

TEST TOPLUSU ²⁰¹⁹ **ENGLISH**

YENİ TƏHSİL PROQRAMI (KURİKULUM) ÜZRƏ

II hissə

Bu hissədə:

- Mövzələr üzrə tapşırıqlar
- Buraxılış imtahanı modelinə uyğun DİNLƏMƏ VƏ OXU MƏTNLƏRİ ƏSASINDA HAZIRLANMIŞ TAPŞIRIQ NÜMUNƏLƏRİ
- 2019-cu ildə buraxılış imtahanında istifadə olunmuş tapşırıqların izahı



**TAPŞIRIQLARIN
DÜZGÜN CAVABLARI**

Preposition

1. Choose the correct preposition.
You can translate this article ... the help of a dictionary.
A) with B) of C) in D) off E) into
2. Choose the correct preposition.
Edward has just returned ... Glasgow.
A) on B) at C) from D) of E) -
3. Choose the correct preposition.
Steve hasn't left ... London yet.
A) at B) for C) of D) to E) in
4. Choose the correct variant.
When the train reached the station, the passengers were waiting ... it.
A) - B) to C) on D) into E) for
5. Choose the correct preposition.
What time did you leave ... London?
A) - B) to C) out D) in E) into
6. Choose the correct preposition.
What time did the train leave ... Paris?
A) for B) at C) to D) in E) on
7. Choose the correct preposition.
Put your things ... the drawer.
A) with B) out of C) from
D) between E) into
8. Choose the correct variant.
Have you answered ... the message?
A) into B) on C) to D) at E) -
9. Choose the correct preposition.
We can rely ... him.
A) of B) in C) from D) by E) on
10. Choose the correct preposition.
We arrived here ... taxi.
A) by B) for C) in D) with E) from
11. Choose the correct preposition.
We should attend ... these lectures regularly as the attendance is compulsory.
A) of B) for C) in D) - E) by
12. Choose the correct prepositions.
This is a letter ... my lovely sister.
1. with 2. to 3. off 4. from
A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4
13. Choose the correct variant.
I was really proud ... my friend.
A) in B) for C) from D) of E) on
14. Choose the correct preposition.
They agreed ... the manager.
A) off B) with C) on D) for E) in
15. Choose the correct preposition.
Father's quite pleased ... my exam results.
A) in B) on C) with D) - E) at
16. Choose the correct preposition.
That decision played an important role ... his life.
A) at B) on C) - D) in E) into
17. Choose the correct preposition.
Nelly's staying ... her relatives now.
A) with B) in C) of D) to E) for
18. Choose the correct preposition.
Fred is speaking ... his friend now.
A) at B) in C) off D) between E) to
19. Choose the correct preposition.
They left ... London only a week ago.
A) at B) to C) for D) off E) into
20. Choose the correct preposition.
What are these spoons used ... ?
A) for B) about C) to D) up E) from
21. Choose the correct variant.
Are you going to exchange ideas ... your companion?
A) between B) by C) to D) in E) with
22. Choose the correct preposition.
The Americans borrowed many words ... other languages.
A) on B) to C) into D) at E) from
23. Choose the correct preposition.
A lot of boys are interested ... cars.
A) of B) on C) by D) with E) in
24. Choose the correct preposition.
Tom is the most talented boy ... our class.
A) in B) at C) on D) off E) to
25. Choose the correct variant.
We are planning to leave ... Paris next month.
A) in B) to C) on D) - E) through
26. Choose the correct preposition.
The toys are ... the table.
A) to B) with C) under
D) into E) from
27. Choose the correct preposition.
Don't be afraid ... the dog. It doesn't bite.
A) on B) from C) in D) of E) with
28. Choose the correct preposition.
Our trip depends ... the weather.
A) on B) in C) from D) at E) of
29. Choose the correct preposition.
Jack is good ... sports.
A) on B) to C) from D) at E) with

30. Choose the correct preposition.
My mother is a famous actress. I am proud ... her.
A) in B) from C) on D) at E) of
31. Choose the correct preposition.
What can I do ... you?
A) of B) in C) off D) for E) from
32. Choose the correct preposition.
What did you buy ... your mother?
A) for B) from C) in D) off E) of
33. Choose the correct preposition.
He is getting higher education ... leaving his job.
A) without B) with C) at D) of E) to
34. Choose the correct variant.
Jack was looking ... his pen, but couldn't find it.
A) through B) at C) after D) for E) -
35. Choose the correct preposition.
What is this big knife used ... ?
A) by B) about C) to D) up E) for
36. Choose the correct preposition.
My friend is ... the museum.
A) on B) into C) at D) to E) for
37. Choose the correct preposition.
This article is difficult. You can't translate it ... using a dictionary.
A) for B) at C) to D) of E) without
38. Choose the correct preposition.
Take your books and note-books ... your bags.
A) into B) of C) in D) by E) out of
39. Choose the correct preposition.
The Thames runs ... the North Sea.
A) on B) in C) into D) of E) under
40. Choose the correct preposition.
The students think ... her as a successful teacher.
A) of B) off C) for D) by E) with
41. Choose the correct preposition.
There was much difference ... him and the other brother.
A) among B) with C) of D) between E) on
42. Choose the correct preposition.
It is nice at the seaside ... a hot summer day.
A) at B) in C) on D) for E) to
43. Choose the correct preposition.
It all happened ... a cold January morning.
A) at B) in C) from D) on E) for

44. Choose the correct preposition.
My brother has been ill ... three weeks.
A) at B) for C) on D) in E) after
45. Choose the correct preposition.
They left ... the seaside only a week ago.
A) to B) for C) at D) on E) into
46. Choose the correct preposition.
They met ... a cold winter evening.
A) into B) at C) in D) to E) on
47. Choose the correct prepositions.
We had a wonderful time ... the party ... Saturday night.
A) in, at B) at, on C) on, in D) during, to E) at, in
48. Choose the correct prepositions.
It is very nice ... the sea ... a hot day.
A) in, in B) near, on C) at, in D) for, to E) to, at
49. Choose the correct preposition.
Mr. Wilson came home ... his car.
A) of B) with C) by D) in E) on
50. Choose the correct prepositions.
The children decided to go ... an excursion ... the evening.
A) to, during B) for, at C) to, on D) on, in E) -, in
51. Choose the correct prepositions.
A few people are waiting ... you ... the office.
A) at, in B) for, at C) -, at D) to, in E) for, into
52. Choose the correct prepositions.
I decided to stay ... home ... a week.
A) in, till B) to, for C) at, for D) -, between E) from, on
53. Choose the correct variant.
They told ... Daniel everything ... the last meeting.
A) to, of B) to, for C) -, about D) for, - E) about, in
54. Choose the correct variant.
"Be careful not to drop the plates ... the stone floor", said the girl ... her little brother.
A) on, - B) from, - C) on, to D) of, to E) in, to
55. Choose the correct variant.
If you go ... Paris ... business, try to see all the places of interest there.
A) for, for B) at, with C) to, with D) to, on E) for, on

56. Choose the correct variant.
I got a postcard ... my parents this morning. They're on holiday ... Rome.
A) of, to B) from, in C) for, at
D) with, for E) by, for
57. Choose the correct variant.
In my childhood I lived ... a small town not far ... the capital.
A) on, of B) at, from C) in, from
D) in, - E) on, in
58. Choose the correct variant.
My friends and I visited ... Tom ... the hospital.
A) -, to B) -, in C) at, at
D) to, in E) to, at
59. Choose the correct variant.
I visited ... my relatives ... the village.
A) to, at B) with, in C) with, at
D) -, to E) -, in
60. Choose the correct prepositions.
The children passed by a famous picture painted ... an old artist without stopping to look ... it.
A) of, for B) for, to C) by, at
D) by, of E) between, after
61. Choose the correct prepositions.
They will take their exam ... English ... Monday at noon.
A) on, in B) in, on C) at, on
D) on, at E) in, at
62. Choose the correct prepositions.
Our trainer says that we'll take part in the race ... Monday afternoon ... next week.
A) on, in B) in, in C) in, on
D) at, - E) on, -
63. Choose the correct variant.
We didn't want to stay ... town ... such a hot day, so we went ... the country.
A) in, in, in B) in, on, to C) at, in, for
D) out, at, to E) at, at, for
64. Choose the correct variant.
Something was wrong with the child, so we called ... the doctor ... the evening.
A) -, in B) of, on C) to, in
D) from, on E) with, at
65. Choose the correct prepositions.
... the evening on our way home something strange happened ... us.
A) On, with B) From, - C) In, to
D) On, for E) In, -
66. Choose the correct preposition.
I'm staying at the Smiths'... Mrs. Smith and her family.
A) at B) from C) with D) to E) of
67. Choose the correct prepositions.
Two girls sat down ... the bench next to us and began to speak ... the accident.
A) by, to B) in, of C) at, for
D) on, about E) with, from
68. Choose the correct variant.
My granny is good ... listening ... people's problems.
A) in, by B) in, to C) by, of
D) at, - E) at, to
69. Choose the correct variant.
The English are fond ... talking ... the weather.
A) with, of B) of, to C) for, about
D) of, about E) off, of
70. Choose the correct variant.
People are now looking ... alternative forms ... energy.
A) to, on B) for, off C) of, for
D) at, to E) for, of
71. Choose the correct variant.
The hall was decorated ... balloons and flowers ... the children.
A) by, to B) with, to C) in, for
D) with, by E) to, with
72. Choose the correct prepositions.
Michael looked ... the newspaper and found the article he was looking ...
A) -, for
B) through, for
C) after, in
D) through, after
E) for, -
73. Choose the correct prepositions.
The delegation returned ... London ... April 2.
A) into, at B) to, in C) from, on
D) in, at E) at, on
74. Choose the correct variant.
The tourists returned ... Paris ... August 23.
A) to, in B) from, on C) at, on
D) from, in E) to, at
75. Choose the correct variant.
*- How do you go to the office?
- It depends ... the weather. On wet days I go ... bus, in fine weather I go on foot.*
A) of, in B) on, by C) on, on
D) in, in E) in, by

76. Choose the correct prepositions.
The tourists had visited ... a few museums before they left ... Madrid.
A) to, - B) -, for C) -, to
D) to, to E) to, for
77. Choose the correct prepositions.
The family left ... night and arrived in New York ... dawn.
A) at, at B) before, in C) on, after
D) in, in E) at, on
78. Choose the correct prepositions.
The Browns arrived in London in the morning and left ... it ... night.
A) to, on B) to, at C) to, in
D) -, at E) for, on
79. Choose the correct prepositions.
Sheila felt lonely ... her friend and asked ... her to come to her place.
A) of, for B) for, to C) with, of
D) without, - E) between, -
80. Choose the correct prepositions.
A large crowd ... people headed by two tall men were hurrying ... the square.
A) of, between B) by, in C) with, on
D) by, for E) of, to
81. Choose the correct variant.
What's the cheapest way of getting ... London ... Edinburgh?
A) to, on B) from, to C) to, for
D) in, of E) from, at
82. Choose the correct variant.
What transport is faster for getting ... the airport ... the city?
A) to, on B) from, to C) from, -
D) to, - E) on, from
83. Choose the correct prepositions.
My sister has just passed her exam ... History. She is very good ... it.
A) from, in B) in, at C) on, in
D) from, on E) in, on
84. Choose the correct prepositions.
My friend makes progress ... English. She's proud ... her success.
A) in, of B) of, of C) on, at
D) in, in E) at, on
85. Choose the correct variant.
1. to answer to the question
2. to answer phone calls
3. to visit to London
4. to visit somebody
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3
86. Choose the correct prepositions.
The letter is ... Mr. Nickson.
1. into 2. from 3. between
4. - 5. for
A) 3, 4 B) 2, 5 C) 1, 2, 3
D) 1, 4, 5 E) 1, 3
87. Choose the correct prepositions.
The bird flew ... the cage.
1. with 2. into 3. out of
4. of 5. between
A) 1, 4, 5 B) 3, 4, 5 C) 1, 2
D) 2, 3 E) 1, 5
88. Choose the correct prepositions.
They lived ... the village ... a beautiful lake.
A) in, from B) at, for C) in, near
D) at, between E) to, in
89. Choose the correct prepositions.
Yesterday I went home ... my friend ... bus.
A) with, by B) at, by C) with, with
D) to, in E) to, on
90. Choose the correct prepositions.
You may ask ... me ... anything you like.
A) for, to B) -, to C) to, of
D) -, about E) at, of
91. Choose the correct prepositions.
... a hot day we were passing by the cinema on our way ... the park.
A) On, to B) On, on C) In, to
D) By, from E) In, from
92. Choose the correct prepositions.
What other books written ... Mark Twain have you got ... your library?
A) on, of B) from, on C) of, at
D) by, in E) after, on
93. Choose the correct prepositions.
I read two more books written ... Charles Dickens ... last summer.
A) of, in B) about, on C) of, at
D) by, at E) by, -
94. Choose the correct prepositions.
- What are you thanking me for?
- I'm grateful ... you ... everything I have.
A) -, with B) -, for C) to, of
D) for, on E) to, for
95. Choose the correct prepositions.
Mother was angry ... me ... getting a bad mark in History.
A) at, with B) to, for C) for, of
D) with, for E) with, from

96. Choose the correct prepositions.
 - *How did you get here? Did you come ... train?*
 - *No, I came ... my car.*
 A) on, with B) on, in C) -, by
 D) by, with E) by, in
97. Choose the correct prepositions.
Hans stood ... the house trying to decide whether to go ... it or not.
 A) near, on B) in front of, into
 C) near, of D) in, at E) at, of
98. Choose the correct variant.
The visitor stood ... the door.
 1. at
 2. of
 3. among
 4. between
 5. in front of
 A) 3, 4, 5 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3, 4
 D) 1, 5 E) 3, 5
99. Choose the correct variant.
Joseph was standing ... his friend.
 1. between
 2. among
 3. behind
 4. with
 5. of
 A) 3, 4, 5 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3, 4
 D) 3, 4 E) 2, 5
100. Choose the correct prepositions.
I'd like to watch ... TV this evening. Tell me what's on television ... the evening.
 A) at, by B) -, on C) on, on
 D) at, in E) -, in
101. Choose the correct variant.
My nephew became interested ... classic music and listened ... Mozart.
 A) on, at B) in, to C) with, on
 D) in, in E) with, of
102. Choose the correct prepositions.
It was impossible ... me to arrive home ... 4 o'clock.
 A) for, at B) to, in C) with, at
 D) for, on E) to, -
103. Choose the correct prepositions.
The kitchen was filled ... smoke and he could see nothing ... the smoke.
 A) in, around B) by, outside C) of, at
 D) with, in E) with, at
104. Choose the correct preposition.
Pete was in trouble and he could rely only ... his closest friend.
 A) in B) at C) to D) with E) upon
105. Choose the correct prepositions.
A young lady ... a baby in her arms came ... the room.
 A) by, for B) in, from C) with, -
 D) without, of E) with, into
106. Choose the correct prepositions.
If the travellers leave ... dawn, they will reach the top ... the morning.
 A) at, in B) at, to C) before, at
 D) from, on E) in, before
107. Choose the correct prepositions.
When we have dinner at a restaurant, each ... us pays ... what he has had.
 A) of, - B) -, for C) of, at
 D) from, - E) of, for
108. Choose the correct prepositions.
A lot of migrants came ... the US ... different countries.
 A) to, from B) from, - C) to, of
 D) of, in E) -, with
109. Choose the correct prepositions.
It is necessary to make relations ... the countries which take interest ... oil projects.
 A) from, in B) with, in C) with, on
 D) in, for E) at, with
110. Choose the correct prepositions.
It was important to establish contacts ... the company which was interested ... our products.
 A) from, in B) with, in C) for, at
 D) with, on E) between, in
111. Choose the correct variant.
You must stay ... home and go ... bed in such weather.
 A) at, to B) in, of C) -, in
 D) to, on E) of, to
112. Choose the correct variant.
I wrote a letter ... my friend ... Saturday.
 A) into, on B) to, in C) at, in
 D) to, on E) for, at
113. Choose the correct variant.
Go ... home, you are tired ... working.
 A) -, to B) to, for C) -, of
 D) to, of E) for, for
114. Choose the correct variant.
Ann was going ... the church ... bus.
 A) to, by B) in, in C) on, on
 D) at, in E) of, by
115. Choose the correct variant.
Did you go there ... ?
 A) at foot B) by plane C) with taxi
 D) in car E) in ship

116. Choose the correct variant.

I always go to work ...

- A) at foot B) on car C) in tram
D) with train E) by bus

117. Choose the correct prepositions.

When we see the famous actress ... the stage, she was holding a bunch ... flowers.

- A) to, on B) at, off C) on, of
D) on, by E) to, in

118. Choose the correct variant.

- If the bottle is empty, fill it ... water, please.

- Oh, there is some juice ... it.

- A) with, in B) with, of C) of, with
D) by, at E) of, into

119. Choose the correct prepositions.

Who is that lady sitting ... the sofa ... the corner of the room?

- A) on, on B) at, on C) on, in
D) to, in E) at, into

120. Choose the correct prepositions.

John lives ... a small village ... the south-west ... England.

- A) in, in, of B) at, on, in C) on, to, from
D) by, at, in E) in, of, towards

121. Choose the correct prepositions.

They went ... Moscow ... train.

- A) to, with B) in, on C) to, on
D) -, by E) to, by

122. Choose the correct prepositions.

Mr. Brown got to a hotel late ... the evening ... a long journey.

- A) in, after B) at, before C) on, on
D) in, at E) -, after

123. Choose the correct prepositions.

... my little brother's birthday the room was decorated ... colourful balloons.

- A) During, to B) In, for C) In, by
D) On, of E) On, with

124. Choose the correct prepositions.

The old man made the boy pick up a piece ... paper he had dropped ... the ground.

- A) with, to B) of, of C) with, on
D) off, to E) of, on

125. Choose the correct prepositions.

He has come ... Moscow ... a small town.

- A) from, of B) from, out of C) into, at
D) -, from E) to, from

126. Choose the correct prepositions.

Jack wants to speak ... you seriously ... the last meeting.

- A) to, about B) about, for C) to, off
D) -, at E) -, from

127. Choose the correct preposition.

We haven't been to the Zoo ... November.

- A) at B) since C) from D) in E) on

128. Choose the correct preposition.

Mr. Smith has not been here ... May.

- A) from B) in C) since D) to E) for

129. Choose the correct preposition.

I have not seen her ... 1988.

- A) before B) from C) in
D) since E) to

130. Choose the correct prepositions.

Tears came ... the man's eyes and ran ... his cheeks.

- A) into, of B) in, of C) into, down
D) to, with E) out of, in

131. Choose the correct prepositions.

Did you come here ... car or ... foot?

- A) in, by B) by, in C) by, with
D) with, on E) by, on

132. Choose the correct prepositions.

... February 27, 1812 Byron made his first speech ... Parliament.

- A) In, on B) On, in C) In, before
D) At, for E) At, from

133. Choose the correct prepositions.

My food was the meat ... wild goats and birds which I shot ... my gun.

- A) of, with B) for, by C) with, in
D) in, of E) from, by

134. Choose the correct prepositions.

He left ... Istanbul ... 10 o'clock.

- A) -, - B) to, by C) into, after
D) for, at E) from, at

135. Choose the correct prepositions.

Great changes have taken place ... Azerbaijan ... 1988.

- A) on, about B) to, in C) in, since
D) into, since E) with, in

136. Choose the correct prepositions.

The group of students decided to go ... an excursion ... Sunday.

- A) on, on B) in, on C) at, at
D) on, in E) for, at

137. Choose the correct prepositions.

I am always ... home ... two ... four.

- A) -, from, of B) of, at, to C) at, from, to
D) to, at, till E) at, since, till

138. Choose the correct prepositions.

When we were on holiday, we went ... a lot of excursions ... different places.

- A) -, to B) on, to C) to, to
D) on, on E) of, in

- 139.** Choose the correct prepositions.
We usually sit ... a bench ... the park ... the evenings.
 A) on, in, in B) at, in, to
 C) in front of, in, at D) on, from, at
 E) near, at, by
- 140.** Choose the correct prepositions.
There are a lot of letters waiting ... you ... the office.
 A) for, on B) -, in C) for, in
 D) to, in E) for, into
- 141.** Choose the correct prepositions.
I decided to enter ... the English faculty after I had spoken ... a friend of mine.
 A) into, to B) -, to C) -, off
 D) to, with E) to, about
- 142.** Choose the correct prepositions.
Mr. Brown, who lived ... a very quiet place, was on his way home ... the railway station.
 A) at, on B) on, to C) by, in
 D) in, from E) near, by
- 143.** Choose the correct prepositions.
I've got a message ... my sister. I'm going to meet her ... Sunday evening at 7.
 A) to, at B) from, on C) from, in
 D) of, in E) of, at
- 144.** Choose the correct prepositions.
What books ... Jack London can you borrow ... the library?
 A) of, on B) about, to C) by, to
 D) by, from E) of, by
- 145.** Choose the correct prepositions.
... a rainy day on my way home I saw a purse ... the ground.
 A) On, at B) In, of C) On, on
 D) -, on E) In, in
- 146.** Choose the correct prepositions.
People have always been interested ... travelling ... faraway countries.
 A) in, with B) in, to C) by, to
 D) with, by E) of, in
- 147.** Choose the correct prepositions.
Mike lived ... a village not far ... Baku.
 A) in, from B) on, from C) near, of
 D) in, of E) at, out of
- 148.** Choose the correct prepositions.
Janet had visited ... her friend before she went ... holiday.
 A) to, on B) to, in C) with, to
 D) -, - E) -, on
- 149.** Choose the correct prepositions.
A hot lemon drink ... honey is very good ... a cold.
 A) of, to B) of, with C) with, for
 D) in, from E) to, from
- 150.** Choose the correct prepositions.
The fire was put out ... the firemen ... water.
 A) with, by B) by, by C) by, out of
 D) by, with E) without, of
- 151.** Choose the correct prepositions.
«I want to speak ... you seriously», said the doctor ... the patient.
 A) with, - B) to, to C) at, to
 D) to, from E) about, with
- 152.** Choose the correct prepositions.
My friend told ... me that he had got a new flat ... a new district.
 A) -, on B) -, in C) to, at
 D) to, of E) for, on
- 153.** Choose the correct prepositions.
If you go ... London ... business, take every opportunity to visit all the museums there.
 A) to, on B) in, with C) to, with
 D) to, by E) for, on
- 154.** Choose the correct prepositions.
They looked ... each other ... a long time.
 A) into, in B) for, on C) at, for
 D) at, from E) after, on
- 155.** Choose the correct prepositions.
James went ... the house and remained there ... an hour.
 A) into, for B) in, to C) out of, by
 D) between, for E) behind, since
- 156.** Choose the correct prepositions.
He sat down ... the table and waited ... his coffee.
 A) at, for B) at, - C) at, to
 D) round, to E) between, for
- 157.** Choose the correct prepositions.
She has been away ... Baku ... a few months.
 A) in, in B) from, for C) from, on
 D) for, in E) in, at
- 158.** Choose the correct prepositions.
It was impossible ... me to return ... the office ... the afternoon.
 A) for, at, on B) to, to, on C) with, at, in
 D) for, to, in E) to, -, for
- 159.** Choose the correct prepositions.
Fred left ... England with his family and went to school ... Manchester.
 A) from, at B) in, in C) to, to
 D) into, in E) for, in

- 160.** Choose the correct prepositions.
He listened ... the doctor's advice and it did him a lot ... good.
 A) to, - B) -, of C) on, off
 D) to, of E) -, -
- 161.** Choose the correct prepositions.
The car was going ... the building ... the post-office.
 A) in, at
 B) in, off
 C) towards, between
 D) towards, of
 E) to, in
- 162.** Choose the correct prepositions.
When the teacher comes in, we sit ... the tables and take our things ... our bags.
 A) up, into B) at, out of C) down, from
 D) at, to E) down, off
- 163.** Choose the correct prepositions.
When the last lesson is over, we put our things ... our bags and go ... home.
 A) on, to B) into, - C) from, -
 D) in, to E) into, to
- 164.** Choose the correct prepositions.
The players returned ... Japan ... May 21st.
 A) from, at B) to, in C) at, on
 D) from, on E) from, in
- 165.** Choose the correct prepositions.
The delegation left ... London ... March 22nd.
 A) -, at B) to, in C) for, on
 D) in, at E) to, on
- 166.** Choose the correct prepositions.
Mike liked to go ... the seaside, where he could sit and look ... the stars in the sky.
 A) to, of B) to, in C) at, of
 D) through, after E) to, at
- 167.** Choose the correct variant.
Give ... me your illustrations. Don't give them ... anybody else.
 A) to, - B) for, in C) to, to
 D) -, to E) -, of
- 168.** Choose the correct variant.
When you know the answers to the questions, answer ... them without rising ... your seat.
 A) -, of B) to, to C) to, from
 D) to, - E) -, from
- 169.** Choose the proper prepositions.
Computer helps ... me a lot ... my studies.
 A) for, of B) -, on C) -, in
 D) to, - E) of, to
- 170.** Choose the correct variant.
Great changes have taken place ... our country ... the beginning of the 21st century.
 A) to, in B) in, since C) on, about
 D) on, since E) with, in
- 171.** Choose the correct prepositions.
The officer was so angry that he asked me questions ... questions ... waiting ... an answer.
 A) by, without, -
 B) after, without, for
 C) in, for, of
 D) in, for, for
 E) after, without, -
- 172.** Choose the correct prepositions.
My son did the job alone ... asking ... me ... help.
 A) to, to, of B) without, -, for
 C) with, for, for D) -, to, about
 E) by, -, with
- 173.** Choose the correct prepositions.
Buckingham Palace, the main attraction ... London, is one of the most popular places ... tourists who visit ... London.
 A) near, for, to B) of, of, in
 C) in, with, to D) near, for, at
 E) in, of, -
- 174.** Choose the correct prepositions.
My brother went away ... a business trip ... London ... last week.
 A) on, to, -
 B) to, to, in
 C) on, for, in
 D) to, in, -
 E) into, around, for
- 175.** Choose the correct prepositions.
Yesterday the Smiths left ... Liverpool ... a week and they will be back ... some days.
 A) -, in, with B) to, for, after
 C) to, in, during D) for, at, in
 E) for, for, in
- 176.** Choose the correct prepositions.
The visitor went quickly ... the sitting-room ... his hat ... one hand.
 A) into, with, in B) in, with, for
 C) to, on, under D) out, in, at
 E) from, into, on
- 177.** Choose the correct prepositions.
... Sunday morning the family drove up ... the station ... taxi.
 A) On, at, with B) In, to, by
 C) In, into, in D) On, to, by
 E) By, for, in

Preposition

178. Choose the correct prepositions.

The children sat ... the bench and watched ... the little boats ... the water.

- A) on, -, on B) in, to, on
C) at, -, between D) on, into, under
E) around, at, in

179. Choose the correct prepositions.

... the beginning ... the 11th century up ... the 14th century a lot of languages were spoken in England.

- A) From, to, till B) On, of, at
C) From, of, to D) At, in, -
E) Since, -, to

180. Choose the correct prepositions.

My friend did not agree ... me to go ... the country ... Sunday.

- A) at, for, on B) with, to, at
C) with, to, on D) to, on, for
E) to, to, in

181. Choose the correct variant.

1. to keep in touch with somebody
2. to cut by a knife
3. to go by train
4. to enter into the room

- A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2, 4 C) 1, 2, 3
D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3

182. Choose the correct prepositions.

Our teacher has just told us that we'll have an exam ... Grammar ... Friday morning ... next week.

- A) on, on, at B) on, in, on C) in, on, -
D) from, on, - E) about, in, in

183. Choose the correct variant.

The second floor is ... the first floor, but ... the third one.

- A) above, below B) on, above
C) above, on D) on, over
E) towards, under

184. Choose the correct variant.

- A) to go to a cruise
- B) to depend from something
- C) to answer to the teacher's question
- D) to leave to the station
- E) to be concerned about something

185. Choose the correct variant.

Do you go home ..., Tom?

1. by a bus
2. on foot
3. in motorbike
4. by bicycle

- A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 3

186. Choose the correct variant.

Did you come here ..., Jane?

1. by underground
2. with foot
3. in your car
4. by a taxi

- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

187. Choose the correct prepositions.

Granny looked ... me with a sad expression on her face ... saying a word.

- A) at, without B) for, about C) to, before
D) at, for E) for, at

188. Choose the correct prepositions.

The manager looked ... all the letters quickly, gave them ... me and asked ... me to call Mr. Brown.

- A) for, -, - B) at, to, to
C) through, to, - D) through, to, to
E) for, -, to

189. Choose the correct prepositions.

When I entered ... the shop ... the morning, I remembered that I had no money about me, so I had to go home ... it.

- A) -, on, by B) to, in, for C) to, on, for
D) -, in, for E) into, in, to

190. Choose the correct prepositions.

I went to the meeting ... taxi because David asked ... me to be in time.

- A) by, to B) in, - C) by, -
D) in, from E) with, -

191. Choose the correct prepositions.

People wish the future were ... wars ... all people on our beautiful planet.

- A) without, in B) with, for
C) during, among D) without, for
E) with, at

192. Choose the correct prepositions.

The host cut the pie into many pieces and gave ... them ... the guests.

- A) -, of B) to, - C) of, to
D) to, to E) -, to

193. Choose the correct prepositions.

There was a strange expression ... her eyes, quite unknown ... me.

- A) at, - B) at, for C) in, to
D) on, of E) of, of

194. Choose the correct prepositions.

The boy was skiing ... the hill ... a warm scarf ... his neck.

- A) in, in, on B) down, with, round
C) up, with, among D) on, at, under
E) over, on, on

195. Choose the correct prepositions.

The host's son ran ... the corridor and then ... the stairs ... the second floor.

- A) over, down, at B) from, in, about
C) on, up, between D) along, up, to
E) from, down, in

196. Choose the correct prepositions.

I've heard a lot ... him and now I'm looking forward to visiting ... him very much.

- A) about, - B) of, to C) with, for
D) of, at E) to, -

197. Choose the correct prepositions.

Tears like raindrops dropped ... her wide-open eyes ... her cheeks.

- A) into, on B) from, down C) in, with
D) out, in E) of, down

198. Choose the correct prepositions.

Someone pushed a letter ... the door of his room and ran across the large hall ... the front door.

- A) through, of B) below, in C) under, to
D) on, with E) out of, of

199. Choose the correct prepositions.

Shah Ismail the First tried to gather different nations ... his rule ... a single ideology.

- A) under, around B) in, between
C) on, of D) for, on
E) into, under

200. Choose the correct prepositions.

Tom was different ... all the other people I knew. I didn't know anyone ... him.

- A) of, as B) off, of C) from, like
D) of, at E) from, in

201. Choose the correct prepositions.

Abraham Lincoln said: "We must strengthen the government of the people ... the people and ... the people".

- A) among, off B) for, about
C) between, on D) by, for E) off, by

202. Choose the correct prepositions.

My friend had read a lot ... French poets, and he was going to choose a nice book ... poems among so many books.

- A) of, from B) about, of C) by, on
D) about, off E) of, by

203. Choose the correct prepositions.

They know a lot ... the customs and traditions of our people which are different ... theirs.

- A) of, off B) about, from C) of, in
D) off, of E) about, of

204. Choose the correct variant.

Even the longest ... the journeys start ... the shortest step.

- A) from, of
B) of, with
C) with, to
D) for, with
E) of, between

205. Choose the correct variant.

Try to start every day ... a positive smile ... your face.

- A) of, from
B) from, by
C) with, on
D) between, on
E) with, from

206. Choose the correct variant.

Jane bought a skirt ... mine but she was wearing it ... a white blouse.

- A) off, over B) of, in C) in, with
D) from, without E) like, with

207. Choose the correct variant.

1. to sit on the bench
2. to go in ship
3. to keep in touch somebody
4. to depend on somebody
5. to leave the airport

- A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4, 5 C) 1, 2, 4
D) 3, 4, 5 E) 2, 4

208. Choose the correct variant.

1. to wait to one's turn
2. to go on an excursion
3. to go down the slide
4. to visit to a city
5. to go into debt

- A) 2, 3, 5 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2, 4
D) 3, 4 E) 1, 2, 5

209. Choose the correct variant.

1. to answer the message
2. to go to home
3. to work at weekdays
4. to be bored with something
5. to complain about something

- A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2, 3 C) 3, 5
D) 1, 4, 5 E) 1, 2, 4

210. Choose the correct variant.

1. to worry to something
2. to be grateful to somebody
3. to go on plane
4. to to get sad about something
5. to take an exam in History

- A) 1, 5 B) 1, 3, 4 C) 1, 2, 3
D) 3, 4 E) 2, 4, 5

211. Choose the correct variant.

1. to consist on something
 2. to make progress in something
 3. to be bored with something
 4. to give something somebody
 5. to take an exam in Grammar
- A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3, 5
D) 2, 4, 5 E) 1, 3, 4

212. Choose the correct variant.

1. to object into something
 2. to go by underground
 3. to complain on a headache
 4. to go on business
 5. to cope with something
- A) 2, 4, 5 B) 1, 5 C) 2, 3
D) 1, 3, 4 E) 1, 2, 3

213. Choose the correct variant.

- Are you going to apologize ... the guilt ... which you've already been punished?*
- A) to, - B) for, for C) -, with
D) to, by E) for, about

214. Choose the proper prepositions.

- People who lived here ... ancient times led a peaceful life thanks to the unique geographic structure ... the region.*
- A) at, in B) in, for C) in, of
D) -, of E) on, for

215. Choose the proper prepositions.

- A lot of people ... the world learn English as it has taken the position ... the world language.*
- A) on, in B) at, on C) over, at
D) in, off E) in, of

216. Choose the correct prepositions.

- Mr. Brown chose the best art school ... his son and spent a lot ... money ... his education.*
- A) for, of, on B) for, of, to C) to, -, for
D) with, of, to E) with, -, on

217. Choose the correct prepositions.

- Daniel lay down ... the sofa ... his coat and fell asleep ... more than an hour.*
- A) on, in, for
B) in, under, during
C) in, with, on
D) on, on, at
E) by, without, at

218. Choose the correct prepositions.

- Paul is interested ... English literature. He has got a lot ... books written ... English writers.*
- A) on, of, of
B) in, -, about
C) in, of, by
D) with, -, for
E) with, of, by

219. Choose the correct prepositions.

- John is interested ... Literature. In his home library he has got a lot ... books written ... Shakespeare.*
- A) from, -, by B) about, for, of
C) from, of, on D) in, of, by E) in, for, of

220. Choose the correct prepositions.

- The two friends came ... the restaurant and went ... the table ... the corner of the hall.*
- A) out of, at, at B) in, to, at
C) into, on, in D) up, from, on
E) into, to, in

221. Choose the correct prepositions.

- He asked ... me many questions and I could answer ... all of them ... thinking too much.*
- A) -, to, without B) to, -, without
C) from, to, for D) -, -, without
E) to, to, with

222. Choose the correct prepositions.

- ... Friday morning Mr. Brown and his wife drove up ... the airport ... a taxi.*
- A) On, to, in B) -, to, by
C) In, into, in D) On, at, with
E) In, to, by

223. Choose the correct prepositions.

- ... Friday, ... 10 minutes ... 7, Mr. John arrived in London.*
- A) On, at, to B) On, in, to C) In, at, at
D) On, at, - E) In, in, at

224. Choose the correct prepositions.

- I think I'll be able to speak ... him ... it on the telephone.*
- A) with, of B) about, by C) with, to
D) to, from E) to, about

225. Choose the correct prepositions.

- Everybody looked forward to a fruitful exchange ... ideas ... representatives from different scientific schools.*
- A) for, to B) of, off C) of, with
D) at, of E) in, by

226. Choose the correct prepositions.

- He became interested ... physics ... the age ... fifteen.*
- A) with, at, of B) on, at, in C) in, at, of
D) at, since, of E) with, from, of

227. Choose the correct prepositions.

- I am very grateful ... my teachers ... all they've done ... me.*
- A) to, for, during
B) for, for, to
C) with, for, to
D) to, for, for
E) with, with, for

228. Choose the correct prepositions.

They will take their exam ... Literature ... Monday ... the morning.

- A) from, on, after B) on, in, at
C) in, on, in D) on, on, at
E) of, on, -

229. Choose the correct prepositions.

... school we'll go to Martyrs' Avenue and put flowers ... the graves ... our martyrs.

- A) From, -, on B) After, on, of
C) Before, -, at D) Before, over, off
E) After, on, from

230. Choose the correct prepositions.

On the way home he thought ... the strange events ... that day.

- A) -, on B) to, of C) of, in
D) -, of E) of, of

231. Choose the correct prepositions.

A lot of ships sail ... or ... New York everyday ... all kinds of goods.

- A) from, to, by B) into, out of, in
C) in, out, in D) to, from, by
E) to, from, with

232. Choose the correct variant.

The passengers stood ... the box-office, waiting ... their turn to get a ticket.

- A) in front of, - B) at, on C) in, at
D) before, in E) for, of

233. Choose the correct prepositions.

It is a tradition ... our schools to hold a meeting ... the 1st ... September.

- A) at, on, of B) in, in, in C) at, at, in
D) in, on, by E) of, in, of

234. Choose the correct prepositions.

The 31st ... December is the Solidarity Day ... all the Azerbaijanis ... the world.

- A) in, with, over B) on, in, in
C) of, by, on D) in, on, of E) of, of, in

235. Choose the correct prepositions.

Hyde Park, the largest park ... London, is one of the most popular places ... Londoners ... hot summer days.

- A) near, for, at B) of, of, in
C) in, with, at D) in, of, on
E) near, for, in

236. Choose the correct prepositions.

- Would you like to go to London ... us?
- Are you going ... bus?
- No, we are going ... Tom's car.

- A) to, in, in B) to, in, by
C) with, by, in D) with, by, by
E) for, in, by

237. Choose the correct prepositions.

My brother went away ... a business trip ... Europe ... a few weeks.

- A) to, to, for B) on, to, for
C) on, in, at D) to, in, about
E) from, around, for

238. Choose the correct prepositions.

There was a small table ... the bed ... a lamp and a clock ... it.

- A) near, with, from B) at, of, in
C) by, of, under D) on, with, between
E) by, with, on

239. Choose the correct prepositions.

Thank you ... your letter ... which you told me ... the weather in England.

- A) in, about, of B) for, at, on
C) for, in, about D) with, in, of
E) to, about, about

240. Choose the correct prepositions.

She cut off a big slice ... bread, put some butter ... it and gave it ... the boy.

- A) of, on, - B) of, on, to C) of, on, from
D) with, in, - E) -, in, to

241. Choose the correct prepositions.

There was a big fireplace ... the corner ... the room and next to it ... the left a large sofa with a standard lamp near it.

- A) at, of, on B) in, of, on C) in, -, to
D) at, of, to E) in, from, on

242. Choose the correct prepositions.

He looked ... all the business letters, gave them ... the secretary and asked her to tell ... Mr. Brown to come at 10.

- A) through, to, - B) at, -, to C) for, -, to
D) through, -, to E) at, -, -

243. Choose the correct prepositions.

The boys sat ... the sand and looked ... the little boats ... the water.

- A) on, up, in B) in, to, in
C) on, after, into D) on, at, on
E) in, through, out of

244. Choose the correct prepositions.

My brother did not agree ... us to go ... an excursion ... the country.

- A) -, in, to B) with, to, at C) to, on, to
D) to, for, in E) with, on, to

245. Choose the correct prepositions.

The restaurant in our street opens ... 5 ... the afternoon and closes ... midnight.

- A) at, in, at B) at, at, in C) in, on, at
D) from, till, in E) at, at, till

246. Choose the correct prepositions.

Some of the children were sitting ... the table, some ... the sofa, the others ... the armchairs.

- A) on, between, on
- B) at, on, to
- C) at, on, in
- D) round, in, in
- E) near, in, on

247. Choose the correct prepositions.

The place has rapidly developed ... a small settlement ... a flourishing tourist resort.

- A) in, among
- B) to, among
- C) from, into
- D) of, off
- E) between, into

248. Choose the correct prepositions.

You can tell a lot ... a person ... his handwriting.

- A) of, about
- B) about, from
- C) for, in
- D) off, by
- E) about, between

249. Choose the correct prepositions.

Today, a large number ... immigrants to the USA come ... Spanish-speaking countries, and ... 1980 Spanish has become the second language of the United States.

- A) among, from, during
- B) from, to, in
- C) of, from, since
- D) of, from, in
- E) from, to, during

250. Choose the correct variant.

- 1. to leave home
- 2. to visit to relatives
- 3. to go by car
- 4. to cope of something

- A) 1, 2, 3
- B) 2, 3, 4
- C) 3, 4
- D) 1, 3
- E) 2, 4

251. Choose the correct variant.

Harry entered ... the University ... Cambridge ... last year.

- A) into, in, -
- B) -, of, in
- C) to, -, on
- D) -, of, -
- E) to, in, in

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

Complex Objects.

Regular and Irregular Verbs

1. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The teacher told the girls ... laughing.
A) don't stop B) not stop C) to stop
D) stopping E) stop
2. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mother asked Jane ... the table.
A) don't lay B) to lay C) lay
D) not lay E) has laid
3. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Ask your son ... the documents.
A) don't bring B) not bring C) to bring
D) brought E) bring
4. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Please let the manager ... your decision as soon as possible.
A) will know B) to know C) knows
D) know E) knew
5. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I tried to make my son ... that travelling is a pleasant way of improving one's knowledge.
A) understood
B) understands
C) is understanding
D) understand
E) to understand
6. Choose the correct form of the verb.
What did they expect me ... in this situation?
A) had done B) doing C) do
D) to do E) done
7. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mother made her little daughter ... what she had heard.
A) to repeat B) repeating C) repeat
D) repeated E) repeats
8. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Didn't you expect him ... the work so carefully?
A) do B) to do C) did
D) does E) doing
9. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Nick told his children ... quiet while he was working.
A) keep B) to keep C) keeping
D) has kept E) keeps
10. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Steve asked the librarian ... him to find the book he was looking for.
A) has helped B) to help C) help
D) helps E) helping
11. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Entering the house the visitor asked the host ... him some water.
A) to give B) gives C) give
D) gave E) is giving
12. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
I watched a woman ... away the leaves fallen on the ground.
A) has swept B) to sweep C) sweeps
D) sweeping E) will sweep
13. Choose the correct form of the verb.
John expected me ... the party.
A) to arrange B) arranged C) arrange
D) arranges E) arranging
14. Choose the correct form of the verb.
We didn't expect him ... an opportunity of going to the theatre.
A) misses B) to miss C) miss
D) missing E) missed
15. Choose the correct variant.
... Jeremy to be more attentive while doing a test.
1. Ask 2. Make 3. Tell 4. Let
A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 4
D) 1, 3, 4 E) 2, 3, 4
16. Choose the correct variant.
The children noticed ... the house when they were playing in the yard.
A) they to approach
B) them to approach
C) the cars to approach
D) they approaching
E) the cars approaching
17. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Nothing could make Sarah ... her mind.
A) changing B) to change C) changed
D) changes E) change
18. Choose the correct form of the verb.
What could make Joseph ... so early?
A) leave B) to leave C) left
D) leaves E) leaving
19. Choose the correct form of the verb.
What made the inhabitants ... the place at once?
A) leaving B) to leave C) left
D) leave E) have left

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

20. Choose the correct form of the verb.
As I was very tired, my mother didn't let me ... TV.
A) watching B) to watch C) watched
D) watch E) was watching
21. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The lecturer tried to make the student ... notes during the lecture.
A) to take B) take C) taking
D) takes E) is taking
22. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My brother tried to make his friend ... to the decision.
A) to agree B) agree C) agreed
D) has agreed E) agrees
23. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mother tried to make her daughter ... her fault.
A) to realize B) realize C) realizes
D) has realized E) realizing
24. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Granny advised her grandson ... his parents.
A) obeys B) obey C) to obey
D) obeying E) obeyed
25. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Has anybody heard him ... such a word?
A) to say B) say C) said
D) says E) is saying
26. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Have you ever heard her ... Spanish?
A) to speak B) speak C) is speaking
D) speaks E) spoke
27. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Ask your friends ... earlier, please.
A) has come B) come C) coming
D) to come E) came
28. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Ask your elder brother ... us for lunch.
A) to join B) join C) joining
D) has joined E) joined
29. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I have never expected her ... such a silly question.
A) asking B) ask C) to ask
D) has asked E) asked
30. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I have never expected him ... like that.
A) behaving B) behave C) to behave
D) behaved E) have behaved
31. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The police heard a baby ...
A) cries B) has cried C) crying
D) to cry E) will cry
32. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Returning home I saw the driver ... at the gate.
A) is sitting B) to sit C) has sat
D) sitting E) will sit
33. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Simon made his partner ... him on his mobile to share the information.
A) to phone B) phone C) phoned
D) was phoning E) will phone
34. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The guide made the tourists ... to the reception to reserve rooms.
A) to apply B) apply C) applied
D) were applying E) will apply
35. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The employer made us ... the project again to come to an agreement.
A) discuss B) discussing
C) to discuss D) will discuss
E) had discussed
36. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Why do you try to make me ... what you want?
A) had done B) doing C) to do
D) do E) did
37. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Why do you want to make me ... what you want?
A) to say B) saying C) say
D) said E) have said
38. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The customs officer asked the passenger ... in the hall to check his passport.
A) stay B) to stay C) stayed
D) was staying E) had stayed
39. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The employer told the applicant ... in the corridor.
A) to wait B) wait C) waiting
D) waited E) waits
40. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mr. Holden wanted us ... his point of view.
A) supporting B) support
C) supported D) had supported
E) to support

41. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mr. Manson wanted his partner ... his departure.
A) delay B) to delay C) had delayed
D) delays E) delaying
42. Choose the correct variant.
Mother ... me do the washing all over again.
A) ordered B) asked C) wanted
D) told E) made
43. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Please let the manager ... your decision as soon as possible.
A) knew B) to know C) knows
D) will know E) know
44. Choose the correct form of the verb.
They let him ... early as he wanted to meet his wife.
A) went B) goes C) to go
D) go E) will go
45. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Let these boys ... friends, will you?
A) are B) to be C) be
D) were E) will be
46. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Let him ... us tomorrow too.
A) will join B) to join C) joining
D) join E) joins
47. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mr. Brown asked the gardener ... white roses in front of his window.
A) plants B) plant C) to plant
D) is planting E) has planted
48. Choose the line of regular verbs.
A) to hang, to lose, to blow
B) to fly, to know, to shoot
C) to devote, to believe, to land
D) to cost, to win, to bite
E) to catch, to burn, to hold
49. Choose the line of regular verbs.
A) to stop, to sleep, to see
B) to depend, to think, to enjoy
C) to begin, to wash, to lose
D) to know, to return, to give
E) to sign, to finish, to dance
50. Choose the line of irregular verbs.
A) to sing, to want, to make
B) to learn, to ask, to look
C) to pack, to put, to teach
D) to shut, to dance, to take
E) to go, to find, to think
51. Choose the line of irregular verbs.
A) to teach, to think, to study
B) to speak, to follow, to sell
C) to send, to make, to build
D) to carry, to bring, to reply
E) to fight, to unite, to want
52. Choose the irregular verbs.
1. to cut 2. to write
3. to send 4. to open
5. to translate 6. to walk
7. to watch 8. to make
A) 1, 2, 3, 8 B) 1, 5, 6, 8 C) 1, 3, 4, 7
D) 3, 6, 7, 8 E) 1, 2, 3, 7
53. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Let Tom ... lunch first of all.
A) having B) has C) to have
D) have E) is having
54. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Did the doctor let Jack ... the hospital?
A) leaving B) will leave C) leaves
D) to leave E) leave
55. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I didn't hear him ...
A) to enter B) enter C) entered
D) was entering E) enters
56. Choose the correct form of the verb.
We didn't expect him ... us about his brother.
A) to ask B) ask C) asking
D) asked E) will ask
57. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The policeman made the thief ... the thing he had stolen.
A) returns B) to return C) returning
D) will return E) return
58. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I watched my cat ... with her kittens.
A) playing B) will play C) to play
D) plays E) is playing
59. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The teacher made the boy ... what he had heard.
A) to repeat B) repeating C) repeat
D) repeated E) repeats
60. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Don't make her ... so long.
A) to wait B) wait C) waited
D) is waiting E) waits
61. Choose the correct form of the verb.
We didn't expect them ... so soon.
A) to return B) return C) returning
D) returned E) will return

62. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She expected him ... to her every day.
A) written B) writing C) to write
D) wrote E) write
63. Choose the correct form of the verb.
John expected me ... the party.
A) will arrange B) arranged C) arrange
D) arranges E) to arrange
64. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Didn't you expect him ... the work so carefully?
A) doing B) do C) did
D) had done E) to do
65. Choose the correct form of the verb.
When Jane was ill, her mother had to make her ... medicine.
A) taking B) to take C) took
D) takes E) take
66. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The shop-assistant tried to make me ... that he was right.
A) will believe B) to believe C) believe
D) believing E) believed
67. Choose the correct form of the verb.
This present made her ... happy.
A) to feel B) feel C) felt
D) will feel E) feels
68. Choose the correct form of the verb.
When we came in we saw Peter ... something.
A) is writing B) writes C) written
D) writing E) to write
69. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Let the girl ... a rest first.
A) has B) have C) will have
D) had E) to have
70. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Tom's words made him ... uncomfortable.
A) feeling B) feel C) to feel
D) feels E) felt
71. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I saw Jane ... in the park.
A) runs B) running C) to run
D) is running E) ran
72. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I don't want you to let anyone ... Jane.
A) disturbing B) disturbs C) disturbed
D) disturb E) will disturb
73. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Did you expect John ... his mother change her opinion?
A) is making B) make C) making
D) has made E) to make
74. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
Let the servant ... the door and ... the room.
A) opens, do B) to open, do
C) opens, does D) open, do
E) to open, doing
75. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
Jack heard her ... the door and ... out.
A) opened, go B) open, go
C) to open, to go D) opening, to go
E) opens, goes
76. Choose the correct variant.
I want ... tomorrow.
A) he to return B) you to return
C) you return D) he returned
E) him return
77. Choose the correct variant.
Norman's progress made ...
A) we felt happy
B) us to feel happy
C) us feel happy
D) us to felt happy
E) we feeling happy
78. Choose the correct variant.
Our teachers want ... hard.
A) us work B) we to work
C) we working D) us to work
E) us worked
79. Choose the correct variant.
Please don't let ... during the movie.
A) anybody talk B) anybody to talk
C) they to talk D) they talk
E) anybody talking
80. Choose the correct variant.
The lecturer didn't let ... in during the lecture.
A) they to come B) anybody to come
C) anybody come D) they come
E) anybody coming
81. Choose the correct form of the verb.
At last my relatives ... me to leave early last Friday.
A) noticed B) let C) made
D) saw E) allowed
82. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Nobody ... him go out of the room.
A) noticed B) wanted C) expected
D) asked E) told
83. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I watched Ann ... the flowers picked in the morning into the vase.
A) to put B) putting C) have put
D) is putting E) puts

84. Choose the correct variant.
Don't let ... TV so much.
A) he watch B) him to watch
C) him watches D) him watch
E) he watching
85. Choose the correct variant.
Don't let ... my message, please.
A) they reading B) they read
C) them reading D) them to read
E) them read
86. Choose the correct variant.
What made ... back from his holiday so early?
A) him to come B) him come
C) he coming D) him came E) he come
87. Choose the correct variant.
As my father left school very early, he wanted ... well at school.
A) me to do B) I to do C) I do
D) me did E) I did
88. Choose the correct variant.
Don't let ... your feelings.
A) they hurt B) them to hurt
C) them hurt D) him to hurt
E) him hurts
89. Choose the correct variant.
How could you make ... to your decision?
A) they agree B) they to agree
C) them to agree D) them agreed
E) them agree
90. Choose the correct variant.
We saw ... in the yard when we were passing by.
A) the boys playing B) them to play
C) the boys to play D) they playing
E) they to play
91. Choose the correct variant.
My teacher ... me to leave school early.
A) noticed B) let C) made
D) allowed E) saw
92. Choose the correct variant.
Mother ... me to take my sister to the Zoo.
A) made B) let C) allowed
D) noticed E) saw
93. Choose the correct variant.
We ... them play volleyball in the playground.
A) expected B) told C) asked
D) wanted E) watched
94. Choose the correct variant.
We ... her put the key in her pocket.
A) asked B) expected C) wanted
D) saw E) told
95. Choose the correct variant.
The teacher ... the whole speech by heart.
1. asked us learn
2. made us to learn
3. made us learn
4. told us to learn
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 2, 3
D) 2, 3, 4 E) 3, 4
96. Choose the correct variant.
My parents always ... breakfast before going to school.
1. made me to have
2. asked me have
3. made me have
4. told me to have
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 2, 3
D) 2, 3, 4 E) 3, 4
97. Choose the correct variant.
Nobody ... Mark to choose this profession.
1. expected 2. advised
3. made 4. let 5. wanted
A) 1, 2, 5 B) 2, 4 C) 2, 3, 5
D) 1, 3 E) 3, 4
98. Choose the correct variant.
I don't ... my children to eat too much chocolate.
1. advise 2. allow
3. want 4. make 5. let
A) 1, 2, 3 B) 1, 3, 4 C) 1, 2, 5
D) 4, 5 E) 3, 4
99. Choose the correct variant.
We couldn't make ... back.
A) he come B) he coming
C) him coming D) him to come
E) him come
100. Choose the correct variant.
Though the skirt was expensive mother let ... it.
A) me buy B) me to buy C) I to buy
D) me bought E) me buying
101. Choose the correct variant.
The police made ... their cars.
A) them stop B) they stop
C) them stopped D) them to stop
E) them stopping
102. Choose the correct variant.
I didn't hear ... them the truth.
A) her told B) her to tell C) she to tell
D) her tell E) she telling
103. Choose the correct variant.
What made ... his plans unexpectedly?
A) he change B) John change
C) him changed D) John changing
E) he changes

104. Choose the correct variant.

The lawyer ... him to sign the contract with the owner of the house.

