
 A) Why the news was kept in secret?  
 B) John hasn't to look after her sister, has he?  
 C) Who was the furniture dusted by?  
 D) Do you know who will be taught English by?  
 E) How much is it cost?

## Sentence Structure

6. Choose the correct sentences .
1. Why were Samir and Terlan late for the meeting?
  2. Where do your parents live?
  3. What did happen yesterday?
  4. Can he borrows your books?
- A) 2, 3   B) 3, 4   C) 1, 4   D) 1, 3   E) 1, 2
7. Match the parts of the sentences.
1. Jane's made only a few mistakes, ...?
  2. Susan's sleeping in the next room, ... ?
  3. Kate's sister studies better than her, ...?
- a) didn't she                      b) doesn't she  
c) hasn't she                      d) isn't she  
e) won't she
- A) 1-c; 2-d; 3-b                      B) 1-a; 2-d; 3-c  
C) 1-c; 2-e; 3-b                      D) 1-e; 2-b; 3-d  
E) 1-d; 2-a; 3-e
8. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
1. When the Olympic Games will take place in Sochi?
  2. Do you know if the next Olympic Games will take place in Sochi in 2014?
  3. Will the Olympic Games be held in Russia?
  4. How many countries do usually take part at Olympic Games?
  5. Are you sure whether can all the countries send people to Sochi as spectators or not?
- A) 2, 5                      B) 1, 2                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 5                      E) 2, 3
9. Choose the correct variant.
1. What were we doing?
  2. Where did you went when she came into the room?
  3. What was you doing?
  4. Where were the battle of Borodino?
  5. We were with them just last night.
- A) 1, 5                      B) 1, 4                      C) 2, 3  
D) 3, 4                      E) 3, 5
10. Choose the correct variant.
1. How many times a week are you controlled by the manager ?
  2. How many times a day does the manager control you ?
  3. How many times a week you are controlled by the manager ?
  4. How many time a day you control the manager ?
- A) 1, 4   B) 2, 3   C) 3, 4   D) 1, 2   E) 2, 4
11. Choose the correct negative sentences.
1. He hadn't to wait any more.
  2. He hadn't had breakfast before he came here.
  3. We never read or spoke French.
  4. He had no father nor mother.
- A) 1, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 3
12. Choose the correct variant.  
*You like this idea, ... you?*
- A) doesn't                      B) don't                      C) aren't  
D) isn't                      E) or not
13. *What time ... they get up?*
- A) is                      B) does                      C) do  
D) are                      E) were
14. *... it ... in autumn?*
- A) Does, rain                      B) Do, rain  
C) Is, raining                      D) - , rains  
E) Have, raines
15. *You haven't taken the book, ... ?*
- A) don't you                      B) haven't you                      C) do you  
D) isn't it                      E) have you

16. *She has never been there, ... ?*

- A) don't you      B) hasn't she      C) has she  
D) does she      E) doesn't she

17. *There isn't much snow in the yard, ...?*

- A) isn't it      B) are there      C) there is  
D) is there      E) is it

18. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many oil is produced in Azerbaijan every year?  
B) How much is oil produced in Azerbaijan every year?  
C) How much does oil produce in Azerbaijan every year?  
D) How much oil is produced in Azerbaijan every year?  
E) How much oil Azerbaijan produce every year?

19. Choose the correct variant.

*...windows are open?*

1. How many  
2. Which  
3. Whom  
4. How much  
A) 1, 2      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 4

20. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Does he often visit you?  
B) Does visit he often you?  
C) Do he often visit you?  
D) Is he often visit you?  
E) Is he visit you?

1. Choose the correct variant for all sentences.

1. Leyla's brother's cut his finger, ...  
2. Tom's shut the windows, ...  
3. My doctor's let me drink cold water, ...  
A) isn't he?      B) doesn't she  
C) hasn't he?      D) wasn't he?  
E) doesn't he?

2. How many sentences are correct?

1. How happy we were there!  
2. How many students are there in this room?  
3. There is a little bird with a broken wing.  
4. There is a little fact in the paper.  
A) 4      B) 1      C) 2      D) 3      E) 0

3. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Whom Roger showed the pictures of the party?  
2. Who did Roger showed the pictures of the party?  
3. Whom did Roger show the pictures of the party?  
4. Who showed Roger the pictures of the party?  
A) 2, 3, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 1, 2, 3  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 4

4. *I had to do a lot of homework yesterday, ...?*

- A) hasn't I      B) don't I      C) hadn't I  
D) haven't I      E) didn't I

5. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Are you watch a TV show or soap opera?  
B) How many students do attend the English club?  
C) What books are Nancy like to read?  
D) Does Bilal catches fish in the Kura?  
E) Erica, close the door, will you?

## Sentence Structure

6. A) Children like "Tom and Jerry" very much, aren't they?  
B) You spend too much time on learning English, do you?  
C) We sleep more than we study, don't we?  
D) Natasha isn't good at mathematics, is he?  
E) The boss is always right, because he's very big, doesn't he?
7. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.  
1. Why don't we go out for a meal tonight?  
2. Who want to speak to him?  
3. Which job has Ann applied for?  
4. Who did telephone Emma?  
5. What was the weather like yesterday?  
A) 3, 5                      B) 1, 3, 5                      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 3, 4                      E) 1, 5
8. Choose the correct variant.  
1. Have you eaten a lot of sweets when you were a child?  
2. Who did phone you?  
3. When did you see him last?  
4. Since when have they returned?  
A) 1, 2                      B) 1, 3                      C) 2, 3, 4  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 4
9. Students like speaking English with their teachers during the English lessons, ... ?  
A) do they                      B) aren't they  
C) don't they                      D) haven't they  
E) doesn't she
10. The Japanese have got many good traditions and customs, ... ?  
A) don't they                      B) doesn't he  
C) aren't they                      D) have they  
E) haven't they
11. Chose the correct exclamatory sentences.  
1. How fastly Nancy is cutting onions!  
2. How friendly your sister looks!  
3. How slow Patrick's speech was!  
4. What beautifully day we're having!  
5. What a deliciously cake you've made!  
A) 2, 3                      B) 2, 5                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4                      E) 1, 5
12. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) How often you go to the theatre?  
B) How often did you went to the theatre?  
C) How often you went to the theatre?  
D) How often do you go to the theatre?  
E) How often go you to the theatre?
13. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) How you can solve this problem?  
B) How long you solve this problem?  
C) How are you able solve this problem?  
D) How can you solve this problem?  
E) How can you to solve this problem?
14. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) Where do you see Kate yesterday?  
B) Where did you see Kate yesterday?  
C) Where did you saw Kate yesterday?  
D) Where are you see Kate yesterday?  
E) When did you see Kate yesterday?
15. Choose the correct negative sentence.  
A) They hadn't to go home alone.  
B) Neither car nor house has been bought.  
C) Both Kate and Jill isn't invited to the party.  
D) Garry doesn't like to travel by bus either.  
E) Each of the students didn't want to waste time, too.

## TEST 4

16. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) When have you finished school?
- B) When did you finish school?
- C) When did you finished school?
- D) When did finish you school?
- E) When have finished you school?

17. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Do you went to school?
- B) Does she plays football?
- C) Did he go to school yesterday?
- D) Have she got a copy-book?
- E) Does you have a brother?

18. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Who helped you yesterday?
- B) It was neither rainy nor windy, wasn't it?
- C) When you are going to London?
- D) There are a lot of mistakes in your composition, aren't they?
- E) Have been the letter sent to Ankara?

19. Choose the correct disjunctive question.

- A) Let's study much, shall we?
- B) Let's study much, shan't we?
- C) Let's study much, don't we?
- D) Let's study much, do we?
- E) Let's study much, will you?

20. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Which of you doesn't learn the lesson?
- B) Who open the windows?
- C) Whom of you have learnt the lesson?
- D) Which of you don't learnt the lesson?
- E) Which of you haven't learnt the lesson?

1. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Does Helen the housework alone?
- B) Does Helen does the housework alone?
- C) Does Helen do the housework alone?
- D) Helen does the housework alone?
- E) Is Helen does the housework alone?

2. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many students did enter the universities last year?
- B) Mr. Lee has many schools in the US, doesn't he?
- C) Did you built those high buildings?
- D) How much sugar you need?
- E) Mr. Lee has many schools in the US, has he?

3. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Their friend's dogs are in the garden for a while, isn't it?
- B) Their friend's dogs were in the garden for a while, were their friends?
- C) Their friend's dogs were in the garden for a while, weren't their friend's dogs?
- D) Their friend's dogs were in the garden for a while, were they?
- E) Their friend's dogs were in the garden for a while, weren't they?

4. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) When have you been to Istanbul?
- B) You are a doctor or teacher?
- C) She cut her hair, doesn't she?
- D) He puts the books into the bag, does he?
- E) Mark read all these books, didn't he?

5. Choose the correct variant.

- A) Did you have got a pen?
- B) Did have you a red pen?
- C) Did you have get a pen?
- D) Does Simon has a pen?
- E) Did you have a pen?

## Sentence Structure

6. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) What you buy these pencils for?  
B) Why didn't you visit your grandfather?  
C) When did she wrote this letter?  
D) Why didn't you visited your grandfather?  
E) What does he writes in the letter?
7. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) Why you broke the toys?  
B) What did you phone for Lisa?  
C) When did you rang Lisa?  
D) Who did break the toys?  
E) What did you phone Lisa for?
8. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) When he phoned?  
B) When he has phoned?  
C) When has he phoned?  
D) When did he phone?  
E) When was he phone?
9. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) Why didn't you wanted dance with us?  
B) How do you wanted to dance with us?  
C) Why don't you want to dance with us?  
D) How didn't you want to dance with us?  
E) Why doesn't you want to dance with us?
10. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) How much money we did spend?  
B) How much money did we spend?  
C) How much money we spent?  
D) How much money spent we?  
E) How much money did we spent?
11. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) They never play football on rainy days, do they?  
B) They ever play football on rainy days, doesn't they?  
C) They never played football on rainy days, don't they?  
D) They will never play football on rainy days, are they?  
E) They doesn't play football on rainy days, do they?
12. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) Were your uncle's car black or blue?  
B) Has your uncle's car is black or blue?  
C) Is your uncle's car black or blue?  
D) Will your uncles' car is black or blue?  
E) Did your uncle's car black or blue?
13. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) What is your color new writing-table?  
B) What color is your new writing-table?  
C) Is your new writing-table what color?  
D) What does your new writing-table color?  
E) Did your new writing-table color is?
14. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) How far is it from Sumgait to Baku?  
B) What a far is it from Sumgait to Baku?  
C) Did it far is from Sumgait to Baku?  
D) How many far is it for Sumgait into Baku?  
E) What much is it from Sumgait into Baku?
15. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.  
A) You didn't go to the forest tomorrow, did you?  
B) You will not go to the forest tomorrow, will you?  
C) You doesn't go to the forest tomorrow, will you?  
D) Will you go to the forest tomorrow, will you?  
E) You had gone to the forest tomorrow, didn't you?



16. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
- How many are there in your apartment rooms?
  - How much rooms are there in your apartment?
  - Is there many rooms in your apartment?
  - What many rooms is there in your apartment?
  - How many rooms are there in your apartment?

17. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
- You are from London, are you?
  - Do the seasons of the year cold?
  - Does she afraid of dogs?
  - Have your niece long dark hair?
  - Do you study at Oxford University?

18. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
- Are the girls always sit at the first desks?
  - Do you homework in the evening?
  - Does the government builds new factories?
  - They study many subjects in English at college?
  - Does she go in for sports?

19. Choose the correct variant  
... has Tom been married ?
- How long
  - Since when
  - Who
  - When
- 3, 4
  - 1, 2
  - 1, 3
  - 1, 4
  - 2, 3

20. Choose the **incorrect** interrogative sentence.
- Did you take part in the Third Youth Festival?
  - How many neighbors did leave this building?
  - What happened on September 11, 2001?
  - Did you visit the exhibition in Baku or in Sumgait?
  - Let's read "King Lear" now, shall we?

1. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.
- How good the poem is!
  - What a nice place it is!
  - What the interesting story it is!
  - How beautifully Julia looked yesterday!
  - How wise Nizami Janjavi was!
- 1, 3, 5
  - 1, 2, 5
  - 2, 4, 5
  - 2, 3, 5
  - 1, 3, 4

2. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.
- What a magnificent view it is!
  - How interestingly she explains the rule!
  - How well all these things are!
  - What a wonderful scenery was it!
  - How greatly the words sound!
- 1, 2
  - 1, 3
  - 2, 4
  - 3, 5
  - 1, 5

3. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
- How lovely he looks!
  - How nicely he is after his holiday!
  - What heavy the traffic it is!
  - What nice he looked at you!
  - How strangely the things are!

4. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
- How fresh air it is!
  - What great adventure will it be!
  - What polluted water it was!
  - What brave officers he is!
  - How the brave officers he is!

5. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
- How happy have they been together!
  - What a strange letter it is!
  - How beautifully they are!
  - How bright the sun is shining!
  - What a green fields our country has!

6. Choose the **incorrect** exclamatory sentences.
- How late he is!
  - What beautifully she sings!
  - How nervous he is!
  - How beautifully the play was written.
  - How beautifully the girl became!
- 1, 4
  - 2, 5
  - 1, 5
  - 1, 3
  - 2, 4

## Sentence Structure

7. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.  
A) How well it tastes!  
B) What sadly she plays the piano!  
C) What an interesting books they are!  
D) What a slow reader she is!  
E) How lately a girl came!
8. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.  
A) How kind they seem!  
B) What fast he always drives!  
C) What slowly the girl walks!  
D) How well the girl looks!  
E) What fast driver he is!
9. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.  
1. How difficult the exercise is!  
2. What an interesting news it is!  
3. What a lovely baby it is!  
4. How fast he speaks!  
5. What hard work was it!  
A) 1, 3, 4      B) 2, 3, 5      C) 1, 3, 5  
D) 2, 4, 5      E) 2, 3, 4
10. Choose the **incorrect** exclamatory sentences.  
A) What a good advice it is!  
B) What a kind man his father is!  
C) How nice she looks at the party!  
D) How well she speaks English!  
E) What a pleasant teacher she is!
11. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.  
A) How cruel the armenians are!  
B) What cruelly the armenians are!  
C) How cruelly the armenians are!  
D) What cruelty the armenians are!  
E) How cruel are the armenians!
12. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.  
A) What beautiful pictures they are!  
B) What beautifully pictures they are!  
C) How beautiful pictures they are!  
D) How beautifully pictures they are!  
E) How beautiful pictures are they!
13. Choose the **incorrect** exclamatory sentences.  
1. What a clever answer it is!  
2. How big his shoes are!  
3. How awful our team plays!  
4. What exciting news she has just told!  
5. How fine trade these companies have!  
A) 2, 5      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 3  
D) 3, 5      E) 1, 4
14. Choose the incorrect exclamatory sentence.  
A) What fluent English our president has!  
B) What patient people we are!  
C) What brave soldiers our army has!  
D) How dishonest the armenians are!  
E) What dishonest armenians are!
15. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.  
1. How kind people the Browns are!  
2. What a clever politician Cromwell was!  
3. How well I feel today!  
4. What an awful soup you have cooked!  
5. How badly the room smells!  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 3, 5  
D) 1, 5      E) 3, 4
16. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.  
A) What an easy question you have asked!  
B) How hot are the days!  
C) What stupid mistake you made!  
D) How interesting the speaker is speaking!  
E) What beautiful the view is!
17. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.  
A) How happy I felt at that moment!  
B) How angry he looked at me!  
C) What an unbearable weather it was!  
D) What clever children he is!  
E) What boring the conference was!
18. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.  
A) How bad the kitchen smells!  
B) How badly the kitchen smells!  
C) What a horrible news they are!  
D) How richly Azerbaijan has become!  
E) How awful you have cooked the meal!
19. Choose the **incorrect** exclamatory sentence.  
A) What a peaceful country it is!  
B) What polite children they are!  
C) What terrible accident took place!  
D) What expensive books she bought!  
E) What a boring party it was!
20. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.  
A) How fluently he speaks!  
B) What a nice weather it is!  
C) How well the girl becomes!  
D) What the good speech he has made!  
E) How nicely he looks!

TEST 1

[Complete the sentence.]

1. *The porter asked ...*  
 A) when I have knocked on the door  
 B) when had I come  
 C) that who gave permission to me  
 D) why did I come so early  
 E) if I could show my card
2. *Dorothy could hardly believe it when she read the letter ...*  
 A) neither could Ann      B) so couldn't Ann  
 C) so could Ann      D) neither Ann could  
 E) neither couldn't Ann
3. *Betty has got 2 dogs, ...*  
 A) so Kate has      B) neither has Kate  
 C) Kate has, either      D) Kate has neither  
 E) so has Kate
4. *The question was so difficult that he hardly answered it ...*  
 A) Neither was I      B) Neither did I  
 C) Neither I did      D) So did I  
 E) I don't answer either
5. *I don't know exactly ...*  
 1. how long do birds live.  
 2. when the first wheel was invented.  
 3. why is fire hot.  
 4. who lives next door to Kate.  
 5. when does he go to school.  
 A) 2, 3      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 5  
 D) 2, 4      E) 4, 5
6. *I don't know the hotel ...*  
 A) that they has stayed in last year.  
 B) where they stayed in last year.  
 C) which they stayed in last year.  
 D) in which they had stayed last year.  
 E) what they had stayed in last year.

7. *I think, it is a very interesting film, ...*  
 A) so doesn't the others  
 B) so are the others  
 C) so aren't the others  
 D) neither are the others  
 E) neither aren't the others
8. *He wanted to know ... policemen.*  
 A) if were we      B) if he was  
 C) if we were      D) that they were  
 E) if we are
9. *Can you tell me ... ?*  
 A) how long was it to the airport  
 B) how long does it take me to go to the airport  
 C) if it would take me long to go there  
 D) how far it is to the airport  
 E) how long will it take me to go to the airport
10. *This car doesn't work, ...*  
 A) either does, that      B) neither does that  
 C) nor that one too      D) that neither does  
 E) so does that
11. *Can you tell me ...?*  
 A) where they lives      B) where do they live  
 C) where live they      D) where do live they  
 E) where they live
12. *Do you know ... ?*  
 A) how can I get it  
 B) how much this will cost  
 C) what did he say  
 D) where is she  
 E) what did happen to him
13. *Most of the spectators seemed to enjoy the match, ...*  
 A) and neither did I      B) so I haven't  
 C) if I do too      D) but I didn't  
 E) as I am doing
14. *I prefer drama to comedy ...*  
 A) my sister does so      B) so does my sister  
 C) my sister neither do      D) does my sister too  
 E) so has my sister

## Complete the Sentence

### TEST 2

15. *Merlin doesn't want to attend the lectures on philosophy ...*

- A) I want either.      B) Neither do I.  
C) I don't too.      D) Don't I also.  
E) She didn't either.

16. *They have hardly had dinner, ...*

1. either haven't we  
2. we haven't either  
3. neither has Amanda  
4. neither hasn't he  
A) 1, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

17. *Choose the correct variant.*

- *What ...?*

- *I am an economist.*

- A) are you do      B) did you do  
C) are you doing      D) do you do  
E) does he do

18. *Choose the correct variant.*

*How much ... in the window?*

- A) is these trousers      B) is those trousers  
C) are these trousers      D) are this trousers  
E) is that trousers

19. *The police had to investigate each of the facts much more carefully, as the situation was quite unknown, ...*

- A) neither did Sherlock Holmes.  
B) so hadn't to Sherlock Holmes.  
C) so did Sherlock Holmes.  
D) so was Sherlock Holmes.  
E) Sherlock Holmes had to neither.

20. *The landlord asked me ... stay in Hollywood.*

- A) how long was I going to  
B) how long I am going to  
C) how long I shall  
D) how long you going to  
E) how long I was going to

1. *A: I haven't seen your little sister before.*

*B: ...?*

- A) How is she?      B) What is she like?  
C) How she looks like?      D) What she is like?  
E) How is she like?

2. *Could you tell me ... ?*

- A) what did he advise to do  
B) that your uncle didn't take part in there  
C) when you have gone to Bristol  
D) which question is right  
E) what did they suggest

3. *The teacher didn't want to speak further, ...*

- A) nor did the pupils  
B) neither did the teacher  
C) either didn't we  
D) we don't want to speak further, either  
E) we didn't want to speak further, neither

4. *Their father wants to know ... this week.*

- A) what places they had seen  
B) what places they have seen  
C) what places they saw  
D) what places they were seeing  
E) what places has seen

5. *He went to the village for his weekend, ...*

- A) neither did I      B) so do I  
C) I went either      D) I did neither  
E) so did I

6. *I wonder ...*

1. if she doesn't know about the accident.  
2. whether they will stay or leave.  
3. why doesn't she phone me.  
4. when they have cooked that meal.  
A) 2, 3      B) 2, 4      C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 2      E) 3, 4

7. *Ask her when ...*

1. they will move to Turkey  
2. they have moved to Turkey  
3. she was here first  
4. she has been here first  
5. have they moved to Turkey  
A) 1, 5      B) 2, 4      C) 1, 3  
D) 3, 4      E) 2, 5

## Complete the Sentence

8. – *The old captain cried bitterly and said nothing.*  
– ...  
A) Nor did the others  
B) Neither didn't the others  
C) The others did so, either  
D) So didn't the others  
E) Neither the others did

9. *Ann knows ...*  
1. who did I want to speak to  
2. what I want to speak about  
3. that I want to speak to her  
4. who I want to speak  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 1, 2, 4  
D) 1, 3      E) 3, 4

10. *Our students will enter the university they want because they never ...*  
A) put their homework off  
B) prepare homework  
C) study much  
D) come to school ready for the lessons  
E) get good marks

11. *Do you know ...?*  
A) if is there an accident  
B) what was the matter  
C) that was there an accident  
D) what the matter was  
E) when the accident has taken place

12. *Martha: I don't like cold weather.*  
*Mathew: ...*  
A) So don't I      B) It isn't either  
C) I don't like either      D) Nor I does  
E) We don't like too

13. *Is he the engineer ... ?*  
A) who Mr. Smith talk about  
B) who did Mr. Smith talk about  
C) which Mr. Smith talked about  
D) who Mr. Smith talked about  
E) who does Mr. Smith talk about

14. *Do you know ...?*  
A) when has the accident happened  
B) when the accident has happened  
C) when the accident was happened  
D) where was the accident  
E) when the accident happened

15. *Do you know ...?*  
A) when has Susan come  
B) when does Susan come  
C) when Susan has come  
D) when Susan came  
E) where does she live

16. *Ted: Has Helen found her money?*  
*Hans: ...*  
A) No, she hasn't. She's counting it  
B) No, she hasn't. She's looking at it  
C) No, she hasn't. She's looking for them  
D) Yes, she has. She's looking for it  
E) No, she hasn't. She's looking for it

17. *Jane wanted to know ...*  
A) what time the agreement signed  
B) when they sign the agreement  
C) when was the agreement signed  
D) what time has the agreement been signed  
E) when the agreement was signed

18. *Can you tell me ... ?*  
1. who those women are?  
2. where Judi can find Lily?  
3. what do you mean?  
4. why didn't Kate come to the airport?  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 4      C) 1, 3  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2

19. *Frank tries hard to be the first at the next exam,*  
*...*  
A) nor does Susan  
B) neither do my students  
C) so do everybody  
D) so do my students  
E) so Susan does

20. *Mathematics is the only subject ...*  
A) what Elmir knows best of all  
B) which Elmir isn't good  
C) as Elmir doesn't know  
D) Elmir gets excellent marks in  
E) if Elmir learns hard

TEST 3

1. *Frank is afraid to go to the graveyard in the evening, ...?*  
 A) isn't he                      B) doesn't she  
 C) hasn't he                    D) doesn't he  
 E) is he
2. *He asked ...*  
 1. if he came in time  
 2. that the contracts were signed  
 3. when the letter was written  
 4. when was he invited  
 A) 1, 3                      B) 2, 4                      C) 2, 3  
 D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 2
3. *Jane: Alice knew nobody on that strange island.  
 Dora: ...*  
 A) So did they                      B) Neither did we  
 C) Neither they didn't              D) They don't either  
 E) We didn't also
4. *What will you do ...?*  
 A) when you finishes your homework  
 B) when do you finish your homework  
 C) when have you finished your homework  
 D) when you fininshed your homework  
 E) when you finish your homework on Friday
5. *Abid : I like the novels by national writers.  
 Zakir : ...*  
 A) So do I                      B) Neither I do  
 C) Nor I do                      D) So I do  
 E) Neither did I
6. *People like watching TV very much nowadays, ...?*  
 A) doesn't he                      B) don't you  
 C) haven't they                      D) aren't they  
 E) don't they
7. *My parents have been to many foreign countries this year ...*  
 A) Nor have her parents  
 B) So do her parents  
 C) Neither her parents have  
 D) So have her parents  
 E) So her parents do

8. *My father never let us have difficulties ...*  
 A) So did our mother  
 B) Neither did our mother  
 C) Never our mother did  
 D) Neither does our mother  
 E) Neither had our mother
9. *Can she explain to us ... ?*  
 A) where have they build the new airport ?  
 B) where will the new airport be built ?  
 C) when they have built the new airport ?  
 D) when did they build the new airport ?  
 E) where the new airport will be built ?
10. *Didn't she tell you how ... ?*  
 A) Tom has solved the problem  
 B) had Tom solved the problem  
 C) Tom will solve that problem  
 D) Tom had solved that problem  
 E) did Tom solve that problem
11. *... .  
 - Eggs, chips and soup.*  
 A) Who are there at lunch?  
 B) What is lunch?  
 C) What is that lunch for?  
 D) What is for lunch?  
 E) Who is that lunch for?
12. *Susan has not got a doll. ...*  
 A) Either have I  
 B) Neither have got her cousin  
 C) So has Bob  
 D) So had her mother  
 E) Neither has her sister
13. *Can you explain ...?*  
 A) why you got a bad mark yesterday  
 B) why did you get a bad mark yesterday  
 C) what mark did you get yesterday  
 D) why you got a bad mark yesterday for  
 E) what you got a bad mark yesterday
14. *Didn't he tell you when ... ?*  
 A) Sam has sent the letter  
 B) had Sam sent the letter  
 C) Sam will send the letter  
 D) Sam had sent the letter  
 E) did Sam send the letter



## Complete the Sentence

15. *Sevinj had breakfast with her family yesterday.*

1. So did I
  2. So has I
  3. Neither had I
  4. I did, too
  5. I also did
- A) 1, 4, 5    B) 2, 3    C) 1, 2, 3  
D) 2, 4    E) 3, 5

16. *Have you read ...?*

- A) which I sent
- B) the article that you were sent
- C) the article who you were sent
- D) the article what I sent
- E) what were you sent

17. *Laura cut her hair no more, ... .*

- A) Neither did I
- B) So does Anna
- C) Neither I did
- D) Neither I do
- E) I didn't cut them either

18. *Shamil hasn't got a car, ... .*

1. neither have I
  2. so has Elnur
  3. has he?
  4. does he?
  5. nor has she
- A) 1, 3, 5    B) 2, 3, 4    C) 1, 4, 5  
D) 1, 2, 3    E) 1, 5

19. *When ... English?*

- A) has he begun to study
- B) did he begin to study
- C) has he begun study
- D) did he begin study
- E) did he begun study

20. *Can you explain ... me the truth?*

1. what made her tell
  2. why didn't she tell
  3. why she hasn't tell
  4. why she didn't tell
  5. why hasn't she told
- A) 1, 4    B) 2, 5    C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 5    E) 2, 3



TEST 1

[Choose the correct conjunction(s).]

1. *Kate went to bed early yesterday ... she was tired.*  
A) and B) because C) so  
D) if E) than
2. *He said ... that boy was his friend ... we didn't believe.*  
A) -, and B) that, but C) that, and  
D) why, but E) though, so
3. *... clean air ... clean water are necessary for our health.*  
A) Not also, but only B) Neither, nor  
C) Either, or D) Both, and  
E) Whether, nor
4. *He didn't know ... to go or stay at home.*  
A) if B) either C) whether  
D) where E) weather
5. *John played well ... everybody applauded him.*  
A) or B) but C) if  
D) where E) and
6. *... I was waiting for the bus, it began to rain.*  
1. Or 2. If 3. While  
4. As 5. When  
A) 3, 4, 5 B) 1, 2, 3 C) 2, 5  
D) 1, 2 E) 1, 4, 5
7. *I think, ... you ... your friend has sent these messages to Mrs. Smith.*  
A) either ... or B) both ... and  
C) as ... as D) so ... that  
E) neither ... or

8. *The children couldn't find Jane ... they had looked for everywhere.*  
A) though B) and C) but  
D) because E) if
9. *... my father was ill, he has stayed at home.*  
A) Though B) In spite of C) Where  
D) As E) Because of
10. *He wants to know ... I have waited for him.*  
1. when 2. whether  
3. how long 4. if  
A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2, 3 C) 1, 2, 4  
D) 2, 3, 4 E) 1, 4
11. *They won't win the game ... they don't play well.*  
1. but 2. and 3. as 4. if  
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4
12. *Saymon is the teacher about ... they talked.*  
A) who B) whose C) that  
D) what E) whom
13. *He helped me ... he was very tired.*  
A) since B) as C) though  
D) if E) because
14. *He wants to know ... I have waited for him.*  
1. when 2. whether  
3. how long 4. though  
5. while  
A) 1, 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4, 5

15. ... *he wasn't hungry, he ate a big meal.*

- A) Although B) In spite of  
C) Unless D) Because  
E) As

16. ... *it was getting cold, I decided to put on my coat.*

- A) Though B) Because of  
C) In spite of D) As  
E) Even though

17. *The weather was ... fine ... we stayed there till the evening.*

- A) such, that B) neither, nor C) both, and  
D) so, - E) so, that

18. Choose the correct variant for the both sentences.

1. *The city ... I was born is rich in oil.*  
2. *The question is ... he will go to study.*

- A) where B) when  
C) which D) in which  
E) what

19. ... *the weather is ... cold ... it was yesterday, we can't go for a picnic today either.*

- A) Although, as, as B) As, so, as  
C) As, as, as D) Though, as, as  
E) So, -, as

20. ... *the letter ... the telegram was brought in time.*

- A) Either, nor B) Both, and  
C) Neither, nor D) Nor, -  
E) Neither, or

1. *He can... play the tar ... sing folk songs very well.*

- A) both, also B) either, nor  
C) such, that D) so, that  
E) not only, but also

2. ... *they are very busy, they can find a little time for chatting.*

- A) If B) Since C) But  
D) Though E) Because

3. *Yusif rang the bell at the door of the large cottage ... Sevda lived with her parents.*

1. in which  
2. where  
3. which  
4. that in

- A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3, 4 C) 1, 2, 3  
D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

4. *It was my birthday last Sunday, .... we had a party.*

- A) as B) as if C) so  
D) till E) whether

5. *Penicillin was invented in the 1940s ... it has saved thousands of lives.*

- A) but B) as though C) or  
D) and E) unless

6. *He'll lose the long distance race ... he runs faster.*

- A) unless B) when C) if  
D) in case E) as long as

7. *All ... children need is care and love.*

- A) what B) that C) whose  
D) who E) whom

## The Conjunction

8. *He answered very quickly, ... he was very wise.*  
 A) after                      B) though                      C) because  
 D) but                      E) if
9. *... Sarah ... her sister like reading books.*  
 A) Neither, nor                      B) Both, and  
 C) Either, or                      D) Not only, but also  
 E) Such, that
10. *... she was ill, she missed some lectures.*  
 A) Because of                      B) So that                      C) But  
 D) As                      E) Though
11. *... they were very few they went on defending their city.*  
 A) So that                      B) Though                      C) Since  
 D) Because                      E) In spite of
12. *Lena couldn't pass the final exam ... she didn't attend the classes last term.*  
 A) while                      B) after                      C) before  
 D) and                      E) because
13. *Do you know the college ... Gunel is studying at the moment?*  
 A) when                      B) why                      C) whose  
 D) where                      E) which
14. *Disneyland is a place full of attractions ... for children ... grown-ups.*  
 A) both, and                      B) either, nor  
 C) neither, or                      D) so, that  
 E) if, then
15. *He can't speak ... a throat infection.*  
 A) because of                      B) but                      C) although  
 D) because                      E) so
16. *... it was very cold outside, the children liked playing in the yard.*  
 A) Whether                      B) Though                      C) Both  
 D) But                      E) Such
17. *Merlin prepared her lessons very well ... she didn't get "5".*  
 A) because                      B) and                      C) if  
 D) so                      E) but
18. *... he is a clever student, he sometimes makes foolish mistakes.*  
 A) So                      B) Before                      C) As if  
 D) Although                      E) Until
19. Match the parts of the sentences.  
 1. Do you want to drive ... shall we go by train?  
 2. I'd buy a new house ... I won a lot of money.  
 3. She passed the exam ... she didn't study very much.  
 a) although                      b) or                      c) if  
 A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      B) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a  
 C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
 E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
20. *The hotel in ... we stayed was near the sea.*  
 A) which                      B) where                      C) what  
 D) whose                      E) that

TEST 3

1. *You sent ... a letter ... a telegram, did you?*  
 A) either, or                      B) neither, nor  
 C) neither, or                    D) whether, or  
 E) both, and

2. Match the parts of the sentences.  
 1. Alan went to the supermarket ... bought some cheese.  
 2. Tony worked hard ... didn't earn much money.  
 3. I didn't get the job ... I was late for the interview.  
 a) because                      b) and                      c) but  
 A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
 C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
 E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

3. *Be quick ... you'll be late again.*  
 A) nor                      B) and                      C) but  
 D) when                      E) or

4. *Mr. and Mrs. Bailers are ... kind people ... we all visit them every week.*  
 A) so, that                      B) such a, that  
 C) either, or                      D) such, that  
 E) so, so

5. *... the questions were very difficult, Jane answered most of them correctly.*  
 A) Because of                      B) But                      C) Although  
 D) As                      E) Both

6. *We'll have a picnic ... the weather is good.*  
 1. as long as                      2. although  
 3. unless                      4. only if  
 5. but  
 A) 1, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 1, 3  
 D) 1, 2, 5                      E) 3, 4, 5

7. Choose the correct conjunction for both sentences.

1. *Tell me ... you'll return.*  
 2. *I loved History ... I was at school.*  
 A) while                      B) if                      C) when  
 D) where                      E) which

8. *In that city you can find a lot of shops ... you can buy what you want.*

1. where                      2. in which                      3. when  
 4. that                      5. which  
 A) 1, 2                      B) 4, 5                      C) 1, 3  
 D) 2, 4                      E) 3, 4

9. *The police asked the witness ... he had heard the word ... the murderer said.*

- A) if, what                      B) whether, what  
 C) if, which                      D) if, what's  
 E) that, which

10. *The Britannia is the royal ship ... has been very famous for more than 40 years.*

- A) what                      B) which                      C) why  
 D) who                      E) whom

11. *He spoke English ... well ... we thought that he was from England.*

- A) not only, but also                      B) as, if  
 C) such, that                      D) so, that  
 E) neither, nor

12. *... the parents ... the teachers want us to fail at the final exam, do they?*

- A) As ... as                      B) Either ... or  
 C) Both ... and                      D) All ... and  
 E) Neither ... nor

13. *Everybody wanted to know ... there was too much noise outside.*

- A) which                      B) what                      C) why  
 D) who                      E) where

## The Conjunction

### TEST 4

14. *That was ... an original idea ... everybody was excited.*

- A) as, as                      B) so, that                      C) so, as  
D) such, as                      E) such, that

15. *Oh, John you have become wet, change your clothes ... you'll catch a cold.*

- A) or                      B) so                      C) and  
D) although                      E) because

16. *I know ... you have written the message.*

1. what                      2. that                      3. who  
4. when                      5. why  
A) 2, 5                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 4, 5                      E) 3, 4

17. *Mrs Grey handed the ring to Mr. Dale ... examined it closely.*

- A) which                      B) what                      C) who  
D) whom                      E) whose

18. *Harry and Rosie have never quarrelled ... they married.*

- A) but                      B) and                      C) or  
D) since                      E) because

19. *It was hot in the room ... I opened the window.*

- A) as                      B) but                      C) so  
D) because                      E) after

20. *I want to know ... you have watered the flowers.*

1. when                      2. if                      3. whether  
4. that                      5. which  
A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 4                      C) 4, 5  
D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 5

1. *The film was ... boring ... I left the hall before the end.*

- A) so, that                      B) so, but                      C) not so, as  
D) as, as                      E) such, that

2. *Mary says that ... her father ... mother speak Japanese well enough.*

- A) either ... or                      B) both ... and                      C) as ... as  
D) so ... that                      E) neither ... nor

3. *The film ended ... sadly ... everybody became sorry.*

- A) so, as                      B) as, as                      C) so, that  
D) such, that                      E) so, so

4. *Anita looked ... sadder ... much more excited that day.*

- A) both ... or                      B) as ... as  
C) so ... as                      D) such ... that  
E) not only ... but also

5. *Your blood pressure will rise ... you eat so many sweets at once.*

- A) if                      B) though                      C) why  
D) even                      E) whether

6. *I studied well ... entered the best university.*

- A) but                      B) if                      C) or  
D) and                      E) because

7. *I could not buy anything ... all the shops were closed.*

- A) and                      B) though                      C) till  
D) because                      E) until

8. *I'll give your letter to Julia ... I see her.*

- A) until                      B) before                      C) till  
D) as soon as                      E) though

9. *We wanted to help Morgan ... he didn't want us to do it.*

- A) and                      B) but                      C) or  
D) because                      E) for

10. *I saw the town ... William Shakespeare was born in.*  
A) who B) which C) where  
D) when E) what
11. *Nizami Ganjavi wrote some of his poems in Persian ... it doesn't mean that he was a Persian by nationality.*  
A) and B) but C) if  
D) though E) whether
12. *The performance was ... funny ... everybody became happy.*  
A) so ... as B) as ... as C) so... that  
D) such ... that E) so... so
13. *Do you know the house ... Roger lives in?*  
A) which B) where C) who  
D) whose E) what
14. *... Tom's legs hurt badly, he went on walking.*  
A) So B) Although C) After  
D) Since E) Because of
15. *It's been quite a long time ... I had a holiday abroad.*  
A) ago B) for C) since  
D) when E) by
16. *He attended the courses ... he could get a better job.*  
A) after B) or C) as soon as  
D) in order that E) if
17. *She bought a car, ... she was too young to drive.*  
A) for B) as C) after  
D) so E) although
18. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
1. *I follow ... my father advises me.*  
2. *Tom always listens to ... his parents say.*  
A) what B) who C) whom  
D) which E) how
19. *... he was tired, he didn't listen to me till the end.*  
A) Though B) But C) In case  
D) Although E) As
20. *... she came in, the telephone rang.*  
A) Even if B) Even C) As soon as  
D) Despite E) Because

1. *A desert is described as a region ... less than ten inches of rain falls in a year.*  
1. where 2. that 3. in which  
4. which 5. when  
A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2, 4 C) 2, 4, 5  
D) 4, 5 E) 1, 4, 5
2. *... I see her, she is unhappy.*  
A) In spite of B) As if C) So  
D) As soon as E) Whenever
3. *These books won't finish ... you don't read them.*  
1. who 2. as if 3. as 4. if  
A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4
4. *This book is ... Elnur's ... his friend's.*  
A) both, but B) as well, as  
C) in spite of, but D) either, or  
E) whether, or
5. *... the hostess ... the guests were pleased.*  
A) Either, nor B) Whether, or  
C) Neither, nor D) Both, but  
E) Even, though
6. *The sea was ... stormy ... we couldn't see anything.*  
A) both, and B) such, that C) as, that  
D) as, well as E) so, that
7. *We couldn't go for a walk ... it rained.*  
A) before B) even C) as  
D) although E) because of

## The Conjunction

8. *What shall we do, ... she doesn't come in time?*  
 A) If B) As if  
 C) In order that D) In spite of the fact  
 E) So that
9. *Dilara passed through a little park ... she used to play.*  
 A) who B) where C) whom  
 D) how E) when
10. *She asked ... they would like a cup of tea in the open air.*  
 A) as B) so C) that  
 D) if E) how
11. *His death was ... natural causes.*  
 A) because of B) because C) so  
 D) when E) as
12. *... being tired, he listened to me till the end.*  
 A) Though B) Because C) In case  
 D) Although E) In spite of
13. *It was ... a sad story that nobody wanted to remember it.*  
 A) as B) such C) and  
 D) so E) but
14. *I won't tell you ... they arrived here before you.*  
 1. how 2. why 3. as 4. where  
 A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 3  
 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4
15. *He is a rich American ... collects model railways.*  
 A) whom B) which C) who  
 D) what E) whose
16. *Tell me ... you will come to London.*  
 A) where B) when C) which  
 D) in when E) who
17. *... I missed the train, I was in time for the classes.*  
 A) As B) So C) Because  
 D) If E) Though
18. *Lisa ... had supper ... slept yesterday, did she?*  
 A) either, nor B) either, or  
 C) both, and D) neither, nor  
 E) if, and
19. *... John ... his sister were heard from upstairs.*  
 A) Both, or B) Neither, nor  
 C) Either, or D) Either, nor  
 E) Both, and
20. *... the meal ... the tea is ready.*  
 A) Neither, nor B) Both, and  
 C) But, and D) -, and  
 E) Because, and



**TEST 1**

1. Choose the correct sentences.
  1. My father and I were ready to leave.
  2. The water in the buckets is pure.
  3. Take the books which is on the table.
  4. The girls and the boys shall take part in the competition.
  5. Some pupils was absent from the lesson.

A) 1, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4                      E) 4, 5
2. *Objects in the mirror ... closer than they appear.*
  1. is                      2. are                      3. was                      4. were

A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 4
3. Choose the correct variant.
  1. The area of rainforests disappears every year.
  2. The amount of water he uses a day are 10 litres.
  3. A huge amount of oxygen is produced by rainforests.
  4. Every ten minutes one kind of animal disappear.

A) 1, 3                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 4  
D) 1, 2, 3                      E) 2, 3, 4
4. Choose the correct variant.
  1. The temperature in many desert regions are cold at night.
  2. The stolen bags in the burglar's hand were an evidence of his crime.
  3. Tea with sugar and lemon tastes good.
  4. All the offers of mediation was rejected.

A) 1, 3                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 3
5. Choose the correct sentences.
  1. There are so many ways to solve this problem.
  2. Getting up early on Mondays is difficult for me.
  3. Draughts are played by two people.
  4. The news he brought were awful.

A) 2, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 3

6. *Making pies and cakes ... my mother's hobby.*

A) were                      B) are  
C) have                      D) is  
E) weren't
7. *The doctor is examining the patients who ... brought to hospital.*
  1. was                      2. were                      3. have been
  4. is                      5. has been

A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 5                      C) 1, 4  
D) 4, 5                      E) 2, 3
8. *Their cattle ... various, but their poultry ... of only hens and cocks.*

A) are, consist  
B) is, consists  
C) aren't, consists  
D) were, shall consist  
E) are, doesn't consist
9. Choose the correct sentences.
  1. A few bowls of porridge were put on the table.
  2. All porridge have been eaten by the kids.
  3. There was a lot of porridge in the pot.
  4. Some of the porridge were burnt.

A) 1, 4    B) 2, 4    C) 1, 2, 3    D) 2, 3, 4    E) 1, 3
10. *A number of students ... absent today.*

A) are                      B) is                      C) has  
D) have                      E) was
11. Choose the correct variant.
  1. The places of interest of Turkey is marvelous.
  2. The broken glasses was lying on the table.
  3. A hundred dollars isn't a high salary.
  4. The five days' trip was excellent for him.

A) 1, 3    B) 1, 2    C) 3, 4    D) 2, 4    E) 1, 4

## Subject - Verb Agreement

12. Choose the **incorrect** variant.  
A) A person who steal things is a thief.  
B) I ate a piece of bread.  
C) He was given a thousand dollars.  
D) Only a few students came in.  
E) Smoking is harmful.
13. Choose the correct sentence.  
A) A cat and a mouse isn't friends.  
B) The United Nations have its headquarter in New York.  
C) Math lessons is very easy for our students.  
D) Her niece are five years old.  
E) The Philippines consists of a lot of islands.
14. Choose the correct variant.  
1. We have to obey the rules shown to us.  
2. Some political news don't concern me.  
3. The price of these glasses is high.  
4. Three months' holiday are a very long time.  
A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 4
15. Choose the correct sentence.  
A) This pair of trousers don't fit you.  
B) The twins whose father were a doctor helped me a lot.  
C) The lady's address were sent at last.  
D) A number of people doesn't stop smoking.  
E) These are the lists of the news.
16. Choose the correct sentence.  
A) Table 3 show the results.  
B) The icy conditions makes road travel dangerous.  
C) Printing health warnings is our main duty.  
D) How much are this pair of trainers?  
E) Wealth aren't as important as health.
17. Choose the correct sentence.  
A) A number of the companies try to satisfy their customers.  
B) Some members of the party was late.  
C) Only a small number of our students passes the exam.  
D) The young has bad habits nowadays.  
E) He always lie on this sofa.
18. Choose the correct variant.  
1. The town gets its name from the river on which it was built.  
2. The scissors which was taken from the box was sharp.  
3. This policeman shout at the drivers.  
4. All the furniture was sent to the foreign countries.  
A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 3, 4
19. Choose the incorrect variant.  
A) The soldiers were ordered not to fire.  
B) The firemen puts out the fire fast.  
C) What does that sign say?  
D) The two presidents were applauded.  
E) Whom do you support ?
20. Match the parts of the sentences.  
1. All ... solved. There's no problem.  
2. All ... on holiday. There is nobody here.  
3. All ... solved the tests. Everybody is ready.  
a. has b. are c. was  
d. have e. were  
A) 1-e; 2-a; 3-c  
B) 1-a; 2-c; 3-b  
C) 1-a; 2-c; 3-e  
D) 1-c; 2-b; 3-d  
E) 1-c; 2-a; 3-b

**TEST 2**

1. Choose the correct sentences.
  1. All of the furniture is new and modern.
  2. Tea and coffee is ready.
  3. Each of the customers has an important reason.
  4. None of the news were interesting.

A) 1, 2                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 3
2. Choose the correct variant.
  1. You and I are supposed to clean the room before mother gets home.
  2. Neither she nor I am going to the festival.
  3. Each of the statements are true.
  4. Every pair of sunglasses she tried on were too dark.

A) 1, 2                      B) 2, 3                      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 3
3. Choose the correct variant.
  1. Neither his partner nor his neighbours speaks highly of him.
  2. Everyone needs love.
  3. Part of the money goes to charity.
  4. Early to bed and early to rise make a man healthy, wealthy and wise.

A) 1, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 3                      E) 2, 3
4. Choose the correct sentences.
  1. A list of the names of all survivors is available.
  2. No more than one person was interested in the problem.
  3. A number of people is waiting for the train at the station.
  4. What makes me angry about them are their continuous complaints.

A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 4

5. Choose the correct sentences.
  1. Eighty dollars is a small sum for my pocket money.
  2. Both John and his friend is planning to attend the meeting.
  3. Each of the boys in our district goes to mosque every Friday.
  4. Some of the questions seems so hard.

A) 3, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 4
6. Choose the correct sentences.
  1. The dishes in the kitchen is dirty.
  2. The store is looking for clerks who knows accounting.
  3. Neither of my daughters looks like me.
  4. Her answer to all requests is the same.