- A) heard B) let C) advised
D) noticed E) watched

105. Choose the correct variant.

The team coach ... the baseball team to beat the other side.

- A) felt B) made C) let
D) expected E) noticed

106. Choose the correct variant.

He heard ... in the street.

- A) she crying B) her to cry C) her cries
D) she to cry E) her crying

107. Choose the correct variant.

They saw ... in the orchard when they drove past.

- A) Tom to work B) Tom working
C) him to work D) he works
E) he working

108. Choose the correct variant.

Ben didn't expect his father to let ... in the race.

- A) he take part
B) he to take part
C) him took part
D) him takes part
E) him take part

109. Choose the correct variant.

We didn't expect Mary to let ... a car.

- A) her drove B) her to drive
C) her drive D) she driving
E) she drives

110. Choose the correct variant.

Mrs. Brown ... her husband to sing her favourite song.

1. made 2. heard 3. wanted
4. asked 5. noticed
A) 3, 4 B) 2, 5 C) 1, 2
D) 2, 3, 4 E) 1, 4, 5

111. Choose the correct variant.

Sheila ... the dressmaker to make her a dress.

1. made 2. saw 3. wanted
4. asked 5. let
A) 1, 2 B) 2, 5 C) 3, 4
D) 2, 3, 4 E) 1, 4, 5

112. Choose the correct variant.

Do you ... me to tell them about the accident?

1. let 2. expect 3. hear
4. want 5. permit
A) 2, 3 B) 2, 4, 5 C) 1, 3, 4
D) 1, 4 E) 3, 5

113. Choose the correct variant.

Who ... the accident happen last night?

1. saw 2. expected
3. noticed 4. wanted
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2

114. Choose the correct variant.

Listen attentively, I ... you to hear my words.

1. want 2. ask 3. let 4. notice
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2

115. Choose the correct variant.

Please come later, I ... you to leave me alone.

1. want 2. ask 3. let 4. make
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3

116. Choose the correct variant.

We didn't expect her to make ... the proposal.

- A) him rejected B) he reject
C) him to reject D) he to reject
E) him reject

117. Choose the correct variant.

I didn't want anybody to make ... against that decision.

- A) we vote B) us vote C) us to vote
D) us voted E) we to vote

118. Choose the correct variant.

The hostess ... the gardener to cut the grass.

1. didn't ask 2. noticed
3. saw 4. told
5. didn't want
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4, 5 C) 2, 5
D) 1, 3, 4 E) 1, 2

119. Choose the correct variant.

Nick ... his assistant to bring the documents.

1. saw 2. told
3. didn't ask 4. didn't expect
5. noticed
A) 1, 2, 5 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 5
D) 3, 4 E) 2, 3, 4

120. Choose the correct variant.

Ann asked her mother to let ... at Sally's.

- A) her to stay B) she stay C) her stay
D) she to stay E) she stays

121. Choose the correct variant.

Mr. Brown asked his friend to let ... the truth.

- A) him to know B) him know
C) he to know D) he know
E) he knows

122. Choose the correct variant.

The teacher told ... a noise.

- A) the children not to make
B) the children not make C) them made
D) they not to make E) us make

123. Choose the correct variant.

Did you ask ... these questions?

- A) them answered
- B) them answer
- C) they to answer
- D) they answer
- E) them to answer

124. Choose the correct variant.

It was impossible to ask ... so long.

- A) them to work
- B) they to work
- C) they work
- D) them work
- E) they working

125. Choose the correct variant.

She asked ... her the photos.

- A) I giving
- B) I to give
- C) me gave
- D) me to give
- E) me give

126. Choose the correct variant.

Fred asked ... him the next day.

- A) them phoned
- B) she to phone
- C) her phoned
- D) her phone
- E) me to phone

127. Choose the correct variant.

The teacher told ... the exercise.

- A) they write
- B) the students write
- C) they to write
- D) the students to write
- E) the students writing

128. Choose the correct variant.

I told ... as soon as possible.

- A) Mr. Brown to come
- B) Mr. Brown come
- C) he to come
- D) he come
- E) Mr. Brown coming

129. Choose the correct variant.

The policeman ordered ...

- A) us stopped
- B) we stop
- C) us stop
- D) us to stop
- E) we to stop

130. Choose the correct variant.

Don't let ... in while mother is out.

- A) anyone to come
- B) them to come
- C) anybody come
- D) they come
- E) anybody coming

131. Choose the correct variant.

My parents ... me go to the party.

- A) let
- B) allowed
- C) expected
- D) told
- E) asked

132. Choose the correct variant.

I saw ... the street some minutes ago.

- A) they cross
- B) them to cross
- C) them crossing
- D) them crossed
- E) they were crossing

133. Choose the line of irregular verbs.

- A) to read, to turn, to put
- B) to write, to use, to sit
- C) to end, to know, to speak
- D) to cut, to think, to send
- E) to show, to prepare, to wake

134. Choose the line of irregular verbs.

- A) to sing, to stop, to have, to reach
- B) to lay, to get, to look, to enter
- C) to think, to begin, to stand, to repeat
- D) to know, to teach, to show, to advise
- E) to give, to buy, to put, to shoot

135. Choose the line of irregular verbs.

- A) to raise, to tell, to take, to decide
- B) to keep, to meet, to rise, to lose
- C) to send, to say, to prepare, to learn
- D) to build, to sell, to arrive, to finish
- E) to speak, to find, to spend, to correct

136. Choose the correct variant.

I want ...

- A) you to help me
- B) he to help me
- C) she to help me
- D) they to help me
- E) him help me

137. Choose the correct variant.

Jane's parents want ... English well.

- A) her learnt
- B) she learns
- C) her learns
- D) her to learn
- E) her learn

138. Choose the correct variant.

Mother never ... so.

- A) saw us to behave
- B) wants us behave
- C) makes us to behave
- D) lets us behave
- E) asks us behave

139. Choose the correct variant.

I don't want ... me there.

- A) they to see
- B) them see
- C) them seeing
- D) they seen
- E) them to see

140. Choose the correct variant.

Teachers ... their students to be as successful as they are able to be.

- 1. make
- 2. expect
- 3. let
- 4. want
- A) 1, 2, 3
- B) 1, 2
- C) 1, 3, 4
- D) 3, 4
- E) 2, 4

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

141. Choose the correct sentences.

1. Why don't you ask him to do it?
 2. We watched the bus disappear in the distance.
 3. No one expected him change the project so quickly.
 4. I heard someone to play the piano in the next room.
- A) 1, 2 B) 1, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 3

142. Choose the correct sentences.

1. Did you notice her to leave the party unexpectedly?
 2. No one expected him come so early.
 3. I felt her voice trembling with excitement.
 4. Why don't you allow her to make her own decision?
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 3

143. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

Mark let us ... , but he asked us ... anyone about it.

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------|
| A) went, not to tell | B) to go, tell |
| C) go, not tell | D) to go, to tell |
| E) go, not to tell | |

144. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

My parents told me ... my homework and didn't let me ... for a walk.

- | | | |
|-----------------|------------|--------------|
| A) to do, to go | B) do, go | C) do, to go |
| D) to do, go | E) did, go | |

145. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

You can't make him ... what you want him ...

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| A) to say, to say | B) say, say |
| C) say, to say | D) say, said |
| E) saying, to say | |

146. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

The policeman noticed the thief ... and didn't let him ... in the crowd.

- A) to run, disappearing
- B) run, disappear
- C) running, to disappear
- D) to run, disappeared
- E) ran, disappearing

147. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

I heard the door ... and saw somebody ... across the floor.

- A) open, to move
- B) open, move
- C) opening, moves
- D) to open, moving
- E) to open, move

148. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

I felt the house ... and it made me ...

- A) shake, tremble
- B) shook, to tremble

- C) to shake, tremble
- D) was shaking, to tremble
- E) shaking, to tremble

149. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

The shepherd saw the plane ... into the hill and ... into flames.

- A) crashed, to burst
- B) crash, burst
- C) crashes, to burst
- D) to crash, to burst
- E) to crash, burst

150. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

I saw her ... into the room and ... on the light.

- A) come, switch
- B) coming, to switch
- C) to come, switch
- D) came, switched
- E) to come, switching

151. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

Robert saw Jane ... in and ... off her coat.

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| A) coming, takes | B) to come, taking |
| C) come, take | D) came, to take |
| E) to come, take | |

152. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

Little Tom watched the guests ... the room and ... their seats at the table laid for them.

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------|
| A) entered, to take | B) to enter, take |
| C) to enter, took | D) enter, take |
| E) enter, to take | |

153. Choose the correct form of the verb.

Can you ... the audience ... you?

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| A) hear, applauding | B) ask, applaud |
| C) expect, applauding | D) see, to applaud |
| E) watch, to applaud | |

154. Choose the correct sentences.

1. My mother asked me do the work again.
 2. Did you see them go out?
 3. Did they see us to enter the room?
 4. She wants us to be in time.
- A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 3, 4

155. Choose the correct sentences.

1. We saw a lot of people to walk in the square.
 2. Did you hear them to sing?
 3. Father made the children water the trees.
 4. I saw them sitting under the tree.
- A) 1, 2 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 3, 4 E) 2, 3

156. Choose the correct form of the verb.

We didn't ... the prices ... so unexpectedly.

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| A) expect, to rise | B) want, rise |
| C) see, to rise | D) hear, to rise |
| E) think, rising | |

157. Choose the correct variant.
No one expected him ...

- A) ask the manager to raise his salary
- B) to ask the manager raise his salary
- C) asked the manager raise his salary
- D) asked the manager to raise his salary
- E) to ask the manager to raise his salary

158. Choose the correct form of the verb.

All teachers ... their students ... their exams successfully.

- A) want, to pass
- B) expect, pass
- C) make, to pass
- D) let, to pass
- E) ask, pass

159. Choose the correct form of the verb.

All parents ... their children ... progress.

- A) ask, make
- B) expect, make
- C) make, to make
- D) let, to make
- E) want, to make

160. Choose the correct form of the verb.

Jack ... us ... for hours.

- A) let, to wait
- B) wanted, wait
- C) expected, wait
- D) made, wait
- E) asked, wait

161. Choose the correct form of the verb.

Mary ... him ... her alone.

- A) wanted, leave
- B) asked, to leave
- C) expected, leave
- D) advised, leave
- E) let, to leave

162. Choose the correct form of the verb.

Ann ... me ... it all over again.

- A) wanted, to do
- B) made, to do
- C) saw, to do
- D) let, to do
- E) expected, do

163. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The teacher ... Ann ... part in the contest.

- A) wanted, to take
- B) let, to take
- C) expected, take
- D) asked, take
- E) made, to take

164. Choose the correct sentences.

1. Please let me use your mobile phone.
2. Nobody wanted Sam take part in the discussion.
3. Everybody told us to come earlier.
4. Many people saw Jane to park her car at the post-office.

- A) 1, 4
- B) 1, 2, 3
- C) 2, 4
- D) 2, 3, 4
- E) 1, 3

165. Choose the correct form of the verb.

Michael ... his cousin ... on Monday.

- A) asked, arrive
- B) wanted, arrive
- C) let, to arrive
- D) made, to arrive
- E) expected, to arrive

166. Choose the correct form of the verb.

Sandra ... her friend ... later.

- A) expected, leave
- B) wanted, to leave
- C) let, to leave
- D) made, to leave
- E) asked, leave

167. Choose the correct variant.

Do you want me ... the whole story?

- A) to make Ann repeats
- B) make Ann to repeat
- C) to make Ann repeat
- D) make Ann repeat
- E) to make Ann to repeat

168. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

The coach decided ... the player ... in the race.

- A) to let, participate
- B) let, participate
- C) to let, participates
- D) to let, to participate
- E) let, participating

169. Choose the correct form of the verb.

I ... the baby ... It was so amazing.

- A) saw, to walk
- B) asked, walk
- C) watched, walking
- D) told, walking
- E) noticed, to walk

170. Choose the correct form of the verb.

Helen wants you ... her ... She dances perfectly.

- A) to see, to dance
- B) to watch, to dance
- C) to watch, dance
- D) to see, danced
- E) to notice, to dance

171. Choose the correct variant.

It's difficult to tell ...

- A) Bob and John do it
- B) Bob and John to do it
- C) her follow your advice
- D) she to follow your advice
- E) them do it

172. Choose the correct variant.

It is bad to make teenagers ... their future professions. It is better to let them ... a choice themselves.

- A) to choose, to make
- B) choosing, making
- C) choose, made
- D) choose, make
- E) chosen, made

173. Choose the correct sentences.

1. I didn't expect him return so soon.
2. Will you watch me to swim across the river?
3. She let her daughter wear her new dress at the party.
4. How can I make him get up so early?

- A) 1, 2
- B) 1, 3
- C) 3, 4
- D) 2, 3
- E) 1, 4

174. Choose the correct sentences.
 1. I've never seen anyone dance so beautifully.
 2. Susan asked the children decorate the room.
 3. I saw three children to join them.
 4. I didn't expect her to change her mind.
 A) 2, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

175. Choose the correct sentence.
 A) You mustn't make such an old man working so hard.
 B) You mustn't make such an old man to work so hard.
 C) You mustn't make such an old man work so hard.
 D) You mustn't make such an old man worked so hard.
 E) You mustn't make such an old man works so hard.

176. Choose the correct sentence.
 A) His last words made Tom to listen to him.
 B) His last words made Tom listened to him.
 C) His last words made Tom listen to him.
 D) His last words make Tom listens to him.
 E) His last words make Tom listening to him.

177. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
Before he let us ... , he made us ... not to tell anyone about it.
 A) go, promise
 B) to go, promise
 C) go, to promise
 D) to go, to promise
 E) went, promised

178. Choose the correct form of the verbs.
Norman heard his mother ... the door and ... out.
 A) opening, to go
 B) opened, go
 C) to open, to go
 D) open, go
 E) opens, goes

179. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
All the passengers saw him ... the purse and ... away.
 A) to steal, run
 B) stole, ran
 C) stealing, to run
 D) steal, run
 E) steal, to run

180. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
Let John ... the window and ... the room.
 A) opening, airs B) to open, air
 C) open, air D) open, will air
 E) to open, to air

181. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
When I was a child, I saw a man ... on a rope.
 1. walking 2. to walk
 3. walk 4. is walking
 5. walks
 A) 3, 5 B) 2, 5 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

182. Choose the correct sentences.
 1. The little boy asked his elder brother to repair the broken bicycle.
 2. They made the boy to repair the broken bicycle.
 3. The little boy let his elder brother to repair the broken bicycle.
 4. They allowed the boy to repair the broken bicycle.
 A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3

Gerunds, Participles (I, II), Passive Causatives

1. Choose the correct sentences.
 1. My neighbours never let their children to go out alone.
 2. Don't make Sally choose the job she doesn't like.
 3. The students asked the lecturer to repeat the last sentence.
 4. Nobody heard them to come in.
 A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2, 4 C) 1, 2, 3
 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4

2. Choose the correct form of the verb.
You must keep on ... the computer until you understand how to use all of the programmes.
 A) have practised
 B) to practice
 C) practised
 D) practising
 E) practice

3. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The city Council were delighted with ... the architect's proposed design for a new market.
 A) accepting B) to accept
 C) accepted D) has accepted E) accepts

4. Choose the correct form of the verb.
They both sat in silence for some time after ... to this extraordinary story.
 A) have listened B) to listen C) listened
 D) listening E) is listening

5. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My friend always succeeds in ... on time to help me.
 A) arriving B) to arrive C) arrived
 D) has arrived E) arrives

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

6. Choose the correct form of the verb.
A friend of mine got into trouble when he objected to his ... the suitcase for customs officer.
A) to open B) opening C) opened
D) has opened E) had opened
7. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The doctor objected to her ... him alone. His health was too poor.
A) left B) to leave C) leaving
D) has left E) had left
8. Choose the correct form of the verb.
You should listen to other people instead of ... about yourself all the time.
A) talking B) to talk C) talked
D) have talked E) is talking
9. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... things is effective for a long-term memory.
A) Repeated B) Repeat C) Repeats
D) Repeating E) Have repeated
10. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My uncle objects to my ... wild animals.
A) hunting B) to hunt C) hunted
D) hunt E) hunts
11. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I am sorry for ... my temper this morning.
A) lose B) to lose C) lost
D) losing E) have lost
12. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He is not accustomed to ... personal information about himself to strangers.
A) giving B) gives C) gave
D) given E) give
13. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Before the game she felt certain of ... it.
A) is winning B) win C) won
D) winning E) wins
14. Choose the correct form of the verb.
There was an old door, on which the boys had a habit of ... their names.
A) carved B) to carve C) carving
D) carve E) carves
15. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Jane had her hair ... at the hair-dresser's.
A) to dye B) dye C) dyed
D) dying E) dyes
16. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mrs. Grande had her house ... near the sea.
A) had built B) builds C) build
D) was built E) built
17. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The teacher had the essay ... on teenagers' problems.
A) wrote B) written C) write
D) to write E) had written
18. Choose the correct variant.
She's just had a short story ... in a magazine.
A) publish B) published C) to publish
D) publishing E) publishes
19. Choose the correct variant.
The manager got the forms ... at the office.
A) fills B) to fill C) fill
D) filling E) filled
20. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
My niece ... the violin ... from valuable wood.
1. had, made
2. gets, making
3. got, made
4. gets, making
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3
21. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
The manager ... the documents ... for the contract.
1. had, signed
2. got, signed
3. had, signing
4. got, signing
A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 2
22. Choose the correct variant.
Mother got the washing machine ...
A) fix B) fixed C) to fix
D) fixes E) fixing
23. Choose the correct form of the verb.
His aunt had the fruit-trees ... in her large garden.
A) grow B) grew C) grows
D) to grow E) grown
24. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The archaeologists found ancient coins ... in the 16th century.
A) make B) to make C) making
D) made E) makes
25. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My grandfather had a collection of drawings ... during the war.
A) painted B) to paint C) painting
D) paints E) paint
26. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The local museum has the silver dishes ... last century.
A) makes B) make C) to make
D) made E) making

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

27. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mary received the message ... by her companion.
A) to send B) send C) sending
D) sends E) sent
28. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The Smiths have the farmland ... near their house.
A) cultivating B) to cultivate C) cultivate
D) cultivated E) had cultivated
29. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The penicillin ... by A. Fleming made a big change in medicine.
A) was invented B) invent C) invented
D) inventing E) to invent
30. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The tress ... by the storm lay on the road.
A) to struck B) striking C) were struck
D) struck E) have been struck
31. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I tried to open the box ... by granny.
A) lock B) locking C) locked
D) to lock E) locks
32. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The water of the river ... by the factory is not safe for drinking.
A) has polluted B) pollutes C) polluted
D) polluting E) was polluted
33. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The teacher gave us ... exercises, but we all enjoyed doing it.
A) was challenging B) is challenging
C) to challenge D) challenges
E) challenging
34. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Success in one's work is a ... experience.
A) to satisfy B) satisfy C) satisfying
D) to satisfying E) satisfies
35. Choose the correct form of the verb.
When ... home, I met an old friend of mine.
A) goes B) go C) is going
D) going E) has gone
36. Choose the correct form of the verb.
While ... dinner we discussed many questions.
A) to have B) have C) having
D) has E) had
37. Choose the correct form of the verb.
When ... a car I always fasten the seat belt.
A) drives B) drive C) to drive
D) driving E) driven
38. Choose the correct form of the verb.
A movie ... by Kate yesterday was quite interesting.
A) to watch B) watch C) watching
D) watches E) watched
39. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Have you succeeded in ... a job yet?
A) find B) finding C) has found
D) found E) to find
40. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She looked at the ... vase.
A) breaks B) breaking C) broken
D) to break E) broke
41. Choose the correct form of the verb.
When ... in Australia, he saw a lot of interesting things.
A) travel B) travelling C) to travel
D) travels E) travelled
42. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The task ... by the group was difficult.
A) was done B) done C) did
D) is done E) doing
43. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She answered through the ... door.
A) was locked B) locking C) was locking
D) locks E) locked
44. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The plate ... by the child was still on the floor.
A) was broken B) is broken C) breaking
D) breaks E) broken
45. Choose the correct form of the verb.
People ... themselves in the battles for the independence are called martyrs.
A) have sacrificed B) sacrifices
C) sacrificed D) are sacrificing
E) were sacrificed
46. Choose the correct form of the verb.
They were watching the girls ... at the party.
A) to dance B) are dancing
C) were dancing D) dancing E) danced
47. Choose the correct form of the verb.
You should think about ... the colour of your hair.
A) changes B) change C) to change
D) changed E) changing
48. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The child went on ... throughout the whole movie.
A) to talk B) talking C) talk
D) talked E) is talking

49. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I remember when my Dad had this photo ...
A) taken B) took C) takes
D) to take E) taking
50. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Sarah didn't make her own wedding dress, she had it ... by a designer in Italy.
A) made B) make C) makes
D) making E) to make
51. Choose the correct form of the verb.
How lucky, you had your eyes ...
A) examining
B) examine
C) to examine
D) examined
E) were examining
52. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I always do my food shopping online and I have the food ... to my house.
A) deliver B) delivered C) delivering
D) to deliver E) delivers
53. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I had a terrible toothache so I had my tooth ... out last night.
A) pulls B) pull C) to pull
D) pulling E) pulled
54. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I don't like the habit of ... people wait.
A) is making B) to make C) made
D) make E) making
55. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Liza was able to make her own living by ... at the factory.
A) working B) worked C) to work
D) work E) has worked
56. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The Whites had a chance of ... Italy.
A) visiting B) visit C) to visit
D) have visited E) visited
57. Choose the correct form of the verb.
They have the gift of ... you feel at home.
A) make B) to make C) made
D) making E) is making
58. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She insisted on ... the truth.
A) told B) telling C) tell
D) to tell E) has told
59. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He is fond of ... in winter.
A) skate B) to skate C) skated
D) skating E) has skated
60. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I like your way of ... it.
A) did B) doing C) do
D) to do E) done
61. Choose the correct form of the verb.
They apologized for ... the noise.
A) to make B) make C) making
D) made E) has made
62. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Who is for ... him the truth?
A) has told B) tell C) told
D) to tell E) telling
63. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Everything depends on ... there in time.
A) get B) to get C) getting
D) got E) has got
64. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The habit of ... in other people's family problems is bad.
A) is interfering B) interfered
C) to interfere D) interfere
E) interfering
65. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Sarah was fond of ...
A) to sing B) sang C) singing
D) sing E) sung
66. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She went straight without ... her head.
A) turning B) turn C) turned
D) to turn E) has turned
67. Choose the correct form of the verb.
On ... at the station Oliver took a taxi.
A) arriving B) arrive C) arrived
D) to arrive E) to arriving
68. Choose the correct form of the verb.
After ... home she usually starts looking through the newspapers.
A) coming B) come C) to come
D) came E) to coming
69. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Who is responsible for ... the place in order?
A) kept B) to keep C) keep
D) keeping E) had kept
70. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He is ashamed of ... rude to his best friend.
A) being B) to be C) be
D) been E) was being
71. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She spoilt everything by ... a lie.
A) telling B) tell C) to tell
D) told E) tells

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

72. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I'll take the opportunity of ... here to ask you some questions.
A) to be B) being C) be
D) been E) was being
73. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He succeeded in his carrier through ... the right contacts with people.
A) is making B) to make C) made
D) make E) making
74. Choose the correct form of the verb.
On ... at the cottage she found it locked.
A) arrive B) to arrive C) arriving
D) arrived E) has arrived
75. Choose the correct form of the verb.
After ... his destination Tom hurried to the office.
A) reaches B) to reach C) reaching
D) reached E) reach
76. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The letters ... by my sister are difficult to read.
A) to write B) writing C) written
D) write E) wrote
77. Choose the correct form of the verb.
You can get the book ... by our teacher in the library.
A) recommending B) recommended
C) recommend D) to recommend
E) has recommended
78. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The poems ... by a young poet became popular very soon.
A) written B) writing C) to write
D) write E) wrote
79. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The cup ... by you was granny's.
A) broken B) to break C) break
D) breaking E) broke
80. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The village ... by the enemy was freed.
A) occupying B) occupied C) occupy
D) to occupy E) has occupied
81. Choose the correct form of the verb.
On ... home he thought of the strange events of that day.
A) to come B) have come C) comes
D) came E) coming
82. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Where do you usually have your hair ... ?
A) has cut B) cutting C) to cut
D) cut E) is cut
83. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He has had his house ... this summer.
A) paint B) to paint C) painted
D) painting E) has painted
84. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She had her phone ...
A) repair B) to repair C) repaired
D) repairing E) has repaired
85. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Helen's dress was too long, so she had it ...
A) has shortened B) to shorten
C) shortening D) shorten
E) shortened
86. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Instead of buying a new pair of shoes, I had my old ones ...
A) repair B) repaired C) repairing
D) to repair E) has repaired
87. Choose the correct form of the verb.
At last Nick had his document ...
A) sign B) to sign C) signed
D) signing E) has signed
88. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Having no time I had my report ... by a specialist.
A) has translate B) translate
C) to translating D) translating
E) translated
89. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I got my hair ... yesterday.
A) did B) done C) to do
D) doing E) do
90. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Where can I get my jacket ... ?
A) to dry-cleaning B) dry-cleaning
C) dry-cleaned D) to dry-clean
E) dry-clean
91. Choose the correct form of the verb.
You should have your walls ...
A) painting B) to paint C) are painting
D) painted E) have painted
92. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I should have my tooth ...
A) pull out B) to pull out
C) pulled out D) pulling out
E) has pulled out
93. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I have my flat ... every week.
A) done B) to do C) do
D) doing E) did

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

94. Choose the correct form of the verb.
You should have your car ... soon.
A) has serviced B) to service C) service
D) servicing E) serviced
95. Choose the correct form of the verb.
We should get our linen ... tomorrow.
A) did B) to do C) do
D) doing E) done
96. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I had my blouse ...
A) to mend B) mended C) mend
D) mending E) mends
97. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Sophie had the curtains ...
A) hanging B) hang C) to hang
D) hung E) to hanging
98. Choose the correct form of the verb.
We won the game by ... final goal during the overtime period.
A) to score B) score C) scored
D) scores E) scoring
99. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Before ... the room, we need to move all the furniture.
A) painted B) painting C) to paint
D) paints E) to painting
100. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My friends' ... made me happy.
A) to coming B) coming C) came
D) to come E) have come
101. Choose the correct form of the verb.
George is afraid of ... in the rain. He prefers to take the bus on rainy days.
A) to drive B) to driving C) driving
D) drove E) driven
102. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He suggested another drink before ...
A) to leave B) leaves C) left
D) leaving E) is leaving
103. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The play ... by such talented actors was highly appreciated.
A) is performing B) performing
C) performed D) has performed
E) to performing
104. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mike has always been good at ... cheap flights.
A) finding B) finds C) to find
D) found E) is finding
105. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He never apologized for ... late.
A) been B) to be C) is being
D) has been E) being
106. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My little brother is fond of ...
A) to draw B) draw C) drawing
D) drew E) drawn
107. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The Smiths didn't decorate the house themselves. They had their house ...
A) to decorate B) decorated
C) decorating D) had decorated
E) decorate
108. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Yesterday my car broke down. I had it ... by a mechanic.
A) to fix B) fixing C) fixed
D) fix E) is fixed
109. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She had the hall ...
A) is redecorated B) redecorated
C) redecorate D) redecorating
E) to redecorating
110. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Stephanie had her house ... with antiques.
A) to furnishing B) furnishing
C) to furnish D) furnished
E) furnish
111. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Julia didn't exercise regularly before, so she often had her blood pressure ...
A) to checking B) to check C) checking
D) checked E) is checking
112. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Larry had his tattoo ...
A) is removing B) removing C) removes
D) removed E) to remove
113. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My mother had her temperature ...
A) taken B) taking C) takes
D) took E) to take
114. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The designer had the house ...
A) decorating B) to decorate
C) decorated D) decorates
E) had decorated
115. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mary had her dress ...
A) to make B) making C) made
D) makes E) had made

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

- 116.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
David had his car ...
A) had serviced B) to servicing
C) servicing D) to service E) serviced
- 117.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Maria had her skirt ...
A) shorten B) to shorten
C) shortened D) had shortened
E) is shortened
- 118.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The manager had the report ... by the assistant.
A) written B) had written
C) to write D) was written E) wrote
- 119.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Samuel got his old garage ... down.
A) knocked B) had knocked C) to knock
D) knock E) knocks
- 120.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Our neighbour had his house ... last year.
A) reconstructed B) reconstructing
C) to reconstruct D) reconstructs
E) had reconstructed
- 121.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The pie ... by Jane was from an old family recipe.
A) had baked B) bake C) is baking
D) baked E) were baked
- 122.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The land ... by Columbus was America.
A) discovered B) discover
C) to discover D) discovering
E) had discovered
- 123.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The first city ... by the troops was occupied.
A) had attacked B) to attack
C) attacking D) was attacking
E) attacked
- 124.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mrs. Henry had her house ...
A) painted B) to paint C) painting
D) paint E) had painted
- 125.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mr. Peterson had the colour of his car ...
A) changes B) changed C) changing
D) to change E) had changed
- 126.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The teacher had the exercises on page 12 ...
A) write B) to write C) writing
D) written E) wrote
- 127.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The manager had the plan of the factory ... in a month.
A) fulfilled B) to fulfil C) fulfilling
D) fulfil E) have fulfilled
- 128.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Tom had a bad headache yesterday, so he got his work ... by his colleague.
A) done B) did C) do
D) to do E) doing
- 129.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Jane had a lot of work, so she got the article ... by the secretary.
A) write B) to write C) written
D) writing E) wrote
- 130.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
I spilled my coffee on my shirt. Now I need to get it ...
A) to wash B) washed C) washing
D) wash E) had washed
- 131.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
I spoilt my dress in the rain. Now I need to get it ...
A) had cleaned B) to clean C) cleaning
D) clean E) cleaned
- 132.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
We got the pictures of the guests ... at the wedding.
A) take B) took C) taken
D) to take E) taking
- 133.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
We had the picture of the mountain ... in the village by a local painter.
A) drawing B) drew C) draw
D) to draw E) drawn
- 134.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The students had the notes ...
A) copy B) to copy C) copying
D) copied E) had copied
- 135.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The manager had the letter ...
A) translate B) to translate
C) translating
D) translated
E) had translated
- 136.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
We had our luggage ... at the station.
A) carried B) to carry C) carrying
D) carry E) was carrying

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

137. Choose the correct form of the verb.
People take their cars to service stations to get the oil ...
A) changed B) to change C) changing
D) change E) had changed
138. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Experience is one of the ways of ... wisdom.
A) to gain B) gaining C) to gaining
D) gain E) gains
139. Choose the correct form of the verb.
We can create a cleaner environment by ... many things.
A) recycle B) to recycle C) recycling
D) recycled E) to recycling
140. Choose the correct form of the verb.
It is possible to protect the environment by ... natural resources.
A) to storing B) to store C) storing
D) store E) had stored
141. Choose the correct form of the verb.
No one has ever become poor by ... money to charity.
A) had given B) to give C) to giving
D) given E) giving
142. Choose the correct form of the verb.
A candle loses nothing by ... another candle.
A) lighting B) to light C) to lighting
D) lighted E) light
143. Choose the correct form of the verb.
If all people did the things they are capable of ... , they would be happy.
A) do B) to do C) doing
D) done E) had done
144. Choose the correct form of the verb.
If you concentrate on ... whatever is good in every situation, you will feel happy.
A) to finding B) find C) to find
D) finding E) found
145. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Yoga is a good discipline for ... to relax.
A) learned B) learn C) to learn
D) to learning E) learning
146. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Music is one of the ways of ... cultural traditions for coming generations.
A) preserving
B) preserve
C) to preserve
D) to preserving
E) is preserving
147. Choose the correct form of the verb.
A van is used for ... goods or people.
A) to carry B) carrying C) carry
D) to carrying E) are carried
148. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Bossy people are fond of ... orders to others.
A) are giving B) to give C) give
D) giving E) gave
149. Choose the correct form of the verb.
There is glory in ... every time you fall.
A) to rise B) rising C) rose
D) risen E) have risen
150. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Scientists are thinking about the ways of ... global warming.
A) halting B) halts C) to halt
D) halted E) to halting
151. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The programs ... by you on my computer are quite useful, thank you.
A) are installed B) install C) installing
D) to install E) installed
152. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The errors ... by the machine were corrected.
A) are detected B) detecting C) detect
D) detected E) to detect
153. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The life ... by knowledge is meaningful.
A) has guided B) to guiding
C) had guided D) guides E) guided
154. Choose the correct form of the verb.
A proverb is a well-known sentence usually ... by many people.
A) known B) knowing C) know
D) to knowing E) knows
155. Choose the correct form of the verb.
A saying is a well-known and wise statement ... by people.
A) make B) making C) to make
D) made E) makes
156. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Most herbs ... by people for fighting diseases are helpful.
A) to use B) to using C) used
D) is using E) have used
157. Choose the correct form of the verb.
While ... a meal, it's important to follow dinner etiquette.
A) had B) have C) to have
D) having E) is having

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

- 158.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Why don't you have your old bicycle ... ?
A) repairing B) repaired C) to repair
D) is repaired E) has repaired
- 159.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Ted needs to have his computer ... out for viruses.
A) is checked B) to checking
C) checking D) checked
E) has checked
- 160.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
I had my telephone ... after I dropped it in the swimming pool.
A) fixing B) fixed C) fix
D) was fixed E) to fix
- 161.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The employees got their last party ... by professionals.
A) to organize B) organized
C) organize D) was organizing
E) was organized
- 162.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Laura got her wedding dress ... by a famous designer.
A) make B) made C) making
D) was made E) makes
- 163.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Are you going to decorate the hall yourself or have it ... ?
A) is decorated B) decorating
C) to decorate D) decorate E) decorated
- 164.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Jane always has her tickets ... by the travel agency. She never does it herself.
A) booked B) booking C) to book
D) are booked E) book
- 165.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The manager has his appointments ... by his secretary.
A) to arrange B) arranging C) arrange
D) arranged E) are arranged
- 166.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Melanie has a terrible toothache, she will have her tooth ... out.
A) pulling B) pulled C) to pull
D) is pulled E) will pull
- 167.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Are you going to plant the apple tree yourself or get it ... ?
A) to plant B) planting C) plant
D) planted E) is planted
- 168.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
I need a porter. I'd like to have my luggage ... to the registration desk.
A) carrying B) carried C) carries
D) to carry E) is carried
- 169.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The students want to have their essays ... as soon as possible.
A) are checked B) check C) to check
D) checking E) checked
- 170.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
They don't have their flat ... and do it by themselves.
A) cleans B) cleaned C) has cleaned
D) cleaning E) to clean
- 171.** Choose the correct variant.
Fred apologized to Jane for ... her so sad.
A) made B) makes C) make
D) making E) to make
- 172.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mike is excited about ... a new guitar.
A) buying B) buys C) bought
D) has bought E) to buy
- 173.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
I'm bored with ... to the same cassette all day.
A) to listening B) to listen C) listened
D) listening E) have listened
- 174.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
My dad was stopped for ...
A) speeds B) to speeding C) speeded
D) speeding E) to speed
- 175.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
My mother punished me for ... the old vase.
A) to break B) breaking C) break
D) broken E) have broken
- 176.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mary left her classmates without ... goodbye.
A) says B) to say C) saying
D) said E) to saying
- 177.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Thank you for ... my term work.
A) to helping B) helped C) to help
D) helping E) have helped
- 178.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
I ran nine kilometres without ...
A) to stop
B) stopping
C) have stopped
D) to stopping
E) stopped

179. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My nephew is afraid of ... by plane.
A) to travel B) travelling
C) have travelled D) to travelling
E) travelled
180. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The researcher was excited about ... to Africa.
A) go B) going C) is going
D) to going E) went
181. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He is capable of ... a gold medal.
A) win B) to winning C) won
D) wins E) winning
182. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She is afraid of ... in public.
A) to speaking B) spoke C) speaking
D) speak E) speaks
183. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He is responsible for ... the damage.
A) caused B) to causing C) cause
D) causing E) causes
184. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Margaret is tired of ... dinner every night.
A) made B) has made C) making
D) makes E) make
185. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He was involved in ... the movie.
A) made B) has made C) making
D) makes E) make
186. Choose the correct form of the verb.
What was the name of the man ... by police?
A) arrested B) has arrested C) arrests
D) arrest E) was arresting
187. Choose the correct form of the verb.
*The light bulb ... by an American inventor
Thomas Edison was one of the most famous
achievements.*
A) inventing B) to invent C) invented
D) invents E) has invented
188. Choose the correct form of the verb.
*William Shakespeare succeeded in ... both
comedies and tragedies.*
A) written B) write C) to writing
D) writing E) wrote
189. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My house is old and I decided to have it ...
A) repaired B) repairing
C) was repairing D) to repair
E) is repaired
190. Choose the correct form of the verb.
*My sister has the habit of ... too much when
she is nervous.*
A) talk B) talking C) to talk
D) talks E) talked
191. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Extraverts don't worry about ... in public.
A) to talk B) talk C) talking
D) talked E) to talking
192. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Sarah is good at ... quick decisions.
A) made B) to make C) make
D) making E) makes
193. Choose the correct form of the verb.
*You should have a habit of ... exercise every
day in order to keep fit.*
A) do B) to do C) doing
D) to doing E) done
194. Choose the correct form of the verb.
*"Khamsa" ... by the famous Azerbaijan poet
Nizami Ganjavi consists of five long poems.*
A) writing B) written C) to write
D) wrote E) writes
195. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My father has always his car ... on Sundays.
A) washed B) to wash C) washing
D) wash E) washes
196. Choose the correct form of the verb.
My sister has got her hair ...
A) has dyed B) to dye C) to dying
D) dyed E) dying
197. Choose the correct form of the verb.
*She enjoyed taking notes while ... to the
lectures.*
A) listening
B) listens
C) to listening
D) was listening
E) is listening
198. Choose the correct form of the verb.
We had our suitcases ... at the airport.
A) to weigh B) weighs C) weighed
D) weigh E) will weigh
199. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
The shop ... the food ... every day.
1. gets ... delivered
2. is having ... deliver
3. got ... delivered
4. had ... delivering
5. has ... delivered
A) 1, 3, 4 B) 1, 2, 5 C) 2, 4, 5
D) 2, 3, 4 E) 1, 3, 5

- 200.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Could she have your jacket ... ?
 A) cleans B) to clean C) cleaned
 D) to cleaning E) has cleaned
- 201.** Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
I ... my eyes ... last week.
 1. had ... checked
 2. had ... to check
 3. get ... checking
 4. got ... checked
 A) 1, 2 B) 1, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3
- 202.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
I had my digital camera ... last week.
 A) will fix B) fixes C) fix
 D) to fix E) fixed
- 203.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
We need to have our computer ... out for viruses.
 A) checking
 B) checks
 C) was checking
 D) is checking
 E) checked
- 204.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
She is quite good at ... jokes.
 A) is telling B) to tell C) tell
 D) tells E) telling
- 205.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
... 100 pies a day is easy for a professional cook.
 A) To making B) Making C) Makes
 D) Made E) Make
- 206.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Helen's unexpected ... made us happy.
 A) comes B) to coming C) came
 D) coming E) is coming
- 207.** Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
My grandpa always ... his blood pressure ...
 1. has, checked
 2. had, check
 3. gets, checked
 4. got, check
 A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 2, 4
- 208.** Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
The tourist ... his luggage ... at the airport.
 1. had, weighed
 2. has, weighing
 3. got, weighed
 4. gets, weighing
 A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4
- 209.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The place ... in the Highlands attracts many tourists.
 A) was situated B) situates
 C) is situated D) is situating
 E) situated
- 210.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The film ... on TV, was watched by millions.
 A) shown B) showing C) shows
 D) was showing E) had shown
- 211.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The money ... by designing a website will contribute needy people.
 A) was raised B) raising C) to raise
 D) raise E) raised
- 212.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The photos ... at the talent show haven't come out.
 A) to take B) took C) taken
 D) taking E) were taken
- 213.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The relationship ... by the government are really sustainable.
 A) created B) to create C) were created
 D) create E) creating
- 214.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Most people ... in the discussion were for the proposal.
 A) have participated B) participating
 C) to participate D) are participated
 E) participate
- 215.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The carpets ... in the exhibition have special patterns.
 A) displaying B) to display C) display
 D) are displayed E) displayed
- 216.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
A fish ... out of the water can't live.
 A) taken B) taking C) to take
 D) took E) was taken
- 217.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
All the books ... from the library were useful for the students.
 A) were taken B) to take C) taken
 D) take E) taking
- 218.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
In this shop you can buy things ... in different parts of the world.
 A) make B) were made C) made
 D) to make E) making

219. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The fence ... our house is made of wood.
A) surround B) surrounded
C) was surrounded D) surrounding
E) to surround
220. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The experiment ... at the University of Chicago was successful.
A) to conduct B) conducting
C) was conducted D) conducted
E) conduct
221. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The psychologists ... the nature of sleep have made important discoveries.
A) are studied B) studied
C) are studying D) study E) studying
222. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Be sure to follow the instructions ... at the top of the page.
A) given B) gave C) were given
D) to give E) give
223. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The people ... for the bus in the rain are getting wet.
A) waited B) waiting C) have waited
D) wait E) are waiting
224. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The scientists ... the causes of cancer are making progress.
A) have researched B) research
C) researching D) researches
E) are researching
225. Choose the correct form of the verb.
While ... through the passage the students filled in the gaps with the appropriate words.
A) looked B) to look C) look
D) are looking E) looking
226. Choose the correct form of the verb.
When ... she doesn't like to be disturbed.
A) reading B) to read C) read
D) had read E) reads
227. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
While ... along the river the old man found the ... poodle.
A) walked, losing B) walking, losing
C) walking, lost D) walking, to lose
E) walk, lost
228. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The tree ... on the hill has bloomed.
A) has grown B) growing C) to grow
D) grows E) is growing
229. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... travellers pack their things lightly. They carry only what is necessary.
A) To experiencing B) Experience
C) To experience D) Experienced
E) Experiences
230. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The line ... the Northern and Southern hemispheres is called the equator.
A) to divide B) divides C) dividing
D) has divided E) was dividing
231. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Do you know where I can rent an apartment ... in modern style?
A) furnishing B) furnished
C) to furnish D) was furnishing
E) furnishes
232. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The woman ... in the accident, was put into an ambulance.
A) injured B) was injuring C) injure
D) to injure E) injures
233. Choose the correct form of the verb.
There were many people ... beautifully near the theatre.
A) dress B) are dressing C) dressed
D) to dress E) dresses
234. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The documents ... in the park are of great importance.
A) have lost B) losing C) lose
D) were losing E) lost
235. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The topic ... at the party yesterday was unexpected.
A) discussed B) was discussing
C) discussing D) discuss
E) had discussed
236. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... in pencil the poem was difficult to read.
A) To write B) Write C) Written
D) Writes E) Writing
237. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Sarah gave up ... for a job in this country and decided to go abroad.
A) looks B) to look C) looking
D) was looking E) is looking
238. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Pete, are you thinking of ... a new car?
A) buys B) buy C) to buy
D) has bought E) buying

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

239. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Helen is good at ... names.
A) remembering B) remember
C) to remember D) remembered
E) remembers
240. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The man ... at the window came from London yesterday.
A) to sit B) sits C) has sat
D) sitting E) is sitting
241. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The girl ... a song is my classmate.
A) singing B) sang C) has sung
D) sings E) to sing
242. Choose the correct form of the verb.
When ... Sabir's poems I can't help laughing.
A) read B) reading C) to read
D) reads E) has read
243. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The wall ... our yard was painted last year.
A) surrounds
B) to surround
C) has surrounded
D) is surrounding
E) surrounding
244. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The man ... to my father is our English teacher.
A) has talked B) to talk C) is talking
D) talks E) talking
245. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Most of goods ... in this factory are exported.
A) making B) make C) made
D) are made E) to make
246. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The girl ... on the bench is our neighbour.
A) sitting B) is sitting C) sat
D) sits E) was sitting
247. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... the room she turned off the light.
A) Leaves B) Had left C) Left
D) Leaving E) Has left
248. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The child ... in the accident has just been taken to hospital.
A) injured B) has injured C) injures
D) injuring E) is injured
249. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The money ... in the robbery was never found.
A) was stolen B) stolen C) steals
D) has stolen E) stealing
250. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The girl ... to the party by my mother was so kind.
A) invited B) is invited C) was invited
D) invites E) inviting
251. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The telegram ... to the old man made him upset.
A) sends B) sent C) sending
D) was sent E) is sent
252. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Children ... in peace and happiness are the happiest children on the Earth.
A) to live B) lived C) live
D) living E) are living
253. Choose the correct form of the verb.
She was watching the leaves ... on the ground.
A) falls B) fell C) are falling
D) falling E) to fall
254. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The factories and plants ... the environment should be closed.
A) were polluting B) polluting
C) have polluted D) pollute
E) are polluted
255. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The student ... in the hall wants to see the director.
A) wait B) waits C) are waited
D) waiting E) are waiting
256. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The singer is famous for ... charity actions.
A) organizing
B) organize
C) to organize
D) organizes
E) are organizing
257. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Roger's ... has considerably improved.
A) wrote B) write C) to write
D) writing E) writes
258. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... tired he went to bed at once.
A) To be B) Being C) Be
D) Been E) Was being
259. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... by difficulties and uncertainty, Nick felt lonely.
A) Surrounded B) Surrounding
C) Surround D) To surround
E) Has surrounded

260. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *not to interrupt Helen again, Mike asked her to go on with her story.*
A) Promise B) Promising
C) To promise D) To promising
E) Have promised
261. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *the fire Nick he thought about his problems.*
A) Watching B) Watch C) Watched
D) Watches E) Have watched
262. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *me Sophie smiled and waved her hand.*
A) See B) Saw C) To see
D) Seeing E) Have seen
263. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The sunglasses ... on the beach were her favourites.
A) lose B) to lose C) losing
D) lost E) have lost
264. Choose the correct form of the verb.
He sat for a long time ... in a world of dream and memory.
A) wander B) wandering
C) has wandered D) wandered
E) wanders
265. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *the article he came across with some more information.*
A) To read B) Read C) Has read
D) Reads E) Reading
266. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mother came in ... a large bowl full of fruits.
A) has carried B) to carry C) carry
D) carrying E) carried
267. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Sally spends her time mostly ... TV.
A) to watch B) watch C) watched
D) watches E) watching
268. Choose the correct form of the verb.
People ... in the Netherlands are called the Dutch.
A) living B) lived C) lives
D) live E) to live
269. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The cat lay ... on the floor.
A) sleep B) sleeping C) sleeps
D) has slept E) is sleeping
270. Choose the correct form of the verb.
We walked along the path ... to the wood.
A) to leading B) lead C) leading
D) has led E) is leading
271. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *ambitious he hopes to get promotion.*
A) Be B) To be C) Being
D) Been E) Was being
272. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *old Julia we welcomed him.*
A) Seen B) Saw C) Has seen
D) Seeing E) To see
273. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *his suitcase, Max took a deep breath and went out.*
A) To pick up
B) Picked up
C) Picking up
D) Picks up
E) Has picked up
274. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *the door he rushed in.*
A) Pushing B) Pushed C) Pushes
D) To push E) Has pushed
275. Choose the correct variant.
It took four men an hour to have the piano ... to the upper floor.
A) to remove B) remove C) removed
D) removing E) has removed
276. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Get your fire alarm ... to feel safer.
A) fix B) to fix C) fixed
D) fixing E) has fixed
277. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *the bus we had to take a taxi.*
A) Miss B) Missing C) Has missed
D) To miss E) Misses
278. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I got my country house ... within ten months.
A) building B) built C) to build
D) have built E) build
279. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Did you have your suit ... at Gunel's?
A) made B) to make C) making
D) make E) is making
280. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *a game is always hard.*
A) Loses B) Lose C) To losing
D) Lost E) Losing
281. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... *personal questions about salary, weight or age is impolite.*
A) To asking B) Asked C) Asking
D) Asks E) Have asked

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

282. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The boy ... at the entrance is my cousin.

- A) stood B) stands C) standing
D) stand E) to standing

283. Choose the correct form of the verb.

... an argument in public is considered bad manners.

- A) Having B) Has
C) To having D) Have E) Had

284. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The geologists' expedition ... for minerals lasted a month.

- A) to searching B) has searched
C) had searched D) searching
E) to search

285. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The leaves ... on the ground had different colours.

- A) were falling B) falling C) are falling
D) fell E) falls

286. Choose the correct form of the verb.

We found some money ... on the ground.

- A) is lain B) is lying C) lie
D) lying E) to lie

287. Choose the correct form of the verb.

... hungry, he went into the kitchen and opened the fridge.

- A) Feel B) To feel C) Feeling
D) Is feeling E) Felt

288. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The jacket ... in the fight was soon mended.

- A) is tearing B) torn C) tore
D) tears E) to tear

289. Choose the correct form of the verb.

... hard the scientist created a robot.

- A) To work B) Working C) Has worked
D) Was working E) Works

290. Choose the correct form of the verb.

He drives a car ... to the company.

- A) belonging B) to belonging
C) belongs D) has belonged
E) is belonging

291. Choose the correct form of the verb.

I knew most of the scientists ... part in the conference.

- A) were taken B) takes C) taken
D) to taking E) taking

292. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The ... fabric (cloth) shouldn't be washed in hot water.

- A) dyed B) dye C) to dye
D) dyes E) to dyeing

293. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The bridge ... the two banks was not safe.

- A) connect
B) connects
C) connected
D) had connected
E) connecting

294. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The people ran towards the house ... in the neighbourhood.

- A) have burnt B) to burn
C) was burning D) had burnt
E) burning

295. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The paintings ... last week were found in Switzerland.

- A) to steal B) stole C) steal
D) stolen E) to stealing

296. Choose the correct form of the verb.

All foreigners bring their passports to the registration room to get their names ...

- A) marking B) to mark C) marked
D) mark E) had marked

297. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

... questions is easier than ... them.

- A) Asked, answered
B) To ask, answered
C) Ask, answer
D) Asking, answering
E) To asking, answer

298. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

We can keep the earth clean by ... and ... different things.

- A) reuse, recycle
B) to reuse, to recycle
C) reusing, recycling
D) reused, to recycle
E) reusing, to recycle

299. Choose the correct form of the verb.

... your own blog is incredibly easy.

- A) Creating B) Create C) Created
D) To creating E) Is creating

300. Choose the correct form of the verb.

... an honest life may not get you a lot of friends but it'll always get you the right ones.

- A) Is leading B) Lead C) Led
D) To leading E) Leading

301. Choose the correct form of the verb.

... pure water is useful for health.

- A) Drinking B) Drink C) Drank
D) To drinking E) Drinks

302. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The boy's ... all the table manners surprised everyone.
A) to follow B) follow C) following
D) followed E) is following
303. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Corn was one of the agricultural products ... to the European settlers by the Indians.
A) to introducing B) to introduce
C) introducing D) introduce
E) introduced
304. Choose the correct form of the verb.
"The Old man and the Sea" is a popular novel ... by Ernest Hemingway.
A) was written B) write C) wrote
D) to write E) written
305. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Mercury is the smallest of the nine planets ... the sun.
A) orbited B) orbit C) orbiting
D) to orbit E) to orbiting
306. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Most of the people ... in Austria speak German.
A) lived B) live C) to living
D) living E) are living
307. Choose the correct form of the verb.
A proverb is a short sentence ... general truth or useful thought.
A) expressed B) expressing
C) express D) is expressing
E) expresses
308. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
A quotation is a group of words ... from a text or speech and ... by someone other than the original author.
A) take, repeat
B) taken, repeating
C) taking, repeating
D) taken, repeated
E) take, repeats
309. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Acupuncture ... in Chinese medicine for a long time is a way of treating some diseases.
A) using B) has been used C) to use
D) used E) is used
310. Choose the correct form of the verb.
People have always used medicines ... from plants and flowers.
A) made B) make C) to make
D) are made E) have made

311. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The use of chemicals ... the groundwater should be prohibited.
A) pollute B) polluted C) to pollute
D) is polluting E) polluting
312. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... hard you can gain success.
A) Work B) Working C) Is working
D) Works E) To working
313. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Saffron is a spice ... in food by many people.
A) has used B) used C) use
D) using E) is using
314. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Pollution ... by human activities is increasing.
A) caused B) is caused C) to cause
D) is causing E) has caused
315. Choose the correct form of the verb.
There is an old saying: Let ... dogs lie.
A) to sleeping B) to sleep C) sleep
D) sleeping E) is sleeping
316. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
George ... his home entertainment system ... a few days ago.
A) had, to installing B) had, installing
C) got, installing D) got, installs
E) had, installed
317. Choose the correct form of the verb.
They gathered all the grass ... in the morning.
A) to mowing B) mowing C) was mowed
D) mowed E) had mowed
318. Choose the correct form of the verb.
It was necessary to have everything ... in a diary.
A) recorded B) is recording C) recording
D) records E) record
319. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
The customer ... the box of sweets ... in red.
1. had, wrapping
2. got, wrap
3. had, wrapped
4. got, wrapped
A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4
320. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
The Smiths always do their food shopping online and ... the food ... to their house.
1. have, delivering
2. have, delivered
3. get, delivered
4. get, delivers
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

Verbs and Non-Finite Forms of the Verbs

- 321.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
I am going to have some natural juice ... of orange.
A) make B) made C) is made
D) to making E) making
- 322.** Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
She never ... her hair She does it herself.
A) has, to do B) has, doing
C) had, to do D) has, done E) has, do
- 323.** Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
Her dress was too long, so she ... it
A) gets, shortening
B) had, shorten
C) has, to shorten
D) had, shortening
E) had, shortened
- 324.** Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
I was very busy yesterday, so I ... my linen
A) have, ironing B) had, ironed
C) get, ironing D) had, to iron
E) got, iron
- 325.** Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
The Greens ... their cottage It is green now.
A) got, paint
B) have, paint
C) have got, painting
D) had, paint
E) have got, painted
- 326.** Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
I have to wait for a couple of weeks to ... my phone
A) have, to install B) have, install
C) get, installed D) get, install
E) get, installing
- 327.** Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
I'd like to ... my apartment ... a different colour.
A) get, paints B) get, paint
C) have, paint D) have, painting
E) get, painted
- 328.** Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
Does Alice ... all her clothes ... at the dressmaking shop?
A) have, making B) has, made
C) have, made D) has, to make
E) have, make
- 329.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Did the students have their essays ... yesterday?
A) checking B) check C) checked
D) to check E) have checked
- 330.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Police ... the crime are looking for three men.
A) investigating B) has investigated
C) investigates D) investigate
E) was investigating
- 331.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Who are these people ... outside?
A) are waiting B) have waited C) wait
D) were waiting E) waiting
- 332.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The road ... the two villages is very narrow.
A) was joining. B) join C) joins
D) has joined E) joining
- 333.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
I live in a pleasant room ... the garden.
A) has overlooked B) overlooking
C) overlooks D) to overlooking
E) was overlooking
- 334.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The boy ... in the accident was taken to the hospital.
A) was injured B) injured C) injure
D) injures E) has injured
- 335.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
There was a big red car ... outside the house.
A) is parking B) to parking
C) has parked D) parks E) parked
- 336.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The police found the money ... in the robbery.
A) stolen B) steal C) has stolen
D) steals E) was stealing
- 337.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Most of the goods ... in this factory are exported.
A) make B) has made C) made
D) makes E) is making
- 338.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Some of the people ... to the party can't come.
A) have invited B) invited
C) were inviting D) invite
E) are inviting
- 339.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
Most of the suggestions ... at the meeting were not practical.
A) made B) have made C) make
D) were made E) are making
- 340.** Choose the correct form of the verb.
The paintings ... from the museum haven't been found yet.
A) are stolen B) steal C) have stolen
D) stolen E) are stealing

341. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Life must be very unpleasant for people ... near busy airports.
A) have lived B) live C) living
D) were living E) are living
342. Choose the correct form of the verb.
A few days after the interview, I received a letter ... me the job.
A) offers B) offered C) offer
D) has offered E) offering
343. Choose the correct form of the verb.
There is a tree ... down in the storm.
A) falling B) fell C) fall
D) fallen E) has fallen
344. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Martin has a sister ... economics at university in Manchester.
A) has studied B) studying C) study
D) was studying E) to study
345. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I talked a lot with the man ... next to me on the plane.
A) sit B) sitting C) has sat
D) is sitting E) was sitting
346. Choose the correct form of the verb.
At the end of the street there is a path ... to the river.
A) lead B) leads C) leading
D) has lead E) is leading
347. Choose the correct form of the verb.
There is a new factory ... 500 people in the town.
A) is employing B) was employing
C) has employed D) employs
E) employing
348. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The company sent me a brochure ... all the information I needed.
A) has contained B) was containing
C) contains D) containing
E) is containing
349. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Unlike people ... on the continent the English take everything with a sense of humour.
A) live B) living C) have lived
D) are living E) were living
350. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The girl ... interesting crosswords is our classmate.
A) is compiling B) compiled
C) has compiled D) compiles
E) compiling
351. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The lands ... by Columbus were rich in gold.
A) are discovered B) discovering
C) to discover D) discover
E) discovered
352. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.
... is forbidden in all public places and people ... such habits must obey this rule.
A) To smoke, have had
B) Smoking, have
C) To smoke, had
D) Smoking, having
E) Smoke, have
353. Choose the correct form of the verb.
... a lie very often ruins friendship.
A) Tell B) Tells C) Told
D) Telling E) To telling
354. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The people ... in the East End are poorer than the people of the West End.
A) living B) live C) lived
D) have lived E) are living
355. Choose the correct form of the verb.
There is no doubt that ... paper is good for the environment.
A) is recycling B) recycle C) to recycling
D) recycles E) recycling
356. Choose the correct form of the verb.
I don't like people ... personal questions.
A) ask B) to asking C) are asking
D) asking E) were asking
357. Choose the correct form of the verb.
Some people don't like plays ... from novels.
A) to take B) taking C) taken
D) took E) take
358. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The people ... foreign languages have more opportunities to find a job.
A) know B) to know C) knew
D) have known E) knowing
359. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The lady ... the news programme is very charming.
A) translated B) translating
C) to translate D) translates
E) is translating
360. Choose the correct form of the verb.
New technologies ... nowadays are very interesting and useful.
A) creating B) created C) to create
D) create E) are created

361. Choose the correct form of the verb.

*In 1975 Bill Gates started a company ...
Microsoft with his friend Paul Allen.*

- A) is called B) calling C) to call
D) calls E) called

362. Choose the correct form of the verb.

*The ... appearance of Baku attracts tourists
from different countries.*

- A) changes B) to change C) change
D) to changing E) changing

363. Choose the correct form of the verb.

*The ... population is causing environmental
problems.*

- A) growing B) grow C) to grow
D) to growing E) grew

364. Choose the correct form of the verb.

*... tickets on the Internet in advance is
convenient.*

- A) Is booking B) Book C) Was booking
D) Booking E) To booking

365. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

We ... our house ... last year.

1. had, painted
2. had, paint
3. got, to paint
4. got, painted
A) 3, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 3

366. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

*My friend ... her car ... the day before
yesterday.*

- A) has, to repairing
B) has, to repair
C) had, repaired
D) will have, repairing
E) is having, to repair

367. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

She ... her hair ... last week.

1. had, cutting
2. had, cut
3. got, dying
4. got, dyed
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 2

Mixed tests

1. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

*These are the photos ... in London while ...
abroad.*

- A) taken, travelling
B) take, travelling
C) to take, travelled
D) taking, traveling
E) took, to travel

2. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

*The programmes ... on television greatly
influence people's style of ...*

- A) showing, live B) shown, living
C) show, living D) to show, live
E) shown, to live

3. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

*... food and blankets to the people ... by
earthquakes was organized very well.*

- A) To distribute, affect
B) Distribute, affected
C) Distributing, affected
D) Distributed, affecting
E) Distributing, affecting

4. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

*Kate had the opportunity of ... the truth, but
she didn't want him ... guilty for the accident.*

- A) to tell, to feel B) tell, feel
C) told, felt D) telling, had felt
E) telling, to feel

5. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

*... trees while ... new houses must be
forbidden.*

- A) To cut, build
B) Cutting, building
C) Cutting, built
D) Cut, to build
E) Cutting, built

6. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

*... a noise I turned back and saw some boys
... in the street.*

- A) Hearing, fighting
B) Heard, to fight
C) To hear, to fight
D) Hearing, fought
E) Hear, fighting

7. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

*While ... at the university of Harvard Bill
Gates developed BASIC - a language used for
... computer programmes.*

- A) studies, writing
B) studying, to write
C) studying, writing
D) to Study, written
E) was studying, writing

8. Choose the correct forms of the verbs.

*She felt somebody ... in the room and was
very afraid of ... the door.*

- A) walk, open
B) to walk, opening
C) walk, to open
D) walking, opening
E) walking, open

Interrogative Words and Sentences

Question words

1. Choose the correct variant.
... *were the trousers made by?*
A) Whose B) Who C) How
D) When E) Why
2. Choose the correct variant.
... *did you quarrel with?*
A) How often B) Where C) How
D) When E) Who
3. Choose the correct variant.
... *were the soldiers attacked by?*
A) When B) How C) Who
D) Why E) How long
4. Choose the correct variant.
... *computer do you usually use?*
A) Whom B) Who C) Whose
D) How E) Why
5. Choose the correct variant.
... *of the girls made a journey to France?*
A) Whom B) What C) Why
D) Where E) Which
6. Choose the correct variant.
... *did you sell the bike to?*
A) Why B) When C) Who
D) How E) How much
7. Choose the correct variant.
... *will you go to London with?*
A) Where B) Why C) How
D) Who E) When
8. Choose the correct variant.
... *does this purse belong to?*
A) Whose B) How C) Who
D) Why E) When
9. Choose the correct variant.
... *laid the table?*
A) Whom B) Who C) How
D) Why E) When
10. Choose the correct variant.
... *train are you waiting for?*
A) How B) Where C) Which
D) Why E) When
11. Choose the correct variant.
... *platform are you looking for?*
A) Why B) Where C) How
D) Which E) When
12. Choose the correct variant.
... *were the letters written by?*
A) Who B) When C) Where
D) How long E) Why
13. Choose the correct variant.
- ... *is your father?*
- *He is a lawyer.*
A) Whose B) Whom C) Who
D) What E) Which
14. Choose the correct variant.
... *of these boys is the youngest?*
A) Whom B) Which C) Whose
D) What E) Who
15. Choose the correct variant.
... *pencil is this, Tom's or Helen's?*
A) Who's B) What C) Whom
D) Who E) Whose
16. Choose the correct variant.
- ... *coat is this?*
- *It's my friend's.*
A) Who B) Whose C) Whom
D) Who's E) Where
17. Choose the correct variant.
... *of the two books may I take?*
A) Which B) What C) Who
D) Whose E) Whom
18. Choose the correct variant.
- ... *is he?*
- *He is Mr. Brown.*
A) What B) Who C) Whose
D) Which E) Whom
19. Choose the correct variant.
... *has happened to your father?*
A) Who B) Which C) Whom
D) Whose E) What
20. Choose the correct variant.
... *can help me to carry this heavy bag?*
1. Who 2. How
3. Why 4. Which of you
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3
21. Choose the correct variant.
... *can help me to do this difficult sum?*
1. Who 2. Where
3. How long 4. Which of you
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3
22. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.
1. ... *taught you to play the guitar?*
2. ... *were you talking about?*
A) When B) How C) Who
D) Where E) Why
23. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.
1. ... *is there on the sand?*
2. ... *were you waiting for?*
A) Whom B) What C) When
D) Where E) Why

24. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.

1. ... is that young man from?
 2. ... will they gather?
- A) How old B) When C) Why
D) Where E) How long

25. Choose the correct variant.

... of these poems can they include in the book?

1. How many 2. Whose
 3. What 4. Which
- A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

26. Choose the correct variant.

... has he known Ann?

- A) What time B) Whom C) When
- D) How long E) How long ago

27. Choose the correct variant.

... do you intend to have a party?

1. What time 2. What
 3. Whom 4. When
- A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3

28. Choose the correct variant.

... did the plane land at Geneva?

1. Why 2. What
 3. When 4. Whom
- A) 1, 2 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3

29. Choose the correct variant.

... hasn't the furniture been dusted?

- A) What time B) When C) How long
- D) How long ago E) Who

30. Choose the correct variant.

... team has lost the game?

1. How long ago 2. When
 3. Which 4. Whose
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3

31. Choose the correct variant.

... shoes are you going to buy?

1. What kind of 2. When
 3. Which 4. How
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3

32. Choose the correct variant.

... of these cities did the delegation visit?

1. What 2. Who
 3. Which 4. How many
- A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 3 E) 2, 4

33. Choose the correct variant.

... did that accident happen?

1. When 2. How 3. Why
 4. What 5. Which
- A) 1, 2, 4 B) 2, 4, 5 C) 1, 3, 5
D) 3, 4, 5 E) 1, 2, 3

34. Choose the correct variant.

... did Emma visit you?

1. Which 2. When 3. Why
 4. What 5. How often
- A) 2, 3, 5 B) 1, 3, 4 C) 2, 4, 5
D) 1, 3, 5 E) 1, 2, 4

35. Choose the correct variant.

- ... have you had a computer?

- For 2 years.

- A) When B) How long C) What
- D) Whom E) Where

36. Choose the correct variant.

- ... do you visit your granny?

- Once a week.

- A) Since when B) How often C) Whom
- D) Where E) Which

37. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.

1. ... happened after the conference?
 2. ... source of information did you use?
- A) What B) Who C) Whose
D) Why E) When

38. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.

1. ... event took place on Novruz Day?
 2. ... helped you to make the right choice?
- A) Why B) When C) Whose
D) Who E) What

39. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.

1. ... are the English people proud of?
 2. ... makes her so graceful?
- A) When B) Why C) Whom
D) Whose E) What

40. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.

1. ... did you thank your companion for?
 2. ... made him interrupt the lecturer's speech?
- A) Why B) When C) What
D) Whom E) Where

41. Choose the correct variant.

... will the tourists leave the settlement?

1. Which 2. -
 3. Why 4. What
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 2, 3

42. Choose the correct variant.

- ... has your uncle had a firm?

- About 2 years.

- A) When B) Why C) How long
- D) How often E) How long ago

43. Choose the correct variant.
 - ... has Ann worn that coat?
 - For a year.
 A) How long ago B) How often
 C) How long D) When E) What time
44. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.
 1. ... are old newspapers used for?
 2. ... do these words mean?
 A) How B) What C) Where
 D) Why E) When
45. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.
 1. ... do they have to pay attention to?
 2. ... are you worried about?
 A) When B) Where C) Why
 D) What E) How
46. Choose the correct variant.
 ... did she come and see you?
 1. What 2. Which
 3. When 4. What time
 A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4
47. Choose the correct variant.
 ... does the train arrive at the station?
 1. When 2. What time
 3. Which 4. What
 A) 1, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 2
48. Choose the correct variant.
 ... are you thinking about?
 1. Who 2. When
 3. What 4. Why
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3
49. Choose the correct variant.
 ... are you waiting for?
 1. Why 2. Who
 3. When 4. What
 A) 2, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 4
50. Choose the correct variant.
 ... do they have a discussion?
 1. What 2. When
 3. How often 4. Who 5. -
 A) 2, 4 B) 1, 4, 5 C) 1, 2, 3
 D) 2, 3, 5 E) 3, 4
51. Choose the correct variant.
 - ... do you practise your English?
 - Twice a week.
 A) Where B) How often C) Since when
 D) What E) Which
52. Choose the correct variant.
 - ... does the machine need repairing?
 - Once a year.
 A) How often B) Where C) What
 D) Why E) Which

53. Choose the correct variant.
 ... have they been involved in this project?
 1. Since when 2. When
 3. What time 4. How long
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3
54. Choose the correct variant.
 ... have you parked your car here?
 A) What B) When C) What time
 D) Why E) Who
55. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.
 1. ... proposals did you accept while discussing?
 2. ... encouraged you to make this choice?
 A) Who B) When C) Whose
 D) What E) Why
56. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.
 1. ... did Amy discuss the problem with?
 2. ... was your neighbour speaking to?
 A) How B) Why C) When
 D) Where E) Who
57. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.
 1. ... are you afraid of?
 2. ... were your classmates talking about?
 A) Why B) How C) What
 D) How long E) When
58. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.
 1. ... is the most remarkable event of the year?
 2. ... resolution did the deputies make?
 A) Why B) When C) Where
 D) How E) What
59. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.
 1. ... is the greatest achievement of the year?
 2. ... rule did they offer?
 A) When B) Who C) What
 D) How E) Where
60. Choose the correct variant.
 ... is the woman whom you helped?
 1. Where 2. Whom
 3. When 4. Who
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 2
61. Choose the correct variant.
 ... park is situated in the centre of the city?
 1. What 2. What kind
 3. Which 4. Whom
 5. How
 A) 1, 2, 5 B) 3, 4, 5 C) 2, 4
 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3

Interrogative Words and Sentences

62. Choose the correct variant.

... announcements were placed in this magazine?

1. What
2. Which
3. What kind
4. Whom
5. How

- A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4, 5 C) 2, 4
D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3, 5

63. Choose the correct variant.

... did you solve the problem?

1. When
2. How
3. Who
4. -
5. What

- A) 1, 2, 4 B) 2, 5 C) 3, 4
D) 1, 3, 5 E) 1, 3

64. Choose the correct variant.

... have you got the message from?

1. Who
2. When
3. How long
4. Why
5. Where

- A) 2, 5 B) 1, 5 C) 3, 4, 5
D) 1, 2, 4 E) 1, 3

65. Choose the correct variant.

... has she been awake?

1. How long
2. How long ago
3. When
4. What time
5. Since when

- A) 2, 5 B) 1, 2, 4 C) 1, 2, 3
D) 3, 4 E) 1, 5

66. Choose the correct variant.

... have these people been here?

1. What time
2. When
3. How long
4. Since when
5. How long ago

- A) 2, 5 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 2, 3
D) 3, 5 E) 1, 4, 5

67. Choose the correct variant.

... have you had a pet?

1. How long
2. When
3. Since when
4. How long ago
5. What time

- A) 2, 5 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 4, 5
D) 3, 5 E) 1, 2, 4

68. Choose the correct variant.

... of you likes quiet places?

- A) What B) Whom C) Whose
D) Which E) Who

69. Choose the correct variant.

... have you been here?

- A) When
B) How long
C) How long ago
D) How many days ago
E) What time

70. Choose the correct variant.

... were you afraid of?

1. What
2. Why
3. When
4. Who

- A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3

71. Choose the correct variant.

... did you expect to see there?

1. When
2. Whom
3. Why
4. What

- A) 1, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 3

72. Choose the correct variant.

... have you had the same hair style?

- A) When B) How long ago
C) How long D) What time E) What

73. Choose the correct variant.

... equipment is this?

1. Whose
2. Whom
3. Who
4. How
5. What kind of

- A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 4, 5 D) 1, 5 E) 1, 3

74. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.

1. ... do you think it depends on?
2. ... are you talking about?

1. When
 2. Who
 3. What
 4. How
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 3

75. Choose the correct variant for both sentences.

1. ... did your parents have a holiday?
2. ... do you think it happened?

1. When
 2. What
 3. Where
 4. Who
- A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

76. Choose the correct variant.

... left the purse here? ... purse is this?

- A) Whom, Whose B) Whose, Who's
C) Whose, Whose D) Who's, Who's
E) Who's, Whose

77. Choose the correct variant.

... signed the contract? ... signature is this?

- A) Who's, Whose B) Whose, Who's
C) Whose, Whose D) Who's, Who's
E) Whom, Whose

78. Choose the correct variant.

... left his luggage here? ... luggage is this?

- A) Whose, Who's B) Whose, Whose
C) Who's, Who's D) Who's, Whose
E) Who, Whom

79. Choose the correct variant.

... does Jane have English?

1. What
 2. How often
 3. Who
 4. When
 5. -
- A) 1, 3, 5 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4
D) 3, 4 E) 2, 4, 5

Disjunctive questions

1. Choose the correct variant.
Sandra works at the theatre, ...
A) doesn't she? B) hasn't she?
C) isn't she? D) didn't she?
E) has she?
2. Choose the correct variant.
Sam studies at university, ...
A) hasn't he? B) doesn't he? C) isn't he?
D) didn't he? E) has he?
3. Choose the correct variant.
They will have dinner together, ...
A) haven't they? B) have they?
C) do they? D) don't they?
E) won't they?
4. Choose the correct variant.
She will have a choice in this matter, ...
A) hasn't she? B) has she? C) does she?
D) won't she? E) doesn't she?
5. Choose the correct variant.
He has never worked in this firm, ...
A) has he? B) did he? C) isn't he?
D) is he? E) doesn't he?
6. Choose the correct variant.
It hasn't rained this summer, ...
A) has it? B) is it? C) did it?
D) isn't it? E) didn't it?
7. Choose the correct variant.
They won't let us in after the third bell, ...
A) are they? B) don't they?
C) will they? D) aren't they? E) do they?
8. Choose the correct variant.
You'll stay at home in the evening, ...
A) are you? B) won't you?
C) aren't you? D) don't you? E) do you?
9. Choose the correct variant.
It is our second visit to Paris, ...
A) was it? B) hasn't it? C) does it?
D) doesn't it? E) isn't it?
10. Choose the correct variant.
Ann has bought fruit at the market, ...
A) did she? B) hasn't she?
C) doesn't she? D) does she?
E) didn't she?
11. Choose the correct variant.
She has learned the rules, ...
A) did she? B) hasn't she?
C) doesn't she? D) didn't she?
E) was she?
12. Choose the correct variant.
Helen has invited all her friends, ...
A) didn't she? B) does she?
C) hasn't she? D) did she?
E) wasn't she?
13. Choose the correct variant.
Ted has been to Spain, ...
A) wasn't he? B) does he? C) hasn't he?
D) isn't he? E) is he?
14. Choose the correct variant.
Ann has eaten some fruit, ...
A) did she? B) doesn't she?
C) hasn't she? D) does she?
E) didn't she?
15. Choose the correct variant.
You have graduated from the university, ...
A) had you? B) haven't you?
C) don't you? D) didn't you?
E) hadn't you?
16. Choose the correct variant.
It has just happened, ...
A) doesn't it? B) didn't it? C) hasn't it?
D) isn't? E) is it?
17. Choose the correct variant.
The wind blew strongly all day, ...
A) was it? B) doesn't it? C) didn't it?
D) does it? E) wasn't it?
18. Choose the correct variant.
My uncle arrived in Turkey yesterday, ...
A) has he? B) was he? C) didn't he?
D) wasn't he? E) hasn't he?
19. Choose the correct variant.
His little son never drinks juice, ...
A) does he? B) did he? C) didn't he?
D) isn't he? E) hasn't he?
20. Choose the correct variant.
We are never late for our classes, ...
A) have we? B) are we? C) do we?
D) don't we? E) didn't we?
21. Choose the correct variant.
You have got some sugar in your tea, ...
A) hadn't you? B) did you?
C) didn't you? D) haven't you?
E) had you?
22. Choose the correct variant.
We have got a lot of cups here, ...
A) do we? B) didn't we? C) haven't we?
D) had we? E) hadn't we?
23. Choose the correct variant.
They want somebody to help them, ...
A) didn't they? B) weren't they?
C) are they? D) did they?
E) don't they?

24. Choose the correct variant.
The wounded were sent to the hospital, ...
A) are they? B) haven't they?
C) didn't they? D) did they?
E) weren't they?
25. Choose the correct variant.
The boy read the letter twice, ...
A) isn't he? B) was he? C) is he?
D) wasn't he? E) didn't he?
26. Choose the correct variant.
She can come with you, ...
A) can't she? B) is she? C) could she?
D) does she? E) isn't she?
27. Choose the correct variant.
The days were sunny in August, ...
A) didn't they? B) don't they?
C) are they? D) weren't they?
E) did they?
28. Choose the correct variant.
Your father returned from Istanbul yesterday, ...
A) doesn't he? B) was he? C) hasn't he?
D) wasn't he? E) didn't he?
29. Choose the correct variant.
You have finished your work, ...
A) didn't you? B) do you?
C) don't you? D) haven't you?
E) hadn't you?
30. Choose the correct variant.
He won't carry this heavy bag, ...
A) does he? B) will he? C) was he?
D) is he? E) isn't he?
31. Choose the correct variant.
As usual John and Jack stay either at their aunt's or uncle's, ...
A) doesn't he? B) won't they?
C) are they? D) don't they?
E) aren't they?
32. Choose the correct variant.
You couldn't speak English five years ago, ...
A) could you? B) can you?
C) didn't you? D) were you? E) did you?
33. Choose the correct variant.
You will have to work hard this week, ...
A) don't you? B) haven't you?
C) do you? D) won't you?
E) have you?
34. Choose the correct variant.
Fish live in water, ...
A) don't they? B) aren't they?
C) are they? D) were they?
E) didn't they?
35. Choose the correct variant.
The policeman helped them, ...
A) is he? B) doesn't he?
C) wasn't he? D) does he? E) didn't he?
36. Choose the correct variant.
Mike can't come on Monday, ...
A) can he? B) is he? C) doesn't he?
D) isn't he? E) does he?
37. Choose the correct variant.
This beautiful house was built in 1976, ...
A) did it? B) does it? C) wasn't it?
D) didn't it? E) hadn't it?
38. Choose the correct variant.
There were a few frosty days in January, ...
A) were they?
B) weren't there?
C) are there?
D) weren't they?
E) aren't they?
39. Choose the correct variant.
My niece is known for her sense of humour in the family, ...
A) is he? B) isn't he? C) has he?
D) hasn't she? E) isn't she?
40. Choose the correct variant.
She's been studying English for two years, ...
A) isn't she? B) doesn't she?
C) does she? D) hasn't she? E) is she?
41. Choose the correct variant.
There are a lot of children in the park, ...
A) were there?
B) are they?
C) weren't there?
D) aren't there?
E) aren't they?
42. Choose the correct variant.
You don't know these people, ...
A) aren't you? B) don't they? C) are you?
D) do you? E) do they?
43. Choose the correct variant.
The toys are neither in the box nor under the table, ...
A) are they? B) aren't there?
C) are there? D) don't they? E) do they?
44. Choose the correct variant.
The manager let a hundred employees go away because of falling profits, ...
A) doesn't he? B) didn't he? C) does he?
D) hasn't he? E) has he?

Questions given to the secondary parts of sentences. Questions given to the subject and its attributes

1. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. What lasted two hours?
2. How long lasted the conference?
3. How long did the conference last?
4. What did lasted two hours?

- A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3, 4
D) 1, 2, 4 E) 1, 4

2. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many people does holds this plane?
- B) How many people does this plane hold?
- C) How many people this plane holds?
- D) How many people does this plane holds?
- E) How many people this plane does hold?

3. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How much costs this furcoat?
- B) How much this furcoat does cost?
- C) How much does this furcoat cost?
- D) How much does costs this furcoat?
- E) How much this furcoat costs?

4. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many sacks of flour brought they here?
- B) How many sacks of flour they brought here?
- C) How many sacks of flour did they brought here?
- D) How many sacks of flour did they bring here?
- E) How many sacks of flour they did bring here?

5. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many buckets of water did they used?
- B) How many buckets of water they used?
- C) How many buckets of water did they use?
- D) How many buckets of water used they?
- E) How many buckets of water they did use?

6. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many students did saw you in the hall?
- B) How many students you saw in the hall?
- C) How many students did you saw in the hall?
- D) How many students you did see in the hall?
- E) How many students did you see in the hall?

7. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many mistakes you made in your test?
- B) How many mistakes did you make in your test?
- C) How many mistakes did you made in your test?
- D) How many mistakes did made you in your test?
- E) How many mistakes did make you in your test?

8. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many peaches did leave you in the basket?
- B) How many peaches you left in the basket?
- C) How many peaches did you left in the basket?
- D) How many peaches did left you in the basket?
- E) How many peaches did you leave in the basket?

9. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) When did you began to collect stamps?
- B) When did you begin to collect stamps?
- C) When you began to collect stamps?
- D) When did begin you to collect stamps?
- E) When began you to collect stamps?

10. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) When will the Tower of London you visit?
- B) When you will visit the Tower of London?
- C) When will visit you the Tower of London?
- D) When will you the Tower of London visit?
- E) When will you visit the Tower of London?

11. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Whom you gave this useful advice?
- B) Who did gave you this useful advice?
- C) Who does gives you this useful advice?
- D) Whom did you gave this useful advice?
- E) Who gave you this useful advice?

12. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How long did your journey lasted?
- B) How long your journey lasted?
- C) How long did last your journey?
- D) How long lasted your journey?
- E) How long did your journey last?

13. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How often did they write a composition?
- B) How often they wrote a composition?
- C) How often did they wrote a composition?
- D) How often did write they a composition?
- E) How often they write a composition?

14. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. How many guests were invited to your party?
 2. How many guests did you invite to your party?
 3. How many guests did invited to your party?
 4. How many guests you invited to your party?
- A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

15. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. How many times a day is the hotel cleaned?
 2. How many times a day do they clean the hotel?
 3. How many times a day the hotel is cleaned?
 4. How many times a day you clean the hotel?
- A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3

16. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. How many pieces of furniture did they sell?
 2. How many pieces of furniture sold they?
 3. How many pieces of furniture they sold?
 4. How many pieces of furniture were sold?
- A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2

17. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. How many cars you saw on the road?
 2. How many cars were seen on the road?
 3. How many cars did you see on the road?
 4. How many cars did saw you on the road?
- A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 2, 3

18. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many pieces of chalk did bring the boy?
- B) How many pieces of chalk brought the boy?
- C) How many pieces of chalk did the boy brought?
- D) How many pieces of chalk did the boy bring?
- E) How many pieces of chalk the boy brought?

19. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many new words do learnt the students at the lesson?
- B) How many new words the students learnt at the lesson?
- C) How many new words did the students learn at the lesson?
- D) How many new words did learnt the students at the lesson?
- E) How many new words did the students learnt at the lesson?

20. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How many pieces of furniture you bought two days ago?
- B) How many pieces of furniture did you buy two days ago?
- C) How many pieces of furniture did you bought two days ago?
- D) How many pieces of furniture did buy you two days ago?
- E) How many pieces of furniture bought you two days ago?

21. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How much luggage the porter carried two hours ago?
- B) How much luggage did the porter carry two hours ago?
- C) How much luggage did the porter carried two hours ago?
- D) How much luggage carried the porter two hours ago?
- E) How much luggage did carry the porter two hours ago?

22. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Whom Betty warned of the danger?
 2. Who did warned Betty of the danger?
 3. Whom did Betty warn of the danger?
 4. Who warned Betty of the danger?
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

23. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Who informed Sam about it?
 2. Whom Sam informed about it?
 3. Whom did Sam inform about it?
 4. Who did informed Sam about it?
- A) 1, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 3

24. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Who carried out the experiments?
- B) Who the experiments carried out?
- C) Who did the experiments carried out?
- D) How he carried out the experiments?
- E) How he did carry out the experiments?

25. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. When was David given the instructions?
 2. When David was given the instructions?
 3. When did they gave David the instructions?
 4. When did they give David the instructions?
- A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

26. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Where the contract was signed?
 2. Where did they signed the contract?
 3. Where did they sign the contract?
 4. Where was the contract signed?
- A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 4

27. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Why were afraid the farmers?
 B) Why the farmers were afraid?
 C) What were afraid the farmers of?
 D) Of what were afraid the farmers?
 E) What were the farmers afraid of?
28. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) For what was thankful the author of the book?
 B) What was the author of the book thankful for?
 C) Why the author of the book was thankful?
 D) What the author of the book was thankful for?
 E) Why was thankful the author of the book?
29. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Which information did they gave on the Internet?
 B) Which information they gave on the Internet?
 C) Which information did they give on the Internet?
 D) Which information did give they on the Internet?
 E) Which information gave they on the Internet?
30. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Which question did ask you the teacher at the exam?
 B) Which question the teacher asked you at the exam?
 C) Which question did the teacher asked you at the exam?
 D) Which question did the teacher ask you at the exam?
 E) Which question asked you the teacher at the exam?
31. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
 1. Who was the teacher surrounded by?
 2. Who the teacher was surrounded by?
 3. Who surrounded the teacher?
 4. Who the teacher surrounded ?
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 2, 3
 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3
32. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Who had he made friends with by that time?
 B) Who he had made friends with by that time?
 C) With whom had made he friends by that time?
 D) Who had made he friends with by that time?
 E) With whom he had made friends by that time?

33. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Who he had shaken hands with before leaving?
 B) Who had he shaken hands with before leaving?
 C) With whom he had shaken hands before leaving?
 D) With whom had shaken he hands before leaving?
 E) Who had shaken he hands with before leaving?
34. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Who have been made these experiments by?
 B) By whom have these experiments been made?
 C) Who have been these experiments made by?
 D) By whom these experiments have been made?
 E) Who these experiments have been made by?
35. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Who have been these dictionaries compiled by?
 B) Who have been compiled these dictionaries by?
 C) By whom have these dictionaries been compiled?
 D) By whom these dictionaries have been compiled?
 E) Who these dictionaries have been compiled by?
36. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When these stockings you bought?
 B) When you bought these stockings?
 C) When did you bought these stockings?
 D) When did you buy these stockings?
 E) When did bought you these stockings?
37. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When did left you the centre?
 B) When did you left the centre?
 C) When you left the centre?
 D) When did you leave the centre?
 E) When left you the centre?
38. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Where Edward wishes to work?
 B) Where wished Edward to work?
 C) Where does Edward wishes to work?
 D) Where did Edward wished to work?
 E) Where did Edward wish to work?

39. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. When you were invited to Mrs. Emily's party?
2. When did they invite you to Mrs. Emily's party?
3. When they invited you to Mrs. Emily's party?
4. When were you invited to Mrs. Emily's party?

A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3, 4
D) 1, 2, 4 E) 1, 3

40. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. When was he informed about the changes?
2. When they informed him about the changes?
3. When he was informed about the changes?
4. When did they inform him about the changes?

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 3, 4

41. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How long does it takes you to get to the university?
- B) How long did it took you to get to the university?
- C) How long it took you to get to the university?
- D) How long did it take you to get to the university?
- E) How long it takes you to get to the university?

42. Choose the correct variant.

1. Who does Ann travel with?
2. Who Ann does travel with?
3. Who Ann travels with?
4. Who travels with Ann?

A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 3 E) 2, 4

43. Choose the correct variant.

1. Who does Kate take care of?
2. Who Kate does take care of?
3. Who takes care of Kate?
4. Who Kate takes care of?

A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 4

44. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Who did Jane show her courage to?
2. Who did showed her courage to Jane?
3. Whom showed Jane her courage?
4. Who showed her courage to Jane?

A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4

45. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How much your new house costs?
- B) How much does your new house costs?
- C) How much does cost your new house?
- D) How much does your new house cost?
- E) How much costs your new house?

46. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How much these plates do cost?
- B) How much do these plates cost?
- C) How much do cost these plates?
- D) How much cost these plates?
- E) How much these plates cost?

47. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Who Pam told about the incident?
2. Whom did Pam told about the incident?
3. Whom did Pam tell about the incident?
4. Who told Pam about the incident?

A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3

48. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Whom did Paula took to the exhibition?
2. Whom did Paula take to the exhibition?
3. Who took Paula to the exhibition?
4. Who Paula took to the exhibition?

A) 2, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

49. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Whom did Jane tell about the news?
2. Who told Jane about the news?
3. Who Jane told about the news?
4. Whom did Jane told about the news?

A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 3, 4

50. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Who Jack spoke about the project to?
2. Whom did Jack spoke about the project to?
3. Who did Jack speak about the project to?
4. Who spoke about the project?

A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

51. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Who have been given the instructions by?
2. Who has given the instructions?
3. Who have the instructions been given by?
4. Who have been the instructions given by?

A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3

52. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Who has the flight been cancelled by?
2. Who has cancelled the flight?
3. Who has been cancelled the flight by?
4. Who has been the flight cancelled by?

A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

53. Choose the correct variant.

Who ... for?

- A) did leave the message
- B) you left the message
- C) did leave you the message
- D) did you left the message
- E) did you leave the message

54. Choose the correct variant.
What ... with?

- A) you did fill the basket
- B) did you filled the basket
- C) did fill you the basket
- D) you filled the basket
- E) did you fill the basket

55. Choose the correct variant.
When ... shopping?

- A) he does
- B) does he do
- C) he has done
- D) has he done
- E) he did

56. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. Why are they digging up the road?
 - 2. Why they are digging up the road?
 - 3. Who did you go out with last night?
 - 4. Who you went out with last night?
- A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3

57. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. Why did you buy this magazine?
 - 2. Why you bought this magazine?
 - 3. Who did you play tennis with yesterday?
 - 4. Who you played tennis with yesterday?
- A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

58. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. Who announced the time of the game?
 - 2. When was the time of the game announced?
 - 3. Who did announced the time of the game?
 - 4. When the time of the game was announced?
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

59. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. Who did used the new methods?
 - 2. When the new methods were used?
 - 3. Who used the new methods?
 - 4. When were the new methods used?
- A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

60. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. Who the rooms decorated?
 - 2. Who decorated the rooms?
 - 3. Who were decorated the rooms by?
 - 4. Who were the rooms decorated by?
- A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 4
D) 1, 2 E) 2, 3

61. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. Who published the book of poems?
 - 2. Who was published the book of poems by?
 - 3. Who did published the book of poems?
 - 4. Who was the book of poems published by?
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4

62. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. How long has the child been awake?
 - 2. Since when the child has been awake?
 - 3. Since when has the child been awake?
 - 4. How long has been the child awake?
 - 5. Since when has been the child awake?
- A) 2, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 5 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 3

63. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. How long the representative has been here?
 - 2. Since when has the representative been here?
 - 3. Since when has been the representative here?
 - 4. How long has the representative been here?
 - 5. How long has been the representatives here?
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 5

64. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) To whom these books belong?
- B) Who these books belong to?
- C) Who do these books belong to?
- D) To whom belong these books?
- E) Who do belong these books to?

65. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Who does that cottage belong to?
- B) Who that cottage belongs to?
- C) To whom that cottage belongs?
- D) To whom belongs that cottage?
- E) Who does belong that cottage to?

66. Choose the correct variant.

- What job ... ?*
- A) you look for
 - B) you looked for
 - C) you have looked for
 - D) are looking you for
 - E) are you looking for

67. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Whom the policeman explained the rule to?
- B) Whom explained the policeman the rule to?
- C) Whom did the policeman explained the rule to?
- D) Who did the policeman explain the rule to?
- E) To whom did explain the policeman the rule?

68. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) For what you are responsible in this office?
- B) Why you are responsible in this office?
- C) What are you responsible for in this office?
- D) Why are responsible you in this office?
- E) What you are responsible for in this office?

Interrogative Words and Sentences

69. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) What time did Carl return home from work yesterday?
B) What time Carl returned home from work yesterday?
C) When Carl returned home from work yesterday?
D) What time did Carl returned home from work yesterday?
E) What time did return Carl home from work yesterday?
70. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) Why you didn't want to understand me?
B) Why you don't want to understand me?
C) Why want you to understand me ?
D) Why don't you want to understand me?
E) Why you want to understand me?
71. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) What does Mary realizes after reading the novel?
B) What did Mary realized after reading the novel?
C) What does realize Mary after reading the novel?
D) What Mary did realize after reading the novel?
E) What did Mary realize after reading the novel?
72. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) Why did we stayed there?
B) Why did we had to stay there?
C) Why we had to stay there?
D) Why did we have to stay there?
E) Why did stayed we there?
73. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
1. Whose salary did the manager raise?
2. Whose manager did raised your salary?
3. Whose salary your manager raised?
4. Whose manager raised your salary?
A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 2, 4
74. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
1. Whose application did that manager accept?
2. Which application did accepted the manager?
3. Whose application that manager accepted?
4. Which manager accepted the application?
A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 2, 4
75. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) When he did read the magazine?
B) When he read the magazine?
C) When read he the magazine?
D) When did he read the magazine?
E) When does he reads the magazine?
76. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) What did he advise him?
B) What did he advised him?
C) What he advised him?
D) What he did advise him?
E) What does he advises him?
77. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) What dresses does Helen likes?
B) What Helen likes?
C) What kind of dresses Helen likes?
D) What kind of dresses does Helen like?
E) What dresses Helen likes?
78. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) What was the bread cut with?
B) What was cut the bread with?
C) With what was cut the bread?
D) How the bread was cut?
E) How was cut the bread?
79. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) When you haven't seen him?
B) How long haven't you seen him?
C) How long you haven't seen him?
D) When haven't seen you him?
E) Since when you haven't seen him?
80. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) When she has been awake?
B) How long has she been awake?
C) How long she has been awake?
D) How long has been she awake?
E) Since when she has been awake?
81. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) How much time did he waited for her?
B) How long did wait he for her?
C) How much time he waited for her?
D) How long did he wait for her?
E) How long he waited for her?
82. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) When Jane made a cake?
B) When made Jane a cake?
C) When Jane has made a cake?
D) When did Jane made a cake?
E) When did Jane make a cake?
83. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) When he sends you postcards?
B) When does he sends you postcards?
C) How often he sends you postcards?
D) How often does he sends you postcards?
E) How often does he send you postcards?

84. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Who does work this engineer with?
 B) Who does works this engineer with?
 C) Who does this engineer work with?
 D) With whom this engineer works?
 E) Who this engineer works with?
85. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) How long the delegates were here?
 B) When the delegates have been here?
 C) How long the delegates have been here?
 D) How long have the delegates been here?
 E) When the delegates were here?
86. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When dinner has been ready?
 B) How long has dinner been ready?
 C) How long dinner has been ready?
 D) When has been dinner ready?
 E) How long has been dinner ready?
87. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Who didn't come to their help?
 B) Who did came to their help?
 C) Why he didn't come to their help?
 D) Why didn't come he to their help?
 E) When didn't he came to their help?
88. Complete the sentence.
 Who ... by?
 A) the invitation was sent
 B) was the invitation sent
 C) was sent the invitation
 D) has been sent the invitation
 E) the invitation has been sent
89. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When did you write a dictation?
 B) When you wrote a dictation?
 C) When did you wrote a dictation?
 D) When did write you a dictation?
 E) When did wrote you a dictation?
90. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
 1. When did he translate these sentences?
 2. When were these sentences translated?
 3. When he translated these sentences?
 4. When were translated these sentences?
 A) 2, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 3, 4
91. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When she reaches home?
 B) When did she reached home?
 C) When did she reach home?
 D) When did reach she home?
 E) When she reached home?
92. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) What did the children stayed at home for?
 B) Why the children stayed at home?
 C) Why did the children stay at home?
- D) For what the children stayed at home?
 E) Why did the children stayed at home?
93. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Who did got a command not to fire?
 B) When he got a command not to fire?
 C) Why did he got a command not to fire?
 D) Who got a command not to fire?
 E) When got he a command not to fire?
94. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) How many tulips John does want to send to his mother?
 B) How many tulips does John wants to send to his mother?
 C) How many tulips wants John to send to his mother?
 D) How many tulips John wants to send to his mother?
 E) How many tulips does John want to send to his mother?
95. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) What did my sister won a prize for?
 B) Why my sister won a prize?
 C) What did my sister win a prize for?
 D) For what won my sister a prize?
 E) Why did my sister won a prize?
96. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Whom you gave flowers at the party?
 B) Whom did you gave flowers at the party?
 C) Whom you did give flowers at the party?
 D) Whom did you give flowers at the party?
 E) Whom you give flowers at the party?
97. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) How can sing she?
 B) How well she can sing?
 C) How well can sing she?
 D) How well can she sing?
 E) How she can sing?
98. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Who did showed the policeman the way to?
 B) Who the policeman showed the way to?
 C) Who did the policeman showed the way to?
 D) Who does the policeman shows the way to?
 E) Who did the policeman show the way to?
99. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
 1. What stories do the children like to listen to?
 2. Whose stories the children like to listen to?
 3. Whose stories do the children like to listen to?
 4. What stories do like the children to listen to?
 A) 2, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 2

- 100.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) How long you have seen her?
 B) Since when you have seen her?
 C) When did you saw her last?
 D) Since when you saw her?
 E) When did you see her last?
- 101.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When the accident took place?
 B) Which accident did took place late at night?
 C) What accident took place late at night?
 D) Where did the accident took place late at night?
 E) How the accident took place late at night?
- 102.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) What happened on the road yesterday?
 B) Why did it happened on the road?
 C) How it happened on the road?
 D) When it happened on the road?
 E) What did happened on the road yesterday?
- 103.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) How long did the football match last?
 B) How long the football match lasted?
 C) How long the football match lasts?
 D) How long lasted the football match?
 E) How long did last the football match?
- 104.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Who did gathered round the car?
 B) How many people did gathered round the car?
 C) Why many people gathered round the car?
 D) Who gathered round the car?
 E) When did many people gathered round the car?
- 105.** Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
 1. How many people live in these villages?
 2. How many people did lived in these villages?
 3. How many people in these villages do live?
 4. How many people lived in these villages?
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3
- 106.** Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
 1. When did he publish his first book?
 2. When was his first book published?
 3. When he published his first book?
 4. When his first book was published?
 5. When did he published his first book?
 A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3, 5
 D) 1, 3, 4 E) 2, 5
- 107.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) What time did they reached the airport?
 B) What time they reached the airport?
 C) When they reached the airport?
 D) When did they reached the airport?
 E) When did they reach the airport?
- 108.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When she will write a message?
 B) Who will write she a message to?
 C) Who she will write a message to?
 D) Who will she write a message to?
 E) When will write she a message?
- 109.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When the players have come?
 B) When did the players come?
 C) When have come the players?
 D) When the players came?
 E) When did come the players?
- 110.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When did the whole company gather at the station?
 B) When the whole company gathered at the station?
 C) When did gather the whole company at the station?
 D) When did the whole company gathered at the station?
 E) When gathered the whole company at the station?
- 111.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When were two new contracts signed?
 B) When were signed two new contracts?
 C) When two new contracts have been signed?
 D) When two new contracts were signed?
 E) When have been two new contracts signed?
- 112.** Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
 1. Who opened the door?
 2. Who was the door opened by?
 3. Who did opened the door?
 4. Who was opened the door by?
 A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3
- 113.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When he has begun to earn money?
 B) When he began to earn money?
 C) When did he began to earn money?
 D) When began he to earn money?
 E) When did he begin to earn money?
- 114.** Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When he was told about it?
 B) When did he told about it?
 C) When he told about it?
 D) When was he told about it?
 E) When was told he about it?

115. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When many remarkable experiments were carried out by our scientists?
 B) When were many remarkable experiments carried out by our scientists?
 C) When were carried out many remarkable experiments by our scientists?
 D) When many remarkable experiments have been carried out by out scientists?
 E) When have been carried out many remarkable experiments by our scientists?

116. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When was a new school built in Sumgait?
 B) When a new school was built in Sumgait?
 C) When has been a new school built in Sumgait?
 D) When a new school has been built in Sumgait?
 E) When was built a new school in Sumgait?

117. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When the woman will be operated on?
 B) What time the woman will be operated on?
 C) When will be the woman operated on?
 D) What time will be operated the woman on?
 E) When will the woman be operated on?

118. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When the subject has been discussed?
 B) How many times the subject has been discussed this week?
 C) How many times has been discussed the subject this week?
 D) How many times has the subject been discussed this week?
 E) When has been the subject discussed?

119. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When were invited many guests to your birthday party?
 B) When have been many guests invited to your birthday party?
 C) When many guests have been invited to your birthday party?
 D) When were many guests invited to your birthday party?
 E) When many guests were invited to your birthday party?

120. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) When his father plants many trees in the garden?
 B) When does his father plants many trees in the garden?
 C) When did his father plant many trees in the garden?
 D) When his father planted many trees in the garden?
 E) When did his father planted many trees in the garden?

121. Choose the correct variant.
 Where ...
 A) your father is working?
 B) your father works?
 C) does your father work?
 D) is working your father?
 E) does work your father?

122. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Did your cat ate fish?
 B) Does your cat eat fish?
 C) Did eat your cat fish?
 D) Does eat your cat fish?
 E) Does your cat eats fish?

123. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) What you will be punished for?
 B) What will you be punished for?
 C) Why will be you punished?
 D) For what you will be punished?
 E) Why you will be punished?

124. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) Why you got upset?
 B) Why did you get upset?
 C) Why you did get upset?
 D) Why did get you upset?
 E) Why got you upset?

125. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
 1. How much this equipment costs?
 2. How much is this equipment?
 3. How much does this equipment cost?
 4. How much this equipment is?
 A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 4

126. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.
 1. How much is this bracelet?
 2. How much does this bracelet cost?
 3. How much this bracelet costs?
 4. How much this bracelet is?
 A) 2, 4 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 4

127. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 A) How much cost these trousers?
 B) How much these trousers are?
 C) How much do cost these trousers?
 D) How much these trousers cost?
 E) How much are these trousers?

128. Choose the correct variant.
 - I've bought a new car.
 - ...
 A) How much you paid?
 B) What the price was?
 C) How much was it?
 D) How much it cost?
 E) How much does it costs?

129. Choose the **wrong** interrogative sentence.

- A) When will your friend be there?
- B) Will your friend be there tomorrow?
- C) Will be your friend there tomorrow?
- D) Where will your friend be tomorrow?
- E) Why will your friend be there?

130. Choose the correct variant.

Who ...

- 1. taught you to play tennis?
 - 2. did taught you to play tennis?
 - 3. does teaches you to play tennis?
 - 4. were you taught to play tennis by?
 - 5. you were taught to play tennis by?
- A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3, 5 C) 3, 4, 5
D) 1, 2, 3 E) 1, 4

131. Choose the correct variant.

Who ...

- 1. showed you the way to the centre?
 - 2. did showed you the way to the centre?
 - 3. does shows you the way to the centre?
 - 4. were you shown the way to the centre by?
 - 5. you were shown the way to the centre by?
- A) 2, 3, 5 B) 1, 4 C) 3, 4, 5
D) 1, 2, 3 E) 2, 4

132. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How long was closed the museum?
- B) When the museum has been closed?
- C) When the museum was closed?
- D) How long has the museum been closed?
- E) How long the museum has been closed?

133. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

- 1. How much is this glass?
 - 2. How much this glass is?
 - 3. How much costs this glass?
 - 4. How much does this glass cost?
- A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3

134. Choose the **wrong** interrogative sentence.

- A) Fashion is a term used to describe a style of clothing, isn't there?
- B) Is fashion a term used to describe a style of clothing?
- C) Fashion is a term used to describe a style of clothing, isn't it?
- D) Is fashion a term used to describe a style of clothing or is it an art?
- E) Isn't fashion a term used to describe a style of clothing?

135. Choose the **wrong** interrogative sentence.

- A) Why you can't go there earlier?
- B) Can you not go there earlier?
- C) Can't you go there earlier?
- D) Why can't you go there earlier?
- E) Why can you not go there earlier?

Questions with "have" as a notional verb or a modal equivalent

1. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) What had Helen to revise twice yesterday?
- B) What did Helen had to revise twice yesterday?
- C) What Helen had to revise twice yesterday?
- D) What did Helen has to revise twice yesterday?
- E) What did Helen have to revise twice yesterday?

2. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) Why did they have to send the message?
- B) Why did they had to send the message?
- C) Why had they to send the message?
- D) Why they had to sent the message?
- E) Why they did have to send the message?

3. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) With what had to dig the gardener the ground?
- B) What had the gardener to dig the ground with?
- C) With what had the gardener to dig the ground?
- D) What did the gardener had to dig the ground with?
- E) What did the gardener have to dig the ground with?

4. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) What had Sally to apologize for?
- B) What Sally had to apologize for?
- C) What did Sally had to apologize for?
- D) What did Sally has to apologize for?
- E) What did Sally have to apologize for?

5. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.

- A) How long had to stay Mr. Nickson in London?
- B) How long had Mr. Nickson to stay in London?
- C) How long did Mr. Nickson had to stay in London?
- D) How long did Mr. Nickson have to stay in London?
- E) How long Mr. Nickson had to stay in London?

6. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) How much time did the scientist had to spend on the report?
 - B) How much time the scientist had to spend on the report?
 - C) How much time did the scientist have to spend on the report?
 - D) How much time the scientist did have to spend on the report?
 - E) How much time had the scientist to spend on the report?
7. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) How long have you waited for the train?
 - B) How long you had to wait for the train?
 - C) How long did you had to wait for the train?
 - D) How long you have waited for the train?
 - E) How long had you to wait for the train?
8. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) How many cups of coffee Julia has every morning?
 - B) Julia has coffee every morning, has she?
 - C) Julia has coffee every morning, doesn't she?
 - D) How often Julia has coffee?
 - E) Does Julia has coffee every morning?
9. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) Who did had a nice dress on?
 - B) Did Jane had a nice dress on?
 - C) Jane had a nice dress on, had she?
 - D) Jane had a nice dress on, didn't she?
 - E) What kind of dress did Jane had on?
10. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) John has his Spanish on Monday, has he?
 - B) When has John his Spanish?
 - C) Does John have his Spanish on Monday?
 - D) Has John his Spanish on Monday?
 - E) Does John has his Spanish on Monday?
11. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) Where had she usually dinner?
 - B) Where does she usually have dinner?
 - C) Where has she usually dinner?
 - D) Where does she usually has dinner?
 - E) Where did she usually has dinner?
12. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) How many meals do English people have a day?
 - B) How many meals English people have a day?
 - C) How many meals English people do have a day?
 - D) How many meals have English people a day?
 - E) How many meals do have English people a day?
13. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) Why did they had to read the book?
 - B) Why did they have to read the book?
 - C) Why had they to read the book?
 - D) Why they had to read the book?
 - E) Why they did have to read the book?
14. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) How long had the children to spend outdoors?
 - B) How long do the children have to spend outdoors?
 - C) How long did the children had to spend outdoors?
 - D) How long the children had to spend outdoors?
 - E) How long have the children to spend outdoors?
15. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) Which room had Alice to clean twice yesterday?
 - B) Which room Alice had to clean twice yesterday?
 - C) Which room did Alice had to clean twice yesterday?
 - D) Which room did Alice has to do twice yesterday?
 - E) Which room did Alice have to clean twice yesterday?
16. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) Where did Nick has lunch?
 - B) Where does Nick has lunch?
 - C) Where had Nick lunch?
 - D) Where does Nick have lunch?
 - E) Where Nick has lunch?
17. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) Whom she had to tell the truth?
 - B) Whom had she to tell the truth?
 - C) Whom did she had to tell the truth?
 - D) Whom did she have to tell the truth?
 - E) Whom did she has to tell the truth?
18. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
 - A) How long have the children to spend on their homework?
 - B) How long the children have to spend on their homework?
 - C) How long do the children have to spend on their homework?
 - D) How long do have children to spend on their homework?
 - E) How long have to spend the children on their homework?

19. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) When has he lunch?
B) When did he had lunch?
C) When he has lunch?
D) When did he have lunch?
E) When had he lunch?
20. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) When had he to stay there?
B) How long did he have to stay there?
C) How long had he to stay there?
D) When did he has to stay there?
E) How much time had he to stay there?
21. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) When had the Kennedys to stay there?
B) How long did the Kennedys have to stay there?
C) How long had the Kennedys to stay there?
D) When did the Kennedys had to stay there?
E) How long the Kennedys had to stay there?
22. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) How long did he have to work?
B) When had he to work?
C) How long had he to work?
D) When did he had to work?
E) How long did he has to work?
23. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) Do the runners have to be at the start now?
B) Have the runners to be at the start now?
C) Did the runners had to be at the start?
D) When have the runners to be at the start?
E) The runners have to be at the start now, haven't they?
24. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) He has breakfast at 7 o'clock, doesn't he?
B) Has he breakfast at 7 o'clock?
C) Does he has breakfast at 7 or 8 o'clock?
D) When has he breakfast?
E) He doesn't have breakfast at 7 o'clock, has he?
25. Choose the correct interrogative sentence.
A) Does Linda always has a music lesson on Monday?
B) What lesson does Linda always have on Monday?
C) When Linda has a music lesson?
D) Linda always has a music lesson on Monday, hasn't she?
E) What lesson has Linda on Monday?

Making up Sentences

1. Make up a sentence.

1. wrote
 3. a lot of
 5. interesting
- A) 2, 1, 4, 5, 3
C) 3, 5, 4, 2, 1
E) 3, 4, 1, 5, 2

2. Jack London
4. novels

- B) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2
D) 2, 1, 3, 5, 4

2. Make up a sentence.

1. all
 2. signed
 3. the documents
 4. the employer
 5. in the morning
- A) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5
C) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2
E) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5

- B) 4, 2, 1, 3, 5
D) 5, 1, 3, 4, 2

3. Make up a sentence.

1. all
 2. interviewed
 3. the applicants
 4. the manager
 5. in the afternoon
- A) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2
C) 4, 2, 1, 3, 5
E) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5

- B) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5
D) 5, 1, 3, 4, 2

4. Make up a sentence.

1. cancelled
 3. his visit
 5. the President
- A) 5, 3, 2, 4, 1
C) 5, 1, 3, 2, 4
E) 2, 4, 1, 5, 3

2. to
4. Japan

- B) 3, 2, 4, 1, 5
D) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4

5. Make up a sentence.

1. took part
 3. people
 5. thousands of
- A) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5
C) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4
E) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5

2. in yesterday's
4. demonstration

- B) 5, 3, 1, 2, 4
D) 5, 3, 1, 4, 2

6. Make up a sentence.

1. today's
 3. hundreds of
 5. children
- A) 2, 4, 1, 5, 3
C) 3, 5, 1, 2, 4
E) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2

2. game
4. watched

- B) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5
D) 5, 3, 4, 1, 2

7. Make up a sentence.

1. couldn't
 3. the door
- A) 1, 2, 3, 4
D) 1, 4, 3, 2

2. I
4. lock

- B) 4, 3, 1, 2
C) 2, 1, 4, 3
E) 3, 2, 1, 4

8. Make up a sentence.

1. come
 3. couldn't
- A) 4, 3, 1, 2
D) 1, 2, 4, 3

2. Andrew
4. earlier

- B) 3, 2, 4, 1
C) 2, 3, 1, 4
E) 2, 1, 4, 3

9. Make up a sentence.

1. restaurants
 3. we
- A) 3, 2, 5, 4, 1
C) 4, 1, 2, 5, 3
E) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5

2. seldom go
4. expensive

5. to
- B) 3, 2, 5, 1, 4
D) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2

10. Make up a sentence.

1. in
 3. articles
 5. newspapers
- A) 2, 5, 4, 1, 3
C) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5
E) 1, 4, 5, 3, 2

2. you often find
4. interesting

- B) 1, 5, 4, 3, 2
D) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5

11. Make up a sentence.

1. like
 3. Hyde Park
 5. many Londoners
- A) 3, 4, 2, 5, 1
C) 5, 1, 3, 2, 4
E) 5, 1, 4, 2, 3

2. in
4. to spend their weekends

- B) 2, 3, 5, 4, 1
D) 3, 1, 4, 2, 5

12. Make up a sentence.

1. too
 4. is
- A) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2
C) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5
E) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3

2. story
5. long

3. this

- B) 3, 2, 4, 1, 5
D) 3, 2, 5, 4, 1

13. Make up a sentence.

1. are
 3. beautiful
- A) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3
C) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5
E) 5, 4, 3, 2, 1

2. flowers
4. very

5. those

- B) 2, 1, 5, 4, 3
D) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4

14. Make up a sentence.

1. in
 4. Shah Ismail the First
- A) 4, 3, 2, 5, 1
C) 3, 2, 4, 1, 5
E) 4, 3, 2, 1, 5

2. born

3. was

5. 1487

- B) 1, 5, 2, 4, 3
D) 2, 1, 4, 3, 5

15. Make up a sentence.

1. has
 3. in his hand
- A) 4, 1, 2, 3
D) 2, 1, 4, 3

2. Nick

4. a black cap

- B) 1, 3, 4, 2
C) 2, 3, 4, 1
E) 1, 4, 3, 2

16. Make up a sentence.

1. to
 3. listening
- A) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5
C) 5, 4, 3, 2, 1
E) 2, 1, 5, 4, 3

2. the children
4. were

5. the music

- B) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2
D) 4, 3, 2, 1, 5

Making up Sentences

17. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|----------|---------|-----------|
| 1. lost | 2. I | 3. my pen |
| 4. today | 5. have | |
- A) 5, 1, 2, 3, 4 B) 4, 2, 3, 5, 1
C) 2, 4, 5, 3, 1 D) 2, 5, 1, 3, 4
E) 4, 2, 3, 1, 5

18. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. large | 2. in London | 3. a lot of |
| 4. there are | 5. parks | |
- A) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4 B) 4, 3, 1, 5, 2
C) 4, 3, 5, 2, 1 D) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4
E) 1, 2, 5, 4, 3

19. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|------------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. in | 2. there are | |
| 3. Great Britain | 4. three | 5. countries |
- A) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5 B) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3
C) 1, 3, 4, 5, 2 D) 2, 5, 3, 1, 4
E) 4, 5, 3, 2, 1

20. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-----------|
| 1. plays | 2. are |
| 3. Shakespeare's | 4. famous |
| 5. all over the world | |
- A) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5 B) 5, 1, 3, 2, 4
C) 2, 4, 5, 3, 1 D) 3, 4, 2, 1, 5
E) 5, 2, 4, 3, 1

21. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| 1. and | 2. Mark Twain |
| 3. short stories | 4. a lot of novels |
| 5. wrote | |
- A) 5, 2, 4, 1, 3 B) 3, 1, 4, 5, 2
C) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5 D) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5
E) 2, 5, 4, 1, 3

22. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|-----------------|---------|----------------|
| 1. famous | 2. Baku | 3. for its oil |
| 4. in the world | 5. is | |
- A) 5, 1, 3, 2, 4 B) 4, 3, 5, 2, 1
C) 2, 5, 1, 3, 4 D) 4, 3, 1, 2, 5
E) 2, 5, 4, 3, 1

23. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-----------|--------------------|
| 1. Henry | 2. to the stadium |
| 3. for us | 4. without waiting |
| 5. went | |
- A) 4, 3, 5, 1, 2 B) 3, 4, 5, 2, 1
C) 1, 5, 2, 4, 3 D) 4, 1, 5, 3, 2
E) 1, 5, 3, 4, 2

24. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|----------------|-------------|
| 1. was | 2. a real |
| 3. Shakespeare | 4. his time |
| 5. dramatist | 6. of |
- A) 3, 1, 5, 6, 2, 4 B) 2, 5, 6, 4, 3, 1
C) 3, 1, 2, 5, 6, 4 D) 2, 3, 1, 6, 4, 5
E) 2, 5, 3, 6, 4, 1

25. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------|-----------------|
| 1. Mark Twain | 2. a well-known |
| 3. is | 4. writer |
| 5. American | |
- A) 2, 5, 4, 1, 3 B) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4
C) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2 D) 1, 3, 5, 2, 4
E) 2, 1, 5, 4, 3

26. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-------------|--------------------|
| 1. a famous | 2. Suleyman Rustam |
| 3. poet | 4. Azerbaijan |
| | 5. is |
- A) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2 B) 4, 3, 2, 5, 1
C) 2, 5, 4, 1, 3 D) 4, 1, 3, 5, 2
E) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3

27. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------|
| 1. to | 2. the pupils |
| 3. were listening | 4. attentively |
| 5. their teacher | |
- A) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4 B) 2, 3, 1, 5, 4
C) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4 D) 2, 3, 1, 4, 5
E) 4, 5, 3, 1, 2

28. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------|
| 1. two men | 2. were travelling |
| 3. once | 4. along |
| 5. the river Nile | |
- A) 4, 5, 2, 1, 3 B) 5, 3, 2, 4, 1
C) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5 D) 3, 1, 2, 5, 4
E) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5

29. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------|
| 1. was | 2. the bus |
| 3. from the village | 4. for several hours |
| 5. late | 6. of Kish |
- A) 2, 3, 6, 1, 5, 4 B) 1, 2, 5, 4, 6, 3
C) 2, 1, 3, 6, 5, 4 D) 4, 3, 6, 5, 2, 1
E) 4, 6, 3, 1, 5, 2

30. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|----------------------|--------------|
| 1. Los Angeles | 2. the plane |
| 3. from | 4. was |
| 5. for several hours | 6. late |
- A) 2, 3, 1, 4, 6, 5 B) 4, 2, 5, 1, 6, 3
C) 5, 3, 1, 2, 4, 6 D) 2, 3, 1, 5, 6, 4
E) 3, 1, 2, 5, 4, 6

31. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-------------------------|----------------|
| 1. to the carpet museum | 2. our teacher |
| 3. decided | 4. last week |
| 5. to take us | |
- A) 2, 3, 5, 1, 4 B) 2, 3, 4, 1, 5
C) 4, 2, 3, 1, 5 D) 5, 1, 2, 3, 4
E) 2, 4, 5, 3, 1

32. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| 1. every week | 2. magazines and books |
| 3. brings his son | 4. new |
| 5. Mr. Johnson | |
- A) 4, 2, 3, 5, 1 B) 1, 4, 2, 5, 3
C) 5, 1, 3, 2, 4 D) 1, 5, 3, 4, 2
E) 1, 4, 2, 3, 5

33. Make up a sentence.

1. does
3. your headmaster
5. French
- A) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5
- C) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2
- E) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4

2. speak
4. how well

- B) 4, 3, 1, 2, 5
- D) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5

34. Make up a sentence.

1. the party
3. they
- A) 4, 3, 5, 2, 1
- C) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4
- E) 4, 5, 2, 3, 1

2. leave
4. when
5. did
- B) 4, 5, 3, 2, 1
- D) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3

35. Make up a sentence.

1. they
3. before
5. organized
- A) 1, 6, 4, 5, 2, 3
- C) 6, 5, 1, 2, 4, 3
- E) 1, 6, 4, 3, 2, 5

2. such a nice party
4. never
6. have
- B) 4, 2, 6, 5, 3, 1
- D) 3, 4, 6, 1, 5, 2

36. Make up a sentence.

1. to fasten
3. seat belts
5. the passengers
- A) 5, 2, 1, 3, 4
- C) 1, 3, 4, 5, 2
- E) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3

2. were warned
4. before the flight
- B) 4, 2, 5, 1, 3
- D) 5, 2, 4, 3, 1

37. Make up a sentence.

1. before the exam
2. to switch off
3. were informed
4. the mobile phones
5. the students
- A) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4
- C) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3
- E) 1, 3, 5, 2, 4

- B) 5, 3, 2, 4, 1
- D) 5, 3, 1, 4, 2

38. Make up a sentence.

1. anybody
2. to become a doctor
3. about his wish
4. Mike
5. told
6. never
- A) 4, 6, 5, 1, 3, 2
- C) 4, 5, 6, 2, 3, 1
- E) 4, 3, 2, 6, 5, 1

- B) 1, 6, 5, 4, 2, 3
- D) 3, 2, 1, 5, 6, 4

39. Make up a sentence.

1. delayed
3. our
5. we
- A) 3, 4, 5, 1, 6, 2
- C) 5, 1, 3, 4, 6, 2
- E) 1, 5, 6, 2, 3, 4

2. California
4. departure
6. to
- B) 5, 1, 6, 2, 3, 4
- D) 3, 4, 6, 2, 1, 5

40. Make up a sentence.

1. demand
3. increases
5. energy
- A) 2, 3, 1, 4, 5
- C) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3
- E) 2, 5, 3, 4, 1

2. the world's
4. for
- B) 2, 1, 4, 5, 3
- D) 2, 3, 5, 4, 1

41. Make up a sentence.

1. for
3. demand
5. increases
- A) 2, 5, 3, 1, 4
- C) 2, 4, 1, 3, 5
- E) 2, 4, 5, 3, 1

2. people's
4. oil and gas
- B) 2, 3, 1, 4, 5
- D) 2, 5, 4, 1, 3

42. Make up a sentence.

1. quite
3. that
- A) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5
- C) 3, 5, 2, 4, 1
- E) 3, 2, 5, 1, 4

2. building
4. was
5. ancient
- B) 3, 2, 4, 1, 5
- D) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2

43. Make up a sentence.

1. too
4. was
- A) 3, 2, 5, 1, 4
- C) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3
- E) 3, 2, 4, 1, 5

2. jewellery
3. that
5. antique
- B) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5
- D) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2

44. Make up a sentence.

1. what time
3. you
5. do
- A) 1, 5, 3, 4, 6, 2
- C) 6, 3, 4, 2, 1, 5
- E) 6, 2, 1, 3, 4, 5

2. your work
4. usually
6. finish
- B) 1, 6, 3, 4, 5, 2
- D) 1, 5, 6, 4, 3, 2

45. Make up a sentence.

1. after
3. to rest
5. pleasant
- A) 4, 1, 2, 3, 6, 5
- C) 1, 6, 4, 5, 3, 2
- E) 6, 4, 5, 3, 1, 2

2. long busy days
4. is
6. it
- B) 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 4
- D) 3, 2, 4, 6, 5, 1

46. Make up a sentence.

1. green
4. that
- A) 3, 4, 1, 5, 6, 2
- C) 6, 3, 2, 4, 1, 5
- E) 3, 6, 4, 1, 5, 2

2. cost
5. vase
3. how much
6. does
- B) 4, 1, 5, 6, 3, 2
- D) 4, 1, 5, 6, 2, 3

47. Make up a sentence.

1. the coffee break
4. should
- A) 5, 2, 3, 4, 6, 1
- C) 2, 4, 6, 3, 5, 1
- E) 3, 4, 2, 6, 5, 1

2. what
5. before
3. we
6. do
- B) 2, 4, 3, 6, 5, 1
- D) 5, 1, 2, 4, 6, 3

Making up Sentences

48. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------|
| 1. sport | 2. organized | 3. and |
| 4. people | 5. disciplined | 6. makes |
| A) 4, 2, 1, 3, 6, 5 | B) 4, 6, 1, 3, 2, 5 | |
| C) 1, 6, 4, 2, 3, 5 | D) 1, 2, 4, 3, 6, 5 | |
| E) 2, 3, 5, 4, 1, 6 | | |

49. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------------|
| 1. hasn't | 2. since his childhood |
| 3. Peter | 4. such a present |
| 5. got | |
| A) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2 | B) 3, 1, 4, 2, 5 |
| C) 2, 3, 4, 1, 5 | D) 1, 3, 5, 2, 4 |
| E) 2, 1, 3, 5, 4 | |

50. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. do | 2. age |
| 3. citizens | 4. at what |
| 5. Azerbaijan | 6. vote |
| A) 1, 5, 3, 6, 4, 2 | B) 4, 2, 1, 5, 3, 6 |
| C) 4, 5, 3, 1, 6, 2 | D) 5, 3, 1, 6, 4, 2 |
| E) 1, 3, 6, 4, 2, 5 | |

51. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. in | 2. have been swimming |
| 3. for | 4. the children |
| 5. two hours | 6. the pool |
| A) 4, 3, 5, 1, 6, 2 | B) 1, 6, 2, 4, 3, 5 |
| C) 4, 2, 1, 6, 3, 5 | D) 3, 5, 4, 1, 6, 2 |
| E) 3, 5, 1, 6, 2, 4 | |

52. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. left | |
| 2. in numerous | |
| 3. Abbasgulu Aga Bakikhanov | |
| 4. a rich | |
| 5. legacy | |
| 6. fields of science and culture | |
| A) 4, 3, 1, 5, 6, 2 | B) 3, 1, 4, 6, 2, 5 |
| C) 2, 6, 4, 5, 1, 3 | D) 2, 5, 4, 3, 1, 6 |
| E) 3, 1, 4, 5, 2, 6 | |

53. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. manuscripts | |
| 2. Nizami Ganjavi's | |
| 3. are preserved | |
| 4. of the world | |
| 5. libraries | |
| 6. at well-known | |
| A) 2, 5, 3, 6, 1, 4 | B) 2, 1, 3, 6, 5, 4 |
| C) 6, 1, 4, 3, 2, 5 | D) 1, 4, 3, 6, 5, 2 |
| E) 1, 6, 5, 3, 2, 4 | |

54. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. a rich man | 2. was travelling |
| 3. one day | 4. in the desert |
| 5. North Africa | 6. of |
| A) 3, 1, 2, 4, 6, 5 | B) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| C) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6 | D) 3, 1, 2, 5, 4, 6 |
| E) 4, 6, 5, 2, 1, 3 | |

55. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. very often | 2. not |
| 3. this | 4. used |
| 5. method | 6. is |
| A) 3, 2, 1, 4, 6, 5 | B) 3, 5, 4, 2, 1, 6 |
| C) 3, 5, 6, 2, 4, 1 | D) 3, 4, 5, 2, 1, 6 |
| E) 3, 2, 4, 1, 6, 5 | |

56. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. any changes | 2. asked |
| 3. if | 4. they |
| 5. there were | 6. in our plans |
| A) 5, 1, 6, 3, 2, 4 | B) 4, 2, 3, 5, 1, 6 |
| C) 1, 5, 6, 3, 4, 2 | D) 1, 5, 6, 3, 2, 4 |
| E) 4, 2, 3, 5, 6, 1 | |

57. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-----------------------|-------------------|
| 1. as a great holiday | 2. was celebrated |
| 3. the New Year | 4. of Mrs. Brown |
| 5. in the house | |
| A) 2, 5, 3, 1, 4 | B) 1, 3, 4, 5, 2 |
| C) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3 | D) 5, 2, 1, 3, 4 |
| E) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4 | |

58. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|---------|
| 1. did | 2. to do | 3. what |
| 4. they | 5. decide | |
| A) 3, 1, 4, 5, 2 | B) 1, 4, 5, 2, 3 | |
| C) 3, 4, 1, 5, 2 | D) 1, 4, 3, 5, 2 | |
| E) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5 | | |

59. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|---------|
| 1. does | 2. know | 3. Mary |
| 4. how well | 5. English | |
| A) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5 | B) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4 | |
| C) 4, 3, 1, 2, 5 | D) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2 | |
| E) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5 | | |

60. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|------------------|-------------------|------|
| 1. to meet | 2. was asked | |
| 3. my aunt | 4. at the airport | 5. I |
| A) 5, 2, 3, 4, 1 | B) 4, 5, 2, 3, 1 | |
| C) 5, 2, 1, 3, 4 | D) 3, 2, 5, 1, 4 | |
| E) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4 | | |

61. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-------|
| 1. to school | 2. go | |
| 3. the children | 4. when | 5. do |
| A) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5 | B) 4, 3, 5, 2, 1 | |
| C) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4 | D) 4, 5, 3, 2, 1 | |
| E) 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 | | |

62. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------|
| 1. Huseyn Javid | |
| 2. playwright and poet | |
| 3. a famous | |
| 4. is | |
| 5. Azerbaijan | |
| A) 1, 2, 5, 3, 4 | B) 1, 2, 4, 5, 3 |
| C) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4 | D) 1, 4, 3, 5, 2 |
| E) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2 | |

Making up Sentences

63. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|-------|
| 1. the capital | 2. London | |
| 3. is | 4. England | 5. of |
| A) 2, 1, 5, 4, 3 | B) 1, 5, 4, 2, 3 | |
| C) 2, 3, 1, 5, 4 | D) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4 | |
| E) 1, 5, 2, 3, 4 | | |

64. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| 1. Charles Dickens | 2. a well-known |
| 3. is | 4. writer |
| 5. English | |
| A) 1, 3, 5, 2, 4 | B) 3, 2, 5, 1, 4 |
| C) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2 | D) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2 |
| E) 1, 3, 2, 5, 4 | |

65. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. the film | 2. didn't have |
| 3. I | 4. enough time |
| 5. to watch | |
| A) 5, 1, 4, 3, 2 | B) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| C) 3, 2, 5, 4, 1 | D) 3, 2, 4, 5, 1 |
| E) 3, 2, 4, 1, 5 | |

66. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. England | 2. the west |
| 3. of | 4. part |
| 5. is | 6. very beautiful |
| A) 2, 4, 3, 1, 6, 5 | B) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5, 6 |
| C) 2, 1, 5, 4, 3, 6 | D) 5, 1, 2, 4, 3, 6 |
| E) 6, 4, 3, 1, 2, 5 | |

67. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. late | 2. got to a hotel |
| 3. Mr. Brown | 4. in the evening |
| 5. after a long journey | |
| A) 5, 2, 3, 1, 4 | B) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5 |
| C) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5 | D) 3, 4, 1, 2, 5 |
| E) 4, 2, 1, 3, 5 | |

68. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. the piano | 2. the sound of |
| 3. the sleeping | 4. woke |
| 5. child | |
| A) 2, 4, 3, 5, 1 | B) 3, 5, 4, 2, 1 |
| C) 1, 4, 3, 5, 2 | D) 2, 1, 4, 3, 5 |
| E) 2, 3, 5, 4, 1 | |

69. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. to leave the building | | |
| 2. when | | |
| 3. everybody was told | | |
| 4. the fire broke out | | |
| A) 2, 1, 3, 4 | B) 2, 3, 4, 1 | C) 4, 3, 1, 2 |
| D) 2, 4, 3, 1 | E) 2, 4, 1, 3 | |

70. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|------------|
| 1. they | 2. a holiday | 3. so much |
| 4. never | 5. enjoyed | 6. have |
| A) 6, 1, 5, 4, 2, 3 | B) 1, 6, 5, 2, 3, 4 | |
| C) 1, 6, 4, 5, 2, 3 | D) 4, 3, 6, 1, 2, 5 | |
| E) 1, 6, 3, 2, 5, 4 | | |

71. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. my friend | 2. last Sunday |
| 3. and | 4. I |
| 5. to go fishing | 6. decided |
| A) 4, 3, 1, 5, 6, 2 | B) 1, 3, 4, 6, 2, 5 |
| C) 2, 5, 1, 6, 3, 4 | D) 2, 1, 3, 4, 6, 5 |
| E) 4, 1, 6, 2, 3, 5 | |

72. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|--------------|
| 1. his | 2. want | 3. warm coat |
| 4. didn't | 5. he | 6. to put on |
| A) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2, 6 | B) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2, 6 | |
| C) 4, 2, 5, 6, 1, 3 | D) 5, 4, 2, 6, 1, 3 | |
| E) 5, 2, 6, 1, 3, 4 | | |

73. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. took place | |
| 2. the first Olympic Games | |
| 3. in Greece | |
| 4. more | |
| 5. than | |
| 6. two thousand years ago | |
| A) 3, 4, 5, 6, 1, 2 | B) 4, 5, 6, 3, 1, 2 |
| C) 4, 5, 6, 1, 2, 3 | D) 2, 1, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| E) 3, 2, 1, 4, 6, 5 | |

74. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|----------------|
| 1. hasn't | 2. since | 3. she |
| 4. a holiday | 5. had | 6. last summer |
| A) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2, 6 | B) 2, 6, 1, 5, 3, 4 | |
| C) 1, 5, 3, 4, 2, 6 | D) 6, 3, 1, 5, 4, 2 | |
| E) 3, 1, 2, 6, 5, 4 | | |

75. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. are | 2. very important |
| 3. of | 4. in the life |
| 5. libraries | 6. all people |
| A) 5, 4, 1, 2, 3, 6 | B) 1, 5, 4, 3, 2, 6 |
| C) 6, 4, 3, 5, 2, 1 | D) 5, 1, 2, 4, 3, 6 |
| E) 4, 3, 6, 2, 5, 1 | |

76. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. do | 2. want you |
| 3. your parents | 4. what |
| 5. to become | |
| A) 1, 3, 5, 4, 2 | B) 4, 1, 2, 3, 5 |
| C) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5 | D) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5 |
| E) 4, 3, 1, 2, 5 | |

77. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|---------------|
| 1. has | 2. an ancient | 3. Azerbaijan |
| 4. and rich | 5. culture | |
| A) 3, 5, 1, 2, 4 | B) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4 | |
| C) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5 | D) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | |
| E) 1, 3, 5, 2, 4 | | |

78. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. the way | 2. had come |
| 3. went back | 4. he |
| 5. John | |
| A) 4, 2, 1, 3, 5 | B) 5, 3, 1, 4, 2 |
| C) 5, 1, 2, 4, 3 | D) 1, 4, 3, 2, 5 |
| E) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3 | |

Making up Sentences

79. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. they | 2. noticed |
| 3. I | 4. were standing |
| 5. near the door | |
| A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | B) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4 |
| C) 1, 4, 3, 2, 5 | D) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5 |
| E) 5, 1, 2, 3, 4 | |

80. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Paris | 2. the train |
| 3. from | 4. was |
| 5. for an hour | 6. late |
| A) 2, 3, 1, 5, 6, 4 | B) 5, 6, 2, 3, 1, 4 |
| C) 5, 4, 2, 6, 3, 1 | D) 2, 3, 1, 4, 6, 5 |
| E) 2, 1, 4, 6, 3, 5 | |

81. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. from the kitchen | 2. smoke |
| 3. noticed | 4. Russell |
| 5. that | 6. was coming |
| A) 2, 1, 6, 5, 3, 4 | B) 4, 3, 5, 1, 6, 2 |
| C) 2, 6, 1, 4, 5, 3 | D) 4, 3, 5, 2, 6, 1 |
| E) 4, 1, 3, 5, 6, 2 | |

82. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. very nice of you | 2. and |
| 3. it was | 4. see us off |
| 5. to come | |
| A) 4, 2, 5, 3, 1 | B) 3, 1, 4, 2, 5 |
| C) 5, 2, 4, 1, 3 | D) 4, 3, 1, 2, 5 |
| E) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4 | |

83. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|
| 1. for her to stay at home | |
| 2. alone the whole day | |
| 3. to see her friends | |
| 4. so she was very glad | |
| 5. it was very hard | |
| A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 | B) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5 |
| C) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3 | D) 5, 1, 2, 4, 3 |
| E) 5, 2, 3, 1, 4 | |

84. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1. very attentive | 2. an essay |
| 3. must be | 4. while writing |
| 5. you | |
| A) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5 | B) 5, 3, 4, 2, 1 |
| C) 4, 2, 3, 5, 1 | D) 5, 3, 1, 4, 2 |
| E) 4, 2, 1, 5, 3 | |

85. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. there won't be | |
| 2. so many mistakes | |
| 3. Nick hopes | |
| 4. in his dictation | |
| 5. next time | |
| A) 4, 3, 1, 5, 2 | B) 1, 2, 5, 3, 4 |
| C) 1, 5, 4, 2, 3 | D) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5 |
| E) 3, 5, 4, 2, 1 | |

86. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1. you | |
| 2. to pass the exam | |
| 3. will have to | |
| 4. successfully | |
| 5. work hard | |
| A) 1, 3, 5, 2, 4 | B) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5 |
| C) 2, 4, 1, 5, 3 | D) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2 |
| E) 2, 4, 5, 3, 1 | |

87. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|--------------------|------------------|
| 1. what books | 2. during |
| 3. did you read | 4. your |
| 5. summer holidays | |
| A) 3, 2, 4, 5, 1 | B) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5 |
| C) 3, 4, 5, 2, 1 | D) 1, 2, 4, 5, 3 |
| E) 2, 4, 5, 3, 1 | |

88. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| 1. must have | 2. a great patience |
| 3. people | 4. working with |
| 5. children | |
| A) 4, 5, 2, 1, 3 | B) 3, 1, 2, 5, 4 |
| C) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2 | D) 5, 4, 3, 2, 1 |
| E) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5 | |

89. Make up a sentence.

- | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|------------|
| 1. is | 2. your | 3. country |
| 4. for | 5. famous | 6. what |
| A) 4, 6, 3, 1, 2, 5 | B) 6, 2, 3, 1, 5, 4 | |
| C) 6, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4 | D) 4, 6, 1, 5, 2, 3 | |
| E) 6, 1, 2, 3, 5, 4 | | |

90. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|
| 1. working | 2. you |
| 3. do | 4. on the computer |
| 5. think | 6. is easy |
| A) 3, 5, 2, 4, 1, 6 | |
| B) 1, 6, 4, 3, 2, 5 | |
| C) 3, 2, 5, 4, 6, 1 | |
| D) 2, 1, 4, 6, 3, 5 | |
| E) 3, 2, 5, 1, 4, 6 | |

91. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. the eating habits | 2. has changed |
| 3. fast food | 4. many |
| 5. of | 6. Americans |
| A) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4, 6 | B) 1, 5, 3, 2, 4, 6 |
| C) 2, 3, 1, 5, 4, 6 | D) 2, 4, 6, 3, 5, 1 |
| E) 4, 6, 2, 1, 5, 3 | |

92. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| 1. the bill | 2. my telephone |
| 3. because | 4. hadn't paid |
| 5. I | 6. was cut off |
| A) 3, 6, 2, 5, 4, 1 | |
| B) 2, 6, 3, 5, 4, 1 | |
| C) 5, 4, 1, 3, 6, 2 | |
| D) 5, 4, 2, 3, 1, 6 | |
| E) 2, 6, 3, 1, 5, 4 | |

93. Make up a sentence.

1. "the Union Jack"
2. has three crosses
3. on it
4. the flag of the United Kingdom
5. known
6. as

- A) 4, 5, 6, 1, 2, 3 B) 4, 2, 3, 5, 1, 6
C) 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 1 D) 4, 5, 6, 1, 3, 2
E) 6, 1, 5, 4, 2, 3

94. Make up a sentence.

1. the party
2. late
3. the guests
4. to
5. invited
6. were

- A) 3, 5, 4, 1, 6, 2 B) 6, 5, 3, 4, 1, 2
C) 3, 6, 5, 1, 4, 2 D) 6, 5, 3, 2, 4, 1
E) 2, 6, 5, 3, 4, 1

95. Make up a sentence.

1. correct
2. said
3. was
4. the word
5. by the child
6. not

- A) 3, 4, 1, 5, 6, 2 B) 4, 3, 6, 5, 2, 1
C) 3, 4, 1, 6, 5, 2 D) 2, 4, 5, 3, 6, 1
E) 4, 2, 5, 3, 6, 1

96. Make up a sentence.

1. as a great holiday
2. was
3. celebrated
4. Novruz
5. of your aunt
6. in the house

- A) 2, 3, 4, 1, 6, 5 B) 2, 3, 4, 6, 5, 1
C) 4, 2, 3, 1, 5, 6 D) 2, 4, 3, 1, 6, 5
E) 6, 5, 2, 4, 3, 1

97. Make up a sentence.

1. stories
2. have
3. I
4. don't like
5. that
6. unhappy endings

- A) 1, 5, 4, 6, 3, 2 B) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 6
C) 5, 6, 2, 1, 3, 4 D) 3, 4, 1, 5, 2, 6
E) 2, 3, 4, 1, 5, 6

98. Make up a sentence.

1. the main products
2. one of
3. is
4. from Australia
5. wool
6. we get

- A) 5, 3, 2, 1, 6, 4 B) 2, 5, 6, 3, 1, 4
C) 6, 2, 5, 4, 3, 1 D) 6, 2, 1, 4, 3, 5
E) 5, 4, 3, 1, 2, 6

99. Make up a sentence.

1. by
2. bought
3. our neighbours
4. expensive
5. was
6. the country house

- A) 5, 4, 6, 1, 2, 3 B) 5, 6, 2, 1, 3, 4
C) 3, 2, 6, 1, 4, 5 D) 6, 1, 3, 5, 2, 4
E) 3, 2, 1, 6, 5, 4

100. Make up a sentence.

1. when
2. her old friend
3. very pleased
4. Helen
5. she saw
6. was

- A) 4, 3, 6, 2, 1, 5 B) 1, 6, 4, 3, 2, 5
C) 4, 6, 3, 1, 5, 2 D) 5, 4, 3, 1, 6, 2
E) 5, 4, 1, 6, 2, 3

101. Make up a sentence.

1. you didn't come
2. yesterday
3. why
4. to the meeting
5. tell me

- A) 2, 4, 1, 5, 3 B) 5, 3, 1, 4, 2
C) 5, 2, 4, 3, 1 D) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4
E) 1, 4, 3, 5, 2

102. Make up a sentence.

1. the list of
2. to the meeting
3. the guests
4. that will come
5. give me

- A) 5, 1, 4, 3, 2 B) 3, 4, 2, 5, 1
C) 5, 1, 3, 4, 2 D) 1, 3, 4, 2, 5
E) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5

103. Make up a sentence.

1. doing exercises regularly
2. is
3. discipline
4. to learn
5. a wonderful way

- A) 4, 3, 1, 2, 5 B) 2, 4, 5, 3, 1
C) 1, 5, 3, 4, 2 D) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2
E) 1, 2, 5, 4, 3

104. Make up a sentence.

1. working hard
2. can
3. you
4. goal
5. your
6. achieve

- A) 6, 3, 4, 2, 5, 1 B) 3, 2, 6, 1, 5, 4
C) 5, 4, 3, 2, 1, 6 D) 1, 3, 2, 6, 5, 4
E) 6, 4, 3, 2, 5, 1

105. Make up a sentence.

1. the poem
2. dedicated
3. was
4. who
5. to

- A) 3, 1, 2, 5, 4 B) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5
C) 4, 3, 1, 2, 5 D) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5
E) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2

106. Make up a sentence.

1. requires
2. patience
3. great
4. responsibility
5. and
6. teaching

- A) 6, 5, 4, 1, 2, 3 B) 6, 1, 5, 2, 3, 4
C) 2, 5, 4, 1, 3, 6 D) 4, 5, 3, 2, 1, 6
E) 6, 1, 3, 2, 5, 4

107. Make up a sentence.

1. when
2. know
3. find it
4. his address
5. let me
6. you

- A) 1, 4, 3, 6, 5, 2 B) 5, 2, 4, 1, 6, 3
C) 5, 3, 4, 1, 2, 6 D) 6, 5, 2, 1, 3, 4
E) 6, 5, 2, 1, 4, 3

Making up Sentences

108. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Mrs. Johnson | 2. couldn't say |
| 3. so surprised that | 4. a word |
| 5. was | 6. she |
| A) 6, 5, 3, 2, 4, 1 | B) 1, 5, 3, 6, 2, 4 |
| C) 1, 2, 4, 3, 5, 6 | D) 6, 2, 1, 4, 3, 5 |
| E) 5, 1, 3, 2, 6, 4 | |

109. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|------------------|------------------|
| 1. show me | 2. who |
| 3. your friend | 4. and I'll say |
| 5. you are | |
| A) 1, 5, 2, 3, 4 | B) 5, 1, 4, 3, 2 |
| C) 1, 3, 4, 2, 5 | D) 4, 1, 3, 2, 5 |
| E) 3, 4, 5, 2, 1 | |

110. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. it was time | |
| 2. to tell them | |
| 3. that | |
| 4. at last | |
| 5. the truth | |
| 6. he said | |
| A) 1, 6, 5, 2, 3, 4 | B) 4, 1, 6, 5, 2, 3 |
| C) 4, 3, 1, 6, 5, 2 | D) 3, 1, 6, 5, 2, 4 |
| E) 4, 6, 3, 1, 2, 5 | |

111. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. while | |
| 2. to elder people | |
| 3. you | |
| 4. must be | |
| 5. very polite | |
| 6. speaking | |
| A) 3, 4, 6, 5, 2, 1 | B) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2, 6 |
| C) 1, 2, 6, 4, 5, 3 | D) 3, 4, 5, 1, 6, 2 |
| E) 4, 6, 5, 3, 1, 2 | |

112. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. people | |
| 2. need | |
| 3. and | |
| 4. teaching children | |
| 5. kindness | |
| 6. a lot of patience | |
| A) 4, 2, 6, 3, 5, 1 | B) 1, 4, 2, 3, 6, 5 |
| C) 1, 4, 2, 6, 3, 5 | D) 4, 1, 6, 3, 5, 2 |
| E) 5, 3, 6, 2, 4, 1 | |

113. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. Alice noticed | |
| 2. from | |
| 3. was coming | |
| 4. that | |
| 5. the next room | |
| 6. the noise | |
| A) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3, 6 | B) 1, 4, 6, 3, 2, 5 |
| C) 2, 1, 5, 4, 3, 6 | D) 1, 4, 3, 6, 2, 5 |
| E) 1, 3, 6, 4, 5, 2 | |

114. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| 1. spoken and written | |
| 2. today | |
| 3. than | |
| 4. English | |
| 5. is more widely | |
| 6. other languages | |
| A) 6, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4 | B) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3, 6 |
| C) 6, 5, 1, 3, 4, 2 | D) 4, 5, 1, 6, 3, 2 |
| E) 5, 1, 6, 3, 4, 2 | |

115. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. in the river | |
| 2. it | |
| 3. the factory polluted | |
| 4. we couldn't swim | |
| 5. with something poisonous | |
| 6. as | |
| A) 4, 6, 1, 2, 5, 3 | B) 3, 5, 1, 4, 6, 2 |
| C) 1, 4, 6, 2, 5, 3 | D) 4, 1, 6, 3, 2, 5 |
| E) 3, 5, 2, 6, 4, 1 | |

116. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|-------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. will make a decision | |
| 2. when | |
| 3. he | |
| 4. Mr. Johnson | |
| 5. all the facts | |
| 6. studies | |
| A) 5, 3, 1, 2, 4, 6 | B) 5, 6, 2, 4, 3, 1 |
| C) 4, 1, 2, 3, 6, 5 | D) 4, 1, 2, 6, 3, 5 |
| E) 2, 4, 6, 5, 1, 3 | |

117. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. when | 2. will leave |
| 3. Sandra | 4. she graduates |
| 5. from high school | 6. Edinburgh |
| A) 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 | B) 3, 2, 6, 1, 5, 4 |
| C) 1, 2, 3, 6, 4, 5 | D) 4, 5, 1, 6, 2, 3 |
| E) 3, 2, 6, 1, 4, 5 | |

118. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------|
| 1. the only language | |
| 2. English | |
| 3. is | |
| 4. than | |
| 5. which has more speakers | |
| 6. Chinese | |
| A) 6, 5, 4, 1, 2, 3 | B) 2, 5, 3, 1, 6, 4 |
| C) 1, 3, 6, 4, 5, 2 | D) 6, 3, 1, 5, 4, 2 |
| E) 2, 3, 5, 4, 1, 6 | |

119. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|
| 1. didn't | 2. come |
| 3. to the meeting | 4. tell me |
| 5. you | 6. why |
| A) 4, 6, 5, 1, 2, 3 | B) 1, 5, 2, 4, 6, 3 |
| C) 4, 6, 3, 5, 1, 2 | D) 5, 1, 4, 6, 2, 3 |
| E) 6, 5, 1, 2, 3, 4 | |

120. Make up a sentence.

1. the guests
3. tell me
5. will
- A) 1, 5, 3, 2, 4, 6
- C) 2, 1, 5, 4, 6, 3
- E) 2, 6, 5, 1, 3, 4

2. what time
4. come
6. to the party
- B) 5, 1, 4, 3, 2, 6
- D) 3, 2, 1, 5, 4, 6

121. Make up a sentence.

1. met
3. walking
5. in the park
- A) 2, 1, 4, 3, 6, 5
- C) 6, 2, 1, 5, 4, 3
- E) 6, 3, 5, 2, 1, 4

2. I
4. my friend
6. while
- B) 2, 1, 4, 5, 3, 6
- D) 6, 4, 3, 2, 1, 5

122. Make up a sentence.

1. is
2. the weather
3. today
4. like
5. what
- A) 5, 3, 1, 4, 2
- B) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4
- C) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3
- D) 3, 5, 2, 1, 4
- E) 5, 1, 2, 4, 3

123. Make up a sentence.

1. very anxious
2. when
3. the dentist's room
4. he entered
5. he felt
- A) 5, 2, 3, 4, 1
- B) 2, 3, 4, 1, 5
- C) 2, 3, 4, 5, 1
- D) 2, 5, 1, 3, 4
- E) 5, 1, 2, 4, 3

124. Make up a sentence.

1. Trafalgar Square
2. one
3. is
4. of interest
5. in London
6. of the places
- A) 1, 3, 2, 4, 6, 5
- B) 5, 2, 6, 4, 1, 3
- C) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4, 6
- D) 1, 3, 2, 6, 4, 5
- E) 2, 6, 4, 1, 5, 3

125. Make up a sentence.

1. seen
2. films
3. what
4. have
5. this week
6. you
- A) 3, 2, 4, 6, 1, 5
- B) 3, 2, 6, 4, 1, 5
- C) 6, 4, 1, 5, 2, 3
- D) 3, 4, 6, 1, 2, 5
- E) 6, 4, 1, 3, 5, 2

126. Make up a sentence.

1. stopped skating
2. as
3. the boy
4. his right foot
5. for some time
6. hurt him badly
- A) 2, 3, 1, 5, 6, 4
- B) 3, 1, 5, 2, 4, 6
- C) 4, 6, 2, 1, 3, 5
- D) 2, 3, 6, 4, 1, 5
- E) 3, 1, 4, 2, 6, 5