A) 3, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 3
7. Choose the correct sentences.
  1. Some sacks of potatoes were being loaded onto the truck.
  2. All the potatoes was used by the cook.
  3. A few potatoes were peeled to fry.
  4. There was a lot of potatoes in the sack.

A) 1, 3    B) 1, 2    C) 2, 3    D) 2, 4    E) 1, 4
8. Choose the correct sentences.
  1. Here are a few ideas for how to distribute the goods.
  2. The police haven't made any arrests lately.
  3. Here are the book and the workbook that you will need for this course.
  4. No news are good news.

A) 1, 2                      B) 2, 3                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4                      E) 1, 3
9. Choose the correct sentences.
  1. People from the South are very friendly.
  2. The fear of robbery and kidnapping have caused many people to leave their country.
  3. The last questions on the test was very difficult.
  4. John, as well as his young brothers, is going to study at that school.

A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4                      E) 2, 4

## Subject - Verb Agreement

10. Choose the correct sentences.

1. Either the newspaper or the magazines have the information you need.
  2. Forty-five dollars is too much to spend on that dress.
  3. Not only the students but also the teacher are confused by the material.
  4. Everyone who received high grades were invited to the conference.
- A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 3

11. Choose the correct sentences.

1. The poor is suffering.
  2. All the milk in the fridge have gone sour.
  3. The United States is bordered on Canada and Mexico.
  4. The quality of the candies is poor.
- A) 2, 3                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 2

12. Choose the correct variant.

1. Each of the boys were given a book.
  2. The blind is able to read by using a special alphabet.
  3. Mathematics is difficult to understand.
  4. Every student was ready for the conference.
- A) 1, 2                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 4                      E) 3, 4

13. Choose the correct sentences.

1. Behind the clouds there was a hot sun.
  2. Neither George, nor his friends are going to join us.
  3. Both John and Tom is visiting us tomorrow.
  4. Tom's ideas about the matter has been of great importance to us.
- A) 2, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 4

14. Choose the correct variant.

1. Ben, together with his friends, enjoys going out together.
  2. This pair of shoes cost \$99.
  3. The number of traffic accidents are increasing.
  4. A number of children want to live alone.
- A) 3, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 4  
D) 1, 3                      E) 2, 4

15. Choose the correct sentences.

1. Nearly everyone in China like rice.
  2. The basketball players at our college are highly skilled.
  3. The best student in the afternoon classes are from Sumgait.
  4. A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush.
- A) 1, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 2

16. Choose the correct sentences.

1. The shoes alone costs £100.
  2. Have our flight been announced yet?
  3. There were twelve of us at dinner.
  4. Finally the two of us were together again.
- A) 3, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 4  
D) 1, 2                      E) 2, 4

17. *Your suggestions ... not new for me, but Sophie's advice and information ... better.*

- A) are, are                      B) are, is  
C) aren't, was                      D) are, isn't  
E) were, was

18. *The results of L. Zade's experiment ... published in a scientific journal.*

1. is                      3. are  
2. have been                      4. has been  
A) 1, 3                      B) 2, 4                      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 4                      E) 3, 4

19. *Some of the bread ... eaten.*

1. was                      2. were  
3. has been                      4. have been  
A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 4  
D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 3

20. *These books on the shelf ... very valuable to me.*

1. is                      2. are  
3. was                      4. were  
A) 1, 2                      B) 3, 4                      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 4                      E) 2, 4

TEST 3

1. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. An owl and a black bird ... sitting on the tree.
  2. Every member of these classes ... diligent.
  3. All students ... prepared their lessons.

a. is                      b. are                      c. have  
d. do                      e. has

A) 1-e, 2-d, 3-a                      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      D) 1-d, 2-c, 3-e  
E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
2. *The book about his adventures ... read worldwide.*
  1. are                      2. have been
  3. is                      4. has been

A) 1, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 3
3. Match the halves.
  1. Japanese ... very difficult to learn.
  2. Cattle ... considered sacred in India.
  3. All students ... their own books.

a. have                      b. is                      c. are

A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a
4. Choose the correct variant.
 

A) Biology and chemistry are main subjects in the 4th group.  
B) The purpose of these advertisements are unknown for me.  
C) The teachers does their best for us.  
D) This waitress do shopping every day.  
E) The police was in the event place.
5. *Objects in the mirror ... closer than they appear.*
  1. is                      2. are                      3. was                      4. were

A) 1, 3                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 3
6. *Some of furniture in our rooms ... second hand.*
  1. is                      2. are
  3. was                      4. were

A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 4

7. *This is a large hall. Many parties ... here.*

A) was held                      B) is held  
C) has been held                      D) holds  
E) are held
8. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. Two pieces of luggage ... still on the scales.
  2. Some drops of coffee ... on her new skirt.
  3. A lot of harmful food ... been left on the counter since yesterday.

a. has                      b. are                      c. were

A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
9. Choose the correct variant.
  1. Reading a lot of books about animals is her hobby.
  2. Your hair looks great
  3. A new pair of glasses don't cost so much.
  4. "Tom and Jerry" are an amusing cartoon.

A) 1, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 4
10. *It ... easy to see why the student exchanges ... so important.*

A) is, are                      B) isn't, is  
C) are, are                      D) are, is  
E) aren't, is
11. *A lot of animals ... in the world every day because land and seas ... very polluted.*

A) dies, is                      B) dies, are  
C) die, is                      D) are dying, is  
E) die, are

## Subject - Verb Agreement

12. Choose the correct sentence.  
A) Michael and I am very eager to learn English.  
B) Which month of the year is the shortest?  
C) There are no cloud and stars in the sky.  
D) Both George and Daniel is never late for work.  
E) There wasn't rivers and a forest near the village.
13. Choose the correct variant.  
1. Cowards die many times before their death.  
2. The king with all his men were killed.  
3. The quality of these products are high.  
4. No fewer than ten men were injured.  
A) 1, 4      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 3
14. Choose the correct variant.  
1. "The Arabian Nights" are an interesting book.  
2. Nick is one of the best painters that have ever lived.  
3. The price of these products has risen.  
4. Three parts of the work are left for me to finish.  
A) 1, 3      B) 2, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 4
15. Choose the correct variant.  
1. The price of these jeans are reasonable.  
2. The books borrowed from the library is on my desk.  
3. The famous singer and composer have arrived.  
4. The boss, as well as his colleagues, has been robbed.  
A) 1, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 2, 4
16. *One of the most intelligent students who ... full marks ... Joseph.*  
A) scored, were      B) score, are  
C) score, is      D) scores, are  
E) scores, is
17. Choose the correct variant.  
1. Living in Beijing costs a lot of money.  
2. Chinese pancakes looks delicious.  
3. Reading and writing are important skills.  
4. Every resident have to pay tax.  
A) 1, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 2, 4
18. Choose the correct variant.  
1. Jamie and Tom are with me.  
2. Either the teacher or the students write on the blackboard.  
3. Not only Julie but also George want to visit grandma.  
4. Some people in my office is very annoying.  
A) 3, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3      E) 2, 4
19. Choose the correct variant.  
1. A large number of countries is members of the United Nations.  
2. A number of people are waiting to see you.  
3. The number of stars in the sky seems countless.  
4. The number of computer advances are increasing every year.  
A) 3, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3      E) 2, 4
20. *Everybody ... here for you. All of them ... waiting to listen to your speech.*  
A) is, are      B) are, are  
C) is, is      D) were, were  
E) was, was

**TEST 1**

1. Match the words to their definitions.
  1. to invite    2. to invade    3. to invent
  - a) to produce or design something that has not existed before.
  - b) to ask somebody to come to a social event, party or meal.
  - c) to enter a country or town using military force in order to take control of it.

A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a  
 C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
 E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
  
2. Match the words to their definitions.
  1. a bench                      2. a bunch                      3. a branch
  - a) a group of things that grow together or that you tie or hold together.
  - b) one of the parts of a tree that grows out from the trunk.
  - c) a long seat made of wood or metal, usually outside.

A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a                      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
 C) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b                      D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
 E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
  
3. Match the words to their definitions.
  1. to lay                      2. to raise                      3. to drop
  - a. to fall something by accident
  - b. to put something in a certain position
  - c. to lift something to a higher level

A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
 C) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a                      D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
 E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
  
4. Match the words to their definitions.
  1. bone                      2. feather                      3. horn
  - a. soft light things which cover a bird's body
  - b. a hard, pointed part that grows on the head of some animals
  - c. the hard parts inside a human or an animal

A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
 C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
 E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

5. Match the words to their definitions.
  1. beef                      2. honey                      3. leather
  - a. the meat that comes from a cow
  - b. animal skin used to make shoes, bags etc.
  - c. a sweet substance made by bees

A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
 C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
 E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
  
6. Match the words to their definitions.
  1. fur                      2. trunk                      3. wing
  - a. the long nose of an elephant
  - b. the part of the body which a bird uses for flying
  - c. the hair-covered skin of animals

A) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
 C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
 E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
  
7. Match the words to their definitions.
  1. grief                      2. leisure                      3. unemployment
  - a. the time when you are not working
  - b. very great sadness
  - c. the number of people who do not have a job

A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
 C) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b                      D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
 E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
  
8. Match the words to their definitions.
  1. an author                      2. a customer                      3. a florist
  - a. a person who buys goods
  - b. the writer of a book, article, play, etc.
  - c. a person who sells flowers and plants

A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
 C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
 E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c



## Definitions

9. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a kitten      2. a porter      3. a tailor  
a. someone whose job is to make clothes  
b. a person whose job is to carry things  
c. a very young cat  
A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

10. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a merchant  
2. a pickpocket  
3. a shepherd  
a. a person whose job is to take care of sheep  
b. a thief who steals things out of pockets or bags  
c. a person whose job is to buy and sell products in large amounts  
A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

11. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a carpenter  
2. a tutor  
3. a stableman  
a. a teacher who works with one student or a small group  
b. a person whose job is making and repairing wooden objects  
c. a man who cares for the horses  
A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

12. Match the words to their definitions.

1. boastful      2. disappointed      3. grateful  
a. unhappy because someone or something was not as good as you expected  
b. praising yourself and what you have done  
c. showing or expressing thanks to another person  
A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

13. Match the words to their definitions.

1. ignorant      2. mighty      3. prominent  
a. very well-known and important  
b. very strong and powerful  
c. not having enough knowledge or information  
A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

14. Match the words to their definitions.

1. quiet      2. thirsty      3. wealthy  
a. needing to drink  
b. rich  
c. making very little noise  
A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

15. Match the words to their definitions.

1. calm      2. delicious      3. sudden  
a. peaceful and quiet  
b. happening or done quickly  
c. having a very pleasant taste  
A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

16. Match the words to their definitions.

1. generous      2. previous      3. various  
a. several different  
b. immediately before the time you are talking about  
c. giving or willing to give freely  
A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      D) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a  
E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

TEST 2

17. Match the words to their definitions.

1. look after
2. look for
3. look through
- a. to try to find someone or something
- b. to take care of someone or something
- c. to read something quickly
- A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to abandon      2. to cure      3. to deny
- a. to say that something is not true
- b. to make someone with an illness healthy again
- c. to leave a place, thing or person forever
- A) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b      B) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

18. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to draw      2. to sell      3. to weep
- a. to give something in return for money
- b. to cry, usually because you are sad
- c. to make pictures with a pencil or pen
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

2. Match the nouns to their definitions.

1. button      2. bottle      3. bottom
- a. a tall round glass or plastic container for liquids
- b. the lowest part of something
- c. a small round thing on clothes
- A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b      D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
- E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

19. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to bite      2. to ride      3. to wear
- a. to sit on a horse or a bicycle and control it
- b. to use your teeth to cut into something
- c. to have clothing, etc. on your body
- A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b      D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
- E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

3. Match the words to their definitions.

1. national      2. notional      3. natural
- a. typical of the people or customs of a particular country or nation.
- b. exists only in theory as a suggestion or idea, but not in reality.
- c. existing in nature, not made or caused by human beings.
- A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a      B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

20. Match the words to their definitions.

1. clumsy
2. zealous
3. indifferent
- a. doing things in a very awkward way
- b. showing great energy and enthusiasm for something
- c. showing no interest in somebody
- A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a
- C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

4. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a beech      2. a beach      3. a speech
- a. a tall forest tree
- b. a formal talk given to people
- c. an area of sand beside the sea
- A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

## Definitions

5. Match the words to their definitions.

1. flu            2. flue            3. fly  
a. a pipe that takes smoke away from a fire  
b. a kind of disease  
c. a small insect with two wings  
A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

6. Match the words to their definitions.

1. draughts            2. daughter    3. driver  
a. a person's female child  
b. a table game for two players  
c. a person who drives a vehicle  
A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

7. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a bride            2. a bird            3. a bridge  
a. a structure providing a way across a river  
b. a newly married woman  
c. a creature with feathers and wings, usually able to fly  
A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

8. Match the words to their definitions.

1. fog            2. frog            3. fork  
a. a small animal live in or near water  
b. a small metal that you use for lifting food  
c. a thick white cloud close to the land  
A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a  
C) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b                      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

9. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to decide  
2. to expect  
3. to suppose  
a. to think that something is likely to be true  
b. to think or believe something will happen  
c. to choose something, especially after thinking carefully  
A) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b                      B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
C) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b                      D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
E) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a

10. Match the words to their definitions.

1. policy            2. politics            3. police  
a. a plan of action agreed or chosen by a political party, a company, etc.  
b. the study of the ways in which a country is governed  
c. the official organization that protects people and property, makes people obey the law  
A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a                      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

11. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a niece            2. a nephew            3. a cousin  
a. a son of your sister or brother  
b. a child of a person's uncle or aunt  
c. a daughter of your brother or sister  
A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      B) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a  
C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

12. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a pear            2. a pair            3. a fair  
a. two things of the same appearance and size  
b. a large public event where goods are bought and sold  
c. a sweet fruit with a lot of juice and a green skin  
A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a                      B) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

13. Match the words to their definitions

1. to rebel  
2. to release  
3. to preserve  
a. to allow somebody to be free  
b. to keep something safe  
c. to fight against authority  
A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a                      D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

## Definitions

14. Match the words to their definitions

1. a prize    2. a prince    3. a prison  
a. a son or a grandson of the king or queen  
b. an award or a present or a gift  
c. a building where people are kept as a punishment  
A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c    B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c    D) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a  
E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

15. Match the words to their definitions

1. custom    2. customs    3. customer  
a. something that a group of people do  
b. the place at an airport or a port where you must show what you have brought with you  
c. a person who buys things from a shop  
A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c    B) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
C) 1-e, 2-b, 3-a    D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

16. Match the words to their definition

1. a team  
2. a coach  
3. a competitor  
a. who trains sportsmen for contest  
b. who takes part in the competition  
c. a group of people acting together in a game  
A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b    B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a    D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

17. Match the words to their definitions.

1. flower    2. floor    3. flour  
a. soft white or brown powder that we use to make bread.  
b. the brightly coloured part of a plant with a pleasant smell  
c. the flat surface of a room on which you walk  
A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a    B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
C) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b    D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

18. Match the given words to their definitions.

1. a patient    2. an artist    3. an actress  
a. someone who paints, draws or makes sculptures  
b. a female actor  
c. who is cared for by a particular doctor or dentist when necessary  
A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b    B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c    D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
E) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a

19. Match the given words to their definitions.

1. to burn    2. to push    3. to steal  
a. to destroy something by fire  
b. to take something that belongs to another person without permission  
c. to move something forward by forcing  
A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c    B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c    D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
E) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a

20. Match the given words to their definitions.

1. employment  
2. employee  
3. employer  
a. a person or organization that employs people  
b. when someone is paid to work for a company or organization  
c. someone who is paid to work for someone else  
A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a    B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c    D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
E) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a

## TEST 1

[Choose the correct translation.]

1. *We must protect our planet from pollution.*  
 A) Biz planetimizi çirklənmədən qoruduq.  
 B) Biz planetimizi çirklənmədən qoruyuruq.  
 C) Biz planetimizi çirklənmədən qorumalıyıq.  
 D) Biz planetimizi düşmənlərdən qoruyuruq.  
 E) Biz planetimizi çirklənmədən qoruyacağıq.
2. *Dostunu mənə göstər, mən sənə kim olduğunu deyərəm.*  
 A) Never show me your friend and I'll tell you who you are.  
 B) I'll show you my friend, if you tell me who you are.  
 C) You always show me your friend and I'll tell who you are.  
 D) I show you my friend and you tell me who you are.  
 E) Show me your friend and I'll tell you who you are.
3. *Why do I have to help others?*  
 A) Nə üçün mən başqalarına kömək edirəm?  
 B) Nə üçün mən başqalarına kömək etməliyəm?  
 C) Nə üçün başqaları mənə kömək edir?  
 D) Niyə mən həmişə kömək edirəm?  
 E) Niyə mənə kömək etmirlər?
4. *Çalışın gündəlik planınız olsun və onu tətbiq edin.*  
 A) Try to have a diary and apply it.  
 B) Try to have a daily plan and to apply it.  
 C) Work and have a daily plan and apply it.  
 D) Try to have a daily plan and apply it.  
 E) Try to have a daily plans and obey it.
5. *John took off his hat and said.*  
 A) Con papağını yerdən götürdü və dedi.  
 B) Con papağını çıxardı və dedi.  
 C) Con papağını çıxararaq soruşdu.  
 D) Con papağını geyindi və dedi.  
 E) Con papağını çıxardı və soruşdu.
6. *Helen necə gözəl rəqs edir!*  
 A) How wonderfully Helen is dances!  
 B) What wonderfully Helen dances!  
 C) How wonderfully Helen dances!  
 D) What wonderfully Helen is dancing!  
 E) How wonderful Helen dances!
7. *Forgive others if you want to be forgiven.*  
 A) İstəyirsənsə başqalarını bağışla.  
 B) Əgər bağışlamaq istəyirsənsə bağışla.  
 C) Başqaları tərəfdən bağışlanmaq istəyirsənsə bağışlan.  
 D) Bağışlanmaq istəyirsənsə, başqalarını bağışla.  
 E) İstəyirsənsə həmçinin başqalarını bağışla.
8. *Mənim oğlum oxumağa çox vaxt sərf edir.*  
 A) My son spent a lot of time on reading.  
 B) My son is spending a lot of time on reading.  
 C) My son spends a lot of time on reading.  
 D) My son has spent much time on reading.  
 E) My son is going to spend much time on reading.
9. *Money is not everything in life.*  
 A) Pul həyatımızda hər şey deyil.  
 B) Pul həyatda çox şey deyil.  
 C) Pul həyatda önəmli şeydir.  
 D) Pul həyatda önəmli şey deyil.  
 E) Pul həyatda hər şey deyil.
10. *Mary's and Anna's hair is black too.*  
 A) Meri və Annanın saçları qarıdır.  
 B) Merinin və Annanın saçları olduqca qarıdır.  
 C) Meri və Annanın da saçları qarıdır.  
 D) Merinin və Annanın qara saçları var.  
 E) Merinin və onun anasının da saçları qarıdır.

11. *It has taken me about 40 minutes to get to work since the new road was opened.*

- A) Mən işə gedəndən bəri 40 dəqiqəyə təzə yol açılıb.
- B) Təzə yol açıldıktan bəri mənim işə çatmağım təxminən 40 dəqiqə vaxtımı aparır.
- C) Təzə yol açılma işə getməyə cəmi 40 dəqiqə vaxtım gedər.
- D) Yeni yol açıldıktan bəri 40 dəqiqəyə işə çatıram.
- E) Təzə yol açılan kimi təxminən 40 dəqiqəyə işə çatacağam.

12. *Onun üçün tək yaşamaq imkansız idi.*

- A) It was impossible for him to live lonely.
- B) It was impossible to live alone for him.
- C) It was impossible for him to live alone.
- D) It was impossible for him living alone.
- E) To live for him lonely was impossible.

13. *Otaqda çoxlu şagirdlər var idi.*

- A) There were a lot of students in the room.
- B) There was a lot of students in the room.
- C) There were a lot of student in the room.
- D) There are a lot of students in the room.
- E) There is a lot of students in the room.

14. *He is a very honest man.*

- A) O çox vicdanlı adamdır.
- B) Onun vicdanı var.
- C) O vicdanlı adamdır.
- D) O çox qürurlu adamdır.
- E) O çox mərd adamdır.

15. *Qatil ölümlə cəzalandırıldı.*

- A) The murderer had been punished by death.
- B) The murderer was been punished by death.
- C) The murderer was punish by death.
- D) The murderer has been punished by death.
- E) The murderer was punished by death.

16. *One mistake could mean death.*

- A) Ölmək bir səhv mənasını verə bilərdi.
- B) Bir səhv ölmək mənasını verir.
- C) Bir səhv ölümə bərabər ola bilərdi.
- D) Ölüm bir səhv mənasını verə bilərdi.
- E) Hər hansı bir səhv ölüm mənasını verir.

17. *Martin left for London two days ago.*

- A) Martin iki gün əvvəl Londona getdi.
- B) Martin iki gün əvvəl Londondan getdi.
- C) Martin iki gün əvvəl Londonu tərk etdi.
- D) Martin iki gün əvvəl Londonu tərk edib.
- E) Martin iki günlüyə Londona getdi.

18. *Brazil has won the World Cup more than twice.*

- A) Dünya kuboku iki dəfədən çox Braziliya tərəfindən əldə edilib.
- B) Braziliya iki dəfədən çox dünya kubokuna sahib oldu.
- C) Braziliya ikinci dəfə dünya kubokunu qazanıb.
- D) Dünya kubokunu ilk dəfə Braziliya qazanıb.
- E) Braziliya iki dəfədən çox dünya kubokunu qazanıb.

19. *Müasir Olimpiya oyunları ilk dəfə 1896 -cı ildə Yunanıstanda keçirildi.*

- A) The first modern Olympic games held in Greece in 1896.
- B) The modern Olympic games had first been held in Greece in 1896.
- C) In 1896 Greece held the first modern Olympic games.
- D) The modern Olympic games were first held in Greece in 1896.
- E) The modern Olympic games were held by Greece in 1896.

20. *Sən nə üçün bu barədə heç kimə heç nə demədin?*

- A) Why didn't you tell anybody anything about it?
- B) Why didn't you tell anybody nothing about it?
- C) Why you didn't tell anybody anything about it?
- D) Didn't you tell somebody anything about it?
- E) Why didn't anybody tell you nothing about it?



## TEST 2

1. *Bu elə asandır ki, onu hətta uşaq da başa düşə bilər.*

- A) This is so easy as though a child can understand it.
- B) It is such easy that a child could understand it.
- C) It is so easy that even a child can understand it.
- D) That is such easy which a child can understand it.
- E) It is so easy that children can understand it.

2. *The pilot asked us whether it was our first journey by airplane.*

- A) Pilot bizdən bunun təyyarə ilə ilk səyahətimizin olub olmadığını soruşdu.
- B) Təyyarə ilə etdiyimiz bu ilk səyahətimizin necə keçdiyini pilota söylədik.
- C) Pilot biza təyyarə ilə ilk dəfə nə vaxt səyahət etdiyimizi soruşdu.
- D) Təyyarə ilə ilk dəfə səyahət etdiyimizi pilota bildirdik.
- E) Pilot ilk səyahətimizin təyyarə ilə olub olmadığını soruşurdu.

3. *Siz bu şəkildə nə görürsünüz?*

- A) What are you seeing in this picture?
- B) What do you see in this picture?
- C) What you see in this picture?
- D) Do you see this picture?
- E) What are you see in this picture?

4. *O, daim öz uşağı haqqında danışır.*

- A) She was always speaking about her child.
- B) She likes to speak about her child.
- C) She always speaks about her child.
- D) She used to speak about her child.
- E) She is constantly speaking about her child.

5. *Mən üç saatdır ki, bu işi görürəm, ancaq hələ yalnız bir hissəsini görmüşəm.*

- A) I have been doing this work for 3 hours, but I did only a part of it.
- B) I have been doing this work for 3 hours, but I've done only a part of it.
- C) I had been doing that work for 3 hours, but I have done only a part of it.
- D) I have done this work since 3 hours and I've done only a part of it.
- E) I am doing this work for 3 hours, but I had done a part of it.

6. *Ali is a well dressed, diligent young man.*

- A) Əli yaxşı geydirilmiş, mədəni bir gəncdir.
- B) Əli dəblə geyən, ağıllı gənc kişidir.
- C) Əli yaxşı geyməyi xoşlayan gəncdir.
- D) Əli geyimli - keçimli, mehriban bir gəncdir.
- E) Əli yaxşı geyimli, çalışqan bir gəncdir.

7. *Bu məsələ hələ həll edilməyib.*

- A) This problem hasn't been solved yet.
- B) This problem haven't been solved yet.
- C) This problem has just been solved.
- D) This problem isn't solved yet.
- E) This problem hasn't solved yet.

8. *O bizi görərkən görməz qaçmağa başladı.*

- A) He saw us ran away.
- B) Scarcely he had seen us than he began to run.
- C) Hardly had he seen us he begin to run.
- D) When he saw us he begun to run.
- E) No sooner had he seen us than he began to run.

9. *By the time he got to the station, he had changed his mind.*

- A) Stansiyaya çatana qədər o fikrini dəyişmişdi.
- B) O, fikrini dəyişəndə stansiyaya çatırdı.
- C) Stansiyaya çatana qədər o fikrini dəyişəcək.
- D) O, stansiyaya çatanda fikrini dəyişdi.
- E) O, stansiyaya çatmaq fikrini dəyişdi.



10. *On a cold January morning the Wilmots got on a big ship.*

- A) Soyuq bir yanvar səhərində Uilmotlar böyük bir gəmi aldılar.
- B) Soyuq bir yanvar səhərində Uilmotlar kiçik bir gəmiyə mindilər.
- C) Soyuq bir yanvar səhərində Uilmotlar böyük bir gəmi düzəltdilər.
- D) Soyuq bir yanvar səhərində Uilmotlar böyük bir gəmi əldə etdilər.
- E) Soyuq bir yanvar səhərində Uilmotlar böyük bir gəmiyə mindilər.

11. *Final imtahanının nəticələri nə zaman göndərildi?*

- A) When was the results of the final exam sent?
- B) When have the results of the final exam been sent?
- C) When did the results of the final exam send?
- D) When did you send the results of the final exam?
- E) When were the results of the final exam sent?

12. *Nə unudulmaz gün idi!*

- A) What unforgettable day it was!
- B) How unforgettable was the day!
- C) What an unforgettable day it is!
- D) What an unforgettable day it was!
- E) What an unforgettable day was!

13. *Mən üzməyi xoşlayıram.*

- A) My favourite sport is swimming.
- B) I like swimming.
- C) Swimming is the best sport for me
- D) For me swimming is the best
- E) I like swim.

14. *The English consider Robinson Crusoe published in 1719 their first novel.*

- A) İngilislərin ilk romanı Robinzon Kruz 1719-cu ildə çap edilmişdir.
- B) İngilislər 1719-cu ildə çap edilmiş Robinzon Kruz əsərini özlərinin ilk romanı adlandırmışdılar.
- C) İngilislər 1719-cu ildə çap edilmiş Robinzon Kruz əsərini özlərinin ilk romanı hesab edirlər.
- D) Robinzon Kruz ingilislərin 1719-cu ildə çap edilmiş ilk romanıdır.
- E) 1719-cu ildə çap edilmiş Robinzon Kruz əsəri ingilislərin ilk romanı adlandırılır.

15. *Their son didn't pass the exam because they had let him rest much by that day.*

- A) Onların oğlu imtahan verə bilmədi çünki, onlar ona o günə qədər çox istirahət etməyə icazə vermirdilər.
- B) Onların oğlu imtahandan keçmədi, çünki onlar ona o günə qədər çox istirahət etməyə icazə vermişdilər.
- C) Onların oğlu imtahandan keçmədi, çünki onlar ona o günə qədər çox istirahət etməyə icazə verməmişdilər.
- D) Onların oğlu imtahandan keçirildi, çünki onlar ona o günə qədər çox istirahət etməyə icazə vermişdilər.
- E) Onların oğlu imtahandan keçdi, çünki onlar ona o günə qədər çox istirahət etməyə icazə vermişdilər.

16. *Mən vağzala çatanda dostlarımdan heç biri orada yox idi.*

- A) Neither of my friends was there when I reached the station.
- B) When I reached the station nobody had been there.
- C) Neither of my friends were not at the station when I reached there.
- D) When I reached the station, no my friends was there.
- E) No one of my friends was not there when I reached the station.

## TEST 3

17. *Həkim xəstəyə günün altında gəzməyə icazə vermir.*  
 A) The doctor doesn't allow the patient to walk in the sun.  
 B) The doctor never permits the patient walking under the sun.  
 C) The patient isn't permitted to walk in the daytime.  
 D) The doctor doesn't permit the patient go in the sun.  
 E) It's not allowed by the doctor for the patient to walk in the open air.
18. *O, dərslə niyə gəlmədiyini açıqlamadı.*  
 A) He doesn't declare why he didn't come to school.  
 B) He didn't declare why he hadn't come to school.  
 C) He hadn't declared why he didn't come to school.  
 D) He hasn't declare why he hadn't come to school.  
 E) He hadn't declared why he hadn't came to school.
19. *They never eat fish brought from other cities.*  
 A) Onlar başqa şəhərdən gətirilmiş balıqları yemirlər.  
 B) Onlar başqa şəhərlərdən gətirilən balıqları yemirlər.  
 C) Onlar heç vaxt başqa şəhərdən gələn balıq yemirlər.  
 D) Onlar heç vaxt başqa şəhərlərdən gətirilmiş balıqları yemirlər.  
 E) Onlar başqa şəhərlərdən gətirilmiş balığı heç yemirlər.
20. *Leonardo italiyandır və Hollivudun ən yaxşı aktyorlarından biridir.*  
 A) Leonardo is an Italian and best actor of Hollywood.  
 B) Leonardo is an Italian and one of the best actors of Hollywood.  
 C) Leonardo is an Italian and one of best actor of Hollywood.  
 D) Leonardo is Italian and the best actor of Hollywood.  
 E) Leonardo is an Italian and he is best actor of Hollywood.

1. *The English like their tea strong and freshmade.*  
 A) İngilislər xoşlayırdılar ki, çayları tünd və təzə dəmlənmiş olsun.  
 B) İngilislərin çayı tünd və təzə dəmlənmiş olur.  
 C) İngilislər sərt olurlar və təzə dəmlənmiş çayı xoşlayırlar.  
 D) İngilislər çaylarını çox güclü və təzə dəmlənmiş xoşlayırlar.  
 E) İngilislər çaylarını tünd və təzə dəmlənmiş xoşlayırlar.
2. *Rip nəhayət ki evə qayıtmağı qərara aldı, çünki hava qaralırdı.*  
 A) Rip decided at last to return home because it had got dark.  
 B) Rip was decide at last to come back home as it was getting dark.  
 C) Rip had decided at last to return home because it was got dark.  
 D) As it was getting dark Rip decided to return home at last.  
 E) Rip has decided at last to return home because it is getting dark.
3. *Hüseyn Cavid nə üçün Şərqin Şekspiri adlandırılmışdır?*  
 A) Why has H.Javid called the Shakespeare of the East?  
 B) What did people call H.Javid the Shakespeare of the East for?  
 C) Why has H.Javid been called the Shakespeare of the East for?  
 D) Why was H.Javid called the Shakespeare of the East?  
 E) What had H.Javid been called the Shakespeare of the East?
4. *Sir, you are not allowed to park here.*  
 A) Ser, sizə bu parkda gəzməyə icazə verilmir.  
 B) Ser, sizə burada park salmağa icazə verilmir.  
 C) Ser, sizə buradan park kimi istifadə etməyə icazə verilmir.  
 D) Ser, sizə burada maşın saxlamağa icazə verilmir.  
 E) Ser, sizə burada park salmağa icazə verilməyəcək.

5. *My mother cooks Azerbaijan's national meals at "Novruz" every year.*  
 A) Hər il Novruz günündə anam Azərbaycanın milli xörəklərini bişirəcək.  
 B) Hər Novruzda analarımız Azərbaycanın mill xörəklərini bişirir.  
 C) Anam hər Novruz bayramında Azərbaycanın milli xörəklərini bişirmişdi.  
 D) Hər il Novruzda anam Azərbaycanın milli xörəklərini bişirirdi.  
 E) Hər il Novruzda anam Azərbaycanın milli xörəklərini bişirir.
6. *Most people consider that the sky is blue but in fact it is colourless.*  
 A) Çoxlu adamlar düşündülər ki, səma mavidir, lakin faktlar göstərir ki, o, rəngsizdir.  
 B) Çox adam hesab edir ki, səma mavidir əslində isə o, rəngsizdir.  
 C) Çox adamlar hesab etmişlər ki, səma mavidir, əslində faktlar sübut edir, o, rəngsizdir.  
 D) Çox adamlar hesab edirlər ki, səma rəngsizdir, əslində isə o, mavidir.  
 E) Adamlar səmanın mavi olduğunu düşünürlər, lakin faktiki olaraq o, rəngsizdir.
7. *The political centre of London is Westminster.*  
 A) Londonun siyasi mərkəzi Vestminsterdir.  
 B) Westminster Londonun siyasi mərkəzidir.  
 C) Londondakı siyasi mərkəz Vestminsterdir.  
 D) London siyasətçilərinin mərkəzi Vestminsterdir.  
 E) Londonun siyasi mərkəzləri Vestminsterdir.
8. *Charles' family was very poor and his father had a lot of debt.*  
 A) Çarlizin ailəsi çox kasıb idi və atasının çoxlu borcu var idi.  
 B) Çarlizin ailəsi çox yazıq idi və atasının çoxlu borcu var idi.  
 C) Çarlizin ailəsi çox kasıb idi lakin atasının çoxlu pulu var idi.  
 D) Çarlizin ailəsi çox varlı idi və atasının çoxlu pulu var idi.  
 E) Çarlizin atası çox kasıb idi və atasının çoxlu borcu var idi.
9. *David and Dora left for London after a fortnight.*  
 A) David və Dora iki həftədən sonra Londona getdilər.  
 B) David və Dora iki gecədən sonra Londona getdilər.  
 C) David və Dora iki həftədən sonra Londonu tərk etdilər.  
 D) David və Dora iki həftədən sonra Londondan getdilər.  
 E) David və Dora iki gündən sonra Londona getdilər.
10. *Keçən ilin May ayınadək biz 3 oyun keçirmişdik.*  
 A) We had played 3 football matches by the May of last year.  
 B) We have 3 matches by the May of last year.  
 C) We have had 3 matches by the May of last year.  
 D) We had had 3 matches by the May of last year.  
 E) We played 3 matches by the may of last year.
11. *Mario has been to London twice this year.*  
 A) Bu il Mario ilk dəfədir ki, Londonda olub.  
 B) Bu il Mario ikinci dəfədir ki, Londonda olub.  
 C) Bu il Mario iki dəfə Londonda oldu.  
 D) Bu il Mario iki dəfə Londonda olub.  
 E) Bu il Mario ilk dəfə Londonda olub.
12. *A group of soldiers got a command not to fire.*  
 A) Bir qrup əsgər atəş açmaq əmri aldı.  
 B) Bir qrup əsgərə atəş açmamaq əmri verildi.  
 C) Bir qrup əsgər ocaq qalamamaq əmri aldı.  
 D) Bir qrup əsgər atəş açmamaq əmri aldı.  
 E) Bir qrup əsgər atəş açmamağı əmr etdi.

13. *Yaşlı kral qızının necə də qəddar olduğunu anladı.*  
 A) The old King had understood how cruel was his daughter.  
 B) The old King understands how cruel his daughter is.  
 C) The old King has understood how cruel his daughter was.  
 D) The old King understood how cruelly his daughter had treated to him.  
 E) The old King understood how cruel his daughter was.

14. *They stopped to talk about the meeting.*  
 A) Onlar görüşərək danışmaq üçün dayandılar  
 B) Onlar görüşəndə iclasdan danışmaq üçün dayandılar.  
 C) Onlar iclas haqqında danışmaq üçün dayandılar.  
 D) Onlar iclas haqqında dayanmadan danışdılar.  
 E) İclas haqqında onlar danışığı saxladılar.

15. *Going out she took his hat.*  
 A) O, çölə gələndə şapkasını götürdü.  
 B) O, çölə çıxanda şapkasını götürdü.  
 C) Çölə çıxanda şapkasını o da götürdü.  
 D) O, çölə çıxmadan şapkasını götürdü.  
 E) O, çölə çıxarkən şapkasını götürüb çıxdı.

16. *Mənə dedilər ki, o məni gözləyir.*  
 A) I was told that he is waiting for me.  
 B) I have been told that he has been waiting for me.  
 C) I was told that he was waiting for me.  
 D) I told that he was waiting for me.  
 E) He was told that I was waiting for him.

17. *She told neither of her parents about the accidents.*  
 A) O, qəzaların heç biri haqqında valideynlərinə danışmadı.  
 B) O, baş vermiş hadisə haqqında valideynlərinə heç bir şey demədi.  
 C) O, qəzalar haqqında valideynlərinin heç birinə demədi.  
 D) O, hadisə ilə bağlı valideynlərinin heç birinə heç bir şey deməyib.  
 E) O, qəzaların heç biri haqqında valideynlərinə bir şey söyləmədi.

18. *Bu, biz dünən teatrda görüşdüyümüz qızıdır.*  
 A) This is the girl we had met at the theatre yesterday.  
 B) This is the girl we met at the theatre yesterday.  
 C) This is the girl we met at the theatre the day before.  
 D) This was the girl we met at the theatre yesterday.  
 E) This is the girl which we met at the theatre yesterday.

19. *We'll soon be at home.*  
 A) Biz tezliklə evdə olacağıq.  
 B) Biz tezliklə ev sahibi olacağıq.  
 C) Biz tezliklə evdə alacağıq.  
 D) Biz tezliklə evə qayıdacağıq.  
 E) Biz tezliklə evli olacağıq.

20. *Everyone must fight for peace and freedom.*  
 A) Hər kəs sülh və azadlıq tərəfdarıdır.  
 B) Hər kəs sülhə və azadlığa qarşı mübarizə aparmalıdır.  
 C) Hamının sülhə və azadlığa ehtiyacı var.  
 D) Hər kəs sülh və azadlıq uğrunda mübarizə aparmalıdır.  
 E) Hər kəs sülh və azadlıq üçün vuruşurdu.

## TEST 1

[Choose the correct word(s).]

1. ... and ... pupils can't be successful at all.  
A) Lazy, irresponsible  
B) Hard-working, rude  
C) Polite, diligent  
D) Noble, bored  
E) Brave, gloomy
2. What ... matches has he watched on TV this week?  
A) more      B) else      C) others  
D) other      E) the other
3. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
1. The minute ... is longer than the hour ...  
2. He felt a ... on his shoulder.  
A) pain      B) time      C) hour  
D) hand      E) ache
4. All my wishes have been met ...  
A) lately      B) long ago  
C) in the morning      D) soon  
E) at 10 o'clock
5. There were no ... , so he had to ...  
A) seats, stands      B) a seat, stand  
C) seats, stand      D) seats, stood up  
E) the seat, stand
6. Mother ... her son because he had never had a bad mark.  
A) awarding      B) scolded      C) praised  
D) punished      E) receives
7. ... nice the exam was!  
A) Where      B) What      C) Why  
D) How      E) When
8. He promised to ... her salary.  
A) rice      B) rise      C) rose  
D) raise      E) price
9. My brother's or sister's son is my ...  
A) relatives      B) cousin      C) niece  
D) nephew      E) mother-in-law
10. Eliza stood up quickly and looked angrily at her flowers , ... on the ground.  
A) lain      B) lay      C) laid  
D) lying      E) to lay
11. More rivers ...into the oceans.  
A) flow      B) fly      C) fell      D) fool      E) fall
12. Jane has thrown away her old shoes, she wants to buy ...  
A) a new pair      B) a new one  
C) some new      D) some new pair  
E) a new pairs
13. I look up the word in ... if I don't know the meaning of any word.  
A) a notebook      B) a dictionary  
C) a diary      D) a composition  
E) a dictation
14. A ... is a person who treats a person's teeth.  
A) dentist      B) carpenter      C) surgeon  
D) doctor      E) master
15. Choose the odd-one-out.  
A) gas-stove      B) meal      C) fork  
D) cook      E) knight
16. A: It's dark .  
B: Can you ... the light?  
A) take off      B) go on      C) put on  
D) switch on      E) switch off
17. ... have long ears.  
A) Cats      B) Rabbits      C) Sheep  
D) Giraffes      E) Cows
18. Don't worry! The operation is very simple and quite ...  
A) painless      B) endless      C) useless  
D) hopeless      E) helpless
19. What is the ... of the Great Wall of China?  
A) length      B) long      C) longer  
D) longest      E) longly
20. Has Mary ... the ring?  
A) fond      B) finds      C) found  
D) find      E) fined

## TEST 2

1. Jack ... his coat because it was snowing.  
A) puts on B) takes off C) takes on  
D) took on E) put on

2. ... is a feeling of happiness and enjoyment.  
A) Pleasure B) Sorrow C) Pity  
D) Trouble E) Sadness

3. Hens ... eggs.  
A) lay B) lays C) lie  
D) lain E) are lying

4. Unemployed people have no ... .  
A) mother B) car C) job  
D) passport E) house

5. Can you ... how many ... are waiting for you now?  
A) guess, guests B) guest, guests  
C) guess, guess D) guess, guest  
E) guest, guess

6. How can I ... to the post office?  
A) arrive B) get C) reach  
D) find E) see

7. ... behavior is just not acceptable in this school.  
A) What B) Those C) Such  
D) Why E) Any

8. The pupil took the ... and began to write with it.  
1. eraser 2. chalk 3. pen  
4. pencil 5. penknife 6. penfriend  
A) 2, 3, 4 B) 1, 5, 6 C) 2, 5, 6  
D) 5, 6 E) 1, 4, 5

9. It doesn't matter if you don't win, try ... your best.  
A) to do B) will do C) make  
D) will make E) does

10. She always ... early every spring last year and went to gather ... .  
A) roses, roses B) rose, roses  
C) rises, roses D) roses, rices  
E) rose, roses

11. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
1. He lit a ... so they could see in the cave.  
2. The curtains and carpet are a good ... .  
A) light B) candle C) match  
D) lantern E) colour

12. We don't know whether he's ... or ... .  
1. alive, dead  
2. right, wrong  
3. rude, impolite  
4. diligent, hard-working  
A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3  
D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4



TEST 3

13. *He wants to get a better ... and earn more money.*

- A) job B) work  
C) employ D) unemployment  
E) entertainment

14. *I don't like cabbage ...*

- A) soap B) soil C) soup  
D) soul E) soft

15. *She made a quick ... from her illness.*

- A) repair B) survival C) relax  
D) recovery E) relief

16. *She broke a ... while she was washing the dishes.*

- A) glass wine B) wine glass  
C) wine of glass D) wine for glass  
E) wine's glass

17. *The student was so ... that he couldn't answer.*

1. pleased 2. confused  
3. excited 4. happy  
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3, 4 C) 1, 2  
D) 1, 2, 3 E) 3, 4

18. *He played so well that everybody ... him.*

- A) felt B) left C) looked  
D) admired E) hated

19. *The Sahara ... covers over nine million square kilometres.*

- A) desert B) deserts C) mountain  
D) dessert E) hills

20. *What would you like for the main ... ?*

- A) plate B) course C) plates  
D) dish E) dinner

1. Which variant is **incorrect**?

... *the problem.*

- A) to destroy B) to discuss  
C) to solve D) to cause  
E) to think about

2. *This book is so exciting that I can hardly wait to get to the ... chapter.*

- A) latest B) newest C) last  
D) previous E) recent

3. *"I know an easy ... to earn two pounds." said Jacky.*

- A) road B) way C) street  
D) path E) avenue

4. *We are very ... about the damage to your car.*

- A) sorry B) happy C) joyful  
D) satisfied E) glad

5. *Clara's father works at a drugstore, he is a good ...*

- A) engineer B) economist  
C) mechanic D) agronomist  
E) chemist

6. *Who can ... me when America was discovered?*

- A) say B) talk C) speak  
D) tell E) write

7. *Father is taking Grandpa to the dentist, he has a ...*

- A) headache B) toothache  
C) stomach-ache D) sore throat  
E) heartbeat



## Correct words

8. *If you don't follow traffic rules, the police will ...you.*  
 A) fine                      B) good                      C) thank  
 D) well                      E) bad
9. Choose the correct variant.  
 1. to make progress                      2. to lay the table  
 3. to lie in bed                      4. to rise a curtain  
 5. to do a decision  
 A) 1, 2, 4                      B) 2, 3, 4                      C) 1, 2, 3  
 D) 1, 3, 5                      E) 2, 3, 5
10. *The teacher asked to keep ... .*  
 A) silence                      B) sound                      C) voice  
 D) noise                      E) mouth
11. Choose the correct variant.  
 1. to lie to somebody  
 2. to lay on the table  
 3. to lay the blanket on the bed  
 4. to lie the bed  
 A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 1, 3                      D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 4
12. *... is this child crying for?*  
 A) Why                      B) What                      C) Where  
 D) When                      E) How
13. *No one ... their invitation ... Tom.*  
 A) accepted, except                      B) except, accept  
 C) didn't accept, besides                      D) accept, except  
 E) doesn't expect, beside
14. *The constitution ensures everybody ... .*  
 1. to elect                      2. elect  
 3. to be elected                      4. elected  
 A) 1, 3                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 2  
 D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 4
15. *Choose the words that can be used with the verb "to make".*  
 1. fortune                      2. good                      3. bath                      4. coffee  
 5. speech                      6. talk                      7. fire                      8. idea  
 A) 1, 4, 5, 7                      B) 2, 3, 5, 6                      C) 4, 5, 6, 8  
 D) 1, 3, 6, 7                      E) 4, 6, 7, 8
16. *A person who sells magazines is ... .*  
 A) a stationery                      B) a newsagent  
 C) a seller                      D) a salesman  
 E) a shop-assistant
17. *Choose the word which can be used with the verb "to have".*  
 1. a bath                      2. hungry                      3. a smoke  
 4. a favour                      5. angry                      6. a walk  
 7. poor                      8. time  
 A) 2, 4, 5, 7                      B) 1, 3, 6, 8                      C) 3, 4, 5, 7  
 D) 1, 3, 5, 8                      E) 1, 6, 7, 8
18. *Do you usually buy ... from this baker's?*  
 A) melon                      B) medicine                      C) meat  
 D) milk                      E) bread
19. *We were fifteen ... in our group.*  
 A) boy                      B) men                      C) pupil  
 D) girl                      E) student
20. *Choose the odd-one-out.*  
 A) a doctor                      B) a nurse                      C) a patient  
 D) a painter                      E) a hospital

**TEST 4**

1. *When I have a toothache I go to the ...*

- A) baker's                      B) butcher's  
C) dentist's                    D) restaurant  
E) greengrocer's

2. *This is the first ... I have ever lived away from home.*

- A) time                      B) o'clock                      C) already  
D) hour                      E) yet

3. *We usually have four ... a day.*

- A) meat                      B) meals                      C) rooms  
D) bread                      E) meal

4. Choose the odd-one-out.

- A) classroom                      B) chalk                      C) black  
D) textbook                      E) copy-book

5. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. My mother tells me...every night.