127. Make up a sentence.

1. was very anxious
2. as
3. she
4. couldn't remain silent
5. Mary
- A) 2, 3, 1, 4, 5
- B) 5, 4, 2, 3, 1
- C) 5, 1, 3, 4, 2
- D) 5, 4, 3, 2, 1
- E) 2, 5, 3, 4, 1

128. Make up a sentence.

1. the village
2. the mountain
3. we live
4. from
5. wasn't seen
6. where
- A) 1, 6, 3, 2, 5, 4
- B) 3, 1, 4, 6, 2, 5
- C) 2, 5, 4, 1, 6, 3
- D) 6, 5, 2, 4, 1, 3
- E) 5, 2, 4, 1, 6, 3

129. Make up a sentence.

1. as soon as
2. me up
3. return
4. to the hotel
5. ring
6. you
- A) 5, 2, 1, 6, 3, 4
- B) 3, 4, 1, 5, 2, 6
- C) 1, 6, 3, 2, 5, 4
- D) 5, 2, 4, 1, 3, 6
- E) 6, 3, 4, 1, 5, 2

130. Make up a sentence.

1. there was
2. after
3. a pause
4. he told
5. the story
- A) 1, 3, 2, 4, 5
- B) 1, 5, 2, 4, 3
- C) 1, 3, 5, 4, 2
- D) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5
- E) 4, 3, 1, 5, 2

131. Make up a sentence.

1. a typical Englishman
2. at the window
3. the man
4. is
5. sitting
- A) 4, 5, 3, 2, 1
- B) 3, 2, 4, 5, 1
- C) 3, 4, 5, 2, 1
- D) 1, 5, 3, 4, 2
- E) 3, 5, 2, 4, 1

132. Make up a sentence.

1. the songs of the birds
2. spring comes
3. forests and fields
4. with
5. when
6. are filled
- A) 5, 2, 3, 6, 1, 4
- B) 5, 2, 3, 6, 4, 1
- C) 5, 3, 6, 2, 4, 1
- D) 2, 4, 1, 5, 6, 3
- E) 2, 5, 6, 3, 4, 1

133. Make up a sentence.

1. they
2. let her
3. without
4. go away
5. couldn't
6. having tea
- A) 1, 5, 2, 4, 3, 6
- B) 5, 1, 2, 3, 6, 4
- C) 2, 3, 6, 4, 5, 1
- D) 3, 6, 5, 1, 2, 4
- E) 1, 5, 4, 3, 2, 6

134. Make up a sentence.

1. famous
2. do
3. English writers
4. you
5. which
6. know
- A) 5, 1, 3, 2, 4, 6
- B) 2, 4, 6, 5, 1, 3
- C) 5, 2, 4, 6, 1, 3
- D) 5, 3, 2, 4, 6, 1
- E) 5, 1, 3, 4, 2, 6

Making up Sentences

135. Make up a sentence.

1. early in the world's history
2. from theirs
3. have developed differently
4. from the other continents
5. Australia was separated
6. and her animals

- A) 5, 4, 6, 2, 1, 3 B) 1, 5, 4, 6, 3, 2
C) 1, 4, 5, 6, 2, 3 D) 5, 4, 3, 6, 2, 1
E) 1, 5, 6, 2, 3, 4

136. Make up a sentence.

1. today
2. Mr. Brown
3. fresh newspapers
4. has brought
5. and magazines
6. Mary

- A) 2, 4, 6, 3, 5, 1 B) 1, 2, 3, 5, 4, 6
C) 2, 4, 6, 5, 3, 1 D) 1, 6, 4, 3, 2, 5
E) 1, 3, 5, 4, 2, 6

137. Make up a sentence.

1. "The Father of the Nation"
2. known to all Americans
3. George Washington
4. was
5. the first US President
6. as

- A) 5, 2, 6, 1, 4, 3 B) 4, 3, 6, 1, 5, 2
C) 5, 2, 6, 1, 3, 4 D) 3, 1, 2, 6, 5, 4
E) 4, 2, 6, 1, 5, 3

138. Make up a sentence.

1. yourself
2. and find
3. they want
4. what you need
5. you to go to the library

- A) 3, 5, 1, 2, 4 B) 3, 1, 2, 4, 5
C) 5, 2, 4, 1, 3 D) 4, 2, 1, 3, 5
E) 4, 1, 5, 3, 2

139. Make up a sentence.

1. can't come
2. at 5 o'clock
3. if
4. you
5. ring me up
6. later

- A) 5, 2, 3, 1, 4, 6 B) 3, 4, 1, 2, 5, 6
C) 4, 5, 6, 3, 1, 2 D) 6, 3, 1, 2, 4, 5
E) 3, 4, 2, 1, 5, 6

140. Make up a sentence.

1. the meeting
2. very important
3. the question
4. at
5. discussed
6. was

- A) 3, 5, 2, 6, 4, 1 B) 1, 5, 4, 3, 6, 2
C) 3, 6, 5, 4, 1, 2 D) 6, 3, 5, 4, 2, 1
E) 3, 5, 4, 1, 6, 2

141. Make up a sentence.

1. to look after
2. Sally
3. her brother's children
4. that
5. thought
6. it was her duty

- A) 3, 5, 4, 1, 2, 6 B) 2, 5, 6, 1, 4, 3
C) 1, 3, 5, 2, 4, 6 D) 6, 1, 3, 4, 5, 2
E) 2, 5, 4, 6, 1, 3

142. Make up a sentence.

1. Marilyn
2. had heard my stories
3. she listened to me
4. many times
5. though
6. with interest

- A) 3, 5, 4, 2, 1, 6 B) 5, 3, 4, 6, 2, 1
C) 2, 1, 6, 5, 4, 3 D) 3, 4, 1, 2, 5, 6
E) 5, 1, 2, 4, 3, 6

143. Make up a sentence.

1. the hotel
2. I reached
3. were full
4. all the rooms
5. the receptionist told me
6. when

- A) 6, 2, 1, 5, 4, 3 B) 5, 6, 2, 1, 3, 4
C) 3, 4, 6, 2, 5, 1 D) 5, 1, 3, 6, 2, 4
E) 6, 2, 1, 3, 4, 5

144. Make up a sentence.

1. she looked
2. when
3. very happy
4. I met her
5. to the theatre
6. at the entrance

- A) 1, 3, 2, 4, 6, 5 B) 2, 4, 6, 5, 3, 1
C) 2, 1, 3, 6, 4, 5 D) 2, 6, 5, 4, 3, 1
E) 1, 3, 4, 2, 6, 5

145. Make up a sentence.

1. the contracts
2. had discussed
3. before
4. we
5. the project
6. were signed

- A) 3, 5, 2, 4, 6, 1 B) 3, 1, 6, 4, 2, 5
C) 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 5 D) 5, 6, 3, 1, 4, 2
E) 4, 2, 5, 3, 6, 1

146. Make up a sentence.

1. if
2. and
3. help him
4. she could stay
5. Nick asked Mary
6. with his work

- A) 1, 4, 2, 3, 5, 6 B) 5, 6, 1, 3, 2, 4
C) 1, 3, 6, 5, 4, 2 D) 5, 1, 4, 2, 3, 6
E) 5, 1, 4, 6, 2, 3

147. Make up a sentence.

1. his son
2. tell the manager
3. 10 minutes ago
4. phoned him
5. that

- A) 2, 5, 1, 4, 3 B) 2, 5, 1, 3, 4
C) 1, 2, 5, 4, 3 D) 3, 1, 4, 5, 2
E) 1, 4, 5, 2, 3

148. Make up a sentence.

1. till the next morning
2. the flight was delayed
3. from Paris
4. telling
5. Tommy
6. phoned

- A) 5, 6, 2, 1, 3, 4 B) 2, 1, 4, 5, 6, 3
C) 1, 4, 5, 2, 6, 3 D) 2, 1, 4, 5, 3, 6
E) 5, 6, 3, 4, 2, 1

149. Make up a sentence.

1. they
3. when
5. ask

- A) 3, 4, 1, 2, 5, 6
- C) 5, 6, 3, 1, 2, 4
- E) 5, 6, 3, 2, 1, 4

2. will

4. finish the talks

6. the secretary

- B) 6, 5, 3, 1, 2, 4

- D) 1, 5, 4, 3, 2, 6

150. Make up a sentence.

1. you
3. think
5. do

- A) 2, 4, 5, 1, 3
- C) 6, 1, 3, 4, 2
- E) 4, 5, 1, 3, 2

2. is easy

4. learning languages

- B) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2

- D) 1, 3, 5, 4, 2

151. Make up a sentence.

1. who
3. the shopping
5. does

- A) 2, 4, 1, 6, 3, 5
- C) 5, 4, 2, 1, 3, 6
- E) 2, 4, 1, 5, 3, 6

2. ask

4. Sally

6. in her family

- B) 4, 2, 1, 5, 3, 6

- D) 1, 5, 4, 2, 3, 6

152. Make up a sentence.

1. when
4. will

2. be back
5. you

3. tell
6. me

- A) 3, 6, 1, 4, 5, 2
- B) 4, 5, 3, 6, 1, 2
- C) 3, 6, 1, 5, 4, 2
- D) 1, 5, 4, 2, 6, 3
- E) 5, 3, 6, 1, 4, 2

153. Make up a sentence.

1. where
3. your father
5. on the table

- A) 5, 2, 1, 4, 3
- C) 3, 2, 1, 4, 5
- E) 2, 5, 1, 3, 4

2. leave the letter

4. can see it

- B) 3, 4, 5, 1, 2

- D) 2, 1, 3, 5, 4

154. Make up a sentence.

1. did
3. had translated
5. she

- A) 5, 6, 1, 4, 3, 2
- B) 1, 5, 6, 2, 4, 3
- C) 1, 4, 6, 5, 3, 2
- D) 5, 3, 2, 1, 4, 6
- E) 1, 4, 6, 5, 2, 3

2. the whole article

4. Mary

6. say

155. Make up a sentence.

1. Jack
3. to know
5. what

- A) 4, 3, 1, 2, 5, 6
- B) 5, 2, 6, 4, 3, 1
- C) 4, 1, 3, 5, 2, 6
- D) 2, 6, 1, 4, 3, 5
- E) 3, 6, 1, 4, 5, 2

2. they are talking

4. I want

6. about

156. Make up a sentence.

1. there were certain kings and queens
2. in the country
3. in the history of Britain
4. and all over the world
5. whose names
6. are specially remembered

- A) 1, 2, 3, 5, 4, 6

- B) 1, 5, 2, 3, 4, 6

- C) 3, 1, 5, 6, 2, 4

- D) 3, 1, 2, 4, 6, 5

- E) 5, 6, 1, 2, 3, 4

157. Make up a sentence.

1. is
2. whose designs have won
3. Stevenson
4. international praise
5. an architect

- A) 2, 4, 3, 1, 5

- C) 4, 2, 5, 1, 3

- E) 5, 1, 3, 4, 2

- B) 3, 1, 5, 4, 2

- D) 1, 3, 5, 2, 4

158. Make up a sentence.

1. which recognized
2. in the world
3. was the first country
4. Azerbaijan's independence
5. in 1991
6. Turkey

- A) 5, 4, 1, 6, 3, 2

- B) 1, 4, 2, 6, 3, 5

- C) 6, 3, 2, 1, 4, 5

- D) 1, 1, 6, 5, 3, 2

- E) 4, 5, 3, 1, 6, 2

159. Make up a sentence.

1. an important part of
2. has always been
3. people's
4. lives
5. music

- A) 3, 5, 4, 2, 1

- C) 5, 2, 1, 3, 4

- E) 5, 4, 1, 3, 2

- B) 3, 4, 2, 1, 5

- D) 1, 5, 2, 4, 3

Indirect (Reported) Speech. Embedded (Indirect) Questions

1. Complete the sentence.
Do you know ... ?
A) where is the nearest post office situated
B) if does the road lead to the station
C) where can we find a telephone
D) if there is a telephone in the building
E) that had she been waiting here for a long time
2. Complete the sentence.
I wonder what ...
A) are doing the children
B) is he doing
C) have they done
D) are your friends doing
E) Jack is doing
3. Complete the sentence.
I wonder when ...
A) does Jane come B) will Jane come
C) has Jane come D) did Jane come
E) Jane will come
4. Complete the sentence.
Close your books and check how much ...
A) did you remember
B) could you remember
C) you can remember
D) do you remember
E) can you remember
5. Complete the sentence.
The customer took the ball and asked how much ...
A) does it cost B) did it cost
C) will it cost D) it cost E) has it cost
6. Complete the sentence.
The girl looked through the magazine and asked how much ...
A) has it cost B) did it cost C) will it cost
D) it cost E) does it cost
7. Complete the sentence.
Do you remember ... ?
A) when did they arrive in Paris
B) where you left your luggage
C) when have they moved abroad
D) where did you see him
E) when were they here last
8. Complete the sentence.
Do you know ... ?
A) when did the war end
B) when it happened
C) where will it take place
D) when did the delegation arrive
E) why have they acted that way
9. Complete the sentence.
She asked me ...
1. whether were the meals included in the price of the ticket.
2. if were the meals included in the price of the ticket.
3. if the meals were included in the price of the ticket.
4. whether the meals were included in the price of the ticket.
A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4
10. Complete the sentence.
Can you tell me ... ?
A) whether is it raining outside
B) how does this machine work
C) if this is anybody's seat
D) why did you miss your classes
E) when did it happen
11. Complete the sentence.
Please, tell me ... to the railway station.
A) how can we get B) does this bus go
C) if this is the shortest way
D) why are you going E) when will you go
12. Complete the sentence.
Eliza asked me if ... her letter.
A) could they post B) had they posted
C) did they post D) they had posted
E) did they have to post
13. Complete the sentence.
Tell me whom ...
A) can you expect to come
B) did you expect to come
C) will you expect to come
D) you expect to come
E) do you expect to come
14. Complete the sentence.
Will you tell me ... ?
1. how you are going to do it
2. how long it will take you to do it
3. when are you going to do it
4. when will you do it
A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2
15. Complete the sentence.
Can you tell me ... ?
1. when will he get to the station
2. how long it will take him to get to the station
3. what time do I have to get to the station
4. how I can get to the station
A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

16. Complete the sentence.
Do you know ...

- A) whether will this programme work on your computer?
- B) if this programme will work on your computer?
- C) will this programme work on your computer?
- D) whether does this programme work on your computer?
- E) does this programme work on your computer?

17. Complete the sentence.
Do you know ...

- A) why do all the delegates take part in the discussion?
- B) whether will all the delegates take part in the discussion?
- C) when will all the delegates take part in the discussion?
- D) whether do all the delegates take part in the discussion?
- E) if all the delegates will take part in the discussion?

18. Complete the sentence.

Kate asked her friend if ... his exam.

- A) did he pass B) he had passed
- C) has he passed D) did he have to pass
- E) had he passed

19. Complete the sentence.

I wonder ... the operation.

- 1. if the surgeon will agree to perform
- 2. will the surgeon agree to perform
- 3. when the surgeon is going to perform
- 4. when is the surgeon going to perform
- A) 2, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 4

20. Complete the sentence.

I wonder ... the driver for speeding.

- 1. if the policeman will punish
- 2. will the policeman punish
- 3. when the policeman is going to punish
- 4. when is the policeman going to punish
- A) 1, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 2
- D) 2, 3 E) 1, 4

21. Complete the sentence.

Who knows ...

- A) when will the meeting begin?
- B) if will the meeting begin?
- C) when the meeting will begin?
- D) when did the meeting begin?
- E) what time had the meeting begun?

22. Complete the sentence.

She didn't understand ...

- 1. why he was arguing.

2. what was he arguing about.

3. why was he arguing.

4. what he was arguing for.

A) 3, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3

23. Complete the sentence.

We didn't guess ...

- 1. why they were quarrelling.
- 2. what they were quarrelling about.
- 3. why were they quarrelling.
- 4. what were they quarrelling about.

A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

24. Complete the sentence.

Can you tell me ... ?

- A) when will the next bus arrive
- B) what time arrives the next bus
- C) when does the next bus arrive
- D) what time the next bus arrives
- E) when did the next bus arrive

25. Complete the sentence.

Did you tell the taxi driver ... ?

- A) if did he know the address
- B) where you wanted to go
- C) where did you want to go
- D) how much could you pay him
- E) how were you going to pay

26. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ...

- A) which competition will he take part in
- B) which competition he will take part in
- C) in what competition will he take part
- D) what competition did he take part in
- E) what competition does he take part in

27. Complete the sentence.

No one asked ...

- 1. if the Smiths' cottage cost a lot of money.
- 2. how much did the Smiths' cottage cost.
- 3. how long they had built the cottage.
- 4. how long had they built the cottage.

A) 2, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 3
D) 3, 4 E) 1, 2

28. Complete the sentence.

No one asked ...

- 1. where the information was taken from.
- 2. why they didn't tell the truth.
- 3. where was the information taken from.
- 4. why didn't they tell the truth.

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3

29. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ...

- 1. why Peter denied our request.
- 2. why did Peter deny our request.
- 3. if Mary had a High School diploma.
- 4. if had Mary a High School diploma.

A) 1, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 3, 4

Indirect (Reported) Speech. Embedded (Indirect) Questions

30. Complete the sentence.

Sally wants to know ...

1. why his business didn't make any profit.
2. why didn't his business make any profit.
3. if the storm damaged his property.
4. if did the storm damage his property.

A) 3, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 4

31. Complete the sentence.

The manager wants to know ...

1. if all the participants took part in the discussion.
2. how long the discussion lasted.
3. if did all participants take part in the discussion.
4. how long did the discussion last.

A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 3, 4

32. Complete the sentence.

I wonder ...

1. what does Sarah complain of.
2. whether has Sarah complained.
3. if Sarah complains.
4. why Sarah complains.

A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3

33. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ...

1. why Jane is worried.
2. whether has Jane worried.
3. if Jane is worried.
4. what does Jane worry about.

A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3

34. Complete the sentence.

Do you know ... ?

- A) if does the film start at 7
- B) where did I leave my book
- C) if there is a cafe nearby
- D) where is the nearest bus stop
- E) that has he passed his exam

35. Complete the sentence.

Can you show me ... ?

- A) how have you made the cake
- B) how do you make cakes
- C) how did you make the cake
- D) how you make cakes
- E) how are you going to make the cake

36. Complete the sentence.

Our teacher explained why ...

- A) became English the language of international communication.
- B) did English become the language of international communication.
- C) had English become the language of international communication.

D) has English become the language of international communication.

E) English became the language of international communication.

37. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ... ?

- A) where do native Americans live
- B) if are they native Americans in fact
- C) are they native Americans in fact
- D) who are native Americans in fact
- E) when did native Americans live there

38. Complete the sentence.

Does she know ... ?

- A) what book must she read
- B) who have these pictures been painted by
- C) that is there any water in the bottle
- D) that it's chilly outside
- E) if has he got a large family

39. Complete the sentence.

Do you understand ... ?

- A) why did he need a knife
- B) why does he need a knife
- C) that did he need a knife
- D) what he needs a knife for
- E) what does he need a knife for

40. Complete the sentence.

Do you know ... ?

- A) what did he say it for
- B) why did he say it so
- C) why does he say it so
- D) what does he say it for
- E) what he said it for

41. Complete the sentence.

A policeman stopped us and asked where ...

- A) the children were
- B) are we hurrying to
- C) did we want to go
- D) are we coming from
- E) were we going

42. Complete the sentence.

Can you show us ...

- A) how do you decorate the room?
- B) what shall we decorate the room with?
- C) how we shall decorate the room for the party?
- D) how are they decorating the room?
- E) if shall we decorate the room for the party?

43. Complete the sentence.

The foreign guests asked us what ... to protect the environment.

- A) we did
- B) did we do
- C) are we doing
- D) were we doing
- E) have we done

Indirect (Reported) Speech. Embedded (Indirect) Questions

44. Complete the sentence.
My brother never does ...

- A) what I say
- B) what do I suggest
- C) what did I advise
- D) when I have explained
- E) what do I offer

45. Complete the sentence.
Everything depends on ...

- A) what does he decide
- B) what will he choose
- C) when has he done it
- D) what time he has done it
- E) what he'll offer

46. Complete the sentence.
Can you tell me what ... ?

- A) your words mean
- B) do your words mean
- C) mean your words
- D) did your words mean
- E) will your words mean

47. Complete the sentence.
The doctor asked me ...

- 1. that I had taken all the prescribed medicines
 - 2. if I had taken all the prescribed medicines
 - 3. whether I felt any pain in my knee
 - 4. if did I feel any pain in my knee
- A) 2, 4 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 3

48. Complete the sentence.
No one asked ...

- 1. what Nick's phone number was
 - 2. what does that word mean
 - 3. that Tom's car cost a lot of money
 - 4. if the information was correct
- A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 4

49. Complete the sentence.
Can you tell us ... ?

- A) when did the film festival take place
- B) when the film festival took place
- C) when the film festival has taken place
- D) when had the film festival taken place
- E) when has the film festival taken place

50. Complete the sentence.
John asked ...

- A) if had I seen that film before
- B) whether have I seen that film before
- C) if I had seen that film before
- D) when had I seen that film before
- E) when I have seen that film before

51. Complete the sentence.
They want to know ... it after classes.

- 1. how you did
- 2. that you did

3. if you drew
4. why did you draw

- A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 4

52. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ... in that shop yesterday.

- 1. what you bought
- 2. that you bought a laptop
- 3. whom you saw
- 4. if did you see Steven

- A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4

53. Complete the sentence.

He asked me ...

- 1. what interested me.
- 2. did it interest me.
- 3. if I was interested in politics.
- 4. if was I interested in politics.

- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 4

54. Complete the sentence.

He wanted to know ...

- 1. what disappointed her.
- 2. did it disappoint her.
- 3. why she was disappointed.
- 4. why was she disappointed.

- A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

55. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ...

- 1. where this road leads
- 2. where leads this road
- 3. that this road leads to the park
- 4. if this road leads to the park

- A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3

56. Complete the sentence.

Everyone wanted to know ...

- 1. where Alfred worked
- 2. where worked Alfred
- 3. that Alfred worked in a foreign firm
- 4. if Alfred worked in a foreign firm

- A) 2, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 3

57. Complete the sentence.

Do you know ... ?

- A) where have we bought the tickets
- B) where can we buy the tickets
- C) when did we buy the tickets
- D) where we can buy the tickets
- E) when we have bought the tickets

58. Complete the sentence.

The police asked the passers-by ...

- A) if had they seen the accident
- B) if they had seen the accident
- C) when have they seen the accident
- D) when had they seen the accident
- E) when they have seen the accident

Indirect (Reported) Speech. Embedded (Indirect) Questions

59. Complete the sentence.

The teacher asked her ...

- A) that she had made great progress in Grammar
- B) if she had made great progress in Grammar
- C) if had she made great progress in Grammar
- D) how had she made great progress in Grammar
- E) had she made great progress in Grammar

60. Complete the sentence.

Mr. Brown asked us ...

- A) that we had received the information
- B) if we had received any information
- C) if had we received any information
- D) when had we received the information
- E) had we received the information

61. Complete the sentence.

The manager asked us ...

- A) if all the information was ready to enter the computer
- B) that all the information was ready to enter the computer
- C) if was the computer ready to receive the information
- D) how could the computer receive so much information
- E) how can the computer receive so much information

62. Complete the sentence.

Mother asked us ...

- A) that were her children there
- B) that her children were in time for classes
- C) if were her children in time for classes
- D) when were her children there
- E) if her children were in time for classes

63. Complete the sentence.

Jane asked me if ... her article.

- A) I had read
- B) did I have to read
- C) I have read
- D) had I read
- E) have I read

64. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ...

- 1. who was awarded Nobel prize
- 2. if he was awarded Nobel prize
- 3. when was he awarded Nobel prize
- 4. that he was awarded Nobel prize
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

65. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ...

- 1. who was engaged in the project
- 2. when was he engaged in the project

3. that he was engaged in the project

4. if he was engaged in the project

A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

66. Complete the sentence.

He asks ...

- A) if we are closely related
- B) that we are closely related
- C) how closely are we related
- D) whether are we closely related
- E) if are we closely related

67. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ... to get to the airport.

- 1. how she'll manage
- 2. that she'll manage
- 3. if she'll manage
- 4. how will she manage
- A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

68. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ... to drive a car.

- 1. how she'll learn
- 2. that she'll learn
- 3. if will she learn
- 4. if she'll learn
- A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3

69. Complete the sentence.

Which of them asked ...

- A) where the demonstrators had gathered?
- B) where did the demonstrators gather?
- C) when have the demonstrators gathered?
- D) where had the demonstrators gathered?
- E) that the demonstrators had gathered?

70. Complete the sentence.

He asked ... to the manager for the job.

- 1. if I had applied
- 2. if had I applied
- 3. whether I was going to apply
- 4. when I have applied
- A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

71. Complete the sentence.

I asked ... to him for his fault.

- 1. if he had apologized
- 2. if had he apologized
- 3. whether he was going to apologize
- 4. when he has apologized
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 4

72. Complete the sentence.

I can't remember now ...

- 1. where I met you last.
- 2. where did I meet you last.
- 3. who passed you my notes.
- 4. whom did you pass my notes.
- A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 3, 4 E) 2, 4

Indirect (Reported) Speech. Embedded (Indirect) Questions

73. Complete the sentence.
I'm trying to remember now ...
1. where I saw you last.
2. where did I see you last.
3. who has sent me your address.
4. whom did you send my address.
A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3
74. Complete the sentence.
Who wants to know ...
A) where will they build a new metro station?
B) if will they build a new metro station?
C) will they build a new metro station?
D) that they will build a new metro station?
E) when they will build a new metro station?
75. Complete the sentence.
Who wants to know ...
A) if will the championship take place?
B) where will the championship take place?
C) that the championship will take place?
D) will the championship take place?
E) when the championship will take place?
76. Complete the sentence.
Who wants to know ...
A) when the performance will start?
B) when will the performance start?
C) that the performance will start?
D) will the performance start?
E) if will the performance start?
77. Complete the sentence.
Do you know ... ?
A) when the teacher has praised her?
B) what has the teacher praised her for?
C) what the teacher has praised her for?
D) when has the teacher praised her?
E) why has the teacher praised her?
78. Complete the sentence.
Who knows ... ?
A) what has he left his country for
B) when he has left his country
C) when has he left his country
D) why has he left his country
E) why he has left his country
79. Complete the sentence.
Do you want know ... ?
A) when was Jane absent
B) why was Jane absent yesterday
C) that Jane was absent yesterday
D) when has Jane been absent
E) why Jane was absent yesterday
80. Complete the sentence.
She wonders ...
A) what said the other person
B) what the other person said
C) what did the other person say
D) what was the other person saying
E) what does the other person say
81. Complete the sentence.
She wanted to know ...
A) that the manager put off the appointment
B) if will the manager put off the appointment
C) whether had the manager put off the appointment
D) why the manager had put off the appointment
E) why did the manager put off the appointment
82. Complete the sentence.
I wanted to know ...
A) if was he always listened to
B) when they have done so much work
C) if they had been congratulated on their success
D) have these goods been paid for
E) why wasn't he invited
83. Complete the sentence.
The travel agent confirmed ...
A) was the tourism industry the most important aspect of the economy.
B) how had the tourism industry been the most important aspect of the economy.
C) why was the tourism industry the most important aspect of the economy.
D) if was the tourism industry the most important aspect of the economy.
E) that the tourism industry was the most important aspect of the economy.
84. Complete the sentence.
Tom, go and inform them ...
A) why must we take our warm clothes with us
B) how awfully will the weather change
C) what heavy rain do we expect
D) what kind of weather is expected tomorrow
E) if will the weather change
85. Complete the sentence.
The secretary asked me ...
A) what did I want to know about the meeting.
B) that I wanted to know about the meeting.
C) whether did I want to know about the meeting.
D) if do I want to know about the meeting.
E) what I wanted to know about the meeting.

Indirect (Reported) Speech. Embedded (Indirect) Questions

86. Complete the sentence.
Try to find out what time ...
A) the ferry has arrived
B) will the ferry arrive
C) does the ferry arrive
D) did the ferry arrive
E) the ferry arrives
87. Complete the sentence.
I wonder when ...
A) had paper been invented
B) was paper invented
C) paper has been invented
D) paper was invented
E) has been paper invented
88. Complete the sentence.
I wanted to know ... businessmen.
A) if they were B) that they were
C) if were they D) whether were they
E) were they
89. Complete the sentence.
He wants to know ...
A) when can he participate in discussions
B) who can participate in discussions
C) whether did he participate in discussions
D) if does he participate in discussions
E) that he can participate in discussions
90. Complete the sentence.
She asks ...
A) what do we do in the mornings
B) what are they doing there
C) why I did that
D) when they have done it
E) why did I do that
91. Complete the sentence.
Will you try to find out what time ... at the airport?
A) the plane arrives
B) does the plane arrive
C) will the plane arrive
D) the plane has arrived
E) did the plane arrive
92. Complete the sentence.
Tell me when ...
A) have you left home
B) will you be back
C) you were here last
D) you have been here first
E) are you going to do it
93. Complete the sentence.
Ask her when ...
A) they have moved to Turkey.
B) have they moved to Turkey.
C) they will move to Turkey.
D) did they move to Turkey.
E) will they move to Turkey.
94. Complete the sentence.
Who knows ... ?
A) when has he come
B) what he has come for
C) when he has come
D) why has he come
E) what has he come for
95. Complete the sentence.
Ask Alice when ...
A) did she post the postcard
B) she has posted the postcard
C) has she posted the postcard
D) will she post the postcard
E) she will post the postcard
96. Complete the sentence.
Do you know ... ?
A) what did it happen yesterday
B) that the child has had nothing since morning
C) when was the contract signed
D) when the contract has been signed
E) if have they just left
97. Complete the sentence.
Can you tell us when ... ?
A) World War II has broken out
B) did World War II break out
C) World War II broke out
D) had World War II broken out
E) was World War II broken out
98. Complete the sentence.
I wonder ...
A) do today's cartoons interest children.
B) have today's cartoons interested children.
C) did today's cartoons interest children.
D) that today's cartoons interest children.
E) if today's cartoons interest children.
99. Complete the sentence.
Which of you can tell when ... ?
A) has Daniel Defoe died
B) had Daniel Defoe died
C) did Daniel Defoe die
D) Daniel Defoe died
E) Daniel Defoe has died
100. Complete the sentence.
Say when and where ...
A) does the story take place
B) did the story take place
C) has the story taken place
D) the story has taken place
E) the story took place

Indirect (Reported) Speech. Embedded (Indirect) Questions

101. Complete the sentence.
Do you remember ... ?
A) where did you leave your shawl
B) when did they leave for Turkey
C) when they have left for Turkey
D) where you left your shawl
E) when were they in Turkey last
102. Complete the sentence.
Can you tell me when ... ?
A) the diplomats have attended the ceremony
B) did the diplomats attend the ceremony
C) the diplomats attended the ceremony
D) have the diplomats attended the ceremony
E) will the diplomats attend the ceremony
103. Complete the sentence.
Does she know ... to visit other countries?
A) if the circumstances permit
B) have the circumstances permit
C) when the circumstances have permitted
D) if do the circumstances permit
E) whether will the circumstances permit
104. Complete the sentence.
Do you know ... at 5 o'clock?
A) where will they be
B) where they met
C) where they have been
D) where are they going to meet
E) where did they meet
105. Complete the sentence.
I wanted to know ...
A) why had he told a lie again
B) that he will change his plan
C) in which newspaper did he usually publish his articles
D) whether has he translated such novels before
E) who he had done the work with
106. Complete the sentence.
Do you want to know ... ?
A) where did he come from
B) who am I waiting for
C) what this child is here for
D) when they have arrived
E) if can they speak English
107. Complete the sentence.
Jane asks when and where ...
A) I have finished school
B) I finished school
C) have I finished school
D) did I finish school
E) had I finished school
108. Complete the sentence.
Uncle Tom wants to know ...
A) whether have we passed the interview
B) when we have had dinner
C) where have these children come from
D) when did they see the films
E) if our son reads much
109. Complete the sentence.
The teacher asked the student ...
A) what can you say about the foreign policy of the country
B) what the most profitable projects for the country were
C) in what fields does the country have cooperation with Spain
D) what kind of projects had the president recently signed
E) what countries did your country have relations with
110. Complete the sentence.
Harry wants to know ...
A) when the Olympic Games have begun
B) what the main goal of the Olympic Games is
C) when did our country join the Olympic movement
D) how did the Olympic Games begin
E) why had the Olympic Games become the symbol of peace and friendship
111. Complete the sentence.
The teacher asks Mike ...
A) what do you know about the USA
B) does the USA border on Canada in the North
C) when did George Washington become the president
D) how many countries does the USA border on
E) if the climate of the USA varies greatly
112. Complete the sentence.
Sam wants to know ...
A) how can a person achieve success
B) how can a person overcome difficulties
C) whether must a person be optimistic
D) if is it important to improve your self-confidence
E) why it is important to develop confidence in oneself
113. Complete the sentence.
Students want to know ...
A) if can scientists stop hurricanes
B) where does the water evaporate from
C) how hurricanes affect people
D) what must people do when hurricanes occur
E) when hurricanes have happened

114. Complete the sentence.

Who knows ... ?

1. are the projects profitable
2. if the projects are profitable
3. which of the projects is profitable
4. if are the projects profitable

A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3

115. Complete the sentence.

Do you realize ... ?

1. what it means to me
2. what does it mean to me
3. that it means a lot to me
4. what did it mean to me

A) 2, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 2

116. Complete the sentence.

He asked ...

1. if I spent my childhood in the village of Bayden
2. where I spent my childhood
3. whether did I spend my childhood in the village of Bayden
4. that I spent my childhood in the village of Bayden

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

117. Complete the sentence.

She knows ...

1. who did I want to speak to
2. what I want to speak about
3. that I want to speak to her
4. who do I want to speak to

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3

118. Complete the sentence.

Helen asks ...

- A) whether do I speak English as fluently as she does
- B) if can I speak English as fluently as she does
- C) if I can speak English as fluently as she does
- D) that I speak English as fluently as she does
- E) that can I speak English as fluently as she does

119. Complete the sentence.

I met my friend in the street and asked ...

- A) why was he hurrying.
- B) why he hadn't accepted my invitation.
- C) where did he go.
- D) when he has arrived.
- E) that he was busy that day.

120. Complete the sentence.

Tom wanted to know ...

- A) where do these children come from.
- B) that we preserved old customs.

- C) if our daughter was interested in art.
- D) when did they see the films.
- E) how can we solve social problems.

121. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ... a hospital in this street.

- A) if there is B) is there
- C) if is there D) whether is there
- E) that there is

122. Complete the sentence.

I want to know ... a supermarket near here.

- A) if there's B) whether is there
- C) is there D) if is there E) that there is

123. Complete the sentence.

I asked ... the results of the contest.

- A) when the teacher has announced
- B) when had the teacher announced
- C) that the teacher had announced
- D) if had the teacher announced
- E) if the teacher had announced

124. Complete the sentence.

I asked ... the party himself.

- A) if had David arranged
- B) when had David arranged
- C) that David had arranged
- D) if David had arranged
- E) when David has arranged

125. Complete the sentence.

The chief asked ...

- A) whether have I carried all the goods
- B) when I have carried all the goods
- C) that I had carried all the goods
- D) where had I carried all the goods
- E) if I had carried all the goods

126. Complete the sentence.

The manager asked ...

- A) if they had advertised the concert
- B) when they have advertised the concert
- C) that they had advertised the concert
- D) where had they advertised the concert
- E) whether have they advertised the concert

127. Complete the sentence.

Please tell me ...

1. who is arguing with Nick.
 2. with whom is arguing Nick.
 3. who Nick is arguing with.
 4. who is Nick arguing with.
- A) 1, 2 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

128. Complete the sentence.

Please let me know ...

1. who is listening to Jack.
 2. to whom is listening Jack.
 3. who Jack is listening to.
 4. who is Jack listening to.
- A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 4

129. Complete the sentence.

Ask him ...

- A) where intends he to enter after leaving school
- B) when he has written the poem
- C) why did he miss his lessons
- D) that he has done the sums
- E) how old he is

130. Complete the sentence.

She wonders ...

- A) why did the 57th Eurovision Song Contest was held in Baku
- B) when was the 57th Eurovision Song Contest held in Baku.
- C) when the 57th Eurovision Song Contest has been held in Baku.
- D) if the 57th Eurovision Song Contest was held in Baku.
- E) that the 57th Eurovision Song Contest was held in Baku.

131. Complete the sentence.

John asked ...

- A) if had I been there before
- B) what time I have been there before
- C) if I had been there before
- D) that I had been there before
- E) when I have been there before

132. Complete the sentence.

Ask your friend ...

- A) how does he like our city
- B) if he has seen our city before
- C) what time he has arrived
- D) that he wants to spend his weekend here
- E) how long will he stay in our city

133. Complete the sentence.

Mother wants to know ...

- A) if the letter has been posted
- B) that the letter has been posted
- C) when the letter has been posted
- D) when is the letter posted
- E) whether was the letter posted

134. Complete the sentence.

Remember and say ...

- A) how long did you work there.
- B) what were your sons doing when you came home.
- C) when she has been here.
- D) what he said when you met.
- E) whom have you seen in the room.

135. Complete the sentence.

Do you want to know ... ?

- A) when they have left
- B) that he comes home late
- C) what we are proud of
- D) why has Mr. Brown said it
- E) what do I do at home after classes

136. Complete the sentence.

They ask ...

- A) when has the lecture begun
- B) when the lecture has begun
- C) if did the lecture begin
- D) if the lecture has begun
- E) that the lecture will begin

137. Complete the sentence.

Mother asked Tim ... the garbage into the recycle bin.

- A) if he had thrown
- B) if he has thrown
- C) if had he thrown
- D) when he has thrown
- E) when did he throw

138. Complete the sentence.

Susan asked me ...

- A) if I had already made up my decision on my career
- B) why did I consider teaching a noble profession
- C) what traits must a good teacher have
- D) if does anybody help me to make a choice
- E) when I have begun making plans for the future

Lexical Tests

Synonyms

1. Choose the correct variant.
The word "devoted" is closest in meaning to ...
A) faithful B) greedy C) cruel
D) upset E) attentive
2. Which verb is close in meaning to the given verb?
to influence
A) to lend B) to affect C) to invent
D) to invite E) to improve
3. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Their parents have always been fair to the children.
A) shy B) dishonest C) honest
D) cruel E) impolite
4. Choose the synonym of "high".
A) big B) long C) large D) tall E) low
5. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
My son wants to be a sailor.
A) to seem B) to become C) to have
D) to look E) to learn
6. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Bill's little sister is a beautiful girl.
A) funny B) nice C) tall
D) lazy E) thin
7. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
On Mother's Day sons and daughters bring their mothers different presents.
A) boxes B) things C) books
D) gifts E) flowers
8. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
My father comes back home at five o'clock in the evening.
A) leaves B) visits C) takes
D) stays at E) returns
9. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Olympic games take place every four years.
A) finish B) happen C) are over
D) end E) begin
10. Choose the variant close in meaning to the underlined word.
Stop talking immediately! The test started five minutes ago.
A) later B) soon C) right now
D) already E) yet
11. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
People like to wear white dresses in summer.
A) to do B) to take off C) to make
D) to repair E) to put on
12. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
The little girl asked her mother not to be cross with her.
A) to be angry B) to be late C) to be sure
D) to be lazy E) to be afraid
13. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
I hate people who interrupt me when I speak.
A) respect B) like C) am fond of
D) dislike E) know
14. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
My friend came to Baku at the beginning of March.
A) soon in
B) at the end of
C) in the middle of
D) early in
E) late in
15. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
I can't trust such people.
A) believe B) forget C) remember
D) respect E) invite
16. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
At last we stopped opposite a high house with large windows.
A) not far from B) near C) inside
D) behind E) in front of
17. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
I was late for the train yesterday.
A) caught B) missed C) reached
D) saw E) found
18. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
They decided to go to Batumi by plane.
A) by train B) by sea C) by water
D) by air E) by bus
19. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Some scientific institutions have contracts with foreign firms and institutions.
A) relations B) agreements C) ties
D) friendship E) talks
20. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
He was a young clever man.
A) intelligent B) silly C) resolute
D) hard-working E) careless
21. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
My friend's brother is a diligent pupil.
A) lazy B) hard-working C) obedient
D) clever E) positive

22. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Gara Garayev was a famous composer.
A) pleasant B) wonderful
C) well-known D) respected E) clever
23. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
We learn different subjects at school.
A) write B) study C) reject
D) teach E) attend
24. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
It is incorrect to say that he has no talent.
A) correct B) right C) wrong
D) useful E) necessary
25. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
He made up his mind to enter the University of Languages.
A) failed B) decided C) refused
D) offered E) wished
26. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
There are different English and Russian books in our school library.
A) various B) funny C) similar
D) same E) indifferent
27. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
The teacher went on checking the tests carefully.
A) finished B) stopped C) began
D) continued E) started
28. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
It happened ten years ago on a winter day.
A) started B) fell C) began
D) took place E) disappeared
29. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
After the third bell the curtain went up.
A) went away B) went down C) raised
D) turned down E) rose
30. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
It is polite to stand up when a stranger enters the room.
A) to leave B) to raise C) to rise
D) to lift E) to hold
31. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
I noticed that they were looking at us.
A) thought B) decided C) understood
D) was sure E) saw
32. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
"Be quiet!" said the teacher.
A) quick B) sure C) patient
D) slow E) silent
33. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
People who settled down in new lands had to overcome great hardships.
A) work B) differences C) joys
D) interest E) difficulties
34. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Don't speak so quickly, I can't understand you.
A) slowly B) loudly C) fast
D) much E) angrily
35. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
We study contemporary Azerbaijan literature.
A) old B) outstanding C) ancient
D) modern E) native
36. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
She posted the letter a week ago.
A) lost B) threw C) sold
D) sent E) left
37. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
My son is fond of English literature.
A) likes B) hates C) dislikes
D) learns E) disapproves
38. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
You must go and see your aunt immediately, she is ill.
A) early B) at once C) seriously
D) at last E) fast
39. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
We were waiting for the meeting to end.
A) to start B) to go on
C) to be over D) to take place
E) to begin
40. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Don't forget that the contest will take place in three days!
A) performance B) discussion C) play
D) competition E) meeting
41. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
He wanted to know if the performance was over.
A) circus B) story C) poem
D) tale E) play
42. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
A lot of food products are exported every year.
A) are imported B) are bought
C) are sold D) are packed
E) are produced
43. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
I don't allow her to do it.
A) permit B) make C) order
D) promise E) expect

Lexical Tests

44. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
These are my personal things.
A) private B) old C) impersonal
D) valuable E) new
45. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
A crowd of people surrounded the house.
A) encircled B) attacked C) captured
D) destroyed E) demonstrated
46. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
It was a powerful state.
A) poor B) tiny C) weak
D) ancient E) influential
47. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Unfortunately, they missed the train.
A) caught B) couldn't catch
C) got on D) didn't get off
E) could catch
48. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Captain Brown offered his help to us.
A) forgot B) refused C) remembered
D) allowed E) suggested
49. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
She needs someone to take care of her.
A) to take place B) to look after
C) to look for D) to look at
E) to take interest
50. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
The captain was very cruel.
A) hard-working B) fair C) noble
D) unkind E) sincere
51. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
The famous artist displayed his works at the exhibition.
A) painter B) dentist C) potter
D) architect E) producer
52. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
One of the sailors fired and the bullet struck the bear's paw.
A) beat B) shot C) fought
D) fell E) shouted
53. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Go over there to receive the parcel.
A) to pack B) to send C) to buy
D) to get E) to open
54. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
They did their best for the freedom of the occupied lands.
A) invasion B) occupation C) liberty
D) defence E) attack
55. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
My father and I had a very interesting conversation on the books recently published.
A) talk B) advice C) agreement
D) argument E) decision
56. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
They were eager to help us.
A) ordered B) hated C) wished
D) decided E) asked
57. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
The master had to mend the broken vase.
A) to damage B) to break C) to pick up
D) to decorate E) to repair
58. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Don't let the children trouble the guests.
A) disturb B) calm C) make fun of
D) amaze E) amuse
59. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
It was intolerable to live there any longer.
A) impossible B) pleasant
C) unbearable D) worthy
E) not advisable
60. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
It was difficult for them to learn English.
A) hard B) heavy C) easy
D) necessary E) pleasant
61. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
They have always been fair to him.
A) cruel B) close C) kind
D) honest E) rude
62. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Charles Dickens, one of the famous English writers, was born in 1814.
A) well-known B) wonderful C) realist
D) progressive E) favourite
63. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
The children were surprised to find him there.
A) astonished B) happy C) joyful
D) sorry E) late
64. Choose the synonym of "to look after".
A) to look through B) to look for
C) to wait for D) to be fond of
E) to take care of
65. Choose the synonym of "prominent".
A) modest B) unknown
C) affectionate D) outstanding E) noble
66. Choose the synonym of "dull".
A) boring B) funny C) happy
D) calm E) joyful

67. Choose the synonym of "lucky".
 A) happy B) noble C) pleasant
 D) rude E) careful
68. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
The enemy occupied the town.
 A) freed B) invaded C) surrounded
 D) bounded E) enriched
69. Choose the word close in meaning with the underlined one.
The enormous whale moved across the ocean floor in search of food.
 A) huge B) hungry C) greedy
 D) wounded E) weak
70. Choose the pair of synonyms.
 A) to connect - to separate
 B) to refuse - to agree
 C) to raise - to lift
 D) to lose - to find
 E) to follow - to lead
71. Choose the synonym of the underlined word.
Her father was an obese man with blue eyes and brown hair.
 A) ugly B) thin C) tall D) short E) stout
72. Choose the words with the close meaning.
 A) spoil - damage B) accept - display
 C) introduce - close D) shut - rescue
 E) reveal - wrap
73. Choose the words with the close meaning.
 A) lose - try B) wish - desire
 C) show - watch D) betray - impose
 E) negotiate - hope
74. Choose the words with the close meaning.
 A) excited - calm B) sincere - rude
 C) profitable - beneficial D) free - occupied
 E) gigantic - tiny
75. Choose the word close in meaning with the underlined one.
Farmers hope that their rural homes should be preserved.
 A) restored B) protected C) inhabited
 D) damaged E) destroyed
76. Which adjectives are close in meaning?
 1. fearless 2. merciless 3. courageous
 4. cowardly 5. faithful
 A) 2, 4 B) 3, 5 C) 4, 5 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 2
77. Choose the word close in meaning with the underlined one.
The sacred medal had to be sold because the family was in need of money.
 A) useless B) gold C) holy
 D) worthless E) valuable

78. Choose the words close in meaning with the underlined words.
What makes a man healthy, wealthy and wise?
 A) weak, rich, foolish
 B) strong, rich, clever
 C) ill, poor, silly
 D) sick, happy, sensitive
 E) strong, happy, honest
79. Choose the correct pairs of synonyms.
 1. adopt - accept
 2. broaden - expand
 3. admire - refuse
 4. contribute - fight
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3
80. Choose the correct pairs of synonyms.
 1. improve - decrease
 2. spread - circulate
 3. claim - demand
 4. ruin - construct
 A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3
81. Choose the correct pairs of synonyms.
 1. issue - matter
 2. foe - friend
 3. treasure - proof
 4. attempt - effort
 A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4
82. Choose the correct pairs of synonyms.
 1. entertain - amuse
 2. escape - appear
 3. prohibit - allow
 4. dedicate - devote
 A) 3, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2
83. Choose the correct pairs of synonyms.
 1. marvellous - splendid
 2. tolerant - patient
 3. magnificent - ordinary
 4. smooth - rough
 A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 3, 4
84. Choose the words close in meaning.
 1. proclaim 2. halt 3. criticize
 4. distribute 5. announce
 A) 1, 4 B) 1, 5 C) 3, 4, 5
 D) 2, 3, 4 E) 3, 5
85. Choose the words close in meaning.
 1. desperate
 2. pleasant
 3. prominent
 4. sensitive
 5. hopeless
 A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3, 5 C) 1, 5
 D) 1, 4, 5 E) 2, 4, 5

86. Choose the word close in meaning with the underlined one.
I've attached an application to the brochure for you to read properly.
 A) associated B) confirmed C) adapted
 D) fastened E) concluded
87. Choose the close meaning to the underlined word
Lack of experience is a major obstacle for any applicant.
 A) grant B) barrier C) advantage
 D) benefit E) achievement
88. Choose the close meaning to the underlined word.
At last Police have proclaimed their support for local control.
 A) appreciated B) hid C) confirmed
 D) rejected E) declared
89. Choose the close meaning to the underlined word.
The city has banned smoking in all public buildings.
 A) appreciated B) allowed C) proclaimed
 D) accepted E) prohibited
90. Choose the words with the closest meaning.
 1. to entertain – to amuse
 2. to use – to utilize
 3. to exist – to predict
 4. to evolve – to flee
 A) 3, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 3
91. Choose the words with the closest meaning.
 1. request – ask
 2. reply – respond
 3. retain – reward
 4. ruin – reflect
 5. satisfy – disappoint
 A) 3, 5 B) 2, 4 C) 4, 5 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 2
92. Choose the words with the same meaning.
 1. to ban, to prohibit
 2. to exist, to disappear
 3. to involve, to forget
 4. to take place, to occur
 5. to decline, to inherit
 A) 2, 5 B) 1, 5 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3
2. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
I've met my friend and I am very joyful.
 A) pleased B) happy C) lucky
 D) sad E) angry
3. Choose the word that has the opposite meaning with the underlined word.
Immediately before the Civil War, petroleum was discovered in shallow wells near Parkersburg.
 A) short B) low C) wet
 D) long E) deep
4. Choose the word that has the opposite meaning with the underlined word.
My teacher agreed to let our class leave early.
 A) accepted B) convinced C) promised
 D) persuaded E) refused
5. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The lady shop assistants were standing near the counter.
 A) salesgirls B) travellers C) guides
 D) customers E) waiters
6. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
I never watch dull films till the end.
 A) amusing B) dangerous C) boring
 D) terrible E) sad
7. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
All the questions must be answered in written form.
 A) separately B) together C) orally
 D) completely E) at once
8. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The entrance exams will be held here.
 A) new B) former C) final
 D) music E) latest
9. Choose the antonym of "expensive".
 A) favourite B) dear C) reasonable
 D) good E) cheap
10. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
He walks very slowly.
 A) inactively B) quickly C) lonely
 D) weakly E) gracefully
11. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The boy looked sad.
 A) calm B) disappointed C) joyful
 D) displeased E) upset
12. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
His stepfather was a cruel man.
 A) nervous B) talented C) kind
 D) strong E) weak

Antonyms

1. Choose the opposite meaning of the underlined word.
The girls failed their exams in English.
 A) confused B) lost C) had
 D) missed E) passed

13. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
He writes a lot of interesting stories.
A) good B) dull C) amusing
D) lovely E) funny
14. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
It is very difficult to learn to drive a car.
A) important B) pleasant C) useless
D) easy E) strange
15. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
We got home later than usual.
A) longer B) faster C) earlier
D) quicker E) farther
16. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The goods that this merchant sells are expensive.
A) cheap B) rich C) low
D) poor E) high
17. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
There is an orchard behind their house.
A) near B) around C) close to
D) in front of E) not far from
18. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
It was impossible to find another job.
A) funny B) difficult C) hard
D) interesting E) possible
19. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
He is going to sell the house.
A) to send B) to show C) to destroy
D) to buy E) to build
20. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
She took her book and went upstairs.
A) downstairs B) away C) up
D) out E) high
21. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
These two words are quite similar.
A) the same B) simple C) difficult
D) useful E) different
22. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
It seeldom rains in this part of the country.
A) sometimes B) frequently C) rarely
D) never E) hardly
23. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The climate is mild in Europe.
A) cool B) dry C) warm
D) hot E) severe
24. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
Nobody expected him to lie.
A) to boast B) to be wrong
C) to joke D) to tell the truth
E) to be angry
25. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
Towards midnight everything around was quite still.
A) noisy B) quiet C) nice
D) strange E) calm
26. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
You may put the books on the upper shelf.
A) larger B) bigger C) lower
D) smaller E) shorter
27. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
I have forgotten every word of the poem.
A) understood B) learned C) rejected
D) written E) remembered
28. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
A new cinema was built near our house last year.
A) far from B) outside C) in front of
D) behind E) inside
29. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
Bill looked very excited.
A) surprised B) tired C) worried
D) calm E) strange
30. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
When Linda came home she saw something unusual.
A) wrong B) unknown
C) wonderful D) interesting E) ordinary
31. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
Is it safe to cross the river in that place?
A) advisable B) important C) necessary
D) possible E) dangerous
32. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The children were playing at the farthest corner of the park.
A) sunniest B) quiet C) nearest
D) darkest E) distant
33. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The next day the territory was set free.
A) was destroyed B) was liberated
C) was occupied D) was discovered
E) was set on fire
34. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
I think they acted wisely.
A) officially B) immediately C) quickly
D) foolishly E) politely
35. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
We have some ancient customs.
A) lovely B) contemporary C) old
D) unforgettable E) marvellous

36. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
Was the grass wet?
A) dirty B) dry C) muddy
D) clean E) watered
37. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
There was no danger for any of us.
A) chance B) safety C) place
D) risk E) difficulty
38. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
What you have said is quite right.
A) true B) correct C) different
D) easy E) wrong
39. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The delegates arrived in Paris just on time.
A) got to B) reached C) left
D) came to E) went to
40. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The oranges were sweet.
A) big B) bitter C) dry
D) tasty E) fine
41. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
Most of the streets of London are very wide.
A) large B) long C) light
D) narrow E) short
42. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
They found the man dead.
A) awake B) wounded C) asleep
D) alive E) angry
43. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
He was a young fat man.
A) thin B) wise C) clever
D) tall E) diligent
44. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
When I saw him, he looked angry.
A) tired B) calm C) weak
D) nervous E) sad
45. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
With these words he expressed his sorrow.
A) joy B) sadness C) surprise
D) support E) hatred
46. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
There was a loud cry and then everything around was quiet.
A) terrible B) high C) strong
D) strange E) weak
47. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The old man started laughing again.
A) came B) began C) continued
D) stopped E) went
48. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
The wall surrounding the garden was very high.
A) large B) tall C) low
D) wide E) deep
49. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
Emily Green looked at this poor old man with respect.
A) unemployed B) rich C) moneyless
D) jobless E) unwealthy
50. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
They lived together for a year.
A) well B) happily C) badly
D) joyfully E) separately
51. Choose the antonym of the underlined word.
Everybody protested against their decision.
A) asked B) agreed to C) objected to
D) rejected E) was not pleased with
52. Choose the antonym of "to begin".
A) to open B) to finish C) to enter
D) to go on E) to start
53. Choose the antonym of the word "passive".
A) active B) correct C) rich
D) poor E) low
54. Choose the antonyms of the underlined words.
It was very cold and we decided to put on our fur-coats.
A) hot, to put
B) cool, to dress
C) hot, to take off
D) windy, to take off
E) rainy, to wear
55. Choose the correct variant.
The opposite meaning to ... is ...
1. cruelty, kindness
2. politeness, rudeness
3. charity, kindness
4. rudeness, impatience
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 4
56. Choose the correct variant.
The opposite meaning of "... is "...
1. friend, enemy
2. greediness, rudeness
3. quarrel, disagreement
4. defence, attack
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 4
57. Choose the words with the opposite meaning
A) special - particular B) warm - hot
C) humid - rainy D) hard - soft
E) fresh - new

58. Choose the words with the opposite meaning.
 1. to play, to display
 2. to create, to ruin
 3. to cry, to whisper
 4. to discover, to invent
 A) 2, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 2, 3
 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3, 4
59. Choose the correct variant.
 The words "... " and "... " have the opposite meanings.
 A) upset, disappointed
 B) damage, harm
 C) failure, success
 D) joyful, happy
 E) harvest, crop
60. Choose the words with the opposite meaning.
 A) huge - tiny
 B) excited - worried
 C) general - ordinary
 D) serious - responsible
 E) same - alike
61. Choose the words with the opposite meaning.
 A) shallow - deep B) sacred - holy
 C) fair - honest D) scared - terrible
 E) shallow - narrow
62. Which words are opposite in meaning?
 1. ambitious 2. tolerant
 3. competitive 4. impatient
 5. creative
 A) 1, 4 B) 4, 5 C) 2, 4 D) 3, 5 E) 1, 3
63. Which words are opposite in meaning?
 1. tiring 2. disappointed
 3. relaxing 4. punctual
 5. confident
 A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 4, 5 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 5
64. Choose the antonyms of the underlined words.
 The boys were quick and strong.
 A) silent, healthy B) self-confident, right
 C) lazy, calm D) clever, quiet
 E) slow, weak
65. Choose the antonyms of the underlined words.
 It was dark and his package was too heavy.
 A) light, light B) frosty, big
 C) foggy, small D) light, large
 E) cloudy, full
66. Choose the opposite meaning to the underlined word.
 The strength of the army was greatly diminished by the explosion of disease.
 A) boosted B) reduced C) decreased
 D) weakened E) restored

67. Choose the opposite meaning to the underlined word.
 Compared to the thick book Harry Potter 4, book 1 is ...
 A) narrow B) thin C) shallow
 D) soft E) large
68. Choose the opposite meaning to the underlined word.
 Compared to California's wide roads, the highways in the East are ...
 A) narrow B) large C) shallow
 D) big E) soft

Choosing Words

1. Which word **doesn't go** with the others?
 A) voyage B) travel C) trip
 D) face E) journey
2. Which word **doesn't go** with the others?
 A) waterfall B) furniture C) table
 D) armchair E) sofa
3. Choose the correct word.
 A person who sells things is ...
 A) a porter
 B) a cook
 C) a shop-assistant
 D) an engineer
 E) a sailor
4. Choose the correct word. ...
 ... looks after the house, cleans and washes up and prepares breakfast, dinner and supper.
 A) A doctor B) A driver C) A painter
 D) An actor E) A housewife
5. Choose the correct word.
 Her jacket is dirty. It needs ...
 A) cleaning B) cutting C) shortening
 D) ironing E) decorating
6. Choose the correct word.
 The milk in that bottle isn't fresh. It ... sour.
 A) makes B) touches C) sounds
 D) tastes E) likes
7. Choose the correct word.
 My uncle's son or daughter is my ...
 A) niece B) cousin C) brother-in law
 D) nephew E) son-in-law
8. Choose the correct word.
 There is something ... with the child. Let's call the doctor.
 A) right B) wrong C) correct
 D) good E) pleasant

Lexical Tests

9. Choose the correct word.
"Don't ... anything in the hall", the guide said to the tourists.
A) remain B) leave C) stay
D) rise E) fall
10. Choose the correct word.
Oliver Cromwell, an English general and ... , was born in Canada.
A) policemen B) policy C) police
D) political E) politician
11. Choose the correct word.
The last book of this author is very good. I ... it to you.
A) recommend B) apologise C) refuse
D) borrow E) ask
12. Choose the correct word.
The museum is open all days of the week ... Tuesday.
A) again B) always C) usually
D) often E) except
13. Choose the correct word.
A person who is not able to see is
A) deaf B) idle C) absent-minded
D) dumb E) blind
14. Choose the correct word.
I feel bad, as I couldn't sleep at all last night. That was my second ... night.
A) quiet B) sleepy C) peaceful
D) sleepless E) calm
15. Choose the correct word.
The grass is very long. It needs
A) growing B) watering C) cleaning
D) sweeping E) cutting
16. How many verbs can be used with the given word?
... the address
to get, to lose, to send, to write, to change
A) 1 B) 5 C) 2 D) 3 E) 4
17. How many verbs can be used with the given word?
... money
to spend, to earn, to exchange, to get, to lend
A) - B) 3 C) 4 D) 2 E) 5
18. How many verbs can be used with the given word?
... a cake
to make, to bake, to sell, to have, to buy
A) 5 B) 2 C) - D) 1 E) 4
19. How many verbs can be used with the given word?
... alone
to live, to be, to work, to walk, to stay
A) 5 B) 3 C) 2 D) 1 E) 4
20. Choose the correct variant.
If Jane's business fails, she will be really
1. upset 2. unhappy
3. pleased 4. joyful
A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 4 D) 3, 4 E) 2, 3
21. Choose the correct variant.
If Jack succeeds in his driving test, he will be really
1. upset 2. disappointed
3. happy 4. joyful
A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3
22. Choose the correct variant.
What do you want to do when you say: "I'm sorry, I didn't mean to hurt you"?
A) to offer B) to apologize C) to invite
D) to thank E) to refuse
23. Choose the correct word.
A person who is ... always shows respect for other people.
A) selfish B) rude C) polite
D) shameless E) impolite
24. How many of the given words can be used in the sentence?
The book will give you some information about ancient
history, monuments, places, castles, towers
A) 1 B) 4 C) 3 D) 2 E) 5
25. Choose the correct variant.
She felt hopeless because her life was full of ... and
A) love, attention
B) peace, prosperity
C) happiness, amusement
D) joy, happy moments
E) troubles, hardships
26. Choose the correct variant.
- *What's the ... of the table?*
- *It's square.*
A) size B) price C) height
D) length E) shape
27. Choose the correct variant.
The population of the city was 1 million 5 years ago. Now it's 1.5 million. The number of population has
A) increased B) fallen C) reduced
D) included E) gone down
28. Choose the correct variant.
The population of the country was 4 million 50 years ago. Now it's 7 million. The population has
A) dropped B) fallen C) increased
D) included E) gone down

29. Choose the correct variant.
- What fine qualities would you like to develop in yourself?
- ... and ...

- A) Fear, courage
- B) Selfishness, cruelty
- C) Impatience, injustice
- D) Honesty, kindness
- E) Rudeness, curiosity

30. Choose the correct variant.
I like visiting my aunt because she is very ... and ...

- A) impolite, rude
- B) hospitable, kind
- C) impatient, cruel
- D) unfriendly, boastful
- E) selfish, honest

31. Choose the correct variant.
Jack has ... his exams. How ... he looks!

- 1. failed, disappointed
- 2. passed, joyful
- 3. failed, happy
- 4. passed, upset
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4

32. Choose the correct variant.
Hans has ... a good job. How ... he looks!

- 1. got, happy
- 2. got, hopeless
- 3. lost, upset
- 4. lost, joyful
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 2, 4

33. Choose the correct variant.
Jane was very happy because the film was so ...

- 1. interesting
- 2. dull
- 3. entertaining
- 4. realistic
- 5. tiring
- A) 1, 3, 5 B) 1, 3, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 5 E) 2, 3, 4

34. Choose the correct variant.
Jack was very disappointed because the party was so

- 1. boring
- 2. interesting
- 3. noisy
- 4. enjoyable
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3

35. How many of the given words can be used in the following sentence?
The Smiths are proud of their children because they are ...

- honest, truthful, rude, intelligent, cruel
- A) - B) 4 C) 2 D) 3 E) 5

36. How many of the given words can be used in the following sentence?
The teacher is proud of his students because they are ...

- diligent, rude, clever, honest, lazy
- A) 3 B) 4 C) 2 D) - E) 5

37. Choose the correct variant.
The sun is ...

- 1. setting
- 2. raising
- 3. shining
- 4. rising
- 5. laying
- A) 2, 3, 5 B) 1, 2, 3 C) 1, 3, 4 D) 2, 3, 4 E) 2, 4, 5

38. Choose the correct variant.
The temperature is ...

- 1. rising
- 2. setting
- 3. falling
- 4. changing
- 5. laying
- A) 2, 3, 5 B) 1, 2, 3 C) 1, 3, 4 D) 2, 3, 4 E) 2, 4, 5

39. Choose the correct variant.
It's important to struggle against ...

- 1. racial discrimination
- 2. cooperation
- 3. violence
- 4. prosperity
- A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

40. Choose the correct variant.
When your plan brings success, you'll be rewarded for your ...

- 1. intelligence
- 2. failure
- 3. hard work
- 4. irresponsibility
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 4

41. Choose the correct variant.
If Jack fails his driving test, he will be really ...

- 1. upset
- 2. satisfied
- 3. happy
- 4. disappointed
- A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

42. Choose the correct words.
The general encouraged his troops to ... their native land.

- 1. defend
- 2. liberate
- 3. attack
- 4. invade
- A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3

43. Choose the correct words.
Mr. Brown is a ... man, as he gave such a lot of money to charity.

- 1. greedy
- 2. generous
- 3. noble
- 4. selfish
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 2, 4

44. Choose the correct variant.
The new dormitory has great ... , so each inhabitant is eager to live there.

- 1. equipment
- 2. advantages
- 3. disadvantages
- 4. shortages
- A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

45. Which words describe food?

- A) intelligent, clever
- B) delicious, boiled
- C) baked, serious
- D) salty, silly
- E) proud, uncooked

46. Which words describe food?
 A) fried, eatable B) pleasant, selfish
 C) well-cooked, clever D) bitter, wise
 E) tall, tasty
47. Choose the correct variant.
... is a thing that happens, especially something important.
 A) A harbour B) An event C) The world
 D) An idea E) An impression
48. How many words can be used with the word "deep"?
 1. sleep 2. lake 3. wound
 4. well 5. hole 6. ocean
 A) 4 B) 3 C) 6 D) 5 E) 2
49. How many words can be used with the word "narrow"?
 1. street 2. road
 3. shelf 4. bed
 A) - B) 3 C) 1 D) 4 E) 2
50. How many of the given words can be used in the sentence?
He spoke about contemporary ... art, music, literature, dances, writers
 A) 5 B) - C) 2 D) 3 E) 4
51. Choose the correct variant.
We are happy because we are going through a period of ... and ...
 A) injustice, conflicts
 B) diseases, troubles
 C) failure, danger
 D) peace, prosperity
 E) difficulties, unhappiness
52. Choose the correct word.
She was so quiet that her ... was hardly noticed.
 A) attention B) silence C) presence
 D) politeness E) stillness
53. Choose the correct variant.
Before ..., make sure that you have comfortable shoes.
 1. hiking
 2. water-skiing
 3. swimming
 4. jogging
 A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 4
54. Choose the correct variant.
The coat cost 50 dollars last month. Now it costs 75 dollars. They've ... the price.
 1. increased 2. kept
 3. raised 4. reduced
 A) 1, 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 4
 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3, 4
55. Choose the correct variant.
The water in the river is You must not drink it.
 A) harmless B) much better
 C) clean D) badly polluted E) useful
56. Choose the correct variant.
It's ..., I'll put on my ...
 A) hot, warm coat
 B) warm, gloves
 C) frosty, fur coat
 D) freezing, sandals
 E) warm, woollen dress
57. Choose the correct variant.
One should ... a man for his ...
 A) admire, cruelty
 B) appreciate, rude behaviour
 C) respect, honesty
 D) criticize, high intelligence
 E) punish, bravery
58. Choose the correct variant.
... and ... people often make others suffer.
 A) Kind, honourable
 B) Honest, fair C) Cruel, rude
 D) Sincere, hospitable E) Patient, polite
59. Choose the correct variant.
When the given advice is good, one should ... it.
 A) gladly accept B) never take
 C) hardly follow D) gladly refuse
 E) usually reject
60. Choose the correct variant.
Both the soldiers were given a medal for their ...
 1. bravery 2. cruelty
 3. courage 4. betrayal
 A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3, 4 C) 2, 4
 D) 1, 2, 3 E) 1, 4
61. Which person is the best host?
 1. generous 2. greedy 3. attentive
 4. impolite 5. gentle
 A) 1, 4 B) 1, 4, 5 C) 2, 3, 4
 D) 1, 3, 5 E) 2, 5
62. Choose the correct variant.
I ... Edward as a friend. I'm happy to know him.
 1. can't accept 2. always doubt
 3. really value 4. appreciate
 A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 3, 4
63. Choose the correct variant.
I ... Ben. He is a liar.
 1. really appreciate 2. can't trust
 3. don't rely on 4. never doubt
 A) 2, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 2

64. Choose the correct variant.
I know you are ... but that's no reason ...
 1. angry, to raise your voice
 2. happy, to get angry
 3. displeased, to cry for joy
 4. upset, to lose your temper
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 4
65. Choose the correct variant.
I understand he is ... but that's no reason ...
 1. selfish, to hate him
 2. noble, to get angry with him
 3. honest, to dislike him
 4. impatient, to be cross with him
 A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 4
66. Choose the correct variant.
Ted didn't like to live in that city because of the ...
 1. air pollution
 2. heavy traffic
 3. good opportunities
 4. nice parks
 5. dirty streets
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3, 5 C) 1, 4
 D) 1, 2, 5 E) 2, 4, 5
67. Choose the correct variant.
Margaret decided to leave the camp because of the ...
 1. unfriendly atmosphere
 2. comfortable beds
 3. high prices
 4. unhealthy food
 5. attractive landscape
 A) 1, 2, 5 B) 1, 3, 5 C) 1, 3, 4
 D) 2, 5 E) 2, 4
68. Choose the correct variant.
 - The project was ..., wasn't it?
 - Yes, we are ... of our work.
 - ...
 A) successful; proud; Congratulations!
 B) terrible; tired; I'm so glad!
 C) useless; tired; Wonderful!
 D) useful; proud; I'm so sorry!
 E) difficult; tired; So wonderful!
69. Choose the correct variant.
 - Why are you so ... ?
 - My parents ... me because I had quarrelled with my younger brother.
 - Try to be ... to him.
 A) sad, praised, kind
 B) happy, punished, kind
 C) sad, praised, cruel
 D) happy, punished, cruel
 E) sad, punished, kind
70. Choose the correct variant.
My brother ... me how ... a toy box and I ... it easily.
 A) studied, to do, did
 B) studied, to do, learned
 C) learned, to make, made

- D) taught, to make, learned
 E) studied, to make, made
71. Choose the correct variant.
The student ... well and ... all the subjects he was ... at school.
 A) taught, learned, studied
 B) learned, taught, studied
 C) studied, learned, taught
 D) studied, taught, learned
 E) taught, studied, learned
72. Choose the correct variant.
 - ... ! What's that noise?
 - I'm ... attentively but I can't ... anything.
 A) Hear, hearing, listen
 B) Listen, listening, hear
 C) Listen, hearing, hear
 D) Hear, listening, listen
 E) Listen, hearing, listen
73. Choose the correct variant.
 - Can you ... that noise in the street?
 - I'm ... attentively but it's impossible to ... anything.
 A) listen, hearing, hear
 B) hear, listening, hear
 C) listen, hearing, listen
 D) hear, hearing, hear
 E) listen, listening, listen
74. Choose the correct variant.
Mary became ... when she heard that her project had been ...
 1. happy, accepted
 2. sad, rejected
 3. disappointed, accepted
 4. joyful, rejected
 A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4
75. Choose the correct variant.
Jennifer was very ... when she knew that she had ... in getting a place at art school.
 1. glad, succeeded
 2. unhappy, failed
 3. joyful, failed
 4. disappointed, succeeded
 A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4
76. Choose the correct variant.
Tom is very He will never ... you.
 1. devoted, betray
 2. grateful, thank
 3. noble, hurt
 4. courageous, save
 A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4
77. Choose the correct variant.
Ben is very ... he never ...
 1. honest, lies
 2. dishonest, tells the truth
 3. truthful, says what is true
 4. honest, says what he thinks
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2

78. Choose the correct variant.

Jane is ... friend. We can fully ... her.

1. a true, trust
2. a devoted, rely on
3. an unfaithful, rely on
4. a false, trust

A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4

79. Choose the correct variant.

Kate always ... her promise, you can ... her.

1. keeps, rely on
2. breaks, trust
3. keeps, trust
4. breaks, rely on

A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 3, 4

80. Choose the correct variant.

The manager ... his plan, so he feels ...

1. realized, satisfied
2. failed in, joyful
3. realized, upset
4. failed in, disappointed

A) 2, 3, 4 B) 1, 2, 3 C) 1, 3
D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4

81. Choose the correct variant.

The scientist ... his theory, so he looks ...

1. proved, proud
2. failed in, satisfied
3. failed in, upset
4. proved, disappointed

A) 2, 3, 4 B) 1, 2, 3 C) 1, 4
D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

82. Choose the correct variant.

The convention on children's rights protects them from ...

1. torture and violence
2. peace and happiness
3. cruelty and bad treatment
4. freedom and human rights

A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 4

83. Choose the correct variant.

Convention on human rights protects people from ...

1. violence and cruelty
2. progress and prosperity
3. injustice and discrimination
4. kindness and friendship

A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3

84. Choose the correct variant.

I hardly see Susan ... though she's got enough hardships.

1. joyful
2. happy
3. upset
4. disappointed

A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

85. Choose the correct variant.

We hardly see Steven ... and ... although he's got enough difficulties.

1. joyful
2. happy
3. sad
4. upset

A) 2, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4

86. Choose the correct variant.

He thought it was ... to be in the centre of attention, that's why he refused to sing in public.

- A) uncomfortable
- B) marvellous
- C) interesting
- D) enjoyable
- E) splendid

87. Choose the correct variant.

Although Ted seemed ... to some people, we all knew he was quite ...

- A) rude, polite
- B) polite, kind
- C) rude, cruel
- D) kind, generous
- E) brave, courageous

88. Choose the correct word.

The fact that many people in the world suffer from the lack of food and drinkable water must ... all people.

- A) admire
- B) satisfy
- C) concern
- D) comfort
- E) encourage

89. Choose the correct word.

The fact that many people in the world live in intolerable poverty must ... all of us.

- A) worry
- B) gladden
- C) charm
- D) please
- E) cheer

90. Choose the correct variant.

It's always....for me to help you. I really enjoy it.

1. a great honour
2. a shame
3. a great suffering
4. a pleasure

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2, 3
D) 2, 3, 4 E) 2, 4

91. Choose the correct variant.

I thought I wouldn't be able to perform on the stage, but I was ... by the support of my friends and I did well.

- A) upset
- B) disappointed
- C) criticized
- D) disturbed
- E) encouraged

92. Choose the most suitable variant.

I ... myself a lot when I was young because I didn't have enough self-confidence.

- A) was sure about
- B) felt satisfied of
- C) doubted
- D) was proud of
- E) was pleased with

Lexical Tests (Word Definitions)

1. Match the words to their definitions.

1. lazy
2. brave
3. main

- a. most important
- b. unwilling to work, doing as little as possible
- c. courageous, not cowardly

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

2. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a piece
2. a plan
3. a palace

- a. something that you have decided to do
- b. a part of something
- c. the official home of a king, queen, president, etc.

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

3. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a reporter
2. a neighbour
3. permission

- a. the act of allowing somebody to do something
- b. a person who collects and reports news for newspapers, radio and television
- c. a person who lives next to you or near you

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

4. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a baker
2. a chemist
3. an explorer

- a. a person who travels to unknown places to learn about them
- b. a person who makes and sells bread and cakes
- c. a person who prepares and sells medicines

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

5. Choose the correct variant.

A beach is ...

- A) a meadow covered with green grass
B) a place to keep wild animals

- C) a narrow way for people to walk
D) a shore of an ocean or sea covered with sand
E) a garden full of fruit-trees

6. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a scientist
2. a nephew
3. a stranger

- a. the son of your brother or sister
- b. a person that you don't know
- c. a person who studies natural sciences

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

7. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to appear a. to do something more quickly
2. to observe b. to watch carefully
3. to hurry c. to come into view

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

8. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to move a. to change position
2. to fight b. to make dirty
3. to pollute c. to struggle against somebody

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

9. Match the words to their definitions.

1. flight a. the planet that we live on
2. exit b. a way out of public building
3. earth c. a journey made by air

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

10. Match the words to their definitions.

1. captain
2. capital
3. bridge

- a. the structure that is built over the river or road
- b. the person in charge of a ship
- c. the most important city of a country

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

11. Match the words with their definitions.

1. chat a. an official written agreement
2. contract b. a friendly informal conversation
3. clothes c. the things that you wear

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

Lexical Tests (Word Definitions)

12. Match the words to their definitions.

1. sound
2. spring
3. skyscraper

- a. something that you can hear
- b. a very tall building
- c. the season between winter and summer
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

13. Match the words to their definitions.

1. goods
2. ground
3. garbage

- a. things that are produced to be sold
- b. waste food, paper, etc. that you throw away
- c. solid surface of the earth
- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

14. Match the words to their definitions.

1. an architect
2. a lawyer
3. a soldier

- a. a person who is trained to advise people about the law and to represent them in a court of law
- b. a person who designs buildings
- c. a person who serves in an army
- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

15. Choose the correct variant.

1. money a. is for brushing hair
2. a comb b. is for washing something
3. soap c. is for buying things
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

16. Choose the correct variant.

1. a knife a. is for talking to people
2. a saucepan b. is for cooking meals
3. a telephone c. is for cutting things
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

17. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a prince
2. a prize
3. peace

- a. an award for something
- b. time when there is no fighting or war between countries
- c. a son of a king or a queen

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

- B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

18. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to compete
2. to search
3. to show

- a. to take part in a race or contest
- b. to let someone see something
- c. to look carefully for someone or something
- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

19. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to shine
2. to communicate
3. to study

- a. to produce or reflect light
- b. to exchange information with others
- c. to learn something
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

20. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a castle
2. a coast
3. a ceiling

- a. the top part of the room
- b. a strong building built to defend people against attack
- c. the part of land next to the sea or ocean
- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

21. Match the words to their definitions.

1. leather
2. a lake
3. a load

- a. material made from the skin of an animal
- b. a big area of water with land all around it
- c. something that is carried
- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

22. Match the words to their definitions.

1. damp a. slightly wet
2. clear b. easy to see, understand
3. mild c. not too hot or cold

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

23. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a guest
2. a coward
3. a guide

- a. a person invited to your house
- b. a person who is not brave
- c. a person who shows the way to a place

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

24. Match the words to their definitions.

1. ancient
2. false
3. charming

- a. not correct or true
- b. very pleasant and attractive
- c. belonging to old times

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

25. Match the verbs to their definitions.

1. to improve
2. to object
3. to resemble

- a. to say that you disagree with something
- b. to make something better than before
- c. to look like another person or thing

- A) 1 - a, 2 - c, 3 - b
B) 1 - c, 2 - b, 3 - a
C) 1 - b, 2 - c, 3 - a
D) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - c
E) 1 - c, 2 - a, 3 - b

26. Match the words to their definitions.

1. courage
2. a custom
3. a cook

- a. someone who makes food ready to eat
- b. a traditional way of behaving in society
- c. the ability to do something without fear

- A) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - c
B) 1 - c, 2 - b, 3 - a
C) 1 - c, 2 - a, 3 - b
D) 1 - a, 2 - b, 3 - c
E) 1 - b, 2 - c, 3 - a

27. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a stranger
2. a swallow
3. a skill

- a. the ability to do something well
- b. a person that you don't know
- c. a small bird with long pointed wings

- A) 1 - c, 2 - b, 3 - a
B) 1 - b, 2 - c, 3 - a
C) 1 - a, 2 - c, 3 - b
D) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - c
E) 1 - a, 2 - b, 3 - c

28. Match the words to their definitions.

1. disappointment
2. insomnia
3. poverty

- a. a state of being poor
- b. sadness because something has not been as good as you expected
- c. the condition of being unable to sleep

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

29. Match the words to their definitions.

1. chime
2. flood
3. vigour

- a. energy or force
- b. a ringing sound
- c. a large amount of water covering an area that is usually dry

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

30. Match the verbs to their definitions.

1. to destroy
2. to doubt
3. to dedicate

- a. to feel uncertain about something
- b. to give most of your time and attention to somebody or something
- c. to damage something badly

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

31. Match the verbs to their definitions.

1. to damage
2. to defend
3. to dedicate

- a. to protect somebody from attack
- b. to cause physical harm to something
- c. to give a lot of time and effort to a particular activity

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

32. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to argue
2. to agree
3. to explain

- a. to have the same opinion
- b. to disagree with somebody
- c. to make something clear or easy to understand

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

33. Match the words to their definitions.

1. charity
 2. conversation
 3. contest
- a. the aim of giving money or food to people who are in need
 - b. a talk between two or more people
 - c. a competition in which people try to win something
- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

34. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a cage
 2. a curtain
 3. a carpet
- a. a piece of cloth that is hung to cover a window
 - b. a thick material made of wool, etc. for covering floors or stairs
 - c. a structure of metal bars or wires in which animals and birds are kept
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

35. Match the words to their definitions.

1. glue
 2. a camel
 3. a camp
- a. an animal with a long neck and humps on its back
 - b. a place where people live in tents
 - c. a substance used for sticking objects or materials together
- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

36. Match the words to their definitions.

1. courage
 2. charity
 3. participant
- a. a person who takes part in an activity
 - b. the ability to do something dangerous
 - c. the aim of giving money, food, help to people who are in need
- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

37. Match the words to their definitions.

1. an adviser
 2. an artist
 3. an author
- a. a person who gives advice
 - b. a person who writes books
 - c. a person who creates paintings or drawings
- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

38. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a battle
 2. an aim
 3. a bonfire
- a. the purpose of doing something
 - b. a large fire made as a part of celebration
 - c. a fight between armies
- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

39. Match the given words to their definitions.

1. to beat
 2. to freeze
 3. to point
- a. to show where a person or a thing is
 - b. to win a game against a person or a group of people
 - c. to become ice
- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

40. Match the given words to their definitions.

1. to permit
 2. to melt
 3. to display
- a. to show something to people
 - b. to allow somebody to do something
 - c. to become liquid
- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

41. Match the words to their definitions.

1. top
 2. tale
 3. task
- a. a piece of work that somebody has to do
 - b. a story, usually about things that are not true
 - c. the highest part or point of something
- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

42. Match the words to their definitions.

1. town
2. toy
3. blend

- a. an object for children to play with
- b. a place with many houses, shops, etc.
- c. a mixture of different types of the same thing

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

43. Match the words to the definitions.

1. to change
2. to deny
3. to freeze

- a. to say that something isn't true
- b. to turn to ice
- c. to become different

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

44. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to appreciate
2. to arrange
3. to attend

- a. to recognize the good qualities of somebody or something
- b. to go to a place regularly
- c. to plan or organize something in advance

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

45. Match the words to their definitions.

1. an excursion
2. candy
3. a passenger

- a. sweet food made from sugar
- b. a short journey organized for a group of people
- c. a person who is travelling on a bus or a train

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

46. Match the words to their definitions.

1. brain
2. beverage
3. ball

- a. the organ inside the head
- b. a liquid suitable for drinking; any type of drink except water
- c. a round object for throwing or kicking in games

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

47. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to hide
2. to hate
3. to hunt

- a. to dislike somebody or something very much
- b. to kill wild animals and birds for food, sport, etc.
- c. to keep something in a place where nobody can find it

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

48. Match the verbs to their definitions.

1. to beg
2. to burn
3. to bake

- a. to damage somebody or something with fire or heat
- b. to ask somebody for something when you need it very much
- c. to cook food by dry heat in an oven

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

49. Match the words to their definitions.

1. worth
2. wealthy
3. worse

- a. less good
- b. having value
- c. having a lot of money

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

50. Choose the correct word.

A person who shows others the places of interest on a journey is ...

- A) a guide B) an engineer
C) an artist D) a scientist E) a soldier

51. Match the words to their definitions.

1. battle
2. body guard
3. bee

- a. a stinging insect that makes honey
- b. a fight between armies
- c. a person who is employed to protect somebody

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

Lexical Tests (Word Definitions)

52. Match the words to their definitions.

1. experience
 2. ambition
 3. governor
- a. a person who is the head of a country or a region
 - b. something that you want to do or achieve very much
 - c. the knowledge or skills gained through doing things
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

53. Match the words to their definitions.

1. wound
 2. wheel
 3. wage
- a. a regular amount of earned money
 - b. an injury of some part of the body
 - c. one of the components of a car
- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

54. Choose the correct word.

A person who does a job without being paid is ...

- A) a waiter B) a dentist C) a guide
 D) a volunteer E) a lawyer

55. Which word means "that you can rely on"?

- A) imaginative B) responsible
 C) sociable D) passionate
 E) self-confident

56. Which word means "having a natural ability to do one or more things extremely well"?

- A) trustworthy B) gifted C) bossy
 D) jealous E) affectionate

57. Choose the correct variant.

... is the ability to see or describe a future event in advance.

- A) Mobility B) Predictability
 C) Self-reliance D) Patience
 E) Submission

58. Choose the correct variant.

... is the ability to use own power of action and judgement without depending on others.

- A) Dependence B) Laziness
 C) Hospitality D) Capacity
 E) Self-reliance

59. Choose the correct definition.

"To defeat" means ...

- A) to help somebody in a difficult situation.
 B) to win a victory over someone in a battle, competition, etc.
 C) to protect somebody or something from attack.
 D) to save somebody from a dangerous situation.
 E) to keep somebody safe from harm.

60. Match the words to their definitions.

1. contact
 2. content
 3. contest
- a. a competition in which people try to win something
 - b. the act of communicating with somebody
 - c. a feeling of satisfaction
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

61. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a generation
 2. a government
 3. a craftsman
- a. a person who makes things in a skilful way, especially by hand
 - b. all the people who were born at about the same time
 - c. a group of people who are responsible for controlling a country
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

62. Match the words to their definitions.

1. research
 2. abroad
 3. experience
- a. in or to another country
 - b. knowledge or skills acquired from seeing or doing things
 - c. a careful study of a subject
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

Lexical Tests (Word Definitions)

63. Match the words to their definitions.

1. emergency
2. information
3. interest

- a. facts or details about somebody or something
- b. desire to know or learn more about somebody or something
- c. a serious, unexpected situation requiring immediate action

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

64. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to fulfil
2. to change
3. to exist

- a. to be present in a place or situation
- b. to carry out a task as expected or required
- c. to make somebody or something different

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

65. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to forget
2. to follow
3. to foresee

- a. to know about something before it happens
- b. to be unable to remember
- c. to come or go after or behind somebody

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

66. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to accept
2. to refuse
3. to remind

- a. not to take what is offered
- b. to help someone remember something
- c. to take something that is offered

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

67. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to agree
2. to find
3. to damage

- a. to harm, injure or spoil
- b. to have the same opinion
- c. to discover something by searching

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

68. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to damage
2. to invent
3. to entertain

- a. to interest and amuse somebody
- b. to harm or spoil something
- c. to produce something that has not existed before

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

69. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to discover
2. to accept
3. to let

- a. to allow somebody to do something
- b. to find out something new
- c. to take something that is offered

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

70. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to invent
2. to invite
3. to refuse

- a. not to take something that is offered
- b. to create something new
- c. to ask somebody to come

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

71. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to praise
2. to drop
3. to follow

- a. to come or go after or behind somebody
- b. to express your approval or admiration
- c. to fall or allow something to fall by accident

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

72. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to challenge
2. to remember
3. to find

- a. to keep something in the memory
- b. to invite somebody to fight, play, argue, etc.
- c. to have a particular opinion about something

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

Lexical Tests (Word Definitions)

73. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to correct
2. to remind
3. to separate

- a. to divide into different parts
- b. to make a person remember something
- c. to set something right

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

74. Match the words to their definitions.

1. praise
2. prize
3. price

- a. an award that is given to a person who wins a competition or race
- b. words that show approval of or admiration for somebody
- c. the amount of money that you have to pay for something

- A) 1 - a, 2 - b, 3 - c
- B) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - c
- C) 1 - c, 2 - b, 3 - a
- D) 1 - b, 2 - c, 3 - a
- E) 1 - c, 2 - a, 3 - b

75. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to lay
2. to quest
3. to remind

- a. to make somebody remember something
- b. to place something in a certain position
- c. to search for something that is difficult to find

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

76. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to rise
2. to raise
3. to recreate

- a. to make something that existed in the past exist again
- b. to go up or to stand up
- c. to lift up something

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

77. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to attempt
2. to review
3. to boast

- a. to talk with too much pride of yourself
- b. to make an effort
- c. to examine or consider something carefully again

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

78. Match the words to their definitions.

1. a curtain
2. a battle
3. a needle

- a. a small, thin piece of steel used for sewing
- b. a piece of cloth hung to cover a window
- c. a fight between armies

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

79. Match the verbs to their definitions.

1. to refuse
2. to agree
3. to preserve

- a. to keep safe from harm and danger
- b. to have the same opinion
- c. not to take what is offered

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

80. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to mend
2. to quarrel
3. to repeat

- a. to say something again
- b. to repair something
- c. to have an argument or disagreement

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

81. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to export
2. to prosper
3. to expect

- a. to develop in a successful way
- b. to sell and send goods to another country
- c. to think or believe that something will happen

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

82. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to stare
2. to convince
3. to mend

- a. to make somebody believe that something is true
- b. to look at somebody or something for a long time
- c. to repair after being damaged

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

83. Match the verbs to their definitions.

1. to defend
2. to demand
3. to disguise

- a. to ask for something very firmly
- b. to change your appearance so that people cannot recognize you
- c. to protect somebody from attack

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

84. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to pay
2. to publish
3. to prosper

- a. to develop in a successful way
- b. to produce a book, magazine, etc.
- c. to give somebody money for work, goods or services

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

85. Choose the correct definitions.

1. to criticize - to point out the faults of someone or something
2. to pretend - to bring back to a former state or position
3. to restore - to behave in a false way
4. to propose - to suggest an idea for people to think about

- A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2, 3 C) 2, 4
D) 2, 3, 4 E) 1, 4

86. Choose the correct definitions.

1. to refuse - to say you will not do something offered
2. to dedicate - to make known to people by notices in newspapers
3. to proclaim - to devote one's time, energy etc.
4. to apologize - to say you are sorry for doing something wrong

- A) 2, 3, 4 B) 1, 2, 3 C) 2, 4
D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3

87. Match the words to their definitions.

1. invasion
2. attention
3. permission

- a. the act of an army entering another country by force
- b. the ability or power to concentrate mentally
- c. allowing somebody to do something

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

88. Match each definition to one or more verbs.

1. to make an illness go away
2. to let somebody use something

- a. cure
- b. lease
- c. rent
- d. treat

- A) 1 - a, c; 2 - b, d B) 1 - a, b; 2 - c, d
C) 1 - c, d; 2 - a, b D) 1 - b, c; 2 - a, d
E) 1 - a, d; 2 - b, c

89. Match each definition to one or more verbs.

1. to say that you disagree with somebody
2. to give something to somebody

- a. supply
- b. protest
- c. object
- d. provide

- A) 1 - a, b; 2 - c, d B) 1 - b, c; 2 - a, d
C) 1 - a, c; 2 - b, d D) 1 - b, d; 2 - a, c
E) 1 - c, d; 2 - a, b

90. Match the words to their definitions.

1. amusement
2. hospitality
3. exhibition

- a. a public show of interesting things
- b. an activity that provides entertainment and pleasure
- c. friendly behaviour towards guests

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

91. Match the words to their definitions.

1. draught
2. research
3. luck

- a. good things that happen to somebody
- b. a flow of cool air in a room
- c. a systematic study of a subject

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

Lexical Tests (Word Definitions)

92. Match the words to their definitions.

- | | |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. again | a. one more time |
| 2. down | b. in the recent past |
| 3. lately | c. to or at a lower place or position |
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

93. Match the words to their definitions.

- | | |
|------------|---------------------------------|
| 1. besides | a. in addition to something |
| 2. quiet | b. next to someone or something |
| 3. beside | c. without much noise |
- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

94. Match the verbs to their definitions.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| 1. to depict | a. to destroy something completely |
| 2. to ruin | b. to make something less or smaller in size or price |
| 3. to reduce | c. to show an image of somebody or something in a picture |
- A) 1 - c, 2 - b, 3 - a B) 1 - a, 2 - b, 3 - c
 C) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - c D) 1 - c, 2 - a, 3 - b
 E) 1 - b, 2 - c, 3 - a

95. Match the verbs to their definitions.

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| 1. to remember | a. to look like or be similar |
| 2. to resemble | b. to advise somebody to do something |
| 3. to recommend | c. to keep something in one's memory |
- A) 1 - c, 2 - a, 3 - b
 B) 1 - a, 2 - b, 3 - c
 C) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - c
 D) 1 - c, 2 - b, 3 - a
 E) 1 - b, 2 - c, 3 - a

96. Match the words to their definitions.

- | | |
|----------------|---|
| 1. hospitality | a. not having success in doing something |
| 2. failure | b. high respect, glory and reputation |
| 3. honour | c. friendly and generous behaviour towards guests |
- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

97. Match the words to their definitions.

- | | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. naughty | a. happening sometimes but not often |
| 2. loud | b. behaving badly |
| 3. occasional | c. making a lot of noise |
- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

98. Match the words to their definitions.

- | | |
|---------------|---|
| 1. pleasure | a. the money that somebody gets for regular work |
| 2. pay | b. a state of feeling or being happy or satisfied |
| 3. permission | c. the act of allowing somebody to do something |
- A) 1 - c, 2 - b, 3 - a B) 1 - a, 2 - c, 3 - b
 C) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - c D) 1 - b, 2 - c, 3 - a
 E) 1 - a, 2 - b, 3 - c

99. Match the words to their definitions.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| 1. praise | a. the process of making air, water, soil, etc. dirty |
| 2. parting | b. words that show admiration for somebody or something |
| 3. pollution | c. the act or occasion of leaving a person or a place |
- A) 1 - b, 2 - c, 3 - a B) 1 - a, 2 - c, 3 - b
 C) 1 - a, 2 - b, 3 - c D) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - c
 E) 1 - c, 2 - a, 3 - b

100. Match the verbs to their definitions.

- | | |
|--------------|------------------------------------|
| 1. to fly | a. to move something from yourself |
| 2. to finish | b. to move through the air |
| 3. to push | c. to stop doing something |
- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

101. Match the verbs to their definitions.

- | | |
|---------------|--|
| 1. to pull | a. to cook something in hot fat or oil |
| 2. to propose | b. to move something towards yourself |
| 3. to fry | c. to suggest a plan or an idea |
- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

102. Choose the correct matches.

1. to maintain
2. to inspire
3. to respond

- a. to give somebody the desire or confidence to do something well
- b. to make something continue at the same level
- c. to give a spoken or written answer to somebody or something

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

103. Choose the correct matches.

1. frequent
2. ignorant
3. prudent

- a. lacking knowledge
- b. sensible and careful when you make decisions
- c. happening or doing something often

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

104. Choose the correct matches.

1. to abandon
2. to acquire
3. to invest

- a. to buy property in the hope of making a profit
- b. to leave somebody or something with no intention of returning
- c. to gain by one's own efforts or actions

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

105. Choose the correct matches.

1. conservation
2. destination
3. destruction

- a. the act of destroying something
- b. the protection of the natural environment
- c. a place to which somebody or something is going

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

106. Choose the correct matches.

1. to deplete
2. to stretch
3. to commit

- a. to give an opinion or make a decision openly so that it is then difficult to change
- b. to reduce something to a very low amount
- c. to pull something to make it longer or wider

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

107. Choose the correct matches.

1. distinction
2. altitude
3. pitch

- a. a piece of ground where you play games like football
- b. the distance of something or somebody from bottom to top
- c. difference or contrast between people or things

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

108. Choose the correct matches.

1. crucial
2. eternal
3. thrilled

- a. very excited and pleased
- b. extremely important
- c. existing or continuing for ever

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

109. Choose the correct matches.

1. to persuade
2. to depict
3. irritate

- a. to represent by a drawing or another art form
- b. to make someone annoyed or a little angry
- c. to convince somebody to do something

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

10. Choose the correct matches.

1. dreadful
2. fabulous
3. plain

- a. extremely good
- b. easy to see or understand
- c. very bad or unpleasant

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

111. Choose the correct matches.

1. hazard
2. extinction
3. dynasty

- a. a situation in which a plant, an animal stops existing
- b. a series of rulers of a country who all belong to the same family
- c. a thing that can be dangerous or cause damage

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

112. Choose the correct matches.

1. notable
2. miserable
3. credible

- a. feeling very sad
- b. that can be believed or trusted
- c. worthy of attention or notice

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

113. Choose the correct matches.

1. remedy
2. sanctuary
3. insomnia

- a. the building that is considered the most holy
- b. the condition of being unable to sleep
- c. treatment, medicine for a disease

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

114. Choose the correct matches.

1. moist
2. relevant
3. fragile

- a. connected with what you are talking or writing about
- b. very delicate and easily broken or damaged
- c. slightly wet

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

- C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

115. Choose the correct matches.

1. chimney
2. poverty
3. treaty

- a. the state of being poor
- b. a formal agreement between two or more countries
- c. a large pipe over a fire which lets smoke go outside

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

116. Choose the correct matches.

1. to exhaust
2. to heal
3. to rescue

- a. to become healthy again
- b. to save somebody or something from danger
- c. to make somebody feel very tired

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

117. Choose the correct matches.

1. dunce
2. artificial
3. timid

- a. not natural or real
- b. shy and easily frightened
- c. stupid or slow to learn

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

118. Choose the correct matches.

1. temper
2. habitat
3. obstacle

- a. the natural place where a plant or animal lives
- b. something that makes it difficult for you to do something
- c. the way you are feeling at a certain time

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

Lexical Tests (Word Definitions)

119. Choose the correct matches.

1. sufficient
2. vital
3. loyal

- a. very important in order to succeed or exist
- b. remaining faithful to somebody and supporting them
- c. enough for a particular purpose

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

120. Choose the correct matches.

1. to halt
2. to expand
3. to thrive

- a. to become greater or wider in size
- b. to develop in a successful way
- c. to make somebody or something stop

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

121. Choose the correct matches.

1. immense
2. instant
3. hectic

- a. happening immediately
- b. very busy, full of activity
- c. extremely large or great

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

122. Choose the correct matches.

1. to acquire
2. to adapt
3. to abandon

- a. to leave somebody, especially somebody you are responsible for
- b. to make something suitable for a new use
- c. to gain something by your own efforts or behaviour

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

123. Choose the correct matches.

1. to link
2. to afford
3. to breed

- a. to keep animals or plants to produce young ones
- b. to make connection between one object and another
- c. to have enough money to pay for

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 2 - c

D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

124. Choose the correct matches.

1. to command
2. to spoil
3. to circulate

- a. to give an authoritative order
- b. to damage something
- c. to pass from place to place

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

125. Choose the correct matches.

1. diligence
2. tolerance
3. creativity

- a. the ability to produce something new
- b. careful and thorough work or effort
- c. the ability to accept opinions that you may not agree with

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

126. Choose the correct matches.

1. leadership
2. intelligence
3. responsibility

- a. a duty to take care of something or somebody
- b. the position of being a leader
- c. the ability to do something well

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

127. Choose the correct matches.

1. timid
2. holy
3. jealous

- a. feeling or showing envy of someone or their achievement
- b. showing a lack of courage or confidence
- c. dedicated to a religious purpose

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

128. Choose the correct matches.

1. faith
 2. loss
 3. attitude
- a. complete trust in someone
 - b. the fact of losing something or someone
 - c. the way that you think about somebody or something
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

129. Choose the correct matches.

1. dormitory
 2. valley
 3. temple
- a. a building used for the worship of a god or gods
 - b. a large bedroom where several people sleep
 - c. a low area of land between hills or mountains
- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

130. Choose the correct matches.

1. to rescue
 2. to capture
 3. to convince
- a. to make somebody believe that is true
 - b. to save from a dangerous situation
 - c. to take into one's possessions by force
- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

131. Choose the correct matches.

1. to flee
 2. to smash
 3. to relieve
- a. to reduce or remove an unpleasant feeling or pain
 - b. to run away from danger
 - c. to break something into many pieces
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

132. Choose the correct matches.

1. to broaden
 2. to reduce
 3. to grind
- a. to make something smaller in size, amount
 - b. to widen or expand something
 - c. to crush or break something into very small pieces
- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b B) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

133. Choose the correct matches.

1. rigorous
 2. fascinating
 3. obese
- a. charming, extremely interesting, glamorous
 - b. fat or overweight
 - c. very strict and demanding
- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

134. Choose the correct matches.

1. affiliated
 2. tolerant
 3. affordable
- a. permissible, admissible
 - b. able to accept
 - c. associated, related, integrated
- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

135. Choose the correct matches.

1. remedy
 2. chuckle
 3. ignition
- a. a softly moderated laugh, giggle
 - b. a treatment or medicine to cure a disease or reduce pain
 - c. the action of setting something on fire
- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
 C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
 D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

136. Choose the correct matches.

1. self-confident
 2. cross-cultural
 3. trustworthy
- a. having a firm belief in one's own powers
 - b. worthy of being trusted; honest, reliable
 - c. dealing with or comparing two or more cultures
- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
 B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
 C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
 D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
 E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

137. Choose the correct matches.

1. boarding school
2. lawsuit
3. academic year

- a. a school where the pupils receive meals and lodging
- b. the time during a year when a school has classes
- c. a case in a court of law involving a claim, complaint

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

138. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to ignite
2. to determine
3. to cheat

- a. to decide definitely to do something
- b. to catch fire or cause to catch fire
- c. to deceive somebody, especially when they trust you

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

139. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to interrupt
2. to persuade
3. to derive

- a. to make somebody believe
- b. to say or do something that makes somebody stop what they are saying or doing
- c. to get something from something

- A) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- C) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- E) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b

140. Match the words to their definitions.

1. hazard
2. capacity
3. demand

- a. a thing that can be dangerous
- b. a very firm request for something
- c. the number or the amount of something

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- B) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- E) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c

141. Match the words to their definitions.

1. discarded
2. marvellous
3. affectionate

- a. showing fondness or tenderness
- b. thrown away
- c. extremely good, wonderful

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

142. Match the words to their definitions.

1. ban
2. bang
3. crease

- a. a line in the skin, especially on the face
- b. an official or legal prohibition
- c. a sudden loud noise

- A) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
- B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- C) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

143. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to evolve
2. to fate
3. to relieve

- a. to be destined to happen or act in a particular way
- b. to develop gradually
- c. to remove an unpleasant pain or feeling

- A) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
- B) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- C) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

144. Match the words to their definitions.

1. to issue
2. to consume
3. to transpire

- a. to eat, drink or ingest food or drinks
- b. to occur, to happen
- c. to produce something such as a magazine, article, etc.