2. A frog has ...

3. His father works as ...

a. a tail                      b. a tale                      c. a tailor

A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

B) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a

C) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

D) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

6. *He has written ... plays and short stories about crime.*

1. a lot                      2. lots of

3. a lot of                      4. a number of

5. the number of

A) 1, 2, 3

B) 2, 3, 5

C) 2, 3, 4

D) 3, 4, 5

E) 1, 2, 5

7. *Take your ... with you, the weather is rainy today.*

- A) handbag                      B) glasses                      C) purse  
D) T-shirt                      E) umbrella

8. Choose the odd-one-out.

- A) train                      B) metro                      C) station  
D) sailor                      E) underground

9. *I can't open the door because I have lost the ...*

- A) head                      B) knife                      C) key  
D) wallet                      E) fork

10. Choose the odd-one-out.

- A) lorry                      B) jam                      C) track  
D) traffic jam                      E) road

11. Choose the odd-one-out.

- A) apartment                      B) development  
C) house                      D) flat  
E) home

12. *I'm very hungry. Please, give me ...*

- A) a cup of tea  
B) a piece of bread  
C) a money  
D) a piece of paper  
E) a bread and a butter

13. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.

1. *You needed to ... a table beforehand.*

2. *Can you give me that ... ?*

- A) book                      B) pen                      C) ticket  
D) tool                      E) buy

14. Which word **doesn't** go with the others?

- A) seaport                      B) plane  
C) helicopter                      D) airport  
E) pilot

TEST 5

15. *The tailor made him a new ...*

1. clothes    2. suit    3. dress  
4. shoes    5. coat

- A) 1, 3    B) 2, 3, 5    C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 2, 5    E) 2, 4

16. *He took the money ... on the table and left the room.*

1. lain    2. lay    3. lying  
4. laid    5. lie

- A) 3, 4    B) 1, 2    C) 4, 5  
D) 2, 4    E) 1, 5

17. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. Please, ... down.  
2. When the Sun ... we had already returned from the forest.  
3. There is no empty ... on the bus.  
a) sit    b) seat    c) set  
A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a    B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b    D) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a  
E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

18. *The ... prepares good soup for children every day.*

- A) cock    B) servants    C) meat  
D) cave    E) cook

19. *He usually brings ... presents to his friend.*

- A) one    B) a little    C) some  
D) much    E) not

20. *Let's ... Mr. Stevenson everything we know.*

- A) speak    B) say    C) write  
D) talk    E) tell

1. Which word **doesn't** go with the others?

- A) infant    B) impression  
C) child    D) baby  
E) daughter

2. *Will you ... us the truth or not?*

- A) talk    B) say    C) write  
D) speak    E) tell

3. Choose the line of words which describe people's **appearance**.

- A) serious, fat, pleasant  
B) kind, small, cruel  
C) honest, happy, beautiful  
D) handsome, thin, tall  
E) ugly, gay, sad

4. *A good ... makes good shoes.*

- A) hairdresser    B) shoemaker  
C) seller    D) tailor  
E) hunter

5. Choose the correct variant.

1. to make a bad mistake  
2. to make homework  
3. to have breakfast  
4. to be good at sports  
5. to have angry with somebody

- A) 2, 4, 5    B) 1, 3, 5    C) 1, 3, 4  
D) 3, 4, 5    E) 2, 3, 4

6. *Ms. Khalilova: Can you ... my car?*

- A) correct    B) repair    C) to mend  
D) make    E) to fix

## Correct words

7. *We have never seen ... brave soldiers.*  
 A) such a                      B) so                      C) such  
 D) same                      E) only
8. Match the parts of the sentences.  
 1. You'll feel ... if you put on your coat.  
 2. We must ...people not to enter the dangerous zone.  
 3. He's ... his T-shirt and boots to play football.  
 a. worn                      b. warm                      c. warn  
 A) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a                      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
 C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
 E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
9. Choose the correct variant.  
 1. to lay the table                      2. to raise the price  
 3. to raise the Sun                      4. to rise a curtain  
 A) 2, 4                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 3  
 D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 4
10. Choose the words which can be used with the verb "to make".  
 1. dinner                      2. sum                      3. talk  
 4. tea                      5. a mistake                      6. lesson  
 7. a fence                      8. good  
 A) 1, 4, 5, 7                      B) 2, 3, 5, 6                      C) 3, 4, 6, 8  
 D) 1, 3, 6, 7                      E) 4, 6, 7, 8
11. *Mrs. Brown said to the pupils: Be ..., please.*  
 A) quiet                      B) naughty                      C) quickly  
 D) noisy                      E) quite
12. How many variants are correct ?  
*He saw a ... of children in the playground.*  
 1. group                      2. some                      3. number                      4. lot  
 A) 0                      B) 1                      C) 2                      D) 3                      E) 4
13. *... nice your dress is!*  
 A) What                      B) How                      C) So  
 D) Such a                      E) How the
14. *The children are doing homework. Please, don't make a ... .*  
 A) science                      B) sounds                      C) noise  
 D) silence                      E) work
15. *The President won't come to the party, he has not accepted the ... .*  
 A) invitation                      B) invention  
 C) objection                      D) interrogation  
 E) investigation
16. *I'm going on a business trip and I'll be ... for a month.*  
 1. away                      2. present                      3. back  
 4. here                      5. abroad  
 A) 2, 4                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 5  
 D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 3
17. *Baku is on the ... of the Caspian Sea.*  
 1. bank                      2. beach                      3. coast  
 4. shore                      5. seaside  
 A) 3, 4                      B) 3, 5                      C) 1, 4  
 D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 5
18. *He was awarded a medal for ... .*  
 1. bravery                      2. cruelty  
 3. heroism                      4. betrayal  
 A) 2, 3, 4                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 2, 3  
 D) 1, 3                      E) 1, 4
19. *You can lose ... .*  
 1. advice                      2. weight                      3. money  
 4. a match                      5. a promise  
 A) 1, 2                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 3, 5  
 D) 1, 2, 5                      E) 2, 3, 4
20. *It is ... to sell cigarettes to children who are ... the age.*  
 1. illegal, under                      2. allowed, over  
 3. legal, under                      4. forbidden, over  
 A) 1, 2                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 3  
 D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 4

**TEST 1**

[Choose the sentence logically correct.]

1. *When your friend gives you useful advice you follow it and say "...".*  
 A) Men may meet but mountains never  
 B) Live and learn  
 C) Walls have ears  
 D) Tastes differ  
 E) Four eyes see more than two
2. A) If they hurry, they will catch the train.  
 B) It was so cold that we went to the beach.  
 C) There were many clouds in the sky so it would be very hot.  
 D) I respect my friend very much because he always tells a lie.  
 E) It is always too late to learn.
3. *If we see the forest on fire ...*  
 A) we must look at it silently.  
 B) we must call a fire brigade.  
 C) we must say "How nice it is!"  
 D) we must cut the trees.  
 E) we must run into the forest.
4. *If you get lost in an unknown city, you have to ...*  
 A) ask somebody to show the way.  
 B) give your phone number to passers-by.  
 C) phone the fire brigade.  
 D) cross the road when the traffic light is red.  
 E) water the trees along the street.
5. Which pieces of advice are good?  
 1. Never put off till tomorrow what you can do today.  
 2. Respect the old.  
 3. Never follow others' advice.  
 4. Be cruel to your friends.  
 5. Don't be patient with others.  
 A) 1, 5                      B) 1, 3                      C) 4, 5  
 D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 2

6. A) Air pollution isn't a serious problem.  
 B) Doctors always advise to smoke much.  
 C) There are more high buildings in villages than in cities.  
 D) Everybody must fight for peace.  
 E) Polluted air and water are good for our health.
7. *A bakery is a place ...*  
 A) which you buy some vegetables  
 B) who cuts hair  
 C) that I often go for a swim  
 D) where I had a lovely holiday  
 E) where bread is made
8. *"My mind is in a fog", means "...".*  
 A) I remember everything  
 B) I can't see anything in the fog  
 C) I have forgotten nothing  
 D) I don't understand anything  
 E) I've made up my mind
9. *There was no telephone in the office so ...*  
 A) the phone rang.  
 B) he telephoned from the office at once.  
 C) he could phone from the office.  
 D) he phoned easily.  
 E) he had to go to the post-office.
10. They died of hunger as ...  
 A) they had found nothing to eat.  
 B) they had everything they want.  
 C) they could buy bread from the shop.  
 D) their neighbours helped them.  
 E) their parents fed them.

## Logical Endings

11. *When somebody tells you "I can give you a lift to the station," he ...*  
A) offers to take you to the station in his car  
B) wants to explain the way to the station  
C) wants to take you to the station by lift  
D) can use a lift for you to the station  
E) can give you a lift as a gift at the station
12. *When you disagree with somebody you say:*  
"..."  
A) Certainly                      B) Sure  
C) I think so                      D) That's right  
E) I'm against it
13. *The man was so tired that ...*  
1. he could work for a long time  
2. he went to bed too late  
3. he could hardly keep his eyes open  
4. he fell asleep in his armchair  
A) 2, 3, 4                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 2, 4  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 3
14. *She couldn't pass her final exams and got despaired a lot.*  
*Mother said kindly: ...*  
A) Let's have a fun, we have a great holiday.  
B) I've got so much work to do, please, don't ask me anything.  
C) Go and clean the children's room, there's a great mess there.  
D) Don't be despaired, my darling. The Sun rises again next morning.  
E) You'll never have your chance in the life.
15. *Tom's car doesn't work, so ...*  
1. it must be taken to a mechanic  
2. it's ready for driving  
3. it needs repairing  
4. you can drive it now  
5. he should buy a new one.  
A) 2, 4, 5                      B) 1, 2, 3                      C) 3, 4, 5  
D) 2, 3, 4                      E) 1, 3, 5
16. *The travel was so interesting that ...*  
A) nobody was pleased with it  
B) we didn't want to come back  
C) we had to return early  
D) we were bored with it  
E) nobody enjoyed it
17. *If you did more exercises, ...*  
1. you would feel much better.  
2. you would be a lot healthier.  
3. you would have more problems.  
4. you would feel gloomy all the time.  
5. you would have a good body shape.  
A) 1, 2, 5                      B) 1, 4                      C) 2, 3, 5  
D) 2, 4                      E) 2, 3, 4
18. *She was hungry, but she couldn't buy anything ...*  
A) because she had a lot of money.  
B) because she didn't have any money.  
C) because she had a lot of time.  
D) so she was pleased.  
E) though she was busy.
19. *If you want to enter the best university, you ...*  
A) mustn't work hardly  
B) must have enough money  
C) must study hardly  
D) must spend your time on watching TV  
E) must study hard
20. Which piece of advice is good?  
*Every citizen ...*  
A) has to follow the laws.  
B) has to pay no taxes.  
C) must break the laws.  
D) should pollute the streets.  
E) has to commit crime.

TEST 2

1. *We couldn't buy anything because ...*  
 A) none of the shops were closed.  
 B) each of the shops was closed.  
 C) all of the shops were open.  
 D) all of the shops were cheap.  
 E) each of the shops was cheap.
  
2. *He's a diligent and clever pupil. He ...*  
 A) never answers questions correctly  
 B) always gets bad marks  
 C) makes few mistakes  
 D) never does his homework  
 E) always scores few points.
  
3. *We say "See you soon" while we are ...*  
 1. parting                      2. meeting  
 3. greeting                    4. leaving  
 A) 1, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 3, 4  
 D) 1, 3                      E) 2, 4
  
4. *Reading is my hobby, so ...*  
 A) I don't like it at all  
 B) I never read books  
 C) I like reading very much  
 D) I am not very good at it  
 E) I am not interested in it
  
5. *You can't imagine how lucky I was ...*  
 A) to lose all of my money  
 B) to have few friends  
 C) to cut my finger  
 D) to be late for the job  
 E) to get such a good job

6. *When we lose our way, we must ...*  
 1. continue                      2. ask somebody  
 3. call the police                      4. go on  
 A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 4                      C) 2, 4  
 D) 1, 3                      E) 3, 4
  
7. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
 A) Try not to make a noise in public places.  
 B) When you are given good advice, follow it.  
 C) Children, don't forget to give the way to the elderly.  
 D) Never miss the chance to help the poor.  
 E) Keep an eye on a person's mouth while he is eating.
  
8. *The shoes are too small for me, ...*  
 A) give me a size smaller.  
 B) I am going to buy them.  
 C) please give me a size larger.  
 D) the size is all right for me.  
 E) I'll have them.
  
9. *We all enjoyed his speech because ...*  
 A) he was speaking very interestingly.  
 B) we didn't listen to him with interest.  
 C) he was speaking very boringly.  
 D) we didn't want to hear him.  
 E) his speech was very dull.
  
10. *"To do one's best" means ...*  
 A) to do everything one can  
 B) to run away  
 C) to go for a walk  
 D) to do good to somebody  
 E) to do something one can



## Logical Endings

11. *Father is taking grandpa to the dentist, he has a ...*  
 A) headache B) toothache  
 C) stomach-ache D) sore throat  
 E) heartbeat
12. *I don't like you ...*  
 A) because you are my friend.  
 B) so we shall help each other.  
 C) as our hands are together.  
 D) so go away from here.  
 E) and I shall never forget your help.
13. *Sarah has failed in the final exam and ...*  
 A) she is upset  
 B) we have praised her  
 C) she is a lucky student  
 D) she is delighted  
 E) she got the maximum points
14. *You don't look well. Why don't you go ... ?*  
 1. home 2. to the station  
 3. to the doctor 4. to hospital  
 5. to school  
 A) 1, 3, 4 B) 1, 2, 4 C) 2, 4, 5  
 D) 3, 5 E) 2, 3
15. *The children don't swim in the swimming pool, because ...*  
 1. the water is very cold  
 2. the weather is sunny  
 3. the parents allow them  
 4. the pool is dirty  
 A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4  
 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 4
16. Which pieces of advice are good?  
 1. Don't brush your teeth before you go to bed.  
 2. Don't be afraid of asking for help.  
 3. Don't avoid smoking a cigarette.  
 4. Don't act before you think.  
 A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 4  
 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3
17. Choose the correct statements.  
 1. Great Britain is the biggest island among the British Isles.  
 2. It is bad to be polite.  
 3. It is good to make others become angry.  
 4. We must always follow good advice.  
 5. Smoking is dangerous for your health.  
 A) 1, 4, 5 B) 1, 2, 3 C) 2, 3, 5  
 D) 1, 3, 5 E) 3, 4, 5
18. – *Where does she come from?*  
 – ...  
 A) She lives in America too.  
 B) She's an engineer.  
 C) She comes to America.  
 D) She's from America.  
 E) She goes to America.
19. *I couldn't work and came back home because ...*  
 1. I was too tired.  
 2. I slept well last night.  
 3. I had a headache.  
 4. I was glad and happy.  
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3  
 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 2
20. A) The children drank all the milk because it wasn't fresh.  
 B) The film was interesting, we all liked it very much.  
 C) They will love you if you make them be angry.  
 D) Politeness is a bad habit.  
 E) A student is a person who teaches English.

TEST 3

1. A) All the planets go round the Sun.  
B) The Sun goes round the Earth.  
C) The Earth goes round the Moon.  
D) Each of the planets goes round the Earth.  
E) The Sun rises in the west and sets in the east.

2. *It is good for health ...*  
A) to sleep much  
B) to go in for sports  
C) to eat much  
D) to live near factories  
E) to leave villages

3. – *I cannot come. I'll have an English exam tomorrow.*  
– ...  
A) Enjoy yourself! B) Here you are.  
C) Ok! Good luck! D) Help yourself!  
E) Congratulations!

4. *The police have let Carl go home ...*  
A) as he was a criminal  
B) because he was guilty  
C) as he was innocent  
D) as he was dangerous  
E) because he was a murderer

5. *The chicken farmers are glad because ...*  
A) nobody buys chicken  
B) "Bird Flu" has spread widely  
C) everybody has refused buying chicken  
D) doctors have stopped spreading of "Bird Flu"  
E) "Bird Flu" has killed both people and birds

6. *I couldn't join them because ...*  
A) It is raining.  
B) I have no time now.  
C) I have not had dinner yet.  
D) I had a terrible headache.  
E) She never would help us.

7. *I couldn't help him because ...*  
1. I was too tired.  
2. I slept well last night.  
3. I had a headache.  
4. I was glad and happy.  
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 2

8. *An educated one is someone ...*  
A) people always want to meet  
B) who knows nothing  
C) who always tells lies  
D) who is not useful for people  
E) that can't read or write

9. – *What did you buy in the department store?*  
– ...  
– *Were you thirsty?*  
A) Some meat and sausages  
B) Two bottles of ink  
C) Fruit and vegetables  
D) Two bottles of mineral water  
E) A shirt and a pair of boots

10. *My mother irons my clothes and ...*  
A) washes them again  
B) puts them into the wastebasket  
C) washes them  
D) packs them accurately in the wardrobe  
E) I don't wear them

## Logical Endings

11. *The question was very difficult and ...*  
A) everybody could answer them easily.  
B) nobody could answer it.  
C) anybody wanted to answer it.  
D) everybody could understand it.  
E) it was easy to answer it.
12. *We take medicine ...*  
A) if we wanted to see a doctor  
B) because we feel well  
C) when we caught cold  
D) when we are ill  
E) to become a doctor
13. *She likes stories about animals because ...*  
A) it was a cold winter day.  
B) she doesn't like animals  
C) she is fond of animals.  
D) it often rains here.  
E) they have gone to the Zoo.
14. *We took a taxi ...*  
A) so that we can catch the train.  
B) if we are late for the train.  
C) not to miss the train  
D) because we have missed the train.  
E) because we were on time.
15. *... gave him the best mark.*  
A) The teacher smiled but  
B) The teacher got angry and  
C) The teacher smiled and  
D) The teacher didn't approve him and  
E) The teacher didn't agree with him and
16. *I don't enjoy my life because ...*  
A) my friends are very friendly  
B) I am very happy  
C) the life is very interesting  
D) I haven't got a lot of problems  
E) I have got very noisy neighbours
17. *- Oh, no! I've a difficult math exam tomorrow.*  
- ...  
A) Good luck! B) Help yourself!  
C) Congratulation! D) Enjoy yourself!  
E) Here you are!
18. *If I had a lot of money ...*  
A) I would live poorly.  
B) I would work all day long.  
C) I would borrow some from my friends.  
D) I would take a credit from the bank.  
E) I would buy a big house in London.
19. *I was ... and ...*  
1. at home, watched TV  
2. at the cinema, build a house  
3. in the desert, saw a lot of trees  
4. at the station, saw my friends off  
A) 3, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3 E) 1, 4
20. *Mr. Brown put on his coat and ...*  
A) went to the seaside  
B) slept  
C) had a shower  
D) went to bed  
E) does his morning exercises

## TEST 1

### Read the passage and answer the questions 1-5.

*Terry Fox was a Canadian basketball player. He had no right leg. Doctors cut his leg, because he had cancer. But Terry was a strong person and he decided to run the "Marathon of Hope". He began to run from the East of Canada in all kinds of weather. Terry ran about 30 miles a day, but he couldn't finish his marathon. Terry died of cancer, but he showed an example of courage to millions of people.*

- Complete the sentence.  
*Doctors cut his leg ...*  
A) because he was a basketball player  
B) but he had no right leg  
C) as he decided to run the "Marathon of Hope"  
D) because he had cancer  
E) because he was a strong person
- Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) Why did doctors cut his right leg?  
B) How many miles did Terry run?  
C) Why couldn't he finish his marathon?  
D) What was Terry Fox?  
E) When did Terry Fox die?
- Choose the **wrong** variant.  
1. Terry was an American basketball player.  
2. He had no left leg, because he had cancer.  
3. He ran in all kinds of weather.  
4. He showed an example of courage to others.  
A) 1, 2                      B) 3, 4                      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 3
- Choose the correct variant.  
1. Terry ran 30 miles a day and he could finish his marathon.  
2. He began to run from the West of Canada.  
3. Because of cancer doctors cut his leg.  
4. Although he had no leg he decided to run.  
A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 3
- The passage is mainly about ...  
A) Terry Fox  
B) a basketball player  
C) Canadian footballer  
D) Terry's last game  
E) doctor's decision

### Read the passage and answer the questions 6-10.

*Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart's world was a world of music from the moment he was born. His father, who was a fine musician, was teaching his daughter to play the piano. Little Wolfgang used to listen to his sister when she practised. He quickly learned the pieces which she played. One day he said he wanted to play too. But he was only three years old (then) and his father thought that his hands were too small. However, that evening, alone and in the dark, he played the pieces his sister had been practising and he played them much better than her.*

- Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) When could Mozart play the piano?  
B) How did Mozart learn to play the piano?  
C) What was Amadeus Mozart's father?  
D) When was Wolfgang Amadeus Mozart born?  
E) Who taught Mozart's sister to play the piano?
- Complete the sentence.  
*While his sister was practicing, Mozart ...*  
A) used to play by himself.  
B) learnt how to play the piano.  
C) used to feel very bored.  
D) and his father talked about music.  
E) usually made a lot of noise.
- Choose the correct variant.  
1. Mozart taught his sister to play the piano.  
2. He used to listen to his sister when she practiced.  
3. He quickly learned the pieces which his father played.  
4. When he was three years old his hands were too small.  
A) 2, 4    B) 1, 3    C) 2, 3    D) 1, 2    E) 3, 4
- Complete the sentence.  
*The passage is mainly about ...*  
A) Mozart's sister  
B) Mozart  
C) a talented teacher  
D) playing the piano  
E) music teaching
- Choose the **wrong** variant.  
1. Mozart's father was a fine composer.  
2. He could play the piano though he was little.  
3. He played the pieces much better than his sister.  
4. One day he said he wanted to teach his sister too.  
A) 1, 2    B) 2, 3    C) 3, 4    D) 2, 4    E) 1, 4

Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.

Pete was a schoolboy. One day he came from school and said: "The class couldn't answer the teacher's question, only I could answer." "Very good, Pete. And what was the question?"- asked his father. "The teacher asked who had broken the window in the classroom", answered Pete.

11. Complete the sentence.  
Pete ...  
A) came from the library.  
B) was a teacher.  
C) couldn't answer his teacher's question.  
D) had broken the window.  
E) asked the teacher who had broken the window.
12. Complete the sentence.  
The passage is mainly about ...  
A) Pete's answer  
B) Pete's father  
C) teacher's answer  
D) father's question  
E) schoolboys
13. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
A) Pete was a schoolboy.  
B) Pete could answer the teacher's question  
C) Pete couldn't answer the teacher's question  
D) Only Pete could answer the question.  
E) The teacher asked who had broken the window.
14. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) What had Pete broken in the classroom?  
B) Who answered the teacher's question?  
C) Who asked the question from pupils?  
D) Where had Pete broken the window?  
E) Why had Pete broken the window?
15. Choose the word from the passage which has the meaning "a sentence, phrase or word that asks for information."  
A) an answer  
B) a question  
C) a teacher  
D) a pupil  
E) a window

Read the passage and answer the questions 16-20.

Fred lives in a big city. During the holiday he went to spend a week on his uncle's farm. It was his first visit there. His uncle, who was very pleased to see his nephew, and did his best to make his stay an enjoyable one. On the farm he rode a horse, fed chickens, ran in the fields and ate fresh fruit from the trees. He enjoyed his holiday so much that, when the day for him to return to the city came, he was very sad to leave.

16. Complete the sentence.  
Fred's ...  
A) greatest pleasure was to ride a bicycle.  
B) parents often sent him to the farm.  
C) uncle left the farm and went to the city.  
D) holiday lasted for a week.  
E) life on the farm was a very sad one.
17. Choose the correct variant.  
1. Fred lives in a big village with his uncle.  
2. He spent a good time on his uncle's farm.  
3. His uncle was very sad about his nephew.  
4. Fred visited his uncle's farm for the first time.  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 3      E) 3, 4
18. The passage is mainly about ...  
A) Fred's escape.  
B) a city life.  
C) a pleasant holiday  
D) an uncle and his niece.  
E) horses and chickens.
19. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) Where does Fred live?  
B) What did he do on his uncle's farm?  
C) Where did he go during the holiday?  
D) When did he go to his uncle's farm?  
E) With whom did he go to the farm?
20. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
1. On the farm he gathered a lot of fresh fruit.  
2. He didn't enjoy his holiday on the farm.  
3. On the farm he rode a horse.  
4. He was very sad when he returned to the city.  
A) 1, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 2, 4

## TEST 2

### Read the passage and answer the questions 1-5.

Many years ago a famous painter lived in Spain. He taught his pupils to paint. He had a slave who often listened to his master's instructions. One day the painter saw a very beautiful picture in the room and asked the slave: "Who is the painter of this picture?" "Me", the slave said. The painter cried, "How did you learn to paint?" The slave answered "I learned to paint when you taught your pupils."

1. Complete the sentence.  
A famous painter was surprised because ...  
A) the slave was teaching his pupils.  
B) his pupil painted a beautiful picture.  
C) the slave came from Spain late.  
D) the slave bought a beautiful picture.  
E) he saw a very beautiful picture in the room.
2. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) What did the painter teach his pupils?  
B) How did the slave learn to paint the picture?  
C) When did the slave paint the picture?  
D) Where did a famous painter live?  
E) Why was the painter surprised?
3. Complete the sentence.  
The passage is mainly about ...  
A) a courageous slave  
B) a famous painter  
C) a diligent pupil  
D) a capable slave  
E) a beautiful picture
4. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
A) A famous painter lived in Spain.  
B) The slave was educated by the painter.  
C) The slave painted a beautiful picture.  
D) The slave often listened to his master's instructions.  
E) The slave learned when the painter taught his pupils.
5. Choose the correct variant.  
1. The painter taught his pupils to paint a picture.  
2. The painter saw a nice picture painted by his pupil.  
3. The master was surprised when he saw the picture.  
4. The slave always painted such beautiful pictures.  
A) 1, 3    B) 1, 2    C) 2, 3    D) 2, 4    E) 3, 4

### Read the passage and answer the questions 6-10.

In ancient China tea was used only as a medicine. Tea strengthens (gücləndirmək) our health and helps us to prevent most diseases. As it contains caffeine, it is used as a medicine. Tea influences digestion (həzm), blood-pressure and nervous system. It calms nerves and makes you feel relaxed. But tea isn't only a medicine and drink. The oil of this plant is used in cosmetic industry.

6. Complete the sentence.  
The oil of this plant ...  
A) is used for blood-pressure  
B) contains caffeine  
C) is used only in cosmetic industry  
D) makes you feel relaxed  
E) is used in cosmetic industry
7. Choose the **wrong** variants.  
1. In ancient China tea was used only as a drink.  
2. Tea strengthens most diseases or increase them.  
3. It contains caffeine and it is used as a medicine.  
4. Tea influences blood-pressure and nervous system.  
A) 1, 3    B) 2, 3    C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4    E) 2, 4
8. Choose the correct variant.  
A) Tea makes digestion, blood-pressure and nervous system worse.  
B) It isn't used as a medicine  
C) Tea is only used for drinking  
D) It calms nerves and makes you feel relaxed.  
E) Tea causes many diseases.
9. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) What does tea influence?  
B) Who invented the tea?  
C) What does tea strengthen?  
D) Where is the oil of tea used?  
E) Where was tea used only as a medicine?
10. Complete the sentence.  
The passage is mainly about ...  
A) a useful plant  
B) blood-pressure  
C) nervous system  
D) serious diseases  
E) a medicine



Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.

Abraham Lincoln, a well-known statesman of the USA, was born in 1809, in a poor family. One day Abraham bought a book about laws of England. He studied it every day, and soon became a lawyer. In 1846 Lincoln was elected to congress. Lincoln was against slavery. He thought of a free country for all the people. In 1860 he was elected President of the USA and in 1864 he was elected President of the USA for the second time. In 1865 he was killed in a theatre in Washington.

11. The passage is mainly about ... .  
A) Abraham Lincoln  
B) the second president  
C) Abraham's family  
D) the president of the UK  
E) Washington
12. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
A) He thought of a free country for all the people.  
B) In 1846 Lincoln was elected to congress.  
C) In 1865 he was killed in a theatre in Washington.  
D) One day Abraham sold a book about laws of England.  
E) He was born in a poor family.
13. Complete the sentence.  
*Abraham Lincoln ...*  
A) was born in a rich family in 1809.  
B) was a well-known statesman of USA.  
C) was killed in his office in Washington.  
D) was a well-known teacher.  
E) was against freedom of slaves.
14. Choose the correct variant.  
A) One day Abraham bought a book about laws of America.  
B) Abraham Lincoln was born in 1864 in Washington.  
C) In 1860 he was elected President of the USA for the second time.  
D) In 1865 he was elected President of the USA for the first time.  
E) In 1864 he was elected President of the USA for the second time.
15. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) When was A. Lincoln elected to congress?  
B) Where was Abraham Lincoln killed?  
C) Who killed Abraham Lincoln?  
D) What was Abraham Lincoln against?  
E) What did he think of for all the people?

Read the passage and answer the questions 16-20.

There are a lot of hobbies in Britain, such as gardening, collecting, creative hobbies. One of the most popular hobbies is do-it-yourself (DIY). People choose to design and improve their homes by doing their own building work, painting, electrical work and others. Almost every town has a large DIY store where all the necessary materials can be bought.

16. The passage is mainly about ... .  
A) an interesting hobby  
B) collecting fruit  
C) painting picture  
D) a good job  
E) gardening
17. Complete the sentence.  
*Almost every town has ...*  
A) a lot of farms where people keep their animals.  
B) a lot of shops where people can buy clothes.  
C) a lot of fields where people can plant wheat.  
D) a large store where people can buy materials.  
E) a big park where people rest.
18. Choose the word from the passage which has the meaning "an activity that you do for pleasure when you are not working".  
A) painting      B) hobby      C) gardening  
D) design      E) building
19. The underlined word **where** refers to ... .  
A) towns      B) hobbies  
C) work      D) material  
E) DIY store
20. Choose the correct variant.  
1. People choose to design and improve their office.  
2. Do-it-yourself is one of the most popular hobbies.  
3. All necessary materials can be bought in every town.  
4. People repair one another's house in special days.  
A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4      E) 1, 3



## TEST 3

## Read the passage and answer the questions 1-5.

Elizabeth Blackwell was born in England in 1821 and she immigrated to New York when she was ten years old. She decided to be a doctor but it was nearly impossible for a woman in the middle of the nineteenth century. After writing many letters to different medical schools, finally she was accepted by a doctor in Philadelphia. In 1849 after graduation from medical school, she decided to go to France and study to become a surgeon. But a serious eye infection stopped her from realizing that idea. Returning to the US she found it difficult to practice as a doctor because she was a woman. Then Elizabeth overcame all the difficulties and together with her sister and another doctor she opened the first hospital for women and children. Besides being the first woman-doctor she founded the first medical school for women.

1. Complete the sentence.  
Elizabeth couldn't become a surgeon ...  
A) because she couldn't get a permission.  
B) because she didn't study well.  
C) because she had a serious eye infection.  
D) because there weren't any surgeon schools in Paris.  
E) because she was a woman.
2. The passage is mainly about ...  
A) the first hospital in America  
B) the first hospital in the world  
C) the difficulties of women  
D) the first woman doctor  
E) Elizabeth and her medical schools
3. Choose the correct variant.  
A) There wasn't a medical school for girls in New York when Elizabeth wanted to become a doctor.  
B) The government didn't let Elizabeth go to Paris.  
C) Her sister didn't help Elizabeth to open a hospital.  
D) Elizabeth opened the first chemist's for women in the world.  
E) Elizabeth's patient had a serious eye infection.

4. Choose the **wrong** variants.  
1. In 1849 after graduation from medical school she entered the university.  
2. After writing many letters she was accepted by a doctor in France.  
3. She was the first woman-doctor who opened the first hospital for women.  
4. She founded the first medical school for the woman too.  
A) 1, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 2
5. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) Where was Elizabeth Blackwell born?  
B) When did she immigrate to New York?  
C) Where did she study to become a surgeon?  
D) Why did she go to France in 1849?  
E) With whom did he go to France?

## Read the passage and answer the questions 6-10.

My name's Alan Smith. I'm a waiter and work at a restaurant in a hotel near Lock Ness (lake). I live in a cottage not far from the hotel. I finish my work at one o'clock in the morning and then walk home with my two friends. They work at the hotel, too. One night in 1988 I finished my work later and walked home alone. It was a clear night because there was a full moon. When I was near my cottage, suddenly a strange thing happened. Something appeared in the lake, it was huge and black. The thing was moving along the lake. I stopped and looked at it for about a minute. Then I went to bring my camera. But when I returned to the lake, there was nothing. I am sure it was the Lock Ness monster (eybəcər canlı).

6. The passage is about ...  
A) the first hotel in Scotland.  
B) a man who killed a monster.  
C) the biggest lake in Scotland.  
D) a man who has a hotel near Lock Ness  
E) a man who saw a monster in the lake.
7. Choose the correct variant.  
A) Alan's a cook at a restaurant.  
B) Alan usually comes home very late.  
C) Alan usually returns home every afternoon.  
D) Alan always returns home alone.  
E) Alan is the only man who works at the hotel.

8. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
- When does Alan Smith get up?
  - Where does Alan Smith work?
  - With whom does Alan go home?
  - What did Alan see in the lake?
  - Where do Alan's friends work?

9. Choose the **wrong** variant.
- Alan lives near the hotel.
  - It is usually dark when Alan comes home.
  - Alan watched the monster for a while.
  - Alan couldn't take a photograph.
  - Alan's friends were afraid when they saw the monster.

10. Complete the sentence.  
*While Alan was walking home ...*
- he saw a big lake on his way.
  - he saw a strange thing in the lake.
  - his friends were not at home.
  - somebody was following him.
  - his friends were sleeping.

**Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.**

*On 13 April 1961 the proud Soviet citizens anxious Americans awoke to the news that the first human being had flown outer space the day before. It was a test flight which had been prepared under the leadership of Sergey Korolev. People were very surprised and they could hardly believe that a man could fly outer space. But he had already circled around the Earth in Vostok-1 in 108 minutes. People were eager to meet the first cosmonaut. Gagarin's flight brought world-wide fame and international prestige to his country. Then on June 16, 1963 the first cosmonaut among women flew into space. It was Valentina Tereshkova. And German Titov was in that spaceship, and it was his first flight too.*

11. The passage is mainly about ...
- Sergey Korolev's flights into space
  - the first human on the moon
  - Americans' achievements in space
  - the first outer space flight
  - Gagarin's 108-minutes-travel in space

12. Complete the sentence.  
*Gagarin's flight ...*
- brought him world-wide fame.
  - was unsuccessful for his country.
  - was the last flight in the world.
  - went on a day around the Earth.
  - was prepared by a woman in 1961.
13. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
- Who were eager to meet the first cosmonaut?
  - When did the first woman fly into space?
  - Who welcomed cosmonauts first?
  - Who prepared flights into space?
  - How long did he circle around the Earth?

14. Choose the **wrong** variant.
- Soviet citizens were proud of Gagarin.
  - The second flight into space was sent by Soviet Union.
  - No one had been outer space before Gagarin.
  - It was winter when Yuri flew outer space.
  - Vostok-1 didn't land on the Moon, it just went round the Earth.

15. Choose the correct variant.
- Sergey Korolev prepared the flight programs.
  - Valentina was alone in the spaceship.
  - Titov prepared the first flight program.
  - Cosmonauts' flights brought worldwide fame to the USA.
  - Valentina was the first cosmonaut in the world.

**Read the passage and answer the questions 16-20.**

*Tom wanted to buy a Christmas present for a very special person, his mother. Tom's father gave him 5\$ a week pocket money and Tom put 2\$ into his bank account (hesab) every week. After three months Tom took 20\$ out of his bank account and went to the supermarket. He looked for a perfect gift. He saw a golden brooch (broşka) for 17\$. He bought the brooch and brought it to his mother. She was surprised and thanked her clever son for the present.*

**TEST 4**

**Read the passage and answer the questions 1-5.**

*The White House is the official home of the United States president. They began to build it in 1792. All the former United States presidents lived there except George Washington, the first president. The White House was ready for its first inhabitant John Adams and his wife in 1800. The Adams had some hardships at first. After them, Thomas Jefferson, the third president, improved more kinds of convenience in the White House. In August of 1814, the British army burnt the White House. They forced President Madison to leave. Then, in 1817, the next president, James Monroe could return to the rebuilt residence. Since that time the White House has been used as an official house by each succeed U.S. president.*

16. The passage is mainly about ... .  
A) Tom's bank account  
B) Tom's Christmas holiday  
C) a Christmas present  
D) Christmas holidays  
E) children's Christmas games
17. Complete the sentence.  
Tom ...  
A) took 20\$ out of his bank account.  
B) wants to buy a present for his father.  
C) spends all his 5\$ every week.  
D) gives 20\$ to his parents for a present.  
E) hasn't got enough money to buy a present.
18. Choose the word from the passage which has the meaning "to give something to somebody especially formally at a ceremony."  
A) money      B) account      C) brooch  
D) supermarket      E) present
19. Choose the correct variant.  
A) Tom's present didn't surprise his mother.  
B) Tom bought a present for his friend.  
C) Tom's father gave him no money.  
D) Tom saved some money in the bank.  
E) Tom never loved his mother.
20. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) Who bought a present for his mother?  
B) How much money did Tom's father give him?  
C) Where did Tom go to buy a present?  
D) Why did Tom's mother thank her clever son?  
E) With whom did Tom go to buy a present?

1. The passage is mainly about ... .  
A) the repair of the White House  
B) the presidents' life in the White House  
C) the history of the White House  
D) the history of the US presidents  
E) the Burning of the White House
2. Complete the sentence.  
John Adams ...  
A) was the second president of the United States.  
B) lived and worked in the White House alone.  
C) didn't want to live in the White House.  
D) lived in the White House with all good conditions.  
E) was the second inhabitant of the White House.
3. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) Why didn't Washington live in the White House?  
B) Who was the first president of the United States?  
C) When did they begin to build the White House?  
D) Who improved more kinds of convenience in the White House?  
E) Since when has the White House been used as an official house?

4. Choose the correct variant.  
 A) G. Washington was the first inhabitant in the White House.  
 B) The White House was very comfortable at first.  
 C) John Adams destroyed the White House.  
 D) The British repaired the White House .  
 E) George Washington never lived in the White House.
5. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
 A) The British damaged the White House in 1814.  
 B) The presidents haven't lived in the White House since 1817.  
 C) The British made President Madison go away.  
 D) The White House was empty for three years.  
 E) George Washington was the first president of the US.

Read the passage and answer the questions 6-10.

*England is one of the most famous countries for its royal parks. Most of them are in London. Hyde Park has been royal park since 1536. Once it was a part of the forest where Henry VIII hunted wild animals. Hyde Park now has 146 hectares of parkland, and people can walk, sit and lie on the grass. The Serpentine is a lake in which you can swim. It's a custom for some people to swim in it on Christmas Day. Speaker's Corner is in Hyde Park too, here people can make public speeches, and share their political thoughts.*

6. Choose the **wrong** variants.  
 1. Hyde Park is one of the most famous museums.  
 2. Hyde Park has 146 hectares of parkland.  
 3. People can play football and volleyball here.  
 4. It was a part of forest Henry VIII hunted there.  
 A) 2, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 3  
 D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 2
7. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
 A) When was Hyde Park opened ?  
 B) Since when has Hyde Park been royal park?  
 C) What can people do in Hyde Park?  
 D) When do people swim in the Serpentine?  
 E) Where is Hyde Park situated?

8. Choose the correct variant.  
 A) Everyone can have a rest in Hyde Park now.  
 B) People can hardly have a rest in Hyde Park now.  
 C) People can swim in the lake only on Christmas Day.  
 D) Hyde Park is for only royal families.  
 E) Henry VIII kept wild animals in Hyde Park.
9. The passage is mainly about ...  
 A) royal parks  
 B) speaker's park  
 C) Serpentine lake  
 D) Hyde Park  
 E) world's famous parks
10. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
*People are allowed ...*  
 A) to walk on the grass in Hyde Park  
 B) to swim in the Serpentine  
 C) to sit and lie on the grass in Hyde Park  
 D) to speak about politics in Hyde Park  
 E) not to swim in the lake in Hyde Park

Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.

*Schools have ten weeks holidays in England. Children don't go to school for two weeks at Christmas. They have a two-week-break at Easter, and summer holidays begin in June and finish in September. There are other holidays, too. They have mid-term breaks, known as half-terms which are one week long. They have got two public holidays in May. Children become happy when they are on holiday. And our schools also have a few holidays.*

11. The passage is mainly about ...  
 A) school holidays  
 B) Christmas holidays  
 C) holidays in May  
 D) summer holidays  
 E) Easter holidays
12. Choose the word from the passage which has the meaning "a period of time when you are not at work or school".  
 A) term                      B) holiday                      C) week  
 D) public                      E) happy

13. Choose the correct variant.
- A) English schoolchildren have very few holidays.
  - B) Schools have holidays for fourteen days at Christmas.
  - C) In England the shortest holidays are in summer.
  - D) Schools begin in June in England.
  - E) Schools don't have many holidays in England.

14. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
- A) When don't children go to school for two weeks?
  - B) How many holidays have they got in May?
  - C) When do summer holidays begin in England?
  - D) When do they have a two-week-break?
  - E) Where do children go on summer holidays?

15. Choose the **wrong** variant.
- A) Schools have ten holidays in England.
  - B) Children are happy when holidays come.
  - C) Children have a two-week-break at Easter.
  - D) Children don't go to school at Christmas.
  - E) Children have two public holidays in May.

**Read the passage and answer the questions 16-20.**

*In London, there are many huge clocks in towers. One of them is Big Ben. It is in the tower of the Houses of Parliament. Big Ben is the biggest bell in a clock tower in Britain. It stands on the left bank of the Thames. People can get inside the Tower and see the workings of Big Ben. There is no lift and there are three hundred and forty steps up to Big Ben.*

16. The passage is mainly about ...
- A) towers of London
  - B) Houses of Parliament
  - C) banks of the Thames
  - D) Big Ben
  - E) Britain

17. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
- A) Which is the biggest clock of the world?
  - B) Why do people rise the Tower on foot?
  - C) Who can get inside the Tower?
  - D) Where is Big Ben situated?
  - E) When was Big Ben built?

18. Choose the correct variant.
- A) Big Ben is the biggest clock in the world.
  - B) Big Ben is the smallest clock of Great Britain.
  - C) Big Ben is far from the Houses of Parliament.
  - D) People can see the working of Big Ben.
  - E) There is a bank near Big Ben.

19. Choose the **wrong** variant.
- Big Ben ...*
- A) stands on the right bank of the Thames.
  - B) is one of the many huge clocks in towers.
  - C) is the biggest bell in a clock tower in Britain.
  - D) is situated in London on the bank of Thames.
  - E) Big Ben is in the tower of the Houses of Parliament.

20. Choose the **wrong** variant.
- A) People can go inside Big Ben.
  - B) People go up the stairs inside Big Ben.
  - C) There is a modern lift inside the tower of Big Ben.
  - D) The bell inside Big Ben is much bigger than all of others.
  - E) Big Ben is in the tower of the Houses of Parliament.



## TEST 5

## Read the passage and answer the questions 1-5.

There are four seasons in a year: spring, summer, autumn and winter. Each of them is wonderful. Autumn is the best among them and it falls between summer and winter. Many changes begin in this season. Days become shorter. Leaves of trees turn from green to red, yellow and orange. Trees need sunlight to keep their leaves green. Without sunlight, leaves change their colour. Water freezes every passing morning, as the temperature reaches the freezing point.

- The passage is mainly about ...  
A) winter      B) spring      C) summer  
D) seasons      E) autumn
- Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) What do trees need to keep their leaves green?  
B) How many seasons are there in a year?  
C) What freezes every passing morning?  
D) When does winter begin?  
E) When do days become shorter?
- Choose the correct variant.  
A) Leaves don't change their colour in autumn.  
B) Autumn isn't a changeable season.  
C) Days in autumn are shorter than summer days.  
D) Leaves turn from yellow to green in autumn.  
E) Days in autumn become longer day by day.
- Choose the word from the passage which has the meaning "a tall plant that can live a long time."  
A) branch      B) leaf      C) tree  
D) season      E) sunlight
- Choose the **wrong** variant.  
A) Autumn is between summer and winter.  
B) There is a little sunlight to keep leaves green in autumn.  
C) Temperature gets colder day by day in autumn.  
D) Leaves become colourful in autumn.  
E) Leaves turn their colour because there isn't enough sunlight in autumn.

## Read the passage and answer the questions 6-10.

In this part of the country, one can find nothing but thick forests, bare rocks, water-falls, and high mountains. At the foot of one of these mountains there is a small hut, where the grey-bearded Henry lived by himself. He used to have many friends. Quite early in his life he had been taught by his father to love and help people. Besides, he was kind and soft-hearted. One day his father died, leaving him a lot of money. He spent all his money on helping the people who were poor and helpless. Later in the long run he came to realize that, after having spent all his money, he was the one who was in need of help and support. For neither his old friends nor those who seemed to be his friends offered him their help. They did not even come to visit him. Therefore, he had come to hate people and had chosen nature as the best friend.

- Complete the sentence.  
*Henry lived alone in nature because ...*  
A) he likes the country life.  
B) he doesn't love and trust people.  
C) he worked as a woodman.  
D) he had always been a poor man.  
E) he did not want to spend his money.
- Choose the correct variant.  
1. Henry lived in a small hut with his family.  
2. Henry's father was an unkind and cruel man.  
3. Henry spent all his money on helping the people.  
4. Henry had been taught by his father to love and help people.  
A) 1, 2    B) 1, 3    C) 2, 3    D) 2, 4    E) 3, 4
- The passage is mainly about ...  
A) a soft-hearted man  
B) the spent money  
C) a kind father  
D) close friends  
E) poor people

9. Choose the **wrong** variant.
1. Henry's friends often visited him in his bad condition.
  2. When his father died, he left Henry little money.
  3. Henry hated people and chose nature as a friend.
  4. His father helped people who were poor and helpless.
- A) 3, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2

10. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
- A) Why did Henry choose Nature as the best friend?
  - B) Who taught Henry to love and help people?
  - C) How much money did Henry spent for people?
  - D) Why did Henry spend all his money?
  - E) Where did Henry live?

Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.

*Coca-Cola is enjoyed all over the World. The drink was invented by Dr. John Pemberton in Atlanta on 8 May, 1886, but it was given the name Coca-Cola by his partner, Frank Robinson. The business was bought by a man called Asa Candler in 1888, and the first factory was opened in Dallas, Texas, in 1895. Coca-Cola is still made there. Millions of bottles and cans have been produced since 1895. Though the Coca-Cola has become so favourite drink all over the world some scientists think that Coca-Cola is dangerous for health. There were some articles in the newspapers about this problem.*

11. The passage is mainly about ...
- A) a famous drink
  - B) Dr. John Pemberton
  - C) the first factory
  - D) Frank Robinson
  - E) Asa Candler

12. Choose the correct variant.
1. The business was bought by Asa Candler.
  2. Coca-cola was invented by Frank Robinson.
  3. Some scientists think that Coca-Cola is safe for health.
  4. The first factory was opened in Dallas, Texas, in 1895.
- A) 1, 2      B) 2, 4      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 3      E) 1, 4

13. Complete the sentence.  
*Coca-cola ...*
- A) was invented in Dallas, in 1895.
  - B) isn't dangerous for health.
  - C) has been produced since 1895.
  - D) is still made in Atlanta.
  - E) is known as a safe medicine.