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
- B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
- C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
- D) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
- E) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a

Lexical Tests (Word Definitions)

145. Match the words to their definitions.

1. taboo
2. trend
3. confusion

- a. a practice or interest that is very popular for a short time
- b. a cultural or religious custom that does not allow people to do a particular thing
- c. uncertainty of a situation

- A) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

146. Match the words to their definitions.

1. currency
2. tax
3. loan

- a. money that you pay to the government
- b. money that somebody or a bank lends you
- c. type of money used in a particular country

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
D) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a
E) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c

147. Match the words to their definitions.

1. salary
2. coin
3. standard of living

- a. level of money and comfort people have
- b. a piece of money made of metal
- c. money that a person gets for the work

- A) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
B) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
C) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
D) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

148. Match the words to their definitions.

1. predict
2. to prefer
3. to compensate

- a. to like one thing or person more than another
- b. to say that something will happen in future
- c. to provide something good to reduce the bad effects of damage

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
B) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
D) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
E) 1 - c; 2 - b; 3 - a

149. Match the words to their definitions.

1. fear
2. fire
3. fare

- a. the flame that is produced when something burns
- b. the feeling that you have when you are in danger
- c. the money that you pay to travel by bus, plane, etc.

- A) 1 - a; 2 - b; 3 - c
B) 1 - b; 2 - c; 3 - a
C) 1 - c; 2 - a; 3 - b
D) 1 - b; 2 - a; 3 - c
E) 1 - a; 2 - c; 3 - b

150. Choose the **wrong** definitions.

1. to cancel - to plan or organize something in advance
2. to regret - to feel sorry about something you have done
3. to steal - to control something by means of rules
4. to precede - to happen or come before something

- A) 2, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3

151. Choose the **wrong** definition.

- A) currency - the system of money that a country uses
B) arrangement - a plan that you make so that something can happen
C) diplomat - a person who is going to get a university diploma
D) destination - a place to which somebody is going
E) experience - the knowledge or skills gained through doing things

152. Match the verbs to their definitions.

1. to weigh
2. to obtain
3. to afford

- a. to have enough money or time to be able to buy or to do something
- b. to gain something, especially by making an effort
- c. to measure how heavy something is

- A) 1 - c, 2 - a, 3 - b
B) 1 - b, 2 - c, 3 - a
C) 1 - c, 2 - b, 3 - a
D) 1 - a, 2 - b, 3 - c
E) 1 - b, 2 - a, 3 - c

Exclamatory sentences

1. Choose the correct variant.
What ... it is!

A) a marvellous view
B) marvellous views
C) is a marvellous view
D) the marvellous views
E) are the marvellous views

2. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) How old-fashioned skirt it is!
B) What an old-fashioned skirts they are!
C) What an old-fashioned skirt it is!
D) How an old-fashioned skirt it is!
E) How old-fashioned skirts they are!

3. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) What a long quarrel it is!
B) What a long quarrels they are!
C) How long quarrels they are!
D) How a long quarrel it is!
E) How long quarrel is it!

4. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How simple the solution is!
2. What a simple solutions they are!
3. How a simple solution is!
4. What a simple solution it is!
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4

5. Choose the correct variant.

What ... I have heard today!
A) disappointing news
B) a disappointing news
C) the disappointing news
D) is a disappointing news
E) are disappointing the news

6. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) What an easy homework is!
B) How easy homework is!
C) What easy the homework is!
D) How easy the homework is!
E) What the easy homework is!

7. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What complicated work it is!
2. How a complicated work it is!
3. How complicated the work is!
4. What a complicated works they are!
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2

8. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What wonderful picture you have painted!
2. What a wonderful picture you have painted!
3. How a wonderful picture you have painted!
4. How wonderful the picture is!
A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 2, 4

9. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What a cold tea is it!
2. How cold tea it is!
3. How cold the tea is!
4. What cold tea it is!
A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

10. Choose the correct variant.

What ... you have fixed!
A) reasonable price
B) a reasonable price
C) is a reasonable price
D) the reasonable prices
E) are the reasonable prices

11. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What a hot day it is!
2. How hot the day is!
3. How hot is the day!
4. What hot the day is!
A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4

12. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How a rude man he is!
2. What rude the man is!
3. What a rude man he is!
4. How rude the man is!
A) 2, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4

13. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How ancient the city of Rome is!
2. How ancient is the city of Rome!
3. What an ancient city Rome is!
4. What ancient city is Rome!
A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4

14. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) How lovely smile you have!
B) What a lovely smile have you!
C) How lovely smile have you!
D) What a lovely smiles you have!
E) What a lovely smile you have!

15. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

A) What generous is my brother!
B) How my brother is generous!
C) How generous my brother is!
D) What a generous is my brother!
E) How generous is my brother!

16. Choose the correct variant.

1. What moist air it was!
2. What a moist air it was!
3. How moist the air was!
4. How moist was the air!
A) 2, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 2

17. Choose the correct variant.

1. What fizzy mineral water it was!
2. How fizzy the mineral water was!
3. What a fizzy water was it!
4. How fizzy water it was!
A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 2

18. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What fake laughter it is!
 2. What a fake laughter is it!
 3. How fake the laughter is!
 4. How a fake laughter it is!
 A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 3, 4
19. Choose the correct variant.
 1. How irritable the man looks!
 2. What an irritable man he is!
 3. How an irritable man he is!
 4. What irritable man is he!
 A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 2, 3
20. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What a stressful lifestyle you have!
 2. How stressful the lifestyle is!
 3. What a stressful lifestyle have you!
 4. How a stressful lifestyle it is!
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4
21. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What a vital remedy it is!
 2. How vital the remedy is!
 3. What a vital remedy is it!
 4. How a vital remedy it is!
 A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3
22. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What an ancient mosque it was!
 2. How ancient the mosque was!
 3. What an ancient mosque was it!
 4. How an ancient mosque it was!
 A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2
23. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What a tolerant attitude she has got!
 2. What a tolerant attitude is it!
 3. How tolerant the attitude is!
 4. How a tolerant attitude it is!
 A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 2, 3
24. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What ancient carpets Azerbaijan has!
 2. What ancient the carpets are!
 3. How ancient the carpets are!
 4. How ancient carpets are they!
 A) 2, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3
25. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What a persuasive argument she's brought!
 2. What persuasive argument has she brought!
 3. How important the manuscripts are!
 4. How important manuscripts they are!
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4
26. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What a sacred temple it is!
 2. How sacred temple is it!
3. What terrible bang was it!
 4. How strong the coffee was!
 A) 1, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 2, 3
27. Choose the correct variant.
 1. How credible story is it!
 2. How gracefully she dances!
 3. What a successful attempt she's made!
 4. How creative ideas they are!
 A) 2, 4 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 2
28. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What a destructive storm it was!
 2. What a rare household tool you've got!
 3. How a frequent disaster it is!
 4. What an honoured novelist is he!
 A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2
29. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *imaginative author he is!*
 A) How the B) What an C) How
 D) What E) How an
30. Choose the correct variant.
 1. How well she speaks English!
 2. How good her English is!
 3. How fluent is her English!
 4. What fluent English has he got!
 A) 1, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 2
31. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *unbelievable news you've brought!*
 A) What an B) What C) How
 D) How the E) How an
32. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *increasingly difficult the teenage has become!*
 A) How the B) What C) What an
 D) How E) How an
33. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What a brave soldier he is!
 2. How brave the soldier is!
 3. What brave soldier is he!
 4. How a brave soldier he is!
 A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3
34. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What long story is it!
 2. What long stories they are!
 3. How long the stories are!
 4. What long the story is!
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2
35. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What a clever parrot it is!
 2. What clever parrot is it!
 3. How a clever parrot it is!
 4. How clever the parrot is!
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 3

36. Choose the correct variant.

1. What a patient teacher she is!
 2. What patient teachers they are!
 3. How patient teacher she is!
 4. How patient teachers they are!
- A) 2, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2

37. Choose the correct variant.

1. What a small nose!
 2. What beautiful eyes!
 3. How beautiful eyes!
 4. How small the nose!
- A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2

38. Choose the correct variant.

1. What beautiful weather
2. How beautiful weather
3. What a beautiful weather
4. How the beautiful weather
5. How a beautiful weather

39. Choose the correct variant.

1. How intelligent your son is!
 2. What a nice city Baku is!
 3. How nice city Baku is!
 4. What intelligent is your son!
- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 3

40. Choose the correct variant.

1. What a speedy car Jaguar is!
 2. How speedy Jaguar is!
 3. What speedy car Jaguar is!
 4. How a speedy car Jaguar is!
- A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2

41. Choose the correct variant.

1. How picturesque Gabala is!
 2. How picturesque town is Gabala!
 3. What a picturesque town Gabala is!
 4. How a picturesque Gabala is!
- A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 3, 4

42. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How sad music are they playing!
- B) What a sad music are they playing!
- C) What sad music are they playing!
- D) How sad music they are playing!
- E) What sad music they are playing!

43. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How well you can paint!
- B) How well can you paint!
- C) How can you paint well!
- D) What well you can paint!
- E) What you can paint well!

44. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What a pretty girls they are!
- B) How pretty girls they are!

C) What pretty girls they are!

D) How pretty are the girls!

E) What pretty girls are they!

45. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How strange ideas he has!
- B) What he has strange ideas!
- C) What strange ideas he has!
- D) What a strange ideas he has!
- E) How strange he has ideas!

46. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What silly story is it!
- B) How a silly story it is!
- C) What a silly story it is!
- D) How silly story is!
- E) What a silly story is it!

47. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How professionally they work!
- B) How they work professionally!
- C) What professionally they work!
- D) How professionally work they!
- E) What professionally work they!

48. Choose the correct variant.

- A) What a boring man he is!
- B) What boring man he is!
- C) How the boring man he is!
- D) How a boring man is!
- E) What a boring man is he!

49. Choose the correct variant.

- A) What an amazing meeting it was!
- B) What amazing meeting it was!
- C) How an amazing meeting it was!
- D) How amazing meeting it was!
- E) What an amazing meeting was it!

50. Choose the correct variant.

- A) What expensive clothes bought you!
- B) What expensive clothes you bought!
- C) What an expensive clothes you bought!
- D) How expensive clothes you bought!
- E) How expensive you bought clothes!

51. Choose the correct variant.

- A) What the bright moon is!
- B) What bright the moon is!
- C) How bright is the moon!
- D) How is bright the moon!
- E) How bright the moon is!

52. Choose the correct variant.

- A) How detailed she has sent the report!
- B) What detailed report has she sent!
- C) How a detailed report she has sent!
- D) What a detailed report she has sent!
- E) What a detailed report has she sent!

53. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How wonderful this present is!
 B) What wonderful this present is!
 C) How wonderful is this present!
 D) How wonderful present this is!
 E) What wonderful present is this!
54. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How big bus he drives!
 B) What big bus drives he!
 C) How a big bus he drives!
 D) What a big bus he drives!
 E) What a big bus drives he!
55. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How a lovely smile your sister has!
 B) What a lovely smile has your sister!
 C) What a lovely smile your sister has!
 D) What the lovely smile your sister has!
 E) How lovely smile has your sister!
56. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What experienced worker he is!
 B) What an experienced worker he is!
 C) What an experienced worker is he!
 D) How an experienced worker he is!
 E) How experienced worker is he!
57. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What comfortable chairs these are!
 B) How comfortable chairs these are!
 C) What comfortable chairs are these!
 D) How comfortable chairs are these!
 E) What a comfortable chairs these are!
58. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What beautiful daffodils they are!
 B) How beautiful daffodils they are!
 C) What beautiful daffodils are they!
 D) What a beautiful daffodils they are!
 E) How beautiful daffodils are they!
59. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How cold is milk!
 B) How a cold milk is!
 C) How cold the milk is!
 D) What a cold milk is!
 E) What cold the milk is!
60. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What handsome man is he!
 B) What handsome man he is!
 C) What a handsome man he is!
 D) What a handsome man is he!
 E) What handsome the man is!
61. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What expensive the computers she has!
 B) What expensive computer has she!
 C) What an expensive computer has she!
 D) What an expensive computers she has!
 E) What an expensive computer she has!
62. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How a creative student he is!
 B) How creative student he is!
 C) How creative the student is!
 D) How creative is the student!
 E) How the creative student is!
63. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How slowly speaks she English!
 B) What slowly she speaks English!
 C) How she slowly speaks English!
 D) How slowly she speaks English!
 E) What slowly speaks she English!
64. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How the strong wrestler is!
 B) How a strong wrestler is!
 C) How strong is the wrestler!
 D) How strong the wrestler is!
 E) How a strong wrestler is he!
65. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What a great scientist he is!
 B) What great scientist he is!
 C) What the great scientist is he!
 D) What great scientist is he!
 E) What great the scientist is he!
66. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What valuable ring it is!
 B) What a valuable ring it is!
 C) What valuable ring is it!
 D) How valuable ring it is!
 E) How a valuable ring it is!
67. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What a beautiful blouses she has!
 B) What a beautiful blouse she has!
 C) What beautiful blouse has she!
 D) How beautiful blouse she has!
 E) How beautiful blouses has she!
68. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What rude boy he is!
 B) How a rude boy he is!
 C) What rude the boy is!
 D) How rude boy he is!
 E) How rude the boy is!
69. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How a magic box is it!
 B) What magic box it is!
 C) What magic the box is!
 D) How a magic box it is!
 E) What magic boxes they are!

70. Choose the correct variant.
 1. How healthy the baby is!
 2. What lovely babies they are!
 3. How a healthy baby is!
 4. What lovely the babies are!
 A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 3, 4 E) 2, 4
71. Choose the correct variant.
 1. How a fast runner he is!
 2. What a fast runner he is!
 3. How fast the runner is!
 4. What fast runner is he!
 A) 2, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4
72. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.
 1. What a valuable idea it is!
 2. What valuable idea it is!
 3. How brilliant the idea is!
 4. How a brilliant idea it is!
 A) 1, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3
73. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.
 1. What an obedient children they are!
 2. What obedient children they are!
 3. How obedient the children are!
 4. How obedient children they are!
 A) 1, 2 B) 1, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 2, 3
74. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.
 1. What a bright student your son is!
 2. How a bright student your son is!
 3. What bright student your son is!
 4. How bright the student is!
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 3, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 2
75. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.
 1. What an intelligent person he is!
 2. What intelligent people they are!
 3. How an intelligent person he is!
 4. How intelligent people are they!
 A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2
76. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What lovely bouquet of flowers it is!
 2. How lovely the bouquet of flowers is!
 3. How lovely bouquet of flowers is!
 4. What a lovely bouquet of flowers it is!
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3
77. Choose the correct variant.
 ... it is!
 1. How pretty
 2. What a good job
 3. How an interesting film
 4. What an interesting music
 A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 3, 4
78. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) What a thorny roses they are!
 B) What thorny the roses are!
 C) How thorny are the roses!

- D) How thorny roses they are!
 E) How thorny the roses are!
79. Choose the correct variant.
 How ripe ... !
 1. a pear it is
 2. the pear is it
 3. the pear looks
 4. the pears are
 A) 2, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 3
80. Choose the correct variant.
 ... Singapore is!
 1. How ancient
 2. How the ancient city
 3. What an ancient city
 4. What ancient city
 A) 1, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 3, 4
81. Choose the correct variant.
 How strong ... !
 1. the coffee tastes
 2. the coffee is
 3. coffee it is
 4. a coffee is
 5. the coffee is it
 A) 2, 5 B) 1, 2 C) 3, 4
 D) 1, 3, 5 E) 1, 3, 4
82. Choose the correct variant.
 What ... !
 1. a sweet music is it
 2. big mice they are
 3. lovely song it is
 4. strange person you are
 5. a great job it is
 A) 3, 4, 5 B) 1, 3, 4 C) 1, 4
 D) 2, 5 E) 1, 2
83. Choose the correct variant.
 How ... !
 1. well she sings
 2. she speaks quickly
 3. she sings well
 4. quickly she speaks
 A) 3, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 4
84. Choose the correct variant.
 How ... !
 1. slowly Raju read
 2. fast you ran
 3. terribly were aching my legs
 4. beautifully sings Radha
 A) 1, 4 B) 3, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 2
85. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What handsome men they are!
 2. How handsome the men are!
 3. What handsome the men are!
 4. How handsome the men are they!
 A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3

Exclamatory sentences

86. Choose the correct variant.

1. What an expensive computers they are!
 2. What expensive computers they are!
 3. How expensive are computers!
 4. How expensive these computers are!
- A) 1, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2

87. Choose the correct variant.

1. What a nice gift you have bought!
 2. What nice gift it is!
 3. How nice this gift is!
 4. What nice gift is this!
- A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3

88. Choose the correct variant.

1. What obedient children these are!
 2. How obedient children these are!
 3. What an obedient child this is!
 4. How obedient is the child!
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 3

89. Choose the correct variant.

1. What an exciting trip it has been!
 2. How exciting the trip has been!
 3. What exciting trip was it!
 4. How exciting trip was it!
- A) 1, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 3

90. Choose the correct variant.

1. What great adventures they were!
 2. What a great adventures they were!
 3. How great the adventures were!
 4. How a great adventure was it!
- A) 1, 2 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 3

91. Choose the correct variant.

1. How polite the children are!
 2. What polite children they are!
 3. What a polite children they are!
 4. How polite children they are!
- A) 2, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 2

92. Choose the correct variant.

1. What a brave police he is!
 2. How brave the policeman is!
 3. How brave the police he is!
 4. What brave police they are!
- A) 1, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 2

93. Choose the correct variant.

1. What helpful advice it is!
 2. How helpful your advice is!
 3. What a helpful advice is!
 4. How helpful advice is it!
- A) 1, 4 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 3 E) 2, 4

94. Choose the correct variant.

1. What unusual scenery it is!
2. How unusual the scenery is!

3. What unusual the scenery is it!

4. How unusual the scenery is it!

A) 1, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 4

95. Choose the correct variant.

1. What a boring party it is!
 2. How boring a party it is!
 3. What boring party is it!
 4. How boring the party is!
- A) 1, 4 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

96. Choose the correct variant.

1. What beautiful roses they are!
 2. How beautiful the roses are they!
 3. What a beautiful roses are they!
 4. How beautiful the roses are!
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

97. Choose the correct variant.

1. What polluted water it was!
 2. How polluted water it was!
 3. What a polluted water it was!
 4. How polluted the water was!
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

98. Choose the correct variant.

1. What a peaceful country it is!
 2. How peaceful the country is!
 3. What peaceful country is it!
 4. How a peaceful country it is!
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

99. Choose the correct variant.

1. What brave officer he is!
 2. How brave the officer is!
 3. What a brave officer he is!
 4. How brave the officer is he!
- A) 1, 4 B) 3, 4 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 2, 4

100. Choose the correct variant.

1. What a complicated task it is!
 2. How complicated the task is!
 3. What complicated the task is!
 4. How complicated task is it!
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

101. Choose the correct variant.

1. What a careful driver your son is!
 2. How careful the driver is!
 3. What careful driver your son is!
 4. How careful driver is he!
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

102. Choose the correct variant.

- A) How bright sky is it today!
- B) What a bright sky is it today!
- C) How bright the sky is today!
- D) What the bright sky is today!
- E) How bright is the sky today!

103. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What competent teachers they are!
 B) How competent are the teachers!
 C) What an competent teachers they are!
 D) What competent teachers are they!
 E) How competent teachers they are!
104. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *responsible and diligent your nephew is!*
 A) What B) What a C) How
 D) How the E) How a
105. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *punctual and accurate the Germans are!*
 A) How a B) How C) What
 D) What a E) What the
106. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *optimistic people they are!*
 A) How the B) What a C) How
 D) How a E) What
107. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *faithful and reliable your friends are.*
 A) How the B) What a C) What
 D) How E) What the
108. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *talkative girl she is!*
 A) How the B) How C) How a
 D) What E) What a
109. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *important the information is!*
 A) What B) How the C) What a
 D) How a E) How
110. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *modest and clever students you have!*
 A) How B) What C) How a
 D) What a E) How the
111. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *nice and modern furniture you have bought!*
 A) What the B) How C) What
 D) How a E) How the
112. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *patient our teacher is!*
 A) How B) What a C) What
 D) How a E) What the
113. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *interesting and funny the movie is!*
 A) What B) How a C) What a
 D) How E) How the
114. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *difficult the tests on physics were!*
 A) What B) How the C) How
 D) What a E) What the

115. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *wonderful picture you have painted!*
 A) How B) What a C) What
 D) How a E) What the
116. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *late you have come!*
 A) What B) How C) What a
 D) How the E) How a
117. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *reasonable prices they are!*
 A) How a B) How C) What a
 D) What E) How the
118. Choose the correct variant.
 ... *lovely and sunny the weather is today!*
 A) How the B) What C) What a
 D) How a E) How
119. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) How big feet he has got!
 B) What a big feet he has got!
 C) How big feet has he got!
 D) What big feet he has got!
 E) What the big feet he has got!
120. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) What a smart children they have got!
 B) What smart children they have got!
 C) How smart children have they got!
 D) How smart children they have got!
 E) What smart the children they have got!
121. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) How difficult home task it is!
 B) What the difficult home task is it!
 C) What a difficult home task it is!
 D) How a difficult home task it is!
 E) How difficult home task is it!
122. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.
 1. What encouraging news you have told me!
 2. How the encouraging news you have told me!
 3. What an encouraging news is it!
 4. How encouraging the news is!
 A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4
123. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.
 1. How long-running the quiz show is!
 2. What a long-running quiz shows they are!
 3. How a long-running the quiz show is!
 4. What a long-running quiz show it is!
 A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 4 E) 3, 4
124. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) What a sweet tea you drink!
 B) What sweet tea you are drinking!
 C) How sweet tea you are drinking!
 D) How sweet tea are you drinking!
 E) How a sweet tea you drink!

125. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. What an incredibly strong woman Sophie is!
 2. How an incredibly strong woman Sophie is!
 3. How incredibly strong Sophie is!
 4. What incredibly strong the woman is!
- A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 3, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 1, 2

126. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How the children looked exhausted after the journey!
- B) How exhausted the children looked after the journey!
- C) How exhausted looked the children after the journey!
- D) What exhausted the children looked after the journey!
- E) What the children looked exhausted after the journey!

127. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How a pleasant surprise you have introduced to us!
- B) How pleasant surprise have you introduced to us!
- C) What a pleasant surprise you have introduced to us!
- D) What a pleasant surprises you have introduced to us!
- E) What a pleasant surprise have you introduced to us!

128. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How quickly could you jump the queue!
- B) How quickly you could jump the queue!
- C) What quickly you could jump the queue!
- D) How quickly could jump you the queue!
- E) What quickly could you jump the queue!

129. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What a high level of radiation this region has!
- B) What high level of radiation has this region!
- C) How a high level of radiation this region has!
- D) What the high level of radiation this region has!
- E) How high level of radiation has this region!

130. Choose the correct variant.

1. What valuable experience she's gained!
 2. What giant fish has he caught!
 3. How valuable treasure has she lost!
 4. How respected Hemingway was!
- A) 3, 4 B) 1, 2 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3

131. Choose the correct variant.

1. What graceful works are they!
 2. How well-versed man he is!
 3. How frantic the girl looks!
 4. What a curly poodle you have!
- A) 3, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

132. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What an honest man is he!
- B) What an honest men are they!
- C) What an honest man he is!
- D) What an honest the man is!
- E) What an honest men they are!

133. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What beautiful clothes shop is it!
- B) What a beautiful clothes shop is it!
- C) What a beautiful clothes shop it is!
- D) What beautiful the clothes shop it is!
- E) What beautiful clothes shop are they!

134. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What an unusual reptile is it!
- B) What an unusual reptile it is!
- C) What unusual reptile is it!
- D) What unusual the reptile it is!
- E) What unusual reptile is!

135. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What useful the news program it is!
- B) What a useful news program is it!
- C) What useful news program it is!
- D) What useful news program is it!
- E) What a useful news program it is!

136. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) What faithful friend is he!
- B) What faithful friend he is!
- C) What a faithful friend is he!
- D) What a faithful friend he is!
- E) What faithful friends he is!

137. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.

1. How an honest man he is!
 2. What an important decision you have made!
 3. How clever the child is!
 4. How smart is the child!
 5. How wide the street is!
- A) 1, 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 3, 5
D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3, 5

138. Choose the correct variant.

1. What an amazing news have you!
 2. How an amazing news is!
 3. How amazing the news is!
 4. How amazing news is it!
 5. What amazing news you have!
- A) 1, 4 B) 3, 5 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 5

139. Choose the correct variant.
 1. What famous sportsmen they are!
 2. How famous sportsmen are they!
 3. How a famous sportsman is he!
 4. How famous the sportsmen are!
 5. What a famous sportsman he is!
 A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 4, 5
 D) 1, 4, 5 E) 3, 5
140. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What an ancient city it is!
 B) What an ancient city is it!
 C) What ancient the city is!
 D) How ancient a city is it!
 E) How an ancient city is!
141. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How brave our soldiers are!
 B) What brave the soldiers are!
 C) How brave are soldiers!
 D) What brave the soldier is!
 E) How the brave soldier is!
142. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What prominent the writers are!
 B) What a prominent writers they are!
 C) What prominent writers are they!
 D) How prominent the writers are they!
 E) How prominent these writers are!
143. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What the diligent student he is!
 B) How diligent is the student!
 C) What a diligent student he is!
 D) How a diligent student is!
 E) How the diligent student is!
144. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What the boastful child is he!
 B) How boastful the child is!
 C) How boastful is the child!
 D) What a boastful child is he!
 E) How is the boastful child!
145. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How cruel the king was!
 B) What cruel a king was!
 C) What the cruel was king!
 D) What a cruel king was he!
 E) How a cruel king he was!
146. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How a changeable weather is!
 B) What changeable a weather London has!
 C) How changeable weather has London!
 D) What changeable weather is in London!
 E) How changeable the weather is!
147. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How is the excellent Azerbaijan cuisine!
 B) What excellent a cuisine Azerbaijan has!
 C) How excellent a cuisine Azerbaijan has!
 D) What excellent the Azerbaijan cuisine is!
 E) How excellent the Azerbaijan cuisine is!
148. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What is high the price for such a small flat!
 B) What high the price for such a small flat is!
 C) How high is the price for such a small flat!
 D) How high price for such small flat is!
 E) How high the price for such a small flat is!
149. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) What a dangerous deforestation is it!
 B) How dangerous is deforestation!
 C) What dangerous the deforestation is!
 D) How dangerous the deforestation is!
 E) What dangerous is the deforestation!
150. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) What a dangerous hurricane was it!
 B) How a dangerous hurricane was!
 C) How dangerous was hurricane!
 D) What dangerous the hurricane was!
 E) How dangerous the hurricane was!
151. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) How a terrible tsunami was it!
 B) How the terrible tsunami was!
 C) How terrible the tsunami was!
 D) What terrible the tsunami was!
 E) What a terrible was the tsunami!
152. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.
 1. How effective these natural remedies are!
 2. How an effective these natural remedies are!
 3. What effective natural remedies are these!
 4. What effective natural remedies these are!
 A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3
153. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) How reserved people the English are!
 B) What reserved the English are!
 C) What reserved are the English!
 D) How reserved the English are!
 E) How reserved people are the English!
154. Choose the correct exclamatory sentences.
 1. What prestigious the competition it is!
 2. What a prestigious competition it is!
 3. How prestigious this competition is!
 4. How a prestigious competition is it!
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3

155. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) What marvellous thing is the human brain!
 B) How marvellous thing the human brain is!
 C) How a marvellous thing the human brain is!
 D) What a marvellous thing the human brain is!
 E) What marvellous thing the human brain is!
156. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) What a creative idea have you!
 B) How a creative idea you have!
 C) What a creative idea you have!
 D) What creative idea have you!
 E) How creative idea have you!
157. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) What considerably the world's population is growing!
 B) How considerably the world's population is growing!
 C) How considerably is growing the world's population!
 D) What considerably is the world's population growing!
 E) How the considerably world's population is growing!
158. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) How the important role education has!
 B) What important role does education have!
 C) How an important role education has!
 D) How important role has education!
 E) What an important role education has!
159. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) How serious problems do teenagers face!
 B) What serious the problems teenagers face!
 C) How serious problems teenagers face!
 D) How the serious problems teenagers face!
 E) What serious problems teenagers face!
160. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) How the inconsiderate behaviour is!
 B) What inconsiderate behaviour is!
 C) What an inconsiderate behaviour is it!
 D) What inconsiderate is behaviour!
 E) How inconsiderate the behaviour is!
161. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) What romantic their honeymoon was!
 B) How a romantic their honeymoon was!
 C) How romantic their honeymoon was!
 D) What a romantic honeymoon was it!
 E) What romantic a honeymoon was it!
162. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) What the convenient are credit cards!
 B) How convenient the credit cards are!
 C) What convenient are credit cards!
 D) How the convenient credit cards are!
 E) How convenient are credit cards!
163. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.
 A) How the useful source of information was it!
 B) What the useful source of information it was!
 C) How useful source of information was it!
 D) How a useful source of information it was!
 E) What a useful source of information it was!
164. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What dangerous roads this country has!
 B) What a dangerous roads this country has!
 C) How dangerous roads this country has!
 D) How dangerous roads has this country!
 E) What dangerous roads has this country!
165. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What a hot weather is today!
 B) How hot the weather is today!
 C) What hot weather is it today!
 D) How hot weather is today!
 E) What the hot weather is today!
166. Choose the correct variant.
 A) How talented nephew you have!
 B) What expensive watch you have!
 C) How delicious the meal is!
 D) What a strong your son is!
 E) How big and nice house it is!
167. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What an important information it is!
 B) What precious necklace is it!
 C) How kind and sincere you are!
 D) How a modest boy he is!
 E) What a reliable person is he!
168. Choose the correct variant.
 A) What a big city is New York!
 B) What talkative your sister is!
 C) What a pleasant surprise it was!
 D) How polite girl she is!
 E) How ignorant are they!
169. Choose the correct variant.
 1. How well she is singing!
 2. What serious man is your boss!
 3. How an obedient boy is!
 4. What a lovely face she has!
 5. How brave a boy is!
 A) 2, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 5 D) 1, 4 E) 3, 5
170. Choose the correct variant.
 1. How slowly the ferry is sailing!
 2. What gentle man is he!
 3. What a sweet baby it is!
 4. How fast car is running!
 5. What a nice weather is it!
 A) 2, 5 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 4, 5

Text Based Tests

Listeenings



QEYD: Müvafiq audiofayllar

DİM-in saytında yerləşdirilmişdir.

(http://dim.gov.az/news/2504/)

Passage 1

- What is the passage mainly about?
A) the friendly sea mammals
B) the colours of dolphins
C) dolphins' environment
D) special sounds
E) the ways of communication
- Which statement is true according to the passage?
A) Dolphins' brains are smaller than humans' brains.
B) Groups of these mammals always consist of dolphins less than hundred.
C) Dolphins can't breathe under water, even though they live in the sea.
D) Dolphins hate humans and aren't friendly at all.
E) Dolphins are unsociable animals.
- Choose the correct answer to the question according to the passage.
What do dolphins do when they are in trouble?
A) They come out of water.
B) They do acrobatic movements.
C) They use special sounds.
D) They change their colours.
E) They join other groups.
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Dolphins have to come up for air every 15 minutes ...
A) to feed their babies.
B) to do acrobatic movements.
C) to hunt together.
D) to use special sounds.
E) to breathe
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Dolphins live either in ... or ... water.
- Write your answer to the question.
What do dolphins feed their baby with?

Passage 2

- What is the passage about?
A) the football World Cup
B) a famous opera singer
C) the Opera House
D) a famous teacher
E) singing lessons
- Which statement is true according to the passage?
A) Pavarotti started his own competitions in Italy.
B) Pavarotti had no interest in painting at all.
C) Pavarotti exhibited his paintings in Europe.
D) As a young boy, Pavarotti attended the city's chorus.
E) Nowadays people don't listen to Pavarotti's CDs.
- Choose the correct answer to the question according to the passage.
What happened after Pavarotti sang in London Opera House?
A) He became popular soon.
B) He began to attend the city's chorus.
C) He exhibited his paintings.
D) People lost interest in his singing.
E) He began to work as a teacher.
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
As a young boy, he listened to ... on the radio and attended the city's chorus.
- Write one adjective from the passage that describes the word "singer".
- Write the answer to the question according to the passage.
Why did Pavarotti have to sing in the London Opera House in 1963?

Passage 3

- What is the passage mainly about?
A) a person's imagination
B) bad decisions
C) healthy living
D) the feeling of fear
E) the fear of disease
- Choose the correct statements according to the passage.
1. If people didn't feel fear, they couldn't protect themselves from threats.
2. Fear hardly ever helps us to get away from danger.
3. It is necessary to control fear.
4. Fear does not have any benefits.
A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 4
- Answer the question according to the passage
What are the negative sides of fear?
1. It can force you to make wise decisions.
2. It can make you lose your confidence.
3. It can stop you from going to see a doctor.
4. Fear can help you even if you are not in danger.
A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 2 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 3
- Write the answer to the question according to the passage.
What does a fear of losing your job make you do?
- Complete the sentence with two words from the passage.
Fear is a ... emotion.
- Complete the sentence according to the passage
If you are afraid of failing your exam, you will ...

Passage 4

- The passage is mainly about ...
A) the golden age of newspapers
B) the history of newspapers
C) the invention of printing
D) advertisements in newspapers
E) the ways of entertainment
- Which statement **is not** true according to the passage?
A) The first newspapers were big in size.
B) The first newspapers appeared in the 1600s.
C) Modern newspapers include different entertainment packages.
D) It is a question whether electronic newspapers will replace paper ones or not.
E) Modern newspapers entertain people.
- Choose the correct answer to the question.
What made it easier to collect news from near and far and to publish papers more quickly and cheaply?
A) entertainment packages, like weather reports
B) early invention of printing machines
C) growing size of newspapers
D) improvements in transportation, communication and printing processes
E) paying a lot of money to the government
- Write the answer to the question according to the passage.
Why did the governments close down the newspapers?
- Complete the sentence with one word according to the passage.
The main source of income for most newspapers is ...
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
The first newspapers appeared in Europe in the 1600s, and they were ...

Passage 5

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 - A) the telephone conversation
 - B) Alexander Graham Bell
 - C) a conference call
 - D) telephones in the 19th century
 - E) the telephone through ages
2. Which statement is true according to the passage?
 - A) To call only one person is called a conference call.
 - B) Modern phones are used for only one purpose.
 - C) The first telephone was very simple to use.
 - D) If you don't want to talk, call the number.
 - E) When messages are stored on the system, one can't send them to anyone else.
3. Choose the correct answer to the question. Why is it possible to send the message to someone's telephone?
 - A) Because of the system which deletes the messages
 - B) As messages are replaced by voicemail.
 - C) Because messages are hardly preserved on the phone.
 - D) Because messages are stored on the system.
 - E) Because the messages undergo a complete transformation.
4. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
The modern telephone has become ...
5. Write the answer to the question according to the passage.
What must be done in order not to let a caller know what somebody is saying around?
6. Complete the sentence with two words according to the passage.
It is possible to send the ... to another person's ...

Passage 6

1. What is the main idea of the passage?
 - A) Disadvantages of robots
 - B) Factories where robots are made
 - C) The structure of robots
 - D) Using robots in our life
 - E) The inventor of the first robot
2. Which statement is true according to the passage.
 - A) Robots can hardly do tasks which are dangerous for people.
 - B) Robots are used only for dangerous tasks.
 - C) Fixed type of robots can move from place to place.
 - D) Some robots look like a human being in appearance.
 - E) Robots can't do tasks without the help of a person.
3. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Robots have several advantages in industry, ...
 1. they are never tired
 2. they increase the cost of production
 3. they can hardly load or unload materials
 4. they improve the quality of production
 A) 1, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 1, 2
4. Answer the question according to the passage.
In what dangerous places are robots used?
5. Complete the sentence with the word from the passage.
With the help of ... people can program robots to do human tasks.
6. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
While doing their work, fixed robots ...

Passage 7

Passage 8

1. What is the passage mainly about?
 - A) climate change
 - B) the animal with beautiful white coat
 - C) cold climate of the North Pole
 - D) the animals of the South Pole
 - E) the protection of habitats
2. Which of the following isn't typical of the polar bear?
 - A) It cannot use its front legs like arms.
 - B) Its coat is white.
 - C) It can stand up on its back legs.
 - D) It catches sea animals for food.
 - E) It can swim very well
3. Answer the question according to the passage.
Where does the polar bear go when it is afraid?
 - A) It runs to the land.
 - B) It runs away.
 - C) It goes under the snow.
 - D) It lies on the ice.
 - E) It goes into the sea.
4. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
The greatest threat to the polar bear's survival is ...
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
At the North Pole, there is no ...
6. Write your answer to the question using the words from the passage.
Why can't people see the polar bear very well?

1. The passage is mainly about
 - A) islands from plants
 - B) lakes in South America
 - C) sinking islands
 - D) nature of America
 - E) the fauna of the South
2. Which statements are true according to the passage.
 1. Man-made islands are different in size.
 2. Islands made by people float on Titicaca.
 3. All people living in Lake Titicaca have electricity.
 4. About 30 families live on the floating islands.
 5. The plants have short roots.
 - A) 1, 2, 3
 - B) 2, 4
 - C) 3, 4, 5
 - D) 3, 5
 - E) 1, 2
3. Choose the correct answer according to the passage.
When do the people add new reeds to the top of the islands?
 - A) When the water is not clean.
 - B) When the reeds spoil.
 - C) When they want to get electricity.
 - D) When the people want to move the island.
 - E) When the weather is warm and sunny.
4. Write the answer to the question according to the passage.
How many types of islands are there on the Titicaca?
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
When people walk on the island ... into the soft surface.
6. Complete the sentence with 2 words according to the passage.
People on Lake Titicaca get electricity using ...

Passage 9

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) the Irish national meal
 B) the healthy sea plant
 C) the Japanese traditional meal
 D) vitamins and minerals
 E) bad effects of salt on people
- Which statement is true according to the passage?
 A) People know nothing about seaweeds.
 B) Salt can be replaced by seaweeds in meals.
 C) There are few vitamins or minerals in seaweeds.
 D) Salty water is harmful for the growing seaweeds.
 E) The Irish don't add seaweed to their breakfast.
- Choose the correct answer according to the passage.
Why is seaweed considered useful?
 A) It is not salty.
 B) It has no roots.
 C) It is full of vitamins and minerals.
 D) It contains less iron.
 E) It can grow rapidly.
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
There are 3 main types of seaweed: ...
- Write your answer according to the passage.
Why does seaweed contain salt?
- Complete the sentence with 2 words according to the passage.
Seaweed contains more chemical elements such as ... than meat and cheese do.

Passage 10

- The passage is mainly about ...
 A) healthy ways of life
 B) different kinds of bread
 C) traditional English meals
 D) the main meal of the day
 E) medicine for heart problems
- Which statement is true according to the passage?
 A) In the word breakfast "fast" means to have food.
 B) Eating breakfast you get less energy during a day.
 C) Breakfast can hardly help people to focus on the work.
 D) If you want to be healthy avoid eating fish or meat.
 E) Breakfast should include 4 types of healthy food.
- Choose the correct answer according to the passage.
What are the positive sides of having breakfast every day?
 A) People feel tired after eating breakfast.
 B) Having breakfast keeps you less energetic for a day.
 C) Some food for breakfast supplies you with essential minerals.
 D) Eggs, fish, meat are hardly considered healthy food for breakfast.
 E) If you have milk for breakfast, you get more protein.
- Write one adjective that describes the word "breakfast".
- Write the answer to the question according to the passage.
What is calcium in milk useful for?
- Complete the sentence from the passage.
Having breakfast every day can reduce ...

Passage 11

- What is the passage mainly about?
A) "Rolling Stone" magazine
B) A peaceful world
C) John Lennon's life
D) John Lennon's famous song
E) The world's well-known group
- Choose the correct answer to the question according to the passage.
How does Lennon characterize his imaginary world?
A) People will own things more than before.
B) People will listen to the greatest songs.
C) Borders will appear between countries.
D) There wouldn't be any differences in religions.
E) The world will be more violent.
- Which statement is true according to the passage.
A) Not more than 1.6 million copies of the song were sold in the UK.
B) The song "Imagine" was not fully appreciated by "Rolling Stone" magazine.
C) Lennon's song was ranked among his 500 songs.
D) Lennon died peacefully in 1980.
E) Lennon had been killed before his bestselling song reached number one.
- Write your answer to the question according to the passage.
What was the name of the group which John Lennon was the co-founder of?
- Complete the sentence with two words according to the passage.
Lennon not only ... but also ... his most popular song "Imagine".
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
According to "Rolling Stone" magazine the song "Imagine" was Lennon's "greatest musical ...".

Passage 12

- What is the passage mainly about?
A) Street lights of Paris
B) The famous city of France
C) Tourists visiting France
D) Levels of the Eiffel Tower
E) Pieces of art in Louvre Museum
- Choose the correct answer to the question according to the passage.
Why is Paris sometimes named the "City of Light"?
1. Because there are many museums in Paris.
2. As Paris is the first to use gas street lighting.
3. Because Paris is the richest city in Europe.
4. As the city was the educational centre in the 18th century.
A) 1, 2, 3 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 3
D) 1, 4 E) 2, 3, 4
- Which statement is true according to the passage.
A) There are restaurants on the third level of the Eiffel Tower.
B) Paris never used gas street lighting.
C) People hardly ever visit the Louvre.
D) Visitors can get a nice view of Paris from the third level of the Eiffel Tower.
E) Visitors don't climb up to the second level of the Eiffel Tower.
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Many employees are needed in the Louvre because ...
- Write your answer to the question from the passage.
Why do a lot of people visit Paris?
- Complete the sentence with the figure according to the passage.
The Louvre, one of the most famous museums in Paris has about ... pieces of art.

Passage 13

1. What is the passage mainly about?
 - A) the life of native Americans living in Alaska
 - B) one of the natural resources of the USA
 - C) Russians living along the Bering Strait
 - D) modern health care facilities in Alaska
 - E) one of the coldest regions of Russia
2. Which statement is true according to the passage?
 - A) Tourists can hardly find Alaska natives driving cars and watching TV.
 - B) It's impossible to walk from Russia to Alaska in winter.
 - C) Alaska natives and Russians trade with each other on the border across the Bering Strait.
 - D) The Alaskans have not adapted to the severe climate.
 - E) Alaska is not rich in gold and oil.
3. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.
 What surprises the tourists?
 1. Most Alaskans' driving cars, watching TV and shopping in modern stores.
 2. The Alaskans' having restaurants, theatres and museums.
 3. The Alaskans' living in igloos.
 4. The Alaskans' leading an isolated life.
 5. The Alaskans' having modern health care facilities.

A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3, 5 C) 1, 3
 D) 1, 2, 5 E) 2, 3, 4
4. Write your answer to the question according to the passage.
 What was the means of travelling over the snow?
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 The real life in Alaska is ... than it is described in films.
6. Complete the sentence with 3 words according to the passage.
 Besides fishing, Alaska natives also hunted ...

Passage 14

1. What is the passage mainly about?
 - A) the important victory of Greek army
 - B) one of the great runners of the Olympics
 - C) a famous British journalist
 - D) a great battle that took place in Greece
 - E) a long running race
2. Which information is **false** according to the passage?
 - A) People usually start training for the competition in late spring.
 - B) On average a participant runs more than eight hundred kilometres.
 - C) Many people consider that there's no pleasure in taking part in this race.
 - D) Many people feel pleased after running in marathon.
 - E) According to M. Roter running forty-two kilometres was not fun.
3. Choose the correct answer according to the passage.
 Why was a Greek runner sent to Athens?
 1. to announce the victory
 2. to start training for a marathon
 3. to run a marathon
 4. to deliver the message

A) 1, 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3, 4
 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4
4. Write your answer to the question according to the passage.
 When did an important battle happen?
5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
 Marathon was considered one of the Olympic Games in honour of ...
6. Complete the sentence with 2 words according to the passage.
 In order to be ready for a marathon people often run and gradually increase the ...

Passage 15

- What is the passage mainly about?
 - The ways of preparing desserts
 - An enjoyable dessert around the world
 - The development of refrigerators
 - The earliest kinds of ice cream
 - Useful substances
- Which information is **false** according to the passage?
 - Air makes ice cream as hard as a rock.
 - Eating ice-cream is good for blood pressure.
 - Ice cream is a cold dessert made from milk, sugar and air.
 - Ice cream isn't eaten at breakfast, lunch and dinner
 - Nero ordered ice from the mountains in order to add it into milk.
- Choose the correct answer to the question according to the passage.
Why isn't ice cream hard?
 - As it is rich in vitamins and calcium.
 - Because there is milk in it.
 - Because there is air in it.
 - As there are useful substances in it.
 - Because it contains proteins and sugar
- Write your answer to the question according to the passage.
What helped people to make ice-cream easily and quickly?
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Eating ice cream is useful for ...
- Complete the sentence with 2 words according to the passage.
Being very expensive, only ... could eat ice cream in the past.

Passage 16

- What is the passage mainly about?
 - The skin of the frozen animal
 - Russian scientists
 - Frozen elephants
 - An animal frozen in the ice
 - Frozen plants
- Which statements are true according to the passage?
 - One way to get information about the past is studying the ice.
 - Mammoths don't exist today.
 - The frozen mammoth had neither hair nor skin on its body.
 - There was nothing in the stomach of the mammoth in the ice.
 - 1, 2
 - 3, 4
 - 1, 2, 3
 - 2, 3
 - 1, 3, 4
- Choose the correct answer to the question according to the passage.
How could Russian scientists learn which plants grew in the days when mammoths lived?
 - From the other scientists
 - From different scientific articles and researches
 - From the frozen food in the mammoth's stomach
 - From the skin of the frozen mammoth
 - From their long tusks
- Complete the sentence with 2 words according to the passage.
Russian ... have recently found an animal called a mammoth in the ...
- Complete the sentence according to the passage.
Like an elephant, a mammoth had a ... and ...
- Answer the question according to the passage.
Why did the mammoth stay the same for thousands of years?

Readings

Passage 1

Disneyland is a park located in California. It was opened in 1955 by Walt Disney, the man who invented the cartoon character Mickey Mouse. Disney wanted to build a place where parents and children could enjoy themselves together. Disneyland has changed the world. Walt Disney has created the most magical place on the Earth. The slogan of the park is "Where dreams come true".

The park offers its guests many ways of enjoying their visit. The park is the wonderful place with a lot of interesting and different attractions which they can attend. So it is one of the most popular amusement parks in the world. Both children and adults all over the world are eager to visit it.

1. What is the passage mainly about?
A) the incredible place on the Earth
B) children and adults all over the world
C) the life of Walt Disney
D) attending attractions
E) cartoons invented by Walt Disney
2. Which statement is true according to the passage?
A) To visit Disneyland is a dream of children and grown-ups.
B) The guests coming to the park have no opportunity to enjoy themselves.
C) Disneyland is a park in California which has lost its popularity.
D) The number of attractions in the park is very few.
E) Only children wish to visit the park.
3. Choose the correct answer to the question according to the passage.
What are the advantages of visiting the park?
1. to enjoy time with family members
2. to lose the chance of enjoying the attractions
3. to see a lot of different attractions
4. to visit the most unpopular park
A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 3
4. Which word from the passage has the meaning "an activity that provides entertainment and pleasure"?
A) a character
B) a dream
C) a cartoon
D) a place
E) an amusement

5. The underlined word "it" in the passage refers to
A) the attraction
B) the Earth
C) the world
D) a character
E) the park
6. Complete the sentence with the words from the passage.
The founder of Disneyland also invented
7. Write the answer to the question with your own words according to the passage.
Why has Disneyland changed the world?
8. Write the word from the passage which is closest in meaning to the word "well-known".
9. Write two adjectives from the passage which characterize the word "a park".

Passage 2

1. The first humanoid robot (a robot with a structure of human body) was built in 1927. He could accept a telephone call and say two simple sentences. The first humanoid robot that could walk was made in 1972. It could communicate with a person in Japanese and grasp objects with hands.

2. In 2015 Sophia, the humanoid robot with the most realistic face, was activated by a Hong Kong firm. Sophia can see, smile and recognize individuals, also have conversations without having any consciousness (being able to use senses and mental powers to understand what is happening). Sophia became a Saudi Arabian citizen and was the first robot to obtain citizenship (the legal right to belong to a particular country) of any country. She has legal rights. In 2018, Sophia was given a visa by Azerbaijan to attend a congress in Baku. She says: "I want to make the world a better place to live."

3. Despite some concerns about the danger of intelligent robots in the future, it is also believed that they will play a leading role in the era of digital economy and space exploration.

1. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Sophia's sincere speech
- B) artificial intelligence
- C) the danger of intelligent robots
- D) the structure of a human body
- E) future space exploration

2. Which statement is true according to the passage?

- A) The first walking humanoid robot couldn't say any words.
- B) The improvement of humanoid robots threatens some humans.
- C) Sophia was given a citizenship by Azerbaijan.
- D) The first humanoid robot designed in 1927 could walk.
- E) Sophia has hardly any interesting abilities.

3. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

Sophia is unique because ...

- 1. she has citizenship.
- 2. she hasn't got legal rights.
- 3. she can't talk.
- 4. her face is the most realistic.
- 5. she can identify faces.

- A) 1, 2 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3, 4
- D) 2, 4, 5 E) 1, 4, 5

4. Choose the correct answers to the question according to the passage.

What are Sophia's intentions?

- 1. She is planning to go to Saudi Arabia.
 - 2. She wants to take part in the congress in Baku.
 - 3. She wants her abilities to be useful for mankind.
 - 4. She wishes to see the world prosper.
- A) 1, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3, 4
D) 1, 2 E) 3, 4

5. According to the passage, write the answer to the question using your own words.

Which of the robots has consciousness?

6. According to the passage, complete the sentence with your own words.

Sophia has legal rights as she ...

7. Which word from paragraph 2 best fits the following definition?

"to be able to identify somebody/something that one has seen"

8. Write one adjective from the passage which can characterize the word "economy".

Passage 3

1. A superhero is a fictional character with special powers. Since the first Superman story was written in the USA in 1938, superheroes have appeared in various comics around the world. Nowadays they have become known as film characters.