14. Choose the **wrong** variant.
1. The first factory was opened by Dr. John Pemberton.
  2. Millions of bottles and cans have been sold since 1895.
  3. It was given the name by Frank Robinson.
  4. Coca-Cola is a favourite drink in the World.
- A) 1, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 3      E) 2, 4

15. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
- A) How do they make Coca-cola?
  - B) Who invented Coca-cola?
  - C) When was the first factory opened in Dallas?
  - D) What do some scientists think about Coca-Cola?
  - E) How many bottles and cans have been produced?

Read the passage and answer the questions 16-20.

*Ernest Hemingway began his writing career as a newspaperman in Paris after the First World War. His early books were published in Europe before they released in the USA. He wrote about wars and always wrote from experience rather than from imagination. He had a different style of literature. The Hemingway style was hard, economical and powerful. In 1952 he published The Old Man and the Sea. This book was the climax of Hemingway's career. He was awarded the Pulitzer Prize for this book in 1953. A year later he was awarded the Nobel Prize for literature.*



**TEST 6**

**Read the passage and answer the questions 1-5.**

*John and Fred were two schoolboys. They were twelve years old and they were in the same class at school. One day they had a fight in the class and their teacher was very angry. He said to the boys, "Stay here after school this afternoon and write your names a thousand times." After the last lesson all the other boys went home, but John and Fred stayed in the classroom with their teacher and began to write their names. Then Fred began to cry. The teacher looked at him and said : "Why are you crying, Fred?" "Because his name is John May and my name is Fredrick Hollingsworth," said Fred.*

16. The passage is mainly about ... .  
A) Ernest Hemingway  
B) An old style American writer  
C) The Old Man and the Sea  
D) The second prize  
E) the Nobel Prize
17. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) Where did Hemingway begin his writing career?  
B) When was Hemingway awarded the Nobel Prize?  
C) How many books did Hemingway publish in his career?  
D) Which book was the climax of his career?  
E) When were his early books published?
18. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
A) Hemingway was known in Europe first.  
B) Hemingway got a Nobel Prize once.  
C) Hemingway wrote about wars.  
D) "The Old Man and the Sea" was the climax of Hemingway's career.  
E) Hemingway also lived and wrote in America.
19. Choose the correct variant.  
A) He never got a Nobel Prize.  
B) He got a Nobel Prize in 1954.  
C) He was a good poet.  
D) He liked to make the readers cry.  
E) His early books were published in the USA.
20. Complete the sentence.  
*Ernest Hemingway ...*  
A) was a famous French writer.  
B) was awarded the Pulitzer Prize too.  
C) always wrote about love and peace.  
D) began his writing career as a postman.  
E) had the same style of literature.

1. The passage is mainly about ... .  
A) school  
B) the last lesson  
C) schoolboys  
D) a long name  
E) the teacher
2. Choose the correct variant.  
1. Fred finished to write his name first.  
2. As Fred's name was long he began to cry.  
3. Teacher made schoolboys write their exercises.  
4. They had to write their names a thousand times.  
A) 2, 4  
B) 2, 3  
C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 2  
E) 1, 3
3. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
A) One day they had a fight in the class.  
B) John and Fred were in the same class at school.  
C) After the last lesson John and Fred stayed in the classroom alone.  
D) John and Fred were two schoolboys.  
E) John and Fred wrote their own names.
4. Complete the sentence.  
*The teacher punished the boys because ...*  
A) they had a fight in the class.  
B) they didn't prepare their lesson.  
C) they were late for the last lesson.  
D) they didn't understand the lesson.  
E) they talked to each other during the lesson.

5. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
- Why was Fred crying?
  - When did their lessons begin?
  - Who punished the schoolboys?
  - Why did schoolboys stay at school?
  - What did they do at school after lesson?

**Read the passage and answer the questions 6-10.**

*"Sam" said his father, "put on your cap and coat and let's go for a walk." Sam was happy. He liked to go out with his father. He put his cap and coat on and said to his father: "I'm ready, Father. Sam and his father went out into the street. Suddenly they saw a big black dog. As the dog saw them it began to bark. Sam was afraid of the dog. He wanted to run home. His father said: "Don't be afraid, Sam." Don't you know the proverb: "A barking dog doesn't bite." "Oh, yes" said Sam. "I know the proverb, you know the proverb, but does the dog know the proverb?"*

6. The passage is mainly about . . . .
- a funny incident
  - father and his daughter
  - a frightened father
  - a dog and a man
  - a boy and his mother
7. Choose the **wrong** variant.
- As the dog saw them it began to bark.
  - They saw a big black dog in the street.
  - Sam liked to go out with his father.
  - Sam wasn't afraid of a barking dog.
  - When Sam heard his father's offer, he was happy.
8. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
- Who was afraid of the dog?
  - When did they go for a walk?
  - What did they see in the street?
  - With whom did Sam go for a walk?
  - What did the dog do when it saw them?

9. Choose the correct variant.
- Sam's father wanted to run home.
  - The barking dog was Sam's.
  - Sam didn't want to go for a walk.
  - Sam's father was afraid of the dog.
  - Sam's father told his son a proverb.

10. Complete the sentence.  
*The dog began to bark . . .*
- when Sam wanted to run.
  - when they were afraid of it.
  - when it saw them.
  - when father said a proverb.
  - when Sam put his cap and coat on.

**Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.**

*There is a village in Guba. Its name is Khinalig. It is at the foot of the mountains. Khinalig is not only the name of the village, but also it is the name of the people who live there. This village has its own language – "The language of Khinali". The people speak in this language only in Khinalig. This language differs from other languages not only in words. The language has its own grammar structure. The people of Khinalig have different customs. You can't see these customs in other places. About 7 thousand people live in this village. They are very friendly and kind. Khinalig has a nice nature, fresh air and pure water. The people of Khinalig are busy with keeping animals and gardening.*

11. The passage is mainly about . . . .
- Khinalig
  - Guba's villages
  - Khinalig's people
  - Khinalig's language
  - the nature of Khinalig
12. Choose the correct variant.
- The people of Khinalig haven't got different customs.
  - The people of Khinalig are with working at the factory.
  - Khinalig has a bad nature and dirty air.
  - The Khinali language has its own grammar and structure.
  - About seventy thousand people live in this village.

13. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
 A) Where is Khinalig situated?  
 B) How many letters are there in the language of Khinali?  
 C) How many people live in this village?  
 D) With what are the people of Khinalig busy?  
 E) Where do the people speak in the language of Khinalig?

14. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
 A) The people of Khinalig have different customs.  
 B) The village has its own language.  
 C) The people of Khinalig are busy with keeping animals and gardening.  
 D) Khinalig is situated in Guba.  
 E) Khinalig is not a mountainous village.

15. Complete the sentence.  
*Khinalig is not only the name of the village, but . . .*  
 A) it's also a modern town.  
 B) it's also the name of a city.  
 C) it's also the name of a castle.  
 D) it's also the name of an industrial centre.  
 E) it's also the name of the people who live there.

**Read the passage and answer the questions 16-20.**

*When a beautiful girl got on the crowded bus, a young man started to get up. But she pushed him back in his seat and said she preferred to stand. He tried to get up again. She pushed him back again. At last he shouted. "Now, listen, lady! I passed my stop two blocks back . . . !"*

16. Complete the sentence.  
*This happened on . . .*  
 A) a crowded bus  
 B) the house of the girl  
 C) on the bus of a young man  
 D) a plane  
 E) the train

17. Choose the word from the passage which has the meaning "*to say something in a loud voice.*"  
 A) to push      B) to pass      C) to shout  
 D) to prefer      E) to listen

18. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
 A) Why did the girl push the young man back?  
 B) Why did the young man get up?  
 C) Where did the beautiful girl go?  
 D) What did the girl prefer?  
 E) Who wanted to get off?

19. Complete the sentence.  
*The lady didn't sit because . . .*  
 A) there wasn't an empty seat  
 B) she didn't want to sit  
 C) the man didn't give her his seat  
 D) she wanted to get off the bus  
 E) the seat was dirty

20. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
 A) The young man started to get up when a beautiful girl got off the bus.  
 B) The young man tried to get up because he wanted to get off the bus.  
 C) The young man shouted because he passed his stop two blocks back.  
 D) The lady preferred to stand in the bus.  
 E) The bus was crowded.

## TEST 7

## Read the passage and answer the questions 1-5.

Two men took their seats in a bus. They didn't know each other, but they began to talk. "Are you going to Milberry's lecture today?" asked the first. "Yes" answered the other. "Don't go. Milberry is a bad speaker." said the first. "I must go. I am Milberry." said the other.

- The passage is mainly about ...  
A) a late bus B) a rainy day  
C) the lecture D) a bad lecturer  
E) two friends
- Complete the sentence.  
Milberry ...  
A) isn't going to the lecture.  
B) is a student.  
C) is a bad speaker.  
D) is going to the other's lecture.  
E) doesn't want to talk to the other man.
- Choose the word from passage which has the meaning "a person who gives a talk or makes a speech."  
A) a speaker B) a bus C) a seat  
D) a teacher E) a lecture
- Choose the **wrong** variant.  
A) The men don't know each other.  
B) The first man doesn't like Milberry's lectures.  
C) Milberry's lecture is today.  
D) The other man is Milberry.  
E) Two men take their seats in a train.
- Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) Why didn't the other man like Milberry?  
B) Where did the other man get off?  
C) Where did two men take their seats?  
D) Where were they going?  
E) Who was Milberry?

## Read the passage and answer the questions 6-10.

A little boy was standing at the door of a flat in a big house in the High street. He wanted to ring the bell. The bell was too high up from him. "What do you want?" asked a gentleman coming downstairs. "I want to ring the bell, but it is too high and I'm not tall enough." -answered the boy. "All right" said the man and rang the bell. "Now run! Hurry up!" exclaimed the boy and ran away.

- The passage is mainly about ...  
A) High Street B) the bell  
C) a gentleman D) a naughty boy  
E) the doorbell
- Complete the sentence.  
A little boy ...  
A) wanted to ring the bell.  
B) asked the gentleman what he wanted.  
C) helped the gentleman to ring the bell.  
D) said "All right" and rang the bell.  
E) was tall enough to ring the bell.
- Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) Who wanted to ring the bell?  
B) Where was a little boy standing?  
C) Where was a gentleman going?  
D) Why did the little boy begin to run?  
E) Who helped a little boy to ring the bell.
- Choose the **wrong** variant.  
A) "Now run! Hurry up!" exclaimed the little boy and ran away.  
B) The bell was too high up from a little boy.  
C) The man helped to ring the bell.  
D) A little boy was standing at the door of a flat.  
E) A little boy rang the bell and ran away.
- Choose the word from passage which has the meaning "to say something suddenly and loudly."  
A) to ring B) to exclaim C) to ask  
D) to want E) to answer

## Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.

On a very rainy day a woman with a dog got on a bus. It was a big dog and its feet were dirty. The woman sat down and the dog stood near her. When the bus conductor came up to her, she said: "Oh, conductor, if I pay for my dog, can it have a seat like other passengers?" The conductor looked at the dog and its dirty feet and then said: "Of course, madam. It can have a seat like all the other passengers, but like all the other passengers, it must not put its feet on the seats."

11. The passage is mainly about ... .  
 A) rainy days  
 B) the bus conductor  
 C) the dirty feet  
 D) a strange dog  
 E) a dog on the bus
12. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
 A) With what did a woman get on a bus?  
 B) Where did the woman want to get off?  
 C) Who got on the bus with a dog?  
 D) What did the woman say to the conductor?  
 E) What did the conductor say to the woman?
13. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
 A) The feet of the dog were not clean.  
 B) The woman wanted the dog to seat near her.  
 C) The woman asked for a seat for the dog.  
 D) The conductor wanted to give a seat to the dog.  
 E) The woman wanted to pay for the seat of her dog.
14. Choose the correct variant.  
 A) The woman wanted his dog to sit on the floor.  
 B) The dog must sit not putting its feet on the seat.  
 C) A woman got on a bus with her husband.  
 D) There were no seats to sit in the bus.  
 E) The woman didn't want to pay money for the seats.
15. Complete the sentence.  
*The woman . . .*  
 A) sat down and the dog stood near her.  
 B) looked at the dog and its dirty feet.  
 C) didn't give money to the conductor.  
 D) went by bus without a dog.  
 E) hasn't got a dog with dirty feet.

**Read the passage and answer the questions 16-20.**

*My friend's name is Peter. He's from Amsterdam, in Holland. He is Dutch. Peter is married and has two children. His wife, Jane, is American. She is from Boston in the US. Her family is still in Boston, but she works and lives with Peter in Milan. They speak English, Dutch, German and Italian! Their daughter, Flora is 16 years old, she studies at a private college and she's got friends from France, Switzerland, Austria and Sweden. Hans, their ten-year-old son, goes to a state school and all his friends are from Milan in Italy. Everybody is happy in the family.*

16. The passage is mainly about ... .  
 A) my friend's letter  
 B) my family  
 C) my wife's family  
 D) my student's family  
 E) my friend's family
17. Complete the sentence.  
*Peter's ...*  
 A) born in Boston, in America.  
 B) daughter studies at a state school.  
 C) married and has two children.  
 D) son studies at a private college.  
 E) wife is a housewife.
18. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
 A) Peter's family speaks four foreign languages.  
 B) Peter's family lives in Boston.  
 C) Flora's friends are from different countries.  
 D) Hans is younger than his sister.  
 E) Peter's family lives happily.
19. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
 A) When were Peter and Jane married?  
 B) How many children does Peter have?  
 C) Which languages can they speak?  
 D) Where does Jane's family live?  
 E) Where does Flora study?
20. Choose the correct variant.  
 A) Peter and his wife live in Amsterdam.  
 B) Hans doesn't study at a state school.  
 C) Peter's all friends are from Milan in Italy.  
 D) Hans and Flora can only speak Dutch and Italian.  
 E) Jane works in Boston, in America.



## TEST 8

## Read the passage and answer the questions 1-5.

*Holidays mean different things to different people. Some people like to have a quiet rest, while other people enjoy active, open-air holidays. Some years ago a lot of English people went to foreign countries during their holidays. But now the English seaside has become very popular. When people spend their holidays at the seaside they stay at hotels. But staying at the seaside is very expensive. That is why people who have got their own cars go on camping holidays.*

- Choose the correct variant.
  - People hate staying at the seaside in England.
  - The English seaside is not very popular now.
  - English people don't like holidays.
  - Staying at the seaside is very expensive.
  - People who haven't got their own cars go on camping holidays.
- Choose the **wrong** variant.
  - When people spend their holidays at the seaside they stay at their houses.
  - Holidays mean different things to different people.
  - Now the English seaside has become very famous.
  - English people spent their holidays abroad some years ago.
  - Some people go on camping holidays in their cars.
- Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
  - What means different things to different people?
  - Why do people go on camping holidays?
  - What has become very popular in England?
  - Where did English people go some years ago?
  - When do English people's holidays begin?
- Choose the **wrong** variant.  
*Some people ...*
  - enjoy active, open-air holidays.
  - like to have a quiet rest on holidays.
  - go on camping holidays in their own cars.
  - stay at hotels at the seaside as they are very cheap.
  - went to foreign countries some years ago.

- The passage is mainly about ...
  - English hotels
  - Foreign countries
  - Holidays
  - People in England
  - People who have got cars.

## Read the passage and answer the questions 6-10.

*A young Englishman came to America. He stayed in New York with his friends and saw very interesting places in and outside the city. On the last day he bought a large TV-set for his family in London. "Why have you bought a TV-set in America? I think you've got very good TV-sets in England, haven't you?" his friend asked him. "Our TV-sets are good, but TV programs in England are not as good as American programs" the young man answered.*

- Choose the correct variant.
  - The Englishman liked American programs.
  - He thinks that TV programs in England is as good as American ones.
  - On the first day he bought a large TV-set for his family.
  - There aren't any good TV-sets in England.
  - A young American came to England.
- Choose the **wrong** variant.
  - He bought a TV-set for his family in England.
  - The Englishman didn't see any interesting places in New York.
  - The Englishman stayed in the USA with his friends.
  - He likes American programs more than English ones.
  - The Englishman wasn't old.
- Complete the sentence.  
*A young Englishman ...*
  - came to America with his family.
  - liked American meals very much.
  - stayed at a nice hotel in Washington.
  - wanted to open a TV shop in America.
  - didn't like TV programs in England.

9. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
 A) What did an Englishman see in America?  
 B) How many days did he stay in America?  
 C) With whom did he go to America?  
 D) What did he buy from America?  
 E) When did he buy a TV-set?
10. The passage is mainly about ...  
 A) the Englishman's decision  
 B) interesting places in America  
 C) the Englishman's friends  
 D) a large family in London  
 E) the man in England

**Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.**

*Michael Jackson was born in a town near Chicago on August 29th in 1958. His parents were both musicians. His mother played the clarinet, and his father played the guitar. Mr. and Mrs. Jackson had nine children-six boys and three girls. They all learnt to play musical instruments. In 1967, Michael and his brothers started a group, "The Jackson Five". Michael was the lead singer. The group won competitions and they were famous in Chicago for their singing and dancing. They made their first record in 1969. In 1970 the group had four number one records. As Michael was very famous, he didn't like to talk to TV or magazine people. He lived in a big house in California with some of his strange pets, for example, a chimpanzee, a cheetah and a lama.*

11. Complete the sentence.  
 Michael Jackson's ...  
 A) born in a town near California.  
 B) mother played the piano.  
 C) sisters weren't musicians.  
 D) brothers started a group with him.  
 E) father played the clarinet.
12. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
 A) Where was Michael Jackson born?  
 B) What did Michael keep in his house?  
 C) What were they famous in Chicago for?  
 D) To whom didn't Michael like to talk?  
 E) When did Michael Jackson die?

13. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
 A) Michael was afraid of wild animals.  
 B) Michael was born on the 29th of the eighth month.  
 C) The group was famous for their singing and dancing.  
 D) His father and mother were musicians.  
 E) He lives in one of the states of the USA.
14. Choose the correct variant.  
 A) Michael's elder brother was the lead singer.  
 B) The group won competitions and was famous in London.  
 C) Michael disliked to talk to TV or magazine people.  
 D) Michael Jackson has nine children-six boys and three girls.  
 E) He lived in a big house in Chicago with some of his strange pets.
15. The passage is mainly about ...  
 A) a big family  
 B) a famous group  
 C) Michael Jackson  
 D) Michael's house  
 E) famous musicians

**Read the passage and answer the questions 16-20.**

*Many English families have got their own houses, but some people live in the flats. There are two floors in the traditional English flats: the ground floor and the first floor. People in England like their homes and always show them to their visitors.*

16. Choose the correct variant.  
 A) There aren't any flats in England.  
 B) People in England don't like their homes.  
 C) The English never show their homes to their visitors.  
 D) No families in England have their own houses.  
 E) There are two floors in the traditional English flats.



17. The passage is mainly about ... .  
 A) English visitors B) American flats  
 C) English houses D) American families  
 E) English tradition

18. Complete the sentence.  
*The English ...*  
 A) like to show their homes to their visitors.  
 B) haven't got their own houses.  
 C) like to live in the countryside.  
 D) always live in small houses.  
 E) never build big houses.

19. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
 A) Who has got his own houses?  
 B) Where do some people live?  
 C) What do people show their visitors?  
 D) Why do the English live on the first floor?  
 E) How many floors are there in traditional English flats?

20. Choose the word from the passage which has the meaning "a surface of a room that you walk on."  
 A) a floor B) a flat C) a house  
 D) ground E) home

## TEST 9

Read the passage and answer the questions 1-5.

*Pineapples originally grew in South America and Christopher Columbus discovered them in 1493. However during the 16th and 17th centuries pineapples were very expensive in Europe as they had to be imported. By the early 18th century pineapples were grown in hothouses in Northern Europe but they were still very costly. In the 19th century pineapples became cheaper.*

- Choose the correct variant.
  - Pineapples originally grew in North America.
  - Christopher Columbus discovered pineapples.
  - In the 17th century pineapples were cheap.
  - In the 19th century pineapples became cheaper.

A) 1, 3, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 2, 3  
 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2, 3
- Choose the **wrong** variant.
  - Pineapples were discovered in the 16th century.
  - Pineapples were grown in hothouses.
  - Pineapples were imported into Europe.
  - In the 19th century pineapples became more expensive.

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 4  
 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 2
- The passage is mainly about... .
 

A) Northern Europe B) Columbus  
 C) South America D) Prices  
 E) Pineapples
- Choose the word from the passage with the meaning "to find a place or an object, for the first time".
 

A) to import B) to discover  
 C) to become D) to originate  
 E) to grow
- Which question has **no** answer in the passage?
 

A) Why were pineapples expensive?  
 B) What happened in the 14th century?  
 C) Who discovered pineapples?  
 D) When did pineapples become cheaper?  
 E) Where were pineapples grown?

Read the passage and answer the questions 6-10.

*Fahrenheit is the system of measuring the temperature, how hot or cold something is, used by many people in Britain. The freezing point of Fahrenheit is 32 degrees. So a cold winter's day in Britain would have a temperature of 38° F (3° centigrade) and a hot summer's day would have a temperature of 90° F (32° centigrade). The Fahrenheit scale was invented by the German scientist Gabriel Fahrenheit in 1714. Today in Britain most people over twenty-five know the Fahrenheit scale but the centigrade system (Celsius) is being used more and more. Weather forecasts on television and in newspapers show temperature in both scales.*

6. The passage is mainly about ... .  
 A) the advantages of the Fahrenheit scale over the Celsius scale  
 B) the systems of measuring the temperature  
 C) the scientific research carried out by Gabriel Fahrenheit  
 D) the weather forecasts in Britain  
 E) the increasing popularity of the Fahrenheit scale in Britain
7. Choose the word from the passage which has the meaning "the measurement in degrees of how hot or cold a thing is".  
 A) scale                      B) forecast  
 C) temperature            D) system  
 E) scientist
8. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
 A) Where are weather forecasts shown?  
 B) What's the freezing point of Fahrenheit?  
 C) Who invented the Fahrenheit scale?  
 D) Which scale is used more in Britain?  
 E) What's the boiling point of Fahrenheit?
9. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
 1. Fahrenheit is used by many people in Britain.  
 2. The Fahrenheit scale was invented about 3 centuries ago.  
 3. Weather forecasts show temperature only in Fahrenheit.  
 4. The Celsius system isn't used in Britain.  
 A) 1, 3            B) 3, 4            C) 2, 4  
 D) 2, 3            E) 1, 4

10. Choose the correct variant.

1. Fahrenheit takes its name from the German scientist.
  2. Fahrenheit is only used in Germany today.
  3. The freezing point of Fahrenheit is 90 degrees.
  4. Weather forecasts show temperature in both scales.
- A) 1, 3            B) 1, 4            C) 2, 4  
 D) 2, 3            E) 3, 4

Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.

*Once a man reached 80 years of age and had an infection in his ears which made him almost deaf. The doctors informed him that an operation was necessary to cure this disease. He agreed to have the operation as he couldn't hear anything.*

*When the operation was completed successfully, his doctor gave him the bill which covered all the costs. The old man looked at it and started to cry. Seeing this the doctor felt pity on the old man and told him that if the cost was too high then they could make some other arrangements.*

*The old man said "I am not crying because of the money but I am crying because God let me hear for 80 years and never sent me a bill."*

11. Choose the word from the passage with the meaning "an illness that is caused by bacteria or a virus".  
 A) bill                      B) infection  
 C) cost                    D) operation  
 E) arrangement
12. The underlined pronoun "it" refers to ... .  
 A) the old man            B) the doctor  
 C) the bill                D) the operation  
 E) the infection
13. Choose the **wrong** statements.  
 1. God let the man hear for 80 years  
 2. The man had an infection in his eyes.  
 3. The operation wasn't completed successfully.  
 4. The old man agreed to have an operation.  
 A) 1, 4            B) 2, 4            C) 1, 2  
 D) 1, 3            E) 2, 3

14. Choose the correct statements.

1. The man didn't agree to have an operation.
  2. The operation was completed unsuccessfully.
  3. God let the man hear for 80 years and never sent him a bill.
  4. The doctor felt pity on the old man.
- A) 2, 4                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 4

15. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?

- A) How old was the old man?
- B) How much did the operation cost?
- C) Why was the old man crying?
- D) Who let the man hear and never sent him a bill?
- E) What was necessary to cure the man's disease?

Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.

*There are more than 2,500 types of palm trees in the world. The Palmyra palm is the most important to a man, next to the coconut palm, because it produces food and provides over one hundred different useful products. It's profitable to climb the Palmyra twice a day to extract the juice from its flower-bunches. This juice is converted by different methods and forms the base for a wide variety of other products. Collecting this juice, however, is hard, tiring and often dangerous work, for the trees can be higher than 30 metres.*

16. The passage is mainly about ... .

- A) the Palmyra palm
- B) the types of palm trees
- C) the coconut palm
- D) the collection of Palmyra palms
- E) the methods of collecting palm trees

17. Which word from the passage has the meaning "to change from one form to another"?

- A) to convert                      B) to produce
- C) to provide                      D) to collect
- E) to extract

18. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?

- A) How many methods are used for collecting the juice?
- B) How many types of palm trees are there in the world?
- C) Why is the Palmyra palm the most important to men?
- D) Why is collecting the juice dangerous?
- E) How tall can the trees be ?

19. Choose the **wrong** variants.

1. Collecting the juice of the Palmyra palm is often dangerous.
  2. There are at least two and a half thousand types of palm trees.
  3. It's not so dangerous to climb the Palmyra as it is thirteen metres.
  4. It's profitable to climb the Palmyra once a day.
- A) 2, 3, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 2, 4  
D) 2, 3                      E) 3, 4

20. Choose the correct variant.

*The juice from the Palmyra's flower-bunches ...*

- A) is used only as food.
- B) is of better quality if the tree is at least 30 metres high.
- C) is only produced at certain times of the day.
- D) is converted into over 100 different food types.
- E) provides many different useful products.

## TEST 10

### Read the passage and answer the questions 1-5.

On August 11, 1911, the Mona Lisa, Leonardo da Vinci's masterpiece, was stolen from the Louvre Museum in Paris. The thief, Vincenzo Peruggia, a Louvre employee, hid the painting in his flat for two years and then tried to sell it in Italy. Italian officials quickly arrested him and returned the 300-year old masterpiece to France without damage. At his trial in Florence, Peruggia convinced the judge that his act was because of patriotism and his only reason was to return the famous painting to the land of its painter. Because of this, he spent only a year and 15 days in prison.

- Which word in the passage has the meaning "to make somebody believe that something is true"?  
A) to convince B) to spend C) to steal  
D) to hide E) to arrest
- The underlined "its" in the passage refers to ...  
A) a Louvre employee  
B) the Louvre Museum  
C) the Mona Lisa  
D) the Italian official  
E) the judge
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.  
*The thief, Vincenzo Peruggia ...*  
A) stole the Mona Lisa for the Italian government  
B) had stolen many other valuable works of art  
C) was a famous thief wanted in many countries  
D) was a distant relative of Leonardo da Vinci  
E) was an Italian living and working in France
- Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) Where did Peruggia go after his imprisonment?  
B) Who arrested Vincenzo Peruggia?  
C) What was stolen from the Louvre Museum?  
D) What did the thief want to do with the painting?  
E) What reason did Peruggia declare before the judge?
- The passage is mainly about ...  
A) the stolen painting, the Mona Lisa  
B) Leonardo da Vinci's paintings  
C) the Louvre Museum in Paris  
D) Vincenzo Peruggia's life  
E) the land of the painter

### Read the passage and answer the questions 6-10.

Most people in Britain find prices of good restaurants too expensive. Many people are so busy that they don't have time to cook for themselves. Others live alone and feel it is not worth cooking just for one person. This has led to huge increase in the fast food business. The latest statistics shows that Britons spend 2.2 billion pounds each year on fast food.

- Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) Why do some people in Britain eat outside?  
B) When did prices of good restaurants go up?  
C) How much do Britons spend each year on fast food?  
D) What's the reason for the increase in the fast food business?  
E) Who feels it is not worth cooking just for one person?
- Which word from the passage has the meaning "the activity of buying and selling goods and services"?  
A) business B) statistics C) worth  
D) increase E) cooking
- The passage is mainly about ...  
A) the good restaurants  
B) cooking at home  
C) living alone  
D) the fast food in Britain  
E) the latest statistics
- Choose the correct statements.  
1. Most people think prices of good restaurants are less expensive.  
2. Some people think it is not worth cooking just for one person.  
3. Fast food business has increased hugely.  
4. 2.2 million pounds is spent each year on fast food.  
A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3
- Complete the sentence.  
*Many people in Britain do not cook for themselves ...*  
A) as they don't have enough time to do that.  
B) as they feel it is worth cooking just for one person.  
C) because they find prices of good restaurants too expensive.  
D) as it leads to health problems.  
E) because 2.2 billion pounds is spent on it each year.

## Read the passage and answer the questions 11-15.

During the late 1700s, an Englishman named Philip Astley founded the first modern circus. He was a skilled rider who invented trick riding. He performed his tricks in a circus ring and later within an indoor stadium. After his act became popular in London, he was asked by Louis XV to perform in France. He later expanded his act to include clowns, acrobats, and parades of trained animals. Shortly after Astley's death, the circus spread to America.

During the early 1800s, the United States took to the circus quickly after learning its popularity in Europe. Joshua Brown, an American businessman, introduced the circus tent in 1825. The use of portable tents allowed him to take his act all over the country. His travelling circus was a great success as a business enterprise and loved by spectators everywhere. Most circuses today are variations of Brown's circus.

11. The passage is mainly about...  
A) Joshua Brown                      B) Philip Astley  
C) the modern circus                D) trick riding  
E) the circus tent
12. The underlined "he" refers to...  
A) the acrobat                      B) Louis XV  
C) Joshua Brown                      D) the clown  
E) Philip Astley
13. Which word from the passage has the meaning "a company or business"?  
A) enterprise                      B) circus  
C) parade                              D) tent  
E) success
14. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
*Philip Astley was ...*  
A) a rider  
B) a businessman  
C) the founder of the first modern circus  
D) an Englishman  
E) asked by Louis XV to perform in France
15. Choose the correct variant.  
1. Philip Astley always performed alone.  
2. Brown's travelling circus was a great failure.  
3. Philip Astley also performed in France.  
4. Joshua Brown introduced the circus tent.  
A) 3, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 2

## Read the passage and answer the questions 16-20.

Cotton has been grown for over five thousand years in places as far apart as Mexico, China, Egypt and India. It was first planted in America in 1607. Before 1800 cotton was a great luxury, more expensive than silk because so many workers were needed to pick it. However, a huge increase in the number of slaves in the American South resulted in much greater cotton production and fall in the price. This, and the new technology of the industrial revolution, made cotton the cheapest fabric in history. By 1820 cotton was making more money for the USA than tobacco and more money world wide than sugar.

16. The passage is mainly about ...  
A) South America                      B) industrial revolution  
C) tobacco and silk                      D) slavery  
E) cotton
17. Which statements are not true?  
1. Industrial revolution made cotton the cheapest fabric.  
2. Cotton was less profitable than tobacco and sugar.  
3. Cotton picking demanded many workers.  
4. Cotton production resulted in failure.  
5. Fall in the price was connected with the rise in the number of slaves.  
A) 3, 4    B) 1, 5    C) 1, 3    D) 2, 4    E) 2, 5
18. Which statements are true?  
1. Cotton has been grown more than 5000 years.  
2. Greater cotton production made cotton the most expensive fabric.  
3. USA made a lot of profit from cotton production.  
4. Tobacco and sugar made the USA the wealthiest country in the world.  
5. Cotton couldn't gain any fame.  
A) 1, 3    B) 2, 4    C) 1, 5    D) 4, 5    E) 2, 3
19. Which question has *no* answer in the passage?  
A) When was cotton first planted in the USA?  
B) What made cotton the cheapest fabric?  
C) When was cotton first produced?  
D) Where was cotton grown?  
E) Why was cotton more expensive than silk?
20. Which word in the passage means "a great change in conditions"?  
A) revolution                      B) production                      C) increase  
D) technology                      E) luxury



TEST 1

1. What is the purpose of the following letter?

Dear Mr. Adam,

Mr. Tom Brown has worked under my supervision as a manager. During his employment, Mr. Brown proved to be a skilled, hard-working and responsible employee. I highly recommend him for whatever position he may decide to attempt.

Respectfully yours, Mr. Jordan White

- A) to make Mr. Jordan White reject him
- B) to apply for a job
- C) to recommend Mr. Brown to Mr. Adam
- D) to offer a position for Mr. Brown
- E) to ask for a responsible employee

2. What is the purpose of the following letter?

Dear Sir or Madam,

I saw your advertisement for English classes in this month's magazine and I am interested in coming to your school. I have never been to England. I feel this is now necessary, especially to improve my pronunciation. Please, send me more information about your courses and accommodation.

Respectfully yours, Gabriel

- A) to send some information
- B) to get more information
- C) to thank for the advertisement
- D) to book a ticket to England
- E) to improve the grammar

3. What is the purpose of the following letter?

Dear Annie,

My husband and my sister had an argument a year ago. They don't speak to each other now. I am planning a graduation party for my daughter. I want to invite my sister too but I don't want to anger my husband. What do you think I should do?

Sincerely yours, Julia

- A) to make a suggestion
- B) to offer some help
- C) to ask for advice
- D) to offer friendship
- E) to invite to the party

4. What is the purpose of the letter?

Dear sir,

I read your advertisement for a web designer and would like to apply. I think I might be the right person for the job. I had several courses and was an assistant for a web design studio. I look forward to hearing from you soon.

Respectfully, Gabriel Adams

- A) to look for a designer
- B) to apply for the job
- C) to give several courses
- D) to prepare an advertisement
- E) to create a website

5. What is the purpose of the following letter?

Dear Mrs. Gregory,

We are extremely sorry to hear you are ill, and we hope and trust you will soon be better. We are thinking of you every day and wondering how you are. If there is anything we can do, please do not fail to make use of us. We shall phone from time to time, to learn how you are progressing.

With love, Susan

- A) to express sorrow
- B) to invite
- C) to complaint
- D) to apologize
- E) to wonder

6. What is the purpose of the following letter?

Dear Patricia,

I am sure you will forgive me when I tell you that I am not able to come to your wedding party.

My mother is far from well and I don't think I should leave her. She misses me when I am not with her.

Yours faithfully, G.. Rolling

- A) to demand a job
- B) to invite to the wedding party
- C) to apply for a post
- D) to congratulate on the wedding
- E) to apologize for not participating

7. What's the purpose of the following letter?

Dear Mrs. Summers,

Very many thanks for your kind invitation. My husband and I will be delighted to accept your invitation to dinner on February 10th.

I need to tell you that we are both looking forward to seeing you.

Yours sincerely, Mary

- A) to ask for forgiveness
- B) to refuse an invitation
- C) to accept an invitation
- D) to remind about dinner
- E) to looking forward

## Purpose of Letters

8. What's the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Erica and Jo,*

*We just heard the news! Congratulations on the birth of Joanna. We're all delighted. Glad to hear that everything went well and that you're back at home already. I'll send something suitable soon. Till then take care of yourselves and of Joanna, of course.*

*Much love, Jane and Chris*

- A) to express sadness on occasion of death
- B) to congratulate on the occasion of birth
- C) to thank for being invited to a birthday party
- D) to make arrangements
- E) to introduce oneself

9. What's the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Mary,*

*I was very sad to hear about your friend's sudden death. Please, accept my deepest sympathy. I only met her briefly, but remember her as a warm and generous person.*

*I am sorry I was unable to come down for the funeral. If there is an only way I can help out, please let me know.*

*Yours sincerely, Jane*

- A) to feel sorry for Jane
- B) to thank for being warm and generous
- C) to make arrangements
- D) to express sadness on occasion of death
- E) to congratulate on the occasion of birthday

10. What kind of writing is it?

*Call us and we shall organize a joyful party for your staff with a good choice of food and entertainment. Hurry up. It is time to place on order.*

- A) It is an advertisement.
- B) It is an invitation
- C) It is a greeting card
- D) It is a note
- E) It is a warning

11. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Mary and John,*

*I had a wonderful time at your place. I have seen so much of your lovely city. You have looked after me so well, but most of all you have made me one of your family.*

*With love, Sara*

- A) to thank for help
- B) to apologize
- C) to invite to the city
- D) to thank for hospitality
- E) to ask Mary and John for help

12. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear mom,*

*I am very sorry to say that I shan't be able to visit you this holiday either. I really have got important things to finish. So forgive me again please. Hope to meet you soon.*

*Sincerely your son, Talha*

- A) to thank for a holiday
- B) to apologise
- C) to keep promise
- E) to visit some places
- E) to ask for help

13. What's the news about?

*On 29th of April Prince William and Kate*

*Middleton made their vows to each other during their wedding at Westminster Abbey. The couple was watched by 2 billion people around the World. The couple is now the Duke and Duchess of Cambridge.*

- A) Reconstruction of Westminster Abbey
- B) Duke and Duchess' plans
- C) Royal wedding ceremony
- D) Prince William's university days
- E) 2 billion people around the World



## Purpose of Letters

14. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*My dear teacher,*

*I'm obliged to you for all you did for me. Once again I'm in need of your help about some tests. If you help me once more I'll be ready for the next exam. Thanks beforehand.*

*Your student, Omar*

- A) to invite the teacher to the exam
- B) to thank for the last exam
- C) to offer a help
- D) to inform the teacher about the next exam
- E) to ask for the teacher's help

15. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Mrs. Maxwell,*

*Having arrived home safely I must tell you how much I appreciate the good time I had with you. I very much enjoyed meeting your charming guests. Let me thank you and Mr. Maxwell most heartily.*

*Sincerely yours, Ruth Evans*

- A) to thank for having a good time
- B) to complain about the party
- C) to recommend how to have a good time
- D) to receive an invitation
- E) to meet guests at home

16. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Oliver,*

*Kate and I are getting married soon after we return to the UK – on June 20th. We would like to invite you to the wedding. It will be at my parents' house in Hereford, probably at 2.30pm. Hope to see you then.*

*Best wishes, George*

- A) to send an invitation
- B) to thank for help
- C) to invite to a wedding
- D) to apologize for disturbance
- E) to ask for advice

17. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*My dear friend,*

*Yesterday Sarah had a serious car accident in Times Square. She wasn't injured, but her car was completely damaged. We want to get the car repaired. So if you can, please, lend us 500 dollars.*

*Respectfully, Gabriel*

- A) to express the gratefulness
- B) to inform about the accident
- C) to complain of the damage
- D) to ask for treatment
- E) to ask for money

18. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear sir or madam,*

*I am writing to complain about your customer service department. When I received an incorrect bill last week, I decided to call your representative. I spoke to him about my problem but he refused to do anything about it. He told me that it was my problem not his. I hope you will look into the matter.*

- A) to give a piece of advice
- B) to apply for a well-paid job.
- C) to ask for help.
- D) to make a complaint
- E) to make a reservation.

19. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Mary,*

*Thank you very much for the book, it really was just what I wanted! I wanted to take the time to write my thanks and I will call you soon, to thank you in person.*

*Sincerely yours, Jeremy*

- A) to inform about the book
- B) to express thanks
- C) to remind to call
- D) to apologize
- E) to congratulate

20. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear David,*

*I hope you are fine. I'm in London, at the international school of English. I am in class 3 with eight other students. They are all from different countries. Our teacher's name is Peter. He is very funny and he's a very good teacher.*

*Write to me soon.*

*Love, Paula*

- A) to give information about her school life
- B) to invite her friend to England.
- C) to show her grades
- D) to mention her days in her native country
- E) to express how she loves her friend

TEST 2

1. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Marco and Dennis,*

*I am very grateful to you for the lovely dinner party last Saturday evening. Raymond and I had a wonderful time. The food was delicious! I have decided to cook it for my next dinner party.*

*Thank you again. See you soon.*

*Love, Barbara and Raymond*

- A) to offer them a good dinner.
- B) to invite them to their house.
- C) to thank for the good journey.
- D) to express how she was happy to see them.
- E) to thank the family for the wonderful dinner.

2. What is the purpose of following announcement?

*Dear audience,*

*We have an announcement for you. This is the last movie that we are showing in this cinema. We shall be closed for six months, because we shall repair and make some changes in our building. We hope to see you here after six months.*

*Thanks for attention!*

- A) to welcome the audience.
- B) to let the people know about the repair.
- C) to explain why they want to continue their movie.
- D) to get more people.
- E) to announce the next movie.

3. What is the purpose of the following speech?

*Dear workers,*

*First of all I am very sorry to tell you that our company went bankrupt . We spent so many years working for the same company. You will get your last wage during this week and it is better for you to find another job.*

*I am really sorry! Good luck to you!*

- A) to raise the salary.
- B) to invite a lot of people to the company.
- C) to announce the situation in the company.
- D) to speak about the mistakes that the workers did.
- E) to announce the next week's party.

4. Whose speech is it ?

*Dear spectators,*

*We are witnessing of the great Champions League with you at the stadium. More than 300 million television audiences are watching an excellent football game together. The match is very strained. Only several minutes remain till the end of the game. Barcelona dominates on Manchester United by 2:1.*

- A) football commentator's
- B) football player's
- C) football trainer's
- D) football referee's
- E) football fan's

5. What's the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Ms. Jones,*

*I'm very interested in the job you offered, and would like to work abroad. I am good at several languages, and I am also interested in foreign cultures. I love travelling, seeing new sights and meeting people from different cultures. If it is convenient, I would like to talk to you about my work experience.*

*Sincerely, Mr. Smith*

- A) to apply for a job abroad
- B) to meet people from different cultures
- C) to offer a job in a foreign company
- D) to share the work experience with his partner
- E) to show the interest in foreign cultures

6. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear father and mother,*

*I am sorry to say that I shan't be able to come home on holiday. I have a few serious problems here. I must solve them. Take care of yourselves. Don't miss, I shall come as soon as possible.*

*Best wishes, your son.*

- A) to congratulate parents on holiday
- B) to apologize for his absence on holiday
- C) to invite parents on holiday
- D) to want help for his problems
- E) to inform the parents about his coming

## Purpose of Letters

7. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Marry and Abraham,*

*It is always wonderful when two people find happiness together. Your marriage is a big step in your lives. I hope that, you will find every joy in your whole lives. May coming years bring you laughter, love and happiness.*

*Sincerely, Michael*

- A) to suggest about the wedding
- B) to invite to the wedding party
- C) to congratulate on marriage
- D) to accept invitation
- E) to give present

8. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear David,*

*I have no words to express my feelings seeing the wedding invitation of your elder daughter Aisha. I am so happy to receive her wedding invitation. I shall join her wedding with great pleasure. Thank you so much.*

*With warm regards, Mrs. Robinson*

- A) to invite to the wedding party
- B) to reject the invitation
- C) to congratulate Aisha
- D) to accept the invitation
- E) to express sadness for absence

9. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Ronald,*

*I would like to congratulate you on your high school graduation. I got this news from your dad. I know that it is all the outcome of your hard work. I hope that you will continue the same in your future. All the best for your future.*

*Sincerely, Luis Albert*

- A) to give some advice to Ronald
- B) to wish to enter a high school the in future.
- C) to get good news about high schools.
- D) to advise to study at the university.
- E) to congratulate on a high school-leaving

10. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear friend,*

*Guess where I'm writing from- Barcelona. I arrived here yesterday and it seems to be a great place. It's so relaxing. The weather is warm. It is a pity that you couldn't come with me. I'm going to see a museum now and stay here for two weeks. I'll write again. Take care.*

*My best wishes, Jane*

- A) to express gladness
- B) to invite Barcelona
- C) to speak about weather
- D) to express regret
- E) to get permission

11. Where can you see such an advertisement?

*You can reach the place in 20 minutes from the airport. Your room will have unforgettable views over the sea. The wonderful gardens will take you directly onto the beach. Here are swimming pools and tennis courts too.*

- A) in the university newspaper
- B) in sports news on TV
- C) in the telephone guide-book
- D) at the travel agent's
- E) in the show programme for children

12. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Sir,*

*I live in Azerbaijan and I want to study at one of the universities in England. I know I have to take the IELTS exam to be entered. I'll be obliged if you send me more information about the exam.*

*Yours faithfully, Mammad Mammadov*

- A) to get methods of studying
- B) to learn about England
- C) to get more information
- D) to prepare important documents
- E) to learn about the universities

## Purpose of Letters

13. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Hi Simon,*

*I am writing this from London. We arrived here on Tuesday, after staying in Madrid and Paris. London is one of the most interesting cities in Europe, but unfortunately it is also one of the most expensive places to stay. It is bigger than Paris and of course, it is a lot older than Sidney. You know, I love history and there are lots of great museums in London. We are having a good time here and we are flying home to Sidney in five days. See you then.*

*Best regards, Sheila*

- A) to let Simon know why she couldn't write to him
- B) to let Simon know about the journey
- C) to invite him to London
- D) to express her family's desire.
- E) to express Simon's impression

14. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Hi Adams,*

*Guess what! Next week is my father's 50th birthday and we are having a party on Saturday night. It is a secret – Dad doesn't know about it. My mum, my brother and I are organizing it. We are using a big room in a hotel in town and we are bringing in flowers and putting up decorations on Saturday morning. We are hiring a jazz band to play music during the evening.*

*I'll get in touch after the party and tell you all about it.*

*Love, Emma*

- A) to let him know about her father's birthday party
- B) to express why father wants a birthday party
- C) to mention when her mother's birthday is
- D) to invite Adams to the birthday party
- E) to let Adam know where they are

15. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*My dear mum,*

*The last semester is going to end soon. Unfortunately, I haven't passed all my exams yet. I must get some extra lessons in chemistry. So, don't wait for me until July. I'll call you before I start.*

*With love, Joseph*

- A) to tell about city's beauty
- B) to complain about the chemistry teacher
- C) to suggest doing sightseeing
- D) to apologize for the exam results
- E) to warn about late arrival home

16. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Mrs. Julia,*

*I would like to thank you and Toyota Co. for the generous employment offer you have extended to me. While the position and salary were higher, other circumstances have caused me to accept an employment offer from a different company.*

*Sincerely, Samuel*

- A) to reject the job offer
- B) to thank for the employment
- C) to accept the job offer
- D) to interview the applicant
- E) to ask for higher salary

17. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Mr. Natig,*

*Through internet, I learned that Araz Courses will be interviewing for some positions at its own address on August 25.*

*I am writing to express my interest in appearing for this interview and would very much like an opportunity to meet with you during my visit.*

*Sincerely, Azer*

- A) to attend a job interview
- B) to share his interests with Mr. Natig
- C) to get some information about the courses
- D) to ask Mr. Natig to visit him
- E) to express his interest for Araz Courses

18. What is the purpose of the announcement ?

*Dear people,*

*This man in the picture went out and didn't come back 5 days ago. If anyone sees him around or knows anything about him, please call us at this number: 097– 433-55-56.*

*Thanks in advance.*

- A) to invite his friends to their house
- B) to make that person famous on TV
- C) to get help from people about the problem
- D) to let people know how nice that person was
- E) to announce the results of the game

19. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Dear Sir or Madam,*

*Yesterday I travelled on the 720 train from Oxford to London. Not only the train was thirteen minutes late leaving Oxford but also no explanation or apology was offered. I am writing to complain about the poor service of your train company.*

*Sincerely, John Holland*

- A) to apologize for the service
- B) to warn the passengers
- C) to offer his help
- D) to complain about the service
- E) to travel by train

20. What is the purpose of the following letter?

*Mr. Black,*

*Unfortunately, by the time you sent a letter to our company, we'd hired two advocates and now we have to turn your request down. But we'll take into account your high experience in future.*

*With respect, Mr. Keiser, chief-assistant.*

- A) to turn down a request
- B) to offer a high position
- C) to advertise a new product
- D) to apply for a job
- E) to express happiness

**TEST 1**

1. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. Mary ... watching that programme because it was very interesting.
  2. Jack was badly ... himself when his lorry crashed into a wall.
  3. It ...us 2 hours to get to the village last year.
  - A) afraid
  - B) enjoyed
  - C) took
  - D) hurt
  - E) decided

Nümunə cavab: 1-A; 2-B; 3-C

2. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. Azerbaijan produces oil, grows cotton and tobacco for ... .
  2. It is important to try and learn from ... .
  3. The students are doing an ... in the laboratory.
  - A) explode
  - B) experiment
  - C) expert
  - D) experience
  - E) export

3. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. Ten minutes later I was ... in a hot bath.
  2. Jack ... in bed all night thinking about it.
  3. They were forced to ... the price.
  - A) rise
  - B) raise
  - C) lying
  - D) rose
  - E) lay

4. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. "I know an easy ... to earn two pounds." said Jacky .
  2. I ... hands with him when I was introduced to him.
  3. There were twenty-five ... waiting in the doctor's surgery.
  - A) patients
  - B) shook
  - C) give
  - D) way
  - E) customers

5. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. Do you know ... my glasses are?
  2. ... makes you say that?
  3. ... of books do you like?
  - A) what
  - B) where
  - C) who
  - D) why
  - E) what kind

6. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. Andrew's car ... because he had forgotten to lock it.
  2. This is the twentieth patient the doctor ... today.
  3. The teacher told us ... the road when the lights were red.
  - A) not to cross
  - B) had stolen
  - C) has examined
  - D) having to cross
  - E) was stolen

7. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. ... always makes a lot of noise was our neighbour's dog.
  2. The house in ... we lived last year has been destroyed.
  3. I have studied everything ... he told me.
  - A) where
  - B) which
  - C) that
  - D) whom
  - E) what

8. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. The Prime Minister is a person ... is the head of the government.
  2. Arthur didn't thank me for the present .That is ... annoyed me.
  3. I got into a carriage ... there were seven people.
  - A) where
  - B) who
  - C) whose
  - D) whom
  - E) what



## Open-Ended Tests

9. Match the parts of the sentences.

  1. I dropped the radio on the floor ... .
  2. Unfortunately I left ....
  3. I missed the bus ....

A) to bring my money.  
B) and now it doesn't work.  
C) so I can't listen to my personal stereo.  
D) my money at home.  
E) and had to wait for another one.

10. Match the parts of the sentences.

  1. The bathroom, that's where you take a ... .
  2. The bedroom, that's where you ... .
  3. The kitchen, that's where you do the ... .

A) cooking      B) bath      C) work  
D) sleep      E) wait

11. Match the parts of the sentences.

  1. I ... hands with him when I was introduced to him.
  2. They ... at us from across the road.
  3. He ... me in a friendly way.

A) waved      B) gave      C) bought  
D) shook      E) greeted

12. Match the parts of the sentences.

  1. John won't ... to buy some bread unless I tell him again.
  2. I think, Ted ... about my birthday.
  3. Please,... me to answer that letter.

A) seem      B) forgave  
C) has forgotten      D) remind  
E) remember

13. Match the words to their definitions.

  1. to lay      2. to raise      3. to drop

A) to fall something by accident  
B) to put something in a certain position  
C) to lift something to a higher level  
D) to be in a horizontal position  
E) to move upwards

14. Match the words to their definitions.

  1. to burn      2. to push      3. to steal

A) to destroy something by fire  
B) to take something that belongs to another person without permission  
C) to move something forward by forcing  
D) to move something towards yourself  
E) to put a dead body into the ground

15. Match the parts of the sentences.

  1. He      2. They      3. It

A) ... lets everyone to say about him.  
B) ... want us to order a meal  
C) ... saw someone goes towards the crowd.  
D) ... wasn't allowed to stay in a queue with his friend  
E) ... makes me go out.

16. Match the words to their definitions.

  1. a patient      2. an artist      3. an actress

A) someone who paints, draws or makes sculptures  
B) a female actor  
C) who is cared for by a particular doctor or dentist when necessary  
D) a person whose job is to treat people who are ill  
E) the process of doing something

17. Match the words to their definitions.

  1. to leave      2. to leave for      3. to live

A) to go away from someone or something, for a short time  
B) to go somewhere  
C) to be alive or have life  
D) to say something which is not true  
E) to arrive at a place

18. Match the words to their definitions.

  1. to look after      2. to take after      3. to go after

A) to take care of or be in charge of someone or something  
B) to be similar to an older member of your family in appearance or character  
C) to chase or follow someone in order to catch them  
D) to direct your eyes in order to see  
E) to appear or seem

19. Match the words to their definitions.

  1. to give up      2. to go on      3. to stop

A) to continue or move to the next thing  
B) to finish doing something that you were doing  
C) to stop doing a regular activity or job  
D) to offer something to someone  
E) to travel or move to another place

20. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

  1. a piece of advice      2. a good advice  
3. good advice      4. good advices



**TEST 3**

1. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
... *breakfast*  
1. to do                      2. to make  
3. to have                      4. to run
2. Choose the incorrect variants in the successive order.  
1. three weeks' vacation  
2. mens' decision  
3. the Brown's house  
4. everyone's wish
3. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*It is the only thing ... politicians always ask him.*  
1. that      2. how      3. what  
4. -      5. whom
4. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*I have been to many countries ...*  
1. lately      2. ever      3. sometimes  
4. never      5. recently
5. Choose the correct sentences in the successive order.  
1. You don't need to tell us that!  
2. You never needn't to tell us that!  
3. You needn't to tell us that!  
4. You don't need to tell us that too!  
5. You needn't tell us that!
6. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*If you want to be ... , you must be on a diet.*  
1. fat      2. thick      3. skinny  
4. thin      5. plump
7. Choose the incorrect variants in the successive order.  
1. to be sorry about      2. to be so sorry for  
3. to be sorry with      4. to be sorry off

8. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
... *an accident*  
1. to buy                      2. to have  
3. to see                      4. to cut
9. Match the parts of the sentences.  
1. Who      A) did he tell the story to you?  
2. Why      B) did tell the story to you?  
3. What      C) told the story to you?  
                D) didn't has to tell the story ?  
                E) did he tell the story to you for?
10. Match the words to their definitions.  
1. employment      2. employee      3. employer  
A) a person or organization that employs people  
B) when someone is paid to work for a company or organization  
C) someone who is paid to work for someone else  
D) not having a job  
E) to use something in an effective way
11. Match the parts of the sentences.  
1 – She has quite a bad eyesight, that's why I think she ... wear glasses.  
2 – You ... steal other people's property. It is a sin.  
3 – ... you find him yesterday?  
A) mustn't                      B) could                      C) has to  
D) have to                      E) should to
12. Match the parts of the sentences.  
1. Hans ... walk to the city centre, because he ... to start the engine of his car.  
2. You ... go into the forbidden zone, you ... show your passport first.  
3. My little daughter ... write, but she ... draw.  
A) had to, wasn't able      B) can't, can  
C) mustn't, have to      D) may, has to  
E) has to, had

## Open-Ended Tests

13. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. A student ... to study four years to get a bachelor degree.
2. Policemen ... to wear a uniform when they are at work.
3. Nobody ... pass the exam because it was very difficult.

A) could                      B) has                      C) have  
D) hadn't                      E) hasn't

14. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. Leonardo da Vinci ... draw very well in his childhood.
2. Mr. Collin is ill. The doctors say that he ... walk in a week's time.
3. The police ... find the murderer yet.

A) could                      B) haven't been able to  
C) will be able to                      D) had to  
E) need

15. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. There was no bus, so we ... to walk home.
2. Everyone ... be ready to protect our motherland now.
3. She spoke in a very low voice, but I ... understand what she said.

A) could                      B) had                      C) has to  
D) are able to                      E) needn't

16. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. I think ... you ... your friend has sent these messages to Mrs. Smith.
2. The weather was ... fine ... we stayed there till the evening.
3. Unfortunately ... the letter ... the telegram was brought in time.

A) so ... that                      B) either ... or  
C) neither ... nor                      D) both ... and  
E) whether ... or

17. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. Be quick ... you will be late again.
2. ... he is a clever student, he sometimes makes foolish mistakes.
3. Jane learned everything very well ... she didn't pass her final exam.

A) although                      B) or                      C) but  
D) and                      E) so

18. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. ... the girls ... the boys are hard-working in our group.
2. Mr. and Mrs. Bainers are ... kind people ... we all visit them every week.
3. You sent ... a letter ... a telegram, did you?

A) both ... and                      B) neither ... nor  
C) such ... that                      D) either ... or  
E) so ... that

19. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. I studied well ... entered the best university.
2. Lena couldn't pass the final exam ... she didn't attend the classes last term.
3. ... you choose ARAZ course for preparing, you can get over than 650.

A) because                      B) if                      C) and  
D) or                      E) although

20. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. Do you know the house ... Roger lives in?
2. We wanted to help Morgan ... he didn't want us to do it.
3. Tell me ... you went yesterday?

A) but                      B) where                      C) which  
D) who                      E) and

TEST 3

1. Choose the correct sentences in the passive.
  1. Which of the diamonds was sold?
  2. The bridge has been repaired last year.
  3. People were seen wolves in these forests.
  4. When the police arrived, the diamonds had already been stolen by the robbers.
2. Choose the correct sentences in the passive.
  1. Every day thousands of letters has been delivered to the different regions of our country.
  2. Someone was wanted to take their photographs.
  3. The keys were found in the back garden of the pensioner and he felt happy.
  4. It's a very pity that your account have been closed.
3. Choose the correct sentences in the passive.
  1. The experiments on animals should be stopped.
  2. A lot of progress have been made since February.
  3. These rooms were cleaned 2 days ago.
  4. We asked if his key had be found.
4. Choose the correct sentences in the passive.
  1. Was the game played in time?
  2. Was the game played yesterday excited?
  3. What is it written in this letter?
  4. What was it written for?
  5. Was the letter posted by me 2 days ago?
5. Choose the correct sentences in the passive.
  1. Was he taken to the hospital yesterday?
  2. Was he interested in results?
  3. Were television watched by millions last year?
  4. Was the dinner cooked by Mary tasty?
  5. Was David surprised when he was invited?
6. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
 

*David's hair ... fire when he ... chips.*

  1. caught, was cooking
  2. has caught, cooked
  3. had caught, cook
  4. catches, cooks
  5. will catch, cooks

7. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
 

*Tom ... that he ... the final exam.*

  1. is informing, would pass
  2. informs, has passed
  3. has informed, pass
  4. informed, had passed
  5. will inform, had been passing
8. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
 

*... possible to hear the speaker very well because ... too much noise in the hall.*

  1. It was, there was
  2. There isn't, it is
  3. It wasn't, there was
  4. There was, there is
  5. It isn't, there is
9. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
 

*... a wedding party in the village and ... a lot of food and happy music there.*

  1. There was, there was
  2. There isn't, it is
  3. There was, there is
  4. There is, there are
  5. There is, there is
10. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
 

*Can you tell me ... ?*

  1. when you spent all the money
  2. where they stayed in last year
  3. who we met yesterday
  4. how far it is to the airport
  5. when Ted has arrived
11. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
 

*... the stolen car.*

1. to look for	2. to find
3. to sleep	4. to rise
5. to appear	
12. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
  1. my parents' house
  2. two day's holiday
  3. five hours' walk
  4. mice and cats' tails

TEST 4

13. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
1. a minute's talk      2. animals' tail  
3. trouser's legs      4. yesterday's speech
14. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
... *students want to enter the best universities.*  
1. Almost all      2. Every  
3. Each      4. Most
15. Match the parts of the sentences.  
1. When      2. How long      3. Since when  
A) ... has this teacher taught you?  
B) ... have you been waiting?  
C) ... did the classes begin?  
D) ... did he helped you?  
E) ... have we began the lesson?
16. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
... *the given task.*  
1. solve      2. finish      3. do  
4. raise      5. rise
17. Choose the correct sentences in the successive order.  
*Harry doesn't lend money ...*  
1. no longer      2. any more  
3. too      4. either
18. Choose the **incorrect** sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.  
1. The professor's questions made us think deeply of our creation.  
2. The old lady's driver's out for rest.  
3. Three week's rest is a quite long time.  
4. The movie's beginning was better than it's end.
19. Choose the correct sentences in the Genitive Case.  
1. I usually read David's poems.  
2. Anna's got a good telephone.  
3. Paul's ill, he can't go to school for some days.  
4. What did you find in the boys' bags?  
5. George's marks are good, he is very diligent.
20. Match the verbs to their definitions.  
1. to rise    2. to raise    3. to lie  
A) to move upwards  
B) to lift something to a higher position  
C) to be in a horizontal position  
D) to put something in a horizontal position  
E) to say something which is not true

1. Match the parts of the sentences  
1. Do      2. Did      3. Have  
A) ... you spend your time in the village last week?  
B) ... you performed your duty ?  
C) ... you work now ?  
D) ... you went there at once?  
E) ... you saw him at the party?
2. Choose the correct sentences in the successive order.  
1. No need for anyone's help  
2. Nobody can ever see it.  
3. Don't invite someone .  
4. Never do none of these once more.  
5. Don't be late also.
3. Choose the correct sentences in the successive order.  
1. Milk is good for you.  
2. A rich have to help a poor.  
3. I visited the Browns yesterday.  
4. This is a Rick; he is the friend of mine.  
5. It was terrible accident.
4. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
1. those teacher's advices  
2. my brothers' head  
3. the view of the forest  
4. the entrance of the building
5. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*a ... of lemonade*  
1. litre      2. battle      3. glass  
4. bottle      5. slice
6. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
... *a nice dress.*  
1. to sew      2. to buy      3. to sell  
4. to close      5. to spend

## Open-Ended Tests

7. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*... the broken cars.*

  1. to repair      2. to carry
  3. to build      4. to look

8. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*Nobody knows ...*

  1. what did they come for.
  2. why they come for.
  3. what they came for.
  4. why they came.

9. Choose the correct sentences in the Possessive Case.

  1. Maggie's tears were running down her face.
  2. The Cleary's house was on the top of a hill.
  3. I saw the black shapes of Paddy's dogs.
  4. He's gone to ask the police to bring Frank back.
  5. The sea's dangerous today.

10. Choose the incorrect variants in the successive order.  
*My cousin introduced ...to them.*

  1. himself      2. me      3. herself
  4. myself      5. his brother      6. yourself

11. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*.... bus goes to the city centre.*

  1. Neither      2. All      3. Both
  4. Either      5. Each

12. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*The teacher liked ....*

  1. all the students' answers
  2. all the answers to her questions
  3. all the student's answer
  4. both of the student's answers

13. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*My son ... out of breath as he ... so long.*

  1. is, has been playing
  2. was, has played
  3. was, had been playing
  4. is, had played

14. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

  1. A few slice of bread
  2. A few cups of coffee
  3. A little pieces of chalk
  4. A little hand soap

15. In which sentences is the word "well" an adjective?

  1. The dog fell down into a well.
  2. He knows the language very well.
  3. I don't feel very well.
  4. Is he well enough to travel?

16. Match the parts of the sentences.

  1. Tom has to go to the dentist, ...?
  2. Tom read the article twice, ...?
  3. Leaves fall in autumn, ...?

A) don't they      B) didn't he  
C) doesn't he      D) hasn't he  
E) do they

17. Match the parts of the sentences.

  1. She ... her lessons every month.
  2. We ... our copy-books into our bags.
  3. Days ... nights, don't worry.

A) put      B) follow      C) repeats  
D) goes      E) take

18. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*It was a ... mistake.*

  1. bad      2. easy      3. unimportant
  4. -      5. enormous

19. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

  1. many slice of butter
  2. a lot of cups of tea
  3. a little pieces of chalk
  4. a little chocolate

20. Match the words to their definitions.

  1. a movie      2. a cartoon      3. a play

A) actions or roles drawn and shown on TV  
B) roles performed by people and shown on TV  
C) actions or roles performed on the stage and shown at theatre  
D) a drawing, painting or photograph  
E) a game played between two teams

**TEST 5**

1. Match the parts of the expressions.
  1. to go to school ... bus.
  2. to ask the teacher ... a method
  3. to answer ... the questions
  - A) -
  - B) by
  - C) for
  - D) on
  - E) to
2. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
  1. People see ... mistakes easily.
  2. Don't criticize ...
  3. ... man's questions were easy.
  - A) others
  - B) the other
  - C) one another's
  - D) each others
  - E) one anothers
3. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
... *does she usually have dinner?*
  1. Where
  2. Who
  3. Which
  4. When
  5. Whose
4. Choose the **incorrect** variants in the successive order.
  1. Ernest doesn't no French.
  2. Ernest doesn't know French.
  3. The Sun rises in the East.
  4. The Sun raises in the East.
5. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*I carry my wallet in my bag. It is ... big.*
  1. too
  2. enough
  3. so
  4. such
  5. very
6. Choose the incorrect variants in the successive order.
  1. I can't here you, but I can sea you.
  2. I can't hear you, but I can see you.
  3. I can't write.
  4. I can't right.

7. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
  1. some apples
  2. a few fish
  3. a lots of knowledge
  4. little house
8. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*Please fetch me another ...*
  1. pair of scissors
  2. pieces of furniture
  3. bottles of ink
  4. plate of porridge
9. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. Jane arrived ... Rome safely.
  2. Jacky saw the man ... a beard behind the house yesterday.
  3. I think it doesn't depend ... it.
  - a) in
  - b) at
  - c) by
  - d) on
  - e) with
10. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*to make ...*
  1. a speech
  2. some money
  3. breakfast
  4. training
  5. hometask
11. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*Everyone ... Caroline to win the game, but she didn't.*
  1. expected
  2. noticed
  3. watched
  4. felt
  5. wanted
12. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*Arthur will come ... because he has sold his car.*
  1. on foot
  2. on ship
  3. on the bus
  4. by the plane
  5. by foot
13. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. There is no ...work available at the moment.
  2. You shouldn't expect ...to do your work for you.
  3. I'm going to have ...piece of cake.
  - a) the other
  - b) other
  - c) others
  - d) another
  - e) each other



14. Match the parts of the sentences.

- |             |                                   |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. Each ... | A) of these tests has to be done. |
| 2. All...   | B) of this furniture is modern.   |
| 3. Every... | C) of my parents know English.    |
|             | D) of his eyes are blind.         |
|             | E) child needs care.              |

15. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

*... parents try to bring up their children to be polite.*

- |         |             |
|---------|-------------|
| 1. Most | 2. The most |
| 3. Many | 4. Much     |

16. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

*The water was ... to make tea.*

- |               |            |
|---------------|------------|
| 1. enough hot | 2. hot too |
| 3. hot enough | 4. too hot |

17. Match the halves.

- |                |               |
|----------------|---------------|
| 1. a bunch of  | A) grapes     |
| 2. a lump of   | B) blood      |
| 3. a packet of | C) coal       |
|                | D) cigarettes |
|                | E) news       |

18. Choose the correct sentences in the successive order.

1. Every year a hundred animals are killed in this way.
2. Every year hundred of animals are killed in this way.
3. Every year hundreds of animals are killed in this way.
4. Every year a hundreds of animals are killed in this way.
5. Every year hundreds of animal are killed in this way.

19. Choose the correct variant.

1. There is ... between Azerbaijan and Turkmenistan.
  2. It was a long voyage. We were at ... for 4 weeks.
  3. I love swimming in ... .
- |            |          |        |
|------------|----------|--------|
| a) the sea | b) a sea | c) sea |
|------------|----------|--------|

20. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

*I... something if I ... hungry.*

- |                    |                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1. shall eat, am   | 2. eat, shall be  |
| 3. should eat, was | 4. ate, should be |

## TEST 6

1. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

*Don't they ... visit you ?*

- |             |            |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. often    | 2. never   |
| 3. everyday | 4. usually |

2. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

- |                         |                     |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a pinch of salt      | 2. a bowl of rice   |
| 3. a slice of transport | 4. a peace of paper |
| 5. a packet of advice   |                     |

3. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. I need a ... of scissors.
  2. There is a slice of ... on the plate.
  3. A ... is a round green seed eaten as a vegetable
- |          |          |         |
|----------|----------|---------|
| a) pea   | b) pear  | c) pair |
| d) piece | e) peace |         |

4. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

*There is ... at the hotel.*

- |                 |                       |
|-----------------|-----------------------|
| 1. a games room | 2. a lot of furniture |
| 3. a few rooms  | 4. many rooms         |

5. Match the parts of the sentences.

- |          |                                    |
|----------|------------------------------------|
| 1. What  | a) ... of the boys is your nephew? |
| 2. Which | b) ... have you come here?         |
| 3. When  | c) ... did you hear the news?      |
|          | d) ... colour is your car?         |
|          | e) ... can you do for her?         |

6. Match the parts of the sentences.

- 1) I ... you must apologize for what you have done.
  - 2) Do you ... any questions?
  - 3) Where are the workers? They ... dinner.
- |            |              |               |
|------------|--------------|---------------|
| a. have    | b. think     | c. are having |
| d. have to | e. is having |               |



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TEST 7

1. Match the parts of the sentences.
  1. They ... come with us tomorrow. a) would
  2. Why ... you absent last Friday? b) had
  3. I ... never heard of such a thing. c) will  
d) have  
e) were
2. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*I can't live ... you.*
  1. with 2. since 3. without
  4. into 5. during
3. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*They have already ... home.*
  1. gone to 2. reached 3. arrived
  4. return 5. went to
4. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*I know ... who works at Araz Courses.*
  1. everyone 2. nobody 3. anybody
  4. everybody 5. somewhere
5. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*The meal ... nice.*
  1. smells 2. looks 3. speaks
  4. tastes 5. learns
6. Choose the **incorrect** variants in the successive order.
  1. good-better 2. hardly-hardlier
  3. early-more early 4. easy-easier
  5. clever-cleverer
7. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*- Excuse me! Could you help me?*  
*- ...*
  1. Don't mention it 2. Not at all
  3. Of course 4. Sure
  5. Certainly

8. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*How ... you describe colours to a blind man ?*
  1. will 2. can 3. have to
  4. have 5. ought
9. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*... can I get a train ticket?*
  1. What 2. Who 3. How 4. Where 5. Why
10. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*My ... looks older with a beard.*
  1. uncle 2. mother-in-law 3. niece
  4. girl-friend 5. husband
11. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*He could ride ... when he was 7.*
  1. a car 2. a bike 3. a bus
  4. a train 5. a horse 6. a bicycle
12. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*There are 12 ...*
  1. months in a year
  2. sheep in the yard
  3. child and a man in the yard
  4. policeman in the office
13. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*The box ... I mailed to my sister was heavy.*
  1. that 2. whom 3. whose
  4. which 5. who
14. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*My nephew's ...*
  1. been to many countries
  2. a father is a worker
  3. coming tomorrow
  4. coming surprised us.
  5. began to learn English



## Open-Ended Tests

8. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
1. on holiday                      2. on the internet  
3. from my opinion              4. at mistake

9. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*He invited . . . to his birthday party.*  
1. all of friend                      2. none of his friends  
3. each of us                      4. no one of us

10. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*... the cats died. Some of them survived.*  
1. Not all                      2. Some of                      3. All  
4. All of                      5. None of

11. Choose the correct sentences in the Possessive Case.  
1. Worrying does not take away tomorrow's troubles, it takes away today's comfort.  
2. If you see my cousin, please call me immediately.  
3. All things in our life are temporary.  
4. The Ahmedovs' villa is bigger and nicer than ours.

12. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
1. my parents' house  
2. mens' clothes  
3. the children's room  
4. Mr. Browns' car  
5. the Smith's new house

13. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*... of the students don't understand a word he says.*  
1. Most                      2. A few                      3. Each  
4. Neither                      5. Some

14. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
1. Cat has broken it's leg.  
2. No another car was as expensive as theirs.  
3. There was no other thing to do.  
4. Others were present as well.

15. Choose the logically correct sentences.  
1. It's nice that children beg in the streets.  
2. The children must sleep in the day-time.  
3. Children must be taught to cross the road safely.  
4. Children should behave themselves.

16. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*... have they gone abroad?*  
1. Why                      2. When  
3. How                      4. Who

17. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*Do you think he'll ... to their proposal?*  
1. agree                      2. assent  
3. accept                      4. approve

18. Choose the correct sentences in the Passive.  
1. When will be the work completed?  
2. He has never been to Italy.  
3. They were allowed to talk to each other.  
4. The men were seen cutting down a tree.

19. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.  
*The student was so ... that he couldn't answer.*  
1. calm                      2. confused  
3. excited                      4. clever

20. Match the halves.  
1. a bird of                      a. passage  
2. a blanket of                      b. coal  
3. a lump of                      c. snow  
   d. car  
   e. house

TEST 9

1. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

1. I am this child's father.
2. I am these boy's father.
3. I am this boys' father.
4. I am these children's father.

2. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

... *sheep*

1. a hundred
2. much
3. a few
4. a little
5. a

3. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

*George is in hospital. He is ...*

1. ill
2. a host
3. a doctor
4. patient
5. unwell

4. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

*There is ... in the fridge.*

1. an apple
2. an apple juice
3. an apple jam
4. an apple pie

5. Match the underlined words to their antonyms.

1. This bag is light . a) dark
2. This bag is light green. b) heavy
3. This room is dark . c) old
- d) full
- e) light

6. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

*I've never been very ... painting or drawing.*

1. bad in
2. good at
3. interested in
4. tired in

7. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. How long A) is watching TV?
2. When B) have you been waiting?
3. How often C) do you go to London?
- D) has opened the windows?
- E) do your parents come home?

8. Match the halves.

1. Tom is ill. a. So do I
2. Tom has breakfast at 8 o'clock. b. So have I
3. Tom has just come. c. So am I
- d. So did I
- e. So had I

9. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

*It was my grandmother ... first taught me about art.*

1. what
2. who
3. that
4. which

10. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. I'm thirsty. ...
2. I'm hungry. ...
3. I'm tired. ...
- A) I'd like to go to bed.
- B) I'd like to have a sandwich.
- C) I'd like to have a cold drink.
- D) I'd like to study English.
- E) I'd like to work in the garden.

11. Match the questions to the answers.

1. How often do you brush your teeth?
2. Have you ever been to China?
3. How long did the film last?
- a. Yes, twice
- b. Twice a day
- c. Two hours.
- d. No, I've two
- e. A hundred

12. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. Jane plays the ... well. a. football
2. Jane watches ... every day. b. piano
3. Jane listens to the .... every day. c. radio
- d. car
- e. phone

13. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. How much
2. How many
3. How
- A) ... fruit-trees are there in this garden?
- B) ... apple-juice is there in the fridge?
- C) ... book have you read?
- D) ... do you feel?
- E) ... do your father speak French?

14. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. was
2. are
3. is
- A) The colour of my shoes ... black.
- B) My trousers .... black.
- C) Each of the windows ... open yesterday.
- D) Martin ... got black shoes.
- E) The results of the exam ... good last month.

TEST 10

15. Match the halves.

- |              |               |
|--------------|---------------|
| 1. to stay   | A) home       |
| 2. to get up | B) early      |
| 3. to go to  | C) in a hotel |
|              | D) the beach  |
|              | E) pictures   |

16. Match the parts of the sentences.

- |         |                                  |
|---------|----------------------------------|
| 1. by   | A) I go to work ... bus.         |
| 2. with | B) I go to work ... a bus.       |
| 3. in   | C) I cut the string ... a knife. |
|         | D) Everybody is ... home.        |
|         | E) I go to work ... a car.       |

17. Match the halves.

- |            |               |
|------------|---------------|
| 1. to wear | A) by train   |
| 2. to have | B) a shower   |
| 3. to read | C) a uniform  |
|            | D) a magazine |
|            | E) strong     |

18. Match the answers to the questions.

1. Two
2. Two. French and English.
3. Fine. Thanks. And you?
- A) Why does he travel a lot?
- B) How many languages does she speak?
- C) How old is she?
- D) Where does she live?
- E) How are you?

19. Match the halves.

1. It is autumn.
2. It is spring.
3. It is summer.
- A) Everywhere is in a white colour.
- B) Everybody is playing snowballs.
- C) Leaves are falling down.
- D) The beaches are full of people.
- E) Everywhere is in a green colour.

20. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

- ... potatoes
- |             |             |            |
|-------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. to fry   | 2. to sail  | 3. to peel |
| 4. to plant | 5. to drink |            |

1. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

- |                    |                   |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1. childrens' room | 2. babies' toys   |
| 3. mens' wish      | 4. teachers' room |

2. Match the halves.

- |           |                          |
|-----------|--------------------------|
| 1. nephew | A) My sister's son       |
| 2. niece  | B) My mother's brother   |
| 3. cousin | C) My father's sister    |
|           | D) My brother's daughter |
|           | E) My uncle's son        |

3. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

.... are grazing in the field.

- |               |               |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. The sheep  | 2. The fish   |
| 3. Two camel  | 4. The cattle |
| 5. Their oxen |               |

4. Match the parts of the sentences.

1. Everybody
2. All
3. Nobody
- A) ... likes Tom as he is kind.
- B) ... like Tom as he is unkind.
- C) ... likes Tom as he is unkind.
- D) ... like Tom as he is kind.
- E) ... dislike Tom as he is kind.

5. Match the parts of the sentences.

- |       |                                    |
|-------|------------------------------------|
| 1. in | A) We arrived ... home late.       |
| 2. at | B) We arrived ... Baku late.       |
| 3. to | C) We arrived ...the airport late. |
|       | D) We got ... home late.           |
|       | E) We got ... Baku late.           |

6. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.

... did you return home?

- |        |          |         |
|--------|----------|---------|
| 1. Why | 2. What  | 3. When |
| 4. Who | 5. Whose |         |

## Open-Ended Tests

7. Match the words to their definitions.
1. desert
  2. dessert
  3. dear
  - a) something sweet that you eat at the end of a meal
  - b) costing too much
  - c) a large area of land covered with a lot of sand
  - d) a large four-legged animal
  - e) a large area of water surrounded by land
8. Match the parts of the sentences.
1. although                      2. but                      3. so
  - A) It was cold ... we went swimming.
  - B) ... it was cold we went swimming.
  - C) ... I was ill I went to the doctor's.
  - D) I was ill ... I went to the doctor's.
  - E) We stopped playing football ... it started raining.
9. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
1. yesterdays' meeting
  2. Jack and Jane's mother
  3. two week's holiday
  4. men's work
10. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
- There is nothing in the bag. It is ... .*
1. empty                      2. full of books
  3. too light                      4. so heavy
  5. hard to lift
11. Match the parts of the sentences.
1. Who lives in ... house over there?
  2. Look at ... birds in the sky.
  3. Excuse me, is ... seat free?
  - a) this                      b) that                      c) those
  - d) such                      e) it's
12. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
1. enough traffic lights                      2. light enough
  3. enough lights                      4. enough tree
  5. enough easy
13. Match the parts of the sentences.
1. too                      A) She knows English ... .
  2. also                      B) She doesn't know English ... .
  3. either                      C) She ... can't swim.
  - D) She ... knows English.
  - E) She ... goes nowhere alone.

14. Choose the incorrect variants in the successive order.
1. What a heavy traffic our city has!
  2. What an expensive shirt it is!
  3. What nice shoes it is!
  4. What a bitter onion it is!
  5. What deep river it is!
15. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
1. Tom, answer the questions himself.
  2. Tom answers the questions himself.
  3. Children, answer the questions themselves.
  4. The children answered the questions themselves.
16. Match the parts of the sentences.
1. What                      A) ... brave boy Tom is!
  2. What an                      B) ... lazy these pupils are!
  3. How                      C) ... interesting the film was!
  - D) ... impolite one he was!
  - E) ... clever children you are!
17. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
1. many cotton clothes
  2. much petrol stations
  3. much sports news
  4. many police inspector
18. Choose the correct variants in the successive order.
- She's ... .*
1. a cousin of Jim                      2. a Jim's cousin
  3. one of Jim's cousins                      4. the John's cousin
  5. a cousin of Jim's
19. Match the halves.
1. A day                      A) a period of 24 hours
  2. A year                      B) a period of 30 or 31 days
  3. A century                      C) a period of 100 months
  - D) a period of twelve months
  - E) a period of a hundred years
20. Match the halves.
1. a pair of                      A) sugar
  2. a lump of                      B) chocolate
  3. a bar of                      C) earrings
  - D) water
  - E) news



## Sınaq 1 IX sinif

- Match the words to their definitions.
  - butter
  - coal
  - litter
  - a. a hard black mineral
  - b. small pieces of rubbish
  - c. a soft yellow food

A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
 C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b                      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
 E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- Match the words to their definitions.
  - an uncle
  - a child
  - a friend
  - a. a young human who is not yet an adult
  - b. the brother of your father or mother
  - c. a person you know well and like

A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
 C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
 E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- Choose the sentence with the noun in the Possessive Case.
 

A) She is fond of womens' competitions.  
 B) Jane's brother can't stay any longer.  
 C) His son's got an honest face.  
 D) She's a nurse at the hospital.  
 E) The child's mother won't be there.
- Choose the line of derivative nouns.
 

A) illness, action, newspaper  
 B) artist, dancer, drawer  
 C) actor, creation, mankind  
 D) happiness, inventor, snow  
 E) laziness, doors, actress
- Choose the nouns in the plural.
 

A) lice, woman, scales  
 B) advice, man, poultry  
 C) pencils, stairs, mathematics  
 D) police, potatoes, mice  
 E) tables, girls, news
- Choose the sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.
  - Let's sit in the shade.
  - He answered the teacher's questions.
  - The boy's lost all his money.
  - My uncle's got three children.
  - We'll discuss this at Monday's meeting.

A) 1, 2                      B) 1, 4                      C) 2, 5  
 D) 1, 5                      E) 3, 4

- Choose the uncountable nouns.
  - ape
  - wealth
  - impression
  - cloud
  - wool

A) 2, 3    B) 1, 4    C) 1, 5    D) 2, 5    E) 3, 4
- Choose the correct variant.
 

*Oliver ate three ... of cheese at breakfast.*

A) slices                      B) drops                      C) piece  
 D) kilo                      E) jar
- Choose the line of countable nouns.
 

A) cherry, tiger, wheat  
 B) dove, swan, curd  
 C) poppy, coffee, pear  
 D) boss, porter, hunger  
 E) parrot, officer, seller
- Choose the sentence with the noun in the plural.
 

A) They didn't call the police.  
 B) Bread is made from flour.  
 C) She does all the housework.  
 D) Mathematics is my favourite subject.  
 E) Let's play draughts.
- Choose the nouns in the plural.
  - socks
  - goose
  - tights
  - process
  - spectacles
  - linguistics

A) 1, 3, 5                      B) 2, 4, 5                      C) 2, 5, 6  
 D) 1, 4, 6                      E) 3, 4, 6
- Choose the line of common nouns.
 

A) review, view, new  
 B) sea, home, Monday  
 C) copper, hand, city  
 D) key, carrot, hot  
 E) kindness, February, fear
- Choose the nouns in the singular.
  - jeans
  - kettle
  - gentry
  - dominoes
  - optics
  - cattle

A) 3, 4, 6                      B) 2, 4, 5                      C) 1, 4, 6  
 D) 2, 5, 6                      E) 1, 3, 5

14. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.

- A) sportswear, deer, wives, business
- B) palace, health, ocean, lice
- C) elbow, jam, chocolate, pants
- D) banner, rider, daffodil, salesman
- E) education, balls, iron, king

15. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.

- A) years, linguistics, cream
- B) ladies, snake, boys
- C) pepper, grass, oxen
- D) benches, knives, feet
- E) cows, witness, keys

16. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

- 1. The musician's upstairs.
- 2. My brother's read the whole book.
- 3. Take this prescription to the chemist's.
- 4. Angela's and Betty's eyes are brown.
- 5. We played our best in yesterday's match.
- A) 1, 3, 5    B) 2, 3, 4    C) 1, 3, 4
- D) 1, 4, 5    E) 3, 4, 5

17. Choose the correct sentence in the plural.

- A) That three mouses are still alive.
- B) Those three mouse are still alive.
- C) Those three mice are still alive.
- D) This three mouse are still alive.
- E) These three mouses are still alive.

18. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. oxens' horns
- 2. the womens' day
- 3. geese's eggs
- 4. the inspector's house
- A) 2, 3    B) 1, 3    C) 1, 4
- D) 3, 4    E) 2, 4

19. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. mens' shoes
- 2. the waitress's photo
- 3. the waiters' parents
- 4. the princes's crowns
- A) 2, 3    B) 3, 4    C) 2, 4
- D) 1, 4    E) 1, 3

20. Choose the line of nouns.

- 1. word, foam, love, wise
- 2. chalk, food, mail, length
- 3. cruelty, honour, paint, librarian
- 4. death, ice, perfume, deep
- 5. feather, juice, salt, long
- A) 1, 4    B) 4, 5    C) 3, 4
- D) 1, 5    E) 2, 3

21. Choose the line of countable nouns.

- A) pilot, writer, donkey
- B) editor, horse, cement
- C) poet, chess, bush
- D) cotton, development, hockey
- E) florist, insect, furniture

22. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.

- A) handball, homework, honey, cat
- B) alcohol, caviar, fog, golf
- C) luck, bread, meat, buffalo
- D) bacon, peace, clerk, driver
- E) information, animal, camel, noise

23. Choose the line of compound nouns.

- A) sunlight, biology, pickpocket
- B) daughter-in-law, background, championship
- C) bathroom, airplane, blackboard
- D) flowerpot, drugstore, friendship
- E) handwriting, backache, assistant

24. Choose the correct pair of compound nouns.

- A) handkerchief, handful
- B) headache, headmaster
- C) highland, garland
- D) woodwork, worker
- E) township, spaceship

25. Choose the correct word.

- When I want to buy meat I go to the . . . .*
- A) baker's    B) butcher's
  - C) dentist    D) greengrocer's
  - E) restaurant

## Sınaq 1 X sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. justice

2. grief

3. honour

a. a good reputation

b. the fair treatment of people

c. a feeling of great sadness

A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

E) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. an enemy

2. a moustache

3. a neck

a. a person who acts against somebody

b. the part of the body between the head and the shoulders

c. a line of hair that grows up on man's upper lip

A) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

## 3. Choose the nouns.

1. dirty

2. cruelty

3. dusty

4. frosty

5. safety

A) 1, 4

B) 2, 3

C) 3, 4

D) 1, 3

E) 2, 5

## 4. Choose the uncountable nouns.

A) equipment, dust, hunting, nail

B) dirt, eyesight, geometry, owl

C) communism, drizzle, noon, person

D) advice, literature, chemistry, health

E) absence, cash, daylight, store

## 5. Choose the line of derivative nouns.

A) marriage, teacher, brother

B) artist, difference, beauty

C) length, description, carnation

D) kindness, possibility, approval

E) wisdom, friendship, document

## 6. Choose the line of countable nouns.

A) circle, garden, inn

B) lamp, bench, rain

C) bottle, hammer, bacon

D) medal, accident, fame

E) example, farm, help

## 7. Choose the correct variant.

*There are many ... and ... in this area.*

A) sheeps, deers

B) sheep, deers

C) sheep, deer

D) sheeps, deer

E) sheep's, deer's

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

1. today's newspaper

2. David and Alex's teeth

3. two week's vacation

4. the children's room

A) 2, 3

B) 1, 3

C) 3, 4

D) 2, 4

E) 1, 4

## 9. Choose the countable nouns.

1. mud

2. luggage

3. market

4. music

5. message

6. idea

A) 3, 5, 6

B) 2, 4, 6

C) 1, 2, 3

D) 4, 5, 6

E) 1, 3, 5

## 10. Choose the correct sentence with the noun in the Possessive Case.

A) Ann's and Tom's mother works at university.

B) She washed Sophie's and Bella's feet.

C) Joseph and Isaac's ankles are broken.

D) The barber shaved Henry and Oliver's beard.

E) Jacob and Mason's faces were very amusing.