2. Although superhero powers vary widely, extraordinary strength and the ability to fly are common. Some superheroes do not have special powers but have developed other important abilities. They do good deeds and in order to protect friends and family, their names are usually kept secret. It often means that superheroes have a complicated double life.

There are successful superheroes in other countries too. Japan is the only country that has created as many superhero characters as the USA.

3. However, most Japanese superheroes are short-lived. While American entertainment companies invent new superheroes, hoping they will stay popular, Japanese companies frequently introduce new characters.

1. The passage is mainly about ...

- A) a fictional character who has special powers.
- B) many comics and films.
- C) protecting families and friends.
- D) short-lived characters around the world.
- E) Japanese superhero characters.

2. Which statements are true according to the passage?

- 1. The first Superman story was written in the USA.
- 2. Most Japanese superheroes remain popular for a short time.
- 3. Superheroes do not keep their names secret.
- 4. American companies try to introduce short-lived characters.
- 5. All superheroes have special powers.

- A) 4, 5 B) 2, 3, 4 C) 3, 4
- D) 1, 2 E) 1, 3, 5

3. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

Although some superheroes lack special powers, they ...

- A) live a simple life like other people
- B) cannot protect their friends and family
- C) establish various companies

D) create new comics

E) have developed other important skills

4. Which of the following is **not** typical of superheroes?

- A) They help those who are in need.
- B) They keep their names secret.
- C) They have special powers and abilities.
- D) They protect everyone except their friends.
- E) They have a complicated double life.

5. According to the passage, complete the sentence with your own words.

Great strength and the ability to fly are ...

6. According to the passage, write the answer to the question using your own words.

What do Japanese companies frequently do?

7. Which word from paragraph 3 best fits the definition: "*the business of making films, television programmes, shows, etc. that amuse people*"?

8. Write two adjectives from the passage which can characterize superheroes.

Passage 4

1. At the age of 23, Jane Goodall left England for Africa to visit her friend who had moved there. Jane got work as a secretary for Louis, a Kenyan scientist, who appreciated her careful way of working and her interest in animals. Louis offered Jane to help him by studying the chimpanzees at Gombe Stream National Park, in Tanzania.

2. Over the years Goodall became the leading expert on chimpanzees, she was able to correct a number of misunderstandings about chimpanzees. For example, she found out that the chimpanzees are not herbivores (animals that eat only plants) and they are also able to make and use tools. She observed chimpanzees using grass and small branches as tools to remove ants from their anthills, and also hunting and killing smaller monkeys for food. The legendary expert also found out that the chimpanzees have complex and highly developed human behaviours such as hugs (acts of putting your arms around somebody and holding them, especially to show that you love them), kisses, pats on the back, and so on.

3. Goodall wrote a number of books and articles about various aspects of her work. She wrote about all the years of her observation in the book "The Chimpanzees of Gombe".

1. The passage is mainly about ...

- A) the woman who studied chimpanzees
- B) human behaviours
- C) a Kenyan scientist's study
- D) hunting and killing smaller monkeys
- E) Goodall's books and articles

2. Which statements are **false** according to the passage?

- 1. Jane Goodall left Africa when she was 23 years old.
 - 2. Goodall is the author of the book "The Chimpanzees of Gombe".
 - 3. Only humans can use tools.
 - 4. Jane observed chimpanzees and made important discoveries.
 - 5. Chimpanzees do not eat meat.
- A) 1, 2
 - B) 2, 4
 - C) 3, 4, 5
 - D) 4, 5
 - E) 1, 3, 5

3. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

Jane Goodall left her country at the age of 23 to ...

- A) hunt and kill small monkeys for food
- B) write articles on various animals
- C) study chimpanzees and other animals
- D) study structures of anthills
- E) visit a friend who lived in Africa

4. Choose the correct answers to the question according to the passage.

What made Jane Goodall a leading expert on chimpanzees?

- 1. She corrected a number of misunderstandings about them.
 - 2. She observed that chimpanzees eat only grass.
 - 3. She discovered that chimpanzees didn't have any human behaviours.
 - 4. She found out new facts about them.
- A) 1, 3
 - B) 2, 3
 - C) 2, 4
 - D) 1, 2
 - E) 1, 4

5. According to the passage, complete the sentence with your own words.

Chimpanzees can hug, kiss and pat which shows that they can behave ...

6. Write the answer to the question using your own words.

What encouraged Louis to offer Jane to help him in studying the chimpanzees?

7. Which word from paragraph 2 best fits the definition: "to watch somebody/something carefully, especially to learn more about them"?

8. Write two adjectives from the passage which can characterize the word "behaviour".

Passage 5

1. Scientists explain that weeping is a part of human's emotional expression. Tears formed while crying are associated with strong emotions, such as sorrow, grief and also joy, happiness and laughter. Tears mainly consist of water, salt and minerals. Researchers have found that crying normalizes nervous system and helps people to relax. They may also relieve both physical and emotional pain.

2. When humans cry in response to stress, their tears contain a number of stress hormones and other chemicals. Crying can reduce the levels of these chemicals in the body and helps people to lift their spirit and improve their mood. Emotional tears contain more protein-based hormones which make people feel good. Good effects of crying, such as calming, good mood, pain-relieving may help a person fall asleep more easily.

3. Tears not only regulate human's emotions but also protect the eyes. Tears have an important role in maintaining the healthy functioning of the eyes. They prevent the eyes from dryness and keep them clean. External objects that enter the eye are washed out by tears.

1. The passage is mainly about ...

- A) hormones and other chemicals
- B) the functions of eyes
- C) strong emotions
- D) benefits of crying
- E) human's emotions

2. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

Tears protect the eyes from ...

- 1. dirt
- 2. calming
- 3. dryness
- 4. cleaning

A) 2, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2

3. Choose the correct answer to the question according to the passage.

What do tears consist of?

- 1. water
- 2. external objects
- 3. salt
- 4. minerals

A) 1, 3, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 2, 3
D) 2, 3, 4 E) 2, 4

4. Which statements are correct according to the passage?

- 1. Tears decrease human's physical and emotional suffering.
- 2. Tears increase the stress hormones in the blood.
- 3. Tears improve the functioning of eyes.
- 4. Tears make human become more worried.

A) 2, 4 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2

5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.

... is a part of human's emotional expression.

6. Write the answer to the question with your own words according to the passage.

What are external objects entering the eye washed out by?

7. Which word in paragraph 1 best fits the following definition: "to rest and become calm and less worried"

8. Complete the sentence with your own words according to the passage.

When you cry the levels of some chemicals in the body ...

Passage 6

1. Marie Curie was one of the famous scientists in history. She had a bright mind and a perfect personality. She dedicated herself to discovering the mysteries of the physical world. She studied several radioactive substances and her scientific works helped to unlock the secrets of the atom.

2. She was the first woman to be given a professorship at the world-famous Sorbonne University and also to win a Nobel Prize twice in different sciences: in physics and in chemistry. Her achievements included the development of the theory of radioactivity and the discovery of two elements, polonium and radium. She named her first chemical element polonium, after her native country Poland. This discovery was her huge contribution to the fight against cancer.

3. Marie Curie eventually became ill after working with radium, but she was never displeased. There is a charity hospital named after Marie Curie in London. It is a major UK charity for people suffering from cancer.

1. The passage is mainly about
 A) The ways of treating cancer.
 B) Mysteries of physical world.
 C) Radioactive substances.
 D) Scientific achievements of a great scientist.
 E) A charity hospital in London.
2. Which statement is true according to the passage.
 A) Marie Curie succeeded in discovering chemical elements widely used for treating cancer.
 B) Marie Curie won a Nobel Prize twice for her discovery in physics.
 C) Polonium and radium deeply affected the health of the people living with cancer.
 D) The charity hospital named after Marie Curie is in her motherland.
 E) She named her second element after the famous Sorbonne University.
3. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.
Marie Curie's scientific works helped
 1. to discover the secrets of the atom
 2. to discover polonium and radium
 3. to cure different injuries
 4. to develop the theory of radioactivity
 A) 1, 2, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 2, 4
 D) 1, 3 E) 2, 4

4. Choose the correct answer according to the passage.
What did Marie Curie devote all her life to?
 A) treating her illness
 B) bringing up her children
 C) the people suffering from cancer
 D) winning a Nobel Prize
 E) researching mysteries in physics and chemistry

5. Complete the sentence with your own words according to the passage.
The discovery of the radioactive elements was a great ... to the treatment of cancer.

6. Write the answer to the question with your own words according to the passage.
Why did Maria Curie become ill?

7. Which word in paragraph 3 has the following definition "an organization for helping people in need"

8. Complete the sentence with your own words according to the passage.
The charity hospital in the UK helps people

Passage 7

1. Anger is natural emotion of a person. It is a natural reaction to fears or pressure from our environment. When people show anger because of injustice, or unfair treatment, it shows that they care of people around them. This kind of anger can lead people to make good changes in their lives.

2. But sometimes the way people behave can be awful. They shout at others or say things they don't really mean. They lose control and become very violent. They may hurt others. But there are some simple ways that help to overcome anger. They can be very useful for you. First, count before you say or do something, then try to take a short break, later take a long, deep breath. You can also imagine yourself in a calm, peaceful place, for example next to a river or in a green field. Long exercise or taking a short walk can also be helpful.

3. Anyway anger affects the body, raising blood pressure and increasing heartbeat. When people are able to control feelings, they can overcome their anger.

1. The passage is mainly about ...

- A) raising blood pressure
- B) taking short walks
- C) how to fight against injustice
- D) the strong feeling of a person
- E) solving environmental problems

2. Which statements are true according to the passage?

- 1. People become very rude when they overcome anger.
- 2. Anger is a person's reaction to unfairness.
- 3. Sometimes anger can have positive results.
- 4. Anger can hardly be controlled in any situation.

- A) 1, 3 B) 2, 3 C) 2, 3, 4
- D) 1, 4 E) 1, 2, 4

3. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

While being angry, people can ...

- 1. say things they don't really mean.
- 2. hurt others
- 3. make a very good impression on others
- 4. shout at others

- A) 1, 3 B) 3, 4 C) 1, 2, 3
- D) 1, 2, 4 E) 2, 4

4. Choose the correct answer according to the passage.

What can people do to overcome anger?

- 1. imagine themselves in a calm place
- 2. lose control
- 3. become very violent
- 4. take short walks

- A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 2 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 4

5. Complete the sentence according to the passage with your own words.

Angry people have to find ... to be calm.

6. Write the answer to the question according to the passage.

What do people often show their anger against?

7. Write the word from paragraph 1 which best fits the following definition: "to like or love somebody and worry about what happens to them".

8. Write two adjectives which describe the word "place".

Passage 8

1. Levi Strauss was a young tailor from Germany. He worked in San Francisco and sold thick cloth. That cloth called "canvas" was a strong heavy rough material used to make tents, sails and also to paint on.

2. One day, a miner told Levi that he could not find trousers that were strong enough for work in the gold mines because they were thin and tore very easily. Levi decided to make some trousers out of that thick cloth. As that material was rather heavy and hard to bend, Levi began to look for a different textile. Soon he found a new textile from France. It was a type of strong cotton cloth which was called "denim". Denim was a bit lighter than canvas. It was used for making clothes. However, its colour was white. Miners didn't like the colour because white trousers got very dirty while working. So Levi Strauss chose dark blue colour and made denim trousers that were called "Blue Jeans".

5. Complete the sentence with the word from the passage.

Levi Strauss was a young tailor, who sold thick cloth called " ... ".

6. Write the answer to the question with your own words according to the passage?

Why did Levi choose dark blue colour for the denim jeans?

1. The passage is mainly about

- A) the miners' complaint
- B) rough materials
- C) the white canvas
- D) making tents
- E) the appearance of jeans

2. Which statements are true according to the passage?

- 1. The canvas was used to make tents.
- 2. Miners liked the white colour of denim.
- 3. "Blue Jeans" were made by gold miners.
- 4. The new material was brought from France.

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 3, 4

3. Complete the sentence according to the passage.

Levi preferred denim to canvas because ...

- A) denim was not suitable for miners.
- B) it was a little heavier than canvas.
- C) denim was hard to bend.
- D) denim was used only for making tents.
- E) it was a little lighter than canvas.

4. Choose the correct answer according to the passage.

What kind of jeans did the miners prefer?

- 1. strong enough
- 2. of white colour
- 3. of dark colour
- 4. too thin

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 1, 4 D) 1, 2 E) 3, 4

7. Which word from paragraph 2 best fits the definition "a hole in the ground where coal, metal, etc. are removed"?

8. Write two adjectives from the passage which characterize "denim".

Passage 9

1. Kelaghayi is Azerbaijani women's national, a square-shaped, silk headscarf which protects them from the hot sun and cold wind because silk keeps cool in summer and warm in winter.

2. Historically kelaghayis were made in Basgal, Ganja and Sheki. But Sheki succeeded in this field more than the others. Since the middle ages Sheki has been the centre of silkworm breeding in Azerbaijan and in the Caucasus. The local population were engaged and specialized in kelaghayi production. The dresses, scarves and shawls made of Shaki silk are highly appreciated.

3. Depending on the place of production kelaghayis differ in their design and colour. The main ornament used in kelaghayis is "buta", a twisted teardrop. It is a symbol of the fire which has been worshipped in Azerbaijan since ancient times. Today women wear kelaghayis on particular occasions. There are age and social differences in wearing kelaghayis: older women wear kelaghayis of darker colours, whereas younger women prefer brighter ones. They can make a choice in their design, colour and form.

Kelaghayi is kept at the favourable place of house. It is possible to see it even at homes of Azerbaijanis living abroad.

- C) of darker colour are worn by younger women
- D) are produced in all regions except Shaki
- E) can be worn only in winter

4. Write the answer to the question according to the passage.

- Why are kelaghayis valued by women?
- Because ...

- A) they are produced abroad.
- B) they can be worn both in summer and winter.
- C) they have a square-shaped form.
- D) their design and colour remain unchanged.
- E) they are worn only on particular occasions.

5. Complete the sentence according to the passage with your own words.

Buta is ...

6. Answer the question according to the passage.
What has Shaki been the centre of?

7. Which word in paragraph 2 best fits the definition "to recognize the good qualities of somebody/something"?

8. Write two adjectives from the passage which characterize "headscarf".

1. The passage is mainly about ...

- A) a kind of the national clothing
- B) age and social differences
- C) the main ornament of kelaghayis
- D) the colour of kelaghayis
- E) a symbol of the fire

2. Which statements are true according to the passage?

- 1. The articles of clothing made of Shaki silk are highly appreciated.
- 2. The old and the young wear the same colour of kelaghayis.
- 3. Shaki was not the only place where kelaghayis were made.
- 4. The main ornament "buta" is the symbol of Shaki.

A) 2, 4 B) 2, 3 C) 1, 3 D) 1, 2 E) 3, 4

3. Complete the sentence according to the passage.

Kelaghayis ...

- A) vary in colour and design
- B) can be worn only in summer

Passage 10

1. "Frozen" is an American animated fantasy movie. It was made by Walt Disney Studios and released on November 27, 2013. The story is similar to a Hans Christian Anderson fairy tale called "The Snow Queen".

2. One of the main characters in the movie is Anna. She is the princess of a palace called Arendelle. The story is about Anna's journey to find her sister called Elsa. Elsa has special powers, and she can make ice, snow and frost whenever she wants to. However, Elsa's lack of control results in her living in fear of hurting anyone with her powers, and she spends much of her early life shut out of the world. Though it pains her greatly to do so, Elsa also sees it necessary to distance herself from Anna, so there will be no risk of hurting her. Anna goes on a journey to find Elsa with a mountain man called Kristoff, his pet reindeer Sven, and a funny snowman called Olaf.

3. The movie was very popular around the world. It made a lot of money. In total it made \$1.3 billion just from people watching it at the movie theatre. In America and Canada it made \$400 million, and in Japan it earned \$250 million. The music from "Frozen" was also a big success. The most popular song was "Let it go". This lovely song was written by Kristen Anderson-Lopez. The song used in the movie was performed by Idina Menzel, but a slightly different pop version was used at the end of the movie. The pop star Demi Lovato sang this version.

1. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Walt Disney Studios in America
- B) a mountain man Kristoff
- C) the successful animated fantasy movie
- D) the pop star Demi Lovato
- E) the music from the movie Frozen

2. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

One of the main characters in the movie "Frozen" is Anna who ...

- 1. is willing to look for her sister
- 2. has a power to make ice, snow and frost
- 3. left the palace and her sister
- 4. is the princess of Arendelle
- 5. didn't allow her sister Elsa to live in the palace

- A) 2, 3 B) 2, 3, 4 C) 1, 4
- D) 1, 4, 5 E) 1, 2, 4

3. Choose the correct answer according to the passage.

Why did Elsa leave the palace where she lived?

- A) She wanted to live independently.
- B) She wanted to be the princess of Arendelle.
- C) She hated her sister very much.
- D) She wanted to improve her powers.
- E) She didn't want to hurt her sister.

4. Choose the true statement according to the passage.

- A) Kristen Anderson-Lopez performed "Let it go".
- B) Elsa wants to find her sister Anna.
- C) The pop version of the song was performed by D. Lovato.
- D) "Frozen" is quite different from the "Snow Queen".
- E) Anna sets off in search of her sister by herself.

5. Write the word from paragraph 3 which best fits the following definition "to act a piece of music to entertain the audience"?

6. Write the answer to the question with your own words according to the passage.
Why did Elsa live in fear of hurting people?

7. Complete the sentence with your own words according to the passage.

Not only the movie "Frozen", but also its music ...

8. Write three words from the passage which characterize the word "movie".

Passage 11

1. Nowadays, every household produces electronic rubbish (or e-rubbish) – an old TV or computer printer, or an out-of-date mobile phone we no longer need. But when we throw these everyday items away, not many of us know where these objects go. The famous journalist and photographer Peter Essick decided to follow this e-rubbish in several different countries around the world.

2. In particular, Essick found out that a lot of e-rubbish goes to Ghana. There, he saw mountains of old computers in the local markets. The sellers resell some of them but not much equipment works. Instead, they recycle the broken computers by melting the internal parts. These parts contain a little metal such as copper or even gold. However, this process of recycling is dangerous for the workers because it produces a lot of toxic chemicals.

3. As a result of his journey, Peter Essick thinks it's important to stop exporting e-rubbish. It's bad for the environment and for people's health. Instead, he believes manufacturers need to produce more eco-friendly electronic equipment in the future.

1. What is the passage about?

- A) eco-friendly electronics
- B) the producers of e-rubbish
- C) the use of mobile phones
- D) Peter Essick's interest
- E) valuable metals

2. Which sentences are true according to the passage?

- 1. Most of e-rubbish is out of order electronic equipment.
- 2. Copper and gold are toxic chemicals.
- 3. Exporting e-rubbish is bad for the environment.
- 4. It is hardly dangerous to recycle broken computers.

A) 2, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 3 E) 3, 4

3. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

Peter Essick came to conclusion that...

- A) more eco-friendly devices should be produced in the future
- B) the local markets in Ghana don't prefer selling old computers
- C) the process of melting internal parts of computers don't influence the workers badly.

D) there is hardly any copper or gold inside the computers.

E) e-rubbish is harmless for the environment and people's health

4. Choose the correct answer according to the passage.

What should be stopped according to P.Essick's opinion?

- 1. selling and transporting e-rubbish to foreign countries
- 2. producing electronic equipment
- 3. producing eco-friendly devices
- 4. reselling computers which are out-of-order

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 1, 4 E) 3, 4

5. Answer the question with your own words according to the passage.

Why did P.Essick go after e-rubbish?

6. Which word from Paragraph 3 has the following definition "a person or company that makes goods for sale"?

7. Write one adjective from the passage which describes the process of melting internal parts of computers.

8. Complete the sentence with your own words according to the passage.

Some of the old computers ... don't work.

Passage 12

1. A Japanese company, Shimizu, is planning to open the first hotel in space within 15 years. They want to offer 3-day holidays in a space station. However, holidays in space will be very expensive, about 90.000 dollars for three days. Shimizu believes that there are enough people who will be ready to pay the price.

2. Other firms in Japan and the USA want to open hotels on the Moon. Trips to the Moon will be even more expensive. The Japanese firm is quite serious, but they can't yet start building their orbiting hotel, as they need commercial reusable shuttles (a spacecraft designed for repeated use). Such shuttles don't exist yet. The old American shuttles, such as Atlantis and Columbia, were very expensive to start. They were sent into orbit with big rockets which were not reusable.

3. Tomorrow's shuttles will be unlike airplanes. They will take off and land on their own. They are planned to be more economical. The Americans are working on them.

1. The passage is mainly about ...
 - A) the Japanese firm making reusable shuttles
 - B) the old American shuttles
 - C) the intentions of opening the hotels in space
 - D) a short holiday in space hotels
 - E) the shuttles sent into orbit with big rockets

2. Which statements are **false** according to the passage?

1. The Japanese firm has already built a hotel in space.
2. The Americans are working on more economical shuttles.
3. It was impossible to send Atlantis and Columbia into space without big rockets.
4. Shimizu hesitates whether people are ready to pay about 90.000 dollars for 3 days.

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 3, 4 E) 1, 2

3. Choose the correct answer according to the passage.

What will tomorrow's shuttles be like?

1. they will be different from airplanes
2. they will take off with the help of big rockets

3. they will make a landing without any help
4. they are intended to be uneconomical

A) 2, 4 B) 1, 4 C) 1, 3 D) 2, 3 E) 3, 4

4. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

The reason why the orbiting hotels are not available now is that ...

1. there are no reusable shuttles yet
2. their price is going to be very high
3. the existing shuttles can't be used repeatedly
4. there will be no demand for them in the future

A) 1, 4 B) 1, 3 C) 2, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 3, 4

5. Complete the sentence with your own words according to the passage.

The old shuttles which the Americans activated ...

6. Write the word from Paragraph 1 which best fits the definition "the amount of money that you have to pay for something"?

7. Write two adjectives from the passage which describe the word "shuttle".

8. Write the answer to the question with your own words according to the passage.
How were the old American shuttles put into motion?

Passage 13

1. Nick d'Aloisio always wanted to create his own applications (programs designed to do particular jobs) for iPhones. To do this, he needed to know how to use computer code. As programming wasn't taught at school, he worked out how to do basic computer programming by himself from YouTube videos.

2. As a teenager, Nick used to spend his spare time creating applications. The turning point came when Nick was fifteen. While he was revising for a school exam, he wasted a lot of time scrolling (moving text on a computer screen up or down) through pages of information to find what he needed. This gave him an idea. He decided to design an application that could summarize long news stories in a few short paragraphs. So, in 2011, Nick created Trimit which was very useful and successful. Then, a billionaire from Honk Kong made an investment in his idea. This made it possible for Nick to save time and develop his other application Summly; otherwise, he would never afford it.

1. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) Nick d'Aloisio's realizing his ideas
- B) Honk Kong's applications
- C) Widening short paragraphs
- D) Nick's making an investment
- E) YouTube videos

2. Which statements are true according to the passage?

- 1. Computer coding was taught to Nick at school.
- 2. Nick learned computer coding through self-study.
- 3. The program Trimit didn't bring him any fame at all.
- 4. Nick always found useful information very easily before creating Trimit.
- 5. With the help of a rich person, Nick created another application Summly.

- A) 1, 5 B) 1, 3, 5 C) 2, 3, 4
- D) 2, 5 E) 3, 4

3. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

Nick d'Aloisio learned computer programming in order ...

- A) to scroll through pages
- B) to teach programming at school
- C) to waste his time on YouTube
- D) to make his own applications
- E) to be good at school subjects

4. Choose the correct answer according to the passage.

What made it possible for Nick to create Summly?

- 1. the investment made by billionaire
 - 2. the idea of a billionaire from Hong Kong
 - 3. Trimit's popularity
 - 4. Honk Kong's programming lessons
 - 5. the investment allowing Nick to save time
- A) 2, 3, 4 B) 1, 3, 5 C) 1, 5
D) 1, 2 E) 3, 4

5. Complete the sentence using your own words according to the passage.

The program Trimit helped people to ...

6. Write the answer to the question with your own words according to the passage.

What made Nick create Trimit?

7. Write the word from Paragraph 2 which best fits the definition: "have enough money to pay for something"?

8. Write two adjectives from the passage which describe Nick's first application.

Passage 14

1. Nina Devani is a teenager who has found success with an application, but this came with a misfortune that had happened to her father, Atul. When Atul's Facebook account was hacked (to hack - to secretly find a way of looking at and/or changing information on somebody else's computer system without permission) into one day, he faced a big problem. As he had used the same password for other Internet accounts, he had to create a new password for each different account. It was impossible to remember them all!

2. Nina's dad was thinking about the problem he had when Nina came up with the idea for a new application. The application would give users prompts or tips to help them to remember their passwords more easily. There were other applications available, but they all required giving your password to someone else, which wasn't ideal and reliable. A famous businessman invested a sum of money in her application, and Nina started her app (application) "Prompt me Nina". At fourteen, Nina had her own company. She believes that you can do whatever you want if you are determined.

- What is the passage mainly about?
A) the teenager's creating a new app
B) a famous businessman
C) Atul's idea for a new app
D) the teenager's Internet accounts
E) investing money in Facebook
- Which statements are true according to the passage?
1. No accounts had been hacked before Nina's creating a new app.
2. Father's luck resulted in the creation of a new application.
3. Nina's application helps people to remember passwords.
4. Nina received financial support for her application.
5. Nina dreams about owning a company one day.
A) 2, 4, 5 B) 3, 4 C) 2, 3
D) 1, 2, 5 E) 1, 3
- Choose the correct variant according to the passage.
Nina's father had to make new passwords for his accounts but ...
A) it was easy to remember the passwords
B) Nina's new application hardly helped him to remember them

- C) it was impossible to memorize them
D) it was impossible to forget them
E) Nina didn't help him to do it

- Choose the correct answer according to the passage.
Why did Nina's father have to create more than one password?
1. to save each of his accounts from hackers
2. in order to take risks with his accounts
3. to prevent other problems in the future
4. to experience the same problems in the future
A) 1, 3 B) 1, 4 C) 2, 4 D) 2, 3 E) 3, 4
- Complete the sentence using your own words:
Nina's new application helped people ...
- Write the answer to the question with your own words according to the passage.
Why did Nina's father face a big problem?
- Write the word from Paragraph 2 which best fits the definition: *making a firm decision to do something and not letting anyone to prevent you?*
- Write two adjectives from the passage which describe Nina's application.

Passage 15

1. Scientists have found why smells bring back distant memories. An area of the brain relate memories to smells and stores them for decades. The area can remember memories very clearly years later. A professor said that smells are stored in the olfactory (connected with the sense of smell) brain. This part of the brain is dedicated to our sense of smell. It can temporarily store memories. The professor wanted to know if the brain can store long-term memories as well.

2. There are many smells that take us back to our childhood. Smells from cookies in the oven or perfume can bring back memories of growing up. Some smells can take you to another point in time. They can make you wish you were back in the past, or make you want to escape. Smells can even encourage you to buy things in stores. Many stores spray perfumes to make people buy things they loved years ago.

1. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A) Our brain can hardly store smells for decades.
- B) Mainly sweet smells take you back to your childhood.
- C) Smells can make you sell things.
- D) Some smells don't bring back our memories.
- E) Smells are connected with our memories.

2. Which statements are **false** according to the passage?

- 1. Scientists know nothing about the link between smells and memories.
- 2. The brain stores memories associated with smells for decades.
- 3. The researcher wanted to know how the brain can store long-term memories.
- 4. The article says there are many smells that remind us of our childhood.
- 5. Smells never make you wish you returned to the past.

A) 2, 3 B) 1, 5 C) 4, 5 D) 2, 4 E) 1, 4

3. Choose the correct variant.

According to the passage, many shops ... in order to make you buy things you liked years ago.

- A) make you escape
- B) bake some cookies
- C) spray perfumes
- D) hardly spray any perfumes
- E) make you ignore the smell of perfume

4. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

What can remind you of memories of growing up?

- 1. the smell of cookies
- 2. buying things in stores
- 3. the smell of perfume
- 4. wanting to escape
- 5. thinking about decades

A) 1, 4

B) 4, 5

C) 1, 3

D) 2, 3, 4

E) 2, 4, 5

5. Complete the sentence according to the passage.

Olfactory brain can temporarily keep

6. According to the passage, write the answer to the question with your own words.

What else did the researcher want to know?

7. Which word from paragraph 1 best fits the definition "far away in space or time"?

8. Write two adjectives from the passage which describe "memory".

Passage 16

1. Air pollution may reduce intelligence. Research in China showed that air pollution led to big falls in test scores for languages and arithmetic. The research lasted over four years. Researchers looked at speaking and arithmetic tests taken by 20,000 people of all ages. They said: "Polluted air may stop the progress of cognitive (connected with mental process of understanding) ability as people become older."

2. This research is a warning to people in cities. Over 91 per cent of us live in areas with toxic (poisonous) air, which is the fourth biggest cause of global deaths. If people are not protected from polluted air, their intelligence will go down. Air pollution may cause a year's worth of lost education for the young, but several years for older people. A researcher warned: "Governments really need to take concrete measures to reduce air pollution."

1. What is the main idea of the passage?

- A) Air pollution damages intelligence.
- B) Governments take concrete measures to reduce air pollution.
- C) Students' test scores for languages and arithmetic are rising.
- D) The number of people living in cities has grown.
- E) The quality of life in large cities is reducing.

2. Which statement(s) is/are **false** according to the passage?

- 1. Governments shouldn't take concrete measures to reduce air pollution.
- 2. Scientists say that as a result of air pollution the intelligence level is falling.
- 3. Scientists said pollution reduced language and arithmetic test scores.
- 4. Scientists conducted the research over a four-year period.
- 5. Around 20,000 teenagers took a test in the research.

A) 4, 5 B) 3 C) 1, 5 D) 1, 2, 3 E) 4

3. Choose the correct variant.

Researchers found out that air pollution can ...

- A) lead to positive changes
- B) take place every four years
- C) hardly harm intelligence

- D) increase the speed of process of understanding
- E) reduce the development of cognitive abilities

4. Choose the correct answer to the question.
What is the fourth highest cause of death in the world?

- A) drops in the test scores
- B) measures taken by the governments
- C) low intelligence
- D) air pollution
- E) lost education

5. Complete the sentence according to the passage using your own words.
Most of the world's population live in areas where ...

6. Write the answer to the question according to the passage using your own words.
How old were the people who took part in the research?

7. Which word from paragraph 1 best fits the definition "to make something less or smaller in size, quantity, price, etc."?

8. Write one adjective from the passage which describes "deaths".

**2018-2019-cu tədris ili üçün 7 aprel 2019-cu il
tarixində keçirilmiş buraxılış imtahanında
istifadə olunan test tapşırıqlarının izahı**

**Listen to the passage and
answer questions 1 – 6.**

QEYD: Müvafiq audiofayl
DİM-in saytında yerləşdirilmişdir.
(<http://dim.gov.az/news/2504/>)



Passage 2

1. What is the passage about?
A) a famous teacher
B) the London Opera House
C) the football World Cup
D) a singing lesson
E) a famous opera singer

Mövzu: Dinləmə mətni

Sinif: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığında şagirdlərdən dinlənilmiş mətnin əsasən nə haqda olduğunu müəyyənləşdirmək tələb olunur. Mətn məşhur opera müğənnisi haqqındadır.

Cavab: a famous opera singer

2. Which statement is true according to the passage?
A) As a young boy, he attended the city's chorus.
B) He had no interest in painting at all.
C) He started his own competitions in Italy.
D) Nowadays people don't listen to his CDs.
E) He exhibited his paintings in Europe.

Mövzu: Dinləmə mətni

Sinif: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığında mətnə uyğun olaraq düzgün fikri tapmaq tələb olunur. B, C, D və E bəndlərindəki fikirlər düzgün deyildir.

Cavab: As a young boy, he attended the city's chorus.

3. Choose the correct answer to the question according to the passage.
Why did Pavarotti sing in the London Opera House in 1963?
A) The people had a great interest in his singing.
B) Another actor was too ill to sing.
C) Millions of people watched his concerts on TV.
D) He wanted to be famous in England.
E) He was already a popular singer.

Mövzu: Dinləmə mətni

Sinif: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığında verilmiş suala düzgün cavab vermək tələb olunur. Mətnə Pavarottinin 1963-cü ildə London Opera House-da mahnı oxumasının səbəbi soruşulur.

Cavab: Another actor was too ill to sing.

4. Write the answer to the question according to the passage.
What did Pavarotti's life experience inspire him to be?

Mövzu: Dinləmə mətni

Sinif: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığında verilmiş sualın düzgün cavabını yazmaq tələb olunur. Sualda Pavarottinin həyat təcrübəsinin onu nəyə ruhlandırırdığı soruşulur.

Cavab: Pavarotti's life experience inspire him to be a professional singer./a professional singer

5. Write one adjective from the passage that describes the word "hobbies".

Mövzu: Dinləmə mətni

Sinif: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığında "hobbies" sözünü təsvir edən bir sifət yazmaq tələb olunur.

Cavab: favourite

6. Complete the sentence according to the passage.
When Pavarotti grew up, he worked as ...

Mövzu: Dinləmə mətni

Sinif: 5-11

İzah: Bu test tapşırığında verilmiş cümlənin davamını mətnə əsasən yazmaq tələb olunur.

Cavab: a teacher

7. Choose the correct form of the verb.
The children noticed ... the house when they were playing in the yard.
A) them to approach
B) the cars to approach
C) the cars approaching
D) they to approach
E) they approaching

Mövzu: Mürəkkəb tamamlıq

Sınıf: 10

İzah: Test tapşırığı feilin şəxssiz formaları bölməsindən olan "Complex Object" mövzusunə aiddir. Bildiyimiz kimi, mürəkkəb tamamlıq tərkibində hissi qavrayış bildirən feillərdən sonra ya "to" hissəciksiz məsdər, ya da P-1 işlənməlidir. Bu səbəbdən, A, B, D bəndləri səhvdir. E bəndində isə tamamlıq rolunda olan şəxs əvəzliyi adlıq halda "they" deyil, obyekt halında (them) işlənməli idi. Odur ki, E bəndi də səhvdir. C bəndində mürəkkəb tamamlıq tərkibində the cars +P-1 işlənilib və cavab doğru cavabdır.

Cavab: the cars approaching

8. Choose the correct passive voice version of the sentence:

The company accepted some new projects.

- A) Some new projects were accepted by the company.
- B) The company was accepted some new projects.
- C) The company has been accepted some new projects.
- D) Some new projects are accepted by the company.
- E) Some new projects have been accepted by the company.

Mövzu: Feilin məchul növü

Sınıf: 9

İzah: Tapşırıqda verilmiş cümləni məlum növdən məchul növə çevirmək tələb olunur. Bildiyiniz kimi, cümləni məlum növdən məchul növə çevirərkən zaman dəyişməməlidir. Nəzərə alsaq ki, cümlənin xəbəri "accepted" Past Simple zaman formasındadır, odur ki, D, E bəndləri düzgün hesab edilə bilməz. B bəndindəki cümlənin xəbəri "was accepted" Past Simple zaman formasındadır, amma məlum növdəki cümlənin mübtədası məchul növdəki cümlənin tamamlığı olmalı idi. Bu səbəbdən B və C bəndləri də səhvdir. C bəndindəki cümlədə həm də zaman forması düzgün verilməyib. A bəndindəki cümlə məchul növə düzgün çevrilmişdir.

Cavab: Some new projects were accepted by the company.

9. Choose the correct variant.
- Who has to inform them?

- ...
- A) Neither of us did.
- B) I had.
- C) Everybody had.
- D) Each of us do.
- E) He does.

Mövzu: Qarışıq testlər

Sınıf: 9

İzah: Qarışıq testlər bölməsindən olan bu test tapşırığında mübtədaya verilən qısa cavabı tapmaq tələb olunur. Tapşırığı yerinə yetirərkən xəbərin zaman formasına və ona uyğun köməkçi feilin düzgün işlədilməsinə fikir verilməlidir. Sual cümləsində "must" modal feilinin ekvivalenti olan "has to" işlənməmişdir. Cavab verərkən köməkçi feil olaraq "do" və ya "does" işlənməlidir. D bəndində "do" köməkçi feili cümlənin mübtədası olan "each" sözü ilə şəxsə və kəmiyyətə görə uzlaşmır və səhvdir. E bəndindəki "He does" cavabı doğrudur.

Cavab: He does.

10. Choose the correct variant.

- How much water do you drink every day?
- I drink ... water.

- A) few
- B) a few
- C) many
- D) a lot
- E) a lot of

Mövzu: Qarışıq testlər

Sınıf: 9

İzah: Qarışıq testlər bölməsindən olan bu test tapşırığında düzgün təyinedicinin müəyyən edilməsi tələb olunur. "many, few, a few" miqdar bildirən sözlərdən sonra sayılmayan isim işlənmir, yalnız sayılan cəm isim işlənməlidir. "a lot" zərf olduğu üçün səhv cavabdır. Miqdar bildirən "a lot of" sözü həm sayılan, həm də sayılmayan isimlərlə işlənə bildiyindən, düzgün cavabdır.

Cavab: a lot of

11. Choose the correct tense form.

I'm sure the weather ... soon.

- A) change
- B) changes
- C) will change
- D) changing
- E) changed

Mövzu: Feilin zaman formaları

Sinif: 9

İzah: Bu test tapşırığı abituriyentlərin zaman formalarına dair biliklərini yoxlayır. Cümlənin sonundakı "soon" zaman göstəricisi xəbərin gələcək zamanda olduğunu göstərir. "changing" feili heç bir zaman forması göstərmir. "changed" hərəkətin artıq keçmişdə, "changes" isə indiki qeyri-müəyyən zamanda baş verdiyini gələcəyə aid olmadığını göstərir. "change" isə həm zamanca səhvdir, həm də şəxsə görə də uzlaşmır, *will change* Future Simple zaman formasında olduğundan doğru sayılır.

Cavab: will change

12. Choose the correct variant.

1. a piece of furniture
2. some furniture
3. five furnitures
4. a furniture

- A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2 C) 2, 4
D) 2, 3 E) 1, 4

Mövzu: İsim

Sinif: 10

İzah: Test tapşırığı şagirdlərin sayılmayan isimlərə dair biliklərini yoxlayır. Bildiyimiz kimi, sayılmayan isimləri cəm formasında və qeyri-müəyyən artiklla işlətmək olmaz. Bu baxımdan 3 və 4-cü bəndlər səhvdir. 1 və 2-ci bəndlər qrammatik cəhətdən tam düzgün cavablardır.

Cavab: 1, 2

13. Choose the correct variant.

He is going to tell us ... story about ... Englishman and ... Frenchman.

- A) a, an, a B) -, the, a C) a, -, -
D) -, the, the E) a, a, a

Mövzu: Artıqlı

Sinif: 10

İzah: Verilmiş test tapşırığı *Artıqlı* bölməsinə aiddir. Birinci isim "story" təkdə və sayılan isim olduğuna görə artıqlı işlənmə bilməz, bu səbəbdən B və D bəndləri yanlış cavablardır. *Englishman* və *Frenchman* – mürəkkəb isimləri təkdə olduğu üçün və bütöv milləti bildirmədiyi üçün qeyri müəyyən artıqlı ilə işlənməlidir və buna görə C bəndi səhvdir. "Englishman" saitlə başladığı üçün "an" artıqlı ilə işlənməlidir. Beləliklə doğru cavab A bəndidir.

Cavab: a, an, a

14. Choose the correct variant.

That magazine was ... than this one.

- A) most thin B) more thinner
C) as thin D) thinner
E) thinnest

Mövzu: Sifat

Sinif: 10

İzah: Test tapşırığı sifətin müqayisə dərəcələri mövzusunə aiddir. "Than" bağlayıcısının işlənməsi göstərir ki, sıfat müqayisə dərəcəsinə işlənməlidir. "thin" sıfəti birhecalı olduğu üçün, onun müqayisə dərəcəsi -er şəkilçisinin köməyi ilə düzəldir. Bu səbəbdən, A, B, C və E bəndləri səhvdir. Doğru cavab D bəndidir.

Cavab: thinner

15. Choose the correct variant.

Nelly's staying ... her relatives now.

- A) of B) for C) in
D) with E) to

Mövzu: Sözlönlər

Sinif: 11

İzah: Bu test tapşırığını yerinə yetirmək üçün verilmiş cümləni diqqətlə oxuyub, tərcümə etmək və cavablarda olan sözlönlərin işlənmə qaydalarını bilmək lazımdır. Nəzərə almaq lazımdır ki, "to stay" (*qalmaq*) feilindən sonra kiminlə mənasında əsasən "with" və *harada* mənasında isə "at" və ya "in" sözlönləri işlənir. D bəndindəki "with" sözlönu mənacə uyğun gələn tam düzgün cavabdır.

Cavab: with

16. Choose the correct variant.

Does Helen know ... is coming from Leeds?

- A) when B) that C) why
D) who E) whom

Mövzu: Bağlayıcı

Sinif: 11

İzah: Bağlayıcı mövzusunə aid olan bu test tapşırığını həll edərkən diqqət yetirmək lazımdır ki, bağlayıcı olan söz həm də cümlə üzvüdür, budaq cümlənin mübtədasıdır. Mübtəda ola biləcək bağlayıcı söz D bəndindəki "who" və B bəndindəki "that" bağlayıcılarıdır. "that" yalnız təyin budaq cümləsində mübtədanın əvəzedicisi kimi işlənmə bilər. Verilmiş cümlə isə tamamlıq budaq cümləli tabeli mürəkkəb cümlə olduğu üçün "who" bağlayıcısı doğru cavabdır.

Cavab: who

17. Make up a sentence.

- | | |
|---------------|---------------|
| 1. come | 2. Andrew |
| 3. couldn't | 4. earlier |
| A) 2, 3, 1, 4 | B) 2, 1, 4, 3 |
| C) 4, 3, 1, 2 | D) 1, 2, 4, 3 |
| E) 3, 2, 4, 1 | |

Mövzu: Cümlə düzəltmə

Sınıf: 8

İzah: Bu test tapşırığında verilən sözlərdən cümle qurmaq tələb olunur. Test tapşırığını düzgün yerinə yetirmək üçün verilən sözlərin mənasını bilmək və ingilis dilində söz sırası qaydalarına riayət etmək lazımdır.

Cavab: 2, 3, 1, 4

18. Choose the correct exclamatory sentence.

- A) How smart children they have got!
 B) What the smart children they have got!
 C) How smart children have they got!
 D) What a smart children they have got!
 E) What smart children they have got!

Mövzu: Nida cümləsi

Sınıf: 11

İzah: Nida cümlələri "What" və ya "How" sözləri ilə başlayır. "What" ilə başlayan nida cümlələrində söz sırası belə olur: What+(a) +sifət + isim + mübtəda + xəbər. "How" ilə başlayan nida cümlələrində isə söz sırası belə olur: How + sifət/zərf + mübtəda + xəbər. A, B, C bəndində söz sırası düzgün deyil. E bəndi doğru cavabdır. C bəndində sifətdən sonra isim işlənilib, bu da yanlışdır. D bəndində "What" sözündən sonra gələn isim cəmdə olduğu üçün (a, an) artıqlı işlənməməlidir.

Cavab: What smart children they have got!

19. How many of the given words can be used in the following sentence?

The teacher is proud of his pupils because they are
diligent, naughty, rude, clever, accurate, lazy
 A) 6 B) 4 C) – D) 2 E) 3

Mövzu: Leksika

Sınıf: 6-11

İzah: Bu test tapşırığını yerinə yetirmək üçün şagirdlər zəngin söz ehtiyatına malik olmalıdırlar. Şagirdlər "is proud of his pupils" (şagirdləri ilə fəxr edir) sözlərinin tərcüməsini bilməli və uyğun olaraq müsbət məna verən insani keyfiyyətlərin "diligent, clever, accurate" sayını təyin etməlidirlər.

Cavab: 3

20. Choose the correct interrogative sentences.

1. Why are they digging up the road?
 2. Why they are digging up the road?
 3. Who did you go out with last night?
 4. Who you went out with last night?
 A) 1, 3 B) 1, 2, 4 C) 2, 3, 4
 D) 1, 2 E) 3, 4

Mövzu: Sual cümlələri

Sınıf: 10

İzah: İngilis dilində xüsusi sual cümlələrində söz sırası belə olur: Sual sözü + köməkçi feil + mübtəda + əsas feil + tamamlıq + zərflər. 2-ci və 4-cü bəndlərdə söz sırası səhv olduğundan onlar yanlıştır.

Cavab: 1, 3

21. Choose the correct variant.

- A number of travellers ... our town.*
 1. have visited 2. visit
 3. has visited 4. visits
 A) 1, 4 B) 2, 4 C) 1, 2
 D) 2, 3 E) 3, 4

Mövzu: Mübtəda və xəbərin uzlaşması

Sınıf: 10

İzah: Bu növ test tapşırığını yerinə yetirmək üçün ilk növbədə nəzərə almaq lazımdır ki, ingilis dilində xəbər mübtəda ilə şəxsə və kəmiyyətə görə uzlaşır. Bu test tapşırığında xəbər "travellers" sözü ilə uzlaşmalıdır. Bu söz cəmdə olduğu üçün xəbəri də cəmdə olmalıdır. 1. have visited və 2. visit bəndlərini seçmək lazımdır.

Cavab: 1, 2

22. Choose the correct modal verb.

- Sorry, this ... be my suitcase, mine is much bigger.*
 A) can't B) hasn't to
 C) oughtn't D) hadn't to
 E) haven't to

Mövzu: Modal feillər

Sınıf: 6

İzah: Test tapşırığı modal feillər bölməsinə aiddir. C bəndindəki "oughtn't" modal feilindən sonra məsdər "to" hissəciyi ilə işlənməli idi. Bu səbəbdən C bəndi səhvdir. B, D və E bəndlərindəki "haven't to, hadn't to, hasn't to" feilləri köməkçi feil olmadıqlarına görə onların inkar formaları uyğun olaraq "do", "did", "does" köməkçi feilləri ilə düzəlməli idi. Doğru cavab A bəndidir.

Cavab: can't

Read the passage and answer questions 23 – 30.

1. J.K. Rowling is a British author who is famous for writing the Harry Potter books. She went from being unemployed to becoming a multi-millionaire in five years. She thought of the idea for the Harry Potter books while sitting on a train from Manchester to London and made some notes.

2. Five years later, she finished her first book. Twelve publishing houses refused to print the writer's original Harry Potter manuscript, but eventually a small publishing house, Bloomsbury, gave her a chance, and her first book was published in 1997. The company printed only 1000 copies, and 500 of them were sent to libraries. Later, this book won the British Book Award for the Children's Book of the Year.

3. J.K. Rowling wrote six other Harry Potter books. Her seventh and final Harry Potter book became her fastest-selling book and won many awards.

23. Which information *isn't given* in the passage?

- A) Rowling's manuscript was accepted by a small publishing house.
- B) The final Harry Potter book was the fastest-selling.
- C) Rowling wrote other books after her final Harry Potter book.
- D) Harry Potter books have won many awards.
- E) Rowling didn't have a job before becoming rich.

Mövzu: Ortaq mətn əsasında tərtib edilmiş testlər
Sinif: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığında verilmiş məlumatlardan hansının mətnə olmamasını tapmaq tələb olunur. Mətnə Roulinqin Harri Poter kitablarından sonra başqa kitablar yazdığı barədə məlumat verilməyib. Ona görə də C bəndi doğru cavabdır.

Cavab: Rowling wrote other books after her final Harry Potter book.

24. What is the passage mainly about?

- A) the publishing of the final Harry Potter book
- B) J.K. Rowling and her Harry Potter books
- C) small British publishing houses
- D) winning the British Book Award
- E) the original Harry Potter manuscripts

Mövzu: Ortaq mətn əsasında tərtib edilmiş testlər

Sinif: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığında şagirdlərdən verilmiş mətnin əsasən nə haqda olduğunu müəyyənləşdirmək tələb olunur. Mətni diqqətlə oxuyub başa düşən şagird cavabı tapa bilər. Roulinq və onun Harri Poter kitabları cavabı düzgündür.

Cavab: J.K. Rowling and her Harry Potter books

25. Choose the correct answer to the question.

When did the idea about writing Harry Potter books come to Rowling's mind?

- A) after writing six other books
- B) after winning a lot of awards
- C) after finishing her first book
- D) while travelling on a train
- E) while receiving an award

Mövzu: Ortaq mətn əsasında tərtib edilmiş testlər

Sinif: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığında verilmiş sualın düzgün cavabını tapmaq tələb olunur. Mətnə Harri Poter haqqında kitab yazmaq fikri Roulinqin ağılına nə vaxt gəldiyi soruşulur. D bəndindəki cavab həmin sualın cavabıdır: qatarla gedərkən.

Cavab: while travelling on a train

26. Choose the correct variant according to the passage.

The achievement of the first Harry Potter book was that ...

- A) it became her fastest-selling book
- B) twelve publishing houses accepted it
- C) the writer got a new job
- D) Bloomsbury made a lot of money
- E) it won the British Book Award

Mövzu: Ortaq mətn əsasında tərtib edilmiş testlər

Sinif: 5-11

İzah: Bu test tapşırığında verilmiş cümləni mətnə əsasən tamamlamaq tələb olunur. E bəndindəki "O, Britaniya Kitab Mükafatını almışdır" cavabı düzgündür.

Cavab: it won the British Book Award

27. Write the answer to the question according to the passage.

How many Harry Potter books did J.K. Rowling write?

Mövzu: Ortaq mətn əsasında tərtib edilmiş testlər

Sınıf: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığında verilmiş sualın düzgün cavabını yazmaq tələb olunur. Mətnə Roulinqin neçə Hari Potter kitabı yazdığı soruşulur.

Cavab: 7(seven)/J.K. Rowling wrote seven Harry Potter books.

28. Complete the sentence according to the passage.

J.K. Rowling's first book was published by ...

Mövzu: Ortaq mətn əsasında tərtib edilmiş testlər

Sınıf: 5-11

İzah: Bu test tapşırığında verilmiş cümləni mətnə əsasən tamamlayaraq yazmaq tələb olunur.

Cavab: a small publishing house, Bloomsbury.

29. Write the word from paragraph 2 which fits the definition "to say that you will not do something that somebody has asked you to do".

Mövzu: Ortaq mətn əsasında tərtib edilmiş testlər

Sınıf: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığının tələbi verilmiş izaha uyğun olan sözü tapıb yazmaqdır. Bunun üçün həmin izahı və 1-ci paragrafdakı sözləri tərcümə edib başa düşmək lazımdır.

Cavab: (to) refuse

30. Write two adjectives from the passage which characterize J.K. Rowling.

Mövzu: Ortaq mətn əsasında tərtib edilmiş testlər

Sınıf: 5-11

İzah: Test tapşırığında Şerlok Holmsu xarakterizə edən 2 sifət yazmaq tələb olunur.

Cavab: unemployed, famous, British

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