## 11. Choose the correct variant.

*The ... room is very comfortable.*

1. mens'

2. child's

3. women's

4. childrens'

5. woman's

A) 2, 3, 5

B) 1, 3, 5

C) 3, 4

D) 1, 4

E) 2, 4

## 12. How many variants are correct?

1. Sam and Adam's dinner party

2. a hard day's work

3. two year's experience

4. the babies' beds

5. the actress's son

A) 4

B) 3

C) 5

D) 2

E) 1

## 13. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. This is the Brown's house.

2. We found the deers' tracks.

3. All of Dickens's novels are worth reading.

4. Let's answer the teacher's questions.

A) 2, 3

B) 3, 4

C) 1, 4

D) 1, 3

E) 2, 4

14. Choose the plural nouns.

1. news                      2. lice  
3. physics                4. poultry  
A) 3, 4                      B) 1, 4                      C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 3                      E) 2, 3

15. Choose the nouns in the plural.

- A) sheep, ships, babys, boys  
B) fish, deer, swine, policeman  
C) men-drivers, wives, halves, billiards  
D) lives, loaves, chiefs, thieves  
E) photos, videos, zoos, potatos

16. Choose the nouns in the plural.

1. roofs                      2. oxen                      3. statesman  
4. gymnastics              5. lioness                  6. geese  
A) 1, 2, 4                      B) 2, 4, 5                      C) 1, 2, 5  
D) 1, 2, 6                      E) 2, 3, 6

17. Choose the correct nouns in the singular.

1. hostess                      2. glass                      3. clothes  
4. riches                      5. athletics                  6. tongs  
A) 1, 2, 4                      B) 2, 4, 5                      C) 2, 3, 6  
D) 1, 2, 5                      E) 1, 2, 6

18. Choose the uncountable nouns.

1. algebra                      2. rice                      3. umbrella  
4. porridge                      5. song                      6. wall  
A) 1, 4, 5                      B) 3, 5, 6                      C) 1, 2, 4  
D) 2, 4, 5                      E) 1, 3, 6

19. Choose the line of derivative nouns.

1. classmate, founder  
2. heroism, politeness  
3. relationship, shipping  
4. season, seaport  
A) 1, 4                      B) 3, 4                      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 3

20. Choose the correct pair of singular nouns.

- A) mice, advice                      B) choice, price  
C) feet, street                      D) battle, cattle  
E) industry, gentry

21. Choose the line of derivative nouns.

1. treatment, width  
2. toothache, relation  
3. prisoner, education  
4. system, snowball  
A) 3, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 4

22. Choose the correct variant.

1. a bottle of milk                      2. a pair of news  
3. a piece of music                      4. a loaf of juice  
A) 1, 4                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 3

23. Choose the line of common nouns.

- A) summer, winter, autumn, spring  
B) Monday, Thursday, Friday, Sunday  
C) evening, morning, thing, nothing  
D) breakfast, lunch, supper, French  
E) cable, fable, table, countable

24. Choose the line of compound nouns.

- A) gentleman, salesman, human  
B) shoemaker, opera house, machine  
C) secretary-general, neighbourhood, decision  
D) publishing house, motherland, box office  
E) safeguard, newspaper, martyrdom

25. Choose the compound nouns.

1. freedom                      2. chewing gum  
3. invasion                      4. admission  
5. daytime  
A) 1, 3                      B) 2, 5                      C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 5

## Sınaq 1 XI sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. an infant
2. a nephew
3. a niece
- a. the son of your brother or sister
- b. the daughter of your brother or sister
- c. a baby or very young child
- A) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. enthusiasm
2. hospitality
3. treatment
- a. friendly and generous behaviour towards guests
- b. a strong feeling of excitement in something
- c. a way of behaving towards a person or thing
- A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. The announcement will appear in tomorrow's newspapers.
2. He's got no imagination.
3. Jane is a friend of my aunt's.
4. I'm hungry. Let's stop for lunch.
- A) 1, 2      B) 3, 4      C) 2, 4
- D) 1, 3      E) 1, 4

## 4. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Do we still have Monday's paper?
2. She has over ten year's teaching experience.
3. Jane's fond of reading books.
4. Have you read this month's magazine?
- A) 1, 3      B) 2, 4      C) 3, 4
- D) 1, 4      E) 1, 2

## 5. Choose the correct variant.

1. the Queen's representative
2. Mr. Baker's character
3. Ann and Betty's hair
4. Diana and Emily's toes
- A) 1, 2      B) 2, 4      C) 3, 4
- D) 1, 4      E) 1, 3

## 6. Choose the correct variant.

1. the actresses' dresses
2. a coat of Julia
3. the ladies' names
4. the oxen's ear
- A) 1, 3      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3
- D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2

## 7. Choose the line of derivative nouns.

- A) refugee, rapidity, wheelbarrow
- B) requirement, imagination, instructor
- C) futurity, government, underground
- D) explorer, feeling, textbook
- E) debtor, exercise, view-point

## 8. Choose the line of compound nouns.

- A) waterfall, snowflake, shortage
- B) taxi-driver, toothpaste, laboratory
- C) watermill, defender, environment
- D) vineyard, swordsman, postcard
- E) tape-recorder, tablespoon, swimmer

## 9. Choose the correct variant.

1. a drop of rain      2. a pair of news
3. a slice of bread      4. a loaf of music
- A) 1, 2      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 3
- D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4

## 10. Choose the line of nouns.

- A) knowledge, impression, artist, horror
- B) decision, wisdom, librarian, different
- C) unemployment, action, luck, endless
- D) birth, length, depth, both
- E) approval, sailor, hostility, indoor

## 11. Choose the line of nouns in the plural.

- A) access, address, actress, chess
- B) reindeers, feet, teeth, lice
- C) geese, cheese, leaves, cities
- D) mice, halves, wives, dress
- E) deers, swine, sheep, fish

## 12. Choose the line of nouns in the singular.

- A) linguistics, jeans, tigress, heroes
- B) tights, scissors, trousers, scales
- C) news, draughts, poetess, housework
- D) police, cattle, poultry, gentry
- E) athletics, oxen, human, drop

13. Choose the line of countable nouns.

- A) cup, loaf, peace, bowl
- B) shelf, chief, luggage, hoof
- C) season, thistle, servant, envy
- D) idea, impression, voice, traffic
- E) problem, crane, mason, principal

14. Choose the line of uncountable nouns.

- A) diligence, mustard, silk
- B) coffee, leisure, turtle
- C) cruelty, mail, pea
- D) enjoyment, rubbish, merchant
- E) trash, weather, grape

15. Choose the line of simple nouns.

- A) attacker, baker, owner
- B) butter, daughter, corner
- C) father, dagger, dancer
- D) foyer, member, employer
- E) geyser, letter, freezer

16. Choose the line of nouns.

- A) assembly, family, cowardly
- B) meaning, lightning, surprising
- C) ceiling, carving, meeting
- D) architect, insect, correct
- E) accident, parent, absent

17. Choose the correct variant.

*Each student will need ... paper for the game.*

- 1. so many pieces of      2. so little
- 3. so much pieces of      4. so few
- A) 1, 4      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3
- D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2

18. Choose the correct variant.

*Teacher Serdar gave us ... homework that we couldn't do it all.*

- A) so few      B) so much      C) so many
- D) so little      E) such many

19. Choose the correct variant.

*I didn't expect the children to make ... noise in the class.*

- 1. such a lot of      2. many
- 3. few      4. much
- A) 1, 3      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3
- D) 3, 4      E) 1, 4

20. Choose the correct variant.

*They watch ... news programmes every day.*

- 1. so much      2. only a little
- 3. a lot of      4. so many
- 5. only a few
- A) 1, 2      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 5
- D) 3, 4, 5      E) 1, 2, 3

21. Choose the **wrong** variant.

- A) so many times
- B) such a lot of mud
- C) so little money
- D) so much rubbish
- E) so few kettle

22. How many variants are correct?

*... of his paintings have been lost.*

- 1. Only a little      2. So many
- 3. Many      4. Much
- 5. Few
- A) 1      B) 5      C) 4      D) 3      E) 2

23. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. much loaves of bread
- 2. a few baskets of apples
- 3. many glasses of water
- 4. so much furniture shop

- A) 2, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 4
- D) 3, 4      E) 1, 4

24. Choose the correct variant.

*-Is there ... sugar in your tea?*

*-No, only ...*

- A) little, little      B) many, a few
- C) much, a few      D) few, a little
- E) much, a little

25. Choose the correct variant.

*-How ... fish did you catch?*

*-I caught ... fish.*

- A) much, much      B) many, a lot
- C) many, a lot of      D) much, little
- E) much, many



## Sınaq 2 IX sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a bear
2. a goose
3. a monkey
- a) a bird like a large duck
- b) a heavy wild animal
- c) an animal with a long tail, that climbs trees
- A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
- C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a soldier
2. a rider
3. a porter
- a) a person who rides a horse
- b) a person employed to carry luggage
- c) a member of an army
- A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. The players met in last year's final.
2. Tom's my eldest son.
3. Let's return to camp.
4. I think you should go to the doctor's.
- A) 1, 2      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 4
- D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 4. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. The team's victory produced scenes of joy all over the country.
2. The firm's headquarters are in London.
3. Red and yellow are Spains' national colours.
4. He began to assemble a collection of childrens' drawings.
- A) 1, 2      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 4
- D) 2, 4      E) 1, 3

## 5. Choose the uncountable nouns.

- A) health, heroism, hay
- B) guilt, greed, group
- C) fame, futurity, fork
- D) lifeblood, lightning, lord
- E) mail, margarine, marriage

## 6. Choose the nouns in the plural.

- A) goods, roads, knives
- B) scissors, people, contents
- C) clothes, parks, billiards
- D) cattle, women, goose
- E) oxen, teeth, physics

## 7. Choose the countable nouns.

- A) offer, office, oxygen
- B) name, nephew, news
- C) foot, flag, field
- D) pan, part, paint
- E) report, ring, rice

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

*The baby was only ... old.*

- A) a little week      B) a few hours
- C) many months      D) few days
- E) much year

## 9. Choose the nouns in the singular.

1. dust      2. lice      3. glass
4. mice      5. danger      6. doves
- A) 1, 2, 3      B) 1, 3, 5      C) 2, 4, 6
- D) 4, 5, 6      E) 2, 3, 6

## 10. Choose the correct variant.

*... noise*

1. few      2. many
3. a lot of      4. much
- A) 1, 2      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3
- D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

## 11. Choose the correct variant.

*I think your son has ... chance of passing the exam.*

- A) very little      B) too many
- C) so a little      D) very few
- E) a lot

## 12. Choose the correct variant.

*... British birds spend their winter in Africa.*

- A) A lot      B) Many      C) Only a little
- D) A little      E) Much



13. How many variants are correct?

*There have been ... changes in recent years.*

1. a little      2. a lot      3. much

4. a few      5. many

A) 1      B) 4      C) 5      D) 3      E) 2

14. Choose the correct variant.

1. few police      2. a few police officer

3. plenty of time      4. a lot of game

A) 1, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2

D) 1, 4      E) 2, 4

15. Choose the correct variant.

*There are ... restaurants to choose from.*

A) only few      B) much      C) a little

D) a lot      E) plenty of

16. Choose the correct variant.

*There are ... different types of fly.*

A) plenty      B) little      C) much

D) many      E) a little

17. Choose the correct variant.

*She spends ... effort on things that don't matter.*

1. so few      2. too much

3. too many      4. very little

A) 1, 2      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 4

D) 2, 4      E) 1, 3

18. Choose the correct variant.

*In hot weather, drink ... water.*

1. few      2. much      3. plenty of

4. a few      5. many

A) 2, 4      B) 3, 5      C) 2, 3

D) 1, 3      E) 4, 5

19. Choose the correct variant.

*We've got ... ideas for the title.*

A) much      B) only a little      C) plenty

D) a lot      E) a few

20. Choose the correct variant.

1. too much tram      2. such a lot of train

3. very few trainers      4. so many troops

5. only little dollar

A) 3, 4      B) 1, 2, 4      C) 2, 5

D) 1, 3, 5      E) 4, 5

21. Choose the correct variant.

1. an hotel      2. an hour

3. an object      4. an horn

A) 1, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 4

D) 2, 3      E) 2, 4

22. Choose the correct variant.

*I don't like to eat much ...*

1. carrots      2. vegetables      3. meat

4. seafood      5. bread

A) 2, 4, 5      B) 3, 4, 5      C) 1, 2, 4

D) 1, 3, 5      E) 2, 3, 4

23. Choose the correct variant.

1. a garden rubbish      2. a rubbish bag

3. a travel agency      4. an air travel

A) 1, 2      B) 3, 4      C) 2, 3

D) 1, 4      E) 2, 4

24. Choose the correct variant.

1. a unhappy child      2. a university student

3. a United Nations      4. an unfamiliar planet

A) 3, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 2

D) 2, 4      E) 1, 4

25. Choose the correct variant.

1. a lump of sugar      2. a sheets of paper

3. a pair of shoe      4. a slice of pizza

5. a loaf of news

A) 4, 5      B) 1, 5      C) 2, 3, 4

D) 1, 4      E) 1, 2, 4

## Sınaq 2 X sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. an author
2. a beggar
3. a carpenter
- a) a skilled worker who makes wooden objects
- b) a person who lives by asking people for money
- c) a person who writes books
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a crane
2. a colonel
3. an interpreter
- a) a large bird with long legs and a long neck
- b) a person who translates orally from one language into another
- c) an officer of high rank in the army
- A) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

## 3. Choose the correct pronouns.

- Is English an official language in your country?*
- A) it, you      B) it, it      C) he, yours
- D) she, them      E) it, its

## 4. Choose the correct pronouns.

- Aunt Alice will take her nephew to the theatre.*
- A) She, her      B) He, her
- C) He, him      D) She, him
- E) He, his

## 5. Choose the correct pronouns.

- I want ... to behave ... while I'm away.*
- A) him, yourself      B) her, himself
- C) you, ourselves      D) they, themselves
- E) her, herself

## 6. Choose the correct pronoun.

- A: ... kind of music do you like?*
- B: I like jazz a lot.*
- A) What      B) How      C) Whose
- D) Who      E) Whom

## 7. Choose the correct pronoun.

- Ann and Joe aren't talking to ... right now.*
- A) each other's      B) each other
- C) one another's      D) the other
- E) another ones

## 8. Choose the correct pronouns.

- The money's not ..., it's ...*
- A) his, our      B) mine, your
- C) yours, mine      D) your, hers
- E) their, ours

## 9. Choose the correct pronouns.

- ... colours don't really go together.*
1. Such      2. This
3. That      4. Those
- A) 1, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 2      E) 1, 4

## 10. Choose the correct pronouns.

- ... turn is it to cook?*
- It is ... turn.*
- A) Whose, ours      B) Which, mine
- C) Who's, our      D) Whose, your
- E) Who's, her

## 11. Choose the correct pronouns.

- I love ... types of books. ... are enjoyable and amazing.*
- A) that, They      B) this, You
- C) those, We      D) that, We
- E) these, They

## 12. Choose the correct pronouns.

- ... doesn't know much about Canada and ... traditions.*
- A) She, his      B) I, their      C) He, it's
- D) She, its      E) He, his

13. Choose the correct variant.

- |                     |                 |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| 1. an exciting news | 2. a round face |
| 3. a food store     | 4. a folk music |
| A) 1, 3             | B) 3, 4         |
| D) 1, 4             | E) 1, 2         |
|                     | C) 2, 3         |

14. How many of the given words are correct?

*He talked about an important ...*

- |            |                |         |
|------------|----------------|---------|
| 1. event   | 2. information | 3. news |
| 4. problem | 5. subject     |         |
| A) 3       | B) 1           | C) 2    |
|            | D) 4           | E) 5    |

15. Choose the correct variant.

- |                          |         |
|--------------------------|---------|
| 1. a passenger traffic   |         |
| 2. a tube ticket         |         |
| 3. a truthful friend     |         |
| 4. an unforgettable days |         |
| A) 1, 4                  | B) 2, 3 |
| D) 2, 4                  | E) 3, 4 |
|                          | C) 1, 3 |

16. Choose the correct variant.

*There are only ... bottles of milk left.*

- |           |             |          |
|-----------|-------------|----------|
| A) little | B) a little | C) a few |
| D) few    | E) much     |          |

17. Choose the correct variant.

- |                    |                      |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| 1. plenty of money | 2. a lot of florists |
| 3. many feature    | 4. a few justice     |
| A) 3, 4            | B) 1, 4              |
| D) 1, 2            | E) 2, 4              |
|                    | C) 1, 3              |

18. Choose the correct variant.

- |                                 |         |
|---------------------------------|---------|
| 1. a few financial difficulties |         |
| 2. only a little foggy day      |         |
| 3. too many free time           |         |
| 4. a lot of flat roofs          |         |
| A) 2, 4                         | B) 1, 4 |
| D) 3, 4                         | E) 2, 3 |
|                                 | C) 1, 2 |

19. Choose correct variant.

*... progress*

- |             |         |
|-------------|---------|
| 1. a lot of | 2. few  |
| 3. much     | 4. many |
| A) 3, 4     | B) 2, 4 |
| D) 1, 3     | E) 1, 2 |
|             | C) 2, 3 |

20. Choose the correct variant.

*I spend ... of my time on reading books.*

- |                |             |
|----------------|-------------|
| A) a few       | B) a lot of |
| C) few         | D) a lot    |
| E) only little |             |

21. Choose the correct variant.

*... later teacher Nurlan came in.*

- |                     |                   |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| A) A few second     | B) A few moment   |
| C) A little seconds | D) A little hours |
| E) A few minutes    |                   |

22. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

- |  |
|--|
| 1. The team's weak points are in defence.      |
| 2. The man's coming to repair the TV today.    |
| 3. I'm wondering why Jo's here.                |
| 4. Who's your form teacher?                    |
| 5. Are you ready for this afternoon's meeting? |
| A) 3, 5  |
| B) 1, 5  |
| C) 1, 4  |
| D) 2, 4  |
| E) 2, 3  |

23. Choose the line of nouns.

- |                            |
|----------------------------|
| A) habit, honesty, humour  |
| B) hare, hat, horrible     |
| C) height, hill, hungry    |
| D) hall, host, huge        |
| E) hammer, hardship, humid |

24. Choose the line of singular nouns.

- |                                 |
|---------------------------------|
| A) spectacles, tights, lice     |
| B) parent, people, answer       |
| C) boxes, fruit, porridge       |
| D) news, woman, mice            |
| E) information, pupil, business |

25. Choose the nouns in the plural.

- |             |            |             |
|-------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. dominoes | 2. tongs   | 3. kindness |
| 4. cattle   | 5. foot    | 6. goods    |
| A) 1, 3, 5  | B) 1, 2, 4 | C) 2, 4, 6  |
| D) 3, 4, 6  | E) 2, 3, 5 |             |

## Sınaq 2 XI sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a cock
2. a grape
3. a pilot
- a) an adult male chicken
- b) a small green or purple fruit
- c) a person who operates the controls of an aircraft
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a dove
2. garlic
3. a fitter
- a) a vegetable of the onion family
- b) a bird of pigeon family
- c) a person whose job is to repair equipment
- A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- C) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. There is a party at the White's tonight.
2. The book has some interesting passages about the author's childhood.
3. Mark Twain's real name is Samuel Langhorne Clemens.
4. The birds' wing was broken.
- A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3
- D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

## 4. Choose the correct variant.

*We need to buy ...*

- A) a piece of furniture
- B) an office furniture
- C) two piece of furniture
- D) a furniture
- E) piece of furniture

## 5. Choose the correct plural nouns.

1. shorts      2. loss      3. paths
4. campus      5. nutcrackers      6. maths
- A) 2, 4, 6      B) 1, 2, 3      C) 1, 3, 5
- D) 4, 5, 6      E) 3, 4, 6

## 6. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. I stayed at my friend's last night.
2. Those deers' mother was looking for food.
3. One of the candidates was the manager's niece.
4. The witness' story was not supported by the evidence.
- A) 3, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 2      D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4

## 7. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Next year's collection is kept secret.
2. Today I'll talk about the early years of Charles's reign.
3. We followed the bears's tracks in the snow.
4. North American literature is the main theme of this years' festival.
- A) 1, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 2      D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

1. so much oil fields
2. such a lot of bus stop
3. such a police station
4. a few fields of wheat
- A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3      D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2

## 9. Choose the correct variant.

1. so many silver medals
2. so little ancient mausoleum
3. so many pieces of meat
4. so much martial music
5. so many pair of socks
- A) 1, 3, 4      B) 1, 3, 5      C) 2, 4
- D) 2, 3      E) 2, 4, 5

## 10. Choose the correct variant.

*I'm very happy that ... have been solved.*

1. so few problems      2. so many problems
3. very few problems      4. such a lot of problems
- A) 1, 4      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3      D) 1, 3      E) 3, 4

## 11. Choose the correct variant.

1. a little buckets of water
2. a few electric stoves
3. a little exciting news
4. a few bunch of flowers
- A) 1, 2      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 3      E) 3, 4

12. How many variants are correct?

*Our town has ... sports facilities.*

1. only a little    2. a few    3. a little  
4. a lot of    5. many  
A) 2    B) 3    C) 4    D) 5    E) 1

13. Choose the correct variant.

*such ...*

1. a faithful friend    2. a small geese  
3. a fine arts    4. a faculty meeting  
A) 1, 4    B) 1, 3    C) 1, 2    D) 3, 4    E) 2, 4

14. Choose the correct variant.

*He wrote an ... poem in his spare time.*

1. heroic    2. lyric    3. good  
4. epic    5. interesting  
A) 2, 3    B) 2, 5    C) 1, 4    D) 1, 3    E) 4, 5

15. Choose the correct variant.

1. a gas oven    2. a pure gold  
3. a gold belt    4. a boiled meat  
A) 2, 4    B) 1, 3    C) 2, 3    D) 1, 2    E) 1, 4

16. Choose the correct pronouns.

*I know the cook ... made a stew for lunch.*

1. that    2. whom    3. whose  
4. which    5. who  
A) 2, 3    B) 1, 4    C) 3, 4    D) 1, 5    E) 2, 5

17. Choose the correct pronouns.

*Jasmine and Sophia introduced ... to the rest of the group.*

1. herself    2. each other  
3. ourselves    4. themselves  
A) 1, 3    B) 1, 4    C) 2, 3    D) 2, 4    E) 3, 4

18. Choose the correct sentences.

1. Let's go home – its getting late.  
2. The dictionary is now in its eighth edition.  
3. The cottage is small, but its charming.  
4. The animal is hunted for its fur.  
A) 1, 4    B) 2, 3    C) 1, 3    D) 3, 4    E) 2, 4

19. Choose the correct pronouns.

*-When did you buy ... scissors?*

*-I bought ... yesterday.*

- A) these, it    B) that, it    C) those, it  
D) this, them    E) these, them

20. Choose the correct pronouns.

*Every weekend Eliza's grandson takes his sister for a walk.*

- A) he, her    B) she, her    C) she, him  
D) her, her    E) they, him

21. Choose the correct pronouns.

*Some of these parcels are ..., and the rest of ... belong to Esra.*

- A) yours, it    B) his, them    C) my, them  
D) me, they    E) mine, their

22. Choose the correct pronoun.

*In ... days most people left school when they were only fifteen years old.*

- A) these    B) this    C) same  
D) those    E) that

23. Choose the correct pronouns.

*I don't know ... he is.*

1. what    2. whose  
3. who    4. whom  
A) 1, 3    B) 1, 2    C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 4    E) 2, 4

24. Choose the correct pronoun.

*They showed the first photograph in ... Earth is in full view.*

- A) who    B) whom    C) whose  
D) that    E) which

25. Choose the correct variant.

*... route did you take to Ben's place?*

1. What    2. Which  
3. Whom    4. Who  
A) 1, 2    B) 1, 4    C) 2, 3  
D) 3, 4    E) 2, 4

## Sınaq 3 IX sinif

1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a tiger
2. a spider
3. a radish
- a) a small creature with eight thin legs
- b) a large wild animal of the cat family
- c) a small red or white root vegetable
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a poppy
2. a poet
3. a nut
- a) a wild or garden plant
- b) a small hard fruit
- c) a person who writes poems
- A) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

3. Choose the correct pronouns.

*She kept all the letters in a box.*

- A) them, its      B) it, it      C) they, it  
D) they, its      E) them, it

4. Choose the correct pronouns.

*Tom's sister stayed at her uncle's house.*

- A) She, him      B) She, her  
C) He, his      D) She, his  
E) He, her

5. Choose the correct pronouns.

*She taught ... to defend ... at school.*

1. them, themselves      2. him, himself
3. us, herself      4. her, ourselves
- A) 1, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 2      E) 1, 4

6. Choose the correct pronoun.

*A: ... colour is the carpet?*

*B: It's orange.*

- A) Whom      B) How      C) Whose  
D) Who      E) What

7. Choose the correct pronoun.

*We must all try and help ...*

- A) each other      B) each other's  
C) one another's      D) other  
E) another ones

8. Choose the correct pronouns.

*Lend me ... calculator, I've left ... at home.*

- A) mine, yours      B) your, mine  
C) yours, mine      D) your, my  
E) their, our

9. Choose the correct pronouns.

*... methods will be discussed in the next section.*

1. That      2. Those
3. Such      4. This
- A) 1, 3      B) 2, 3      C) 3, 4
- D) 1, 2      E) 1, 4

10. Choose the correct pronouns.

*– ... cap is it?*

*– It is ...*

- A) Whose, his      B) Which, my  
C) Who's, mine      D) Whose, our  
E) Who's, hers

11. Choose the correct pronouns.

*I'd love ... dress, but ... costs too much.*

- A) that, they      B) this, they  
C) those, they      D) that, it  
E) these, it

12. Choose the correct pronouns.

*I like the university ..., but I don't like ... canteen.*

- A) myself, his      B) itself, it's      C) itself, it  
D) myself, it's      E) itself, its

13. Choose the correct variant.

1. a valuable information 2. a wheat flour
3. a public library 4. a funny joke
- A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 4 E) 3, 4

14. How many of the given words are correct?

*It was a wonderful ... .*

1. scenery 2. restaurant 3. view
4. dish 5. story
- A) 4 B) 1 C) 2 D) 3 E) 5

15. Choose the correct variant.

1. a white rice 2. a rice field
3. a coloured chalk 4. a chalk mark
- A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4
- D) 1, 3 E) 3, 4

16. Choose the correct variant.

*They bought only ... toys.*

- A) lot of B) a little C) much
- D) few E) a few

17. Choose the correct variant.

1. plenty of beef 2. a lot of baggage
3. many bread 4. a few advice
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2
- D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

18. Choose the correct variant.

1. a few national banks
2. a little musical comedies
3. too many metro station
4. a lot of lovely kids
- A) 2, 4 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 2
- D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3

19. Choose correct variant.

*... caviar*

1. a lot of 2. few
3. much 4. many
- A) 3, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3
- D) 2, 3 E) 1, 2

20. Choose the correct variant.

*He often asks the teacher ... of questions.*

- A) a lot of B) a lot C) only little
- D) little E) much

21. Choose the correct variant.

*Please, wait ... .*

- A) a little hours B) a few minutes
- C) a few second D) a little seconds
- E) a few moment

22. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. She left Janet's purse at home.
2. This evenings' film was impressive.
3. She talked about minister's private life.
4. Have you ever heard of three penguin's story?
- A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3
- D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4

23. Choose the line of nouns.

- A) cheek, heel, bone
- B) knee, forehead, clever
- C) chin, heart, dull
- D) paw, skin, early
- E) trunk, jaw, loud

24. Choose the line of singular nouns.

- A) brain, cells, throat
- B) eyebrows, stomach, advocate
- C) eyelash, finger, actress
- D) neighbour, thumbs, nose
- E) tongues, century, chest

25. Choose the nouns in the plural.

1. ants 2. police 3. bean
4. apricot 5. aubergine 6. feet
- A) 1, 3, 5 B) 2, 4, 6 C) 1, 2, 6
- D) 3, 4, 6 E) 2, 3, 5



## Sınaq 3 X sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a nightingale
2. a plum
3. a guard
- a) a soft round fruit
- b) a person who protects a place or people
- c) a small brown bird
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a fox
2. a daffodil
3. a camel
- a) a tall yellow spring flower
- b) a desert animal with a long neck
- c) a wide animal of the dog family
- A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Jane's estate was left to her daughter.
2. Jack's stolen her bicycle.
3. Jimmy's lent me some money.
4. Joseph's return to team now seems a certainty.
- A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3
- D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

## 4. Choose the correct variant.

*Add ... to the water.*

- A) lump of sugar      B) a lump of sugar
- C) pinch of salt      D) two lump of sugar
- E) three pinch of salt

## 5. Choose the correct plural nouns.

1. murderess      2. lyrics      3. lice
4. lorrys      5. jeans      6. craftsman
- A) 2, 4, 6      B) 2, 3, 5      C) 1, 3, 5
- D) 4, 5, 6      E) 3, 4, 5

## 6. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. They had a party on New Year's Eve.
2. Austin's got an expensive gift.
3. Maiden Tower attracts tourists' attention.
4. Molly's afraid of the dark.
- A) 3, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 1, 3
- D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4

## 7. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Harley's gone to the chemist's.
2. What's the highest mountain in the US?
3. We also attended Adam's workshop.
4. I've read about all these survivor's story.
- A) 1, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 2
- D) 3, 4      E) 1, 3

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

1. so much barren lands
2. such a lot of symbol
3. such a brick structure
4. so many barrels of oil
- A) 3, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 4      E) 1, 2

## 9. Choose the correct variant.

1. so many basket of grapes
2. so little beautiful garden
3. so many written bills
4. so much basic information
5. so much blanket of snow
- A) 1, 3, 4      B) 1, 3, 5      C) 4, 5
- D) 3, 4      E) 2, 4, 5

## 10. Choose the correct variant.

*I have ... I can't decide which to choose.*

1. so little job offers
2. so many job offers
3. very much job offers
4. such a lot of job offers
- A) 1, 4      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 3      E) 3, 4

11. Choose the correct variant.

1. a little information      2. a few candle  
3. a little flower          4. a few policeman  
A) 1, 2      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3      E) 3, 4

12. How many variants are correct?

*I've got ... homework tonight.*

1. much      2. a few      3. a little  
4. a lot of      5. many  
A) 2      B) 3      C) 4      D) 5      E) 1

13. Choose the correct variant.

*such ...*

1. an airmail letter      2. a bird cage  
3. a modern biology      4. a cake flour  
A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2

14. Choose the correct variant.

*The Prince of Wales was a ... guest at a wedding.*

1. unexpected      2. important      3. special  
4. welcome      5. honoured  
A) 1, 2, 5      B) 2, 5      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4      E) 3, 4, 5

15. Choose the correct variant.

1. a cardboard box      2. a lovely weather  
3. an international treaty      4. a knee-deep snow  
A) 1, 3      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 2      E) 1, 4

16. Choose the correct pronouns.

*This is the jungle ... I've always dreamt of seeing.*

1. that      2. whom      3. whose  
4. which      5. who  
A) 2, 3      B) 2, 5      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 5      E) 1, 4

17. Choose the correct pronouns.

*They are skilled at defending ... against the critics.*

1. themselves      2. each other  
3. ourselves      4. herself  
A) 1, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

18. Choose the correct sentences.

1. The strike is entering its fourth week.  
2. Wake up! Its eight o'clock.  
3. I know its expensive.  
4. I held the mouse by its tail.  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 1, 3      D) 3, 4      E) 2, 4

19. Choose the correct pronoun.

*It was a luxury if you had a washing machine in ... days.*

- A) that      B) same      C) those  
D) these      E) this

20. Choose the correct pronouns.

*The city of Mingechevir was founded in 1948, partly by German soldiers.*

- A) It, their      B) Its, they      C) They, them  
D) They, they      E) It, them

21. Choose the correct pronouns.

*... made you give up a good job like that?*

1. What      2. Whose  
3. Who      4. Whom  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 3      D) 1, 4      E) 1, 3

22. Choose the correct pronouns.

*... knows what will happen next.*

1. Nobody      2. No  
3. Any      4. Somebody  
A) 1, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 3      D) 1, 4      E) 2, 4

23. Choose the correct pronouns.

*... of you must take responsibility for your own actions.*

1. Every      2. Both  
3. Each      4. Anybody  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 2      D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4

24. Choose the correct pronoun.

*Today, as in many ... countries, we celebrate International Women's Day in Azerbaijan.*

- A) another      B) the other      C) other  
D) others      E) the others

25. Choose the correct variant.

*Do you know ... happened to his grandfather?*

- A) what      B) which      C) who  
D) whom      E) whose

## Sınaq 3 XI sinif

1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. annoyed  
2. convenient  
3. damp

a) slightly angry

b) useful, easy or quick to do

c) slightly wet

A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. furious

2. prominent

3. raw

a) very angry

b) not cooked

c) important or well-known

A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

B) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Grandpa's becoming quite absent-minded.

2. I must arrange Rana's financial affairs.

3. I fail to see the logic behind the deputy's argument.

4. Jack's held the post for three years.

A) 1, 4

B) 1, 3

C) 2, 3

D) 2, 4

E) 3, 4

4. Choose the correct variant.

1. a scientific discovery

2. an Indian folklore

3. a dreadful meal

4. a physical harm

A) 1, 4

B) 3, 4

C) 1, 2

D) 1, 3

E) 2, 4

5. Choose the correct variant.

*The attempt to grow the business was a ... for the firm.*

1. catastrophe

2. pinafore

3. leather

4. disaster

A) 1, 4

B) 1, 3

C) 1, 2

D) 3, 4

E) 2, 4

6. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Did you listen to her husband's speech?

2. Can I borrow Nurjan's lecture notes?

3. Jane's won a place in the Olympic team.

4. Day by day the Brown's condition improved.

A) 1, 2

B) 1, 3

C) 3, 4

D) 2, 3

E) 1, 4

7. Choose the nouns.

1. attractive

2. accidental

3. betrayal

4. needle

A) 1, 4

B) 2, 3

C) 3, 4

D) 2, 4

E) 1, 2

8. Choose the correct variant.

*He always helped ...*

1. the poor

2. the blinds

3. the olds

4. the unemployed

A) 1, 4

B) 1, 3

C) 2, 3

D) 3, 4

E) 1, 2

9. Choose the correct variant.

*He is a ... man. He ...*

1. rude, has respect for other people and their feelings

2. coward, has the courage to do the things which are dangerous

3. diligent, shows care and effort in his work

4. wealthy, has a lot of possessions

A) 1, 4

B) 3, 4

C) 2, 3

D) 1, 3

E) 1, 2

10. Choose the correct adjectives.

*I couldn't hear the lecturer because he was speaking in a ... voice.*

1. loud

2. low

3. quiet

4. clear

A) 1, 4

B) 2, 3

C) 2, 4

D) 1, 3

E) 3, 4

11. Choose the correct variant.

*Nobody is a ... dancer than he is.*

1. more brilliant

2. great

3. better

4. wonderful

A) 1, 2

B) 2, 4

C) 2, 3

D) 1, 3

E) 3, 4

12. Choose the correct pronouns.

*... in our group is interested in sightseeing.*

1. Everybody      2. Nobody  
3. Everything      4. Nothing  
A) 3, 4   B) 1, 3   C) 1, 4   D) 2, 3   E) 1, 2

13. Choose the correct pronouns.

*John was present at the birth of ... his children.*

1. each      2. both  
3. all      4. some  
A) 1, 4   B) 2, 3   C) 1, 2   D) 3, 4   E) 2, 4

14. Choose the correct pronouns.

*There is a fire exit on ... floor of the building.*

1. each      2. all      3. both  
4. every      5. other  
A) 2, 3   B) 2, 5   C) 1, 3   D) 1, 4   E) 4, 5

15. Choose the correct pronouns.

*No ... project was as successful as ...*

- A) other, her      B) another, him  
C) any, mine      D) other, ours  
E) another, mine

16. Choose the correct pronouns.

*... books do they study for the English course?*

1. Which      2. Whom  
3. Who      4. What  
A) 1, 3   B) 1, 4   C) 2, 3   D) 2, 4   E) 3, 4

17. Choose the correct variant.

*The company lost ... employees last month.*

1. so valuable      2. such many  
3. so many      4. such valuable  
A) 2, 3   B) 2, 4   C) 1, 3   D) 3, 4   E) 1, 4

18. Choose the correct pronoun.

*I won't tell you ... happens in the last chapter.*

- A) who      B) whom      C) whose  
D) which      E) what

19. Choose the correct variant.

*We spent ... a long time looking for the house.*

1. quite      2. such  
3. so      4. very  
A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4      E) 2, 3

20. Which is **wrong**?

- A) so modern building  
B) such mountainous regions  
C) so many conductors  
D) such a little stock-farm  
E) such a lot of woodwork

21. Choose the correct variant.

1. Azerbaijan is home to over nine million people.  
2. South America separated from Africa 200 millions years ago.  
3. She wished herself a million miles away.  
4. Her work has pleased million of readers.  
A) 1, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4      E) 1, 2

22. Choose the correct variant.

*The game was interrupted ... times by rain.*

1. many      2. several  
3. lot of      4. much  
A) 2, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2

23. Choose the correct variant.

*Can you wait a ... while I make a call?*

- A) second      B) fifth      C) fourth  
D) first      E) third

24. Choose the correct variant.

*My granddaughter's birthday is on ...*

1. twelve April  
2. April of twelfth  
3. the twelfth of April  
4. April the twelfth  
A) 1, 3   B) 1, 4   C) 2, 3   D) 3, 4   E) 2, 4

25. Choose the correct variant.

*Irade khanum is someone ... courage I admire.*

- A) whom      B) who      C) whose  
D) which      E) that

## Sınaq 4 IX sinif

1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. thirsty

2. vacant

3. noisy

a) needing or wanting to drink

b) making a lot of noise

c) empty

A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

B) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. idle

2. delicious

3. calm

a) not working hard

b) not excited, nervous or upset

c) having a very pleasant taste or smell

A) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

3. Choose the correct variant.

1. the child's remarkable talent

2. the childrens' social skills

3. the child's single bedroom

4. the children's daily attendance

A) 1, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4

4. Choose the correct variant.

1. a cluster of grapes

2. a packs of cigarette

3. bunch of violets

4. two cups of coffee

A) 1, 2 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 3 E) 3, 4

5. Choose the correct plural nouns.

1. dormitorys

2. alleys

3. activitys

4. trays

5. diarys

6. railways

A) 2, 4, 6

B) 2, 3, 5

C) 1, 3, 5

D) 4, 5, 6

E) 3, 4, 5

6. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. The senator's proposal was firmly rejected.

2. Julia's got a pretty face.

3. Let's send a warning notice to the operator.

4. I don't know Eric Blair's pen-name.

A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 3 E) 2, 4

7. Choose the correct variant.

1. a few signs

2. much stars

3. a lot of work

4. few visitor

A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 2

8. Choose the correct variant.

1. so much old villagers

2. such a lot of blue waves

3. such a prize winner

4. so many bowl of mulberries

A) 3, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3

9. Choose the correct variant.

*Several ... were damaged in the crash.*

1. cars

2. bus

3. coaches

4. house

A) 1, 4

B) 2, 3

C) 1, 3

D) 2, 4

E) 3, 4

10. Choose the correct variant.

*The band finished with ... slow dances.*

A) plenty

B) a little

C) much

D) a lot

E) a few

11. Choose the correct variant.

1. much crowds

2. a lot of crowds

3. many crowds

4. lots crowds

A) 1, 2

B) 2, 4

C) 1, 3

D) 2, 3

E) 3, 4

12. Choose the correct variant.

*such ...*

1. a married couple

2. a powerful computer

3. a thick curtains

4. a university departments

A) 1, 4

B) 1, 3

C) 2, 4

D) 1, 2

E) 3, 4

13. Choose the correct variant.

1. a unique opportunity
2. a unusual step
3. a unknown cause
4. a universal symbol
- A) 3, 4      B) 1, 4      C) 1, 3
- D) 2, 3      E) 1, 2

14. Choose the correct variant.

*It's ... fault.*

1. nobody      2. nobody's
3. my      4. mine
- A) 1, 3      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 2
- D) 1, 4      E) 2, 4

15. Choose the correct pronouns.

*... made you say that?*

1. What      2. Whose
3. Who      4. Whom
- A) 2, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 4      E) 1, 2

16. Choose the correct variant.

*The book is about the knight ... saved England.*

- A) whose      B) whom      C) what
- D) who      E) which

17. Choose the correct variant.

*... looked at ... in the mirror.*

1. He, himself      2. They, ourselves
3. We, themselves      4. She, herself
- A) 1, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2
- D) 2, 4      E) 1, 4

18. Choose the correct variant.

*Look at ... fountains over there.*

- A) this      B) that      C) these
- D) theirs      E) those

19. Choose the correct variant.

*He has won the ... race.*

- A) six      B) third      C) two
- D) five      E) four

20. Choose the correct variant.

*His ... book is better than his ...*

- A) second, first
- B) two, one
- C) the first, the second
- D) the second, the first
- E) third, the second

21. Choose the correct variant.

*They have invited nearly ... people.*

1. thousand      2. a hundred
3. hundreds      4. two thousand
- A) 2, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 4      E) 1, 3

22. Choose the correct variant.

*His dictation is ... than mine.*

- A) bad      B) worst      C) better
- D) best      E) good

23. Choose the adjectives.

1. difficult      2. grateful
3. helicopter      4. performance
- A) 2, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 2
- D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4

24. Choose the correct variant.

*-I'm sorry he was so ... to you.*

*-It doesn't bother me.*

1. rude      2. kind
3. friendly      4. cruel
- A) 2, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 2
- D) 1, 4      E) 2, 3

25. Choose the correct variant.

*It is ... salad.*

1. a more delicious      2. a more tasty
3. the most tasty      4. the most delicious
- A) 2, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 4
- D) 2, 3      E) 1, 2

## Sınaq 4 X sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. cosy
2. domestic
3. awful
- a) connected with the home
- b) very bad or unpleasant
- c) warm, comfortable and safe
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. bright
2. elegant
3. plump
- a) attractive and designed well
- b) slightly fat
- c) full of light
- A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. They were proud of their childrens' achievements.
2. There is some English blood on his father's side.
3. He didn't receive the cashier's check.
4. The details of todays' flights are displayed on the monitor.
- A) 2, 3      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 4
- D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

## 4. Choose the correct variant.

1. a chemical pollution
2. an unnecessary violence
3. a shallow valley
4. a stone vase
- A) 1, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 4
- D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 5. Choose the correct variant.

1. at Mr. Brown's concerts
2. in the mens' club
3. at John's bakery
4. in the Smith's kitchen-garden
- A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2
- D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 6. Choose the nouns.

1. garage      2. gardener
3. gloomy      4. glorious
- A) 1, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 3, 4
- D) 2, 4      E) 1, 2

## 7. Choose the correct variant.

*He is very ... . He ... .*

1. polite, has respect for the feelings of others
2. selfish, cares only about himself
3. talented, doesn't have the ability to do this task
4. upset, has successfully passed the exam
- A) 1, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 3      E) 3, 4

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

*Humour is a ... defence than violence.*

1. more effective      2. more strong
3. best      4. better
- A) 1, 2      B) 2, 4      C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 4      E) 3, 4

## 9. Choose the correct line of adjectives.

- A) courageous, handsome, occupation
- B) changeable, shady, imprisonment
- C) uncomfortable, jealous, impossible
- D) extraordinary, hopeful, religion
- E) fashionable, impolite, resistance

## 10. Choose the correct variant.

*It was a ... journey.*

1. excited      2. tired
3. tiring      4. fantastic
- A) 3, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3
- D) 1, 4      E) 1, 2

## 11. Choose the correct variant.

*He is collecting money for the ... .*

1. deaf      2. blinds
3. deafs      4. blind
- A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3
- D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2

## 12. Choose the correct variant.

1. pair of shoes      2. a hour a day
3. half an hour      4. an honest man
- A) 1, 2      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 3
- D) 1, 4      E) 3, 4



13. Choose the correct variant.

*He gets paid double for doing ... job I do.*

- A) same the      B) a same      C) same  
D) an same      E) the same

14. Choose the correct variant.

*... those factors*

1. none      2. neither      3. both  
4. all      5. each  
A) 1, 2      B) 2, 5      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 4, 5

15. Choose the correct pronouns.

*A doctor is a person ... job is to treat people ... are ill.*

- A) whom, who      B) whose, which  
C) whose, who      D) which, who  
E) who, whom

16. Choose the correct pronouns.

*... language does the dean speak at home?*

1. Which      2. Whom  
3. Who      4. What  
A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

17. Choose the correct variant.

*There is ... traffic in towns these days.*

1. so few      2. such many  
3. so much      4. such a lot of  
A) 2, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 4      E) 1, 4

18. Choose the correct variant.

1. many excellent results  
2. a few vital issue  
3. few positive image  
4. a few litres of petrol  
A) 1, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 3, 4      E) 2, 4

19. Choose the correct variant.

*It was ... a boring lesson.*

1. so      2. such  
3. quite      4. very  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4      E) 1, 4

20. Choose the correct variant.

*I've applied for ... jobs.*

1. several      2. a few  
3. a little      4. much  
A) 3, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 2      E) 1, 4

21. Choose the correct variant.

1. Kazakhstan alone contains more than a hundred nationalities.  
2. Hundreds of police struggled to control the violence.  
3. It cost one hundred and fifty pound.  
4. She has trained hundred of young singers.  
A) 1, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4      E) 2, 3

22. Choose the correct variant.

*–Is Mr. Burns available?*

*–Just a ... , please, I'll check.*

- A) fifth      B) fourth      C) first  
D) second      E) third

23. Choose the correct variant.

*The painter speaks Russian ... .*

1. fluently      2. perfect  
3. good      4. well  
A) 1, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

24. Choose the correct variant.

1. a fast car      2. to drive fastly  
3. to run fast      4. a fastly runner  
A) 3, 4      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

25. Choose the correct variant.

*The milkmaid seemed ... .*

1. calmly      2. nice  
3. cheerful      4. gladly  
A) 1, 4      B) 2, 4      C) 1, 3  
D) 3, 4      E) 2, 3

## Sınaq 4 XI sinif

- Match the words to their definitions.
  - rapid
  - silly
  - fluent
  - a) happening in a short period of time
  - b) showing a lack of thought, understanding or judgement
  - c) expressed easily and well
  - A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
  - B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
  - C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
  - D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
  - E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- Match the words to their definitions.
  - severe
  - naughty
  - industrious
  - a) working hard
  - b) behaving badly
  - c) extremely bad or serious
  - A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
  - B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
  - C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
  - D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
  - E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.
  - Welcome to the Grandparents' Association.
  - They couldn't save that hostages' life.
  - She spent the whole day at the composer's studio.
  - Grandmother's taught us to know right from wrong.
  - A) 1, 4
  - B) 2, 3
  - C) 1, 3
  - D) 2, 4
  - E) 3, 4
- Choose the correct lines of nouns.
  - growl, grocery, gymnasium
  - harsh, harvest, hatred
  - injury, invader, indeed
  - jewellery, journal, jumper
  - A) 2, 4
  - B) 1, 3
  - C) 1, 2
  - D) 3, 4
  - E) 1, 4
- Choose the correct variant.
 

*John is a ... boy. He ...*

  - patient, wants everything to happen soon
  - pessimistic, expects bad things to happen
  - devoted, is not faithful to his friends
  - foolish, doesn't show good sense or judgement
  - A) 1, 4
  - B) 1, 3
  - C) 1, 2
  - D) 3, 4
  - E) 2, 4

- Choose the correct variant.
 

*One of the beauties of living here is that it's so ...*

  - terrible
  - peaceful
  - safe
  - polluted
  - A) 1, 2
  - B) 1, 3
  - C) 3, 4
  - D) 2, 3
  - E) 1, 4
- To which words is the suffix **-ful** added to form an adjective?
  - doubt
  - glory
  - fruit
  - reason
  - pain
  - value
  - A) 1, 3, 5
  - B) 2, 4, 6
  - C) 3, 4, 5
  - D) 2, 4, 5
  - E) 1, 5, 6
- Choose the correct variant.
  - so many empty refrigerators
  - such a historical museum
  - so typical teenagers
  - such few strange remarks
  - A) 1, 4
  - B) 1, 3
  - C) 2, 3
  - D) 3, 4
  - E) 1, 2
- Choose the correct sentences.
  - Many traditional institutions now offer fully online courses.
  - They sold a lot of cowboy boot on New Year's Eve.
  - There are several narrow bridges over the river.
  - After the event many foreign customer visited the company.
  - A) 1, 4
  - B) 3, 4
  - C) 1, 3
  - D) 2, 3
  - E) 1, 2
- Choose the correct lines of adverbs.
  - friendly, lonely, ugly
  - completely, nicely, probably
  - suddenly, officially, accidentally
  - lovely, cowardly, elderly
  - A) 1, 4
  - B) 2, 3
  - C) 1, 2
  - D) 3, 4
  - E) 2, 4
- Choose the correct variant.
 

*Do you know ... she is?*

  - why
  - where
  - how
  - when
  - A) 1, 2
  - B) 2, 4
  - C) 2, 3
  - D) 1, 3
  - E) 3, 4

12. Choose the correct sentences.  
 1. I haven't packed my suitcase yet.  
 2. They eat turkey on Thanksgiving always.  
 3. Some styles go out of fashion never.  
 4. They soon discovered a mutual interest in music.  
 A) 1, 2      B) 1, 3      C) 3, 4  
 D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4
13. Choose the correct variant.  
*Are these instructions clear ... ?*  
 A) so      B) very      C) quite  
 D) rather      E) enough
14. Choose the correct pronouns.  
*... know I can trust ... in any circumstance.*  
 A) She, hers      B) They, themselves  
 C) I, himself      D) I, her  
 E) He, himself
15. Choose the correct pronoun.  
*They live in a house ... windows face north.*  
 A) who      B) that      C) which  
 D) whose      E) whom
16. Choose the correct variant.  
*His personal details are important, so ... is interested in ...*  
 A) everybody, them      B) everyone, they  
 C) nobody, it      D) everybody, it  
 E) somebody, they
17. Choose the correct variant.  
*Legal problems are Jane's territory.*  
 A) They, her      B) It, her      C) Them, her  
 D) They, hers      E) We, him
18. Choose the correct variant for all the sentences.  
 1. A lot of students suffer ... exam nerves.  
 2. The rain prevented them ... eating outdoors.  
 3. Wine is made ... grapes.  
 A) in      B) of      C) with  
 D) from      E) into
19. Choose the correct prepositions.  
*The shop is open ... 9 a.m. ... 6 p.m. ... weekdays.*  
 A) at, at, on      B) to, from, at  
 C) from, to, on      D) from, till, in  
 E) at, at, at
20. Choose the correct prepositions.  
*We went ... a trip ... the mountains.*  
 A) on, to      B) to, to      C) to, in  
 D) in, from      E) with, across
21. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.  
 1. *In your situation, I'd look ... another job.*  
 2. *He was an artist famous ... his landscapes.*  
 A) for      B) at      C) up  
 D) after      E) out
22. Choose the correct prepositions.  
*Could you stop ... the store ... the way home ... some bread?*  
 A) beside, at, in      B) near, in, for  
 C) on, for, on      D) by, on, for  
 E) next to, from, to
23. Choose the correct variant.  
 1. to move to abroad  
 2. to explain to the publisher  
 3. to depend on the size  
 4. to laugh on a joke  
 A) 3, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 2, 4  
 D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2
24. Choose the correct sentences.  
 1. He decided to answer to the advertisement.  
 2. She gave a talk on her visit to China.  
 3. I can't easily give an answer to your question.  
 4. He visited to his parents at irregular intervals.  
 A) 1, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 3, 4  
 D) 2, 3      E) 2, 4
25. Choose the correct preposition.  
*The kittens were playing ... the sunshine.*  
 A) at      B) in      C) to  
 D) on      E) with

## Sınaq 5 IX sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. incredible  
2. frank  
3. muddy  
a) very difficult to believe  
b) honest and direct in what you say  
c) full of or covered in mud  
A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. natural  
2. sacred  
3. unjust  
a) existing in nature  
b) not deserved or fair  
c) considered to be holy  
A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Ann's and Maria's eyes are brown.  
2. He's got a temperature.  
3. Put today's date on the document.  
4. John's father is an engineer.  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

## 4. Choose the correct variant.

1. in the childrens' court  
2. at Mr. Smith's bar  
3. in the Brown's kitchen  
4. at uncle's birthplace  
A) 1, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 5. Choose the nouns.

1. ball      2. captain  
3. cloudy      4. rosy  
A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 6. Choose the correct variant.

*The soup was ... than I expected.*

1. best      2. saltier  
3. worst      4. better  
A) 1, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 4      E) 1, 2

## 7. Choose the adjectives.

1. dolphin      2. boastful  
3. cucumber      4. careless  
A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

*The salesgirl isn't talkative ...*

- A) enough      B) very      C) quite  
D) so      E) such

## 9. Choose the correct variant.

*The children listened ... to the story.*

1. carefully      2. attentive  
3. careful      4. attentively  
A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2

## 10. Choose the correct variant.

1. a ladder      2. a biscuits  
3. a leader      4. a conflicts  
A) 1, 2      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 4      E) 3, 4

## 11. Choose the correct variant.

*Her raincoat was ... colour as her blouse.*

- A) the same      B) a same      C) same  
D) an same      E) same the

## 12. Choose the correct variant.

*The president greeted the sportsmen.*

- A) They, him      B) He, them  
C) They, them      D) He, us  
E) He, her

## 13. Choose the correct variant.

*... complaints*

1. every      2. both  
3. all      4. each  
A) 1, 2      B) 2, 4      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 1, 3

14. Choose the correct pronouns.

... *films does his stepfather like to watch?*

1. Who                      2. What  
3. Which                  4. Whom  
A) 1, 4                  B) 1, 3                  C) 2, 3  
D) 2, 4                  E) 3, 4

15. Choose the correct variant.

... *opinions*

1. many                      2. few  
3. much                      4. lot of  
A) 2, 3                  B) 3, 4                  C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 2                  E) 1, 4

16. Choose the correct variant.

1. a few trainers  
2. a little farmers  
3. a few ink  
4. a lot of incidents  
A) 1, 3                  B) 1, 4                  C) 2, 3  
D) 3, 4                  E) 1, 2

17. Choose the correct variant.

... *a rainy day*

1. such                      2. so  
3. quite                      4. very  
A) 2, 3                  B) 1, 3                  C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4                  E) 1, 4

18. Choose the correct variant.

*The eagle laid ... eggs.*

1. many                      2. a little  
3. a few                      4. much  
A) 3, 4                  B) 2, 3                  C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 2                  E) 1, 4

19. Choose the correct variant.

*a hundred ...*

1. sacks                      2. picture  
3. package                  4. rules  
A) 3, 4                  B) 2, 4                  C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 2                  E) 1, 4

20. Choose the correct preposition.

*He knows the custom of giving present ... Christmas.*

- A) at                      B) in                      C) over  
D) above                  E) down

21. Choose the correct preposition.

*What time do you usually wake up ... the morning?*

- A) at                      B) of                      C) on  
D) to                      E) in

22. Choose the correct prepositions.

*I listen to the radio ... the way ... work.*

- A) on, to                  B) in, at                  C) on, in  
D) at, to                  E) at, at

23. Choose the correct preposition.

*He works ... a farm.*

- A) on                      B) among                  C) to  
D) between                  E) at

24. Choose the correct preposition for both sentences.

1. *It's the last house ... the left.*

2. *Take the first street ... the right.*

- A) in                      B) at                      C) opposite  
D) on                      E) behind

25. Choose the correct variant.

*I go to work ... 8 o'clock.*

- A) in                      B) for                      C) since  
D) on                      E) at

## Sınaq 5 X sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to arise
  2. to wear
  3. to spoil
  - a) to have something on your body
  - b) to change something good into something bad
  - c) to happen
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to sink
  2. to throw
  3. to blow
  - a) to go down below the surface
  - b) to send out air from the mouth
  - c) to send something from your hand through the air
- A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b                      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. You'll feel fresher after two hour's sleep.
  2. My cousin goes to the local girls' school.
  3. He did six years' service in the police.
  4. The doctor's got flu himself.
- A) 1, 4                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3                      E) 3, 4

## 4. Choose the correct lines of nouns.

1. pumpkin, property, province
  2. parade, page, patriotic
  3. pattern, penny, peasant
  4. personnel, pilgrimage, profitable
- A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 2                      D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 3

## 5. Choose the correct variant.

*Tom is a ... boy. He ...*

1. lazy, uses a lot of time and energy to do work
  2. greedy, wants more money than he really needs
  3. gentle, always hurts others
  4. capable, can repair everything
- A) 1, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 2                      D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 4

6. To which words is the suffix **-ful** added to form an adjective?

1. miracle                      2. joy                      3. mystery
  4. shame                      5. vary                      6. thank
- A) 1, 3, 5                      B) 2, 4, 6                      C) 3, 4, 5  
D) 2, 4, 5                      E) 1, 5, 6

## 7. Choose the correct variant.

*The scarf is long ...*

- A) so                      B) very                      C) quite  
D) rather                      E) enough

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

*The sea was very ...*

1. rocky                      2. safely
  3. rapidly                      4. stormy
- A) 1, 2                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 4

## 9. Choose the correct variant.

1. so many whale hunters
  2. such few elementary mistakes
  3. so experienced guide
  4. such a qualified volunteer
- A) 1, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 2, 3  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 2

## 10. Choose the correct variant.

*a few ...*

1. inhabitant                      2. grasshopper
  3. fishmongers                      4. cornflakes
- A) 1, 4                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 4

## 11. Choose the correct variant.

*Do you know the man ... hid in the branches?*

1. which                      2. who
  3. whom                      4. that
- A) 1, 2                      B) 2, 4                      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3                      E) 3, 4

## 12. Choose the correct variant.

*... my shoes have holes in ...*

- A) All, they                      B) Each, them  
C) Both, they                      D) Both, them  
E) All, it

13. Choose the correct variant.

*The burglars stole ... that was valuable.*

1. everything      2. nothing  
3. every      4. no  
A) 3, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2

14. Choose the correct variant.

*The master mended a broken cup with glue.*

- A) He, it      B) They, them      C) She, its  
D) He, its      E) We, it

15. Choose the correct preposition.

*Stars twinkled... the sky.*

- A) on      B) in      C) among  
D) till      E) at

16. Choose the correct preposition.

*Everyone went ... the farm to harvest the crop.*

- A) to      B) in      C) on  
D) at      E) during

17. Choose the correct prepositions.

*An oil millionaire died ... the way ... the hospital.*

- A) on, to      B) in, at      C) on, --  
D) to, to      E) at, to

18. Choose the correct variant for all the sentences.

1. *The schoolmaster shook hands ... his guests.*  
2. *He was very angry ... the goalkeeper.*  
3. *Something is the matter ... the engine.*

- A) in      B) at      C) with  
D) on      E) to

19. Choose the correct preposition.

*His sister went to a nursery ... the age of 2.*

- A) since      B) to      C) in  
D) on      E) at

20. Choose the correct prepositions.

*Their move ... Italy ... the US has not been a success.*

- A) in, in      B) to, to      C) from, to  
D) in, from      E) with, across

21. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.

1. *We reached a point 2000m ... sea level.*

2. *We hung her portrait ... the fireplace.*

- A) among      B) behind      C) above  
D) between      E) during

22. Choose the correct prepositions.

*I'm sorry ... the delay.*

1. to      2. for  
3. about      4. in  
A) 3, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2

23. Choose the correct variant.

*to do ...*

1. a fence      2. a noise  
3. one's best      4. a favour  
A) 2, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 2      E) 2, 4

24. Choose the lines of irregular verbs.

1. to burst, to withdraw, to mean  
2. to undertake, to tear, to swim  
3. to sting, to stand, to sigh  
4. to shrink, to spell, to support

- A) 2, 3      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4      E) 1, 4

25. Choose the lines of regular verbs.

1. to roar, to retire, to sew  
2. to resist, to regret, to reduce  
3. to record, to raise, to recite  
4. to recover, to register, to shut

- A) 2, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4



## Sınaq 5 XI sinif

1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to fight

2. to shoot

3. to swear

a) to fire a gun

b) to use rude language

c) to take part in a war

A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to rise

2. to shine

3. to weep

a) to go upwards

b) to cry

c) to reflect light

A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. The education authority pays teachers' salaries.

2. Don't make any noise - Daddy's trying to sleep.

3. We have two week's supply of coal.

4. The soldiers' swords glittered in the sunshine.

A) 1, 4

B) 2, 3

C) 1, 3

D) 2, 4

E) 3, 4

4. Choose the correct lines of adjectives.

1. colourful, competent, cultural

2. educated, enormous, enlarge

3. fearful, graceful, granary

4. helpless, honorary, joyous

A) 1, 4

B) 1, 3

C) 1, 2

D) 3, 4

E) 2, 4

5. Choose the correct variant.

*Juana is a ... girl. She ...*

1. loyal, will never disappoint you

2. lucky, has won a variety of awards

3. responsible, can't be trusted and relied on

4. tidy, doesn't keep things neat

A) 1, 4

B) 1, 3

C) 3, 4

D) 1, 2

E) 2, 4

6. Choose the correct variant.

1. such a lot of royal castle

2. such few election posters

3. so few grains of rice

4. so many bath towels

A) 1, 4

B) 1, 3

C) 3, 4

D) 2, 3

E) 1, 2

7. Choose the correct variant.

*He was advised to smoke ... cigarettes and drink ... beer.*

A) less, fewer

B) fewer, less

C) less, less

D) fewer, fewer

E) little, few

8. Choose the correct pronouns.

*The men armed ... with sticks and stones.*

1. themselves

2. himself

3. us

4. their

A) 1, 2

B) 1, 3

C) 2, 3

D) 3, 4

E) 1, 4

9. Choose the correct variant.

*They called a lawyer ... lived nearby.*

A) which

B) who

C) whose

D) whom

E) what

10. Choose the correct pronoun.

*... of these shirts is dry yet.*

A) Some

B) All

C) Neither

D) Every

E) Both

11. Choose the correct prepositions.

*I was looking forward ... a quiet evening ... home.*

A) to, at

B) for, in

C) to, -

D) -, at

E) for, at

12. Choose the correct prepositions.

*She woke ... every morning ... the same time.*

A) -, at

B) in, in

C) in, at

D) -, on

E) for, in

13. Choose the correct variant.

1. to listen to music
2. to smile at him
3. to depend at the weather
4. to sit in the sofa

A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3

14. Choose the lines of **irregular** verbs.

1. to beat, to bind, to betray
2. to dig, to draw, to deal
3. to forgive, to freeze, to feed
4. to lead, to lay, to lock

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4

15. Choose the lines of regular verbs.

1. to scold, to scorn, to shake
2. to sparkle, to select, to spread
3. to screw, to shiver, to snatch
4. to starve, to stoop, to sail

A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3 E) 1, 4

16. Choose the correct variant.

... *the plumber ... a shower every day?*

- A) Do, have B) Do, has  
C) Does, has D) Did, do  
E) Does, have

17. Choose the correct verb form.

*Where ... the saleswomen?*

- A) is B) have C) do  
D) does E) are

18. Choose the correct variant

*The sudden noise made him ...*

- A) jump B) jumping  
C) was jumping D) jumped  
E) jumps

19. Choose the correct sentences.

1. He expected the director praise his work.
2. I saw the landlady going downstairs.
3. She noticed the surgeon to read the instruction leaflet.
4. Let the correspondents participate in that discussion.

A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 3 E) 2, 4

20. Choose the correct variant.

*The housekeeper ... the fellow to fetch some water.*

1. told 2. saw  
3. noticed 4. asked

A) 2, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2

21. Choose the correct variant.

*We expected the king ... the guilty men and ... them into exile.*

- A) punish, to send B) to punish, to send  
C) punish, send D) to punish, send  
E) to punish, sent

22. Choose the correct variant.

*He didn't want her ...*

- A) tell lies B) to tell lies  
C) telling lies D) was telling lies  
E) tells lies

23. Choose the correct tense forms.

*The lieutenant ... pleased, if you ... him a sweater.*

- A) is, will knit B) will be, will knit  
C) will be, knit D) will be, knitted  
E) shall be, knit

24. Choose the correct tense form.

*The maid ... the floor two days ago.*

- A) sweeps B) will sweep  
C) shall sweep D) swept  
E) sweep

25. Choose the correct tense forms.

*The supervisor ... sure that everything ... according to his plan.*

1. is, will go 2. was, would go  
3. was, will go 4. was, goes  
A) 2, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 2 E) 1, 4

## Sınaq 6 IX sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to fall  
2. to forget  
3. to mean  
a) to stop standing  
b) to have something as a meaning  
c) to be unable to remember  
A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to set  
2. to fight  
3. to shut  
a) to take part in a war  
b) to go down below the horizon  
c) to make something close  
A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. It's a favourite resort for the rich.  
2. I'm ready for tomorrow's examination.  
3. She picked up Tom's mug from the desk.  
4. Let's pray for peace.  
A) 2, 3      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

## 4. Choose the nouns.

1. honourable      2. openly  
3. grocer      4. hamburger  
A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 5. Choose the correct variant.

- the most ...*  
1. hospitable      2. familiar  
3. smart      4. mad  
A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 6. Choose the adjectives.

1. sadness      2. jobless  
3. darkness      4. joyless  
A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 7. Choose the correct variant.

- a lot of ...*  
1. combs      2. listener  
3. hairbrush      4. eggplants  
A) 1, 2      B) 2, 4      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 3      E) 1, 4

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

- ... sharks*  
1. few      2. much  
3. a little      4. many  
A) 1, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 1, 4      E) 2, 3

## 9. Choose the correct variant.

- The victor opened the envelope.*  
A) They, him      B) He, them  
C) He, it      D) They, them  
E) They, it

## 10. Choose the correct variant.

- ... the proverbs*  
1. both      2. all  
3. some      4. every  
A) 1, 2      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 4      E) 3, 4

## 11. Choose the correct variant.

- Look at ... potter over there.*  
A) that      B) this      C) theirs  
D) this      E) those

## 12. Choose the correct variant.

- An antelope is an animal ... resembles a deer.*  
A) what      B) who      C) whom  
D) that      E) whose

13. Choose the correct prepositions.

*The politician wants to sit ... the reporter.*

1. during                      2. beside  
3. till                        4. next to  
A) 3, 4                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 4

14. Choose the correct preposition.

*He wrote his will ... 1984.*

- A) up                        B) in                        C) to  
D) on                        E) at

15. Choose the correct preposition.

*There is a picture ... the wall.*

- A) next                      B) from                      C) on  
D) to                        E) since

16. Choose the
- irregular**
- verbs.

1. to choose                      2. to destroy  
3. to prepare                      4. to lend  
A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 4

17. Choose the regular verbs.

1. to count                      2. to create  
3. to put                        4. to say  
A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 4

18. Choose the correct variant.

*Let the detective ..*

- A) coming in                      B) came in  
C) to come in                      D) come in  
E) comes in

19. Choose the correct variant.

*The stewardess made him ... .*

- A) to laugh                      B) laugh                      C) laughing  
D) laughed                      E) laughs

20. Choose the correct variant.

*I saw my schoolmate ... the key in his pocket.*

1. put                        2. putting  
3. to put                      4. puts  
A) 3, 4                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 4

21. Choose the correct variant.

*We expected the chairman ... us for lunch.*

- A) join                        B) joins                      C) is joining  
D) to join                      E) joining

22. Choose the correct variant.

*The police observed him ... the bank.*

- A) enter                        B) enters                      C) entered  
D) to enter                      E) entering

23. Choose the correct verb form.

*... the postman work on Sundays?*

- A) Does                        B) Were                      C) Have  
D) Do                        E) Are

24. Choose the correct verb form.

*The sale ... at eleven o'clock.*

- A) not start                      B) start                      C) not starts  
D) starting                      E) starts

25. Choose the correct variant.

*to do ...*

1. right                        2. coffee  
3. wrong                      4. tea  
A) 1, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3                      E) 3, 4

## Sınaq 6 X sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to forbid
  2. to hurt
  3. to spend
  - a) to cause physical pain to somebody
  - b) to order somebody not to do something
  - c) to pass time
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to lose
  2. to leave
  3. to draw
  - a) to go away from a place
  - b) to be unable to find something
  - c) to make pictures
- A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b                      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. What's the distance between Baku and Lenkoran?
  2. The future's not without hope.
  3. They found the horseman's grave at last.
  4. Maria's hair was the colour of sand.
- A) 1, 4                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3                      E) 3, 4

## 4. Choose the nouns.

1. bonfire
  2. sandy
  3. watchful
  4. explanation
- A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 3

## 5. Choose the correct variant.

- Why do you go by bus?  
-Because it's ... than the train.
- A) cheaper                      B) expensive                      C) fast  
D) dear                      E) economical

## 6. Choose the adjectives.

1. version
  2. curious
  3. expedition
  4. similar
- A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 3

## 7. Choose the correct variant.

- The cave had a ... low roof.*
- A) so                      B) enough                      C) quite  
D) such                      E) very

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

- such ...*
1. a lot of glove puppets
  2. many accurate maps
  3. few frozen lakes
  4. a military ruler
- A) 1, 2                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 4

## 9. Choose the correct preposition for both sentences.

1. *It'll cost ... least 150 dollars.*
  2. *They had to leave ... midnight.*
- A) at                      B) in                      C) with  
D) on                      E) to

## 10. Choose the correct preposition.

- I didn't feel well ... Friday night.*
- A) in                      B) with                      C) since  
D) on                      E) at

## 11. Choose the correct preposition.

- Don't leave her waiting outside ... the rain.*
- A) till                      B) at                      C) in  
D) between                      E) on

## 12. Choose the correct variant.

- Don't worry about ... - I can look after ...*
- A) him, themselves                      B) her, himself  
C) herself, her                      D) me, myself  
E) ourselves, us

13. Choose the correct variant.

*I met a man ... hobby is playing tennis.*

- A) which      B) who      C) whom  
D) whose      E) that

14. Choose the correct variant.

*The landlord has two sisters, ... of them are well off.*

- A) both      B) none      C) no  
D) some      E) every

15. Choose the correct variant.

*The governess made him ... words after her.*

- A) repeat      B) repeated      C) to repeat  
D) repeats      E) repeating

16. Choose the correct variant.

*Don't let him ... you like that.*

- A) criticizing      B) to criticize  
C) criticize      D) criticizes  
E) criticized

17. Choose the correct variant.

*I ... the groom to bring me the stepladder.*

- A) noticed      B) let      C) asked  
D) made      E) saw

18. Choose the correct variant.

*I ... the examiner approach him.*

1. expected      2. saw  
3. recommended      4. noticed  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4

19. Choose the correct variant.

*He heard his father ... on the door and ...*

- A) to knock, to shout      B) knocking, shouting  
C) to knock, shout      D) knock, to shout  
E) knocks, shouting

20. Choose the correct variant.

*Who ... she ... most when she was abroad?*

- A) does, miss      B) did, miss  
C) did, misses      D) do, miss  
E) does, misses

21. Choose the correct tense form.

*The country ... its independence ten years ago.*

- A) gain      B) gained      C) shall gain  
D) gains      E) will gain

22. Choose the correct tense forms.

*They ... for a walk if the weather ... fine.*

- A) went, stay      B) shall go, stays  
C) go, will stay      D) will go, stays  
E) will go, stay

23. Choose the correct variant.

*They ... for hours but didn't ... to any decision.*

- A) talks, comes      B) talk, came  
C) talked, came      D) talk, come  
E) talked, come

24. Choose the correct variant.

*The bill ... not include service.*

- A) do      B) is      C) have  
D) does      E) was

25. Choose the lines of regular verbs.

1. to warn, to tolerate, to put  
2. to ruin, to refer, to cut  
3. to push, to pour, to pollute  
4. to obtain, to limit, to obey

- A) 2, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4

## Sınaq 6 XI sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to assist
2. to deny
3. to increase
- a) to help somebody to do something
- b) to say that something is not true
- c) to become greater in number
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
- B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- D) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to prefer
2. to unite
3. to hate
- a) to join together
- b) to like one thing better than another
- c) to dislike something very much
- A) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- C) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
- D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. The tiger's home is in the jungle.
2. Her birthday's in May.
3. His brother's just lost his job.
4. The girl held her father's hand.
- A) 1, 4
- B) 2, 3
- C) 1, 3
- D) 2, 4
- E) 3, 4

## 4. Choose the correct variant.

*Tom is in a ... mood today, because he has succeeded in his mission.*

1. happy
2. cheerful
3. negative
4. terrible
- A) 1, 4
- B) 1, 3
- C) 1, 2
- D) 3, 4
- E) 2, 4

## 5. Choose the correct variant.

*Thank you for delivering ... marvellous news!*

- A) quite a
- B) a very
- C) such a
- D) so
- E) such

## 6. Choose the correct variant.

1. few strong fortress
2. a few busy ports
3. a few additional resources
4. few entertaining anecdote
- A) 1, 4
- B) 1, 3
- C) 3, 4
- D) 2, 3
- E) 1, 2

## 7. Choose the correct variant.

*-Are there ... traffic lights in the city?*

*-No, only ...*

- A) little, few
- B) much, a few
- C) many, a little
- D) many, a few
- E) much, a little

## 8. Choose the correct pronouns.

*The applicant ... we interviewed yesterday is suitable for the vacancy.*

1. whose
2. which
3. whom
4. that
- A) 1, 2
- B) 1, 3
- C) 1, 4
- D) 2, 4
- E) 3, 4

## 9. Choose the correct pronoun.

*No ... university in the world has achieved this so far.*

- A) another
- B) other
- C) the other
- D) every
- E) others

## 10. Choose the correct pronouns.

*... of our hostels are located in the rural areas.*

1. Most
2. Every
3. Each
4. Some
- A) 1, 4
- B) 1, 3
- C) 1, 2
- D) 3, 4
- E) 2, 4

## 11. Choose the correct variant.

*Is there ... honey left in the bottom of the jar?*

- A) any
- B) anything
- C) no
- D) neither
- E) some

## 12. Choose the correct variant.

*The veteran left ... Spain early this morning.*

1. -
2. from
3. in
4. for
- A) 1, 2
- B) 1, 3
- C) 1, 4
- D) 2, 4
- E) 3, 4



13. Choose the correct prepositions.

*The headmistress usually goes ... holiday ... summer.*

- A) on, on                      B) to, in                      C) to, at  
D) for, on                      E) on, in

14. Choose the correct variant.

*Send me a postcard when you ... Russia.*

1. arrive at                      2. get to  
3. visit to                      4. reach  
A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4                      E) 1, 2

15. Choose the correct sentences.

1. He expected them to fix a time for the meeting.  
2. We asked the manager reward him for helping us.  
3. I saw him loading his gun with bullets.  
4. They let me to announce the results of the exam.

- A) 1, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 3                      E) 2, 4

16. Choose the correct variant.

*I asked him ...*

- A) to let me to recall the ambassador  
B) let me recall the ambassador  
C) to let me recall the ambassador  
D) let me recalling the ambassador  
E) to let me recalled the ambassador

17. Choose the correct variant

*She allowed me ... her book.*

- A) borrowed                      B) to borrow                      C) borrow  
D) borrows                      E) borrowing

18. Choose the correct variant.

*I ... the schoolboys to help the granny.*

1. told                      2. saw  
3. asked                      4. noticed  
A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4                      E) 1, 2

19. Choose the correct tense forms.

*She ... at her desk when the telephone ...*

- A) sat, had rung                      B) is sitting, ring  
C) sat, is ringing                      D) was sitting, rang  
E) has been sitting, rang

20. Choose the correct tense forms.

*Her mood ... as soon as she ... the letter.*

1. changed, opened  
2. will change, opens  
3. has changed, opened  
4. changes, will open  
A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4                      E) 1, 2

21. Choose the correct tense forms.

*If they ... him the job, he ... it immediately.*

- A) will offer, take                      B) offers, shall take  
C) will offer, takes                      D) offer, will take  
E) offered, has taken

22. Choose the correct tense forms.

*He ... a lot taller since I last ... him.*

- A) grew, saw                      B) grew, had seen  
C) has grown, saw                      D) will grow, saw  
E) grows, see

23. Choose the correct variant.

*-Have you finished your maths homework?*

*-Yes, I ... it an hour ago.*

- A) have finished                      B) finished  
C) will finish                      D) finish  
E) had finished

24. Choose the correct tense forms.

*We ... last week, but ... a reply yet.*

- A) have written, haven't had  
B) wrote, didn't have  
C) wrote, haven't had  
D) had written, hadn't had  
E) wrote, had

25. Choose the correct variant.

*They said that they ... the offer.*

1. had accepted                      2. accept  
3. will accept                      4. would accept  
A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 3                      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 4

## Sınaq 7 IX sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to sing
2. to lose
3. to leave
- a) to make musical sounds
- b) to go away from a place
- c) to be unable to find something
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to burn
2. to hit
3. to ring
- a) to telephone somebody
- b) to produce flames and heat
- c) to strike
- A) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b      B) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- C) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c      D) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a
- E) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. You shouldn't destroy the children's hope.
2. She's going on an excursion tomorrow.
3. Mike's interest in crafts makes him busy.
4. Yesterdays' weather was dreadful.
- A) 2, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 1, 3
- D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

## 4. Choose the nouns.

1. history
2. incorrect
3. kingdom
4. lifeless
- A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2
- D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 5. Choose the correct variant.

- more ...*
1. mild
  2. popular
  3. noble
  4. sociable
  - A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2
  - D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 6. Choose the adjectives.

1. violent
2. movement
3. agreement
4. indifferent
- A) 1, 4      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2
- D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4

## 7. Choose the correct variant.

- a few ...*
1. airports
  2. carriages
  3. fisherman
  4. movie
  - A) 1, 2      B) 2, 4      C) 3, 4
  - D) 1, 3      E) 1, 4

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

- ... nests*
1. a lot of
  2. many
  3. a little
  4. much
  - A) 1, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2
  - D) 1, 4      E) 2, 3

## 9. Choose the correct variant.

- The hairdresser cut her hair too short.*
- A) She, it
  - B) She, her
  - C) He, her
  - D) He, them
  - E) They, it

## 10. Choose the correct variant.

- ... his tales*
1. each
  2. some
  3. all
  4. both
  - A) 1, 2      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 3
  - D) 1, 4      E) 3, 4

## 11. Choose the correct variant.

- Give me ... magazines on the table over there.*
- A) those
  - B) these
  - C) theirs
  - D) this
  - E) that

## 12. Choose the correct variant.

- A butterfly is an insect ... has beautiful wings.*
- A) what
  - B) that
  - C) whom
  - D) who
  - E) whose

13. Choose the correct prepositions.

1. *I'll be with you ... a minute.*

2. *The patient may sit ... an armchair.*

- A) on                      B) at                      C) in  
D) during                E) till

14. Choose the correct preposition.

*It is traditional to plant a tree ... Novruz.*

- A) at                      B) in                      C) to  
D) on                      E) up

15. Choose the correct prepositions.

*He works ... night and sleeps ... the day.*

- A) in, in                      B) on, since                      C) at, till  
D) during, until            E) at, during

16. Choose the **irregular** verbs.

1. to hang                      2. to hire  
3. to hide                      4. to hurry  
A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 3                      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 4

17. Choose the regular verbs.

1. to suit                      2. to survive  
3. to spend                      4. to sell  
A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3                      E) 1, 4

18. Choose the correct variant.

*Her cries made the neighbours ... to her.*

- A) ran                      B) runs                      C) running  
D) run                      E) to run

19. Choose the correct variant.

*Let the judge ... the issue.*

- A) to decide                      B) deciding                      C) decides  
D) decide                      E) decided

20. Choose the correct variant.

*How silly of me to expect them ... !*

- A) help                      B) helps                      C) helping  
D) helped                      E) to help

21. Choose the correct variant.

*Did you hear anyone ... loudly?*

1. shout                      2. to shout  
3. shouting                      4. shouts  
A) 3, 4                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 1, 2                      E) 1, 4

22. Choose the correct variant.

*I saw him ... the potatoes.*

- A) peeled                      B) to peel                      C) peels  
D) peel                      E) was peeling

23. Choose the correct verb form.

*How much ... those earrings cost?*

- A) does                      B) do                      C) has  
D) is                      E) are

24. Choose the correct tense form.

*He ... when he ... a game.*

- A) complain, lose                      B) complains, loses  
C) complain, loses                      D) complains, lose  
E) complained, lose

25. Choose the correct variant.

*to make ...*

1. a noise                      2. shopping  
3. wrong                      4. money  
A) 1, 4                      B) 1, 2                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3                      E) 3, 4

## Sınaq 7 X sinif

## 1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to feed
2. to shrink
3. to hold
- a) to become smaller
- b) to carry something
- c) to give food

- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                      D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

## 2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to weep
2. to spring
3. to forbid
- a) to cry, usually because you are sad
- b) to move suddenly and violently
- c) to order somebody not to do something

- A) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c                      B) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b                      D) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c  
E) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b

## 3. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. Yesterday's meeting was held at their new office.
  2. His father's repairing his car now.
  3. Jane's earring dropped while walking in the park.
  4. Our company's building a big hotel.
- A) 1, 4                      B) 2, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 3                      E) 3, 4

## 4. Choose the nouns.

1. delegation
  2. distant
  3. departure
  4. divorced
- A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 3

## 5. Choose the wrong variant.

- He's the most ... man I've ever met.*  
A) handsome                      B) competent  
C) young                          D) dangerous  
E) attractive

## 6. Choose the adjectives.

1. examinee
  2. expense
  3. exhausted
  4. exact
- A) 2, 4                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 3

## 7. Choose the correct variant.

*She has ... a well-balanced diet.*

- A) so                          B) enough                      C) too  
D) such                      E) very

## 8. Choose the correct variant.

*such ...*

1. a worried expression
  2. a lot of reliable sources
  3. few rusty chains
  4. many commercial debts
- A) 1, 4                      B) 3, 4                      C) 1, 3  
D) 2, 4                      E) 1, 2

## 9. Choose the correct preposition for both sentences.

1. All eyes were on him as he walked ... the stage.
  2. The eyewitness will come ... foot.
- A) on                          B) in                          C) with  
D) at                          E) by

## 10. Choose the correct prepositions.

*We are hoping ... good weather ... Sunday.*

- A) of, in                      B) in, for                      C) in, from  
D) for, on                      E) for, at

## 11. Choose the correct prepositions.

*We had a walk ... dinner.*

1. opposite
  2. after
  3. before
  4. under
- A) 1, 3                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4                      E) 2, 3

## 12. Choose the correct variant.

*Joseph visited some ... countries and finally wrote a book.*

- A) other                      B) the others                      C) another  
D) every                      E) others

13. Choose the correct variant.

*He is a boy ... desire is to become a medical student.*

- A) which      B) who      C) whom  
D) that      E) whose

14. Choose the correct variant.

*... regards ... as a patriot.*

1. He, yourself      2. He, himself  
3. She, herself      4. She, itself  
A) 1, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 2, 4

15. Choose the correct variant.

*I never expected them ... everything.*

- A) restores      B) restoring      C) restore  
D) to restore      E) restored

16. Choose the correct variant.

*Let the students ... what is in the box.*

- A) guessing      B) to guess      C) guess  
D) guessed      E) are guessing

17. Choose the correct variant.

*The general ... the troops to advance.*

- A) saw      B) made      C) ordered  
D) let      E) noticed

18. Choose the correct variant.

*The warden ... them whispering to each other.*

1. noticed      2. saw  
3. let      4. wanted  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4

19. Choose the correct variant.

*The soccer coach encouraged the boys ... hard and ...*

- A) to play, to win      B) to play, win  
C) play, win      D) play, to win  
E) playing, winning

20. Choose the correct variant.

*When ... the Romans ... Britain?*

- A) does, invade      B) did, invade  
C) did, invaded      D) do, invades  
E) does, invades

21. Choose the correct tense form.

*Tim Berners-Lee ... the World Wide Web in 1989.*

- A) invented      B) shall invent  
C) invent      D) invents  
E) will invent

22. Choose the correct tense forms.

*If she ..., I ... ahead.*

- A) doesn't agrees, won't go  
B) doesn't agree, won't go  
C) will agree, go  
D) will agree, will go  
E) don't agree, won't go

23. Choose the correct variant.

*I ... her in the street but we didn't ...*

- A) saw, speak      B) see, spoke  
C) saw, spoke      D) sees, speaks  
E) sees, speak

24. Choose the correct variant.

*She ... not blame anyone for her father's death.*

- A) does      B) were      C) have  
D) is      E) do

25. Choose the lines of regular verbs.

1. to engage, to exchange, to export  
2. to define, to delete, to demand  
3. to bleed, to brush, to break  
4. to come, to claim, to calculate  
A) 2, 4      B) 1, 2      C) 3, 4  
D) 2, 3      E) 1, 4

## Ümumi sınaq 1 I Qrup

1. Choose the correct variant.

*Do you know ... ?*

- A) how can I get it  
B) what did he say  
C) how much this will cost  
D) where is she  
E) what did happen to him

2. Choose the correct variant.

*The causes of the accident ... investigated by the inspector:*

1. was                      2. have been  
3. has been              4. were  
A) 1, 2                  B) 1, 3                  C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 4                  E) 3, 4

3. Make up a dialogue.

1. I can't say it was the best I've ever seen.  
2. Certainly not. Do not waste your time.  
3. Then you wouldn't recommend it, would you?  
4. How did you like the movie you saw last night?  
A) 1, 3, 2, 4                  B) 4, 2, 1, 3  
C) 1, 4, 2, 3                  D) 2, 4, 3, 1  
E) 4, 1, 3, 2

4. Choose the correct variant.

*Judges must be ... and ...*

- A) courageous, greedy      B) cowardly, serious  
C) cruel, cultured              D) nervous, brave  
E) just, honourable

5. Choose the correct variant.

*He ... that the police ... his stolen car.*

1. hopes, will find              2. hoped, will find  
3. hopes, has found              4. hoped, would find  
A) 1, 2                  B) 1, 3                  C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 4                  E) 3, 4

6. How many modal verbs are correct?

*He has hurt his leg that's why he ... play football.*

1. hasn't to                  2. shouldn't                  3. ought to  
4. can't                      5. mustn't  
A) 3                  B) 5                  C) 4                  D) 1                  E) 2

7. Choose the correct variant.

*Linda read the story, ... she?*

- A) doesn't                  B) don't                  C) didn't  
D) isn't                      E) does

8. Choose the correct prepositions.

*The Parkers went ... car but their children went ... foot.*

- A) on, with                  B) in, by                  C) by, on  
D) with, at                  E) with, by

9. Choose the correct variant.

*What could make Dominic ... so early?*

- A) gets up                  B) get up                  C) got up  
D) to get up                  E) getting up

10. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to flourish  
2. to glance  
3. to mention  
a) to write or speak about something or somebody  
b) to look quickly at something or somebody  
c) to develop quickly and be successful  
A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                  B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c                  D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b

11. Which sentences
- can't**
- be changed into the Passive Voice?

1. Somebody has stolen my bike.  
2. I slept very badly last night.  
3. Women live longer than men.  
4. He typed the document quickly.  
A) 1, 2                  B) 3, 4                  C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 3                  E) 2, 4

12. What is the purpose of the letter?

*Dear Mr. Goodwill,*

*We are truly sorry about the document that you requested two weeks ago. We simply want to send this brief note to apologize. We have decided to return all the money that you have paid for our services. Please, accept our more sincere apology.*

*A cordial greeting,**Mr. Smith*

- A) to thank                  B) to congratulate  
C) to invite                  D) to apologize  
E) to criticize

13. Choose the nouns in the singular.

- |         |          |         |
|---------|----------|---------|
| 1. rice | 2. mice  |         |
| 3. lice | 4. price |         |
| A) 2, 3 | B) 1, 4  | C) 1, 2 |
| D) 3, 4 | E) 1, 3  |         |

14. Choose the correct translation.

*İlk Avropa Oyunları 2015-ci ildə Bakıda keçiriləcək.*

- A) The first European Games have been held since 2015.  
 B) The first European Games will be held in Baku in 2015.  
 C) Baku 2015 European Games have been held since 2015.  
 D) The first European Games were held in Baku in 2015.  
 E) Baku 2015 European Games will be held in 2015.

15. Choose the correct conjunction.

*He can't speak ... a throat infection.*

- A) because of    B) but    C) although  
 D) because    E) so

16. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How much money we did spend?  
 B) How much money we spent?  
 C) How much money did we spend?  
 D) How much money spent we?  
 E) How many moneys did we spend?

17. Make up a sentence.

- |                     |                     |         |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------|
| 1. thinks           | 2. don't            | 3. care |
| 4. I                | 5. he               | 6. what |
| A) 2, 3, 6, 5, 1, 4 | B) 5, 1, 6, 3, 4, 2 |         |
| C) 6, 4, 2, 3, 1, 5 | D) 4, 2, 3, 6, 5, 1 |         |
| E) 5, 2, 3, 6, 4, 1 |                     |         |

18. Choose the correct pronouns.

*Be careful or you might hurt ...*

- |             |                    |
|-------------|--------------------|
| 1. himself  | 2. yourselves      |
| 3. yourself | 4. herself         |
| A) 2, 4     | B) 2, 3    C) 3, 4 |
| D) 1, 4     | E) 1, 2            |

19. Make up a story.

- After one of the tricks the woman shouted out, "How did you do that?"
  - The magician replied, "I could tell you, madam,
  - "Okay, then tell my husband how you did it."
  - The woman thought for a few seconds and then shouted back,
  - While on holiday in Las Vegas a couple went to see a magic show.
  - but if I did then I would have to kill you."
- A) 5, 4, 3, 1, 2, 6    B) 5, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6  
 C) 1, 2, 6, 5, 4, 3    D) 4, 3, 5, 1, 2, 6  
 E) 5, 1, 2, 6, 4, 3

20. Choose the logically correct variant.

*It is good ...*

- A) to be unkind  
 B) to eat too much sugar  
 C) to waste food  
 D) to break the rules  
 E) to follow the rules

güvənneşriyyatı

**Read the passage and answer questions 21-25.**

*There are different kinds of contests: sports, art, music, etc. Eurovision is one of them. The aim of the Eurovision Contest is to show pop music of different countries. The Eurovision Contest takes place in May every year.*

*In 2008 Azerbaijan joined this song contest for the first time. It was the first performance of Azerbaijani singers in the history of Eurovision. The song "Day after Day" brought a great fame to Azerbaijan. In 2012 Azerbaijan opened its doors to Eurovision. It was the 57th Annual of Eurovision Song Contest. The musicians from 42 countries performed their great shows in magnificent newly constructed Crystal Hall.*

21. The passage is mainly about...

- A) the Eurovision Contest  
 B) the song "Day after Day"  
 C) Crystal Hall  
 D) different kinds of contests  
 E) Azerbaijani singers



22. Which word in the passage has the meaning "to make something such as a road, building or machine"?

- A) to take place      B) to perform  
C) to construct      D) to show  
E) to join

23. Choose the correct statement.

- A) The first Eurovision Contest took place in 2008.  
B) The song "Day after Day" was performed in 2012.  
C) There is only one type of song contest.  
D) Eurovision is one of the sports contests.  
E) The Eurovision Contest is held in May every year.

24. Choose the wrong statements.

1. 2008 Eurovision song contest was held in Azerbaijan.  
2. The song "Day after Day" was performed by Azerbaijani singers.  
3. Azerbaijan joined the Eurovision Contest for the first time in 2008.  
4. Crystal Hall was constructed for the Eurovision Contest.  
5. The aim of Eurovision is to show different kinds of contests.  
A) 4, 5      B) 1, 5      C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 2, 3      E) 1, 2, 5

25. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?

- A) When did Azerbaijan participate in the Eurovision Contest for the first time?  
B) What is the aim of the Eurovision Contest?  
C) During which month is the contest held?  
D) Which song was performed by Azerbaijani singers in the contest for the first time?  
E) Who were Azerbaijani winners in the contest?

## Ümumi sınaq 1 II-III Qrup

1. Match the words with the same meaning.

1. to resist, to respond  
2. to agree, to consent  
3. to trust, to warn  
4. to match, to rely  
5. to dedicate, to devote

- A) 2, 3      B) 1, 5      C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4      E) 2, 5

2. Choose the correct variant.

*All details of the crime ... sent to the court.*

1. were      2. was  
3. has been      4. will be

- A) 1, 2      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 4  
D) 2, 4      E) 3, 4

3. Complete the dialogue.

-It's such a nice day.

- ...

-It looks like it may rain soon.

- ...

-Why is that?

- ...

-Me too. It always smells so fresh after it rains.

1. Yes, and I hope that it does.

2. I really love how rain clears the air.

3. Yes, it is.

- A) 3, 2, 1      B) 2, 3, 1      C) 1, 2, 3  
D) 3, 1, 2      E) 1, 3, 2

4. Choose the correct variant.

*The storm continued for ... days, but fortunately there wasn't ... damage in the city.*

- A) lots, few      B) several, a lot  
C) only a few, a little      D) a little, much  
E) a few, much

5. Choose the correct tense form.

*Mary said she ... for five hours.*

- A) works      B) has been working  
C) is working      D) had been working  
E) has worked

6. Choose the correct variant.  
*I ... come to the party because I ... go to work.*  
 1. have to, needn't to      2. haven't to, must  
 3. couldn't, had to      4. can't, have to  
 A) 2, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 3, 4  
 D) 1, 2      E) 1, 3
7. "I'm looking after my little brother" means "..."  
 A) My little brother will do his best.  
 B) I'm looking for my little brother.  
 C) Looking at my little brother is a difficult task.  
 D) I'm taking care of my little brother.  
 E) I need someone to help me with my little brother.
8. Choose the correct prepositions.  
*... some cities you don't feel safe going ... alone ... night.*  
 A) In, in, in      B) In, out, at  
 C) At, to, during      D) Into, with, on  
 E) On, towards, till
9. Choose the correct variant.  
*Jackson was ... his composition again.*  
 A) made to rewrite      B) heard rewrite  
 C) asked rewriting      D) seen rewrite  
 E) made rewrite
10. Choose the **wrong** definitions.  
 1. to decorate – to make something look more attractive by putting things on it  
 2. to injure – to take something to a person or place  
 3. to appoint – to give someone a position or duty  
 4. to declare – to win a victory over in a contest  
 A) 2, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 1, 4  
 D) 2, 3      E) 3, 4
11. Change the sentence into Passive.  
*Michael has looked after his parents since they got ill.*  
 A) Michael's parents had been looked after since they got ill.  
 B) Michael has been looked after his parents since they got ill.  
 C) Michael's parents have been looked after since they got ill.  
 D) Michael's parents have looked after since they got ill.  
 E) Michael's parents has been looked after since they got ill.

12. What is the purpose of the letter?  
*Dear John,*  
*Thank you for taking the time to come to our company to meet our interview team. This letter is to let you know that we have selected another candidate. While you were not selected for the current opening, the interview team did not make this decision lightly.*  
*We wish you both personal and professional success in your job search and in the future.*  
*Regards,*  
*Tom Brown*  
 A) to turn down the job application  
 B) to apply for a job  
 C) to invite for the interview  
 D) to thank for the selected candidate  
 E) to wish success in job search
13. Choose the correct variant.  
*Those are the bridges ... recently.*  
 1. which have built  
 2. that has been built  
 3. we have built  
 4. built  
 A) 2, 3      B) 3, 4      C) 1, 2      D) 1, 3      E) 2, 4
14. Choose the correct translation.  
*Bakı 2015 Oyunlarının biletləri mart ayının 20-dən açıq satışa buraxılıb.*  
 A) Baku 2015 Games tickets have been released for public sale since 20 March.  
 B) Baku 2015 Games tickets will be released for public sale on 20 March.  
 C) Baku 2015 Games tickets will be released for public sale before 20 March.  
 D) Baku 2015 Games tickets are released for public sale on 20 March.  
 E) Baku 2015 Games tickets were released for public sale on 20 March.
15. Choose the correct conjunction.  
*... he promised faithfully to come, I still didn't think he would.*  
 A) If      B) Because      C) As  
 D) Since      E) Although
16. Choose the correct variant.  
*You don't have to go so soon, ... ?*  
 A) do you      B) have you  
 C) don't you      D) haven't you  
 E) are you

17. Make up a sentence.

- |                        |                        |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| 1. the best            | 2. is to do things     |
| 3. in time             | 4. to save time        |
| 5. one of              | 6. ways                |
| 7. right               |                        |
| A) 5, 1, 6, 4, 2, 7, 3 | B) 1, 3, 5, 4, 2, 7, 6 |
| C) 5, 2, 6, 7, 1, 3, 4 | D) 2, 3, 6, 4, 1, 7, 5 |
| E) 4, 2, 7, 3, 5, 1, 6 |                        |

18. Choose the correct pronouns.

*A baby learns the meaning of words as ... are spoken, and later uses ... in sentences.*

- |                     |                |
|---------------------|----------------|
| A) its, them        | B) their, they |
| C) they, themselves | D) they, them  |
| E) they, its        |                |

19. Make up a story.

1. The doctor says, "The good news is, you have 24 hours to live."
  2. The man replies, "Oh no! If that's the good news, then what's the bad news?"
  3. The doctor says, "I have some good news and some bad news."
  4. A man receives a phone call from his doctor.
  5. The man says, "OK, give me the good news first."
  6. The doctor says, "The bad news is, I forgot to call you yesterday."
- |                     |                     |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| A) 4, 1, 2, 3, 5, 6 | B) 4, 3, 5, 1, 2, 6 |
| C) 3, 5, 1, 4, 6, 2 | D) 3, 5, 4, 6, 2, 1 |
| E) 4, 3, 2, 1, 5, 6 |                     |

20. Choose the correct sentences with the noun in the Possessive Case.

1. My father was at Adam's party.
  2. Norman's and Brown's house is big enough.
  3. The meeting was held at the Smith's.
  4. You can contact either Tom's or Jane's parents.
- |         |         |         |
|---------|---------|---------|
| A) 3, 4 | B) 1, 4 | C) 2, 3 |
| D) 1, 3 | E) 1, 2 |         |

Read the passage and answer questions 21-25.

*Generous people care more about others than they do about money. They enjoy the pleasures of giving. The highest form of giving is unconditional giving. That is, giving anonymously, in secret. Like a healthy diet, generosity is good for us. It increases our life satisfaction.*

*Some people believe money brings happiness. Money can bring happiness, but only if we share it with others. So it appears we have to love our neighbour more than ourselves. It is the formula for happiness.*

*Generous people are grateful for what they have. And generous people also discover that the more they give, the less they need.*

21. The passage is mainly about...

- |                                   |
|-----------------------------------|
| A) happiness                      |
| B) pleasures of life              |
| C) generosity and generous people |
| D) our life satisfaction          |
| E) a healthy diet                 |

22. Which word in the passage has the meaning "to find out about something"?

- |             |                |            |
|-------------|----------------|------------|
| A) to enjoy | B) to appear   | C) to care |
| D) to love  | E) to discover |            |

23. Choose the correct variant.

- |   |
|---|
| A) Money can never bring us happiness.          |
| B) Unconditional giving makes people happy.     |
| C) A diet spoils people's health.               |
| D) Generosity is opposite to life satisfaction. |
| E) It is good to help others in public.         |

24. According to the passage, ....

- |   |
|---|
| A) there is no formula for happiness.                 |
| B) generous people are afraid of giving.              |
| C) we should love our neighbours more than ourselves. |
| D) generous people are not thankful.                  |
| E) generous people give less but need more.           |

25. The underlined pronoun "it" in the passage refers to ... .

- |               |             |
|---------------|-------------|
| A) formula    | B) pleasure |
| C) happiness  | D) money    |
| E) generosity |             |

## Ümumi sınaq 2 I Qrup

- Choose the correct tense forms.  
*By the time the police..., the thieves ... the stolen money.*  
A) arrives, had hidden  
B) arrives, has hidden  
C) arrive, hid  
D) arrived, have hidden  
E) arrived, had hidden
- Choose the correct pronouns.  
*They decided to buy the house because ... place would allow ... to get to work very easily.*  
A) its, their  
B) their, they  
C) it, themselves  
D) they, its  
E) its, them
- Choose the correct prepositions.  
*Father leaves ... home ... 7 o'clock so that he can be in his office ... 8.*  
A) from, till, at  
B) for, at, during  
C) -, at, at  
D) at, at, at  
E) -, from, to
- Choose the correct variant.  
*We watched the soldiers ... along the street.*  
A) are marching  
B) marching  
C) marched  
D) marches  
E) to march
- Choose the correct variant.  
*Count yourself ... that you still have a job.*  
A) stupid  
B) foolish  
C) dead  
D) lucky  
E) unhappy
- Choose the correct variant.  
*All products of this company ... sold all over the world.*  
1. are  
2. is  
3. will be  
4. has been  
A) 2, 4  
B) 1, 3  
C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 3  
E) 3, 4

- Choose the correct variant.  
*I asked her what her name was ... she made no reply.*  
A) but  
B) because  
C) as  
D) though  
E) whether
- Match the words to their definitions.  
1. to permit  
2. to precede  
3. to promise  
a) to come before something in order  
b) to allow somebody to do something  
c) to tell somebody that you will definitely do or not do something  
A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a  
B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c  
C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b  
D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b  
E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c
- Choose the sentences in the Passive Voice.  
1. They were both raised in the village.  
2. We discussed two questions raised by the company.  
3. All the money raised will help us to open new facilities.  
4. It is hoped that over \$10 000 will be raised.  
A) 2, 4  
B) 1, 2  
C) 3, 4  
D) 1, 4  
E) 2, 3
- Choose the correct variant.  
*You think you're so tough, ...*  
A) have you?  
B) won't you?  
C) do you?  
D) are you?  
E) don't you?
- Make up a sentence.  
1. what  
2. saying  
3. pay  
4. he  
5. is  
6. attention  
7. to  
A) 4, 3, 6, 7, 1, 5, 2  
B) 3, 6, 7, 1, 4, 5, 2  
C) 1, 5, 4, 2, 3, 6, 7  
D) 3, 6, 7, 1, 5, 4, 2  
E) 1, 4, 5, 2, 7, 3, 6

12. What is the purpose of the letter?

*Dear Prof. and Mrs. Miller,  
My family and I would like to invite you to spend the Fourth of July holiday at our summer house on the ocean. Our house is near the beach and you will be free to swim and walk along the shore.*

*We'll meet you at the airport and take care of all your transportation. We are looking forward to seeing you.*

*Cordially,  
Susan Nelson*

- A) to thank for the invitation
- B) to inform about the summer house
- C) to invite to spend the holiday together
- D) to ask for Mrs. Miller's advice
- E) to offer the transportation service

13. Choose the sentences with the correct form of the Possessive Case of Nouns.

- 1. Tom's applied to join an army.
  - 2. Take more than five minutes' break.
  - 3. I stayed three nights at my cousin's.
  - 4. My sister's coming to stay next week.
- A) 1, 2      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 3

14. Choose the correct translation.

*Oyun gözlədiyimizdən daha çox maraqlı idi.*

- A) As we had expected, the play was very interesting.
- B) We hadn't expected the play to be so interesting.
- C) We were hoping that the play would be more interesting.
- D) The play was much more interesting than we had expected.
- E) We hope the play will be more interesting.

15. Complete the dialogue.

*Mr. Jackson: That first job of mine in the bank was terribly boring.*

*Interviewer: ...*

*Mr. Jackson: True, but each month seemed like a year.*

- A) My first job was pretty dull too.
- B) Why was that?
- C) But you will soon move on to a better job.
- D) Yes, but you were there only for a few months.
- E) Was work difficult to get then?

16. Choose the correct modal verb.

*You ... to lie to me. I know the truth.*

- A) haven't    B) don't have    C) must
- D) can        E) could

17. Choose the compound nouns.

- 1. newcomer      2. occupant
  - 3. citizenship    4. wildlife
  - 5. humanism      6. shipbuilding
- A) 1, 4, 6      B) 2, 3, 4      C) 1, 3, 6  
D) 2, 3, 5      E) 3, 4, 6

18. Choose the correct variant.

*A landlady is a woman from ... you rent a room.*

- A) whom      B) which      C) that
- D) what      E) whose

19. Make up a story.

- 1. So he went for a walk beside the lake.
  - 2. "I am drinking duck soup", he replied.
  - 3. "Hey, what are you doing there?" asked a man.
  - 4. Ducks were swimming in the lake.
  - 5. Tom had nothing to eat in his house.
  - 6. Then he began to drink the water of the lake.
- A) 5, 6, 4, 1, 3, 2      B) 3, 2, 4, 5, 6, 1  
C) 4, 5, 6, 1, 3, 2      D) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5, 6  
E) 5, 1, 4, 6, 3, 2

20. Choose the logically correct variant.

*We shouldn't ...*

- 1. reduce air pollution.
  - 2. protect environment.
  - 3. throw rubbish into water.
  - 4. kill the animals.
- A) 2, 3      B) 1, 2      C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 3

## Read the passage and answer questions 21-25.

*Bicycling in America has been growing at an amazing rate. Bicycles used to be sold to parents for their children. Now those same parents are buying them for themselves, as well as for their children. And grandparents are cycling, too. Moreover, people don't simply cycle for fun and for the exercise. Many young executives ride bikes to work as an alternative to adding to the pollution of cities, and to fighting traffic jams, while college and high school students find bikes an economical alternative to cars or buses.*

21. The passage is mainly about...  
A) bicycles for children  
B) bicycling in America  
C) how to find bikes  
D) the bikes polluting cities  
E) traffic jams caused by bicycles
22. Which word in the passage has the meaning "to increase in number"?  
A) to grow      B) to cycle      C) to fight  
D) to sell      E) to buy
23. Choose the correct statement.  
*Cycling is also a hobby that ...*  
A) attracts fewer and fewer people.  
B) is getting increasingly more expensive.  
C) the whole family can enjoy.  
D) has a high-accident rate.  
E) only attracts the young.
24. Choose the **wrong** variant.  
1. Different people have different reasons for preferring a bicycle to a car.  
2. A lot of parents are borrowing their children's bicycles.  
3. Cycling is fun in the country but not in a city.  
4. More and more people of all ages are now using bicycles.  
A) 1, 2      B) 2, 4      C) 1, 3  
D) 3, 4      E) 2, 3
25. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?  
A) For whom would the parents buy the bicycles?  
B) Who uses bikes as an alternative to fighting traffic jams?  
C) Who can no longer afford a new bicycle?  
D) For what purposes are the bikes used?  
E) Who finds bikes an economical alternative to cars?

## Ümumi sınaq 2 II-III Qrup

1. Choose the correct tense forms.  
*As soon as I ... the front door I ... that I ... my key in the house.*  
A) shut, realise, was leaving  
B) shut, realised, had left  
C) have shut, realised, have left  
D) shut, realise, left  
E) had shut, realised, leave
2. Choose the correct variant.  
*... Alex was the eldest child, he had to take care of the family after the death of her father.*  
A) What      B) Why      C) Though  
D) As      E) Which
3. Choose the correct sentences.  
1. Why they didn't come today aren't quite clear.  
2. Swimming in heated pools is very common in winter.  
3. The large companies in our area need a cheap source of labour.  
4. The number of people who own cars are increasing.  
A) 3, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4      E) 1, 4
4. Choose the correct variant.  
*We saw him ... a bunch of flowers in front of her grave.*  
A) laying      B) lied      C) lying  
D) to lay      E) was laying
5. Choose the correct variant.  
*These tests help us to measure students' achievement, ...*  
A) have they?      B) doesn't it?  
C) do they?      D) does it?  
E) don't they?



6. Choose the correct variant.  
... candidates were called, but only .... were chosen.

A) Only a few, many  
B) So many, few  
C) Too many, a few  
D) Many more, a little  
E) Too many, few

7. Choose the logically correct variant.  
*The dessert was so delicious that ...*  
1. we complained to the manager about it.  
2. there was none left.  
3. neither of us could eat it.  
4. we ordered it twice.  
A) 3, 4      B) 2, 3      C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 4      E) 1, 3

8. Choose the correct variant.  
*You shouldn't tell her your personal problems. She isn't ... at all.*  
1. rude      2. cruel  
3. honest      4. reliable  
A) 1, 4      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2

9. Choose the correct prepositions.  
*He was very good ... us when we were ... trouble.*  
A) with, at      B) at, of      C) for, on  
D) to, in      E) on, with

10. Choose the correct pronouns.  
*Why don't you want your friend to pour ... a glass of tea?*  
1. himself      2. myself      3. herself  
4. yourself      5. yourselves  
A) 4, 5      B) 1, 3      C) 2, 4, 5  
D) 3, 4      E) 1, 2, 3

11. Which of the sentences can be changed into the Passive Voice?  
1. He has changed a lot over the past ten years.  
2. This book changed my life.  
3. The expression on his face never changed.  
4. She had to accept that her life had changed forever.  
5. These events changed the course of history.  
A) 2, 5      B) 2, 4, 5      C) 1, 4  
D) 3, 5      E) 1, 3, 4

12. What is the purpose of the letter?

*Dear Mr Orwell,*

*I am sending you my resume in response to your announcement of a customer manager. I discovered the advertisement on your website and found the position to be an excellent fit with my background and experience.*

*I look forward to talking with you soon regarding this opportunity.*

*Sincerely,  
Albert Camus*

A) to ask for more information  
B) to invite for the interview  
C) to ask for a job  
D) to reject a proposal  
E) to offer a job vacancy

13. Make up a story.

1. "Tom, I heard somebody walking on the roof.  
2. If he finds it, it will be easier to take it from his hands."  
3. One night Tom's wife said:  
4. But Tom didn't care about it.  
5. "First let him find something to steal.  
6. I am sure that it's a thief who wants to enter the house."  
A) 3, 5, 6, 4, 1, 2      B) 3, 4, 1, 2, 5, 6  
C) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5, 6      D) 3, 5, 2, 4, 1, 6  
E) 3, 1, 6, 4, 5, 2

14. Choose the correct translation.

*Bəziləri iclasa tam vaxtında gəldilər, ancaq, təəssüf ki, mən gecikdim.*

A) I was sorry to arrive late as the meeting began just on time.  
B) Actually the meeting began late as most of us couldn't get there on time.  
C) Some of them got to the meeting just on time but unfortunately I was late.  
D) I arrived just as the meeting was beginning and so did several others.  
E) It was a pity that some people arrived late, for the meeting began just on time.



15. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to rob
2. to rub
3. to rot
- a) to clean by the application of pressure
- b) to steal money from a person
- c) to decay naturally and gradually
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
- B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
- D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

16. Choose the correct modal verb.

*I ... worry about it any more.*

- A) have to      B) haven't to      C) ought to  
D) must      E) don't have to

17. Make up a sentence.

1. spent
2. yesterday
3. me
4. gave
5. the money
6. I've
7. you
- A) 2, 7, 4, 5, 3, 6, 1
- B) 6, 1, 5, 2, 7, 4, 3
- C) 6, 1, 5, 7, 4, 3, 2
- D) 2, 6, 1, 5, 7, 4, 3
- E) 7, 4, 5, 3, 6, 1, 2

18. Complete the dialogue.

*James: Do you know where I can hire a car?*

*Mark: ...*

*James: I'd really appreciate that. Are you sure you don't need it?*

*Mark: No, I don't need it before next week.*

- A) Hiring a car is expensive. Why don't you borrow my car?  
B) Well, there are lots of car rental agencies. You can find their phone numbers in the yellow pages.  
C) Sorry, I have no idea about where you can hire a car.  
D) I think, you'd better take a taxi.  
E) There is a car rental agency at the end of this street on your left.

19. Choose the correct variant.

*There is no reason ... we should agree to this.*

- A) whom      B) which      C) who  
D) what      E) why

20. Choose the sentences with the correct form of the Possessive Case of Nouns.

1. Laura's solutions are very creative.
2. Tom and Jack's chins are average size.
3. The company's advanced technology enables fast development.
4. Technology's advanced more in the last thirty years.
- A) 3, 4      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2

**Read the passage and answer questions 21-25.**

*Volunteering can make you happier and help you live longer, according to a new study. A research paper published on Friday in the journal BMC Public Health says doing good deeds for others increases your mental health and your life. Researchers from the UK's University of Exeter have studied the effects of volunteerism on our health. They found that volunteers had lower risk of depression and they lived some years longer. Australia occupies the first place in volunteering. Nearly, 36 per cent of the population lends a hand.*

*One of the lead researchers said: "Our study shows that volunteering is connected with improvements in mental health. In a separate study from the University of Michigan, researchers suggested three reasons why volunteering may be helpful.*

*First, it involves physical activity; second, the social connections we make help to reduce our stress; and third, it gives us a deep sense of happiness.*

21. The passage is mainly about ...

- A) volunteering that increases your wealth.  
B) volunteering that increases life and happiness.  
C) volunteering that reduces your mental health.  
D) volunteering that raises the risk of depression.  
E) volunteering that increases poverty.

## Ümumi sınaq 3 I Qrup

22. Which word in the passage means "to become larger in amount or size"?

- A) to increase    B) to lend    C) to suggest  
D) to reduce    E) to involve

23. Choose the correct variant.

*Volunteering can ...*

1. make you happier.  
2. increase your health.  
3. reduce your sense of happiness.  
4. increase your risk of dying.  
5. lower your stress.

- A) 1, 2, 5    B) 2, 3    C) 1, 4  
D) 3, 4, 5    E) 2, 4

24. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?

- A) How many reasons do the researchers suggest for the help of volunteering?  
B) What is the per cent of Australians lending a hand?  
C) Researchers from Great Britain have studied the effects of volunteerism, haven't they?  
D) Volunteering involves physical activity, doesn't it?  
E) Which country occupies the second place in volunteering?

25. Choose the **wrong** variant.

*Volunteering ...*

- A) may be helpful for more than one reason.  
B) is a good medicine for blood pressure.  
C) may lengthen your life.  
D) can help to reduce our stress.  
E) is useful in mental health too.

1. Choose the correct tense forms.

*He ... very happy if you ... what he asked.*

- A) has been, have done  
B) would, do  
C) is, does  
D) was, would do  
E) would be, did

2. Choose the correct variant.

*The students help ... with their homework.*

1. himself    2. one another  
3. each other    4. ourselves  
A) 2, 4    B) 1, 3    C) 1, 2    D) 2, 3    E) 3, 4

3. Choose the correct prepositions.

*-How do you learn new words in English?*

*-I look them ... in a dictionary first and then write them ... in my notebook.*

- A) out, up    B) out, off    C) up, down  
D) for, -    E) down, up

4. Choose the correct variant.

*He made me ... what I had said.*

- A) repeating    B) repeated    C) to repeat  
D) repeat    E) had repeated

5. Choose the correct variant.

*... fog made it difficult to see the road.*

- A) Heavy    B) Weak    C) Thin  
D) Light    E) Sunny

6. Choose the correct variant.

*The number of tickets sold ... disappointing.*

1. was    2. is  
3. were    4. are  
A) 2, 4    B) 1, 3    C) 1, 2    D) 2, 3    E) 3, 4

7. Choose the correct variant.

*Brenda's brother wants to be a bus driver ... he really likes travelling.*

- A) because    B) but    C) even though  
D) though    E) so

8. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to imitate
2. to ignore
3. to insist
- a) to pay no attention to something
- b) to say firmly that something is true
- c) to copy somebody or something
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a                      B) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
- C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b                      D) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
- E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

9. Change the sentence into Passive.

*The managers have already made the decision.*

- A) The decision already had been made by the managers.
- B) The decision have already been made by the managers.
- C) The decision has already made by the managers.
- D) The decision has already been made by the managers.
- E) The decision had already been made by the managers.

10. Choose the correct variant.

..., *didn't they?*

1. They fought bravely
2. They rarely eat in restaurants
3. They sang well
4. Neither of them complained
- A) 2, 4    B) 1, 3    C) 1, 2    D) 2, 3    E) 3, 4

11. Make up a sentence.

1. don't      2. get to      3. when
4. faster      5. traffic lights      6. you      7. go
- A) 3, 1, 6, 7, 4, 2, 5                      B) 1, 7, 4, 3, 6, 2, 5
- C) 3, 6, 7, 5, 1, 2, 4                      D) 1, 2, 5, 3, 6, 4, 7
- E) 3, 6, 1, 4, 7, 2, 5

12. What is the purpose of the letter?

*Dear Mrs Lee,*

*I'm writing to let you know that I give my permission for my daughter Mary to attend the school field trip on the 1st July.*

*Regards,  
Ann Smith*

- A) to get permission
- B) to attend the field trip
- C) to give permission
- D) to ask for more information
- E) to advertise the school trip

13. Choose the sentences with the correct form of the Possessive Case of Nouns.

1. John's method is better than Tom's.
2. We had to sell the Brown's estate.
3. Her father's riches couldn't protect her.
4. The police found the thieves' knife.
- A) 1, 2                      B) 1, 4                      C) 2, 3
- D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 3

14. Choose the correct translation.

*Azərbaycan Cənubi Qafqazda ən böyük və ən sıx məskunlaşmış regiondur.*

- A) The largest and most populated region in the North Caucasus is Azerbaijan.
- B) Azerbaijan is the largest and most populated region in the South Caucasus.
- C) Azerbaijan is the largest region in the South Caucasus.
- D) Azerbaijan is the largest and most populated region in the North Caucasus.
- E) Azerbaijan is the most populated region in the South Caucasus.

15. Complete the dialogue.

-*Okay. What's the first question?*

-

-*Let's check on the internet. Oh, here we are. Bicycle.*

-

-*It says it was invented by a Scotsman named Kirkpatrick Macmillan.*

-

-*In 1839.*

1. *Does it say when?*

2. *Who invented the bicycle?*

3. *What does it say?*

A) 2, 1, 3    B) 1, 2, 3    C) 2, 3, 1

D) 3, 2, 1    E) 1, 3, 2

16. Choose the correct modal verbs.

*The company ... do something about the poor service.*

1. ought to                      2. mustn't

3. needn't                      4. must

A) 2, 4    B) 1, 3    C) 1, 2    D) 2, 3    E) 1, 4

17. Choose the correct variant.

*We still have ... work in progress.*

1. few                      2. plenty of  
3. many                    4. a lot of  
A) 2, 4   B) 1, 3   C) 1, 2   D) 2, 3   E) 1, 4

18. Choose the correct variant.

*The flat ... I'll rent should have at least three rooms.*

1. which                    2. that  
3. what                      4. whom  
A) 3, 4                      B) 1, 4                      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3                      E) 1, 2

19. Make up a story.

1. "Write 5 and beside it another 5!" the teacher said.  
2. "What are you waiting for?" asked the teacher.  
3. "How?" asked the student.  
4. A teacher asked a student to write 55.  
5. "I don't know which side to write the other 5!"  
6. The student wrote 5 and stopped.  
A) 4, 3, 1, 6, 2, 5                      B) 6, 4, 3, 1, 2, 5  
C) 4, 6, 3, 1, 2, 5                      D) 4, 1, 3, 6, 5, 2  
E) 6, 2, 5, 4, 3, 1

20. Choose the logically correct variant.

*She is such a kind girl that she ...*

1. always shouts at poor people  
2. can't refuse your request  
3. gives her seat to the old on the bus  
4. never listens to her parents  
A) 2, 3                      B) 1, 2                      C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 3

**Read the passage and answer questions 21-25.**

*Thomas Edison was certainly a fascinating man. Although he is considered one of the greatest inventors of all times, much of his fame was a result of being an intelligent businessman and technical manager. He established a company and hired talented engineers and scientists to develop various products that he thought would be reasonable in the marketplace. In his first 39 years, Thomas Edison established his reputation.*

21. The passage is mainly about ...

- A) the greatest inventors  
B) Thomas Edison  
C) talented engineers  
D) various products  
E) technical managers

22. Which verb in the passage has the meaning "to start or create an organization, a system, etc."?

- A) to establish                      B) to develop                      C) to think  
D) to hire                              E) to consider

23. Choose the correct variant.

*Thomas Edison ...*

1. was also a successful businessman.  
2. used to complain about the lack of qualified staff.  
3. was already a remarkable figure before his 40s.  
4. was impressed by other scientists.  
A) 1, 2                      B) 2, 3                      C) 1, 4  
D) 3, 4                      E) 1, 3

24. Which question has no answer in the passage?

- A) What was Thomas Edison?  
B) What did Edison do to develop various products?  
C) When did Edison establish a company?  
D) Who is considered one of the greatest inventors?  
E) What made Edison famous in the world?

25. Choose the **wrong** variant.

1. Edison established his reputation in his first 39 years.  
2. Finding qualified staff was very hard for Edison.  
3. The engineers at Edison's factory were paid a fortune.  
4. Much of his reputation depended on his being clever as a businessman.  
A) 1, 3                      B) 1, 4                      C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 3                      E) 3, 4

## Ümumi sınaq 3 II-III Qrup

- Choose the correct tense forms.  
*What ... he ... when you ... sight of him?*  
A) is, doing, have caught  
B) was, doing, caught  
C) shall, do, catch  
D) has, done, caught  
E) does, do, will catch
- Choose the correct variant.  
*He wants to buy a car ... he likes travelling a lot.*  
1. so                      2. as  
3. because              4. though  
A) 1, 4                  B) 2, 3                  C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4                  E) 1, 2
- Choose the correct sentences.  
1. Witnesses to the accident is asked to contact the police.  
2. The number of people in prison are rising.  
3. Fame for most pop groups is temporary.  
4. A large number of shops were damaged in the fire.  
A) 3, 4                  B) 2, 3                  C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4                  E) 1, 4
- Choose the correct sentences.  
1. He asked three people speak at the meeting.  
2. She heard someone knock on the door.  
3. I noticed Jane leaves the meeting early.  
4. Susan could feel someone pulling her hair.  
A) 1, 3                  B) 3, 4                  C) 2, 4  
D) 2, 3                  E) 1, 2
- Choose the **wrong** interrogative sentence.  
A) He needs to see the doctor, doesn't he?  
B) He doesn't need to see the doctor, does he?  
C) Does he need to see the doctor or the dentist?  
D) He needs to see the doctor, needn't he?  
E) Doesn't he need to see the doctor?
- Choose the correct variant.  
*Our TV commercial attracted ... interest.*  
1. only a few              2. much  
3. a lot of                  4. few  
A) 3, 4                  B) 2, 3                  C) 1, 2  
D) 2, 4                  E) 1, 4

- Choose the logically correct variant.  
*He is such a successful student that ...*  
1. he has been awarded a grant  
2. he has failed all the exams  
3. we all are proud of him  
4. the teachers always rebuke him  
A) 3, 4                  B) 2, 3                  C) 2, 4  
D) 1, 4                  E) 1, 3
- Choose the correct variant.  
*She is always happy and she laughs a lot. She is ...*  
1. joyful                  2. cheerful  
3. dull                      4. gloomy  
A) 1, 4                  B) 1, 3                  C) 2, 4  
D) 3, 4                  E) 1, 2
- Choose the correct preposition.  
*My sister has been interested in biology ... her childhood.*  
A) for                      B) in                      C) since  
D) at                        E) on
- Choose the correct pronoun.  
*You can use ... computer - it doesn't matter which.*  
A) either                  B) both                  C) all  
D) other                    E) others
- Choose the sentences in the Passive Voice.  
1. The first-class compartment is situated at the front of the train.  
2. There has been a heavy demand for the book.  
3. The grape harvest has been gathered.  
4. Only a small minority of students are interested in politics these days.  
5. The prison is guarded at all times.  
A) 2, 5                  B) 1, 4, 5                  C) 3, 5  
D) 3, 4                  E) 1, 2, 4

12. What is the purpose of the letter?

*Dear Mr. Edward,*

*I came to read your advertisement on Daily News for the vacant position of Marketing & Advertising Officer for the sale of your products from ABC Manufacturing Company. I am pleased to offer my services for this.*

*I am looking forward to your call to set your available time for my interview.*

*Regards*

*Paul Walker*

*1-832-6655443*

- A) to advertise some products
- B) to offer a vacant position
- C) to apply for a job
- D) to offer a job vacancy
- E) to express gratitude

13. Make up a story.

1. He noticed that there was a snail on one of his plants.
2. When he looked up he saw a very cross snail who looked at him and said,
3. So he took the snail and threw it as far as he could.
4. "Hey, what did you do that for?"
5. A man was looking out his window.
6. Ten years later the old man heard a sound on his window.

- A) 5, 6, 1, 2, 4, 3
- B) 6, 2, 4, 3, 5, 1
- C) 6, 2, 1, 4, 5, 3
- D) 5, 2, 4, 1, 6, 3
- E) 5, 1, 3, 6, 2, 4

14. Choose the correct translation.

*Azərbaycanın incəsənət əsərlərini dünyanın bəzi başlıca muzeylərində tapmaq olar.*

- A) One can find Azerbaijani works of art in the world's major museums.
- B) Azerbaijani works of art can be found in some of the world's major museums.
- C) You can find some of Azerbaijani works of art in the world's major museums.
- D) It's possible to find some of the world's works of art in Azerbaijani museums.
- E) Some of Azerbaijani works of art can be found in the world's major museums.

15. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to terrify
  2. to tremble
  3. to trim
  - a) to shake slightly
  - b) to make somebody feel extremely frightened
  - c) to make something neater, better, etc.
- A) 1-c, 2-b, 3-a
  - B) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c
  - C) 1-a, 2-c, 3-b
  - D) 1-c, 2-a, 3-b
  - E) 1-b, 2-a, 3-c

16. Choose the correct modal verbs.

*She ... speak much English so her children ... interpret for her.*

- A) needn't to, has to
- B) could, have to
- C) couldn't, had to
- D) can, doesn't have to
- E) can't, has to

17. Make up a sentence.

1. sure
  2. your computer
  3. make
  4. switched off
  5. you leave
  6. is
  7. before
- A) 7, 5, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4
  - B) 3, 1, 2, 6, 4, 7, 5
  - C) 7, 2, 6, 4, 3, 5, 1
  - D) 3, 2, 6, 4, 7, 5, 1
  - E) 7, 4, 5, 3, 6, 1, 2

18. Complete the dialogue.

*-Have you seen "Speed III" yet?*

*- ...*

*-What about 'Gangs of New York'? My brother has seen it. He says it's cool!*

*- ...*

*-Yes. Why don't we go and see it today?*

*- ...*

*-How about tomorrow afternoon?*

*-Ok! That's a good idea.*

*1. Yes, I watched it last week with my sister.*

*2. Sorry, I can't see it today.*

*3. Really?*

- A) 1, 3, 2
- B) 1, 2, 3
- C) 2, 3, 1
- D) 3, 2, 1
- E) 2, 1, 3



19. Choose the correct variant.

*Can you repair the chair ... legs are broken?*

- A) which      B) what      C) who  
D) whose      E) whom

20. Choose the sentences with the correct form of the Possessive Case of Nouns.

1. The job includes two weeks' paid vacation.  
2. The boss's never paid me a penny.  
3. That woman there is the boss's wife.  
4. The witness' story was not supported by the evidence.

- A) 3, 4      B) 1, 4      C) 2, 3  
D) 1, 3      E) 1, 2

**Read the passage and answer questions 21-25.**

*The official language of the Czech Republic is Czech, a highly complex western Slavic tongue. Any attempt from foreigners to speak Czech will be heartily appreciated, so do not worry if people fail to understand you, as most will be accustomed to hearing foreigners stumble through their language. If you don't know any Czech, improve your German, since, among the older generation at least, it is still the most widely spoken second language. Russian, once the compulsory second language has been practically wiped off the school curriculum, and the number of English speakers has been steadily increasing, especially among the younger generation.*

21. The passage is mainly about ... .

- A) Russian as the compulsory second language  
B) the Czech Republic  
C) the foreigners learning German  
D) Czechs  
E) the Czech language

22. Which word in the passage has the meaning "to make mistakes while you are speaking"?

- A) to appreciate      B) to accustom  
C) to improve      D) to wipe  
E) to stumble

23. Choose the correct variant.

*The foreigners who try to speak Czech ...*

1. will be heartily appreciated in the country.  
2. may stumble through this language.  
3. are advised to learn Russian as a second language.  
4. can't learn German easily.

- A) 1, 2      B) 2, 3      C) 1, 4  
D) 3, 4      E) 2, 4

24. Which question has **no** answer in the passage?

- A) What's the official language of the Czech Republic?  
B) What's the second language spoken among the older generation?  
C) Why is German wiped off the school curriculum?  
D) Which language group does Czech belong to?  
E) Why is it difficult for foreigners to learn Czech?

25. Choose the **wrong** variant.

1. At least three languages are spoken in the Czech Republic.  
2. Czechs were once required to study Russian at school.  
3. Russian is the compulsory second language for students.  
4. Everyone in the Czech Republic speaks several languages.

- A) 1, 3      B) 1, 4      C) 1, 2  
D) 3, 4      E) 2, 3



# CAVABLAR

## The Noun

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	C	D	D	D	C	B	E	A	A	E	C	C	E	C	D	A	D	E	B	B
Test 2	A	C	C	D	A	E	C	B	A	D	E	B	E	C	A	E	D	D	E	E
Test 3	D	C	E	A	A	A	C	E	E	E	A	E	D	A	B	E	D	E	B	B
Test 4	E	B	E	A	E	D	E	D	E	B	C	D	E	A	D	C	D	C	C	E
Test 5	E	D	E	C	C	C	B	A	B	A	A	B	E	B	D	C	E	E	B	C
Test 6	D	A	B	D	D	A	A	B	C	D	D	E	A	C	C	B	B	C	D	A
Test 7	A	A	D	D	E	A	B	D	A	A	C	E	A	B	C	E	B	A	C	C
Test 8	B	C	A	E	D	A	B	D	C	E	C	A	D	A	A	A	C	D	A	B
Test 9	D	D	B	E	C	D	B	C	E	A	D	C	D	E	D	C	E	A	A	A
Test 10	E	B	C	C	C	B	A	D	D	D	A	D	A	A	E	A	A	C	D	B
Test 11	A	B	A	A	A	B	C	C	D	B	B	A	E	D	A	A	C	A	C	D
Test 12	E	E	D	B	E	A	B	E	B	D	C	B	C	D	B	A	E	D	C	A
Test 13	D	A	E	D	C	D	C	E	D	C	D	C	C	D	C	C	C	D	C	E

## Quantifiers

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	E	C	B	D	C	E	B	E	D	B	D	D	C	E	A	A	A	E	E	C
Test 2	D	E	B	A	A	E	B	E	B	A	A	D	D	D	E	D	D	D	C	A
Test 3	C	C	B	A	C	D	A	E	B	B	D	E	E	A	C	E	B	A	E	B

## The Pronoun

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	D	C	B	D	B	E	B	C	D	B	A	B	E	D	A	C	B	A	D	B
Test 2	C	D	A	C	E	A	B	D	D	E	B	A	B	B	A	E	A	E	B	C
Test 3	D	A	D	E	A	D	B	A	A	E	B	D	A	E	C	B	C	E	A	C
Test 4	B	C	D	E	D	E	D	C	A	E	C	A	B	A	E	C	D	B	B	E
Test 5	B	A	E	C	D	E	A	B	A	B	C	D	B	E	C	D	C	B	A	E
Test 6	A	A	D	E	B	A	C	E	D	A	B	C	E	A	D	B	D	A	E	A
Test 7	E	B	A	D	D	B	B	A	B	C	D	B	E	C	D	D	A	E	A	E
Test 8	B	C	B	D	A	A	E	C	D	B	A	E	A	C	D	A	E	B	A	B
Test 9	A	D	E	A	B	E	B	A	B	B	D	D	B	A	B	C	D	A	E	D
Test 10	D	B	A	E	B	C	A	D	E	A	A	D	D	A	B	E	A	C	D	B
Test 11	A	C	B	A	E	A	E	B	B	C	D	A	D	C	D	E	B	D	C	A
Test 12	C	C	E	A	E	D	C	D	E	D	A	B	A	C	B	D	E	C	B	B
Test 13	B	D	C	B	E	D	A	E	C	A	B	D	C	C	E	C	B	E	C	A

### The Adjective and The Adverb

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	D	A	B	A	D	D	C	E	B	A	E	A	B	C	E	D	A	A	B	A
Test 2	C	E	A	C	D	D	A	D	A	D	A	B	B	A	A	C	D	D	C	A
Test 3	E	B	A	A	D	C	C	C	C	A	D	A	C	A	D	C	C	E	B	E
Test 4	E	C	B	E	E	B	D	D	E	A	D	D	C	D	B	A	D	C	C	A
Test 5	B	D	A	B	C	C	C	C	B	B	D	B	A	C	B	B	A	C	A	E
Test 6	C	A	D	E	D	A	C	A	C	C	E	B	A	D	C	C	A	A	A	B

### The Preposition

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	A	B	E	A	D	D	E	B	C	A	C	B	A	E	C	A	B	C	E	A
Test 2	B	D	E	A	E	A	B	C	A	D	D	E	C	D	B	D	B	E	B	D
Test 3	A	C	E	D	C	B	D	E	B	A	E	B	C	B	E	B	B	E	D	C
Test 4	A	D	D	A	C	B	B	A	A	C	B	A	D	E	B	C	B	E	D	E
Test 5	D	A	C	A	A	D	A	A	A	D	E	D	C	C	B	A	A	E	D	C
Test 6	C	D	C	C	D	C	E	B	D	C	D	B	D	B	D	B	E	C	A	B
Test 7	B	B	D	B	E	C	D	B	B	C	D	E	E	C	C	B	E	B	D	C
Test 8	A	A	E	D	C	A	E	E	D	C	A	E	A	E	A	D	A	E	E	C
Test 9	A	C	A	A	C	D	A	D	D	D	A	E	D	B	B	B	C	D	C	C
Test 10	C	E	C	A	D	A	B	C	E	D	C	B	D	D	E	B	A	E	E	C

### The Verb

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	E	B	B	E	B	C	B	E	D	D	C	D	A	C	D	E	B	A	A	A
Test 2	A	E	A	C	A	C	B	D	D	A	B	D	E	E	A	D	D	A	B	B

### Complex Object

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	D	D	B	B	C	A	C	D	D	E	E	A	C	B	A	D	C	D	A	B
Test 2	E	C	E	E	C	A	C	B	C	A	E	A	E	C	A	E	C	D	A	E
Test 3	C	B	C	A	B	E	D	A	B	A	C	E	D	A	C	D	A	C	C	D
Test 4	D	A	E	A	D	B	A	C	A	C	C	A	E	A	D	D	A	B	C	A

### Tense Forms

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	D	A	A	B	D	E	E	E	D	C	B	C	E	C	E	B	E	B	C	C
Test 2	A	D	D	D	C	B	E	B	C	C	C	B	E	A	B	E	A	C	A	C
Test 3	C	C	D	B	A	B	C	B	D	A	D	A	A	B	E	D	A	B	A	A
Test 4	E	A	A	A	B	C	B	D	D	D	A	C	A	C	B	C	C	B	C	A
Test 5	D	A	D	E	C	E	E	E	C	E	A	C	A	C	A	E	B	A	E	A
Test 6	B	C	D	B	A	D	B	D	D	A	B	C	B	C	B	D	C	B	B	C
Test 7	C	D	A	B	D	E	E	D	B	B	B	B	B	C	C	D	C	C	B	A
Test 8	C	D	E	C	C	C	C	C	E	B	A	C	C	E	A	D	B	C	C	E
Test 9	A	A	D	D	D	E	E	D	A	B	C	E	A	B	C	D	E	B	E	C
Test 10	D	E	D	A	B	D	D	B	C	D	E	B	D	A	B	E	A	E	D	D
Test 11	C	D	C	A	E	A	B	B	D	E	A	B	A	B	C	E	A	E	A	E
Test 12	D	A	A	A	C	E	B	A	B	E	B	C	E	B	A	B	B	A	C	A
Test 13	C	E	D	A	E	C	C	B	A	A	A	D	C	A	B	B	B	C	B	E
Test 14	D	A	E	A	C	A	C	D	D	E	B	A	D	D	B	C	B	B	B	A
Test 15	D	B	B	B	E	B	C	A	B	C	C	B	A	A	E	C	A	E	A	C

### Modal Verbs

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	C	B	C	C	C	E	D	C	B	E	D	D	B	E	D	B	A	E	B	C
Test 2	D	B	A	B	E	B	A	D	A	B	D	A	C	A	E	A	C	A	E	B
Test 3	E	E	C	E	E	E	D	E	A	E	A	D	C	B	A	A	B	E	A	B
Test 4	B	A	C	D	A	C	D	D	A	D	A	D	E	A	B	B	D	E	A	E
Test 5	E	C	D	E	D	B	B	A	E	B	C	E	B	D	B	D	A	B	B	C

### The Passive Voice

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	C	B	A	E	A	E	C	A	B	C	B	B	B	A	C	B	C	A	C	A
Test 2	E	D	B	D	A	C	D	C	B	D	C	D	B	E	A	A	B	E	E	E
Test 3	B	E	D	E	C	A	A	E	B	A	A	E	B	B	B	E	B	A	B	B
Test 4	D	C	C	C	A	E	D	B	A	A	B	E	E	B	C	A	A	E	C	E
Test 5	B	A	B	A	E	C	D	B	E	D	D	D	C	C	A	E	A	C	A	C
Test 6	A	D	B	D	A	D	D	E	C	E	C	C	A	E	C	D	B	C	B	B

### Sentence structure

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	D	E	C	B	A	B	C	C	E	D	C	C	A	D	A	C	E	E	C	E
Test 2	B	A	E	D	C	E	A	E	A	D	D	B	C	A	E	C	D	D	A	A
Test 3	C	A	D	E	E	C	B	D	C	E	A	D	D	B	D	B	C	A	A	A
Test 4	C	B	E	E	E	B	E	D	C	B	A	C	B	A	B	E	E	E	B	B
Test 5	B	A	A	C	B	B	D	A	A	A	A	A	D	E	A	A	A	A	C	A

### Complete the sentence

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	E	A	E	B	D	C	B	C	D	B	E	B	D	B	B	C	D	C	C	E
Test 2	B	D	A	B	E	D	C	A	A	A	D	C	D	E	D	E	E	E	D	D
Test 3	A	A	B	E	A	E	D	B	E	D	D	E	A	D	A	B	A	A	B	A

### The Conjunction

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	B	B	D	C	E	A	A	A	D	D	E	E	C	C	A	D	E	A	C	C
Test 2	E	D	A	C	D	A	B	C	B	D	B	E	D	A	A	B	E	D	B	A
Test 3	B	A	E	D	C	A	C	A	C	B	D	E	C	E	A	A	C	D	C	A
Test 4	A	B	C	E	A	D	D	D	B	B	B	C	A	B	C	D	E	A	E	C
Test 5	A	E	A	D	C	E	C	A	B	D	A	E	B	A	C	B	E	D	E	A

### Subject Verb Agreement

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	B	E	A	E	D	D	E	A	E	A	C	A	E	D	E	C	A	C	B	D
Test 2	E	A	E	B	C	A	A	A	D	B	B	E	D	C	D	A	A	C	B	E
Test 3	E	C	E	A	B	C	E	D	C	A	E	B	A	D	C	C	A	B	D	A

### Definitions

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	B	C	C	E	E	D	E	E	E	C	C	D	E	D	E	C	A	D	B	D
Test 2	E	A	E	B	C	A	A	C	D	B	E	B	E	C	D	A	A	A	B	E

### Translation

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	C	E	B	D	B	C	D	C	E	C	B	C	A	A	E	C	A	E	D	A
Test 2	C	A	B	C	B	E	A	E	A	E	E	D	B	C	B	A	A	B	D	B
Test 3	E	D	D	D	E	B	A	A	A	D	D	D	E	C	B	C	C	B	A	D

### Correct words

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	A	D	D	A	C	C	D	D	D	D	A	A	B	A	E	D	B	A	A	C
Test 2	E	A	A	C	A	B	C	A	A	E	C	B	A	C	D	B	A	D	A	B
Test 3	A	C	B	A	E	D	B	A	C	A	C	B	A	A	A	B	B	E	B	D
Test 4	C	A	B	C	A	C	E	D	C	B	B	B	A	A	B	A	C	E	C	E
Test 5	B	E	D	B	C	B	C	A	D	A	A	D	B	C	A	C	A	D	E	A

### Logical endings

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	E	A	B	A	E	D	E	D	E	A	A	E	D	D	E	B	A	B	E	A
Test 2	B	C	A	C	E	A	E	C	A	A	B	D	A	A	E	C	A	D	C	B
Test 3	A	B	C	C	D	D	A	A	D	D	B	D	C	C	C	E	A	E	E	A

### Texts

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	D	E	A	D	A	D	B	A	B	E	D	A	C	E	B	D	A	C	E	B
Test 2	E	C	D	B	A	E	C	D	B	A	A	D	B	E	C	A	D	B	E	C
Test 3	C	D	A	E	E	E	B	A	E	B	D	A	C	D	A	C	A	E	D	E
Test 4	C	A	A	E	B	C	A	A	D	E	A	B	B	E	A	D	E	A	A	C
Test 5	E	D	C	C	D	B	E	A	E	C	B	E	C	C	A	A	C	E	B	B
Test 6	D	A	C	A	B	A	D	B	E	C	A	D	B	E	E	A	C	C	B	A
Test 7	D	C	A	E	B	D	A	C	E	B	E	B	D	B	A	E	C	B	A	C
Test 8	D	A	E	D	C	A	B	E	D	A	D	E	A	C	C	E	C	A	D	A
Test 9	B	C	E	B	B	B	C	E	B	B	B	C	E	B	B	A	A	A	E	E
Test 10	A	C	E	A	A	B	A	D	E	A	C	E	A	B	A	E	D	A	C	A

### Purpose of Letters

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Test 1	C	B	C	B	A	E	C	B	D	A	D	B	C	E	A	C	E	D	B	A
Test 2	E	B	C	A	A	B	C	D	E	A	D	C	B	A	E	A	B	C	D	A

### Open-Ended Tests

	Test 1	Test 2	Test 3	Test 4	Test 5
1	1B, 2D, 3C	2, 3	1, 4	1C, 2A, 3B	1B, 2C, 3A
2	1E, 2D, 3B	2, 3	2, 3	1, 2	1C, 2A, 3B
3	1C, 2E, 3B	1, 4	1, 3	1, 3	1, 4
4	1D, 2B, 3A	1, 5	1, 4, 5	3, 4	1, 4
5	1B, 2AC, 3E	1, 5	1, 5	1, 3, 4	1, 3, 5
6	1E, 2C, 3A	3, 4	1, 5	1, 2, 3	1, 4
7	1E, 2B, 3C	3, 4	2, 4	1, 2	1, 2
8	1B, 2E, 3A	2, 3	3, 5	3, 4	1, 4
9	1B, 2D, 3E	1C, 2A, 3E	1, 5	1, 3	1A, 2E, 3D
10	1B, 2D, 3A	1B, 2C, 3A	1, 3, 4	4, 6	1, 2, 3
11	1D, 2A, 3E	1C, 2A, 3B	1, 2	1, 4, 5	1, 5
12	1E, 2C, 3D	1A, 2C, 3B	1, 3	1, 2	1, 3
13	1B, 2C, 3A	1B, 2C, 3A	1, 4	1, 3	1B, 2C, 3D
14	1A, 2C, 3B	1A, 2C, 3B	1, 4	2, 4	1A, 2B, 3E
15	1D, 2B, 3E	1B, 2C, 3A	1C, 2A, 3B	3, 4	1, 3
16	1C, 2A, 3B	1B, 2A, 3C	1, 2, 3	1C, 2B, 3A	3, 4
17	1A, 2B, 3C	1B, 2A, 3C	2, 4	1C, 2A, 3B	1A, 2C, 3D
18	1A, 2B, 3C	1AD, 2C, 3B	3, 4	1, 4	1, 3
19	1C, 2A, 3B	1C, 2A, 3B	1, 4, 5	2, 4	1B, 2C, 3A
20	1, 3	1C, 2A, 3B	1A, 2B, 3CE	1B, 2A, 3C	1, 3

## SINAQLAR (2014-2015-ci il)

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25
<i>S-1 (IX)</i>	A	E	B	B	D	C	D	A	E	A	A	C	B	D	D	E	C	D	A	E	A	B	C	B	B
<i>S-1 (X)</i>	E	A	E	D	D	A	C	E	A	B	A	A	B	C	D	D	D	C	C	B	B	E	A	D	B
<i>S-1 (XI)</i>	D	B	D	D	A	A	B	D	C	A	B	C	E	A	B	C	E	B	E	D	E	D	A	E	C
<i>S-2 (IX)</i>	D	A	C	A	A	B	C	B	B	E	A	B	E	A	E	D	D	C	E	A	D	B	C	D	D
<i>S-2 (X)</i>	A	A	B	D	E	A	B	C	E	D	E	D	C	A	B	C	D	B	D	D	E	B	A	E	C
<i>S-2 (XI)</i>	B	D	C	A	C	B	C	D	A	B	C	B	A	E	B	D	D	E	E	A	B	D	A	E	A
<i>S-3 (IX)</i>	B	A	E	D	D	E	A	B	B	A	D	E	E	A	C	E	C	D	C	B	B	B	A	C	C
<i>S-3 (X)</i>	D	A	A	B	B	C	E	A	D	B	D	B	E	D	A	E	C	B	C	E	E	D	D	C	A
<i>S-3 (XI)</i>	E	C	C	D	A	A	C	A	B	B	D	E	B	D	D	B	D	E	C	A	A	E	A	D	C
<i>S-4 (IX)</i>	E	A	B	B	A	A	C	E	C	E	D	D	B	B	B	D	E	E	B	A	A	C	C	D	C
<i>S-4 (X)</i>	D	A	A	C	D	E	B	D	C	A	A	E	E	C	C	A	B	B	A	D	C	D	B	D	E
<i>S-4 (XI)</i>	B	B	C	E	E	D	A	E	C	B	C	E	E	D	D	A	A	D	C	A	A	D	B	D	B
<i>S-5 (IX)</i>	B	B	C	E	C	D	E	A	A	C	A	B	D	C	D	B	B	C	E	A	E	A	A	D	E
<i>S-5 (X)</i>	D	C	D	E	E	B	E	E	A	D	B	D	E	A	B	A	A	C	E	C	C	B	B	C	D
<i>S-5 (XI)</i>	E	B	A	A	D	C	B	B	B	C	A	A	D	A	C	E	E	A	E	D	D	B	C	D	D
<i>S-6 (IX)</i>	E	D	A	B	C	E	E	D	C	A	A	D	B	B	C	E	B	D	B	D	D	A	A	E	C
<i>S-6 (X)</i>	C	D	E	B	A	A	E	E	A	D	C	D	D	A	A	C	C	A	B	B	B	D	E	D	C
<i>S-6 (XI)</i>	B	A	A	C	E	D	D	E	B	A	A	C	E	A	B	C	B	B	D	E	D	C	B	C	E
<i>S-7 (IX)</i>	B	D	C	D	E	A	A	C	A	E	A	B	C	A	E	B	B	D	D	E	C	D	B	B	A
<i>S-7 (X)</i>	D	A	C	E	C	D	D	E	A	D	E	A	E	D	D	C	C	B	B	B	A	B	A	A	B
<i>USİ-1 (I)</i>	C	D	E	E	C	A	C	C	B	A	D	D	B	B	A	C	D	B	E	E	A	C	E	B	E
<i>USİ-1 (II-III)</i>	E	C	D	E	D	C	D	B	A	A	C	A	B	A	E	A	A	D	B	B	C	E	B	C	E
<i>USİ-2 (I)</i>	E	E	C	B	D	B	A	E	D	E	B	C	C	D	D	B	A	A	E	D	B	A	C	E	C
<i>USİ-2 (II-III)</i>	B	D	B	A	E	C	C	D	D	B	A	C	E	C	E	E	C	A	E	D	B	A	A	E	B
<i>USİ-3 (I)</i>	E	D	C	D	A	C	A	B	D	B	B	C	E	B	C	E	A	E	A	A	B	A	E	C	D
<i>USİ-3 (II-III)</i>	B	B	A	C	D	B	E	E	C	A	C	C	E	B	E	C	B	A	D	D	E	E	A	C	D



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# ENGLISH

## TEST BANKI

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Sayı 1000

Sifariş No 4

Qiyməti: 6 manat